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THE
BOMBAY ALMANACK

AND
DIRECTORY,

FOR
1868

BEING BISSEXTILE OR LEAP-YEAR.

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The Calendar for 1868.

THE Time given in this Almanack is Bombay Civil Time, or that which a well regulated Mean Time Clock will show

MEAN TIME AT TRUE NOON.

THE Mean Time of True Noon is the instant at which the centre of the Sun passes the meridian of Bombay

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

THE Time of Sunrise and Sunset shows the instant at which the Sun's upper limb is on the visible horizon of Bombay, the refraction of the atmosphere being supposed to preserve a constant mean amount

MOON'S AGE

THE Time given as the Moon's Age is the interval which has elapsed at noon of each day, since the Sun and Moon were together in the same longitude

MOON'S SOUTHING.

THE Moon's Southing is the mean time at which the Moon's centre passes the meridian of Bombay from the apparent time of the Moon's meridian passing the Time of High Water is computed

TWILIGHT

THE duration of Twilight and of Daybreak given this year shows the Time within which the Sun's centre is not more than 9 below the horizon of Bombay This may be termed the Civil Twilight to distinguish it from the Astronomical, which is of double the length

TIDES.

ATTENTION having been called in former years to the want of accuracy in the Times of Tide published for Bombay, an attempt has been made to have them computed as correctly as is attainable in present circumstances from the information available. The Times of High Water in the Calendar are given as "approximate" only, but it is believed they will be found practically nearly correct

For the Times of High Water at other places along the coast, &c, special tables have been prepared and inserted in the body of the work.

Principal Articles of the Calendar.

THE YEAR OF CHRIST 1868,

Being Bisextile or leap year

CORRESPONDING TO THE YEAR—

6551 of the Julian Period

26114 of the Olympiads or the 4th year of the 601st commences in July 1868

2615 from the Era of Nabonassar, which dates from Wednesday 26th February 3967 Julian Period, or 717 B.C.

2621 from the foundation of Rome, according to Varro

FROM THE CREATION		FROM THE DELUGE	
5842 according to the Hebrew text		4216 according to the Hebrew text	
178 " " Sunaitan		480 " " Sunaitan	
7402 " " Septuagint		5114 " " Septuagint	

369 of the Kaliyug,
740 of the Saka in 1
27 of the Bengali Samvat, } In the Sideral account, these three commence on Saturday 11th April

101344 of the Cycle of Parasurama which begins 15th September

19212 of the (Lunar) Era of Vikramaditya called Samvat whereof the 1925th Muni year commences on Friday 24th March, and the Gupta, Dakhni and Kandi in 1925th year on 4th August

175990 of the Saka Era of Shalivahana, of which the 1790th year commences on the 24th March

125735 of the Pura Era of Yodhyud of which the 1235th year of the Kadamba commences 23d August and of the Tsumas on the 22nd September

12515 of the Hijri or Musulman era the year 1285 commencing on April 24th

127775 of the Tashera beginning 6th June

126569 of the Shaka Samvat or *Shaka Samvat* commencing on 6th June

562529 of the Modern Jewish Era, of which the year 5629 will commence on September 17th 1868

It is the 2nd year of the 22nd Cycle of Grahaparinatti, the 2nd of the 6th Cycle of Bhispati according to the Lunar account, and 11th of the 85th Cycle according to the Bengali account

The year 2111 of the Buddhist era of Indra, Ceylon, Siam, &c. and 1229 of the Burmese Vulkana era,

And the 5th year of the Chinese 77th Cycle of 60 years which begins about 14th February

Ramavm (the month of disturbance observed by the Muhammedans) commences 16th December 1868

ADJUSTMENT OF THE CALENDAR.

Julius Cæsar was the first to attempt to adjust the length of the year with any degree of accuracy, and fixed it at 365 days 6 hours, introducing a day every fourth year, (called Leap Year,) which accordingly consists of 366 days, while the three others have only 365 days each.

From him it was called the Julian Year, and it continued in general use till the year 1582, when Pope Gregory XIII undertook to rectify the error, which then existed between the Julian year of 365 1/4 days and the solar year of 365 21222013 days. At that time the difference amounted to ten days. He accordingly commanded the ten days between the 4th and 15th October in that year to be struck out, so that the 5th day was called the 15th. This alteration has been introduced throughout Europe except in Russia and by the Greek church, and the year was afterwards called the Gregorian Year, or New Style.

In England the method of reckoning after the New Style was not admitted into the Calendar till the year 1753 when the error amounted to nearly 11 days which were taken from the month of September by calling the 1st of that month the 14th and it was settled by Act of Parliament (24 Geo. 11 1751) that the Years 1800, 1900, 2100, 2200, 2300 and every hundredth year of our Lord which shall happen in time to come shall be computed as each consisting of 365 days only, excepting every fourth hundredth year, whereof the year 2,000 should be the first.

By the same Act of Parliament the Lord's beginning of the year was changed from the 25th of March to the 1st of January so that the succeeding months of January, February and March up to the 25th day, which by the Old Style would have been reckoned part of the year 1712 were accounted as the three first months of 1703 which is the reason we sometimes meet with such a date as -

MARCH 15th 1774-75.—

that is according to the Old Style it is 1771, according to the New 1775

QUARTER TERMS, AND EMBER DAYS.

1st Day	March	Spain	1st Day	March	4
Middlemarch	June	Summit		June	3 5 4
Midwinter Day	September	Autumn		September	11 18 16
Christmas Day	December	Winter		December	10 15 16

FESTIVALS, ANNIVERSARIES, &c.

Triumph day	..	Jan	6	Birth of Queen Victoria	..	May
Defeat of Simon's army	..	Feb	9	Ascension Day—Holy Thursday	..	
Quarantine—Shrove Sunday	..		8	Feast of Whit Sunday	..	
Ash Wednesday	..	..	..	Trinity Sunday	..	June
St David	..	Mar	1	Corpus Christi	..	
Quintin's—1st Sunday in Lent	..		1	Accession of Queen Victoria	..	
St Leger	..	..	17	Trinity	..	
Annunciation—Lady Day	..	..	25	St John Baptist—Midsummer Day	..	
John Sunday	..	..	..	St Michael Michael's Day	..	Sept
Gr 1st day	..	..	10	Birth of Prince of Wales	..	Nov
Feast Sunday	..	..	1	St Andrew	..	
1st Sunday	..	..	19	1st Sunday in Advent	..	
St George	..	..	2	St Thomas	..	Dec
Reformation Sunday	..	May	17	Christmas Day	..	

Results to June 1 of the MF cabl Fastly open

Easter Day, on which the rest depends is always the first Sunday after the first full moon which happens after the 21st day of March. If the full moon happens upon a Sunday, Easter Day is the Sunday after. Advent Sunday is always the nearest Sunday to the Feast of St. Andrew, whether before or after.

Regeneration Sunday is Five weeks after Easter	Whit Sunday is Seven weeks after Easter
Ascension Day is forty days ditto	Trinity Sunday is eight weeks ditto.

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES.

City Number	Domestic Letters	F D
Post	Return Address	11
Subscription	Initial Price	681

The Solar Cycle, or Cycle of the Sun, is a period of 28 years after which all the Dominical Letters return in the same order as they did during the 28 years before. The first year of the Christian Era was the 4th of this Cycle.

The Lunar Cycle, or Cycle of the Moon commonly called the Golden Number, and sometimes the Metonic Cycle, (from Meton, an Athenian who invented it about 432 B. C.) is a revolution of 19 years, in which time the conjunctions, oppositions, and other aspects of the Moon are within an hour and a half of being the same as they were on the same days of the months 19 years before. The prime or Golden Number, is the number of years elapsed in this Cycle. Before the birth of Christ 2 years of this Cycle had elapsed.

The Epact for any year is a number introduced by Aloysius Lilius, an astronomer of Naples in the time of Gregory XIII, and designed to represent the age of the Moon on the 1st of January. For the 18th and 19th centuries, it is the remainder found by dividing 11 times one less than the Golden Number by 30.

The Roman Indiction is a period of 15 years, used by the Romans for the time of taxing their provinces. Three years of one of these Cycles had elapsed before the birth of Christ.

Julian Period contains 7980 years and arises from multiplying together 28, 19 and 15, being the Cycles of the Sun, Moon and Indiction. This was contrived by Joseph Justus Scaliger in 1583 for Chronologists throughout the Christian world. Its beginning is placed 710 years before the Hebrew date of the Creation of the world, or 4714 before the commencement of the Christian Era.

ECLIPSES.

In the year 1864 there will be two eclipses of the Sun, and a Transit of Mercury over the Sun's disc.

I. An Annular Eclipse of the Sun February 23rd visible in Bombay, but visible over Central and Northern Africa, the South of Europe, the Atlantic Ocean, and South America. Mean time of conjunction Feb. 23rd 7h 14m 1m Bombay Civil time.

Begins on the Earth generally	Feb. 23rd	h	m	l	h	m	l	h	m	l
Central Eclipse in	..	7	11.9	4	40	11	14.9	7	11.9	4
Central Eclipse in N.	7	11.9	4	20	11	14.9	7	11.9	4
Central Eclipse in S.	8	9.6	2	11	11	14.9	11	14.9	2
Ends on the Earth generally..	..	10	11.8	8	45.1	17	14.9	10	11.8	8

II. A Total Eclipse of the Sun August 18th visible at Bombay and over the Indian Ocean in the South of Asia, the Eastern Archipelago, and Australia. The central line of the Eclipse will cross India from Vizianagur 90 miles S. of Calcutta passing a little S. of K. Berhampur and Bapatna the N. of Madras and the South of the Malabar coast is just south of the mouth of the Malabar river or Malabar coast. Mean time of conjunction August 18th 10h 44m 4m Bombay Civil time.

Begins on the Earth generally..	August 18th	h	m	l	h	m	l	h	m	l
Central Eclipse in	..	7	0.6	49	49	1	14	7	0.6	49
Central Eclipse in N.	7	0.6	49	49	1	14	7	0.6	49
Central Eclipse in S.	10	4.4	11	45	10	4.4	10	4.4	11
Central Eclipse in	11	4.7	11	45	10	4.4	10	4.4	11
Ends on the Earth generally	..	10	40.1	11	50	10	40.1	10	40.1	11

This Eclipse will be central across India on the line above indicated a little after 9 o'clock A. M.

A Transit of Mercury over the Sun's disc November 5th. Mean time of conjunction in Right Ascension Nov. 5th at 11h 4m A. M. Bombay Civil time.

Time of Ingress at Bombay Nov. 5th 10h 15.9m A. M.
Time of Egress .. 1h. 51.2m. P. M.

COLABA OBSERVATORY	Latitude	19	58	30	N	Longitude	72	49	48	E
BOMBAY LIGHT HOUSE	or	72	49	45	E
" CADELLAL	72	49	48	E
" FLAG STAFF	72	49	40	E

PRINCIPAL ELEMENTS OF THE SOLAR SYSTEM.

TIME.

					Days.	Hrs.	Min.	Sec.
The Anomalous Year is..	...	...	...	...	365	0	13	48 3
A Sidereal Year is ..	...	...	...	...	365	0	0	10 7
A Common, or Tropical Year is ..	...	...	...	...	365	5	48	47 8
Mean Anomalous ..	...	...	...	...	0	0	0	0 595
A Lunar Year is ..	...	...	...	...	354		818	34 11
A Lunar Sidereal Month is ..	...	...	...	...	27	7	43	11 5
A Lunar Synodic Month is ..	...	...	...	...	29	12	44	2 47
A Lunar Tropical Month is ..	...	...	...	...	27	7	13	4 7
A Lunar Anomalous Month is ..	...	...	...	...	27	13	18	37 4
A Lunar Nodal Month is ..	...	...	...	...	27	5	5	36
A Solar (average) Day is ..	...	...	...	...	24	0		0
A Sidereal Day is ..	...	...	...	...	24	56		4 00
A Lunar (average) Day is ..	...	...	...	...	24	50		28 31

ASTRONOMICAL COMMENCEMENT OF THE FOUR SEASONS IN 1868.

MEAN TIME AT BOMBAY.

Spring	...	...	...	...	...	March	20th.	2h	71m	A.M.
Summer	...	...	...	...	...	June	21st	9	0	A.M.
Autumn	...	...	...	...	...	September	22nd	11	28	P.M.
Winter	...	...	...	...	...	December	21st	5	19	P.M.

Metacologically, there are only three seasons in India.

Mean Obliquity of the Ecliptic 1st January 1867	23	27	23	36
Mean Annual diameter ..	0	0	0	476
Precession of the Equinoxes for the year 1867 ..	0	0	50	5008
Mean Semidiameter of the Earth's mean distance ..	0	6	1	92
Mean Equatorial Horizontal Parallax ..			0	898
Moons ..	37	2	325	
Moons Inclination to the Ecliptic ..			5	17 9
Moons Eccentricity ..				0 0 48442
Moons Distance from the Earth in radii ..				60 17

PRINCIPAL ELEMENTS OF THE SOLAR SYSTEM.

Planets, &c.	Mean distance from the Sun	Sidereal Revolution in Days	Diameter in Miles	Mass (denominator 1 fraction the Sun being 1)	Density	Time of Rotation
Mercury	0 47014	87 96926	2,914	18,171	201	h m s 25
Venus	0 72 32	224 70090	7,576	401800	0 921	23 21 21
The Earth	1 000000	365 256 22	7,912	597400	1 000	23 56 4
Mars	1 52 8 91	686 97 864	4,219	2180 7	0 915	24 37 23
Jupiter ..	5 2027 15	4332 59452	86 425	1015	0 235	9 55 30
Saturn ..	9 5 51 23	10759 2114	72,022	953	0 128	10 39 17
Uranus	19 1 27 1	30686 820 36	3,4717	2400	0 150	9 30 5
Neptune	20 08027	60126 722	73 250	14446	0 232	Unknown.
The Sun .....	.....	.....	852,000	1	0 222	807 49 0
The Moon	1 00000	27 306	2,151	1 30900000	0 610	655 43 5

* The former is dependent on the Longitude of the Madras Observatory, which is 8h 30m 57 3s as determined by Major W. B. Jacob and the latter on the difference of Longitude as determined by the Great Trigonometrical Survey.

1860 to 1955.

THE LEAP YEARS ARE PRINTED IN BOLD, THUS 1860 1864 1868, &c, EXCEPTING
1900 AND 1901 WHICH ARE NOT LEAP YEARS

Years.			Dominical Letter	Jan	Oct	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	
				May		B	C	D	E	F	G	A	
				August		C	D	E	F	G	A	B	
				Feb Mar Nov		D	E	F	G	A	B	C	
				June		E	F	G	A	B	C	D	
				Sept Dec		F	G	A	B	C	D	E	
				April July		G	A	B	C	D	E	F	
1860	1888	1928	AG	1	8	15	22	29	Sun	Sat	1r	1h	Mon
61	89	1901	F	2	9	16	23	30	Mon	Sun	Sat	1r	1h
62	90	02	L	10	17	24	31	Tu	Mon	Sun	Sat	Fr	1h
63	91	03	D	11	18	25		Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun	Sat	Fr
1864	1892	1904	CB	12	19	26		Th	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sat	Fr
65	93	05	A	13	20	27		1r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
66	94	06	G	14	21	28		2r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
67	95	07	F	15	22	29		3r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
1868	1906	1908	ED	16	23	30		4r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
69	97	09	C	17	24	31		5r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
70	98	10	B	18	25			6r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
71	99	11	A	19	26			7r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
1872		1912	GF	20	27			8r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
73		13	E	21	28			9r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
74		14	D	22	29			10r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
75		15	C	23	30			11r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
1876		1916	BA	24	31			12r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
77	1900	17	G	25				13r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
78		18	F	26				14r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
79		19	L	27				15r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
1880		1920	DC	28				16r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
81		21	B	29				17r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
82		22	A	30				18r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
83		23	G	31				19r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
1884		1924	FE	1				20r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
85		25	D	2				21r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
86		26	C	3				22r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun
87		27	B	4				23r	1h	Wed	Tu	Mon	Sun

1. To find the day of the week for any given date, look for the year in the first column, and opposite it will be found the Dominical letter. When there are two letters together, the first is for January and February the second for the rest of the year. In the line with the month, in the second part of the table, find the Dominical letter of the year and down the same column with the letter find the day of the week, when the figures on the left will give the days of the month. Thus for the Monday in January 1868 Opposite 1868 in the first column is ED in the fifth. In a line with January find L and descend the column to "Mon." On the left are 6, 1, 20, and 27, the required dates.

DAY OF THE YEAR CORRESPONDING TO THE LAST DAY
OF EACH MONTH

Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
31	59	90	120	151	181	212	243	273	304	334	365

To find the day of the year for any given date For example —To find the Age of the 14th day of August Take from this table the age of the last day of July 212 and add 14,—total 226 In Leap Years, add 1 day after 1 ch.

Office Calendar for 1868.

JANUARY.

Wednesday	1	8	15	22	29
Thursday	2	9	16	23	30
Friday	3	10	17	24	31
Saturday	4	11	18	25	
Sunday	5	12	19	26	
Monday	6	13	20	27	
Tuesday	7	14	21	28	

FEBRUARY.

Saturday	1	8	15	22	29
Sunday	2	9	16	23	
Monday	3	10	17	24	
Tuesday	4	11	18	25	
Wednesday	5	12	19	26	
Thursday	6	13	20	27	
Friday	7	14	21	28	

MARCH.

Sunday	1	8	15	22	29
Monday	2	9	16	23	30
Tuesday	3	10	17	24	31
Wednesday	4	11	18	25	
Thursday	5	12	19	26	
Friday	6	13	20	27	
Saturday	7	14	21	28	

APRIL.

Wednesday	1	8	15	22	29
Thursday	2	9	16	23	30
Friday	3	10	17	24	
Saturday	4	11	18	25	
Sunday	5	12	19	26	
Monday	6	13	20	27	
Tuesday	7	14	21	28	

MAY.

Friday	1	8	15	22	29
Saturday	2	9	16	23	30
Sunday	3	10	17	24	31
Monday	4	11	18	25	
Tuesday	5	12	19	26	
Wednesday	6	13	20	27	
Thursday	7	14	21	28	

JUNE.

Monday	1	8	15	22	29
Tuesday	2	9	16	23	30
Wednesday	3	10	17	24	
Thursday	4	11	18	25	
Friday	5	12	19	26	
Saturday	6	13	20	27	
Sunday	7	14	21	28	

JULY.

Wednesday	1	8	15	22	29
Thursday	2	9	16	23	30
Friday	3	10	17	24	31
Saturday	4	11	18	25	
Sunday	5	12	19	26	
Monday	6	13	20	27	
Tuesday	7	14	21	28	

AUGUST.

Saturday	1	8	15	22	29
Sunday	2	9	16	23	30
Monday	3	10	17	24	31
Tuesday	4	11	18	25	
Wednesday	5	12	19	26	
Thursday	6	13	20	27	
Friday	7	14	21	28	

SEPTEMBER.

Tuesday	1	8	15	22	29
Wednesday	2	9	16	23	30
Thursday	3	10	17	24	
Friday	4	11	18	25	
Saturday	5	12	19	26	
Sunday	6	13	20	27	
Monday	7	14	21	28	

OCTOBER.

Thursday	1	8	15	22	29
Friday	2	9	16	23	30
Saturday	3	10	17	24	31
Sunday	4	11	18	25	
Monday	5	12	19	26	
Tuesday	6	13	20	27	
Wednesday	7	14	21	28	

NOVEMBER.

Sunday	1	8	15	22	29
Monday	2	9	16	23	30
Tuesday	3	10	17	24	
Wednesday	4	11	18	25	
Thursday	5	12	19	26	
Friday	6	13	20	27	
Saturday	7	14	21	28	

DECEMBER.

Tuesday	1	8	15	22	29
Wednesday	2	9	16	23	30
Thursday	3	10	17	24	31
Friday	4	11	18	25	
Saturday	5	12	19	26	
Sunday	6	13	20	27	
Monday	7	14	21	28	

THE ENGLISH CALENDAR.

JANUARY—31 DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON

☾ First Quarter Jan 3rd at 8h 54 0m A M | ☾ Last Quarter Jan 10th at 9h 54 0m P M
 ○ Full Moon 10th at 8h 43 0m A M | ● New Moon 25th at 0h 0 0m A M

Day of the Week	Day of the Month	Sundays and Remarks (this Day)	Day of the Year	Sun			True time at Noon
				Sun Rise A M	Sun Set P M	Declina- tion at Mean Noon °	
Wed	1	New Year's Day—CIRCUMCISION.	1	6 3	5 4	23 3 2	0 5 31
Thur	2	Uranus in opposition at 4h 7m A M	2	6 23	5 34	23 7 44	0 3 50
Fr	3	Earth in Aphelion at 9h. 1m A M	3	6 34	5 33	23 12 22	0 4 27
Sat	4	Day breaks at 5h 14m A M	4	6 34	5 36	23 17 32	0 4 53
	5	2nd Sunday after CHRISTMAS.	5	6 31	5 36	23 22 1	0 5 22
Mon	6	EPIPHANY.	6	6 24	5 37	23 26 40	0 5 49
Tues	7	Mercury in Aphelion at 5h 27m P M	7	6 31	5 37	23 31 10	0 6 15
Wed	8		8	6 35	5 36	23 35 11	0 6 40
Thur	9	Uranus in conjunction with the Moon [3h 4m P M]	9	6 33	5 33	23 39 29	0 7 6
Fr	10		10	6 37	5 30	23 43 0	0 7 32
Sat	11	Dusk ends at 5h 17m P M	11	6 35	5 40	23 46 11	0 7 56
	12	1st Sunday after EPIPHANY.	12	6 3	5 42	23 49 38	0 8 20
Mon	13	Plough Monday.	13	6 36	5 41	23 53 7	0 8 48
Tues	14		14	6 36	5 43	23 56 51	0 9 8
Wed	15		15	6 37	5 43	23 59 11	0 9 28
Thur	16	Day breaks at 5h 59m A M	16	6 36	5 42	24 2 12	0 9 40
Fri	17		17	6 30	5 41	24 5 47	0 10 10
Sat	18	Mercury 55° of Mars at 2h 20m A M	18	6 28	5 45	24 30 7	0 10 20
	19	2nd Sunday after EPIPHANY	19	6 3	5 46	24 34 41	0 10 48
Mon	20	Dusk ends at 6h 23m P M	20	6 36	5 46	24 38 10	0 11 7
Tues	21		21	6 36	5 47	24 41 13	0 11 24
Wed	22		22	6 31	5 47	24 44 2	0 11 41
Thur	23	Day breaks at 5h 57m A M [Sun at 6h 41m A M]	23	6 35	5 49	24 46 9	0 11 57
Fri	24	Mercury in Superior Conjunction with the Moon	24	6 35	5 48	24 51 6	0 12 2
Sat	25	Mercury 4° 40' of the Moon at 4h 4m A M.	25	6 35	5 49	24 55 40	0 12 27
	26	3rd Sunday after EPIPHANY	26	6 33	5 49	24 59 23	0 12 40
Mon	27	Venus 1° 22' S of the Moon at 7h 2m. P M	27	6 33	5 50	25 3 41	0 12 53
Tues	28	Jupiter 35° of the Moon at 1h 29m A M.	28	6 36	5 51	25 7 19	0 13 5
Wed	29	Day breaks at 5h 59m P M.	29	6 33	5 52	25 10 32	0 13 17
Thur	30		30	6 35	5 52	25 13 34	0 13 27
Fri	31	Venus 21° of Jupiter at 1h 55m A M	31	6 33	5 53	25 16 50	0 13 57

THE ENGLISH CALENDAR.

JANUARY.

Moon in Perigee 10th 7h P.M. | Moon in Apogee 23rd 0h A.M.

Day of the Month	Moon's		Time of High Water in Bombay				Chronology of Remarkable Events.
	Age at Noon.	Meridian Passage	Morning		Afternoon.		
	D	H M	H M	H M	H M	H M	
	63	4 48.3	3	25	3	0	Ireland united to England 1801—Battle of Kororua, 1818—The Panyab divided into a separate Presidency 1849
1	73	5 32.8	3	16	3	41	Surukhabut taken by Sir C. Campbell, 1858.
2	83	6 18.0	4	11	4	45	Port Royal Jamaica, burnt 1703.
3	93	7 6.6	5	21	6	0	West Indies discovered, 1498.
4	103	7 57.5	6	31	7	10	Edward the Confessor died, 1066—Capture of Honamur 1783
5	113	8 52.3	7	46	8	11	Invasion of Kabul by the British troops, 1812
6	123	9 50.6	8	41	9	10	Madagascar by France 1856—Kabul Massacre, 1842
7	133	0 52.4	9	31	10	0	Battle of New Orleans 1815—Isaac Waghorn died, 1840
8	143	1 55.0	10	20	10	55	Independence of South American States acknowledged 1825
9	153	—	11	20	11	45	Capture of the Cape of Good Hope, 1806—Penny Post Act Great Britain 1810
10	163	3 58.3	—	0	0	0	Capture of Frankfort 1795
11	173	1 59.6	0	30	0	55	Howard the Philanthropist died, 1790—Inundation of Thames Tunnel 1825
12	183	3 55.6	1	15	1	40	United States sold to the Hudson's Bay Company, 1664—Battle of Chancellorsville 1863
13	193	5 40.2	2	5	2	30	John Adams inaugurated at Boston 1789—Washington living died 1800
14	203	4 40.0	3	50	3	15	Bank of London & River adopted by Parliament, 1694—Capture of Louisbourg 1758
15	213	5 28.7	3	40	4	10	Battle of Juno 1809—Rajahs defeated by Outram at Alambagh 1848
16	223	6 16.1	4	40	0	15	Dr. Franklin born, 1706
17	233	7 2.9	5	50	6	3	Bhuapur taken by Lord Camberme, 1836
18	243	7 49.0	7	5	7	40	James Watt born 1736—Aden captured by the English 1839
19	253	8 36.7	8	10	8	40	United Assembly first met 1661
20	263	9 24.1	9	5	9	30	Austria ceded 1798—Bartolini, the sculptor died 1800—Battle of Agincourt 1415
21	273	10 11.8	9	50	10	10	1733 born, 1783—Sumner of Multan, 1849
22	283	10 59.4	10	30	10	45	Pitt died 1806—Duke of Kent died 1820—Commercial Treaty between France and England signed 1860
23	293	11 46.4	11	5	11	35	Frederick the Great born 1712—Fox born 1749
24	303	0 33.8	11	40	11	55	Shah Alau defeated at Patna, 1761—The Burma Treaty 1819
25	15	1 18.2	—	0	0	10	Dr. Jenner died 1793—Marriage of the Princess Royal and Prince Frederick William of Prussia 1838
26	25	2 2.6	0	25	0	40	Take of Suessah in 72—Rajahs murdered, 1830—Princeduck War Victor Albert of Russia born 1859.
27	35	2 46.9	1	0	1	11	John James Drake died, 1890—Battle of Alwal, 1848
28	45	3 30.9	1	30	1	50	The first English Newspaper published at Calcutta, 1780—First Reform Bill passed 1833
29	55	4 15.5	2	5	2	25	Mungo Park's second voyage, 1804
30	65	5 1.1	2	45	3	10	Cape Horn first doubled 1616—Mutiny at Velour, 1807.

FEBRUARY—29 DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON

First Quarter Feb 1st at 11h 7 1/2m A.M. | Last Quarter Feb 14th at 2h 7 0m P.M.
 Full Moon " 8th at 2h 26 1/2m P.M. | New Moon " 28th at 7h 11 1/2m P.M.

Full Moon													
Day of the Week	Day of the Month	Sundays and Remarkable Days.	Lat of the Sun	Sun				Declination at Mean Noon		True time at Mean Noon			
				Sun Rise		Sun Set		°	'	P	M		
				A	M	P	M						
Sat	1	Candlemas Day	29	8	51	5	54	17	16	14	0	13	16
S	2	1st Sunday after TRIPURARY	33	6	34	5	54	16	59	12	0	13	54
Mon	3	Twilight ends at 3 1/2m P.M.	31	6	34	5	55	16	41	51	0	14	1
Tues	4		35	6	31	5	55	16	21	13	0	14	7
Wed	5		26	6	34	5	56	16	6	19	0	14	13
Thur	6	Uranus 4° 19' N of the Moon at 6h 27m A.M.	37	6	28	5	56	15	45	7	0	14	18
Fri	7	Day breaks at 5h 57m A.M.	39	6	31	5	57	15	29	8	0	14	23
Sat	8	Full Moon at 2h 27m P.M.	39	6	34	5	57	15	10	61	0	14	25
S	9	Septuagesima Sunday	40	6	39	5	55	14	51	55	0	14	27
Mon	10	Twilight ends 6h 32m P.M.	41	6	31	5	55	14	32	31	0	14	29
Tues	11		42	6	31	5	58	14	18	10	0	14	20
Wed	12		43	6	30	5	58	13	58	27	0	14	29
Thur	13	Day breaks at 5h 53m A.M.	44	6	30	5	53	13	39	31	0	14	28
Fr	14		45	6	29	5	59	13	18	22	0	14	27
Sat	15		46	6	29	6	0	12	53	57	0	14	24
S	16	Sexagesima Sunday	47	6	28	6	0	12	32	21	0	14	21
Mon	17	Mercury 1° 33' N of Jupiter at 10h 32m P.M.	48	6	24	6	1	12	11	16	0	14	17
Tues	18	Twilight ends at 6h 38m P.M.	49	6	27	6	1	11	50	35	0	14	13
Wed	19	Day breaks at 5h 51m A.M.	0	6	27	6	2	11	29	20	0	14	7
Thur	20	Mercury in perihelion at 4m P.M.	51	6	26	6	2	11	8	7	0	14	2
Fri	21	Mercury at greatest elongation 1915° Y at 5h 30m P.M.	52	6	25	6	3	10	46	35	0	13	57
Sat	22	Mars 21° 5' of the Moon at 6h 31m P.M.	53	6	25	6	3	10	34	51	0	13	48
S	23	Quinquagesima Sunday—Shrove Sunday	54	6	24	6	4	10	3	4	0	13	40
Mon	24	Jupiter 3° N of the Moon at 7h 47m P.M.	55	6	23	6	4	9	41	2	0	13	31
Tues	25	Shrove Tuesday	56	6	23	6	4	9	18	5	0	13	23
Wed	26	Ash Wednesday	57	6	22	6	5	8	56	38	0	13	14
Thur	27	Mercury stationary at 7h 43m P.M.	58	6	21	6	5	8	34	14	0	13	8
Fri	28	Day breaks at 5h 46m A.M.	59	6	21	6	5	8	11	41	0	13	59
Sat	29		60	6	20	6	8	7	48	50	0	13	48

FEBRUARY.

Moon in Perigee..

...7th at 8h 7 m | Moon in Apogee.....30th at 8h 11 m

Day of the Month	Moon's		Time of High Water at Bombay		Chronology of Remarkable Events
	Age at Noon	Meridian Passage	Morning	Afternoon	
	D	H M P M	H M	H M	
1	7 5	8 40 6	3 35	4 0	Battle of Mortimer's Cross, 1461.
2	8 5	8 40 7	4 30	5 10	Battle of the Yorks, 1461
3	9 5	7 35 1	5 46	6 25	Capture of Monte Video 1807—First India Railway opened 18 5—Wreck of the P & O Co's steamer <i>Titic</i> at Chaul Khar 1866
4	10 5	8 32 9	7 8	7 50	Fortress of Durr Nuggur surrendered, 1851
5	11 5	9 33 5	8 25	8 55	Sir Robert Peel born 1769—Victory of Lord Cornwallis over Tipu Sultan 1792—Occupation of Burmah, 1857
6	12 5	10 35 5	9 25	9 50	Queen Anne born 1665—Charles II died 1685—Dr. Priestley died 1804—Settlement of Singapore 1819.
7	13 5	11 37 0	10 16	10 41	Convention of the Peers and Commons in England, 1669—Annexation of Oudh 1856
8	14 5	—	11 5	11 30	Many Queen of Scots beheaded 1585—Earthquake at Gwalior 1813—Battle of Hushah, 1857
9	15 5	0 36 5	11 50	—	Treaty of Chutty, 1757.
10	16 5	1 33 3	0 15	0 40	Queen Victoria married, 1840—Battle of Sobraon, 1846
11	17 5	2 27 1	0 56	1 20	Angria taken prisoner, 1756—Satara taken 1818
12	18 5	3 19 0	1 40	2 0	Queen Mary beheaded, 1554—Sir Aschley Cooper died, 1811
13	19 5	4 9 7	2 20	2 40	The English Revolution, 1688—Trial of Warren Hastings begun 1788
14	20 5	5 57 2	3 5	3 28	Battle of St Vincent 1797—Battle of Haidarabad (Sindh) 1818
15	21 5	5 45 1	3 50	4 20	Captain Cook killed 1779—Goddard took Ahmadabad 1790—Treaty of Lahore 1846
16	22 5	6 32 8	4 55	5 35	Ambeyat taken, 1796—C. Lomax capitulated, 1796.
17	23 5	7 20 5	6 11	6 53	Bills of Exchange first used in England 1351—Battle of Mysore 1841
18	24 5	8 8 2	7 35	8 10	Martin Luther died, 1546—Victory of Admiral Black, 1744
19	25 5	8 55 8	8 45	9 6	Galle born, 1784—Kandy taken, 1817—Peace with the Burm in England 1825
20	26 5	9 43 0	9 40	9 50	Surrender of Haidar Ali (Sindh) 1848.
21	27 5	10 29 6	10 10	10 50	Capitulation of Amulul 1797—Repulse at Jhelabad 1811.
22	28 5	11 15 1	10 45	11 0	French Revolution commenced, 1849
23	29 5	0 0 6	11 16	11 35	Peace with Tipu Sultan 1792—Louis Philippe abdicated 1830
24	0 7	0 45 2	11 50	—	Treaty of Yandabou concluded, 1826.
25	1 7	1 29 6	0 5	0 20	Bu mapate escaped from Ilha 1817—Hurricane in B. Indian Island, 1820—Capture of the rogue Ports, 1841
26	2 7	2 11 3	0 35	0 50	House of Commons (Dublin) burnt 1793—Commencement of Indian Mutiny (18th Bengal N I) at B. hampur 1857
27	3 7	3 0 0	1 5	1 25	Great Fire in Bombay, 1801—Treaty of Burhanpur with Sindhi 1804
28	4 7	3 47 1	1 48	2 0	The Napoleons defeated, 1816—Corn Laws expired, 1849
29	5 7	4 36 4	2 20	2 40	

MARCH—31 DAYS.

☾ First Quarter March 2nd at 9h 40m A.M. ☾ Last Quarter March 16th at 6h 19 8m A.M.
 ☾ Full Moon 9th at 1h 13 3m A.M. ☾ New Moon 23rd at 11h 40 3m A.M.
 ☾ First Quarter 31st at 6h 17 0m P.M.

Day of the Week	Day of the Month	Sundays and Remarkable Days	Day of the Year	Sun				Mean Time at True Noon	
				Sun Rise		Sun Set			Declina- tion at Mean Noon
				A	M	P	M		
S	1	St David—Quadragesima—1st Sunday in Lent	61	11	19	6	6	7 36 14	0 13 30
Mon	2	Mercury in greatest Hel Lat N at 1h 5 m A.M.	62	4	18	6	6	7 3 20	0 13 17
Tu	3	Mars in great st Hel Lat S at 1h 51m A.M.	63	6	18	6	6	6 40 22	0 13 4
Wed.	4	Spring Ember-day	64	6	17	6	7	6 17 16	0 11 51
Th	5	Mercury 5° 6' N of Jupiter at 10h 10m A.M.	65	6	16	6	7	5 53 15	0 11 38
Fr	6	2nd Spring Embers	66	6	15	6	7	5 30 51	0 11 23
Sat	7	3rd Spring Embers	67	6	15	6	7	5 7 31	0 11 9
S	8	2nd Sunday in Lent	68	6	14	6	8	4 44 5	0 10 34
Mon	9	Twilight ends at 6h 45m P.M.	69	6	13	6	8	4 20 40	0 10 30
Tu	10	Jupiter in conjunction with the Sun at 9h 1 M.	70	6	13	6	8	3 57 11	0 10 23
Wed	11	Day breaks at 5h 33m A.M.	71	6	12	6	8	3 31 37	0 10 7
Th	12		72	6	11	6	8	3 10 1	0 9 51
Fr	13		73	6	10	6	9	2 46 24	0 9 34
Sat	14	Saturn 3° 16' S of the Moon at 5h 55m P.M.	74	6	9	6	9	2 22 16	0 9 17
S	15	3rd Sunday in Lent	75	6	9	6	9	1 50 5	0 9 9
Mon	16	Uranus stationary at 11h 51m P.M.	76	6	8	6	9	1 35 25	0 8 43
Tu	17	St Patrick	77	6	7	6	9	1 11 41	0 8 26
Wed	18		78	6	6	6	10	0 47 59	0 8 8
Th	19		79	6	5	6	10	0 24 17	0 7 50
Fr	20	Sun enters Aries at 6h 34m P.M.	80	6	4	6	10	0 0 34	0 7 33
Sat	21	Day breaks at 6h 19m A.M.	81	6	4	6	11	0 23 7	0 7 14
S	22	4th Sunday in Lent	82	6	3	6	11	0 46 47	0 6 55
Mon.	23	Jupiter 49' N of the Moon at 3h 20m P.M.	83	6	2	6	11	1 10 26	0 6 37
Tu	24	Twilight lasts 35 2m	84	6	1	6	12	1 31 3	0 6 18
Wed	25	Annunciation—Lady Day	85	6	0	6	12	1 57 37	0 6 0
Th	26		86	5	59	6	13	2 21 26	0 5 41
Fr	27	Mars in Perihelion at 1h 46m A.M.	87	5	59	6	13	2 44 39	0 5 23
Sat	28		88	5	58	6	13	3 8 6	0 5 5
S	29	5th Sunday in Lent	89	5	57	6	13	3 31 39	0 4 47
Mon	30	Twilight ends 6h 40m P.M.	90	5	56	6	14	3 54 48	0 4 29
Tu	31	Uranus 4° 39' N of the Moon at 3h 11m A.M.	91	5	55	6	14	4 16 3	0 4 10

• MARCH.

Moon in Perigee.....7th at 5h A.M. | Moon in Apogee19th at 2h A.M.

Day of the Month	Moon		Time of High Water at Bombay		Chronology of Remarkable Events.
	Age at Noon	Meridian Passage	Morning	Afternoon	
	D	H. M. P. M.	H. M.	H. M.	
1	67	8 28.8	8 5	8 30	Napoleon returned to France from Elba, 1815
2	77	8 29.8	8 0	8 35	Sovereignty of Ceylon assumed by the English, 1815 —First Bank of England founded, 1696
3	87	7 20.8	7 18	8 1	Prince Charles Edward died, 1788—Jesse Taylor Jacobson 1811, knighted 1842—Treaty of Peace with Persia 1857
4	97	8 19.6	8 43	7 30	First Federal American Congress, 1780.
5	107	9 19.2	8 10	8 11	Agincourt, 1415—Battle of Bunker's Hill, 1776
6	117	10 18.2	9 10	9 40	Treaty of Seringapatam 1762—Society of Jesus and the revenues of the Church ended by Pius VI. 1773
7	127	11 15.2	10 5	10 28	Bank of England suspended payment 1797—British and Foreign Bible Society established 1804.
8	137	A. M.	10 50	11 11	William III. died 1702—Battle of Aboukir, 1801— Bernadotte died 1814
9	147	0 10.6	11 31	11 55	Razee's death 1751—Nadir Shah entered Delhi 1739—Treaty of Seringapatam 1791
10	157	1 3.7	—	0 1	The second temple of Jerusalem finished under Darius B.C. 520
11	167	1 55.3	0 35	0 55	Napoleon outlawed 1815—Steamer <i>President</i> , first sailed 1844
12	177	2 4.8	1 15	1 35	Chelmsford Hospital founded, 1882—End of Nepal war, 1816
13	187	3 35.4	1 50	2 10	Planet Uranus discovered by Herschel, 1781
14	197	4 24.6	2 30	2 50	Admiral Byng shot, 1757
15	207	5 13.6	3 15	3 40	Royal Academy established 1768—Lord Cornwallis victory 1791—Commercial Treaty with America, 1860.
16	217	6 2.1	4 10	4 40	Martinique taken, 1794
17	227	6 50.3	5 25	6 5	
18	237	7 37.8	6 40	7 20	Voltaire died 1745—Princess Louise Caroline Alberta born 1848
19	247	8 24.6	8 0	8 31	Aboukir in Egypt surrendered, 1801—Final capture of Lucknow 1858
20	257	9 10.6	9 0	9 20	Sir Isaac Newton died, 1727
21	267	9 58.2	9 40	10 0	Bangalore taken 1791—Battle of Alexandria 1801.
22	277	10 41.0	10 15	10 31	Riot at Toronto, 1849—Tuxbury annexed to Sudbury, 1860
23	287	11 25.9	10 46	11 5	Treaty of Vienna 1815—Bihar taken 1919
24	00	0 11.0	11 30	11 35	Queen Elizabeth died, 1603—Capture of Chandni chann 1757—Sir J. & Sir C. de la Pique 1860—Khat Tahsin Khan of Baroda died 1840
25	10	0 57.0	11 51	—	Roman calendar altered 126—Peace of Amiens 1802 —Peace between Spain and Morocco 1860
26	20	1 44.3	0 10	0 25	Duke of Cambridge born, 1519—Capture of Mohamud 1517
27	30	2 38.5	0 45	1 0	Defeat of Tipu Sultan by General H. H. 1799
28	40	3 25.0	1 20	1 40	Canada ceded to France, 1763—Abraham Lincoln 1811—War declared against Mexico, 1848.
29	50	4 16.9	2 0	2 31	Annexation of the Punjab, 1849
30	60	5 17.0	2 46	3 1	Birth in Vespers, 1283—Capture of Kotah by General Roberts, 1858.
31	70	6 13.3	3 45	4 20	

APRIL—30 DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON

○ Full Moon Apr 7th at 0h 7m P.M. | ● New Moon Apr 23rd at 1h 11m P.M.
 ☾ Last Quarter 1th at 0h 20m A.M. | ☽ First Quarter 25th at 11h 9m P.M.

Day of the Week	Day of the Month	Sundays and Remarkable Days.	Day of the Year	Sun				Declination at Mean Noon	True time at Mean Noon	
				Sun Rise		Sun Set			P	M
				A	M	P	M			
Wed	1	Day breaks at 5h 10m A.M.	93	5 15	6 14	4 47 11	0 3 48			
Thur	2		94	5 53	6 14	6 4 15	0 3 34			
Fri	3	Twilight ends at 5m P.M.	95	6 52	6 14	5 27 13	0 3 15			
Sat	4	Mercury in Aphelion at 5h 37m P.M.	96	6 52	6 15	5 50 5	0 2 58			
S	5	PAIN SUNDAY	96	5 51	6 15	6 12 52	0 3 41			
Mon	6	Twilight ends at 5m P.M.	97	6 50	6 15	6 25 38	0 3 28			
Tues	7	Full Moon at 0h 7m P.M.	98	5 49	6 15	6 58 4	0 3 6			
Wed	8	Mars 2° N. of Jupiter at 0h 10m P.M.	99	5 49	6 16	7 20 30	0 1 49			
Thur	9		100	6 19	6 16	7 42 50	0 1 32			
Fri	10	Good Friday	101	5 47	6 16	8 5 1	0 1 16			
Sat	11	Day breaks at 6h 10m A.M.	102	5 46	6 16	8 27 7	0 0 59			
S	12	LASTING SUNDAY	103	5 46	6 17	8 41 0	0 0 13			
Mon	13	Mercury 1° 34' S. of Jupiter at 7h 59m P.M.	104	5 44	6 17	9 10 47	0 0 28			
Tues	14		105	5 44	6 17	9 52 2	0 0 13			
Wed	15	Day breaks at 6h 7m A.M.	106	5 41	6 17	9 53 50	11 53 55			
Thur	16		107	5 43	6 15	10 15 7	11 50 43			
Fri	17		108	5 41	6 15	10 36 15	11 47 20			
Sat	18	Mercury 1° 49' S. of Mars at 2h 30m A.M.	109	5 41	6 15	10 57 11	11 53 15			
S	19	Low Sunlit	110	5 40	6 15	11 17 57	11 49 1			
Mon	20	Mars 10° 10' N. of the Moon at 11h 46m P.M.	111	5 39	6 13	11 38 9	11 55 49			
Tues	21	Mercury 18° N. of the Moon at 12h 46m.	112	5 39	6 19	11 55 57	11 58 36			
Wed	22	Day breaks at 5h A.M.	113	5 39	6 19	12 19 9	11 58 34			
Thur	23	St. George.	114	5 37	6 19	12 30 5	11 58 13			
Fri	24		115	5 37	6 20	12 58 5	11 58 1			
Sat	25	Mercury at greatest Hel lat S. at 3h. 3m A.M.	116	5 36	6 20	13 18 1	11 57 51			
S	26	and Sunday after Easter	117	5 35	6 20	13 37 52	11 57 11			
Mon	27	Twilight ends at 6h 56m P.M.	118	5 35	6 21	13 57 0	11 57 31			
Tues	28	Uranus 4° 25' N. of the Moon at 6h 41m	119	5 31	6 21	14 15 54	11 57 28			
Wed	29	Day breaks at 4h 57m A.M.	120	5 31	6 21	14 34 3	11 57 18			
Thur	30		121	5 29	6 21	14 52 2	11 57 5			

APRIL.

Moon in Perigee 10th 7h P.M. | Moon in Apogee 23rd 0h A.M.

Day of the Month	Moon's		Time of High Water in Bombay				Chronology of Remarkable Events.
	Age of Moon.	Meridian Passage	Morning		Afternoon		
			H.	M.	H.	M.	
1	D 1 0	H M. 7 10 3	5	5	5	5	70 Expedition against Ahwar, 1857
2	9 0	8 7 1	6	35	7	25	29 Battle of Copenhagen, 1801—Capture of Thessal by Sir Hugh Ross 188—Surrender of Man Singh, 1809
3	10 0	9 3 1	7	55	8	26	26 Baron Napier died, 1817
4	11 0	9 57 7	5	55	9	21	21 Oliver Goldsmith died, 1774
5	12 0	0 50 5	9	45	10	0	0 Smolensk defeated by Gorkum 1780—Khalbar Pass forced by General Pollock 1842
6	13 0	11 42 1	10	30	10	50	50 Capture of Moulton King, 1831—Machlipatnam taken by the English 1779
7	14 0	—	11	10	11	30	30 Money first coined B.C. 89—Prince Leopold George born in Albert 1855
8	15 0	A M 0 31 9	11	50	—	—	11 Hudson's Bay Company established 1669—Surrender of Asangah 1818—Gang second opened, 1811
9	16 0	1 2 2	0	10	0	26	26 Coronation of William and Mary, 1689—Capture of Asangah 1811
10	17 0	2 13 4	0	45	1	5	5 Battle of Toulouse 1814
11	18 0	3 9 5	1	20	1	40	40 Canning born 1770—The Great Bust Doah Canal (Panama) opened 1859
12	19 0	3 53 1	1	50	2	20	20 Rodney's Victory 1782
13	20 0	4 13 1	2	40	3	5	5 Roman Catholic Emancipation 1829
14	21 0	5 30 4	3	30	4	0	0 Princess Hedraux Mary Antoinette born, 1857—Sir James Joseph, Bart., died, 1809
15	22 0	6 18 3	4	36	5	1	1, Mutiny at the Nile, 1797
16	23 0	7 17 5	5	56	6	3	3, Battle of Culloden 1746—Buffon died, 1788—G.I.P. Railway opened 1853
17	24 0	7 50 2	7	15	7	16	16 Dr Franklin died, 1790
18	25 0	8 35 1	8	15	8	40	
19	26 0	9 19 7	9	1	9	21	21 American Revolution, first action, 1775—Byron died, 1824
20	27 0	10 16 9	9	40	0	55	55 Long Parliament dissolved 1645
21	28 0	10 50 10	10	15	10	30	30 Alexander the Great died B.C. 323—Insurrection at Barcelona, 1816
22	29 0	11 37 10	10	50	11	6	6 Demetrius taken 1796—Lord Dalhousie born 1813—Duke of Sussex died 1844
23	0 7	0 26 9	11	25	11	45	45 Shakespeare born 1564—Battle of Tal Dhong 1774—Warren Hastings acquitted 1795
24	1 5	1 18 7	—	0	—	1	1 Shakespeare died 1616—Daniel Defoe died 1716—Great Fire of London 1666
25	2 5	2 11 1	0	20	0	10	10 Duchess of Gloucester born 1776—Princess Alice Maria born, 1841—Opening of Suez Canal commenced 1859
26	3 5	3 9 6	1	0	1	21	21 David Hume born 1711
27	4 5	4 7 5	1	15	2	10	10 By the Convention of Almorá Napol ceded Kamson, 1811
28	5 5	5 5 6	2	35	3	5	5 Chaucer died 1400—Tobacco first brought to England, 1492—Mutiny of the B.C. 1789
29	6 5	5 28 3	3	40	4	15	15 Peace of Aix la Chapelle 1748—Peace with Russia, 1806—Prudhomme invaded by Austria 1869
30	7 5	6 59 1	4	58	5	40	40 Battle of Fontenoy 1741—Duchess of Gloucester died, 1807—Destructive thunder and hail storm at Aden, 1850

MAY—31 DAYS.

○ Full Moon May 6th at 11h 29m P.M. | ☉ New Moon May 22nd at 11h 27m A.M.
 ☾ First Quarter 14th at 10h 64m P.M. | ☽ First Quarter 29th at 4h 33m A.M.

Day of the Week	Day of the Month	Sundays and Remarkable Days	Day of the Year	Sun			Mean Time at Noon
				Sun Rise A M	Sun Set P M	Declina- tion at Mean Noon N	
Fr	1	May Day	121	11 33	6 23	15 11 13	11 56 57
Sat	2	Day breaks at 4h 55m A.M.	122	5 32	6 23	15 29	11 56 50
S	3	1st Sunday after Easter	123	5 31	6 23	15 46 49	11 56 44
Mon	4		124	5 31	6 23	16 4 14	11 56 38
Tu	5		125	5 31	6 23	16 31 22	11 56 31
Wed	6	Twilight ends at 7h 1m P.M.	126	5 30	6 23	16 38 14	11 56 27
Th	7	Venus at greatest elongation 45° 25' E at 4h 2m P.M.	127	5 30	6 24	16 54 50	11 56 22
Fr	8	Saturn 2° 56' S of the Sun at 5h 40m A.M.	128	5 29	6 24	17 11 10	11 56 19
Sat	9	Day breaks at 4h 51m A.M.	129	5 28	6 24	17 27 2	11 56 15
S	10	4th Sunday after Easter.	130	5 28	6 24	17 42 54	11 56 12
Mon	11		131	5 27	6 25	17 54 23	11 56 10
Tu	12	Twilight ends at 7h 3m P.M.	132	5 27	6 25	18 13 32	11 56 9
Wed	13		133	5 27	6 25	18 29 27	11 56 8
Th	14	Mercury in ascending Node at 3h 30m A.M.	134	5 27	6 25	18 42 38	11 56 8
Fr	15	Venus 2° 5' N of the Sun at 4h 13m P.M.	135	5 27	6 26	18 57 7	11 56 7
Sat	16	Day breaks at 4h 50m A.M.	136	5 27	6 26	19 11 1	11 56 9
S	17	Regatta Sunday	137	5 26	6 26	19 25 16	11 56 10
Mon	18	Jupiter 1° 30' N of the Moon at 5h 57m P.M.	138	5 26	6 27	19 37 51	11 56 12
Tu	19		139	5 26	6 27	19 50 4	11 56 15
Wed	20	Mars 9° 40' N of the Moon at 6h 30m A.M.	140	5 25	6 27	20 3 19	11 56 18
Th	21	Ascension Day	141	5 25	6 28	20 15 34	11 56 21
Fr	22	Day breaks at 4h 40m A.M.	142	5 25	6 28	20 27 38	11 56 25
Sat	23	Mercury 6° 28' N of the Moon at 2h 27m A.M.	143	5 24	6 29	20 49 0	11 56 30
S	24	Birth of Queen Victoria Sunday after Ascension	144	5 24	6 30	20 50 11	11 56 36
Mon	25	Venus 6° 20' N of the Moon at 1h 15m P.M.	145	5 24	6 30	21 1 1	11 56 41
Tu	26	Twilight ends at 7h 10m P.M.	146	5 23	6 30	21 11 29	11 56 47
Wed	27		147	5 23	6 31	21 21 36	11 56 51
Th	28	Day breaks at 4h 40m A.M.	148	5 23	6 31	21 31 21	11 57 1
Fr	29	Mercury greatest Ecliptic at N 1h 13h A.M.	149	5 22	6 32	21 40 42	11 57 9
Sat	30	Day breaks at 4h 44m A.M.	150	5 22	6 32	21 49 40	11 57 16
S	31	Pentecost—Whit Sunday.	151	5 22	6 32	21 58 17	11 57 25

MAY.

Moon in Apogee .

17th at 4h. P.M. | Moon in Perigee 23th at 2h. P.M.

Day of the Month	Moon's		Time of High Water at Bombay		Chronology of Remarkable Events
	Age at Noon	Meridian Passage	Morning	Afternoon	
	D	H M	H M	H M	
1	8 5	7 51.8	6 20	7 0	Duke of Wellington born, 1769—Prince Arthur Wm. I. died about 1850—Wreck of the <i>Britannia</i> at Antwerp, 1866
2	9 5	8 43.6	7 35	8 5	Disaffection among the 1st Co. 4 Troops (ending in nearly 100 men being then discharged) 1857
3	10 5	9 34.1	8 35	9 0	Battle of Kotala 1755—Barricade on the Hellespont, 1810—War declared by France against Austria 1809
4	11 5	10 24.9	9 25	9 45	Scoring upam taken, 1789, and Iruu Bahubalam
5	12 5	11 13.5	9 10	10 30	Napoleon died at St Helena 1821
6	13 5	—	10 40	11 0	Conquest of Lachich 1871—Dutch annexed, 1856—Alexander von Humboldt died 1859
7	14 5	A M 0 3.2	11 25	11 41	Swing's Bunk's commenced in England 1785—Battle of Kunth 1848—Eastern Sun (and Smith) opened the napote landed at Elba, 1815, 1869.
8	15 5	0 51.0	11 59	—	
9	16 5	1 43.5	0 20	0 30	Columbus's fourth voyage 1501—John XV died, 1771
10	17 5	2 38.3	0 55	1 15	—Columbus's first voyage 1492—Battle of India 1795—Outbreak of Native Cavalry at Maurit 187
11	18 5	3 28.7	1 31	1 50	Lord Arthur died 1775—Cato taken 1801—Percival assassinated 1812—The Delhi Massacre, 1857
12	19 5	4 11.2	2 11	2 35	Escape of Ajit Sahib 1818
13	20 5	4 58.3	3 0	3 21	Anne Bolwyn beheaded 1743—Corson of Surat, 1600.
14	21 5	5 44.2	3 45	4 20	Henry IV of France murdered 1610—Fahrenheit born 1686—In 1811 of Seringapatam 1791.
15	22 5	6 31.1	4 5	5 40	Capitulation of Madras 1818—overlaid 1833
16	23 5	7 18.4	5 15	6 50	Great fire in Kingston Jamaica 180—Battle of Alluer 1811
17	24 5	7 7.5	7 20	7 40	Trudy with the Marthia 1792—First Telegram message between Bombay and Calcutta 1841
18	25 5	8 42.5	8 15	8 40	Birmingham building 1817 of the French, 04—
19	26 5	9 28.1	9 0	9 20	See 1811 of the Church of Scotland, 1843
20	27 5	10 18.7	9 10	10 0	Columbus died 1506
21	28 5	11 7.5	10 20	10 40	First meeting of the Legislative Council of India 1854,
22	29 5	11 56.1	10 50	11 10	Napoleon defeated at Acre 1799—First at Montreal, 1812—First died 1801
23	30 5	0 20.0	11 1	11 25	Pope Alexander born 1659—Mungo Park's first voyage 1795
24	1 0	0 59.1	11 45	—	A first line on the Bombay Green, 1873—Kent taken 18
25	2 0	1 58.1	0 5	0 26	Trudy with Holland, 1784—Queen Victoria born, 1819
26	3 0	2 58.3	0 50	1 15	James Hutton August 1800, 1846.
27	4 0	3 57.6	1 36	2 5	Venerable Bede born 678, died 735.
28	5 0	4 54.7	2 30	3 0	Hilary Corpus passed 1679—First emancipated for the first time 1850—King of Hanover born 1819
29	6 0	5 49.7	3 31	4 10	William Pitt born 1759—11 telegraphic cable successfully in 1857 between San and Aden, 1859.
30	7 0	6 41.5	4 35	5 25	Restoration of Charles II 1660
31	8 0	7 31.0	5 55	6 30	General Piche 1811—Mutineers defeated at Ghazid 1857
	9 0	8 20.7	7 5	7 36	Alex. Pope died, 1744—Shahjahanpur Massacre, 1857

JUNE—30 DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON

○ Full Moon June 5th at 11h 40m A.M. ● New Moon June 20th at 7h 31m P.M.
 ☾ Last Quarter 1st at 5h 4m P.M. ☽ First Quarter 13th at 1h 41m A.M.

Day of the Week	Day of the Month	Sundays and Remarkable Days.	Day of the Year	Sun				Declination at Mean Noon	True Time at Mean Noon
				Sun Rises		Sun Sets			
				A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.		
Mon	1	Day breaks at 4h 41m A.M.	154	5 22	6 55	22 6 30	11 57 48		
Tues	2		155	5 22	6 54	22 14 20	11 57 48		
Wed	3	1st Summer Timber day	156	5 23	6 51	22 21 46	11 57 53		
Thur	4	Saturn 2° 54' S of the Moon at 6h 27m A.M.	157	5 23	6 54	22 29 50	11 58 2		
Fri	5	Trinity Day	158	5 23	6 53	22 37 30	11 58 13		
Sat	6	2nd Timber Day.	159	5 23	6 55	22 41 46	11 58 24		
S	7	Trinity Sunday	160	5 23	6 55	22 47 8	11 58 35		
Mon	8	Twilight ends at 7h 19m P.M.	161	5 23	6 55	22 53 7	11 58 46		
Tues	9	Mercury 1° 31' N of Uranus at 5h 57m A.M.	162	5 23	6 56	22 58 11	11 58 58		
Wed	10	Venus at greatest brilliancy.	163	5 23	6 56	23 2 51	11 59 9		
Thur	11	St. John the Baptist	164	5 23	6 56	23 7 9	11 59 21		
Fri	12	Day breaks at 5h 43m A.M.	165	5 23	6 57	23 10 5	11 59 33		
Sat	13	Twilight ends at 7h 14m P.M.	166	5 23	6 57	23 14 7	11 59 45		
S	14	2nd Sunday after Trinity	167	5 23	6 57	23 17 26	11 59 58		
Mon	15	Jupiter 2° 19' N of the Moon at 6h 11m A.M.	168	5 23	6 58	23 20 7	0 0 11		
Tues	16		169	5 23	6 58	23 22 18	0 0 23		
Wed	17		170	5 23	6 58	23 24 6	0 0 36		
Thur	18	Mercury at greatest elongation 23° 0' 1' at 5h 41m A.M.	171	5 23	6 59	23 26 30	0 0 49		
Fri	19	Day breaks at 5h 43m A.M.	172	5 23	6 59	23 28 28	0 0 13		
Sat	20	Accession of Queen Victoria	173	5 23	6 59	23 27 1	0 0 16		
S	21	Proclamation of Queen Victoria 2nd Sunday after Trinity	174	5 23	6 40	23 27 11	0 0 29		
Mon	22	Mercury 1° 31' N of the Moon at 1h 4m P.M.	175	5 24	6 40	23 26 9	0 0 42		
Tues	23	Venus 2° 54' S of the Moon at 1h 31m A.M.	176	5 24	6 40	23 26 17	0 0 55		
Wed	24	St. John Baptist—Midsummer Day.	177	5 24	6 40	23 25 14	0 1 8		
Thur	25		178	5 24	6 40	23 23 41	0 1 20		
Fri	26	Twilight ends at 7h 19m P.M.	179	5 24	6 40	23 21 49	0 1 33		
Sat	27		180	5 24	6 41	23 19 30	0 1 45		
S	28	3rd Sunday after Trinity	181	5 24	6 41	23 17 47	0 1 58		
Mon	29	Day breaks at 5h 40m A.M.	182	5 24	6 41	23 15 39	0 2 10		
Tu	30	Mercury stationary at 1h 5m P.M.	183	5 24	6 41	23 10 7	0 2 23		

JUNE.

Moon in Apogee..

..10th 5h A.M. | Moon in Perigee... ..22nd 11h A.M.

Day of the Month	Moon's		Time of High Water in Bombay				Chronology of Remarkable Events.
	Age at Noon.	Meridian Passage	Moon ing		After noon		
			H.	M.	H.	M.	
1	D 10 0	H. M. 9 51	8	5	8	55	Battle of Arni, 1782—Lord Howe defeated the French fleet 191
2	11 0	9 57 7	9	0	9	24	10 000 voted to Dr Jenner for his discovery of Vaccination 1802—Severe earthquake at Liassoum, 1809.
3	12 0	10 46 7	9	45	10	10	10 Treaty of Peace signed at Paris, 1814
4	13 0	11 36 2	10	30	10	50	George III born 1738—British Institution founded 1800—Lionel created King of Belgium 1835
5	14 0	—	11	6	11	26	First balloon ascended, 1783—Murphy at Albany, 1807
6	15 0	A. M. 0 26	11	45	—	—	Great fire in Montreal, 1693—Jeremy Bentham died, 1831
7	16 0	1 15 7	0	2	0	20	Royal Exchange founded, 1590—Port Royal destroyed, 1692—Riotous Bill passed, 1842
8	17 0	2 4 7	0	35	0	55	Mahmoud died at Haidar N S settled 1740—Treaty of Vienna signed at Vienna 1815—Jhansi Massacre 1857
9	18 0	3 52 0	1	10	1	30	Amoy taken, 1842
10	19 0	5 30 1	1	50	2	10	Lord Chatham took the Government upon himself, 1769
11	20 0	7 24 3	2	30	2	55	George I died 1737
12	21 0	9 34 3	3	15	3	45	Surrender of the Peshwa and fall of Mdhgaum, 1815—Massacre of the Latchign fugitives at Cowpore 1807
13	22 0	11 32 4	4	10	4	40	Battle of Cullinstown 1791—Cornwallis appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland 1789
14	23 0	1 35 6	5	30	5	51	Magna Charta signed 1215—The Godwiner May 1807—Treaty of Newburgh, 1763
15	24 0	3 30 4	6	2	6	50	Montreal taken by the British 1760—Napoleon took the field 1800—Humane at Bombay, 1857
16	25 0	5 24 7	7	25	7	60	Bengal, Chief Presidency 177—Battle of Ligny, 1815.
17	26 0	7 53 8	8	21	8	35	First steamboat from Bristol to New York, 1828—Lord Bentinck died 1833—Lord Clanning died 1862
18	27 0	9 47 9	9	10	8	55	Battle of Waterloo 1815—Ceylon attacked by Burmese 1766
19	28 0	11 43 10	10	0	10	2	William IV died 1837
20	29 0	1 32 10	11	15	11	6	Accession of Queen Victoria 1837—Recapture of Oswego by Sir Hugh Row 1808—Wreck of the ship <i>Diana</i> of Bombay Harbour about 100 lives lost 1806
21	0 7	P. M. 3 16 11	11	30	11	55	Proclamation of Queen Victoria 1847—Wreck of the ship <i>St George</i> in London Harbour 1806
22	1 7	5 15 —	—	0	—	20	Treaty proclaimed with France 1815
23	2 7	7 4 9	0	4	1	5	Battle of Plassey, 1757.
24	3 7	9 42 1	30	2	1	1	Newfoundland discovered by Sebastian Cabot, 1494.
25	4 7	11 37 2	25	2	50	50	Battle of Bannockburn 1314—The Pailo Disaster (China), 1809
26	5 7	1 30 3	20	3	50	50	George IV died and William IV proclaimed, 1830.
27	6 7	3 18 4	20	4	51	51	Ranjit Singh died 1809—Massacre of British at Cawnpore by Nana Sahib 1857
28	7 7	5 7 5	55	6	0	0	Stamp Duties instituted 1693—Queen Victoria crowned, 1838
29	8 7	7 53 6	30	7	5	5	Royalists routed the Parliamentarians at York, 1613—Stockport Riots, 1842
30	9 7	9 48 7	35	8	10	10	Greenwich Hospital founded, 1696

JULY—31 DAYS.

☾ Full Moon July 7th at 1h 40 7m A.M. ☽ New Moon July 28th at 2h 47 7m A.M.
 ☾ Last Quarter 17th at 5h 31 8m A.M. ☽ First Quarter 26th at 6h 42 0m A.M.

Day of the Week	Day of the Month	Sundays and Remarkable Days	Day of the Year	Sun			Declination of Mean Noon	Mean Time at True Noon	
				Sum Rise	Sum Set	Sum		R	M
Wed	1	Luth in conjunction at 6h 59m A.M.	165	5 26	6 41	23 6 10	0 3 35		
Th	2	Day breaks at 4h 47m A.M.	164	5 27	6 41	23 1 8	0 3 41		
Fri	3		163	5 27	6 41	22 56 2	0 3 55		
Sat	4	Jupiter in quadrature at 6h 3m P.M.	162	5 27	6 41	22 51 53	0 4 6		
S	5	4th Sunday after Trinity	167	5 27	6 41	22 46 10	0 4 17		
Sun	6	Twilight ends at 7h 20m A.M.	168	5 29	6 41	22 40 27	0 4 27		
Tu	7		169	5 28	6 41	22 34 6	0 4 37		
Wed	8	Day breaks at 4h 49m A.M.	169	5 28	6 41	22 28 22	0 4 46		
Th	9	Length of the day 13h 23m	166	5 28	6 41	22 20 7	0 4 55		
Fri	10	Twilight ends at 7h 20m P.M.	171	5 29	6 41	22 13 13	0 5 3		
Sat	11		172	5 29	6 41	22 4 57	0 5 11		
S	12	5th Sunday after Trinity	174	5 29	6 41	21 56 41	0 5 19		
Mon	13		175	5 30	6 41	21 47 52	0 5 26		
Tu	14	Mercury in inferior conjunction at 4h 11m A.M.	176	5 31	6 41	21 38 51	0 5 38		
Wed	15	Day breaks at 4h 53m A.M.	177	5 31	6 40	21 29 28	0 5 50		
Th	16	Mars 4° 55' N of the Moon at 9h 14m P.M.	178	5 31	6 40	21 19 48	0 5 47		
Fri	17	Twilight ends at 7h 19m P.M.	179	5 31	6 40	21 9 45	0 5 40		
Sat	18		180	5 32	6 40	20 59	0 5 55		
S	19	6th Sunday after Trinity	181	5 31	6 40	20 46 22	0 5 53		
Mon	20	New Moon at 2h 45m A.M.	182	5 32	6 40	20 37 12	0 6 3		
Tu	21	Day breaks at 5h 3m A.M.	183	5 33	6 39	20 25 39	0 6 6		
Wed	22	Mercury greatest Elongation at 2h 30m A.M.	184	5 33	6 39	20 13 19	0 6 9		
Th	23	Twilight ends at 7h 15m A.M.	185	5 31	6 39	20 1 3	0 6 11		
Fri	24	Day breaks at 5h 55m A.M.	186	5 31	6 38	19 49 4	0 6 12		
Sat	25		187	5 31	6 38	19 36 19	0 6 13		
S	26	7th Sunday after Trinity.	188	5 34	6 38	19 23 0	0 6 14		
Mon	27	Twilight ends at 7h 10m P.M.	189	5 33	6 37	19 9 36	0 6 14		
Tu	28	Saturn 4° 45' of the Moon at 4h 3m A.M.	190	5 37	6 37	18 55 40	0 6 13		
Wed	29		191	5 35	6 37	18 47 31	0 6 11		
Th	30	Day breaks at 4h 57m A.M.	192	5 36	6 36	18 37 7	0 6 9		
Fr	31	Length of the day 13 hours	193	5 36	6 36	18 12 19	0 6 6		

JULY.

Монти Аргус .

..7th at 10h PM

20th to 30th 1 10

Day of the Month	Moon at Noon		Time of High Water at Bombay		Chronology of Remarkable Events
	Age	Meridian Passage	Morning	Afternoon	
1	10 7	11 31 9	8 35	9 0	Battle of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
2	11 7	10 21 0	9 25	9 50	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
3	12 7	11 10 3	10 15	10 30	Quebec founded 1608—City of London 1815
4	13 7	11 59 4	10 50	11 10	America declared independence by the Congress 1776—Sir Henry Lawton died at Lucknow 1857
5	14 7	12 48 5	11 25	11 45	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
6	15 7	1 38 0	—	0 5	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
7	16 7	2 27 1	0 20	0 35	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
8	17 7	3 16 2	0 55	1 10	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
9	18 7	4 5 3	1 25	1 40	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
10	19 7	5 54 4	2 0	2 15	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
11	20 7	6 43 5	2 35	2 50	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
12	21 7	7 32 6	3 10	3 25	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
1	22 7	8 21 7	3 45	4 0	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
2	23 7	9 10 8	4 20	4 35	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
3	24 7	9 59 9	4 55	5 10	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
4	25 7	10 48 0	5 30	5 45	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
5	26 7	11 37 1	6 05	6 20	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
6	27 7	12 26 2	6 40	6 55	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
7	28 7	1 15 3	7 15	7 30	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
8	29 7	2 4 4	7 50	8 05	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
9	30 7	2 53 5	8 25	8 40	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781
10	31 7	3 42 6	9 00	9 15	—War of the Clouds—Victory of Sir E. Coote 1781

AUGUST—30 DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON

☉ Full Moon August 3rd at 4h 43m P.M. | ☾ New Moon August 18th at 10h 28m A.M.
 ☾ First Quarter 11th at 5h 19m P.M. | ☽ First Quarter 27th at 7h 38m A.M.

Day of the Week	Day of the Month	Sundays and Remarkable Days	1 of the Year	Sun				Declination at Mean Noon	Mean Time at True Noon		
				Sun Rise		Sun Set			1 M	1 M	1 M
				A	M	1 M	1 M					1 M
Sat	1	Lammas Day	14	5	36	6 35	17 57 14	0	6	3	
S	2	2th Sunday after Trinity	21	5	37	6 35	17 41 54	0	5	58	
Mon	3	Saint Augustine at 7h 30m A.M.	27	5	37	6 34	17 26 14	0	5	58	
Tu	4	Jupiter stationary at 1h 0m A.M.	17	5	37	6 34	17 10 30	0	5	48	
Wed	5	Twilight ends at 7h 10m P.M.	218	5	38	6 33	16 56 7	0	5	43	
Th	6	Day breaks at 4h 19m A.M.	279	5	38	6 33	16 7 39	0	5	36	
Fr	7	Venus stationary at 11h 11m A.M.	220	5	39	6 33	16 20 53	0	5	29	
Sat	8	Jupiter 2° 3' N of the Moon at 9h 10m P.M.	291	5	39	6 32	16 3 54	0	5	21	
S	9	9th Sunday after Trinity	237	5	40	6 31	15 46 57	0	5	13	
Mon	10		2 3	5	40	6 31	15 29 7	0	5	4	
Tu	11	Day breaks at 5h 3m A.M.	311	5	40	6 30	14 11 35	0	4	55	
Wed	12		3	5	40	6 29	14 53 20	0	4	45	
Th	13	Twilight ends at 7h 5m P.M.	224	5	40	6 29	14 35 9	0	4	35	
F	14	Mars 4° 46' N of the Moon at 1h 53m P.M.	2	5	40	6 28	14 16 10	0	4	25	
Sat	15	Uranus 3° 49' N of the Moon at 7h 5m P.M.	225	5	41	6 28	13 57 9	0	4	13	
S	16	16th Sunday after Trinity	270	5	41	6 27	13 51 1	0	4	1	
Mon	17	Mercury 4° 29' N of the Moon at 4h 19m P.M.	330	5	41	6 26	13 19 43	0	3	48	
Tu	18	Eclipse of the Sun.	321	5	41	6 25	13 0 31	0	3	38	
Wed	19		332	5	42	6 25	12 40 5	0	3	29	
Th	20	Day breaks at 5h 3m A.M.	133	5	43	6 24	12 21 18	0	3	2	
Fr	21	Venus at greatest brilliancy	332	5	43	6 23	12 1 14	0	3	54	
Sat	22	Saturn in quadrature at 11h 42m A.M.	3	5	43	6 23	11 41 5	0	3	29	
S	23	11th Sunday after Trinity.	37	5	43	6 22	11 20 47	0	3	24	
Mon	24	Saturn 3° 33' S of the Moon at 11h 47m P.M.	327	5	43	6 21	11 0 15	0	3	8	
Tu	25	Mercury greatest Ill. Lat. N. at 6h 30m P.M.	314	5	43	6 20	10 39 8	0	3	51	
Wed	26	Birth of Prince Albert	371	5	43	6 20	10 18 43	0	3	24	
Th	27	Twilight ends at 7h 0m P.M.	310	5	44	6 19	9 58 1	0	3	17	
Fr	28	Mercury in superior conjunction at 5h 48m P.M.	341	5	44	6 18	9 37 30	0	3	0	
Sat	29		312	5	45	6 17	9 15 0	0	3	43	
S	30	12th Sunday after Trinity.	343	5	45	6 16	8 53 29	0	3	24	
Mon	31	Day breaks at 5h 3m A.M.	319	5	44	6 16	8 31 1	0	3	0	

AUGUST.

Moon in Apogee 4th 4h A.M. / Moon in Perigee 18th 4h A.M.

..31st 8h A.M.

Day of the Month	Moon's		Time of High Water in Bombay				Chronology of Remarkable Events.
	Age at Noon.	Meridian Passage.	Morning		Afternoon		
			H	M	H	M	
1	12 4	10 44 9	9	55	10	15	Queen Anne died 1714—The Indian Income Tax Act in force 1860—The Paillo Forts (China) occupied 1860
2	13 4	11 53 2	10	3	10	61	Maharaja Chulab Singh died, 1857
3	14 4	—	11	9	11	25	Gwalior taken, 1780
4	15 4	0 15 4	11	41	11	56	British Troops landed in Java, 1811
5	16 4	1 22	—	0	—	15	Capture of Amdul 1840—Chuvu taken, 1840
6	17 4	1 47 1	0	29	0	45	Prince Alfred Ernest Albert, Duke of York born, 1844—Mutiny at Chittalgur, 1869
7	18 4	2 50 2	1	0	1	15	Napoleon took St Helena 1815—Queen Caroline died 1821—The Ashantis defeated 1826
8	19 4	3 15 4	1	3	1	41	St John of the Pater of Amherstburg 1800—Batavia taken 1811—Canning died 1847
9	20 4	3 56 7	2	10	2	30	Bombay taken 1810—The Hungarians defeated by Russia 1849
10	21 4	4 41 3	2	50	3	15	Sindh defeated by the English, 1803—French defeated off Pondicherry, 1777
11	22 4	5 29 0	3	31	4	0	
12	23 4	6 17 5	4	40	5	20	Ahmadnagar surrendered to Wellesley 1703
13	24 4	7 10 4	5	56	6	36	Pitt's India Bill passed 1784—Queen Adelaide born, 1792—The New York Law Bill passed 1831
14	25 4	8 6 8	7	16	7	51	Printing invented, 1487—Battle of Vittoria 1811
15	26 4	9 6 3	8	25	8	50	Dutch Fleet captured by Admiral Lophmstone near the Cape of Good Hope, 1795.
16	27 4	10 7 9	9	35	9	50	Ben Johnson died, 1837
17	28 1	11 8 7	10	15	10	40	Duchess of Kent born 1786—Battle of Solcia, 1608—Battle of Smolensko 1812
18	29 1	0 8 0	11	5	11	26	Dr Butler withdrew of the Minister died 1903
19	1 1	1 0 0	11	50	—	—	Loss of the Royal George, 1782—Trial of Queen Caroline commenced 1820
20	2 1	2 1 2	0	11	0	85	Capture of Delhi, 1857—The Indian Army Amalgamated 1860
21	3 1	2 51 0	0	50	1	20	Siam taken 1798—Battle of Yumen, 1808—The Taku Forts (China) captured 1860
22	4 1	3 45 4	1	3	2	5	Treaty of Peace with China, 1842—Serious events in the Middle East, 1849
23	5 1	4 36 7	2	25	2	46	Treaty of Peace signed between Austria and Prussia, 1866
24	6 1	5 25 5	3	10	3	3	India taken, 1804—Surrender of Wellington, 1814
25	7 1	6 15 0	4	5	4	35	Hawlock and Ontran entered Lucknow, 1857—Herchel died 1822
26	8 1	7 4 3	5	15	5	30	Trinkomali taken 1715—Prince Albert born, 1819—Great Fire in London 1666
27	9 1	7 53 5	6	36	7	10	Louis Philippe died, 1830
28	10 1	8 41 7	7	50	8	31	Bombardment of Algiers, 1816—Slavery abolished, 1813
29	11 1	9 29 4	8	50	9	11	Su Charles J. Napier died, 1853.
30	12 1	10 18 5	8	35	9	55	The Forts of St Peter and St Paul in Kamtschatka taken by the English 1854
31	13 1	11 12 10	10	11	10	30	Romy died, 1684—Capture of St Sebastian, 1812

SEPTEMBER—30 DAYS.

☉ Full Moon Sept 2nd at 8h 49 7m. A.M. ☾ New Moon Sept 16th at 4h 10 8m. P.M.
 ☾ 1st Quarter 10th at 2h 55 1m. A.M. ☽ First Quarter 23rd at 8h 13 1m. P.M.

Day of the Week	Day of the Month	Sundays and Remarkable Days.	Day of the Year	Sun				Declination at Mean Noon	True time at Mean Noon	
				Rise		Set			A	M
				A	M	A	M			
Tues	1	Day breaks at 5h 10m A.M.	245	5 45	6 15	8 10 10	11 59 47			
Wed	2	Twilight ends at 6h 50m P.M.	246	5 45	6 14	7 49 22	11 59 24			
Thur	3		247	5 45	6 13	7 36 31	11 59 9			
Fri	4	Jupiter 2° 22' N of the Moon at 11h 56m. P.M.	248	5 45	6 12	7 4 12	11 58 49			
Sat	5		249	5 45	6 11	6 41 8	11 58 29			
S	6	13th Sunday after Trinity	250	5 44	6 10	6 19 35	11 58 0			
Mon	7	Twilight ends at 6h 45m P.M.	251	5 40	6 10	5 57 0	11 57 45			
Tues	8		252	5 46	6 9	5 54 31	11 57 28			
Wed	9	Mars 17° N of Uranus at 7h 3m P.M.	253	5 46	6 8	5 11 52	11 57 8			
Thur	10	Day breaks at 5h 11m A.M.	254	5 46	6 7	4 49 7	11 56 18			
Fri	11		255	5 47	6 6	4 26 16	11 56 27			
Sat	12	Uranus 3° 43' N of the Moon at 6h 5m P.M.	256	5 47	6 5	4 3 22	11 56 6			
S	13	14th Sunday after Trinity	257	5 47	6 4	3 40 33	11 55 45			
Mon	14	Holiday day	258	5 47	6 3	3 17 19	11 55 33			
Tues	15	Twilight ends at 6h 36m P.M.	259	5 47	6 2	2 54 12	11 55 2			
Wed	16	1st Autumnal Equinox day	260	5 47	6 1	2 31 1	11 54 42			
Thur	17	Mercury 3 55 S of the Moon at 6h 45m P.M.	261	5 48	6 0	2 7 47	11 54 21			
Fri	18	2nd Ember Day	262	5 48	6 0	1 44 30	11 54 0			
Sat	19	3rd Ember Day	263	5 48	5 59	1 21 1	11 53 39			
S	20	15th Sunday after Trinity	264	5 48	5 58	0 57 51	11 53 18			
Mon	21	Saturn 3° 32' S of the Moon at 10h 25m. A.M.	265	5 48	5 57	0 34 29	11 53 57			
Tu.	22	Sun enters Libra at 11h 23m P.M.	266	5 49	5 56	0 11 0	11 53 35			
Wed	23	Twilight ends at 6h 30m P.M.	267	5 49	5 55	0 12 19	11 53 14			
Thur	24		268	5 49	5 55	0 35 44	11 52 53			
Fri	25	Day breaks at 5h 15m A.M.	269	5 49	5 54	0 59 9	11 52 33			
Sat	26	Venus at greatest elongation 46° S W at 9h 4m A.M.	270	5 50	5 53	1 22 31	11 52 13			
S	27	16th Sunday after Trinity	271	5 50	5 52	1 45 54	11 51 53			
Mon	28	Twilight ends at 6h 37m P.M.	272	5 50	5 51	2 9 32	11 51 33			
Tu	29	St Michael—Michaelmas Day.	273	5 50	5 50	2 32 41	11 51 13			
Wed	30	Jupiter greatest Hel Lat N at 4h 51m. A.M.	274	5 50	5 49	2 55 59	11 49 54			

SEPTEMBER.

Moon in Perigee.....15th at 1h. P.M. | Moon in Apogee27th at 6h. P.M.

Day of the Month	Mons		Time of High Water at Bombay		Chronology of Remarkable Events.
	Age at Noon	Meridian Passage	Morn- ing	After- noon	
	D	H. M. P. M.	H. M.	H. M.	
1	11 1	11 13 4	11 45	11 0	Government of the East Indies transferred to the Crown 1774
2	12 1	—	11 15	11 31	Great fire of London 1760—Atlantic cable of 186 recovered by <i>USS Fish Hawk</i> 1866
3	13 1	0 25 9	11 46	—	Oliver Cromwell died 1658—Great storm and fire, &c. 1706—Treaty of Commerce with America, 1783
4	14 1	1 12 1	0 5	0 16	Part of Algiers taken, 1803
5	15 1	1 55 4	0 35	0 10	First American Congress 1774—Capture of Malta, 1801
6	16 1	2 30 0	1 5	1 10	Bombardment of Copenhagen, 1807
7	17 1	3 5 2	1 49	2 0	Queen Elizabeth born 1533—Samuel Johnson born, 1709—Battle of Cressida 1471
8	18 1	4 13 0	2 20	2 40	William IV. crowned 1830—The Mikahoff taken, 1801
9	19 1	5 35 5	3 5	3 25	Algeria defeated at sea 1816—Schomberg evacuated, 1801—Native Army of Bengal reorganised, 1801
10	20 1	6 57	4 5	4 48	Atlantic cable of 1866 successfully completed 1866.
11	21 1	8 3 2	5 30	5 15	Battle of Delhi 1803—Sea mer <i>Albatross</i> lost in the Red Sea 1801
12	22 1	7 51 7	6 56	7 40	Pondicherry first governed by the French, 1746.
13	23 1	8 51 0	8 15	8 45	General Wolfe killed 1757.
14	24 1	9 50 1	9 10	9 35	Duke of Wellington died 1832—Delhi recaptured 1857.
15	25 1	10 48	10 0	10 25	New York surrendered 1790—Freedom of the Press in India 1858
16	26 1	11 41 3	10 45	11 6	Punjab taken by the British 1739—Cape of Good Hope ceded to the English 1801—The capture of the <i>Albatross</i> 1801
17	27 1	0 58 8	11 30	11 51	London and Birmingham railway opened 1825—The East India House burnt 1834
18	28 1	1 31 9	—	0 11	Bombay given to Lord Cornwallis 1762—George I. died 1760—Quebec captured 1759
19	29 1	2 24 1	0 31	0 51	Treaty of Commerce signed between the Subadar of Gough and the British 1781
20	30 1	3 17 7	1 11	1 31	Delhi recaptured by the British, 1803—Battle of the Marston 1801—The capture of Delhi 1801
21	31 1	4 8 1	1 50	2 10	Sir Walter Scott died 1830—The life of Sir John Franklin 1801—The capture of Delhi 1801
22	32 1	4 57	2 35	3 0	The British fleet captured by the French 1805—Sir Smith's capture of the <i>Albatross</i> at sea, 1801
23	33 1	5 47 1	3 28	4 0	Battle of Assaye 1801
24	34 1	6 33 1	4 35	5 15	Charles I. deposed, 1649—Pondicherry died, 1738
25	35 1	7 25 1	5 53	6 38	Columbus second voyage 1493—Lal Bahadur relieved by General Havelock 1857
26	36 1	8 13 1	7 16	7 50	Hay Alliance between Austria Russia and Prussia, 1801
27	37 1	8 57 1	8 20	8 45	West India Dock opened 1797
28	38 1	9 47	9 5	9 25	Royal Exchange re-opened 1859—Battle of Fussaoo, 1801
29	39 1	10 28 0	9 48	10 0	Russia declared war against Turkey, 1803—Battle of Kars, 1855
30	40 1	11 9 4	10 13	10 30	St Thomas's Church burnt at Bombay, 1857.

OCTOBER—30 DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

○ Full Moon October 21st at 0h 49m A.M.	☾ First Quarter Oct 27th at 2h 37m P.M.
☾ Last Quarter 29th at 11h 54m A.M.	☾ Full Moon 31st at 5h 46m P.M.
● New Moon 14th at 1h 52m A.M.	

Day of the Week	Day of the Month	Sundays and Remarkable Days	Day of the Year	Sun				Inclination of Sun N. N.	Mean Time at True Noon
				Sun Rise		Sun Set			
				A	M	P	M	A	M
Th.	1	Jupiter 2° 3' N. of the Moon at 11h 30m P.M.	27	5	50	5	40	9 19 2	11 19 5
Fr.	2	Jupiter opposite the Sun at 7h 54m A.M.	27	5	50	5	40	9 43 40	11 19 10
Sat.	3	Day breaks at 5h 17m A.M.	77	5	51	5	47	4 5 54	11 48 7
S.	4	17th Sunday after Trinity.	28	5	51	5	46	4 23	11 48 29
Mon.	5		29	5	51	5	45	4 52 13	11 48 22
Tu.	6		30	5	51	5	44	4 59 14	11 48 4
Wed.	7	Twilight ends at 6h 18m P.M.	31	5	51	5	43	5 34 15	11 47 47
Th.	8		32	5	51	5	42	6 1 17	11 47 30
Fr.	9	Uranus 9° 0' N. of the Moon at 11h 52m P.M.	33	5	51	5	41	6 38 17	11 47 14
Sat.	10	Mars 2° 5' N. of the Moon at 11h 50m P.M.	34	5	51	5	40	6 16 19	11 46 58
S.	11	18th Sunday after Trinity.	35	5	51	5	40	7 0 33	11 46 43
Mon.	12	Venus 5° of the Moon at 7h 13m P.M.	36	5	51	5	40	7 32 10	11 46 27
Tu.	13	Mercury at greatest distance 24° 45' I. at 11h 3m A.M.	37	5	51	5	40	7 51 40	11 46 19
Wed.	14	Twilight ends at 6h 1m P.M.	38	5	51	5	39	8 17 31	11 46 0
Th.	15		39	5	51	5	38	8 39 19	11 45 47
Fr.	16	Day breaks at 5h 19m A.M.	40	5	51	5	37	9 1 24	11 45 34
Sat.	17	Mercury 8° 28' S. of the Moon at 7h 40m P.M.	41	5	51	5	36	9 24 11	11 45 20
S.	18	19th Sunday after Trinity.	42	5	51	5	36	9 43 21	11 45 11
Mon.	19	Saturn 1° 2' S. of the Moon at 0h 30m P.M.	43	5	51	5	35	10 7	11 45 0
Tu.	20	Length of the day 11h 10m	44	5	51	5	34	10 28 10	11 44 0
Wed.	21	Twilight ends at 6h 1m P.M.	45	5	51	5	34	10 0 6	11 44 40
Th.	22		46	5	51	5	33	10 11 53	11 44 31
Fr.	23	Jupiter stationary at 10h 37m A.M.	47	5	51	5	33	10 13 2	11 44 23
Sat.	24		48	5	51	5	32	10 23 27	11 44 15
S.	25	20th Sunday after Trinity.	49	5	51	5	32	11 11 11	11 44 8
Mon.	26	Day breaks at 5h 23m A.M.	50	5	52	5	31	11 34 12	11 44 3
Tu.	27		51	5	52	5	30	12 5 5	11 43 57
Wed.	28		52	5	52	5	29	12 15 11	11 43 53
Th.	29	Jupiter 1° 50' N. of the Moon at 1h 4m A.M.	53	5	52	5	29	12 25 8	11 43 48
Fr.	30		54	5	52	5	28	12 35 51	11 43 45
Sat.	31	Twilight ends at 6h 5m P.M.	55	6	0	5	28	12 46 23	11 43 43

OCTOBER.

Moon in Perigee.. 19th 4h P M | Moon in Apogee..

..26th 11h A M.

Day of the Month	Moon's		Time of High Water in Bombay				Chronology of Remarkable Events.
	Age at Noon.	Meridian Passage	Morning		Afternoon		
			H.	M.	H.	M.	
1	○14 7	11 53 0	10	50	11	5	Dardanelles blockaded 1928—Red Sea Telegraph opened 1850—Rajaj Lal Singh hanged at Lucknow, 1859
2	15 7	—	11	20	11	35	London University opened, 1829.
3	11 7	0 47 1	11	50	—	—	Charaka plundered and burnt, 1842
4	17 7	1 23 0	0	0	0	25	Tally tick Arct 1794—Bishop Heber died, 1833.
5	18 7	2 10 6	0	40	1	6	Leicester walls died 1805
6	19 7	3 02 1	1	1	1	3	Luise Philippine born 1778
7	20 7	3 54 7	1	56	2	20	Violent earthquake and furious hurricane at the mouth of the Amazon 6000 people said to have perished 1714—Bulwaght died with grief 1801
8	21 7	4 47 4	2	46	3	15	New Delhi Fort executed at Delhi for murder 1837.
9	22 7	5 41 3	3	50	4	23	Edinburgh High House completed 1750—Battle of Ravenna 1746
10	23 7	6 41 1	5	15	6	0	Capture of Manghyr, 176—Capture of Chinnai 1811.
11	24 7	7 35 4	6	4	7	2	America discovered by Columbus 1492—Pitt of Cambridge 17
12	25 7	8 34 8	7	56	8	2	Canaville sculptor died 1922—Robert Stephenson died 17
13	26 7	9 30 0	8	1	9	16	Burhampton taken by Gen. Wellesley 1803
14	27 7	10 28 9	9	40	10	1	Reverend R. H. Lee defeated by Daniel R. G. and India at India 181
15	28 7	11 17 0	10	2	10	4	Amazilia 171—Vijaypur 165—Fort of Day destroyed 181
16	● 0 3	0 9 0	11	6	11	30	Burhampton burnt at Oxford 1855—House of Parliament burnt 134
17	1 3	1 19 11	4	—	—	—	Capture of Agia 1813
18	2 3	1 54 3	0	5	0	25	The Governor General takes the field against the Pindaris 181—J. J. Richardson died 184
19	3 3	2 46 4	0	45	1	5	Ben Swift died 174—Cannals surrendered to Washington in Virginia 1780
20	4 3	3 39 1	1	21	1	1	Congress 1814 in 1824—Battle of Navarino 1827
21	5 3	4 29 0	2	5	2	20	Siege of Anurath 140.—Battle of Trafalgar 1805.
22	6 3	5 16 6	2	50	3	1	
23	7 3	6 6 3	3	10	4	21	Battle of Buvar 1714—Battle of Katerah with the Rullis 144
24	8 3	6 52 4	4	10	5	10	Peace of Westphalia 1648—Masonic House founded, 179
25	9 3	7 37 9	5	30	7	5	Smith's distel by Holkar near Poona 1802
26	10 3	8 31 9	7	40	8	6	Battle of Baturah 1794
27	11 3	9 62 8	8	30	8	50	Cuba discovered 1492—Michael Servetus burnt 1553.
28	12 3	9 45 7	9	10	9	2	Hurricane at Koringa and Masulipatam, 1800
29	13 3	10 39 9	9	45	10	0	Sir Walter Raleigh beheaded, 1618.
30	14 3	11 18 4	10	36	10	35	Tower Armoury burnt, 1841
31	○15 3	—	10	50	11	6	Simon's Bay captured, 1725.

NOVEMBER—30 DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON

(Last Quarter Nov 7th at 7h 37 8m P M) First Quarter Nov 2nd at 11h 27 8m P M
 ● New Moon 14th at 5h 46 am P M ☉ Full Moon 30th at 5h 1 m A M

Day of the Week	Day of the Month	Sundays and Remarkable Days	Day of the Year	Sun			True time of Noon
				Rise	Set	Distance from Zenith	
				A M	P M	°	A M
S	1	1st Sunday after Trinity	201	6 0	5 11	14 3 25	11 44 43
Mon	2	Laybriars at 3h 30m A M	202	6 1	5 10	14 2 40	11 45 41
Tues	3		203	6 1	5 9	14 1 25	11 46 41
Wed	4		204	6 2	5 9	14 0 11	11 47 43
Thurs	5	Transit of Mercury	205	6 2	5 8	14 0 11	11 48 44
Fri	6	Twilight ends at 6h 1m P M	206	6 3	5 8	14 0 1	11 49 47
Sat	7		207	6 3	5 7	14 0 14	11 50 50
S	8	2nd Sunday after Trinity	208	6 4	5 7	14 0 30	11 51 55
Mon	9	Birth of Prince of Wales	209	6 4	5 6	14 0 45	11 53 0
Tues	10	Victory in Persia at 5h 4m P M	210	6 5	5 5	14 0 14	11 54 6
Wed	11	Michaelmas	211	6 5	5 5	14 0 21	11 55 13
Thurs	12	Twilight begins at 6m P M	212	6 5	5 4	14 0 36	11 56 23
Fri	13	Mercury 1st of the Moon at 7h 1m A M	213	6 5	5 3	14 0 41	11 57 23
Sat	14	Mercury 2nd of the Moon at 8m A M	214	6 7	5 3	14 0 1	11 58 38
S	15	3rd Sunday after Trinity	215	6 7	5 2	14 0 14	11 59 43
Mon	16	Venus in Perihelion at 1 40m A M	216	6 8	5 2	14 0 1	12 0 13
Tu	17	Jupiter in Perihelion at 1h 5m A M	217	6 9	5 2	14 0 11	12 1 11
Wed	18		218	6 9	5 2	14 0 23	12 2 23
Thurs	19	Day begins at 7h 4m A M	219	6 10	5 2	14 0 1	12 3 37
Fri	20	Mercury greatest Hel Lat 11h 4m P M	220	6 10	5 2	14 0 17	12 4 51
Sat	21		221	6 11	5 2	14 0 0	12 5 6
S	22	4th Sunday after Trinity	222	6 11	5 1	14 0 14	12 6 22
Mon	23	Twilight ends at 7h 3m P M	223	6 11	5 1	14 0 24	12 7 39
Tu	24		224	6 11	5 1	14 0 31	12 8 58
Wed	25	Jupiter 2d of the Moon at 6h 30m A M	225	6 12	5 1	14 0 21	12 10 15
Thurs	26		226	6 14	5 1	14 0 14	12 11 28
Fri	27	Day breaks at 7h 59m A M	227	6 14	5 1	14 0 1	12 12 44
Sat	28	Twilight ends at 7h 59m P M	228	6 14	5 1	14 0 10	12 13 15
S	29	1st Sunday in Advent	229	6 15	5 2	14 0 8	12 14 35
Mon	30	St Andrew	230	6 16	5 22	14 0 42	12 15 58

NOVEMBER.

Moon in Perigee 9th at 7h 15m | Moon in Apogee 2nd at 7h 4m

Day of the Month	Moon's		Time of High Water at Bombay		Chronology of Remarkable Events
	Age at Noon	Meridian Passage	Mean Moon	After Noon	
D	H M	A	H M	H M	
1	15 3	0 50	11 40	11 41	Battle of Taswar 1804. The climate in the north of India fluctuates from frost to overmuch heat.
2	17 1	0 59	—	0 0	Birth of Lord Kailash—Destination of the British.
3	18 1	1 44	0 20	0 10	First of the month—1800. Second Christian Relief.
4	19 3	2 13	1 0	1 20	Mulsumul Shah killed at Vajpur 1801.
5	20 3	3 35	1 41	2 13	Company left for the French Channel as has been.
6	21 3	4 39	2 30	3 07	Industrial in the—Time of the death 1817.
7	22 3	5 53	3 40	4 20	First of the month—1805.
8	23 3	6 21	4 41	5 04	Mulsumul Shah killed at Vajpur by the British 1801.
9	24 3	7 21	5 21	5 57	Wahidullah killed.
10	25 3	8 10	6 40	6 40	Mulsumul Shah killed.
11	26 3	9 7	7 41	7 40	Peace with the British.
12	27	0 54	8 21	8 41	First of the month—1805. Peace with the British.
13	28 3	10 40	9 10	9 20	First of the month—1805. Peace with the British.
14	29 3	11 13	9 41	9 51	First of the month—1805. Peace with the British.
15	0 4	0 50	10 41	10 41	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
16	1 8	1 20	—	0 0	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
17	2 8	2 18	0 20	0 40	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
18	3 8	3 32	1 0	1 20	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
19	4 8	4 57	1 40	2 0	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
20	5 8	6 43	2 21	2 41	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
21	6 8	8 31	3 10	3 30	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
22	7 8	10 16	4 11	4 31	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
23	8 8	12 0	5 11	5 31	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
24	9 8	1 42	6 11	6 31	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
25	10 8	3 25	7 11	7 31	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
26	11 8	5 10	8 11	8 31	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
27	12 8	6 57	9 11	9 31	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
28	13 8	8 46	10 11	10 31	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
29	14 8	10 36	11 11	11 31	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.
30	15 8	—	12 11	12 31	Mulsumul Shah killed by the British 1801.

DECEMBER—31 DAYS.

PHASES OF THE MOON

(First Quarter Dec. 7th at 2h 34^m A.M.) (Last Quarter Dec. 22nd at 9h 19^m A.M.)
 (New Moon , 14th at 6h 24^m A.M.) (Full Moon , 29th at 6h 1^m P.M.)

Day of the Week	Day of the Month	Sundays and Remarkable Days	Day of the Year	Sun						Mean Time at Noon
				Sun Rises		Sun Sets		Declination at Noon		
				A	M	P	M			
Tu.	1	Day breaks at 6h 40m A.M.	3	8	17	5	28	153 44	11 49 20	
Wed	2		4	8	17	5	28	153 44	11 49 44	
Th.	3	Uranus 3° 8' N of the Moon at 6h 26m A.M.	5	8	15	5	23	153 10 14	11 50 8	
Fr.	4		6	8	10	5	22	152 14 20	12 50 32	
Sat	5	Twilight ends at 6h 0m	7	8	19	5	23	152 16 1	12 50 57	
S	6	2nd Sunday in Advent	8	8	20	5	23	152 3 1	12 51 22	
Mon.	7		9	8	21	5	23	152 40 2	12 51 47	
Tu.	8	Venus greatest Elongation N. at 6h 11m A.M.	10	8	21	5	23	152 46 23	12 52 13	
Wed	9		11	8	22	5	21	152 52 17	12 52 31	
Th	10		12	8	23	5	21	152 7 41	12 53 8	
Fr	11	Venus 0° 15' S of the Moon at 6h 30m A.M.	13	8	3	5	24	152 2 47	12 53 36	
Sat	12	Day breaks at 6h 4m A.M.	14	8	24	5	24	152 7 17	12 54 6	
S	13	3rd Sunday in Advent.	15	8	24	5	25	152 11 22	12 54 34	
Mon	14		16	8	2	5	25	152 14 7	12 55 2	
Tu.	15	St Lucia.	17	8	2	5	26	152 18 8	12 55 32	
Wed.	16	1st Winter Ember day.	18	8	2	5	26	152 20 7	12 56 0	
Th	17	Twilight ends at 6h 5m P.M.	19	8	26	5	27	152 23 23	12 56 29	
Fri.	18	2nd Ember day.	20	8	27	5	27	152 24 47	12 56 50	
Sat	19	3rd Ember day	21	8	27	5	27	152 26 6	12 57 20	
S	20	4th Sunday in Advent	22	8	25	5	28	152 27 5	12 57 45	
Mon	21	St Thomas. Sun enters Capricorn at 6h 11m P.M.	23	8	23	5	28	152 27 1	12 58 26	
Tu	22	Jupiter 2° 37' N of the Moon at 6h 20m	24	8	23	5	29	152 27 7	12 58 54	
Wed	23	Length of the day 11h	25	8	23	5	29	152 26 31	12 59 8	
Th.	24	Mercury in Aphelion at 6h 30m P.M.	26	8	30	5	30	152 23 27	1 0 0	
Fr.	25	Christmas day	27	8	30	5	30	152 29 7	1 0 28	
Sat.	26	Twilight ends at 6h 8m P.M.	28	8	31	5	31	152 31 3	1 0 57	
S	27	1st Sunday after Christmas	29	8	31	5	32	152 33 24	1 1 27	
Mon	28		30	8	32	5	32	152 35 27	1 1 57	
Tu	29		31	8	32	5	32	152 37 1	1 2 30	
Wed	30	Uranus 3° 9' N of the Moon at 7h 38m A.M.	32	8	32	5	33	152 39 8	1 2 55	
Th.	31	Day breaks at 6h 56m A.M.	33	8	32	5	33	152 41 49	1 3 24	

DECEMBER.

Moon in Perigee .
Moon in Apogee .

..... 4th 1h 1 m. | Moon in Perigee..... 31st 11 h m.
..... 20th 1h 1 m.

Day of the Month	Moon's		Time of High Water in Bombay				Chronology of Remarkable Events.
	Age at Noon.	Meridian Passage	Morning		Afternoon		
			H.	M.	H.	M.	
1	16 9	0 36 3	11	43	—	—	Buenos Aires crowned, 1804—Alexander of Russia died 1825
2	17 8	1 11 4	0	16	0	23	17th Dec. 1819—Queen Dowry of Adelaide died 1819
3	18 8	2 30 4	1	0	1	10	10th Dec. 1819—Barrington of London 1842
4	19 8	3 29 6	1	46	2	0	Abolition of Slave Trade—Battle of Omdurman, 1848.
5	20 8	4 20 5	2	21	2	58	Mozart died, 1792.
6	21 8	5 20 3	3	35	4	2	2nd Battle of Rungun, 1791—Insurrection in Canada, 1837
7	22 8	6 12 9	4	40	5	32	Hyder Ali died 1782—Battle of Rungun 1821
8	23 8	7 9 8	5	52	6	40	William born 1800—Birth of a Prince at Bombay 1851
9	24 8	7 53 8	7	5	7	54	2nd Battle of Rungun 1817—The 1st King of Del.
10	25 9	8 41 4	8	5	8	47	Further burnt the Pagoda full 1700 feet at Cunn.
11	26 8	8 33 6	8	59	9	37	Charles N. Kill 1778—Admiral W. and 1st Colonel.
12	27 8	10 21 4	0	45	10	21	New Zealand discovered 1642—Fort George captured, 1841.
13	28 8	11 16 0	10	28	11	5	The great (Mass) Igloo gun weighing 41 tons, cast in India 1878—1st 1st 1st 1874.
14	29 8	0 4 0	11	9	12	43	Washington died 1799—Sikh War commenced 1845.
15	1 2	0 59	11	40	—	—	—France 1800—1st 1st 1st 1801.
16	2 2	1 50	0	11	0	22	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
17	3 2	2 30	0	52	0	58	San Humphrey Day born 1778—Bolívar died 1849.
18	4 2	3 0 9	1	28	1	37	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
19	5 2	4 11 0	2	6	2	2	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
20	6 2	4 54 6	2	45	3	1	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
21	7 2	5 31 1	3	30	4	5	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
22	8 2	6 10 1	4	26	5	0	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
23	9 2	7 2 6	5	24	6	1	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
24	10 2	7 47 1	6	27	6	47	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
25	11 2	8 21 1	7	23	7	50	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
26	12 2	9 24 2	8	24	8	7	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
27	13 2	10 16 1	9	21	9	50	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
28	14 2	11 15 8	10	0	10	36	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
29	15 2	—	10	46	11	23	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
30	16 2	0 15 0	11	53	—	—	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.
31	17 2	1 15 8	0	7	0	33	1st 1st 1st 1801—2nd 1st 1st 1801.

Christian Festivals and Fasts.

JANUARY.

1—**CIRCUMCISION**—This festival was originally called the Octave of Christmas, and the first mention of it is in the year 467. It was instituted by the Church to commemorate the ceremony under the Jewish law to which Christ submitted, on the eighth day of the nativity.

6—**EPIPHANY**—The word *Epiphany* signifies appearance or apparition. This festival appears to have been first observed as a feast, in the year 613, from the circumstance of its being twelve days after Christmas, it is vulgarly called "Twelfth day."

13—**PURIFICATION MONDAY**—Is the first Monday after Epiphany, and received this appellation from its having been fixed upon as the day in which the early English returned to the duties of agriculture, after the festivities of Christmas.

FEBRUARY.

1—**PURIFICATION**—This day is kept in the Roman Church as a solemn festival, in memory of the purification of the Virgin Mary. The festival was originally called **CANDIDMAS DAY** as well as the Day of Purification. The practice of observing the churches has been discontinued in England since the second year of Edward VI. In the Romish Church all its attendant ceremonies are still retained.

9—**SHEPHERD SUNDAY**—Is a Sunday of penitence in Lent, as that season is upon Easter. It is to be observed as the preparation for the first of Lent. Its observance was instituted by Pope Gregory the Great. The name of the first Sunday in Lent having been distinguished by the appellation of Quinquagesima, and the three weeks preceding having been appropriated to the period immediately before the Lent fast, the three Sundays of these weeks were called by names indicative of their situation, and reckoning by "dieses," the Sunday preceding Quinquagesima received its present title of Quinquagesima, the second Sexagesima, and the third Septuagesima.

25—**SHROVE TUESDAY**—After the people had made the confession required at this season by the discipline of the Romish Church, they were permitted to indulge in festive amusements, though not allowed to partake of any repast beyond the usual substitutes for flesh, and hence arose the custom, yet preserved of eating pancakes and fritters at Shrovetide.

26.—**ASH WEDNESDAY**—The early Christians did not commence their Lent until the Sunday now called the first in Lent. Pope Felix III. in the year 487, first added the four days preceding the old Lent Sunday to complete the number of fasting days to forty. Gregory the Great introduced the sprinkling of ashes on the first of the four additional days, which gave it the name of **DIE CINERUM**, or Ash-Wednesday. At the Reformation, this practice was abolished.

MARCH.

1—**ST DAVID'S DAY**—St David, the patron saint of Welshmen, was Archbishop of Menevy. He was a man of considerable learning, and was reputed to possess the power of performing miracles. He died in 517, and was buried in the Church of St. Andrew, but his remains were afterwards removed to Glastonbury Abbey. On this day, Welshmen wear a leek in their hats, a practice supposed to have originated from their countrymen, in a great battle with the Saxons, fought at a place called, having adopted that vegetable as a military mark of distinction, by which they might distinguish each other from the enemy during the battle.

1—**QUADRAGESIMA, OR FIRST SUNDAY IN LENT**—Læmcent, King of Kent, first appointed the fast of Lent in England, in the year 641. Successing generations marked the distinctions between the various fairs. We find flesh to have been early prohibited during Lent, though Henry VIII. published a proclamation in 1513, allowing the use of white meats, which continued in force until by proclamation of James I. in 1619, and 1625 and by Charles I. in 1637 and 1638, flesh was again wholly forbidden.

4, 6, 7—**EMBER DAYS**—After the first Sunday in Lent, the Wednesday, Friday and Saturday, are Ember-days, and the week in which they occur, Ember-week. On Ember days our forefathers ate no bread but what was baked in a simple and primitive fashion under hot ashes. hence the name. The other Ember-days of the

year are the Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, after the Feast of Pentecost, Holyrood Day (September 14) and St Lucia's Day (December 15).

17—**ST PATRICK'S DAY**—A grand festival of the Church of Rome, and on which Irishmen consider it their duty to make themselves as happy as a Welshman does on the 1st of March. The Irish venerate St Patrick as the introducer of Christianity into Ireland. He was a Scotchman by birth. The shamrock, a species of three leaved grass, is generally worn by the Irish on this day. The favour thus bestowed upon it is said to have arisen from the saint having used it as an instrument for explaining the doctrine of the Trinity.

22—**MID LENT SUNDAY**—This day received its appellation because it is the middle Sunday between Quadragesima and Easter Sunday. It is by some called "Mothering Sunday,"—a term expressive of the ancient usage of visiting the Mother or Cathedral Churches, of the several dioceses, when voluntary offerings were made, which are now called *Laster off rings*.

25—**THE ANNUNCIATION OF OUR LADY**—This day is more familiarly known in England as Lady-day. It is kept as a festival in the Romish Church, in commemoration of the Incarnation of Christ. In England it is one of the quarter days on which rent and other dues become payable. The other quarter days are Midsummer Day, Michaelmas Day, and Christmas Day.

APRIL.

5—**PALE SUNDAY**—Palm Sunday is the Sunday preceding Easter, or the last Sunday in Lent. The festival commemorates our Saviour's triumphal entry into Jerusalem, when branches of palms were spread before him.

10—**GOOD FRIDAY**—This day is held as a solemn fast, in remembrance of the Crucifixion. Its appellation of Good appears to be peculiar to the Church of England. Our Saxon forefathers termed it "Long Friday," from the length of the offices and fastings on that day.

12—**EASTER SUNDAY**—Is a movable festival, held in commemoration of the Resurrection, and being the most important and most ancient in observance, it governs the whole of the other movable feasts throughout the year. Nearly the whole of the movable feasts and holidays of the Church are determined by Easter-day, which is itself movable, according to the following canonical regulation ordained by the council of Nice (A.D. 325): viz, Easter Sunday always falls upon the first Sunday after the first full moon after the 21st day of March. If the first full moon happens on a Sunday, then the following Sunday is Easter Sunday. The moon on which Easter depends is called the Paschal moon, and the full moon is defined to be the fourteenth day of the moon, that is, thirteen days after the preceding day of new moon. The first of the movable feasts in the year dependent on Easter is Septuagesima Sunday, and it takes its place nine Sundays before Easter.

19—**LOW SUNDAY**—So termed from the Church service being somewhat shortened or lowered from that of the preceding Sunday.

23—**SAINT GEORGE**—I was killed at the Battle of Calais, in the year 1319, joined to England as then superior principal guardian St. Edward the Confessor, the name of St. George, both of whom he earnestly invoked to aid his arms. The next year the Order of the Garter was established, dedicated to St. George, and the saint himself has, from that period, been considered as patron of England.

MAY.

1—**MAY-DAY**—It has been celebrated from the earliest ages, as a kind of nature's birthday, and notwithstanding the havoc which the march of knowledge has made with the customs of our forefathers, it is probable that in rural districts May-day will long continue its hold upon human affections. May-day can hardly be said to be known in all its cities.

17—**ROGATION SUNDAY**—Rogation Sunday received and retains its title from the Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday immediately following it, which are called ROGATION DAYS, derived from the Latin "rogare," to beseech. The early Christians appropriated extraordinary prayers and supplications for those three days as a preparation for the devout observance of our Saviour's Ascension on the day next antecedent to them, denominated "Holy Thursday," or Ascension Day. The whole week in which these days happen is styled Rogation-week, and in some parts it is still known by the other names of Crisp week, Green week, Gang or Procession-week. The perambulations of parishes are made in this week.

21—**ASCENSION-DAY, OR HOLY THURSDAY**—Is the day on which the Church celebrates the Ascension of our Saviour,—the fortieth day after his Resurrection from the dead.

31—**PENTECOST OR WHIT-SUNDAY**—The seventh Sunday after Easter-day. It was on the feast of Pentecost (a great feast of the Jews), that the Holy Ghost miraculously descended on the Apostles. This and the two following days comprise Whitsuntide, and in many parts of England it is a time for hiring servants. It is named **WHIT**, signifying "White" Sunday, because on this day the catechumens appeared in the ancient Church in white garments.

JUNE.

7—**TRINITY SUNDAY**—Trinity Sunday is a festival observed by the Latin and Protestant Church on the Sunday next following Pentecost, or Whitsuntide,—of which, originally, it was merely the octave.

11—**CORPUS CHRISTI**—A festival of the Romish Church, held on the Thursday after Trinity Sunday. It celebrates, as the name indicates, the doctrine of transubstantiation, and is observed in Catholic countries with considerable ceremony.

24—**St JOHN THE BAPTIST**—The Nativity of St John the Baptist is a holiday of the Church of England. The life of St John, variously called Midsummer Eve, was formerly a time of high observance amongst the English, as it still is in Catholic countries. There was a custom of holding vigil in the church porch.

AUGUST

1—**LAMMAS DAY, CALLED THE GIFT OF ALCORN**—It is now only remarkable as a day of term for some purposes. It was probably one of the great festival days of our heathen ancestors, and occurs exactly three months after, another of them—Midsummer or May Day. Lammas seems to have been held as a day of thanksgiving for the new fruits of the earth.

SEPTEMBER.

29—**MICHAELMAS DAY**—A festival of the Romish and English Churches, established 467, in honour of St Michael and all the holy angels. St Michael is singled out for peculiar mention as being the chief of the angels or archangels. It is an ancient and extensively prevalent custom to have a goose for dinner on Michaelmas day, which seems to have arisen simply from the geese being at its best immediately after it has had the benefit of the ripened harvest fields.

NOVEMBER.

1—**ALL SAINTS**—All Saints, or All Hallows, is a day of general commemoration of all those saints and martyrs in honour of whom, individually, no particular day had been expressly assigned.

11—**St MARTIN'S DAY OR MARTINMAS**—Popularly this is one of the most remarkable days of the year, especially in Scotland, where Whitsuntide and Martinmas are the two great terms for leases and assignments of servants, the latter being that at which the termination of farms usually commences. Martin is said to have been born in Lower Hungary, about 316, and to have originally been a soldier. While, as often happens, a few fine days occur about this time of the year, they are called St Martin's summer. Formerly this was also a quarterly term day in England.

29—**ADVENT**, literally "the coming,"—A term applied from an early period of ecclesiastical history to the four weeks preceding Christmas, which were observed with penitence and devotion in reference to the approaching birth of Christ. There are four Sundays in Advent, the first of which is always the nearest Sunday to St Andrew's day.

30—**St ANDREW'S DAY**—St Andrew was one of the Apostles. His history, as related by the Catholic writers, represents him as martyred in the year 66, at Patra in Greece, upon a cross of the form of the letter X, which accordingly is still recognised as St Andrew's Cross.

DECEMBER.

31—**St THOMAS'S DAY**—A festival of the English Church. It was customary in England to go "a gooding," or St Thomas said that is, they went about begging money, and procuring in return sprigs of yew and bunches of primroses with a view to the decoration of their houses against Christmas.

25—**CHRISTMAS DAY**—Observed as the nativity of our Lord. In England Christmas day is kept by the Church as a solemn festival, and is distinguished by the complete cessation of business—an honour paid to no other day besides Sunday and Good Friday. In many country places the celebration of Christmas begins the latter part of the previous day—Christmas Eve.

The Indian Calendar

FOR THE YEAR 1868.

SHOWING THE CORRESPONDING DATES ACCORDING TO THE VARIOUS MODES
OF RECKONING TIME AMONG THE HINDUS, MAHOMEDANS,
PARSIS, MUHAMMADANS, AND JEWS.

CORRESPONDING DATES

For the Year of 1868	...	...	...	1868
" V. I. C. I. I. S. M. at	...	...	...	1921 25
" S. I. at 12 Sh. I. h.	...	...	...	1781 90
" B. I. at 12 Sh. I. h.	...	...	...	1011 41
" Y. I. at 12 Sh. I. h.	...	...	...	127 38
" H. I. at 12 Sh. I. h.	...	...	...	1241 45
" I. I. at 12 Sh. I. h.	...	...	...	1277 78
" S. I. at 12 Sh. I. h.	...	...	...	1264 11
" Jewish Era	...	...	...	5626 20

HINDU METHOD OF RECKONING.

The Lunar solar year is used for the regulation of festivals and domestic arrangements. It commences at the instant of conjunction of the Sun and Moon in the sidereal month Chaitra. The Hindu Lunar month invariably consist of 30 Tithis, or Lunar days, and the whole month is divided into two equal parts of 15 Tithis each, the one called Shukla Paksh or Shukla—the bright half or increase of the Moon, the other the Krishna Paksh, or Vah—the dark half or decrease of the Moon. The Lunar month begins on the Western side of India and South of the Narmada river, with the first day of the Shukla Paksh (Shukla Pratipada), or bright half of the Moon. At Benares, Ujjain, and the countries North of the Narmada, the Lunar month begins with the first Lunar day of the preceding Krishna Paksh (Vadi Pratipada) or dark half of the Moon. The former is the equated the Shukladi mode of reckoning, and the latter the Krishnadi. The Lunar year begins both North and South of the Narmada with the first day of the Shukla Paksh, or bright half of the Moon in Chaitra, but in the dark half of the Moon precedes the other, or Shukla Paksh at Benares, the half Lunar month of Chaitra is taken from the last Lunar month of the year preceding, and is considered to belong to it, so that the difference between the Shukladi and Krishnadi reckonings after 14 months only, and not the commencement of the year. The Lunar months are named after the Solar month in which the conjunction occurs, so that when two new Moons fall within one Solar month, the name of the corresponding Lunar month is repeated, and the year is intercalary containing 13 months. The ordinary month is called *amya*, and the additional one, which, according to the Surya Siddhanta falls in the middle of the 60 days, *adhya*. The Lunar account takes the first month of the two the *adhya* month. Such festivals as occur are confined to the year or proper month. Once, in about 160 years no new Moon occurs in some one of the last six months, which, from the Earth's being in perihelion, contain only 29 and 30 days each. When this occurs the name of that month is omitted, but two others always happen to be repeated in such years. Thus in 1823 or 1924 K. Y. Margashirsha (Dec.) was expunged, but Asvini and Chaitra were intercalated. The ordinary year is called *Samvatsara*, the common intercalary year *Adhik Samvatsara*, and the double intercalary with the expunged month, *Kshaya Samvatsara*.

While the Lunar month invariably consist of 30 Tithis or Lunar days,—in order to regulate the festivals and festivals, certain Lunar days are dropped and others are reckoned twice to make up the deficiency, the first of these are termed *Kshaya Tithis* (perishable days), and the days repeated twice are called *Vridh Tithis*

(additional days) The rule of these is exceedingly simple;—those Lunar days on which the sun does not rise (Muryodaya nahan) are struck out; those in which it rises twice are Vridh, or additional, and since, according to the Hindus, the Tithi is 23m. 31 9s. less than the mean solar day, it is obvious such circumstances will occur about once in 64 days, or six times in the course of the Lunar year.

The Tithis of each half month are named after the Moon's age, as follows .—

1 Pratham or Pratipada	6 Shashti	11 Ekadasi
2 Dwitya	7 Sapthami	12 Dwadasi
3 Tritiya	8 Ashtami	13 Tridasi
4 Chaturthi	9 Navami	14 Chaturdasi
5 Panchami	10 Dasami	

The 15th from Shukla Pratipada is Purnima, or Full Moon; and the 15th from Krishna Pratipada is Amavasya or new Moon.

The Hindu Zodiac is divided into twenty-seven Lunar Mansions or Nakshatras of 13° 20' each, probably originating in the revolution of the Moon being performed in little more than 27 days. Their names are .—

1 Ashwin	10 Magha or Pitrinam	19 Swati
2 Bharani or Antardra	11 Purnvashadha	20 Purnvashadha
3 Karkati or Agnini	12 Uttarashadha	21 Uttarashadha
4 Rohini or Bhadrin	13 Mithuna	22 Mithuna
5 Mithuna	14 Chingra	23 Chingra
6 Ardra or Rauri	15 Swati	24 Swati
7 Purnvashadha	16 Visakha	25 P. Bhadrin
8 Bhadrin	17 Anuradha	26 Bhadrin
9 Visakha or Supun	18 Jyestha	27 Rohini or Purnvashadha

The Hindu sidereal year, according to the Surya Siddhanta, is 365d Gh. 12m 36 56s, or 1 000045266 Solar years, and is measured by the return of the sun to the same point in the Zodiac, the beginning of the sign Mesha. Each month contains as many days as the Sun continues in each sign, the civil only differing from the astronomical reckoning in rejecting fractions of a day. The civil year and month begin at sunrise instead of the instant of the sun's entrance into the respective signs. If the fractions exceed half a day, the civil year or month begins with the sunrise following. The months vary in length with the sun's angular motion. The following are the signs of the Zodiac with the months and the corresponding astronomical periods .—

Sign	Month	Start	End	Length
Mesha	(Aries)	Chaitra	30	30
Visha	(Taurus)	Vyasa	31	31
Mithuna	(Gemini)	Asa	31	31
Karka	(Cancer)	Asa	31	31
Smitta	(Leo)	Asa	31	31
Kanya	(Virgo)	Asa	31	31
Tuli	(Libra)	Asa	31	31
Visakha	(Scorpio)	Asa	31	31
Bhama	(Sagittarius)	Asa	31	31
Makara	(Capricorn)	Asa	31	31
Kumbha	(Aquarius)	Asa	31	31
Mina	(Pisces)	Asa	31	31

Total (according to the Purnvashadha) .. 365 6 12 56

The Hindus have several Eras.—The Kaliyug commences from the factitious Era 18th Feb. 3102 B. C. The Era of Vikramaditya, so named from a sovereign of Malwa who defeated Saka, King of Delhi, and got possession of the chief throne of Hindustan, is reckoned from 57 B.C., the years of this Era are lunar-solar and are called Samvat. The Era of Salivahna dates from the 14th March A. D. 78, Julian reckoning, the first year being reckoned 0, or the date indicating always the year complete. It is the most prevalent in the South of Hindustan as that of Vikramaditya is in the North and in Gujrat. The years of it are sidereal and are termed Saka.

The Vrihaspati Chakra, or Cycle of Jupiter, is employed for little else than giving the name to the year. The cycle consists of 60 years, and according to the Surya Sidhanta the Chakra year is to the Sidereal year as 180 10 to 18211, so that to keep the Cycle in accordance with the planet's motion one year has to be expunged every 85 or 86 years. According to the Jyotistava rule the expunged year falls 13 years

earlier than according to the Surya Siddhanta computation used in Bengal. The Telinga method, followed in the peninsula and in Tibet, identifies the Vrihaspati year with the Chandra-mana or luni-solar account. This last directs to divide the expired years of the Kali yug by 60, and the remainder is the year of the Cycle, to be reckoned from *Pramathi*, the 13th of the Chakra. Thus for the year 4900 K. Y. 4900—60 82 Cycles 40 years, or *Krodhana* the 50th will be the year sought.

The names of the Sixty *sanvatsara* or years of the Vrihaspati-chakra are as follows—

1 Prabhava	16 Chitrahanu	31 Hemadamba	46 Pradhava
2 Vibhava	17 Subhanu	32 Vilamba	47 Prambha
3 Shukla	18 Isana	33 Vikra	48 Ananda
4 Pramodha	19 Pathiva	34 Shrivara	49 Rakshasa
5 Prayoga	20 Vaisya	35 Phava	50 Andha
6 Anga	21 Savaga	36 Sudhakar	51 Pingala
7 Sharmukha	22 Savallava	37 Shobana	52 Kalyukta
8 Bhava	23 Vardha	38 Krodha	53 Sudhata
9 Yuga	24 Vikrita	39 Aravasa	54 Krodha
10 Bhava	25 Krodha	40 Pradhava	55 Prambha
11 Ishwara	26 Nandana	41 Prambha	56 Pradhava
12 Bhulabha	27 Vajra	42 Krodha	57 Rudhmodgaf
13 Prambha	28 Vajra	43 Savaga	58 Rakshasa
14 Vikram	29 Nandana	44 Shobana	59 Krodha
15 Vajra	30 Pradhava	45 Pradhakar	60 Kalya

The Era of Paramara is used in Malaya, or from Mangalore to Cape Komorn. It derives its name from a prince who is said to have reigned 1176 B.C. The epoch is 7th August 3337 Jul. Per. or 1925 K.Y. It is reckoned in cycles of 1000 sidereal years, commencing when the Sun enters Kanya (Virgo) answering to the month Asvini. The Fourth Cycle of this era began 15th September 1835, but the commencement of the new era having been overlooked and the following year dated 1001, the error has been perpetuated, and the year beginning 15th September 1868 instead of being dated the 14th of the fourth cycle, is thus dated 1044.

PRINCIPAL ERAS, WITH THE INTERVALS IN DAYS ELAPSED FROM THE BEGINNING OF THE JERAN PERIOD till THEIR NOMINAL COMMENCEMENT.

Denomination of the Era, &c.	Last day current of the Era	Ch. no. and date of the year	Current Year of the Jeran Period	Interval in Days
Juban Epochs				
Juban Period	January 1	B C 4713	1	0
Jewish Era of the Creation	Oct. ber 7	" 763	938	317,096
Kalchut and era of the Deluge	February 18	" 3102	1612	584,406
1st of Parasman	August 7	" 1177	1887	1,291,748
Olympiads	July 1	" 776	1000	1,180,171
1st of Rome (Vulso)	April 1	" 753	987	1,140,003
1st of Nubonessa	January 1	" 747	981	1,144,645
1st of Buddha	April 1	" 543	1171	1,524,183
1st of the Seleucid	October 1	" 1	1442	1,007,780
1st of the Sassanid	March 14	" 67	1607	1,200,677
1st of the Byzantine	January 1	A D 1	1714	1,721,434
1st of the Saka	March 1	" 79	1793	1,740,045
1st of the Saka	March 14	" 81	1815	1,762,260
1st of the Armenian	July 1	" 522	1265	1,072,946
1st of the Astron. epoch	July 1	" 624	1367	1,175,138
1st of the Christian	June 1	" 683	1426	1,234,068
1st of the Muslim (Hijri)	August 12	" 622	1384	1,192,638
1st of the New Era	October 1	" 870	1684	1,442,638
1st of the Muslim (Hijri)	March 14	" 1071	1884	1,742,638
1st of the Muslim (Hijri)	March 24	" 1113	1926	1,784,638
1st of the Muslim (Hijri)	January 9	" 1556	2369	2,189,138
Gregorian Epochs				
1st cycle of 9 years of the Gregorian	Sept. 13	" 1776	1950	1,773,987
1st cycle of 10 years of the Gregorian	April 7	" 1807	1980	1,804,140
1st cycle of 11 years of the Gregorian	January 1	" 1811	1984	1,808,124
1st cycle of 12 years of the Gregorian	April 1	" 1820	1990	1,814,051

The division into weeks is also used, and the names of the days are derived from those of the planets in exactly the same order as in the European names.

THE INDIAN CALENDAR.

DAYS OF THE WEEK.

English.	Hindi.	Gujarati.	Marathi.	Canara.
Sunday	Raviv	Ravivar, or Adit v	Ravivar or Aditv	Adityavar
Monday	Somvar	Somvar	Somvar	Somavar
Tuesday	Mangalvar	Mangalvar	Mangalvar	Mangalvar
Wednesday	Budhav	Budhav	Budhav	Budhav
Thursday	Vrikshpativ, or Gurv	Brikshpativ or Gurv	Gurv or Brikshpativ	Gurv
Friday	Shukrav	Shukrav	Shukrav	Shukrav
Saturday	Shaniv, or Somv	Shaniv	Shaniv, or Mandv	Shaniv

MUHAMMADAN METHOD OF RECKONING.

The Muhammadans reckon from the Hijra or era of the Flight, which took place on the evening of Thursday the 12th July A. D. 622 (15 Thaur 983 A. S.), from which the Islamic or Astronomical reckoning commences, but in the Hebraic, or chronological reckoning, Friday the 16th July is made the initial date. This era was introduced by the Khalif Umar. The year is purely lunar, consisting of months of 30 and 29 days alternately, and adding a day eleven times in a cycle of 30 years, namely to the 2nd, 5th, 7th, 10th, 13th, 15th, 18th, 21st, 24th, 26th, and 29th in the cycle.*

The Lunar year is 354d 8h 48 57m., and a year of the Hijra is 354d 8h. 48m. The small error thus arising will not amount to a day in less than 2300 years. Hence a year of the Hijra = 0.970223 Gregorian year, and a Gregorian year = 1.0309 year of the Hijra, and thus 32 Gregorian years are about equal to 31 years of the Hijra, or, more nearly, 163 years of the former are within less than day of 164 Muhammadan years.

It is obvious that in such a system every year will begin 10 or 11 days earlier in the season than the preceding, and in the course of 33 years, the commencement of the Muhammadan year runs through the whole course of the seasons.

MUHAMMADAN MONTHS.

	Days	Days
1 Muharram	7 Rabi	30
2 Safar	8 Shaban	29
3 Rabi ulawal or Rabi I	9 Rabi ulawal	30
4 Rabi ulakhir or Rabi usani	10 Shawal	29
5 Jumad ulawal or Jumad I	11 Zul Kaidh	30
	12 Zul hijjah, 29d & makrups	30

The first day of the Muharram, or the commencement of the year, is ordinarily reckoned from the first observed appearance of the new Moon, or in cloudy weather from the time at which it would be visible, and this can actually happen either 24 or later than 48 hours after conjunction. In this manner each separate month is reckoned, and in a few cloudy days may thus retard its commencement, two parts of the same country may sometimes differ a day in their reckoning. But in chronology, history and documents they use months of 30 and 29 days alternately, as just described.

* JERVIS, gives the 8th 10th 19th and 27th as initial days instead of the 7th 12th 18th and 26th, but much as the noted list does. Ulug beq. mentions the 15th as leap year.

All Muhammadans reckon time in weeks of 7 days. Their days are named as follows:—

	Indica.	Arabic.	Hebrew.	Greek.
Sun	Itw n, or Ptw n	Yekshamb	Yannul	Arba
Mon	Itw n, or Somban	Itshamb	Itw n, or Kana	Arba
Tue	Mangal	Shaban	Shaban, or Tulla	Arba
Wed	Budhav	Arba	Arba	Arba
Thu	Gurv	Pangshamb	Gurv, or Hams	Arba
Fri	Shukrav	Shukrav	Shukrav	Arba
Sat	Shaniv	Shaniv or Hadv	Shaniv	Arba

We may find the Christian date from that of the Hijra thus:—Divide the number of years elapsed by 30, and the quotient A will be the number of cycles elapsed, and the remainder B the number of years in the current cycle. Let E be the number of intercalary years in B and D the days elapsed of the given year. Then the number of days that have elapsed from the Christian era is,—

$$227016 \times 10631A + 354B + 1 \times E, \text{ and } E = \frac{11B \times 14}{20}$$

Divide the sum by 1461 and call the quotient Q, and divide the remainder by 365, and call the quotient R, and the last remainder S. Then the years elapsed from 1st Jan A D 1 is —

$$4Q \times R,$$

and S is the days elapsed of the current year, Old Style. To reduce to New Style add as follows —

For any date of New Style antecedent to March 1 A D 1700	10 days
After February 28, 1700 and before March 1	11 "
" " 1800 "	" "
" " 1900 "	12 "

The reckoning may be facilitated by the following table —

A	Days	B	Days	D	Days	Q	Days	Month	Days
1	1 1 1	2	10 7	Muharram	0	1	14 1	Jan 1	0
2	2 1 1	3	11 11	Safar	10	2	2 1	Feb 1	31
3	3 1 1	4	12 11	Rabi ul	20	3	14 1	Mar 1	59
4	4 1 1	5	13 11	Rabi ul	30	4	24 1	Apr 1	89
5	5 1 1	6	14 11	Jumada	40	5	4 1	May 1	119
6	6 1 1	7	15 11	Jumada	50	6	14 1	Jun 1	149
7	7 1 1	8	16 11	Rajab	60	7	24 1	Jul 1	179
8	8 1 1	9	17 11	Rajab	70	8	4 1	Aug 1	209
9	9 1 1	10	18 11	Safar	80	9	14 1	Sep 1	239
10	10 1 1	11	19 11	Safar	90	10	24 1	Oct 1	269
11	11 1 1	12	20 11	Rabi ul	100	11	4 1	Nov 1	299
12	12 1 1	13	21 11	Rabi ul	110	12	14 1	Dec 1	329

Thus to find the date A D corresponding to the 17th of Rabi ulakhir A H 1281

Dividing 1280, the years elapsed by 30,	Then subtract from	(80,711
we have A 42 and L 20	For Q 100	544 100
The Constant		
For A 40	227,016	
2	127,240	
B 18	21,762	60
B B 2	6,779	
To 1st Rabi ul	708	
17th Rabi ul	53	
	17	
Sum of days	690,711	5
		Q 165
		For R 3 subtract
		1,716
		243
		7th

Hence, since Q = 165 and R = 3, the date is 1 x 165 x 3 = 1463 complete, or 1864 current, and to 7th September 1864, adding 13, we have the 15th Sept 1864.

To find the day of the week answering to any day of the Muhammadan year Divide the year by 210 and the remainder by 30, and with the last remainder on the left hand and the last quotient at the top of the following table, the day of the week on which the year begins will be found at the intersection of the line and column. The column following will show the day of the week answering to any day of the year and so on. Thus to find the day of the week corresponding to 1st Rabi ulakhir 1281 — 1281 — 210 gives 61, is a remainder, and 61 — 30 = 3 and 1 over

between 1st Jan and 28th Feb 1864, and after the latter date 1

Then, in a line with 1 on the left hand and in the column marked 2 at the top we find 'Monday' for the first day of A. H. 1281, and by the calendar, in the 2nd column, (which begins with Monday) and in a line with 1st Ramezan we find "Saturday"—the day of the week required.

Year of the Current Cycle							0	1	2	3	4	5	6
0	5	8	13	16	21	29	M	Sa	1h	1u	Su	F	W
1		9		17		25	T	W	M	Sa	Th	Tu	Su
2		10		18		26	1u	Su	F	W	M	Sa	1h
3		11		19	24	27	Su	F	W	M	Sa	1h	Tu
4		12		20		28	1h	1u	Su	T	W	M	Sa
	6		14		22		Sa	1h	1u	Su	F	W	M
	7		15		23		W	M	Sa	1h	1u	Su	F

Su	M	Tu	W	Th	F	Sa	Muharram Shawwal	Rabi Rajab	Raban I Rabi II	Raban II Raban III
Su	M	Tu	W	Th	F	Sa	1 8 1 2 3 4	6 13 20 27	12 19 26	5 10 17 24
M	Tu	W	Th	F	Sa	Su	2 9 16 23 30	7 14 21 28	6 13 20	4 11 18 25
Tu	W	Th	F	Sa	Su	M	3 10 17 24	8 15 22 29	7 14 21	5 12 19
W	Th	F	Sa	Su	M	Tu	4 11 18 25	9 16 23 30	8 15 22	6 13 20 27
Th	F	Sa	Su	M	Tu	W	5 12 19 26	10 17 24	9 16 23	7 14 21 28
F	Sa	Su	M	Tu	W	Th	6 13 20 27	11 18 25	10 17 24	8 15 22
Sa	Su	M	Tu	W	Th	F	7 14 21 28	12 19 26	11 18 25	9 16 23 30
Su	M	Tu	W	Th	F	Sa	1 8 1 2 3 4	6 13 20 27	12 19 26	5 10 17 24
M	Tu	W	Th	F	Sa	Su	2 9 16 23 30	7 14 21 28	6 13 20	4 11 18 25
Tu	W	Th	F	Sa	Su	M	3 10 17 24	8 15 22 29	7 14 21	5 12 19
W	Th	F	Sa	Su	M	Tu	4 11 18 25	9 16 23 30	8 15 22	6 13 20 27
Th	F	Sa	Su	M	Tu	W	5 12 19 26	10 17 24	9 16 23	7 14 21 28
F	Sa	Su	M	Tu	W	Th	6 13 20 27	11 18 25	10 17 24	8 15 22
Sa	Su	M	Tu	W	Th	F	7 14 21 28	12 19 26	11 18 25	9 16 23 30

Derived from the Muhammadan era, there are several others more or less in use. Akbar introduced a Fash, or "harvest" year for the regulation of financial and other civil transactions, and adjusted its epoch to the year of his accession A. H. 963 which began 26th November 1555 N. S. The Fash year 963 of Upper Hindustan was accordingly reckoned from the beginning of the Rabi year on the first of the lunar month Aswin, or 18th September 1555. The Viliyati year introduced into Orissa, was made to coincide with the Saka Solar year, and to begin with the Solar month Aswin, or 8th September 1557. The Suni Bungdi year 963 was likewise reckoned from 1st Bysakh or 11th April 1556.

The Shahani* Era of Mithunabitra is said to have been introduced on Thursday, 6th June 1342, with the year 744 A. H. Jervia, however, found its epoch to agree with the commencement of the year A. H. 745. It begins in June at the Sun's entrance into the lunar mansion Mithunabitra. The years are denominated after the corresponding Arabic numerals—

1 Ahad	10 Ashu	190 Masi	1 Masi
2 Isna	11 Ishun	200 Madi	2 Madi
3 Saba	20 Sabin	300 Sals	3 Sals
4 Aba	30 Abin	400 Abi	4 Abi
5 Khana	40 Khabin	500 All	5 All
6 Safa	50 Safin	600 Masit	6 Masit
7 Saba	60 Sabin	700 Madi	7 Madi
8 Sunun	70 Sunun	800 Sunun	8 Sunun
9 Isa	80 Isan	900 Sunun	9 Sunun

From these 12 months of Arabi Shahr month it means literally the year of months

The preceding names are corrupted in the native pronunciation. To reduce Shahur dates to Christian 592 24 years must be added.

The Fakh Era of the Dakhan was introduced by Shah Jehan in 1638, A. H. 1048. It begins in July and ought to be sideral. At Madras, however, the Government fixed its commencement to 12th July.

Parsi METHOD OF RECKONING.

The ancient Persians reckoned a new era from the accession of each successive monarch, and as Yazdegerd had no successor, the date of his accession to the throne, 16th June A. D. 632 (exactly ten years after the Hijra) has been brought down to the present time, thus making their current year 1237 38. In their calculations only 365 days are allowed to the year, leap year is unknown to them though it is alleged that formerly in every 120 years one month was added to make it correspond with the solar year. The year is divided into twelve months of thirty days each, and five days, or "Guthas," as they are called, are added at the end to make up the deficiency. The months are,—

1 Fuvvun	4 Tir	7 Deb	10 Mehr
2 Ardibehst	5 Amurdad	8 Atam	11 Bihman
3 Khordad	6 Shinnvar	9 Adar	12 Asandiyar

Guthas 5 days.

The Parsis do not now divide their time into weeks, but name the 30 days of their months each after a celestial being—7 Amahaspandas and 23 Izs—supposed to preside over them. These are as follows —

6 Jyotish	Pill	6 Jyotish	Pill
1 Bihman	Anuban	16 Mehr	Mithra
2 Ardibehst	Vahman	17 Serash	Kamsh
3 Khordad	Ardibehst	18 Ratin	Rashm
4 Shuvan	Shinnvar	19 Fuvvun	Urvan
5 Asandiyar	Sandiyar	20 Adar	Vahman
6 Amurdad	Khordad	21 Ram	Ram
7 Amurdad	Amurdad	22 Gavalat Bid	Wahrvat
8 Daryun	Daryun	23 Daryun	Daryun
9 Adar	Adar	24 Daryun	Daryun
10 Asandiyar	Asandiyar	25 Ardibehst	Ati
11 Khordad	Khordad	26 Ardibehst	Ardibehst
12 Mehr	Mehr	27 Asandiyar	Asandiyar
13 Tir	Tir	28 Asandiyar	Asandiyar
14 Gush	Gush	29 Mehr	Mehr
15 Daryun	Daryun	30 Mehr	Mehr

The 1st, 8th, 15th and 23rd days are sacred to Hormad, and thus afford evidence of an older division into weeks.

The Parsis of India are divided into two sects,—the Shahans or Rasmis, and the Kadmis or Chingisians, the former of whom constitute the larger portion of the race. This division originated about a hundred and fifty years ago when a Persian priest, named Jamasp, arrived in India, and found that his countrymen differed from their brethren of Iran in their calculation of time by a full month, and in other minor points relating to their "liturgy." Serious disputes arose in consequence, which ended in the formation of the two sects,—the Rasmis adhering to their own views, and the Kadmis adopting the opinions imported by Jamasp—and thus agreeing with their Persian brethren. The difference lies in their computation of time, and in some slight variations in the forms of prayer. Those that begin their year in month-eleven are styled Kadmis, and the rest Rasmis, i. e., "customary," and Shahans, "citizens," for which some one substituted Shahanshahi ("of the king of kings") and this absurd change has ever since been adopted. The Kadmi Parsi Era of Yazdegerd, or Daryun Nawroz, or Asandiyar, is made use of in nautical calculations among Asiatic mariners, and the New Year always commences on the 1st of Farvardin, which falls about the 25th of August one month earlier than the commencement of the Rasmis New

Year. With the Rasm-i Farms the New Year begins on the 1st day of Farvardin, which at present falls about the 24th of September, a month later than the commencement of the Kadmi New Year.

About A.D. 1075 Jalalud-din Malikshah finding that the commencement of this year in Persia had anticipated the epoch by 113 days, ordered that in future the Persian year should receive an additional day whenever it should be necessary to postpone the commencement of the following year, in order that it might occur on the day of sun's passing the sun's point of the ecliptic U'mar Chayam, one of the Astronomers appointed by him to construct a Calendar, is said to have discovered that 8 intercalations in 33 years very nearly adjust the Calendar, giving the length of the year 365d 5h 49m + 63s. Kichler and others say this was the period actually adopted, though D'Imbrey shows that the Persian intercalation combines the two periods of 20 years with 7 intercalations and of 33 years with 8 intercalations.

JEWISH METHOD OF RECKONING.

The Jews have ever marked their time by sevens, according to the command given by God for labouring during only six days of each week, and resting on the seventh, which was consequently set apart, consecrated to the service of the Creator. They not only hallowed the seventh day, or Sabbath, which formed a portion of their week of days, but they had also their week of years, which consisted of seven years, and their jubilees or rejoicing periods, at the end of every seven times seven years which were celebrated by acts of justice, forgiveness, and restitution. The Hebrews, Assyrians, Egyptians, Arabians, and most other ancient nations reckoned by weeks.

The days are —

Sunday	Y m Roshah rishon or chad	Thursday	Y m Chamishi
Monday	Y m Sheni	Friday	Y m Shishi
Tuesday	Y m Shlish	Saturday	Y m Shabbat Sabbath.
Wednesday	Y m Rishon		

Since the 15th century the Jews date their years from the Creation which they reckon to have occurred 7th Oct. 3761 B.C. The year is lunar solar, and consists of twelve months, each of which has 29 or 30 days. To regulate the commencement of their years and their festival days, they first employed a cycle of 84 years, but about A.D. 353 they changed this for the Metonic cycle which was then adopted by the authority of Rabbi Hillel, prince of the Sanhedrim. The 3d, 6th, 8th, 11th, 13th, 17th and 19th, in the cycle of 19 years is embolismic, having an additional 6th month—Adar, which is introduced that Passover, the 15th of Nisan, may occur at its proper season, which is the full moon of the Vernal equinox. The ordinary years now consist of 353, 354 or 355 days, and the embolismic of 383, 384 or 385, in order that certain festivals may fall on proper days of the week for their observance.

The Calendar is constructed by assuming a mean lunation to be 29d 12h 44m. 3 3/4s, and that the year commence at the new moon following the autumnal equinox. The cycle of 19 mean solar years is also assumed to be exactly 235 lunations or 6939d 16h 43m 34s, so that the length of the solar year is reckoned at 365d 5h 55m 25 4/5s, and thus the commencement will advance from the equinox a day in 218 years.

To avoid certain festivals falling on incompatible days of the week, the new year must begin on the following day if the conjunction happen on a Sunday, Wednesday, or Friday. When the new moon happens after noon the year begins next day, unless that be one of the days just mentioned, when it must be postponed a day more. If in an ordinary year the new moon falls on a Tuesday as late as 9h 11m. 20s A.M., the new year is postponed till Thursday, if in a year following an embolismic year the conjunction is on Monday, as late as 3h 30m 52s P.M., the new year is fixed on Tuesday.

The 207th cycle began 1st October 1864, at 8h 15m 46 1/2s A.M. Gr M T, and consequently the 1st cycle began B.C. 3761, October 7th at 5h 11m 33s A.M.

	Days		Days		Days
Tishri	30	5 Shebat	30	8 Tyar or Ziv	30
Heshvan	29 or 30	6 Adar	29 or 30	9 Nisan	30
Kislev	29 or 30	7 Nisan	30	10 Iyar	30
Ibet	29	8 Iyar	30	11 Ab	30
				12 Elul	30

ORIENTAL NAMES OF THE MONTHS.

HINDU	MALABAR	TAMIL	BENGALI
Chaitra*	Kum	Chaitram	Phalgun
Vaisakh	Tulum	Vyasa	Jyestha
Jyestha	Vyasa	Am	Asvini
Asvini	Dhanu	Ash	Bharani
Bharani	Magam	Avani	Bhadra
Bhadrapad	Kumbham	Purattami	Ashvini
Asvini	Minom	Antyasti	Kartik
Kartik†	Meenam	Kartikai	Agrihayan or Murgashira
Margashira	Idavam	Margasi	Poush
Poush	Meenam	Iy	Magh
Magh	Karkidakam	Meenam	Phalgun
Phalgun	Chingam	Phalguni	Chaitra

URDU	GUJARATI	MARATHI	KANARAVE
Chait	Chaitra	Chaitra	Chaitramasi
Bushakh	Vashakh or Vusakh	Vashakh	Vashakhmasi
Jeth	Jeth	Jyestha	Jyesthamasi
Asvini	Asvini or Asud	Asvini	Asvini masi
Bharani	Shrawan	Shrawan	Shrawan masi
Bhadrapad	Bhadrapad	Bhadrapad	Bhadrapad masi
Asvini	Ashwin Ashvini Ashwin	Ashwin	Ashwin masi
Kartik	Kartik	Kartik	Kartik masi
Margash	Margashirasi Margashirasi	Margashirasi	Margashirasi masi
Poush	Poush	Poush	Poush masi
Magh	Magh	Magh	Magh masi
Phalgun	Phalgun	Phalgun	Phalgunamasi

INTRODUCTION TO THE CALENDAR.

In the following Calendar the Christian months indicated at the top of each page divide the Native months as they appear represented in the space below allotted to their names. January, for example, partakes of the Hindu months (Vern, Gujarati, Dakhan, and Konkani), Poush and Magh, the Malabar, DHANU and MAGARAM, the Parni months (Rasami) Ith and AMARAD, (Kadmi) AMARDAN and BHARIVAR and the date of the Nox 131 to 161 the Muhammadan months Ramadan and Shawal and the Jewish months TEBET and SHEBAT.

In the respective columns the 1st of January corresponds with the 6th of Poush Bhud, Maru, Gujarati, Dakhan and Konkani, the 19th DHANU, Malabar the 11th Tiz, Rasami Parni, and the 11th AMARAD, Kadmi Parni, or the 131st day of Nox, with the 6th Ramadan Muhammadan, and the 6th of TEBET of the Jewish reckoning, and so on throughout the year.

We have also endeavoured to discriminate the Feasts and Festivals of each nation by different sorts of type, the Hindu, for example, we have distinguished by Roman small letters, as Poush Bhud, the Malabar and Jewish by Roman capitals, as MAGARAM, TEBET, the Parni by small capitals as AMARAD, and the Muhammadan by Italic small letters, as *Muharram*.

* According to the Shukh Year † Samvat commences with Kartik Bhud 1st or Purnipadi
 ‡ Begins with the sun's entering Kanya about 16th September. § The year is solar and begins 11th April

JANUARY.

Days of the Week	HINDU					PARSI					Jewish	
	Christian days of the month.	Maru or Marwad	Gujarat Dakh n & Konkan	Malabar	Rasami or Shubh rasbi	Kadmi or Neorot	Muhammadian					
Wed.	1	6	6	10	11	181	6	6	MI BIRSHAM Gahanbar of Rasami, Parsis.			
Th.	2	7	7	20	12	182	7	7				
Fr.	3	8	8	21	13	183	8	8	Durga Ashtami, Hindus TIR Feast of Rasami Parsis.			
Sat.	4	9	9	22	14	184	9	9				
S.	5	10	10	23	15	185	10	10	SIEGE OF JERUSALEM Jewish Fast.			
Mon.	6	11	11	24	16	186	11	11	Putrad & Elhadam Fast, Hindu.			
Tu.	7	12	12	25	17	187	12	12				
Wed.	8	13	13	26	18	188	13	13				
Th.	9	14	14	27	19	189	14	14	Commencement of Maghvan, and Paribhadavi fair, Hindu Bismilla Oas Muhammadan.			
Fr.	10	1	1	28	20	140	15	15	Magh Vad, Maru, Pansh Vad, Gujarat, Dakhn, &c.			
Sat.	11	2	2	29	21	141	16	16				
S.	12	3	3	30	22	142	17	17	Sunk ishti Fast, Hindu.			
Mon.	13	4	4	1	23	143	18	18	MAGARAM—5th Malabar month, Makar Sankrant, Hindu.			
Tu.	14	5	5	2	24	144	19	19				
Wed.	15	6	6	3	25	145	20	20				
Th.	16	7	7	4	26	146	21	21	Kat' Imam 'Al' or Night of 'Al'—Shah Muhammadan.			
Fr.	17	8	8	5	27	147	22	22	Kali Ashtami, Hindu.			
Sat.	18	9	9	6	28	148	23	23	Ilusat 'Al'—Muhammadan.			
S.	19	10	10	7	29	149	24	24				
Mon.	20	11	11	8	30	150	25	25	Shat tila Elhadam Fast, Hindu.			
Tu.	21	12	12	9	1	151	26	26	AMARDAD—5th Shah Parsi, SHABVAR—6th Kadmi Parsi month.			
Wed.	22	13	13	10	2	152	27	27	Shani Pradosh and Shivratri, Hindu. Larlat e'l Kad'—Muhammadan			
Th.	23	14	14	11	3	153	28	28	EXCLUSION OF THE SUDDUCERS—Jewish Feast.			
Fr.	24	15	15	12	4	154	29	29	Jugadya and Somawati, Hindu, SHABVAR Fast, Kad. Parsi.			
Sat.	25	1	1	13	5	155	30	1	Magh Shud, Maru, Gujarat, Dakhn &c. SHEBAT—5th Jewish month.			
S.	26	2	2	14	6	156	1	2	Shawwal—10th Muhammadan month, 'Id e'l Fitr or Ramadan k' 'Id Muhammadan.			
Mon.	27	3	3	15	7	157	2	3	AMARDAD Fast, Ras. Parsi. 'Id e'l Fitr, 2nd day—Muhammadan			
Tu.	28	4	4	16	8	158	3	4	FAST of the ELIERS—(Judg ii. 10)—Jewish.			
Wed.	29	5	5	17	9	159	4	5	Sripanchami or Vasant Panchami, Hindu.			
Th.	30	6	6	18	10	160	5	6				
Fr.	31	7	7	19	11	161	6	7				

HINDU.. { Maru Pansh Sh 6th—Magh Sh 6th .Saka .. 1790
 Gujarat Dakh n & Konkan Pansh } Samvat 1924
 Sh 6th—Magh Sh 6th ..
 Mal bar Bhana 19th—Magaram 19th Cy Pa 1049

PARSI.. { Rasami 1st 11th—Amor ded 1 th
 Kadmi Amor ded 11th—Shawwal } A Y .. 1237
 11th or Amor 1st 1st

MUHAMMADAN Rami an 6th—Shawwal 6th Hijri .. 1244
 F sh 1277
 Shubur Sun 1248

JEWISH Tabet 6th—Shebat 7th A M 5628

FEBRUARY.

Days of the Week.	HINDU					PERSI					Jewish	Remarks
	Christian days of the month	Maru, or Marwadi	Gujarat, Dekhan & Konkan	Malabar	Resam or Nabharaba	Kadma or Nooria	Muharramad					
												Maru Magh Shud 8th—Phalgun Shud 8th Saka .. 1789 Gujarati, Dekhan, and Konkan } Magh Shud 8th—Phalgun Shud 8th } Samvat 1924 Malabar Magharam 20—Karisba 19th } Resam Amavadi 14th—Shavivar } Kadma Muharramad Jewish Parsi A Y .. 1317 or Anwar 162—190 MUHAMMADAN Shawwal 7th—Adar 6th Hijra .. 1284 1277 Shabur 9th 18 JEWISH Shabat 8th—Adar 6th A M 5638
Sat	1	8	8	20	12	162	7	9	Rath Septami, Hindu.			
S	2	9	9	21	13	163	8	9				
Mon	3	10	10	22	14	164	9	10				
Tu	4	11	11	23	15	165	10	11	Jaya Ekadasi, Hindu			
Wed	5	12	12	24	16	166	11	12	Champuderi Yatra at Vitalwadi.			
Th	6	13	13	25	17	167	12	13				
Fr	7	14	14	26	18	168	13	14	Ratanti, Hindu			
Sat	8	15	15	27	19	169	14	15	Pragrasna— or end of Maghnan, Hindu			
S	9	1	1	28	20	170	15	16	Magh Vad, Gujarat, Dekhan, &c Phalgun Vad, Maru			
Mon	10	2	2	29	21	171	16	17				
Th	11	3	3	1	22	172	17	18	KAMBAW—6th Malabar month.			
Wed	12	4	4	2	23	173	18	19	Angarika Chaturthi, Hindu.			
Th	13	5	5	3	24	174	19	20				
Fr	14	6	6	4	25	175	20	21				
Sat	15	7	7	5	26	176	21	22	PARASHAM Gahanbar Kad Parsi.			
S	16	8	8	6	27	177	22	23	FAST OF BENJAMIN (Judg x3)—Jewish.			
Mon	17	9	9	7	28	178	23	24				
Tu	18	10	10	8	29	179	24	25				
Wed	19	11	11	9	30	180	25	26	Vijaya Ekadasi, Hindu.			
Th	20	12	12	10	1	181	26	27	SHARIVAR—6th Shah. Parsi, MCHER—7th Kad, Parsi month.			
Fr	21	13	13	11	2	182	27	28				
Sat	22	14	14	12	3	183	28	29				
S	23	15	15	13	4	184	29	30	Siva ratri Hindu festival, Fair at Elephanta - ANTIOHUS EPIPHANES' Memorial Jewish Feast —SHARIVAR JISAN Kad Parsi—			
Mon	24	1	1	14	5	185	1	1	Phalgun Shud Maru, Gujarat, &c Z'! Kuda—11th Muham Month ADAR—6th Jewish month			
Tu	25	2	2	15	6	186	2	2				
Wed	26	3	3	16	7	187	3	3				
Th	27	4	4	17	8	188	4	4				
Fr	28	5	5	18	9	189	5	5				
Sat	29	6	6	19	10	190	6	6				

MARCH.

Days of the Week	Hindu				Parsi		Jewish	Remarks
	Christian days of the month	Maru, or Marwari	Gujarat, Dekhan, & Konkan	Malabar	Bassum, or Bhulachari	Kodim, or Natoroz			Muhumadan
S.	1	7	7	20	11	191	7	7 MOSES' DEATH.—Jewish Fast
Mon	2	8	8	21	12	192	8	Huh commences.
Tu.	3	9	9	22	13	193	9	
Wed.	4	10	10	23	14	194	10	
Th	5	11	11	24	15	195	11	Amalika Ekadas, Hindu
Fr.	6	12	12	25	16	196	12	Rang Dundas, Huh, Hindu. MEHER Feast, Kad. Parsi.
Sat.	7	14	14	26	17	197	13	FAST OF ESTHER—Jewish
S.	8	30	15	27	18	198	14	Huh, or Hutashni, Hindu. PURIM—Jewish Feast.
Mon	9	1	1	28	19	199	15	Palgun Vad—Gujarat, Dekhan, & Chaitra Vad—Maru Dolyutir Hindu feast—PURIM—Jewish Feast Second Day
Tu.	10	2	2	29	20	200	16	Chaitra 1st—Banda, Natoroz—Muhumadan. YOM ESTHER—Jewish Feast.
Wed.	11	3	3	30	21	201	17	
Th.	12	4	4	31	22	202	18	MINOM—7th Malabar month
Fr.	13	5	5	2	23	203	19	Rang Panchami, Hindu
Sat.	14	6	6	3	24	204	20	
S.	15	7	7	4	25	205	21	
Mon	16	8	8	5	26	206	22	PATASHAM Gahanbar, Ras, and KHATHERM Gah. Kad. Parsi
Tu.	17	9	9	6	27	207	23	DEDICATION of ZERUBBABEL'S TEMPLE.— Jewish
Wed.	18	10	10	7	28	208	24	
Th	19	11	11	8	29	209	25	Papamocham Ekadas, Hindu
Fr.	20	12	12	9	30	210	26	Natoroz 1—JANMID—Parsi
Sat.	21	12	12	10	1	211	27	MEHER—7th Ras Parsi, & ABAN 8th Kad. Parsi month
S.	22	13	13	11	2	212	28	Varum, Hindu REPEAL of the GREEK DECREE —Jewish Feast.
Mon.	23	4	14	12	3	213	29	
Tu.	24	15	30	13	4	214	30	[sacred year. NINIAN—7th Jewish month and beginning of the
Wed.	25	1	1	14	5	215	1	2 Chaitra Shudh, Hindu Navaratri or beginning of the sun-solar year—Baka 1st—Guddi Padvo, Hindu. Zolhija—12th Muhumadan month.
Th	26	2	2	15	6	216	2	
Fr	27	3	3	16	7	217	3	Manwantara.
Sat.	28	4	4	17	8	218	4	5
S.	29	5	5	18	9	219	5	6
Mon	30	6	6	19	10	220	6	7 ABAN feast, Kad. Parsi.
Tu.	31	8	8	20	11	221	7	8

APRIL.

Days of the Week.	HINDU				PARSI		Jewish.	
	Christian days of the month	Maru or Marvadi	Gujarat, D. Lagan & Konkani	Malabar	Rasuni or Shabarashti	Kadimi or Naoros		
								<div>Maru Chaitra Sh 9th—Vaisakh 8th 5th. Gujarat, Dakhni and Konkani Chaitra Sh 9th—Vaisakh 8th 5th. Malabar Shraom 21st—Medam 10th. Ravani Meher 15th—Aban 11th. Kadimi Aban 1st—Adar 11th or Naoros 22d—25d.</div>
								<div>Saka... 1790 Samvat 1924 Cy Pa 1043 A Y... 1287 Muharram 21 Raga 8th 1284—Muharram 7th Hijra... 1295 Fas 1... 1277 Shahr San 1214 JEWISH Nisan 9th—Iyar 8th. A M... 5228</div>
Wed	1 9	2 1	12	222	8	9	Ram navami, and Mahalakshmi Fair—Hindu.	
Th	2 10	10 12	13	223	9 10	MIRIAM'S DEATH, Jewish Fast.		
Fr.	3 11	11 23	14	224	10 11	Ramada Ekadasi, Hindu Bakara 'Id or Id-i-Kurban Muhammadan		
Sat.	4 12	12 24	15	225	11 12			
S	5 13	13 25	16	226	12 13	Mehrr feast, Ras. Parsi.		
Mon.	6 14	14 26	17	227	13 14			
Tu	7 30	15 27	18	228	14 15	Manwantara or Manwadi Punam—Fair at Mahalakshmi and at Unai - <i>Nisak Amra Uras</i> at Mahum, Muhammadan - PESA' H or the PASSOVER—Jewish Feast.		
Wed	8 1	1 28	19	229	15 1	Chaitra Vad—Gujarat Dakhni, &c Vaisakh Vad, Maru OBLATION OF FIRST FRUITS—Jewish Feast		
Th	9 2	2 29	20	230	16 17			
Fr	10 3	3 30	21	231	17 18			
Sat	11 4	4 1	22	232	18 19	ME'DAM or CHAITRA, 8th Malabar month—Satwankrant or beginning of the Hindu Suddreal year 'Id Uadi—Shah, 'Ashula Shah na Uras, and <i>For Baran na Uras</i> at Mehman Mohola—Muhammadian.		
S	12 5	5 2	23	233	19 20			
Mon	13 6	6 3	24	234	20 21	PASSOVER ends—Jewish		
Tu	14 7	7 4	25	235	21 22			
Wed	15 8	8 5	26	236	22 23	ELIATHREM Gahanbar, Ras Parsi		
Th	16 9	9 6	27	237	23 24	JOSHUA'S DEATH—Jewish Fast.		
Fr	17 10	10 7	28	238	24 25			
Sat	18 11	11 8	29	239	25 26			
S	19 12	12 9	30	240	26 27			
Mon.	20 13	13 10	1	241	27 28	ABAN—8th Ras. Parsi, ADAR—9th Kad. Parsi month.		
Tu.	21 14	14 11	2	242	28 29			
Wed	22 15	15 12	3	243	29 30	Wageshwari jatra at Parel and Wajrabai-jatra—Hindu.		
Th.	23 1 16	13 4	244	30 1	IYAR—8th Jewish month. Vaisakh Shudh—Maru, Gujarat, &c.			
Fr.	24 2	2 14	5	245	1 2	Muharram—1st Muhammadan month A H. 1285, <i>Fite of Hasan and Husain</i> —Muhammadian		
Sat	25 3	3 15	6	246	2 3	Akshaya tritiya or Akshatrij, Charak Puja—Hindu.		
S	26 4	4 16	7	247	3 4			
Mon.	27 5	5 17	8	248	4 5			
Tu.	28 6	6 18	9	249	5 6	ADAR feast Kad. Parsi.		
Wed.	29 7	7 19	10	250	6 7	ABAN feast Ras. Parsi ASMONEAN DEDICATION of the TEMPLE—Jewish feast.		
Th	30 8	8 20	11	521	7 8	Durga Ashtami—Hindu.		

MAY.

Days of the Week	Christian days of the month		HINDU		PERSI		Jewish	
	Varu or Vaywardi	Gujarat, Dekhan & Kanban	Malabar	Rasmi or Ch. Harihi	Kadmi or Neorus	Mubammad n		
								HINDU { Maru Vaywardi 8th—Jyeshth 4th 10th Sika 1790 Gujarati Dikhan, and Konk n | Sumvat 1824 Vaywardi 8th—Jyeshth 4th 10th Malabar Madau 21st—Eddavann 20th Cy Paa. 1048
								PERSI { Rassemi Adar 12th—Adar 13th. Kadmi Adar 12th—Deh 11th or } A. Y. 1297 Naarus 272—282
								MUHAMMADAN, Akharum 4th—Safar 8th Hijra 1295 Fakh 1277 Shubur San. 1668
								JEWISH Year 5699—Sivan 10th A. M. 5629
Fr.	1	9	9	21	12	252	8	9
Sat.	2	10	16	22	13	253	9	10
S.	3	12	12	23	14	254	10	11
Mon	4	13	13	24	15	255	11	12
Tu	5	14	14	25	16	256	12	13
Wed.	6	30	15	26	17	257	13	14
Th.	7	1	1	27	18	258	14	15
Fr.	8	2	2	28	19	259	15	16
Sat.	9	3	3	29	20	260	16	17
S.	10	4	4	30	21	261	17	18
Mon	11	5	5	31	22	262	18	19
Tu	12	6	6	1	23	263	19	20
Wed.	13	6	6	2	24	264	20	21
Th.	14	7	7	3	25	265	21	22
Fr.	15	8	8	4	26	266	22	23
Sat.	16	9	9	5	27	267	23	24
S.	17	10	10	6	28	268	24	25
Mon	18	11	11	7	29	269	25	26
Tu	19	12	12	8	30	270	26	27
Wed	20	13	13	9	1	271	27	28
Th.	21	14	14	10	2	272	28	29
Fr.	22	15	15	11	3	273	29	30
Sat.	23	1	1	12	4	274	30	1
S.	24	2	2	13	5	275	1	2
Mon	25	3	3	14	6	276	2	3
Tu	26	4	4	15	7	277	3	4
Wed	27	5	5	16	8	278	4	5
Th.	28	6	6	17	9	279	5	6
Fr.	29	7	7	18	10	280	6	7
Sat.	30	8	8	19	11	281	7	8
S.	31	9	9	20	12	282	8	9
								ADAR 9th Ras Parsi, Deh—10th Kad, Parsi month. SAMUEL'S DEATH—Jewish Fast. Mahadevi Jatra at Warli—Hindu. SIVAN—9th Jewish month. Jyeshth Shud—Maru, Gujarat, &c. Safar—2nd Muhammadan month. ———— 35 Amya Phasti, Hindu. SEBUOT or PENTECOST— Jewish Festival ADAR Feast, Ras. Parsi. PENTECOST 2nd day, Jewish. Durga Ashtami—Hindu. DEH Feast, and ANNIVERSARY of ZARTURET, Kad. Parsi. Ganga no Janma—Hindu. ———— 92

JUNE.

Days of the Week.	Christian days of the month	HINDU					PARNI		Jewish	
		Maru, or Marwadi	Gujarat, Dakhan & Konkan	Malabar	Rasam or Shekharu.	Kadmi or Neoros	Muhannadan			
Mon.	1 11 11 21 13	283	9 11	Maru <i>Jyeshth</i> Sh. 11th— <i>Ashadh</i> Sh. 11th Gujarat, Dakhan, & Konkan <i>Jyeshth</i> Sh. 11th— <i>Ashadh</i> Sh. 11th Malabar <i>Adjanam</i> 31st, <i>Methi</i> nam 18th Cy Pa 1043 Rasam <i>Adaj</i> 11th— <i>Dek</i> 11th Kadmi <i>Dek</i> 11th— <i>Budman</i> 11th or Neoros 283—313 MUHAMMADAN <i>Sajur</i> 9th— <i>Rabib</i> ul <i>awal</i> 9th, <i>Hyra</i> 1365 JEWISH <i>Sivan</i> 11th— <i>Tammuz</i> 10th						
Tu.	2 12 12 22 14	284	10 12	Saka ... 1790 Samvat 1904 18th Cy Pa 1043 A Y ... 1307						
Wed.	3 13 13 23 15	285	11 13	MUHAMMADAN <i>Sajur</i> 9th— <i>Rabib</i> ul <i>awal</i> 9th, <i>Hyra</i> 1365 JEWISH <i>Sivan</i> 11th— <i>Tammuz</i> 10th						
Th.	4 14 14 24 16	286	12 14	MEDHATK Gahanhar, Kad, Parni						
Fr.	5 15 15 25 17	287	13 15	Snan Yatra, Savitra Vrat—Hindu. <i>Shukh</i> <i>Muni's</i> <i>Chas</i> —Muhammadan.						
Sat.	6 1 1 26 18	288	14 16	Jyeshth Vad—Gujarat, Dakhan, &c Ashadh Vad— Maru						
S.	7 2 2 27 19	289	15 17	FARVARDIN Feast, Ras Parni.						
Mon.	8 3 3 28 20	290	16 18							
Tu.	9 4 4 29 21	291	17 19							
Wed.	10 5 5 30 22	292	18 20							
Th.	11 6 6 31 23	293	19 21							
Fr.	12 7 7 32 24	294	20 22	Chelan—Shah Muhammadan						
Sat.	13 8 8 1 25	295	21 23	METHIUNAM, 10th Malabar month, Kala Ashtam—Hindu						
S.	14 9 9 2 26	296	22 24							
Mon.	15 10 10 3 27	297	23 25							
Tu.	16 11 11 4 28	298	24 26							
Wed.	17 12 12 5 29	299	25 27	Alkas Chakar, Shamlat Muhammadan						
Th.	18 13 13 6 30	300	26 28							
Fr.	19 14 14 7 1	301	27 29	Dih—10th Ras. Parni, BAHMAN—11th Kad. Parni month						
Sat.	20 15 15 8 2	302	28 30	BAHMAN Feast, Kad. Parni <i>Kath</i> <i>Inam</i> 'Al' Shah Muhammadan						
S.	21 1 1 9 3	303	29 31	Ashadh Shud—Maru, Gujarat, &c. TAMMUZ—10th Jewish month						
Mon.	22 2 2 10 4	304	1 1	Rabib ul awal—3rd Muhammadan month						
Tu.	23 3 3 11 5	305	2 2	Rath yatra—Hindu						
Wed.	24 4 4 12 6	306	3 3							
Th.	25 5 5 13 7	307	4 4							
Fr.	26 6 6 14 8	308	5 5							
Sat.	27 7 7 15 9	309	6 6							
S.	28 8 8 16 10	310	7 7							
Mon.	29 9 9 17 11	311	8 8	Utha Yatra, Hindu DTH Feast and anniversary of Zartust Ras Parni TAKING OF JERUSALEM—Jewish Fast						
Tu.	30 10 10 18 12	312	9 9	Vithoba Yatra at Naigam, and Devanub Ekadasi, Hindu. <i>Wafata</i> Nabi— or Death of Hazrat Muhammad—Muhammadan						

JULY.

Days of the Week	Christian days of the month					HINDU	PARSI	JEWISH
	Maru or Warwadi	Gujarat Dakhlan & Konkan	Malabar	Rauni or Chharaha	Kadmi or Navos			
Wed	1	12	10	13	81	10	11	
Th	2	13	11	14	82	11	12	
Fr	3	14	12	15	83	12	13	
Sat	4	15	13	16	84	13	14	
S	5	1	1	17	85	14	15	
Mon	6	2	2	18	86	15	16	
Tu	7	3	3	19	87	16	17	
Wed	8	4	4	20	88	17	18	
Th	9	5	5	21	89	18	19	
Fr	10	6	6	22	90	19	20	
Sat	11	7	7	23	91	20	21	
S	12	8	8	24	92	21	22	
Mon	13	9	9	25	93	22	23	
Tu	14	10	10	26	94	23	24	
Wed	15	11	11	27	95	24	25	
Th	16	12	12	28	96	25	26	
Fr	17	13	13	29	97	26	27	
Sat	18	14	14	30	98	27	28	
S	19	15	15	1	99	28	29	
Mon	20	16	16	2	100	29	30	
Tu	21	17	17	3	101	30	1	
Wed	22	18	18	4	102	1	2	
Th	23	19	19	5	103	2	3	
Fr	24	20	20	6	104	3	4	
Sat	25	21	21	7	105	4	5	
S	26	22	22	8	106	5	6	
Mon	27	23	23	9	107	6	7	
Tu	28	24	24	10	108	7	8	
Wed	29	25	25	11	109	8	9	
Th	30	26	26	12	110	9	10	
Fr	31	27	27	13	111	10	11	

Maru Ad 11th 17th—Sav on 14th 18th 19th
 Gujarati Dakhlan & Konkan Ash 14th 15th 16th
 Malabar 17th 18th 19th—Ankata
 Rauni or Chharaha 17th 18th 19th
 Kadmi or Navos 17th 18th 19th
 Muhammadan 17th 18th 19th
 Jewish 17th 18th 19th

HINDU { Maru Ad 11th 17th—Sav on 14th 18th 19th
 Gujarati Dakhlan & Konkan Ash 14th 15th 16th
 Malabar 17th 18th 19th—Ankata
 Rauni or Chharaha 17th 18th 19th
 Kadmi or Navos 17th 18th 19th
 Muhammadan 17th 18th 19th
 Jewish 17th 18th 19th

PARSIS { Maru Ad 11th 17th—Sav on 14th 18th 19th
 Gujarati Dakhlan & Konkan Ash 14th 15th 16th
 Malabar 17th 18th 19th—Ankata
 Rauni or Chharaha 17th 18th 19th
 Kadmi or Navos 17th 18th 19th
 Muhammadan 17th 18th 19th
 Jewish 17th 18th 19th

MUHAMMADAN { Maru Ad 11th 17th—Sav on 14th 18th 19th
 Gujarati Dakhlan & Konkan Ash 14th 15th 16th
 Malabar 17th 18th 19th—Ankata
 Rauni or Chharaha 17th 18th 19th
 Kadmi or Navos 17th 18th 19th
 Muhammadan 17th 18th 19th
 Jewish 17th 18th 19th

JEWISH { Maru Ad 11th 17th—Sav on 14th 18th 19th
 Gujarati Dakhlan & Konkan Ash 14th 15th 16th
 Malabar 17th 18th 19th—Ankata
 Rauni or Chharaha 17th 18th 19th
 Kadmi or Navos 17th 18th 19th
 Muhammadan 17th 18th 19th
 Jewish 17th 18th 19th

SEPTEMBER.

Days of the Week	HINDU		PARSI		JEWISH		Remarks
	Christian days of the month	Mars or Marwand	Guy rat Dekhan & Konkan	Re am or Shihwah	Kashim or Neor s	Muhimmaden	
Tu	1 14	14	15	10	13	14	Mars 11 1st year 4th 14th—Assen 4th 14th Hindu Gujarati Dakhan and K nkan 28th d / 15b 14th—4b 14th Mars 11 11 18th 1043—A: 1 14th Cy Pa 1044 Raman 11 11 14th 1237—A: 1 Y 2.37 PARSI 1 14th 1 98 10th—A: 1 Y 1278 MUSLIMADAN 14 14th 14th—A: 1 14th JEWISH 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Wed	2 30	15	16	11	14	15	Shraddh Paksh begins—Hindu
Th	3 1	16	17	12	15	16	Shraddh Paksh Vad—Gujarat Dakhan &c , Assen Vad— Mars Paksh yon 14th 14th in Bengal
Fr	4 2	17	18	13	16	17	SPILS DLATH Jewish 1st
Sat	5 3	18	19	14	17	18	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
S	6 4	19	20	15	18	19	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Mon	7 5	20	21	16	19	20	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Tu	8 6	21	22	17	20	21	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Wed	9 7	22	23	18	21	22	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Th	10 8	23	24	19	22	23	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Fr	11 9	24	25	20	23	24	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Sat	12 10	25	26	21	24	25	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
S	13 11	26	27	22	25	26	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Mon	14 12	27	28	23	26	27	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Tu	15 13	28	29	24	27	28	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Wed	16 14	29	30	25	28	29	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Th	17 15	30	31	26	29	30	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Fr	18 16	31	32	27	30	31	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Sat	19 17	32	33	28	31	32	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
S	20 18	33	34	29	32	33	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Mon	21 19	34	35	30	33	34	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Tu	22 20	35	36	31	34	35	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Wed	23 21	36	37	32	35	36	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Th	24 22	37	38	33	36	37	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Fr	25 23	38	39	34	37	38	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Sat	26 24	39	40	35	38	39	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
S	27 25	40	41	36	39	40	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Mon	28 26	41	42	37	40	41	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Tu	29 27	42	43	38	41	42	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th
Wed	30 28	43	44	39	42	43	1st year 14th 14th—A: 1 14th

OCTOBER.

Days of the Week	HINDU				PARSI		Jewish	
	Christian days of the month	Maru, or Marvadi	Gujarat, Dakhan, & Konkan	Malabar	Rasani or Baharabadi	Kadmi, or Nooris		
Th.	1 30	15	17	10	40	13	15	<p>HINDU. Maru <i>Asvin</i> 8th 15th—<i>Kartik</i> 8th 15th <i>Saka</i> 1790 Gujarat, Dakhan, and Konkan <i>Asvin</i> 8th 15th 1924—<i>Kartik</i> 8th 15th 1925 Samvat.. 1924 25 Malabar <i>Koni</i> 17th—<i>Tulam</i> 17th .. <i>Oy Pa</i> .. 1944 <i>Rasani</i> <i>Jastardan</i> 10th— <i>Ardebekht</i> 10th PARSI.. Kadmi <i>Ardebekht</i> 10th— <i>Khurdat</i> 10th—<i>or Navroz</i> 40th— 70th A. Y. .. 1918 MUHAMMADAN <i>Jumada ul akhir</i> 15th—<i>Rajab</i> 14th <i>Hijra</i> 1295 Fais .. 1278 Shahur Sun 1260 J. WISH <i>Tiv</i> 15th—<i>Heckron</i> 15th A. M. 5:29</p>
Fr.	2 1	1	18	11	41	14	16	
Sat.	3 2	2	19	12	42	15	17	<p>Kojagari and Manikthari Purnima and Maukewar jatra Jt Muzngon Hindu. SUCCOTH or FEAST of TABERNA'CLE Jewish.</p>
S.	4 3	3	20	13	43	16	18	
Mon.	5 4	4	21	14	44	17	19	<p>Aswin Vad Gujarat, Dakhan, &c., Kartik Vad - Maru. MIMOSI RI M Gahanbar—Kad. Parsi. SUCCOTH, 2nd Day, Jewish.</p>
Tu.	6 5	5	22	15	45	18	20	
Wed.	7 6	6	23	16	46	19	21	<p>HOSANA RABA—Jewish Feast.</p>
Th.	8 7	7	24	17	47	20	22	
Fr.	9 8	8	25	18	48	21	23	<p>Feast of the EIGHTH DAY or of PALMS—Jewish. SHIMAT TORA or REJOIC'G of the Law—Jewish Feast</p>
Sat.	10 9	9	26	19	49	22	24	
S.	11 10	10	27	20	50	23	25	<p>FARVARDIN Feast—Ras. Parsi.</p>
Mon.	12 11	11	28	21	51	24	26	
Tu.	13 12	12	29	22	52	25	27	<p>Rama Ekadasi, Hindu. Bhuplan, Hindu.</p>
Wed.	14 13	13	30	23	53	26	28	
Th.	15 14	14	1	24	54	27	29	<p>Dhanatrayudasi or Lakshmi Puja, Hindu. TULAM 2nd Malabar month, Dwah Tula Sankrant, Hindu.</p>
Fr.	16 1	1	2	25	55	28	30	
Sat.	17 2	2	3	26	56	29	1	<p>Kartik Bhad, Samvat New year 1925 Maru, Gujarat, & Bahmaji Hindu HESHIVAN 2nd Jewish month Bhau Brij or Yama Dartya, Hindu. <i>Rajab</i> -7th Muhammadan month.</p>
S.	18 3	3	4	27	57	1	2	
Mon.	19 4	4	5	28	58	2	3	<p>Kartik Bhad, Samvat Now year 1925 Maru, Gujarat, & Bahmaji Hindu</p>
Tu.	20 5	5	6	29	59	3	4	
Wed.	21 6	6	7	30	60	4	5	<p>HESHIVAN 2nd Jewish month Bhau Brij or Yama Dartya, Hindu.</p>
Th.	22 7	7	8	1	61	5	6	
Fr.	23 8	8	9	2	62	6	7	<p><i>Rajab</i> -7th Muhammadan month. ARDIBEHISHT—Ras. Parsi 2nd. KHURDAD—Kad. Parsi 3rd month. FAST of ZEDEKIAH—Jewish.</p>
Sat.	24 8	8	10	3	63	7	8	
S.	25 9	9	11	4	64	8	9	<p>ARDIBEHISHT Feast—Ras. Parsi. Jagaddhatra, Hindu.</p>
Mon.	26 10	10	12	5	65	9	10	
Tu.	27 11	11	13	6	66	10	11	<p>[Kad. Parsi. Bhagyat or Kartik Ekadasi, Hindu. KHURDAD Feast</p>
Wed.	28 12	12	14	7	67	11	12	
Th.	29 13	13	15	8	68	12	13	
Fr.	30 14	14	16	9	69	13	14	
Sat.	31 15	15	17	10	70	14	15	Kartik (or Tripura purnima.

NOVEMBER.

Days of the Week	HINDU				PARSI		Jewish	
	Christian days of the month	Maru or Margashirsh	Gujarat Dakh n & Konkan	Velabar	Besman or Sh. Lorendi	Kadmi or Neoruz		
								<p>HINDU { Maru Margashirsh vad 1st—Panch vad 1st, Saka 1799 Gujarat, Dakh n & Konkan n Kartik } samvat 19 5 vad 1st—31 Margashirsh vad 1st Velabar Tulam 18th—Panchangam 17th Cy Pa 1044</p> <p>PARSI.. { Hasand Ardabehast 11th—Kadmi 0th Kadmi Kadmi 11th—Tir 10th or } A Y. ... 1238 Kadmi 11 100</p> <p>MUHAMMADAN Rajab 15th—Shaban 14th. Hijri ... 1291 Feb. ... 1278 Shaban 8th 1269</p> <p>JAWISH Meshan 10th—Kislev 10th ... A M 5629</p>
S.	1	1	1	18	11	71	15	16 Kartik vad—Gujarat Dakhan &c., Margashirsh vad— Maru. MEDIOZI N M Gahanbar—Ras. Parsi.
Mon.	2	2	2	19	12	72	16	17
Tu.	3	3	3	20	13	73	17	18
Wed	4	4	4	21	14	74	18	19
Th	5	5	5	22	15	75	19	20
Fr.	6	6	6	23	16	76	20	21
Sat.	7	7	7	24	17	77	21	22 Bhairava Hindu ATTH BLIRAM BALGERI—Ras Parsi
S.	8	9	9	25	18	78	22	23
Mon.	9	10	10	26	19	79	23	24
Tu.	10	11	11	27	20	80	24	25 Utpatti Ekadasi, Hindu.
Wed	11	12	12	28	21	81	25	26 Shani Pradosha, Hindu
Th.	12	13	13	29	22	82	26	27
Fr.	13	14	14	30	23	83	27	28 Muzaj Muhammad Muhammad
Sat.	14	15	15	1	24	84	28	29 Virechun—3rd Malabar month
S.	15	1	1	2	25	85	29	1 KISLEU—3rd Jewish month Dakhan, &c. Margashirsh Shad Maru. Gujarat.
Mon.	16	2	2	3	26	86	30	2
Tu.	17	3	3	4	27	87	1	3 Shaban—8th Muhammadan month.
Wed	18	4	4	5	28	88	2	4
Th.	19	5	5	6	29	89	3	5
Fr.	20	6	6	7	30	90	4	6 Champa Shasthi, Hindu.
Sat.	21	7	7	8	1	91	5	7 KHURDAD—3rd Ruz Parsi, Tir Kad Parsi month. DEATH of HEROD the GREAT—Jewish Feast
S.	22	8	8	9	2	92	6	8 Durgashtami, Hindu.
Mon.	23	9	9	10	3	93	7	9
Tu.	24	10	10	11	4	94	8	10
Wed	25	11	11	12	5	95	9	11 Mohshada Ekadasi, Hindu.
Th.	26	12	12	13	6	96	10	12 KHURDAD Feast—Ras. Parsi.
Fr.	27	12	12	14	7	97	11	13
Sat.	28	13	13	15	8	98	12	14
S.	29	29	14	16	9	99	13	15 Paschmochun Datta Jayanti, Hindu.
Mon.	30	10	15	17	10	100	14	16 Margashirsh Vad—Gujarat, Dakhan &c., Parsi. Vad— [Maru.]

DECEMBER.

Days of the Week	HINDU				PARSI		Jewish		
	Chr. et. n. days of the month	Mar. or Varsad	Gujarat D. Hindu Keshab	Malabar	Rasman or Sh. Uresh	Ashvini or Varsos			
								<div><div><div>Mar. Poush vad end—Magh vad end Saka .. 1790</div><div>Gujarat Magh vad end—Poush vad end Samvat 1923</div><div>Malabar Poush vad end—Magh vad end A. Y. 1044</div><div>Rasman Ashvini 11th—V. 11th .. .. .</div><div>Ashvini 1st 11th—V. 11th A. Y. .. 1238</div><div>or Varsos 101 11 .. .. .</div></div><div>MUHAMMADAN Shaban 10th—Rajman 10th Hijri 1255</div><div>.. .. .</div><div>Jewish A. Y. 5649—T. 17th A. M. 5649</div></div>	
Tu	1	2	18	11	101	16	17	M. D. D. H. N. Gahanbar—Kad Parn.	
Wed	2	3	19	12	102	16	18	Nah. : Rasat—Muh. ummadan	
Th	3	4	20	13	103	17	19	Tin. fast—Kad Parn.	
Fr	4	5	21	14	104	18	20		
Sat	5	6	22	15	105	19	21		
S.	6	7	23	16	106	20	22		
Mon	7	8	24	17	107	21	23	Manwantara	
Th	8	9	25	18	108	22	24		
Wed	9	10	26	19	109	23	25	HANUKA or DEDICATION of the TEMPLE—Jewish fast	
Th	10	11	27	20	110	24	26	Baghala Ekadasi, Hindu.	
Fr	11	12	28	21	111	25	27		
Sat	12	13	29	22	112	26	28		
S.	13	30	30	23	113	27	29		
Mon	14	1	1	124	114	28	30	Poush Shud—Varn, Gujarat, Dakhan, &c. DHANU, 4th Muh. ummadan month.	
Tu	15	1	1	225	115	29		LIBET, 4th Jewish month.	
Wed	16	2	2	326	116	1	2	Rama 9th Muh. ummadan month—Rosa or Fast commences.	
Th	17	3	3	427	117	2	3		
Fr	18	4	4	528	118	3	4		
Sat	19	5	5	629	119	4	5		
S.	20	6	6	730	120	5	6		
Mon	21	7	7	8	1	121	6	7	Tin. Ras. Parn. 4th, AMARAD—Kad Parn. 5th month
Tu	22	8	8	9	2	122	7	8	
Wed	23	9	9	10	3	123	8	9	
Th	24	10	10	11	4	124	9	10	SIEGE of JERUSALEM—Jewish Fast.
Fr	25	11	11	12	5	125	10	11	Baghvat Ekadasi, Hindu.
Sat	26	12	12	13	6	126	11	12	
S.	27	13	13	14	7	127	12	13	AMARAD Fast, Kad Parn.
Mon	28	14	14	15	8	128	13	14	
Tu	29	15	15	16	9	129	14	15	
Wed	30	1	1	17	10	130	15	16	Poush Vad, Gujarat, Dakhan, &c. ; Magh Vad, Maru.
Th	31	2	2	18	11	131	16	17	

Indian and Christian Eras.

Table of the Correspondence of Indian Eras with the Christian years till the end of the XIXth Century.

For the Bengali San subtract 515 from the Saka date or 809½ from the Kalyug (Sideral) date, it begins on the same day. For the Fuli year of Upper India, subtract 649 from the Samvat date; it begins on the 1st of the lunar month Ashwin. For the Buddhist era of India, Ceylon, Ava, &c., add 486 to the Samvat date; and for the vulgar era of Burmah and Arakan, subtract 695, these are also luni-solar, and though the Nirvana of Buddha is dated on the full moon of Vaisakh, or 1st April B. C. 543, they commence on the same day as the Hindu year.

Years of the Christian Era	Hijra		Sidercal Years			Cycle of 1000 years of Parameena	Begins	2d & 3d Cycle of Graha-parinatti	4th Cycle of Vaisakhi, Bengali, account	Intro Telugu account 5th Cycle and 6th Cycle	Samvat Luni Solar years	Adila year	Beginning
	Year	Begins	Kalyug	Saka	Begins								
1803	1280	18 June	4964	1765	April 11	1019	15	88	9	57	1920 A S	21 Mar	
1804 B	1281 B	6 "	4965	1766	11	1010	15	89	10	58	1921	7 Apr	
1805	1282	27 May	4966	1767	11	1011	15	90	11	59	1922	26 Mar	
1806	1283	16 "	4967	1768	11	1012	15	1	12	60	1923 A A	17 Mar	
1807	1284 B	5 "	4968	1769	11	1013	15	2	13	1	1924	5 Apr	
1808 B	1285	24 April	4969	1770	11	1014	15	3	14	2	1925	24 Mar.	
1809	1286 B	13 "	1970	1771	11	1015	15	4	15	3	1926 A V	11	
1810	1287	3 "	3971	1772	11	1016	15	5	16	4	1927	2 Apr.	
1811	1288	23 Mar	1972	1773	12	1017	15	6	17	5	1928 A B	22 Mar	
1812 B	1289 B	11 "	4973	1774	11	1018	15	7	18	6	1929	9 Apr	
1813	1290	1 Mar	4974	1775	11	1019	15	8	19	7	1930	29 Mar.	
1814	1291	14 Feb	4975	1776	11	1020	15	9	20	8	1931 A S	19	
1815	1292 B	7 "	4976	1777	12	1021	15	10	21	9	1932	7 Apr	
1816 B	1293	28 Jan	4977	1778	11	1022	15	11	22	10	1933	27 Mar.	
1817	1294	16 "	4978	1779	11	1023	15	12	23	11	1934 A J	15	
1818	1295 B	4 Jan	4979	1800	11	1024	15	13	24	12	1935	3 Apr	
1819	1296	26 Dec	4980	1801	12	1025	15	14	25	13	1936	21 Apr.	
1820	1297 B	15 "	4981	1802	11	1026	15	15	26	14	1937	11 Apr.	
1821 B	1298	4 "	1982	1803	11	1027	15	16	27	15	1938	31 Mar	
1822	1299	24 Nov	1983	1804	11	1028	15	17	28	16	1939 A S	20 Mar	
1823 B	1300 B	12 Nov	4984	1805	12	1029	15	18	29	17	1940	8 Apr.	
1824	1301	2 "	4985	1806	11	1030	15	19	30	18	1941	28 Mar	
1825	1302	21 Oct	4986	1807	11	1031	15	20	31	19	1942 A A	17	
1826	1303	10 "	1987	1808	11	1032	15	21	32	20	1943	5 Apr	
1827	1304	30 Sept	4988	1809	12	1033	15	22	33	21	1944	25 Mar.	
1828 B	1305 B	7 "	4989	1810	11	1034	15	23	34	22	1945 A V	14	
1829	1306	28 Aug	4990	1811	11	1035	15	24	35	23	1946	1 Apr.	
1830	1307	17 "	4991	1812	11	1036	15	25	36	24	1947 A B	23 Mar	
1831	1308	7 "	1992	1813	12	1037	15	26	37	25	1948	10 Apr	
1832 B	1310	26 July	4993	1814	11	1038	15	27	38	26	1949	29 Mar.	
1833	1311 B	15 "	4994	1815	11	1039	15	28	39	27	1950 A S	18	
1834	1312	5 "	4995	1816	11	1040	15	29	40	28	1951	6 Apr.	
1835	1313	24 June	4996	1817	12	1041	15	30	41	29	1952	27 Mar.	
1836 B	1314 B	12 "	4997	1818	11	1042	15	31	42	30	1953 A J	15	
1837	1315	2 June	4998	1819	11	1043	15	32	43	31	1954	3 Apr.	
1838	1316 B	22 May	4999	1820	11	1044	15	33	44	32	1955 A C	24 Mar	
1839	1317	12 "	5000	1821	12	1045	16	34	45	33	1956	11 Apr.	
1840	1318	1 "	5001	1822	12	1046	16	35	46	34	1057	1 "	

A Adhika Asarh, when the Samvat years begins 5th or 6th of Chaitra (Sider. Cal.)

V	"	Vaisakh	"	"	2nd or 3rd	"
B	"	Bhadra	"	"	9th or 10th	"
S	"	Shravan	"	"	6th, 7th or 8th	"
J	"	Jyeshth	"	"	4th, 5th or 6th	"
C	"	Chaitra	"	"	0 or 1st	"

Native Festivals & Fasts.

HINDU FESTIVALS.

THE Hindu festivals are so numerous, and the observances of them are so intricate, that it is often bewildering to endeavour to write them. The writers of the Hindu legends have met such enormous merit in the observances of each of them, as to surpass all human comprehension, and unhesitatingly say that those observances themselves will secure heaven.

MAKAR SANKRANTI—On this day the sun enters the sign of "Makar,"—a monster having the head and forelegs of an antelope, and the body and tail of a fish—corresponding to Capricorn. It occurs on the 1st of the solar month Magh. Great rejoicings are held among the Hindus, but particularly among the Brahmans, on the feast of Makar Sankranti. From this day, when the sun reaches the most southern, till the time of his arriving at the most northern point of the Zodiac, is called Uttarayana and the time from his leaving the northern sign "Karka" or Cancer, till he again returns to Makar, is called Dakshinayana. The days of Uttarayana are reckoned lucky, and those of Dakshinayana unlucky. During the days of Dakshinayana, it is said, the gates of heaven are shut, and in the Uttarayana they are open. For men to die in the Uttarayana is considered more blessed, because they are said to get immediate entrance into heaven, but if the god die in the Dakshinayana, they have to wait outside the gates till the Uttarayana comes. In Uttarayana, Munj—the ceremony of investing youths with the sacred cord—and marriages are celebrated. On the day of Makar Sankranti, just at the time of the sun's entrance into the sign, the Hindus go to the wells, accompanied by a Brahmin priest, to bathe; there they rub their bodies with tila or sesame mixed, the five wife portion of the sun, and wash themselves in the manner prescribed in the Shiksha. The Brahman then repeats certain incantations suited to the occasion, and closes the ceremony by receiving adoration, and a present of money for himself. On their return home they invite Brahmans, present them with cups of bell-metal, filled with tila seed and with money according to the ability of the Yajman or worshipper, some present copper pots, new dharmas, umbrellas, &c., and the whole family receives benedictions from them, which is done by the Brahman repeating certain words and throwing on their heads a few grains of red coloured rice. After the performance of this ceremony they go to take their meals, which consist of sweets. They invite their friends and relations to dinner, and towards evening they wear new clothes, gold, and other ornaments, and frequent the houses of their friends and relations, distributing tila seed mixed with sugar. At the time of putting the tila into the parties' hands, they repeat these words "Receive these tila seeds mixed with sugar in the friendly wish with me throughout the year." All the praise and prayers offered thrudly are to the sun, and to no other god. The second day of Sankranti is named Kar, and is generally celebrated by the women making small presents among those of their own sex.—*Vide 13th January.*

WASANT PANCHMI on the 5th of Magh hindu, seems to have been instituted in honour of the spring, which season is personified under the name of Wasanti, who is fabled as attending on Kama, the god of love.—*Vide 29th January.*

RAHMASTAMI (from *Ratha* a car, and *Saptami* 7th day of the month) is the 7th of Magh hindu, and is dedicated to the worship of the sun. This day is the beginning of the Manwantara or period embracing the reign of Manu, of which fourteen govern in succession, during each kalpa or grand period of creation and destruction. The present age is the 7th Manwantara of this kalpa, and at the commencement of this period a new sun is supposed to have mounted his chariot.—*Vide 1st February.*

SHIVARATRI—A celebrated festival in honour of Shiva, held on the 14th of the Krishna paksha of Magh, during which the linga or phallus is worshipped. Vada Chaturdasi, or the 29th of every month, is kept sacred by the votaries of Shiva, but Magh vada Chaturdasi has obtained the peculiar epithet of Maha Shiva Ratri or the great night of Shiva. The Hindu legend account for its celebrity among the rest of Shiva Ratri in the following manner:—In time immemorial an archer of wicked

and licentious habits went into a forest on this day to shoot deer. He spent the day in the pursuit of the game, but, on a sudden, night came on, and he was left at the mercy of wild beasts. When he found himself in such a condition, he had recourse to a bilva or *Vilva* tree* to secure himself from the attack. Having got into the tree, by way of distraction, or to get a closer view, he broke off all the branches that hung around and above his head, and flung them down the tree, till on a Lingam of Shiva near the foot of the tree, and Shiva was so pleased and satisfied by this accidental worship that he forthwith sent a Yaman or heavenly cherub and took the hunter into his abode, his own abode, which is mentioned in the *Y.* To commemorate the entrance of this hunter into his abode, the Hindus observe a fast this day, and worship Shiva in hopes of obtaining this unreserved reward. His votaries, fast, and at night recite the hymns of Shiva as composed by Brahmin priests, who perform purely religious ceremonies, but he pours water over the Lingam, and washes it, and then he decorates it with choice flowers. When this is done, the priest takes his sacred *tilak*, which Shiva assumes different names are written, and recites the name, and the Yaman—the worshipper—flings a leaf of the *Vilva* or bilva over the top of the Lingam at each name. This kind of prayer is performed four different times, and thus a sleep is obtained for the whole night. This is styled the *yajna* of the four Brahmins or *vachas*. It commences at about eight in the evening and ends at three in the morning. The *yajnas* of Shiva are thronged by devotees, some persons being twelve Brahmins, others four, &c., according to the abilities of the Yaman to perform the *yajna*. The Brahmins must be liberally paid for their labours. On this day there is a fair at *Belaghatra*—*vide 21st Feb*.

Holi or Holi-mahani (Sanskrit—*Holika* or *Phalgun*)—The most popular festival, called also *Dohela* or *Dohela*, or the swinging festival, is supposed by Sir W. Jones to relate to the *Variegated* mix and to be similar to the *Lerna* in *Naxos*. It commences fifteen days before the full moon of *Phalgun*, on which day the ceremonies are terminated, and is held in honour of Krishna's sportive swinging. It is kept as a complete *shikhar** *Raj* which is dedicated to the image of the god, and thrown in and out by his worshippers on each other, and families are insulted by exclaiming and jests of the most absurd and injurious description, persons are sent on brotherly errands, and the dance of drunk and devotees, in commemoration of Krishna dancing with the *gopis* or female cowherds, crowns the scene. The whole is a game, which is played on the public ground in every village at the close of the festival on the 1st of *Phalgun* *Vid* is called *Poh*, and the night of first swinging it is considered as a holy privilege. Neither the origin of this festival, nor the observance in which it is observed in Western India can be described. Nor is the observance of it confined to the lower classes of the native community—the highest join in it with the sincerest as the lowest. This festival is usually continued from the new to the full moon, but only a few of the last days are religiously and openly devoted to it. Some of the names of the month in which it is observed is often called *Shikhar*—*vide 1st March*.

The *Holi* New Year (the first day, called *the 1st of Padi*, or 'the flying of paper kites') is held on the new moon of *Chaitra* Shukla. On the morning of this day a Hindu first rubs oil on his body, and then bathes himself in warm water. A pole bearing a flag, and ornamented with a brass or copper vessel, is erected in front of the house. One such pole must be erected by each family to represent the banner of Indra, the king of the gods, which, on this day, is also said to be raised in honour of him by the gods. What is done on 1st is therefore in imitation of what is in agreement to take place in the heaven of India. The leaves of the bitter *Am* tree (*Am* or *Am*) are then to be eaten, which is supposed to secure health to the body, because this tree is the effluence of the ambrosia of the gods. The *Am* which for the New Year is next to be worshipped, and its predictions in regard to the year just commencing are to be heard from the *Jyotishis*. They tell whether there is to be abundance or scarcity of rain, whether there will be unusual heat or cold, whether of berries, insurrections, &c., are to abound, whether unusual sickness is to prevail, &c., &c. Each individual on this day also learns what he is to expect during the year, whether health or sickness, prosperity or adversity, is to be his portion, &c. All this important information is no, of course, to be obtained without compensation. And not only are presents to be given to the *Jyotishis*, but the poor people are sought on this day to extend their liberality also to the Gurus and Brahmins. The day is to be celebrated by feasting. This is considered an auspicious day for commencing a building, or engaging in any new undertaking—*vide 25th March*.

* The *Agla* Marmoles, a favourite tree of Shiva, in which is held sacred among the Hindus.

* For a full account see the *Account of the Letters from a Maratha Camp*.

RAM NAVAMI (from *Ram* the 7th incarnation of Vishnu, and *Navami*, the 9th day of the month) — On this day it is said Ramechandra, the 7th incarnation of Vishnu was born at "Ayodhya" or Oudh, about B.C. 1100. It is celebrated from the 1st of Chaitra Shukla to the 9th. The object of the incarnation, it is said, was to effect the destruction of Rawana, the ten-headed tyrant of Lanka or Ceylon, which was at last done with the assistance of Hanuman the chief of the monkey tribe. On the first day the temples of Rama are whitewashed and illuminated in the evening, and the image of Rama adorned with costly ornaments. In the evening the "Ramayana" or legendary history of Rama, is recited in the temple, and in the night "Kirtan" is preached by the "Hutinis," who describe the so-called morality and heroic actions of Rama. Thered powder called *gulal* (composed of barley meal or rice paste, or the *trapu natans* dyed with *bakam* or sappan wood) is thrown about. Nauchas are not omitted during the nights. In some temples Brahmins are fed with rich and substantial dinners for eight successive days, three days are called *Ram Navaratri* or nine nights of Rama. Many Hindus, both males and females, go to the temples of Rama to hear the Kirtan and Paurans. The last or principal day is *Ram Navmi*, when, it is said Rama became incarnate at noon. In honor of this incarnation some Hindus fast the whole day. They get up in the morning, wash themselves, and put on rich clothes and ornaments, and repair to the temples of Rama at about nine o'clock. Every temple of Rama is well furnished on this day, and the images are decorated with precious ornaments and rich garlands. A Hindu is engaged to describe the birth and circumstances that attended his incarnation. He continues his discourse till twelve o'clock, when he brings a small image of Rama, nicely ornamented and well clad, and shows it to his audience, and tells them that it is Rama who became incarnate, he then puts it into a small shell prepared for the purpose. He assembles then the worshippers, first bows to the image and then to each other, and with great rejoicing and acclamation on this occasion, they all go round each other, and with great murmur about one o'clock they go home, and return to the temples in the evening. The fast of *Ram Navmi* is more particularly observed by the votaries of Vishnu — *Vide* 1st April.

VADA SAVITRI (SAVITRI VRAJA) — A fast observed by women who, on the 15th of Jyeshtha Shukla, worship the Indian tree, to preserve them from widowhood — *Vide* 6th June.

ASHADI EKADASHI is the eleventh of the light or Shukla half of the month Ashada, and is dedicated to Vishnu. On this day, which refers to the summer solstice, commences the month of the sun, during which the daily exposures for four months on the serpent bhaski — *Vide* 20th June.

NAG PANCHAMI is held to the sun deity gods called *Nagas*, in the form of serpents, and is celebrated on the 5th of Sravina Shukla. Ceremonies are performed on this day to ensure protection against the bite of snakes. The serpent king, said to have been slain by Krishna, is worshipped at the festival — *Vide* 21st July.

SHRAVAN or (NARAYAN) PURNIMA — On this day the stormy part of the rainy season is considered to be at an end, and the sun's rays start to gain its favour towards those who now begin to trust themselves to its mercy. It is held on the 15th Sravina Shukla — *Vide* 1st August.

JANMA or GOKUL ASHTAMI (from *Janta* birth, *Ashtami* 8th day of the month) — Instituted in commemoration of the birth of Krishna, which is said to have taken place at midnight in the city of Mathura on the 8th of Sravina Krishna. Krishna is reckoned the incarnation of Vishnu, in which, according to a large sect of Hindus, was manifested a greater portion of divinity than in any of the preceding ones. His mother's uncle, king of Mathura, who, it was predicted by Narada, would be slain by one of his own family, endeavored to cause the destruction of the infant god, by placing guards over his pregnant mother Devaki, but the child was preserved from this and other attempts of his relatives who had given orders for the slaughtering of all newly born infants. This holiday is considered one of the greatest amongst the Hindus, and is observed by almost all the community, there are two sects among the followers of Krishna, and they solemnize the festival on different days. Those belonging to the one keep the eighth day of the dark moon, and those belonging to the other, the day following — being the one on which he was removed to the home of Nanda the cowherd in Gokul or Vrindavana from that of his maternal uncle, who sought his destruction, and was even kept by the day. The former fast on the day of Janma Ashtami, and the latter on the day of Gokul Ashtami. Whichever day is kept, they fast the whole day, that is, abstain from their usual food, but they may eat Phalhar, consisting of fruit and vegetables of grain — rice and other grain being prohibited on this day. At night they bath, and worship an image of

the infant Krishna, adorning it with tulas, (*Ocimum Sanctum*), a favourite plant of Vishnu's and other flowers, in the manner enjoined in the Bhishma, and about ten or eleven of them eat their food. Next day a Brahmin is called in to perform the puja, and afterwards he himself is worshipped, and sent away loaded with dakshina and other presents. The holiday is thus observed among the people of the higher castes. On the day of Gokul Ashtami gajals (or keepers of cattle) hold a great jallike among themselves, as Krishna is said to have been bred up among their race. They join themselves into a company, and frequent the houses of the people who follow their profession, holding each other's hands and dancing in the street, repeating the words, "Govinda, Govinda" when they are honoured either by throwing over them cards, or presenting them with curds. These people are called Gopals—protectors of cows. On the night of Jinnia Ashtami, crowds of people, generally of the lower ranks, flock to the temple of Kanhohi, which is commonly known by the name of Matth. There they hire native music and continue shouting and making a great noise. The Bhagat of Kanhohi, or the head of the temple, who is very often of the Bandra caste, and who is considered a supernatural being, at least at this time, with great solemnity and grave countenance, makes his way through the assembly accompanied by the playing of tam-tams, and exclamations of joy from his disciples, and standing before the shrine of Kanhohi, offers prayers to the idol which is richly decorated on the occasion. He is at first calm, but shortly afterwards to show signs of inspiration by the god. He begins to utter his shendi, or the tuft of hair on the crown of his head, and then slowly shakes his limbs. By degrees his whole frame quivers, and he throws his body into violent contortions, dancing and muttering strange ambulations and wild sounds. He then takes his sarge, which is kept near the shrine, and sarges himself as if he were insane, and performs in many other equally strange actions. No sooner does the assembly around see him thus, than believing that the spirit of the god has entered into him, they begin to rise before him and fall prostrate, and pray to him to be merciful to them. When he has received divine homage, he quietly takes his seat, but does not cease quaking and trembling. His disciples, who are always near him, then commence one after another to shake themselves and dance in the same way, and the spirit of the god is believed to enter them also. This day the great Bhagat can create new disciples and give them the power of turning the spirit of the god into their bodies. Sick persons, persons supposed to be possessed by devils, children, &c., are brought to the temple to receive the benediction of the Bhagat and his disciples, he rubs ashes on their foreheads, passes his hand over their heads, and gives them full assurance of speedy recovery from their sickness without taking any medicine. The poor patient with full confidence, returns home, expecting the fulfilment of the Bhagat's promise. The Bhagat receives large payments in this connection from his followers. He is held in great respect among the orthodox Hindus, in every one of the people of other tribes. On the following morning the Bhagat collects his disciples in front of the temple, and orders a sufficient quantity of curds to be thrown over their heads to wet their whole bodies, they then all begin to dance in company, holding each other's hands, and occasionally throwing themselves on the ground and becominging their bodies with mud, shouting as loudly as they can. The Bhagat, in the mean time, with a sarge in his hand, and with all pietal and gravity stands in the mid t, and looking in all directions in terribl solemnity, he lifts up his sarge, and putting it round the neck of one of his disciples as a token of his regard, turns him towards himself, when the discipl trembls a little, and then a smile full, stretching his hands towards the sky, with his eyes closed. No sooner does he do so than the Bhagat seizes him two or three times so adroitly that it gives him no pain, while to the eye of the spectators it appears a prodigy that he does not feel it. This is repeated with the whole body of his disciples, and when he comes, sweetmeats are distributed among the disciples, and to the spectators. This terminates the feast of Gokul Ashtami among the people of the Bhudracaste.—*End 11th August*

PETHURI OR PRACHI ANAYAYA (Prachi means rain, and Anayaaya, promised in the new moon) is a festival observed at the new moon of the moon in Shrivani, at which the 64 Yoginis or female attendants of the goddess Durga are worshipped, particularly by women with the hope of obtaining issue. The 30th day of Shrivani, or the last day of the dark half of the moon, is termed "Prachi Anaya." Prachi is commonly known among the people of the Karkun and Dakkun by the name of Pethuri. Wealthy Baniyas and other people of Gujurat go to Wadka Bhat, in Bombay, on the previous evening, with their families to remain in the Dharmashala during the night, and next morning bathe in the tank called by the natives Ban ganga, &c. the Ganges produced by an arrow. They say when Rama visited this place, and finding that there was no pure water to drink, he pierced the ground with an arrow

from his bow, and thus brought the Ganges into existence. On the margin of the tank they perform *Shraddhas* or ceremonies for procuring the deliverance of their departed ancestors from the thralldom of Yama, the king of the infernal regions,—if they still remain at his court or in his dominions. They afterwards repair to the temple of Walukeshwar, and worship his image, and then take their meals. The remaining part of the day is spent in merriment, but particularly smiling. Bithas are erected in the locality of the temple, and furnished with all kinds of articles that please the fancy, or delight the taste. Many Hindus on this occasion squander hundreds of rupees in hiring vehicles, and buying toys and vestments for their children. This holiday is not observed by the majority of the inhabitants of the Konkan and Dakhin. It is kept up chiefly by those women who lose their children in infancy. They fast on this day, and worship an image of Pethu adorned with various kinds of fruits and flowers through the medium of a Brahman priest.—*Ibid* 17th and 18th August.

GANESH CHATURTHI OR CHAUTH—On this day was born Ganapati, or Ganesha, who is regarded as the god of wisdom who removes obstacles, and is invoked at the commencement of all undertakings. The manner of his birth is differently told, one story relates, that is the god Kartikeya was created by Shiva without carnal assistance, in like manner Ganpati was formed by his consort Parvati from the tumour and enlarged from her body while bathing. The loss of his human head and the substitution of that of an elephant with one tusk, is also variously explained. By some, his head is said to have been cut off by Shiva, when he endeavoured to prevent the god from entering the chamber of Parvati when performing her ablutions. According to others it was caused to rush by a glance from the eyes of Shiva, when all the gods went to look at the newly born child, and its place supplied by that of the animal first found which happened to be an elephant. Clay images of this deity are formed, and after having been worshipped merely for two days, or for nine or ten days, are thrown into the water. The Chhachore or Chuchwad (properly Dec) is a god who resides at the village of that name near Poona is supposed to be in imitation of the god who presided over the holy Gauri or Ashtika named Morcha, who lived in the time of Sargi and had seven hystions, that he would continue in human shape in his only for seven generations, and though Dharmadhar, the 7th in descent from Morcha, died without issue, the deity is perpetuated by the birth of a son from a different source. * It is commonly said among the Hindus, that the Shastris enjoy an extraordinary worship of Murtika (birth) in the following forms, three times a year. The first of them is Navratri, on which day a number of clay images are made and worshipped; the second is Gauri Ashtami, when a clay image of the infant Kartikeya is made and worshipped, and the third and last is Gauri Chaturthi, on which day a clay image of Ganesha is worshipped. This being the last day of the worship of Murtika, is not observed with great pomp and more ceremony, conviviality and music, than the other two. The image worshipped on this occasion has four hands and an elephant's head. The music, being Ganapati's favourite vehicle is sometimes played beside his image, richly adorned and bridled. The image of Ganesha is either made in the house or purchased from an artist, it is gilt with the finest gold and painted with superior and variegated colours, and much labour and ingenuity is bestowed on it by some to render it elegant and attractive, according to the taste and pecuniary means of the worshipper. The 14th of Bhadrapad is the day he is joined upon for the celebration of this festival in honour of his birth. On the previous day the worshippers clean and whitewash his house and furnish it with all sorts of costly furniture that he can procure. The profusion of light is the first thing that is added to the eye. On the following morning, i.e. on the day of Gauri Chaturthi, they hang the image in a hall (if it is bought) with great rejoicing, accompanied by native music, and with all the honours of a god. A place where his godship is to be seated is prepared, either in the form of a covered shrine or open space which is adorned with flowers and flowers strewed round it, and two or three long coverings are placed over it in clusters, after which commences the business of the officiating priest. He sits on the mat of the house, and begins connecting the idol by reciting mantras of various mantras from his book, and throwing over it red coloured rice, after performing many ceremonial ceremonies, he pretends to bring the god into the image. Having finished, the devotee places before him Naivedya (food), which consists of sweetmeats, and invokes the god to partake of the offering. Afterwards he fills before him, and prays him to be gracious to him and his family. By the generality of the people, Ganpati is kept one day and a half, but by some five or ten days according to the wealth and wish of the pro-

priest. A discourse is delivered in commemoration of his exploits by a Haridas in his presence, at which friends and relatives are invited to attend. A large party of Brahmans are entertained at a sumptuous dinner in honour of Ganesha, and then dismissed with the usual *dakshina*. On the last day preparations for his departure are made. Evening is the time appointed for parting, when the master of the house performs Uttarpurā through the priest, who takes away the pretended divinity with which the image was invested, by replacing certain mantras, flowers, fruits and sweetmeats are offered to the idol, *diyas*, that is, lighted wicks, are moved before him accompanied with music and hymns, and he is moved to lie as the owner and his family and remove any calamity that may befall them throughout the year. Afterwards the Brahmans are presented with *dakshina*, and the image is seated in a palanquin, or in an ark expressly made for the purpose, adorned with fresh flowers, and carried to the sea or a tank in a procession which consists of the master of the house, his children, and relatives, attended for the occasion. When they reach the place, they take out the image and commit it to the water, with expressions of regret for its absence till next year. There is a legend, that one day, Ganapati while riding on his favourite Mouse had a fall, at which the Moon laughed. Lamenting such an insult the god of prudence cursed the moon and all who should look at her but afterwards amended the matter by reserving myself and asking it her on his birthday. Thus, on the day of Ganapati's birthday, the Hindus are prohibited by the Brahmans from looking at the moon, therefore they are afraid to look at it this evening, for fear of incurring any calamity during the year, and if any accident they happen to see it, they try to provoke their neighbours to revile them and comfort themselves with the idea that the calamity incurred will be all completely removed in that abuse and removed by it — *Idic 21st At 1st*

RISHI PANCHAMI — The day following Ganesha Chaturthi is observed in honour of the seven Rishis or sages, who are supposed to be the seven bright stars in the Great Bear. It is especially observed by those who are strictly prohibited from eating anything but rice and ghee by monastic vows — *Idic 22nd At 1st*

GAI RIVAHAN (Gai Rivahi, — one of the names of the goddess Parvati) This festival occurs two days after the last, or on the 7th Bhadrapad. Parvati the wife of Shiva is worshipped as a female demon. It is especially observed by females. Cakes are made in the shape of pebbles, and cast into the water, with songs which they sing at night, two months before the holiday. It lasts for three days — *Idic 24th At 1st*

WAMAN DUADASI — (from *Waman*, a dwarf, *Duadasi*, 12th day of the Purnima) — In a festival held on the 12th of Bhadrapad Shiva in commemoration of the birth incarnation of Vishnu, in the shape of a dwarf, to prevent Bali from obtaining dominion over the three worlds through the assistance of his elephant mount. Bali promised the dwarf, at his own request, to grant him as much land as he could compass at three steps. On the ratification of this promise, the first two strides of the incarnate deity are said to have embraced the heaven and the earth, there being now no place for him to put down his foot for the third time, Bali manaciously told him to put it on his head, which the dwarf having done, crushed him down to Patal, the dominion of which was conceded to the monarch — *Idic 29th At 1st*

ANANI CHATURDASI — Is kept on the 14th of Bhadrapad Shiva in honour of the god Anant. An Anant Dora, that is, a child, in the form of a girl and with a forehead as to be fit to run the elbow, is bought and worshipped. It is not much observed — *Idic 31st At 1st*

PITARA PAKSH — (*Pitara*, paternal ancestors) — The Krishna Paksh of the lunar month Bhadrapad, or the last day of it, or new moon of Ashwin, is sacred to the Pitara, or progenitors of mankind, to whose favour the souls of the deceased ascend during this season. Offerings of fire and water are made to the manes — *Idic 16th September*

DARARA — (*Dashan*, ten) — This festival is held on the 10th of Ashwin Shukla. It is called Durga Puja or Durgachhatra, and is supposed to relate to the autumnal equinox. On this day, in commemoration of the victory of Devi, the wife of Shiva, over the buffalo-headed demon Mahesha — her image, after having been worshipped for nine days, is thrown into the water. On this day also Rama marched against Ravana, the demon king of Ceylon, on which account the Marathas seem to have selected it as a proper period for commencing their plundering excursions

Early in the morning the Hindus having washed themselves perform the Puja of their household gods in conjunction with that of all their shastical granths or religious books. Marathas and Kshatriyas, or those who consider themselves of the military race, worship the implements of war, and ask protection of them throughout the year, under a conception that to the propitiousness of the sword they owe every prosperity. At noon they take dinner in company with their relatives. In the afternoon they go to the temples in procession, with friends, relatives, and children. Mammalevi and Bhaleswar are the principal scenes. Both of these places are thronged by Hindus, bearing such in his hand flowers and a branch of the *Apta* or *Palustic* (*Betula utilis*) which is regarded as representing *sona* (gold), and is held highly sacred and indispensable in commemorating this day. On entering the temple they offer the flowers to the image, accompanied with a prayer, they also give *dakshina* to the Brahmins. On returning home, they visit their friends and relatives, present them with a leaf or two of the imaginary gold, concluding with an embrace, and receive a similar treatment in return. The vicinity or front of the temple are surrounded by the vendors of *sona* who arrange themselves with baskets full of branches in bundles. At night an illumination is made. This day is considered by the Hindus most auspicious for sending their children to school. The nine preceding days of the Dusara are called *navaras* a compound word for nine nights. During these days, the devotees of Durga engage a Brahmin to read hymns before her, in which her exploits are extolled and her rewards to her votaries described. On the ninth day, at every temple of Durga, *havan* or sacred fire is created, mixed with rice and clarified butter, and adored by repeating certain mantras. It is customary among the Brahma women to keep up a dance during these nine nights, called *Gavata*, which is accompanied with religious songs. The celebration of the Dusara is also said to owe its traditional origin to the Pandavas—the five sons of Pandu having selected this day, after completing their exile of twelve years, as an auspicious one for making preparation for the tremendous war with their joint and common enemies the Kauravas, of which the Kuranas give an account, occupying the whole volume. The Hindus decorate their horses with flowers this day, putting garlands of flowers round their necks. It is said that Parth, the most invincible of the five Pandavas, who had a peculiar fondness for horses and a peculiar skill in the art of chariot fighting, and from this being great auxiliaries in matters of battle, washed his five white milk white horses with garlands of flowers round their necks, and tipped them, with his own hand, in token of fondness and appreciation. Owing to this day, and it seems the decorating of horses with flowers on this day is observed—11th 20th Sept.

Dussehra (*Dusa*, a lamp, and *Ara*, a row), “the feast of lamps,” is a festival on the new moon of *Asvika*, celebrated in honour of the goddess *Kali*, or *Bhavana* who was formerly propitiated by human sacrifice, and of Vishnu’s victory over the demon *Taraka*. The festival, however, seems to be more peculiarly connected to *Lakshmi*, or the goddess of prosperity. The feast begins on the 14th day of *Asvina* and termed *Dhanatrayotsava* (the *Dhan* wealth, 1 *traya* 13th,) and begins now count their stars and perform Puja to their wealth. It is celebrated for a period of five days, during which horses are cleaned, whitewashed, and illuminated, a quadrangular floor called *Kumudimandapa* is made in front of the house, and painted with different coloured powders. Gambling is very roughly carried on, and is the chief recreation of the feast. All the treasure in the house is collected and worshipped under the name of *Lakshmi*, the goddess of wealth, a light is made and dedicated to *Lama*, the god of the infernal regions, and every preparation made for the succeeding morning. Fire works, crackers, spouters, &c., are displayed. The 14th is *Narak Chaturdasi*. (*Nara* hell, *Chaturdasi*, 14th.) On it Vishnu is said to have killed *Narakasura*, a giant, and entered his city early in the morning when the people illuminated the city and received him with great joy and acclamation, and the women having adorned themselves went before him with lighted lamps. The Hindus keep this day to commemorate this great conquest. They get up early in the morning, fill the house with lights, rub their bodies with perfumed ointment, and bathe themselves with hot water. No member of the family is left unbathed, new clothes and ornaments are put on, and the children are decorated. When this is done, the mistress of the house performs a sort of ceremony called *Arti*—placing wicks either in silver or brass dishes, symbolical of the removal of all their difficulties and of a happy year—when each male member makes her a present of money, sweetmeats are distributed and friends are invited to dinner. The 30th, *Amavasya* or the 1st day of the moon, is the day of *Saraswati*, the goddess of learning, the same is *Lakshmi*, the goddess of wealth. It is known by the name of *Vadhipujan*, or the worship of the shops. Thus day the *Vikramaditya Samvat* year ends. All the merchants close their accounts

this evening. New journals, ledgers and day books are brought and worshipped through a Brahman priest, new entries are made in the account books, writers are sent to different shops with money to credit in their names on this auspicious evening. Sarasvati is invoked to render the subsequent year prosperous, and to be with them throughout, then the Brahmans are sufficiently paid for their labours, and the servants receive a present of money according to their ranks. This day is celebrated by all classes of people—Baniyas, Parsis, Muhammadans, &c.—*Idi. 14th and 15th October.*

BAHĪ PRATIPADA—The first day of Kartik Shud is Bahiraj, the day of king Bah. On it Bah was sent to Patal or the lower regions by Vishnu, for his great merit. The Hindus rise very early in the morning, prepare lights, clean their houses, wash their bodies, and fill a basket with all the rags and rubbish in the house, put a lighted lamp over it, and throw it out side of the house, repeating the words—"Let all misery and trouble go, and the kingdom of Bah come." After ablution, the women make an image of Pālī Rāj and worship it, and presents are given to the Brahman and other mendicants.—*Idi. 16th October.*

BHAU BĪJA—The 2nd day of Kartik Shud is Yama Dwitīya, which is commonly known by the name of Bhauji. This day it is said Yama, the king of the infernal regions, went to his sister to dine, and to perpetuate the memory of this, the Hindus must go to their sister-in-laws and take them meals with them, and make them a present of money or gold ornaments, and thank the king who they imagine will save them from the punishment of their sins.—*Idi. 17th October.*

KARTIK TRAYODASHI—Is the eleventh day (in some years the twelfth) of the light half of the month Kartik, and is celebrated in honour of the Vishnu. On this day the god is supposed to have finished his slumber of four months—a slumber which has reference to the sun being at the winter solstice.—*Idi. 27th October.*

KARTIK PURNIMA—Is the full moon of the month Kartik. On the 15th of this month, as well as of Magh, Ashad, and Vaisakh, which days are called "Dinmūlāya Kuni," gifts of *Pradama* is considered indispensably necessary. Shiva is said to have given this victory at this season over the monster "Irishasura,"—the demon of the three cities." This demon is said to have become so powerful that he defeated almost all the gods, and drove them out of their habitations, when they went to Kailas, the abode of Shiva, and represented to him their grievances. Shiva assured them that the evil would soon be removed and sent them back to their homes. He made a war of the earth, the whole of which were the sea and the moon, Brahma was chosen his charioteer, the mountain Himalaya formed his bow, and Vasuki, the king serpent, his bowstring, Vishnu himself became his quiver. Thus equipped Shiva rode out and destroyed the mighty giant after a struggle. To perpetuate the memory of this event, the Hindu women get up in the morning about two o'clock, wash themselves in cold water, repair to the temple of Shiva, and worship his image. Afterwards they return home, and present a Brahmin with a lighted lamp, made either of silver, copper, or brass according to their ability, along with some fruits and dākshina—present in kind or cash, this is called *Dipdān* or present of a lamp. On the evening illumination is made in the temples of Shiva, and a pillar of stone is built in front of all of them for this special occasion. A great fair is held in Sonitay at Warkeshwar; it is kept for three days. The Hindus, both the rich and poor, Brahmans and Shudras, go there and worship the image of Shiva, and buy sweetmeats and toys for their children. Some of the wealthier Hindus remain there with their families for three or four days in the Dharmashala, or inn built by them, but the poor return the same evening. During the evening hundreds of Rajputs are busily spent in hiring conveyances and purchasing sweetmeats and toys.—*Idi. 31st October.*

CHAMPA SHASTI—Is celebrated to Khindiba on the 6th of Margashirsh shud. Fairs are held wherever there is a shrine of that idol. At Jijori in the Dakhan, between Samwad (Sawoon) and Satara a great meeting from distant places annually takes place, where hook swinging used to be practiced. *Bhandu*, a mixture of powdered turmeric and another substance, and *Champa* flowers, are held sacred on this day. Pretended exorcists keep shouting "likit," and give *Bhandar*, as of supernatural efficacy, to their followers. The devotees of Khindiba are prevented from eating brinjals previous to this day.—*Idi. 20th November.*

DATTA JAYANTI—Is held as the anniversary of the birth of Datta on the 14th of Margashirsh shud. At night a Haridas preaches kirtan, narrating the traditional circumstances of the birth of his godship.—*Idi. 29th November.*

HINDU BIRTH CEREMONIES.

Different ceremonies are prescribed by the Shastras to be observed at the period of conception, and in the different stages of pregnancy. "Jat-Karan" is to be performed at the birth of the infant, and consists in giving it a drop of honey out of a golden spoon before dividing the navel-string. When a father first sees his son he is required to take a piece of gold in his hand, offer a sacrifice to Brahma, and smear the forehead of the child with the ghs left on his fingers on finishing the sacrifice. A string of 7 or 9 threads and 5 blades of *Durba* grass is to be bound by the father round the child's wrist. Other rites are to be observed on naming the child twelve days after birth, on bringing him outside the house when three months old—on feeding him with the hand at six months—and if a male, on shaving his head at the age of three years.

HINDU MARRIAGE CEREMONIES.

Among the Brahmans the male may be married at any time after the "Mun" or investiture with the sacred thread, which is done within the age of eight years, and among other castes at any age. The female should not be ten years old, and her age must be less than that of her husband, and she should be married before the appearance of the signs of puberty. The Shastras mention eight kinds of marriage, but only one is observed by the higher castes, named "Brahma," when the charges are severally incurred by the fathers of the parties. The principal marriage ceremonies among Brahmans are the *Lagnaputraka*, or writing by the Jishi or Astrologer of the names of the parties and the day and hour at which the wedding is to take place, the *Saptapathi*, or walking round a fire three times, at each time taking seven steps, and tying together the garments of the parties; and the "hom" or burnt offering, after which the contract is irrevocable. The girl is given away by her father in his own house, in which it is usual for her to remain till the appearance of the signs of puberty, after which she proceeds to the residence of her father-in-law, where her husband also resides, or to that of the latter, should it be otherwise. Particular months and junctions of the planets are prescribed for the celebration of marriages in different castes, as also the same customs in different provinces have their peculiar ceremonies. *Phallasambandh* is the performance of certain ceremonies on the occurrence of the first menstruous symptoms.

HINDU DEATH CEREMONIES.

On the death of a man the performance of his funeral obsequies (*Kriyas*) and of the monthly and annual purificatory ceremonies, involves on his heir. The principal times for performing "Shradh" are eleven days after death, secondly, every month, and thirdly, on the anniversary of the death. Brahmans are unck in only for ten days after the death of a relation,—the military class for twelve,—the mercantile for fifteen—but Shudras for thirty. Among the Hindus, generally the body of the deceased is burnt, but that of an infant under two years of age is buried. The "Shradh" consists in the offering of rice, flowers, waters, &c to the deceased and to his manes, in order to enable his soul to ascend to the heaven of the Pitras, or great progenitors of the human race.

MUHAMMADAN FESTIVALS

MUHAMMADAN—(Ar. Muharram, most sacred). A celebrated mourning held annually in remembrance of the first alleged martyrs of the Shi'ah Mussalmans—Hasan and Hussein—from whom the whole race of Sayids is descended. Hasan and Hussein were the two sons of Ali, the cousin, and Fatima, the daughter of Muhammad; and after the murder of their father A. H. 40 by the contrivances of the Kalf Yazid, the son of Muawiah, they with their families removed from Shawn or Kufa the capital to Medina. The elder Hasan was poisoned by an emissary of the usurping Kalf A. H. 49, and after several years, the people of Shawn being tired of king Yazid's tyrannical rule, invited Hussein to return to the capital and assume his lawful right as Imam (leader of the faithful). Before accepting this invitation, Hussein sent Moslem, his cousin, as a messenger, to report the true state of affairs to him, but on his arrival with his two sons at Shawn, he was murdered with all his retinue at Karbala in Turkish Arabia on the 10th day of the Arab month Muharram A. H. 61. Zainu'l-'Abidin, the eldest son of Hussein, alone escaped, (9th October A. D. 680). This forms the subject of the ten days' weeping during the Muharram. The Muhammadans are divided into two distinct sects, called the Shi'ahs and the Sunnis. The former regard Ali and his descendants Hasan, Hussein, Zainu'l-'Abidin, Muhammad Baqar, Jafar Sidak, and Ismail bin-Jafar Sidak, as the lawful leaders after Muhammad, and the latter the Kalifas, as Abubakar, U'mar U'man &c.,—hence quarrels, animosities, and dislikes are hoarded up to be avenged during the

MUHAMMADAN FESTIVALS.

Muharram. The festival begins when the new moon of the first month (Muharram) becomes visible. Including the *Ziyarat*, or "visiting the grave," it lasts till the 13th; but the fast is only for 10 days, and is hence called '*Ashura*, from the Arabic word signifying ten. Houses are appropriated for the mourning ceremonies, and called '*Ashur khana* 'ten day house,'—*la iva khana*, 'house of lamentation'—and *Astana* threshold or *fakir's* residence. The mourning assemblies of the rich are held morning and evening in the *Imambaras* during the Muharram, when the head priest or preacher recites a subject for each day's service, from the various books descriptive of the life and sufferings of Hasan and Husain. The *Marsiya*, a poetical composition embracing the whole of the subject they commemorate, is chaunted, the names of their lawful leaders are recounted with blessings, and that of the usurpers, the *Kalifas*, with curses. *Laziyas* (a term signifying grief, applied to a representation of the mausoleum erected over the remains of Imam Husain at Karbala,) made of ivory, ebony, sandal wood cedar, and some wrought in silver filigree,—and indeed of every variety of material, from pure silver to bamboo and paper, varying in size and appearance, according to the taste and ability of those who build them. Before these incense is burned and other rites are performed. The *Tabuts*, it is said, are peculiar to India. They are not built by the inhabitants of Persia and Arabia. Many Muhammadans regard them with strong disapprobation, but in Bombay the larger portion of them unite in building *Tabuts*. These are taken out, and, accompanied with music, carried in procession through the *Bhendi Bazar* from midnight of the ninth until three o'clock of the morning of the tenth day, and again from two till six o'clock on the afternoon of the same day, on their way to the beach in the Back Bay, where the greater part of the *Tabuts*, after being stripped of whatever is of value, are cast into sea. The moment the new moon is seen a spade is struck into the earth: this is called '*la iva masana*, and at this spot a pit is dug two or three days afterwards, in which a bonfire, called *allaqua*, is kindled. At night men dance round the fire, fencing with swords, and springing through the flames, crying 'Yi Ali! Shah Hasan! Shah Husain! Dulha! "bridegroom," &c.

On the night of the 7th a representation of *Burak*, the horse or mule, on which Muhammad is said to have ascended to heaven, is brought out. On the 10th a bier called '*talit* or '*talit* is carried in procession. The Indian Shiahs Muhammadans who do not unite in building the *Tabuts*, are accustomed to go on this occasion to the mosque for five successive evenings to listen to the account of the death of Husain. "On the morning of the 10th of Muharram they resort to the open Court of the *Imambana*. A *Mulla* reads the story of the martyrdom, and as he becomes eloquent the auditors beat their bare breasts and weep aloud, every now and then giving utterance to cries of lamentation—'Wai! Wai! Husain kush to alad!' A kind of ring is meanwhile cleared among the devotees, for the passage of a procession, and then amid intense excitement three horses are led in. Little children representing the children of Husain, with blood-stained clothes, are mounted on these horses, surrounded by large numbers of mourners wailing and chanting, and as the procession moves forward, headed by six banners—among which is the green standard of 'Ali,—the riders of the horses throw ashes over their heads. A figure borne on a bier, representing the decapitated body of Husain, covered with blood and wounds, is brought in, from which broken arms stick out, with a white dove hovering above it. The profoundest grief is now exhibited by the spectators. Walking round and round the ring, the mourners now and again form circular groups of a dozen or twenty, and bending inwards to the ground, beat their breasts, crying "Hai! Hai! Husain!"

Their demonstrations of grief, however, are not equal to those of the Mughuls and Persians, who, while listening to the recital, weep aloud, and smite violently upon their breasts. These are accustomed to meet at the *Ma-jid* in Mirza Muhammad Ali Khan Street. Some two or three horsemen, bearing flags, enter the large yard adjoining the *Imambana* with loud wailings, and are followed by two horses caparisoned, to represent those which were for the use of the fallen Husain. One person on horseback, with a long sword apparently run through the head, and covered with blood joins in the wailings. A female infant in deep mourning, sitting at the door of a small mausoleum which is carried on the shoulders of men, constantly casts ashes or cut straw upon her head, in token of grief. These pass round in a circle, accompanied or followed by a company on foot, who beat upon their breasts, crying, "Hai Hasan! Hai Husain!" This festival is with the Sunnis a mere farce. Before the martyrdom of Hasan and Husain this fast was observed as a feast, and is still reckoned one of the lesser '*Idas*.—*Vide 24th April to 4th May.*

AKHRI CHAHAR SHAMBAH.—A lesser 'Id, or festival, held on the last Wednesday of *Safar* on account of Muhammad having, it is said, recovered a little on this day during his last illness, and taken a bath for the last time. It is usual to write out seven benedictions, wash off the writing while the ink is fresh, and drink it. It is proper to bathe, put on new clothes, prepare sweetmeats, walk in gardens, and repeat prayers on this day.—*Vide 17th June.*

HARI WAFAT—(Ud bar, great, Ar. *wafat*, death) a fast held on the 13th of *Rabi'ul awal*, in memory of the death of Muhammad A. H. 11. The *Kadam rasul*, (Prophet's foot) the impression of a foot on stone, or the *nu-i mubarak* (the sacred hair of Muhammad) is brought forth and honoured. On the nights of the 11th and 12th processions take place.—*Vide 4th July.*

PIR I DARIGIR—Is a festival held on the 11th of *Rabi'ul san* in honour of Sayyid 'Abdul Kadir Ghilani or Pir Pusan, a celebrated saint who has 96 names. He was a Suh doctor, born in Ghilan, who taught at Baghdad, where his tomb is still revered as sacred. Sadi, who studied under him, mentions him in his *Gulistan*. On this day, and during the ravages of cholera or any plague, it is customary to carry a large green flag in his name. Vows are made to him for offspring. His master's son Sayyid Ahmad Kabir is the patron of the remarkable religious mendicants called *Gurmar*.—*Vide 1st August.*

CHIRAGAN I ZINDAH SHAH MADAR.—A festival held on the 17th of *Jamada'l-awal* in honour of Badi'ud din, a Syrian saint who is said to have dwelt at Makhannpur in Oudh, and to have lived to a great age, or to be yet alive, whence he is styled *Zindah*, living. A fair that lasts 17 days is held at his tomb or cenotaph, which is visited annually by about a million of pilgrims. *Dam Ma'lar*, "the breath of Madar" is supposed to be a charm against snake-bites, the violence of fire and all other evils. His flag is black and black cows are sacrificed in his name. *Vide 5th September.*

URAI KADIR WAI.—A festival in honour of Khwajah Muw'id-din Chiraki, or Kadir Wali is held on the 11th of *Jumad'i-l-akhir*. This Sunni saint was born in Bijapur A. H. 527, and came to Ajmir in the reign of Kutb'ud din Ibak (A. H. 602-607), where he married the daughter of Sayyid Husain Mahshidi though a Shiab. A magnificent mosque was built near his tomb at Ajmir, where he died A. H. 628, by the Emperor Jehangir, A. H. 1027. He has also a shrine at Nagar near Nagarpatan. He is held in special reverence by the *Mapillas*. *Vide 29th September.*

MIRAJ I-MUHAMMAD in commemoration of the alleged ascension of Muhammad when the Angel Gabriel mounted him on *Barak* and conveyed him to heaven. The ascent is related to in the 17th Sur of the Koran. It is held on the 27th of *Rajab*, though *Kutub al Waki* says the *Miraj* happened on the 17th *Ramazan*. *Vide 18th November.*

SHAB I BARAT or 'Night of record' is one of the three lesser 'Ids and is held on the 16th *Shaban*, when, they say, the actions of men for the ensuing year are recorded. It is passed in mirth with illuminations and fireworks. The whole night should be spent in reading the *Kuran* and a fast observed next day.—*Vide 2nd Dec.*

RAMAZAN KA ROZAH—This Muhammadan fast commences from the morning after the new moon of *Ramazan* is first observed, and is kept each day throughout the month of this name, from 1 A. M. or when the first streak of light borders the eastern horizon, till the stars are clearly discerned in the heavens. During the whole period not the slightest particle of food, not a single drop of water, or any other liquid, should pass the lips. Each day during the fast is passed in occasional prayer, besides the usual *namaz*, and in reading the *Kuran* or the lives of the prophets.—The fast is first broken by a cooling draught called *Dandhi*, the same which is used in fevers. It is composed of the seeds of lettuce, cucumber, and melon, with coriander, well pounded, and afterwards diluted with cold water; sugar, syrup of pomegranate and *kurat*, are also added, the whole preparation is made in the *zenana*, and then drunk by basins full by all true *Rozedhars*. Plain boiled rice, with *dhi* (sour curd) and sugar, forms the first morning's repast of the 'Id, and dried dates are eaten with it, in remembrance of the prophet's family, whose greatest luxury was supposed to be the dates of Arabia. On the 20th or 21st the Shiabs celebrate the night of 'Ali, the nephew and adopted son of Muhammad, who is said to have died on one of these two nights. They perambulate the streets carrying a *tabut* and beating their breasts. The night of the 27th is called *Lailatu'l-haki*, or 'night of power' because it is said the *Kuran* descended from heaven on that night. It should be observed as a vigil. On this night the Ghair Mahdis, or the Pathan sect who assert that the 12th Imam, Mahdi, has come and gone, used to have encounters with the Sunnis and Shiabs, and those killed were supposed to be rewarded as martyrs.—*Vide 16th December and 22nd January.*

'IDU'L-FITR — "The festival of breaking fast," called also *Ramazan* *h'id*, and "the feast of alms" is celebrated on the 1st Shawal. On this day Muhammadans are required to bathe, put on new clothes, apply antimony to the eyes, and perfume themselves; then to distribute the *fitr* or *sadaqah*, which is 2½ sars of wheat, dates, or any grain used for food, given to the poor or religious mendicants. All then proceed to the *Idqah* repeating "God is great. There is no God but God." The mulla ascends the *minbar* or pulpit, and after a short thanksgiving reads the *Khutbah* or Friday sermon. He then descends to the lowest step (which with the Shi'ahs is the third, but the fourth with the Sunnis,) and recounts the virtues of the king and prays for him. Then a general prayer is made and the congregation rise with a shout of *Dia*! — "Faith!" and fire off muskets. The evening is spent in rejoicing and merriment. In every house the same dainties are provided, every amusement that can be thought of is indulged in, the rich women in the apartments of the men, and the *dimmis*, a class of singers who exhibit before females only, in those of the women, are in great request on the last day of *Ramazan*, when the matron of the mansion sits in state to receive *nazars* from inferiors, and to grant favours to others — *Vide* 26th and 27th January.

OKARAGHAN-I BANDAH NAWAY. — A festival on the 16th of *Zu'l Kadah*, 's held in honour of a saint called *Bandah Nawa*, "the slave-chamber," and "*Gisu daru*," "the long ringletted," whose shrine is at Gulbarga in the Nizam's territories — *Vide* 10th March.

BAKARI-ID or **ID-I-KURBAN** — (Ar. *Bakar* a bull, *Kurban*, a sacrifice.) This is a feast held on the 10th *Zu'l Hijjah* in honour, it is said, of Abraham intending to offer up Ismail, who, they aver, was chosen as the offering to the Almighty, and not Ishak, grounding their assertions on traditions which they deem conclusive evidence on the subject. The offering thus made is annually commemorated by the sacrifice of animals, such as camels, cows, sheep, goats, kids, or lambs, according to each person's means, which answer the double purpose of honouring the memory of Abraham and Ishmael, and also assisting as a meal. The followers of Muhammad believe that the entrance to Paradise is guarded by a bridge *Pul sirat* as narrow as a scythe, affording a precarious and unstable footing. To enable them, therefore, to pass without danger, they believe that the animals they have sacrificed at the 'Id will be present to lend their aid in helping them over with lightning celerity. This festival, called by the Arabs '*Id al'zha*, 'day of sacrifice,' and the '*Id'iftir*, are the two great festivals of the Muslims. In A. H. 1 Muhammad kept the Ashor or Jewish fast of the Atonement on the 10th day of the 7th month, but next year his relations with the Jews being altered he substituted for it the '*Id al'Zoha*, grounded on the ceremonies then current at Makka, and on the 12th of *Zu'l Hijjah* he sacrificed two fatted sucking kids, with budding horns, — the one for his followers and the other for himself and his family (see Leviticus xvi) — *Vide* 3rd April.

MUHAMMADAN BIRIH CEREMONIES

After the 7th month of pregnancy, families that have the means celebrate the *sabansa* (seventh month) with great rejoicings, dress the women in new clothes, and deck her with flowers. In the 9th month the *Rathaja* (from *rat*, night, and *jagna* to watch) is similarly kept. A *kathar*, (dagger,) a lemon, and Limb leaves are placed near her head to ward off misfortune, and her drink is boiled water in which a piece of red hot iron has been plunged. After the birth, she is allowed only *achwans* (candle) for the first six days. An iron plate and a broom is placed in a corner of the room as a spell against evil spirits, and if any stranger enter on the 6th and 40th days rue is thrown on the fire to prevent evil. Dogs and cats are carefully kept away, and the latter must not even be named. After swaddling, the summons to prayer must be uttered aloud in the infant's right ear and the Muslim creed in the left. Before it is put to the breast some pious man must dip his finger in honey and put it into the infant's mouth. The mother's relatives and friends go together to the house and place blades of grass in the father's hair, for which he has to make them a present. Until the *chilla* (40th day) the mother is regarded as unclean, and may neither pray, touch the Kuran, or enter the Masjid. Certain ceremonies are then performed for her purification, and a sacrifice of two he-goats for a boy, or one for a girl, is sometimes offered. The child is also shaved, the hair is placed on a raft, a prayer repeated over it in the name of Khizr or Elias, and then launched into the stream. A lock of hair is sometimes allowed to grow in honour of some saint.

MUHAMMADAN MARRIAGE CEREMONIES.

Betrothal takes place at a very early age, and the marriage is celebrated when the bridegroom is 18 and the bride at most 18 or 14. *Madawazimvan*, female emissaries, are employed to report the charms or wealth of certain eligible girls. Astrology is then consulted. The ceremonies of betrothal are such as the distribu-

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tion of betel-nut leaves, the bridegroom going on horseback with musicians to the house of the bride to offer presents, sending sweet cakes from the bride to the bridegroom, treading the threshold when the bride's mother gives the bridegroom a gold ring, money, and a handkerchief, and tasting salt in the bride's house—previous to which the bridegroom must only eat sweet things there. Then follow ceremonies of anointing and bathing and the preparation of the wedding garments. Among the marriage ceremonies are the conveying of the bridegroom's gifts to the house of the bride, and of the wedding finery to the bridegroom's. Then the bridegroom gaily dressed rides first to the masjid, and after repeating three prayers there, to the bride's house, where, before he is allowed to enter, he must give presents to her friends. He is carried in by a man whose advance is resisted till further presents are made. The Kasi or his substitute after taking two veils from the bridegroom's face, makes him repeat in Arabic certain suras of the Kuran,* &c. The bridegroom next repeats the marriage contract, and the hand of the bride is joined in his,—the Kasi repeating a prayer that the couple thus wed may be as loving as Adam and Eve, Abraham and Sarah, &c.

MUHAMMADAN DEATH CEREMONIES

When a Muhammadan is dying a reader of the Kuran is brought to read the *surat al-yasin* and two creeds. Sweet sharbat is then poured into the throat of the dying person, with the belief that it facilitates the exit of the spirit. After death the body is placed in a coffin, and with parade suited to the rank of the departed, it is carried to the burial ground, where a tent or *kanat* is pitched near the tomb. Here the body is bathed and dried, and powdered camphor rubbed on the hands, feet, knee, and forehead, the parts which daily touch the ground in prayer. The body is then wrapped in a calico winding sheet on which certain suras of the Kuran have been written. The religious Muhammadan generally prepares his own sheet in his life time, adding passages of the Kuran from time to time. The coffin is carried to the grave by the relations, repeating as they go, "There is no God but God, and Muhammad is the prophet of God." The Kasi reads the funeral service for the poor, and the nearest relation or other friends for the wealthy. It consists of four confessions of faith and one benediction. The body is then placed in the grave on its back with the head to the north and the face towards Makka or the west. Each person takes up a little earth, and repeating the 112th sura or the passage—"We created you of earth, and return you to earth, and we shall raise you out of the earth on the resurrection day," then puts the earth gently into the grave. The *Ka'iah*, "I offer this prayer for such a one," is then said first for the person just buried and then for all in the graveyard. Then the 1st and 11th suras are recited and alms distributed. On the 3rd day the whole Kuran is read through, and on the 10th, 20th, 30th, and 40th days various ceremonies are gone through. *Katibah* is repeated after every three months for a year.

PARSI FESTIVALS.

The festivals of the Parsis are celebrated with little outward pomp. Their holidays are mostly occupied in prayers in the morning, and festivities and rejoicings during the rest of the day. The emperor Akbar adopted their "Naoroz," and fourteen other festivals for the observance of those who were attached to his favourite doctrines of the *Ilahi Din* or the "Religion of God," which he fruitlessly endeavoured to introduce among his people.

GAHA—The day is divided into five watches or *Gahs* or *Ughs*, (in winter four)—1 *Hairan*, from sun rise till noon, which is under the protection of Mithra, 2 *Rapithvan* or *Kip tan* (omitted in winter) from noon till about 3 o'clock, under the protection of Asha vahishta or Ardibehast, &c., 3, *Ushayin* or *Ushayan*, from about 3 o'clock till sunset, or till the stars appear, 4 *Amushushim*, from sunset till midnight under the especial care of the Fravashis or farshbars, and, 5, *Ushahin* from midnight till the disappearance of the stars, or till sunrise, which is under the care of Beroosh or Seroosh, the Heavenly Watcher as its *hamkar*. For each *gah* there are special prayers appointed.

PATPI, NAOROZ, or NEW YEAR'S DAY—The 1st of Farvardin—This day is celebrated in honour of the accession of Yerdird, the last king of the Sassanid dynasty, who was dethroned by the Khalifa Umar about A.D. 630. After prayers the Parsis visit their friends and relations, when the "Hama jur" or "joining of hands" is performed. This ceremony is a sort of greeting corresponding to the wishing each other a happy new year. Their friends and relations are invited to breakfast. They spend the rest of the day in feasting and rejoicing. Alms are also given to poor in the course of the day, and new suits of clothes presented to servants and dependents.—See 25th August and 22nd September.

* The 100th, 112th, 114th and 116th

RAPITHWIN OR RAPITWAN.—The 3rd day of Farvardin is sacred to Ardibehist, the Amshaspand presiding over light and heat. On this day is performed the *African Rapithwin*, devoted to the genius presiding over the southern quarters, and who is guardian of the paths to Garotman (*Garodemana* or *paradise*).—See 25th August and 24th Sept.

KHORDAD-SAL.—Is the supposed anniversary of the birth of Zoroaster, who they say was born in the city of Reh, in the North of Persia in the reign of Darius Hystaspes, about 530 years before Christ. The Parsis themselves, however, differ as to the exact time of birth of their prophet, a part of them fix the period at B. O. 889, others at B. O. 638. Religious ceremonies are performed in the morning by the women of the family and the priests, the men, as usual on such occasions limiting themselves to private prayers. On this day a great vic ovy is said to have been gained over *Ahak*. Khurdad is an Amshaspand presiding over water, vegetation, and all kinds of fruits and produce, in Zend he is called *Haurvatat*.—See 28th Aug and 27th Sept.

AMARDAT SAT OR VALAVA.—This holiday, which falls on the 7th, the day immediately after the preceding festival, appears to have no origin in the books of the Parsis. It is merely kept up as the continuation of the "Khurdad Sal" no religious ceremonies are required, and the day is spent in the enjoyment of epicurean pleasures. Amardat or Ameretat is the Amshaspand presiding over trees, and is usually coupled with Khurdad.—20th Aug and 28th Sept.

FARVARDIN.—Is the 19th day of the month Farvardin, and whenever the name of the day and of the month coincide it is sacred to the angel said to preside over the month, Farvardin, (from "Farvar, or farnhar, meaning 'soul' or 'spirit') is the Izad who presides over the souls of men. This day is specially set apart for the performance of ceremonies for the dead. The people attend on the hills at Chahapata where their "dakhmas" or "towers of silence" are situated, and there perform prayers for the dead. The Parsis are enjoined by their religion to preserve the memory of their dead by annual religious ceremonies performed in the house, but such of their friends as die on long voyages or in unknown places, and the date of whose death cannot be positively ascertained, are honoured by sacred rites on this day. The ceremony consists in preparing small round pieces of baked bread called "darnas," which are put on a tiny or other copper vessel, along with fruits and flowers over which the priest performs the prayers of the Baj.—See 10th Feb. and 10th Oct.

ARDIBEHIST.—Falls on the 3rd of the 2nd month, and as its name implies, is maintained in honour of Ardibehist Amshaspand, the angel controlling the sacred fire,—that element being one of the objects of worship.—See Sept 21th and 24th Oct.

MEDRO/IRAM. ("Maidhyo aremra," mid summer), is the first of the six "heads" or seasons of the year. These are believed to have been instituted in commemoration of the six periods of creation, in the first of which heaven was created. They are now called Gahanbars, and the first is celebrated from the 11th till the 15th day of Ardibehist, the 2nd month.—See 2nd to 6th Oct and 1st to 5th Nov.

KHORDAD JASAN.—Is a feast held on the 6th day of the 3rd month in honour of the Amshaspand Khordad.—See 27th October and 26th Nov.

MEDISHAM. ("Maidhyo shema," mid winter), is the second of the Gahanbars, and is held in commemoration of the creation of the waters. It is celebrated from the 11th to the 15th of Iir, the 1st month.—1st Dec and 1st Jan.

TIR JASAN.—In the middle of Medisham, on the 13th of Iir, this festival occurs. It is kept in honour of the star *Istrya* (Istar, in Persia) the planet Mercury, the Watcher of the East, as *Satavaca* is of West, Vanant of the South and Haptoringa of the North. *Istrya* is called the giver of wealth, and is said to bring down the water from celestial ocean in *Vouru Kasha* to the earth to fertilize it. He defeats and expels the *Parikas* (fairies), who fall like "worm-stars" between heaven and earth into the sea *Vouru kasha* (to prevent the waters coming out), but *Istrya* enters it in the shape of a horse, and causes the waters to overflow on the earth. He is opposed by the *Deva Apaosha* in the shape of a black horse, and is powerless to defeat him unless he is addressed by the prayers of men. Hence his worship was compulsory in times of drought.—See 3rd Dec and 3rd Jan.

AMARDAT JASAN.—This feast is held on the 7th day of Amardat, the 5th month in honour of the Amshaspand Amardat.—See 27th Dec and 27th Jan.

SHAHREVAR JASAN.—Is held on the 4th day of the 6th month, in honour of Shah-revar (*Achashvarya vairyas*) the Amshaspand presiding over hills and mountains, and over mines, gold, and silver.—See 24th Jan and 3rd Feb.

PYASHAM. (*Pavsha-haya*, spring) is the 3rd of the Gahanbars, held from the 28th to the 30th of the 6th month, in commemoration of the season of the creation of the earth.—See 15th—19th Feb. and 16th,—20th March.

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THE NAOROZ—The Naorozi-Jamshid, or the Naorozi-Sultan,—the king's day. This festival falls about the 21st day of March, and corresponds with the Vernal Equinox. This day is observed by the modern Persians, the Arabs, the Turks, and several other Asiatic nations for the computation of the solar year, and for State purposes, such as the collection of revenue, and the arrangements for the agricultural operations of the year. In Persia this festival is kept for several days with unusual pomp by all the inhabitants, whether Muhammadans or Parsis. In India it is simply a day of rejoicing.—*See 20th March*

MITHR JASAN—The angel or Izd presiding over, and directing the course of the sun is called *Mithra* (Pers. *mishur*, i. e., friend). He also presides over truth and friendship and woods. His chief efficacy is at dawn and is the ruler of the watch Havanim. This feast is held on the 16th day of the 7th month.—*See 6th March and 6th April*

BIATHRPM—(*Avathrema*, the rainy season) is the fourth Gahanbar commemorating the season of the creation of trees. It is celebrated from the 26th to the 30th of Mehr.—*See 16th, 20th March, and 15th, 19th April*

AVAN JASAN or **AVA ARDUI SUR JASAN**—On the 10th day of the 8th month. In the Zend text, the name of the angel who presides over the sea, is *Ardušvira Anahstata* the mighty goddess Anahita or the ancient Persians, corresponding to the Mylitta of the Babylonians. The epithets which form her name refer to the celestial waters represented by her,† and over which she presides as well as over births. This festival is held in her honour, and the Parsis are required on this day to approach the sea shore, or any stream of water, and chant the Zend prayers. Offerings of sugar, coconuts, flowers &c., to the sea are common. In Bombay a fair is held on the Esplanade on the occasion of this festival.—*See 30th March and 29th April*

ADAR JASAN—*Adar*, another synonym for fire, is the name by which the ninth day of the month and the ninth month of the Parsi year is called. This is the most sacred of the twelve months, and the ninth day of it is held in great respect. On this day the fire temples are very much crowded, and offerings of sandal wood are made to the sacred flame, and money distributed among the priests.—*See 28th April and 29th May*

PARVARDIN JASAN—Is held on the 19th of Adar, and celebrated as the festival of the same name in the first month.—*See 8th May and 7th June*

DEH JASAN is held on the first day of the month Deh.—*See 20th May and 19th June*.
ZYINHOI DEH—On the 11th of Deh is held as the anniversary of the death of Zoroaster.—*See 30th May and 29th June*

MIDYARH, (*Maithrinjo*, the middle of the year), is the 5th of the Gahanbars during which season they say the animals were created. It is held from the 16th to the 20th of Deh.—*See 4th and 6th June and 4th and 6th July*

BAHMAN JASAN—On the 2nd of the 11th month is sacred to the Amshaspand presiding over the increase of mankind and useful animals. He is called in Zend *Vohumano*.—*See 20th June and 20th July*

ASPAHMAHAR or **SIPANDAHMAN JASAN**—Spenta Armaiti is one of the seven Amshaspandas, who presides over the earth as its genius, and is represented as the protector of animated beings. This festival in her honour is held on the 5th day of the month Asfandiyar or Isfandarmat.—*See 23rd July and 22nd Aug.*

The **MIKIADIN** is the name of a ceremony performed at the end of the Parsi year in honour of the Faruhars. It consists in keeping a place in the house neat and clean for ten days, where is placed a pile of brass or silver vessels filled with water, and raised from the ground on iron stools. Flowers and fruits are also placed there for the satisfaction of the faruhar, and religious ceremonies in honour of the dead are performed before the Mukhtads. The Parsi scriptures appear only to require that the last ten days of the year should be spent in deeds of charity, prayers, &c., the ceremony of the brass and silver vessels, &c. is borrowed from the Hindus. It begins on the 25th day of Asfandiyar.—*See 12th Aug and 11th Sept.*

MAHARASPAND JASAN—Maharaspand is the Izd said to preside over paradise, and this festival, held on the 20th day of the last month, is kept in honour of him.—*See 1st Aug. and 15th Sept.*

HAMAHMAIMADIN or **Hamarpathmaedava** is the last of the Gahanbars, and is held on the five days added at the end of the 12th month, and usually called the Gatha Gahanbar from the five Gathas of the Yasna, which with the Afrigan Gatha are specially employed on these days, and give separate names to each of them. The first Gatha is styled *Abunavati*, whence the day is usually called *Ahnavat* or *Ahunavat*, the second is called *Ustavati*, from the opening words *ustva ahmas* (hail him!) and hence the second day *Ustavat*, the third Gatha is *Spenta Mainyas* (from

the first words of it) and the corresponding day is *Sapantomad*; the fourth Gatha is *Vohukhashathra* (good possession), and the day *Vohukhashathra*, and the fifth Gatha and day are styled *Vahisfoista*. The 6th Gahanbar commemorates the creation of man.—*See* 18th, 22nd August and 17th and 21st September

On the Gatha days the Parsis rise early, and dress themselves in new suits of clothes, and those piously disposed say the prayers in their private residences, or attend the fire temples. The performance of the *Afrigan Gahanbar* is required at each of the six gahanbar seasons, as the *Afrigan Rapithwin*, is on the Rapithwin Jasan. Unless they duly perform these, they believe their souls will not be allowed to pass the bridge Chinvat which leads to heaven.

JEWISH FESTIVALS

The PASSOVER was instituted to commemorate the departure out of Egypt, because on the night preceding that departure, the destroying angel who slew the first born of the Egyptians passed over the houses of the Hebrews, they being marked with the blood of the Lamb, which for this reason was called the Paschal Lamb. It was celebrated on the 14th day of the first month (Abib) of the ecclesiastical year, and lasted seven days. A lamb, or, if that could not be found, a kid without blemish, was killed, roasted and eaten with unleavened bread and bitter herbs. The first Passover was eaten with their loins girded, their shoes on their feet, and their staves in their hands, that they might be in readiness for their journey. It is now kept on the 15th and 16th of Nisan.—*See* 7th and 8th March.

The FEAST OF PENSICOVR or SEBUOT was celebrated on the fifteenth day after the Passover, or the 6th and 7th of Sivan, and was a feast of thanksgiving to the Lord wherein they acknowledged his dominion over their country and their labours, by offering to him two loaves, as the first fruits of all their harvests. It also commemorated the giving of the law from Mount Sinai two years and fifty days after their departure from Egypt. The Hebrews counted seven weeks from the Passover, beginning on the second day of that solemnity, and hence called it the Feast of Weeks; but by the Christians it was called Pentecost, a name which signifies the Fiftieth Day.—*See* 27th and 28th May.

The FEAST OF TRUMPT was celebrated on the first day of their civil year (September), its commencement being proclaimed by sound of trumpet, and the day was kept solemn, all business being forbidden and certain sacrifices appointed to be offered.—*See* 17th and 18th Sept.

The FEAST OF TABERNACLES was instituted as a memorial of their fathers having dwelt in tents for forty years during the passage through the wilderness. It was kept from the 15th of the first month (Tisri) of the civil year, and lasted eight days, the first and seventh being the most solemn. During its continuance they lived in booths, tents, or arbours constructed of the branches and leaves of trees. On the first day they cut down branches of trees, with their fruit, which they carried in ceremony to the synagogue. Holding in the right hand a branch of a palm-tree, three branches of myrtle and two of willow, tied together, and having in their left hand a citron and its fruit, they waved them singing songs and crying "Hosanna!"—*See* 1st and 2nd October.

The FEAST OF DEDICATION or HANUCA was appointed to celebrate the re-establishment of Divine worship in Jerusalem, after Antiochus Epiphanes had been vanquished and the temple purified. It is observed for eight days from the 25th of Kislev, the third month (December), and is also called the Feast of Lights, from the illuminations which the Jews make during these days in their houses.—*See* 9th December.

The FAST OF PURIM falls on the 14th and 15th of the 6th month (Adar), and commemorates the defeat of Haman. On these days they give alms to the poor and presents to their friends.—*See* 8th and 9th March.

KIPUR—the 10th of the first month of the civil year is the DAY OF ATONEMENT on which they observe a fast from evening to evening, and bewail their sins.—*See* 28th September.

Other fasts were also instituted in later times connected with the siege of Jerusalem (10th of Tebet) 24th December, the capture of the city (17th of Tamuz) 7th July; the burning of the temple (9th of the Ab, or the 10th if the civil year begin on a Thursday) 28th July, and the death of Gedaliah on the 3rd of Tisri 10th September or the 14th if the 3rd be a Sunday.

Every seventh year was to the Jews a Sabbatical year; and Alexander the Great granted them an exemption from tribute on that year. After seven weeks or Sabbaths of years, that is, after seven times seven years, the great Festival of the Jubilee was celebrated. On the return of this fiftieth year every one resumed possession of his inheritance, whether it were sold, mortgaged, or alienated in any way.

Coins, Weights and Measures.

MONEY.

SILVER is the legally constituted medium of exchange in all money transactions throughout the British-Indian Possessions. Gold coin was intended to be a legal tender, at a fixed value of 16 rupees for the Gold-mohur of Calcutta, and 15 rupees for the Gold rupee of Madras and Bombay but it is not demandable in payment, and is left to find its current value in the market.

An Order in Council was promulgated, January 1811, authorizing officers in charge of public treasuries freely to receive gold coins struck in conformity with the provisions of Act A.VII of 1835 establishing the 15 rupee piece. This continued till December 1852, when the swelling tides of California and Australia began to pour their rich treasure over the globe, and, in apprehension that India would be inundated with gold, the proclamation of 1841 was hastily rescinded, and gold henceforth debarred from entrance into any of the public treasuries.

	Value Sterling.
3 Pie	20 0s. 0d.
12 Pie	0 0 0
16 Annas	0 0 1
15 Rupees	0 2 0
16 Rupees	1 10 0
100,000 Rupees	1 12 0
100 Lakhs	10,000 0 0
1 Pie	1,000,000 0 0
1 Paisa or 1/4 anna	
1 Anna	
= 1 Rupee	
= 1 Gold Rupee	
1 Gold Mohur	
1 Lakh	
= 1 Karor	

TABLE for reducing Annas and Pie to Decimals of a Rupee, and vice versa

anna.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11 pie
0	0000	0125	0250	0375	0500	0625	0750	0875	1000	1125	1250	0.00
1	0125	0250	0375	0500	0625	0750	0875	1000	1125	1250	1375	0.01
2	0250	0375	0500	0625	0750	0875	1000	1125	1250	1375	1500	0.02
3	0375	0500	0625	0750	0875	1000	1125	1250	1375	1500	1625	0.03
4	0500	0625	0750	0875	1000	1125	1250	1375	1500	1625	1750	0.04
5	0625	0750	0875	1000	1125	1250	1375	1500	1625	1750	1875	0.05
6	0750	0875	1000	1125	1250	1375	1500	1625	1750	1875	2000	0.06
7	0875	1000	1125	1250	1375	1500	1625	1750	1875	2000	2125	0.07
8	1000	1125	1250	1375	1500	1625	1750	1875	2000	2125	2250	0.08
9	1125	1250	1375	1500	1625	1750	1875	2000	2125	2250	2375	0.09
10	1250	1375	1500	1625	1750	1875	2000	2125	2250	2375	2500	0.10
11	1375	1500	1625	1750	1875	2000	2125	2250	2375	2500	2625	0.11
12	1500	1625	1750	1875	2000	2125	2250	2375	2500	2625	2750	0.12
13	1625	1750	1875	2000	2125	2250	2375	2500	2625	2750	2875	0.13
14	1750	1875	2000	2125	2250	2375	2500	2625	2750	2875	3000	0.14
15	1875	2000	2125	2250	2375	2500	2625	2750	2875	3000	3125	0.15

In a line with the annas in the left hand column, and in the same column with the pie at the top, the decimal is found. Thus the decimal corresponding to 7 a. 5 p. is .4685; and conversely, for .64, the value is found to be nearly 10 a. 3 p.

The value of a Rupee is generally assumed as equal to 2s. sterling. At the Calcutta Mint price of silver it is worth 2s. 0.085d.; at the Commercial par of Exchange 1s. 11.81d.; and at the London Mint price of silver it is worth 1s. 11.04d.

The Rupee weighs 180 grains troy, or one tola, and consists of 11 parts of silver and 1 of alloy. The Gold Rupee is of the same weight and standard. The Copper coins are the half anna weighing 200 grains; the quarter anna or paisa 100 grains, the half paisa, 50 grains, and the pie 35 grains.

In Bombay, accounts are still often kept in Rupees, quarters, and paces, 25 paces making one anna.

In Madras, accounts were formerly kept in Star Pagodas, fanams, and cash
 80 Cash = 1 Fanam or panam,
 48 Fanams = 1 Star Pagoda, Hum, or Varaha.
 The pagoda was of gold $19\frac{1}{2}$ carats fine, and intrinsically worth 7s. 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

INDIAN WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

The British-Indian weights established by Regulation VII. of 1833, and now for upwards of a quarter of a century in use in Bengal, are founded on the tola of 180 grains as a unit.

1.—BAZAR WEIGHT.

4 Sili, or quarters	= 1 Tola	Av. 180	grs. Troy.
5 Tola	= 1 Chhatank	" 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz. "
4 Chhatanks	= 1 Pauwa	" 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz. "
4 Pauwa	= 1 Ser or Seer	" 3 $\frac{1}{2}$	lb. "
5 Sers	= 1 Passeri	" 12 $\frac{1}{2}$	lb. "
8 Passeri, or 4 Sers	= 1 Man or maund	" 100	lb. "

The standard ser weighs 80 tolas or rupees, or 86 annas in copper coin.

Also 35 sers are equal to 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. avoirdupois; and 49 mans are equal to 36 cwt.

The pound avoirdupois weighs 38 $\frac{1}{2}$ tolas; and the pound troy 32 tolas.

The tola weighs 11.6638 French grammes; the man, 87.8243 kilogrammes; the gramme weighs 0.08573526 tolas; and the kilogramme 1.0716906 ser.

The Factory weight, adopted by the Bengal Government in 1787, was subdivided as in Bazar weight, only lighter 49 of any denomination of Bazar weight, being equal to 54 of the same denomination of Factory weight, and 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ Factory mans being equal to 1 cwt, or 1 Factory man equal to 74 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. or $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. Hence 1 Factory man = 0.907407 $\frac{1}{2}$ Bazar man. It is now disused.

In Bombay the following are the Local Weights in use —

1 Dhan or yav	= 1 Raktica or Gunj	2 1267	gr. tr.	0.1182	tolas.
8 Raktica	= 1 Masha	8 5089	" "	0.9453	"
4 Masha	= 1 Tank	2 4889	dr av.	37800	"
73 Tank, or 80 pa'is	= 1 Ser	11 $\frac{1}{2}$	oz. "	27 $\frac{1}{2}$	"
40 Sers	= 1 Man	28	lb. "	1088 $\frac{1}{2}$	"
20 Mans	= 1 Khandi	560	lb. "	6.8056	Imp. man.

The Khandi for Cotton is 28 mans or 784 lbs. avoird. or 7 cwt.

The "pakka ser" is 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. avoird. or 72.59 tolas At Panvel the ser weighs 72.83 tolas.

The British Indian or Imperial ser and man are 2.9387755 Bombay sers and mans respectively; and the Bombay man is 0.3402778 Imp. mans.

The Bombay ser weighs 317.51435 grammes, and the man 12.700594 kilogrammes.

At Poona.

The ser is 80 Ankanhi rupees or 70.66 standard tolas, or 1.9714 lbs. avoird. or 2.33004 lbs. troy = 0.958 B. l. ser.

4 $\frac{1}{2}$ Tanks	= 1 Chhatank	1.9714	or. av.	0.958	Imp. chhat.
1 Chhatank	= 1 Pau-see	7.8856	" "	3.833	" "
4 Paua	= 1 Ser	1.9714	lb.	0.958	" ser.
5 Sers	= 1 Passeri	9.857	" "	4.791	" "
8 Passeri	= 1 Man	78.856	" "	35.829	" "
8 Man or 120 Ser	= 1 Palla	28.657	" "	2.875	" man.
64 Pallas (80 mans)	= 1 Khandi	1577.12	" "	19.165	" "

Kachcha man of 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 14 sers are also used in the district.

In the Khed, Poorundhur and Bhimathadi talukas, the ser weighs 76 tolas; in Shriwner and Indapur, 76 $\frac{1}{2}$; in Pabal 77, and in Mawal 75 tolas.

At AHMEDNUGGER AND SHOLAPORE.

The British Indian or Imperial Weights are in use.

At Ahmednuggur the Palla is 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ mans.

At Sholapore;—1 Manki = 4 Dhara = 13 sers.

IN SATARA.

The ser varies in different localities from 92.76 tolas at Koley to 115 tolas at Mamdapur, in Satara city it is 98.25 tolas.

The British Indian Weights were declared by proclamation 1st August 1856 to be the only legal standard.

8 Mans = 1 Khandi = 659 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. av. = 23.510304 Bombay mans.

The Surat ser of 35 Surat tolas is variously stated from 36·4583 to 37 tolas, and the man from 87½ to 38 lbs. avoirdupois, the former being probably the more accurate determination, from which—

1 Surat ser = 455739 Brit. Ind. sera. | 1 Brit. Ind. sera. = 2·1942857 Surat sera.
1 " " = 1·839286 Bomb. sera. | 1 Bomb. sera. = ·746667 " "
The Khandi for Cotton is 21 mans, or 7 cwt. 3½ lbs.

IN KHANDEISH, &c.

The British Indian system is authorised.

AT BROACH, &c.

At Broach the ser is	40	tolas.
" Ahmod "	38·5	"
" Jambusar and Anklesar	88	"
" Wagra	87½	"
" Hansot	38·8125	"

AT MADRAS.

10 Pagodas	= 1	Palam.....	1½	oz, avoird.	3·036	toia.
8 Palams	= 1	Ser	¼	lb.	"	24·804 "
5 Sers	= 1	Via	3½	lb.	"	121·538 "
8 Via or 40 Sers	= 1	Mán.....	25	lb.	"	972½ "
20 Man	= 1	Khandi	500	lb.	"	6·0761 Imp. man.

The Madras man is 0·303819 British Indian mans, and the Brit. Ind. or Imp. man is 3·2914286 Madras man; 1 Bomb. man = 1·13 Mad. mans, and 1 Mad. man = 0·892867 Bomb. mans. The Madras man is sometimes stated at 30 lbs. troy or 0·5 Brit. Ind. mans equal to 24·0857143 lbs. avoirdupois, which makes the palam exactly 3 tolas and the Khandi 6 Brit. Ind. mans.

The Mangellin for pearls is 6 grains. 18 Mad. Chows = 53 Bombay Chows.

The Pagoda Weight = 52·56 grains.

2.—NATIVE JEWELLERS' WEIGHT.

	1	Dhan.....	¼	gr. Troy.
4 Dhan	= 1	Rati	1½	" "
8 Rati	= 1	Masha	15	" "
12 Masha	= 1	Tola	180	" "

A Dhan is 0·46875 gr. troy. or 0·0308745 French grammes.

GOLDSMITHS' WEIGHT.

2 Gunj	= 1	Wal.....	=	3·8222	gr. Troy.
4 Wal	= 1	Masha.....	=	15·3128	"
12 Masha	= 1	Tola	=	183·7536	"

Mashas, rati, dhans are employed in the native valuation of assay of the precious metals: thus "10 mashas fine," signifies 10-12ths pure, or the same as "10 oz. touch."

3.—MEASURES OF LENGTH.

The gaz or unit of lineal measure not only differs in different provinces of India, but also, like the ser, in the same province for different purposes. The English yards however, is rapidly becoming the only standard unit, especially where English education has obtained a firm footing.

3 Jan	= 1	Angli.....	3	in. or 10·05 mm.
4 Angli	= 1	Muthi	3	" 76·2 "
12 Angli	= 1	Big'hath or Bilisht.....	9	" 228·6 "
2 Big'hath or 24 Ang.	= 1	Bath or Cubit.....	18	" 457·19 "
2 Bath	= 1	Gaz or yard.....	3	ft. 914·38 "
4 Bath	= 1	Danda or Bam	3	yd. 1·8287 metres.
2000 Danda	= 1	Kos or Kros.....	4000	yds. 3657·5 "
4 Kros	= 1	Yojan	2½	m. 1430 "

In Bombay the half bath is called Vent; and the measuring rod or Kathi for land, according to Jervia, is 9·3644 feet. In Gujarat 5 bath make 1 Vaso or Kathi. In Western India almost every village has its own Kathi.

The Kos of the Ayia-akbari was about 2·58 miles, or 4540 yards, or 4150 metres. In the N. W. P.,—Delhi, Ludhiana, Ferozpoor, and part of Berar:—38 inches = 1 Nahi gaz, 3 li. gaz = 1 Bans or ganteh, and 20 bans = 1 Jarib. In Benares and Ghaseepore the gaz used by Mr. Duncan in the settlement of 1706 was 38·6 inches.

The Bengal Kos contains only 1,000 danda or dhanu. In surveying, 80 bath = 1 Rassi.

IN SINDH

The true Ilahi gas probably measured 32.6 to 32.8 inches, in Bareilly, Bulanshahr, Agra, &c., it is reckoned at 32.5 inches.

In Orissa the padua or rod is 10 1/2 feet in Tirhut the lagi is 9 1/2 feet, and in Jynteah the dastdari bath is 18.87 inches, and 16 baths make 1 null.

IN BOMBAY—FOR CLOTH.

2 Angah	= 1 Fasn	1 1/2 inch
24 Tash	1 G 7	27 "

In Luna, the gas is 34 1/2 in, but 1 1/2 ghah Cloth is sold by the yard.

IN BENGAL.

3 Ungal or Angli	1 Girih	2 1/2 inch.
8 Girih	1 H th	18 "
2 H th	1 G w	36 "

4—MEASURES OF SURFACE

In Bengal the following are used —

2 Square Hathas	= 1 Grudeh	2 1/2 sq ft
20 Grudeh	1 Chhatank	5 sq yds.
16 Chhatank	1 Kitha	80 "
20 Kitha	1 Bigha	1600 "

The Bengal bigha is 40/12 or 0.93305787 of an acre

The Benares and Ghazipore bigha contains 3,600 square Benares gas, or 3,136 square yards, or 647934 acre

IN BOMBAY, POONA, &c.

31 12/36 Square Hathas	1 Chith.
20 Kithiyas	1 Pail, or Vaso
20 Pand	1 Bigha
6 Bigha	1 Rikch
120 Bigha	1 Chaur

If the Bombay Kithi of 5 haths be exactly 9.3611 feet in state by Jervis, then Bigha will contain 35.7 1/2 sq yds — 15.25 are, but in other places it varies with the Kithi, which is the only real measure ever used in the central and southern part of the Bombay Presidency. In some places the survey chain of 66 feet has taken its place, and—

16 Annas or links	1 Gunta or chain
40 Guntas	1 Acre

IN GUJARAT

20 Khunt	1 Padtal.
20 Padtal	1 Palit
20 Palit	1 Vishwashi
20 Vishwashi	1 Vaso
20 Vaso	1 Vincho, Bigha or Dori

In the N. W. Provinces,—Delhi, Patna, Shahabad, Bunn, Bhulipore, and Meerghur the bigha of 3600 square Ilahi gas—4025 sq yards or 0.65 acre prevails, and is divided as follows —

20 Usawani or Nanwani	1 Saswani	21 5025 sq in.
20 Saswani or Janwani	1 Kachiwani	8 40112 sq ft
20 Kachiwani	1 Biswani	7 56125 sq yds.
20 Biswani	1 Liswa	151 1/2 "
20 Biswa	1 Bigha	30 1/5 "

1 Acre — 1.6 Delhi bigha The Orissa bigha is 1 acre or 4440 square yards

The Tirhut bigha, is 400 sq lagi — 4225 sq yds 872934 acre

IN MADRAS.

24 Grounds	= 1 Mani or Ground	2400 sq ft
The Kani	— 1 922914 acre	1 Kani 6 100 sq yds
		1 Acre 0 76620 Kani

5—LIQUID AND DRY MEASURES

India, properly speaking, does not possess dry or liquid measures. Where these are employed they represent the acre or the man weight. The value of any vessel of capacity rests solely on the weight contained in it. In S. and W. India an equal mixture of the principal grains is taken, and a vessel formed to hold a given weight of it.

In Bengal, the following are used for grain,—the conversion into English measure being derived from the capacity of a vessel holding a man of water or 1 1/35 bushels

6 Ohhatanks	— 1 Kunki	11 407 c in	0 5143 pts
16 Ohhatank	— 1 Ser	57 047 "	1 6447 "
4 Kunki	— 1 Bek	71 8 "	2 0471 "
4 Bek or 5 Ser	— 1 Payah, or droon	185 186 "	8 2446 "
8 Pih	— 1 Man	241 19 "	8 246 gal
20 Payah	— 1 Soah	5703 72 "	20 371 "

It may be remarked that the man of 8 4/9 gallons very nearly will form a very convenient dry measure, it would be a little larger than the English bushel, and ought to be a cylinder 8 in deep and 13 065 in. diameter, or 8 1/2 in deep and 18 197 in diameter

AT BOMBAY

36 Tanks	— 1 Tipari	0 7046 c in.	5 or av
2 Tipari	— 1 Ser	19 4093 "	11 "
4 Ser	— 1 Payah or Adhali	77 6367 "	2 1/2 lbs
16 Payah	— 1 Phara, or Fara	1842 3/16 "	41 "
8 Pharas or Fara	— 1 Khandi	99974 "	3 1/2 "
3 Fara	— 1 Mula	17 9715 c in	11 1/2 "
17 1/2 Payahs	— 1 Fara of Rice	1339 23 c in	60 1/2 gal
17 1/2 Payahs	— 1 Fara of other grain	1378 66 "	6 1/2 "
8 1/2 Payahs	— 1 Fara of lime or chunam	65 1/2 "	2 08 "

These faras are not regulated on any authority at present

FOR SALT IN BOMBAY

1 Adhvali	— 1 Adhvali	1 11745 pints
10 1/2 Adhvali	— 1 Fara, or Fara	57 1/2 gal
100 Fara	— 1 An	72 474 bush
16 An	— 1 Lash	114 1/2 lbs

The Fara for salt contains 1607 61 cub in hea and there is a ser for liquid oil 60 tolas, or about 1275 cub inches, that is 1 23 1/2 pint

AT POONA AND HOWRI TALUKA

8 Chiptin	— 1 Ser	39 93	Stand tolas
4 Sers	— 1 Adhali	1 116	" sers
4 Sers	— 1 Payah	3 412	" "
12 Payah or 48 sers	— 1 Man	45 183	" "
2 1/2 Man, or 12 sers	— 1 Palla	3 447	" man
3 Palla	— 1 Khunli	27 1/2	" "

According to Sykes, a Ser in the Deccan contains 3 4194 of lbs av of Jewell 11 c or 1 0417 quart. The Adhali is the largest measure in common use

The measures are all heaped and equal quantities of five sorts of grain give the equivalent weight in tolas

In Haweli Taluk	the Adhali is	212 tolas
" Akhed, Mawal and Indapora	"	216 "
" Poorunthur	"	222 "
" Bhimathadi	"	224 "
" Shiwner	"	213 "
" Pabal	"	230 "

AT HYDRABAD, &c (SINDH)

4 Chaotais	— 1 Patol	1 1743 Imp sers
4 Patols (375 77 tolas)	— 1 Goya	1 6471
4 Toyas	— 1 Kasa	15 7491
5 Kasas	— 1 Munli	13 1/2
12 Mundias, 60 Kasas	— 1 Khurwar	12 7 1/2

The values of these measures vary at different places: the Goya at Nagpur is 5 78 lbs, at Mithi 118, and at Belukh 164, on the frontier about 314, and at Bharpore 2 1/2 tolas weight of water

In Kurrachee, everything is sold by weight

	AT MADRAS.	Depth & Diam.
8 Ollocks	= 1 Padi.....	93.75 c. in. 5.0308 in.
8 Padi	= 1 Markal.....	750 " 10.0816 "
5 Markals	= 1 Parah.....	3750 " 17.2040 "

The Ganasha or Garce for grain is 12½ mans or 320 lbs. avoird....3½ Brit. Ind. mans.

6.—MEASURES OF TIME.

60 Pal	= 1 Pal.....	24 seconds.
74 Ghari	= 1 Ghari	24 minutes.
8 Pahar or 60 ghari	= 1 Phar, or prahar	8 hours.
7 Din	= 1 Din	1 day.
30 Din	= 1 Hafta	1 week.
12 Mahina	= 1 Mahina.....	1 month.
	= 1 Baras.....	1 year.

The Hindoos reckon by a lunar year for religious, and by a sidereal year for civil purposes.

	days.	hours.	minutes.	seconds.
The exact length of the sidereal year	365	6	9	10.71
By the Surya Siddhanta it is	365	6	12	36.56
By the Arya Siddhanta "	365	6	12	30
By the Brahma Siddhanta "	365	6	12	0
By the Parasara Siddhanta "	365	6	12	31.4

And since the Gregorian year has an average length of 365d. 5h. 49m. 12s.—

The Hindoo year = 1.000042 Gregorian years.

The Gregorian year = 0.999958 Hindu years.

The year of the Surya Siddhanta—1.000015286 mean solar years, or one day in excess in 60.46 years.

ENGLISH COINS, WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

1. MONEY.

	= 1 Farthing (¼d).....	Rs.0 0 a 2 p.
4 Farthings	= 1 Penny (d.).....	0 0 8
12 Pence	= 1 Shilling (s.).....	0 8 0
2 Shillings	= 1 Florin (fl.).....	1 0 0
10 Florins or 20s	= 1 Pound (£) or Sovereign	10 0 0

The English Sovereign weighs 123½ or 12½.171 grains troy, with a legal 'remedy' of 0.256 grs. and consists of 22 parts of gold and 2 of copper. The Standard Silver Coin of Britain consists of 37 parts of silver and 3 of copper. The florin weighs 174½ grains troy, with a legal remedy of 0.277 grs., and the shilling 87½ grains.

The Bronze coins are the 'penny' weighing 145.171 grains and measuring 1.2 inch in diameter, and 0.055 in. in thickness; the halfpenny weighs 87.5 grains is 1 inch in diameter and 0.0512 in. thick; and the farthing weighs 43.6 grs. is 0.8 in. diameter and 0.038½ in. thick. The copper penny, now disused, weighed 291½ grains was 1½ inch in diameter and 0.0937 in. thick, and the half-penny and farthing weighed in proportion.

2.—Avoirdupois Weight.

The Imperial pound avoirdupois is the weight of 27.7274 cubic inches, or one-tenth part of an imperial gallon, of distilled water, when the barometer stands at 30 inches and the thermometer at 62° Fahr. The standard pound kept in London is a cylinder of platinum 1.35 inches in height and 1.15 in diameter very nearly.

27 11/32 Grains Troy	= 1 Dram.....	0.15191 tola.	4.018 Rom. tank.
16 Drams	= 1 Ounce.....	2.48018 "	6½ " "
16 Ounces	= 1 Pound.....	38½ "	1½ " ser.
14 Pounds	= 1 Stone.....	6½ Imp. ser.	20 " "
28 Pounds	= 1 Quarter.....	13 61111 "	1 " man
4 Quarters	= 1 Hundredweight.....	154½ "	4 " "
20 Hundredweights	= 1 Ton.....	37½ "	4 " khandi.

An Avoirdupois pound is equal to 7,000 grains troy, or 453.592645 French Grammes; a Gramme is 0.604383 dram av.; and a kilogramme, 2.20462 lbs. avoird.

A "great pound" of silk is 24 oz. A last of flax and feathers is 17 cwt.; and of gunpowder is 24 barrels or 2,400 lbs.

* C. s. d. are the first letters of the words Libra, Solidus, and Denarius, the Latin words for pound, shilling, and penny, respectively.

A peck of Flour was 14 lbs 7 04 oz A peck-loaf should weigh 17 lbs. 6 oz and a quartern loaf 4 lbs 5½ oz avoird

3 TROY WEIGHTS

For—Gold, Silver, Jewellery and in Philosophical Experiments

24 Grains	= 1 Pennyweight	5½ dhan	Imp	·353	Both tanks
20 Pennyweights	= 1 Ounce	2½ tola	"	7 053	" "
12 Ounces or 5,760 grs	= 1 Pound	32 "	"	1 1755	" ser.
1 Gold Carat	= 240 Grains troy				16 masha
18 Parts	= 1 Diamond or Pearl grain				¼ gr troy
1 Diamond Carat	= 4 Diamond Grains				8½ " "
1 the Pound troy	= 210 651 429 577 Drains avoird				
1 the Troy grain is	= 0 064 798 96 French gramme, and				
1 the Troy lb is	= 0 373 241 95 Kilogramme				
1 the Gramme is	= 15 432 319 grs troy, and				
1 the Kilogramme is	= 2 579 223 lb troy				

4—APOTHECARIES' WEIGHT

For Medical Prescriptions

1 the grain, ounce, and pound are the same as in Troy weight

20 Grains	= 1 Scruple	42½ dhan	Imp
3 Scruples	= 1 Dram	32 rati	"
8 Drams	= 1 Ounce	32 masha	"
12 Ounces	= 1 Pound	32 tola	"

Apothecaries' Fluid Measure

60 Minims	= 1 Drachm	2 dr avoird
8 Drachms	= 1 Ounce	1 oz
20 Ounces	= 1 Pint	1½ lbs
8 Pints	= 1 Gallon	10 lbs

Minim is about 2 drops, a fluid dram a teaspoonful, and a fluid ounce 2 table spoonful

fluid ounce is 1 7329 cub. inch

5—LINEAR MEASURE

12 Lines	= 1 Inch	1½ angli
12 Inches	= 1 Foot	16 "
3 Feet	= 1 Yard	2 "
5½ Yards	= 1 Pole or rod	11 "
40 Poles, or 220 Yards	= 1 Furlong	
8 Furlongs	= 1 Mile	
3 Miles	= 1 League.	

For Surveying

7 Inches	= 1 Link	inches
25 Links	= 1 Pole or Rod	yards
100 Links	= 1 Chain	23
10 Chains	= 1 Furlong	220

The following measures are also occasionally referred to —

3 Barleycorns	= 1 Inch.
3 Inches	= 1 Palm.
4 Inches	= 1 Hand, for the height of horses
9 Inches	= 1 Span
18 Inches	= 1 Cubit
2½ Feet	= 1 Military Pace
5 Feet	= 1 Geometrical Pace
6 Feet	= 1 Fathom
6075 6 Feet	= 1 Geographical or Nautical mile

The *log* used in the Navy is usually of about 75 fathoms, having 8 separate distances of one foot each marked on it

111 1826, the Irish rod contained 7 yards the chain 12 yards and mile 2240 yards

The Scotch chain measured 74 feet, and mile 1 079½ yards

The French pied measured 12 78933 inches the toise, 63 106 feet, the metre 39 37079 in. or 1 093638 yards, and the English foot 0 30479440 metres.

6—CLOTH MEASURE

2½ Inches	Nail	2½ inches
4 Nails	Quarter	9 "
1 Quarter	Yard	3 feet
5 Quarters	Ell Flemish	3½ "
3 Quarters	Flemish Ell	2½ "
6 Quarters	French Ell	4½ "
11 Inches	Scottish Ell	3½ "

Dutch linens are bought by the Flemish Ell and sold by the English Ell

7—YARN MEASURE

Cotton Yarn		Linen Yarn	
54 Inches	Thread	90 Inches	Thread
80 Threads	Skew or rap	120 Threads	Out
7 Skews	Hank	2 Cuts	Heer
14 Hanks	Spindle	6 Hecers	Heer
		4 Hecers	Spindle.

8—SUPERFICIAL MEASURE

144 Square Inches	= 1	Square foot
9 " Feet	= 1	" yard
36 " Yards	= 1	" pole, or perch
40 " Rods	= 1	Rood
1 Rood (160 sq yds)	= 1	Acre
640 Acres	= 1	Square mile

IN SURVEYING

10,000 Square links or 16 Perches	= 1	Square Chain
10 Square Chains	= 1	Acre
30 Acres	= 1	Yard of land
100 Acres	= 1	Hide of land
100 Square Feet	= 1	Square of Flooring
304 " Yards	= 1	Rood of Brickwork
36 " "	= 1	Rood of Masonry work
The Scotch acre of 607½ sq yds	= 1	2,711½ Imp Acres
1 Imperial Acre	= 1	0,711,471 Scotch Acres
The Irish acre of 7,540 sq yds	= 1	0,617,317 Imp Acres
1 Imperial Acre	= 1	0,617,317 Irish Acres
The Imperial Acre	= 1	0,617,317 Hectares
1 Hectare	= 1	2,471,113 Acres
The Square foot	= 1	0,092,807 Square Metres
1 Square metre	= 1	1,550,000,000 Square Inches.

9—SOLID OR CUBIC MEASURE

1728 Cubic Inches	= 1	Cubic Foot
27 " Feet	= 1	" Yard
40 Cubic feet of Rough, or	}	1 Load
50 " feet of Hewn Timber		
42 " feet	= 1	Ton of Shipping
108 " feet	= 1	Stack of Wood
128 " feet	= 1	Cord of Wood

A cubic foot of distilled water weighs 62,321 lbs av or roughly, 62½ lb and a cubic inch 352,454 grains at 62° F air, barom 30 in

A cubic foot is 2,431,186 centimetres, and a cubic inch is 16,102,102 cubic centimetres

10—MEASURE OF CAPACITY.

		In. Brit and meas.	In Bombay meas.
4 Gills	= 1	Pint 0,6076	1,7857 ser
2 Pints	= 1	Quart 1,2153	3,5714 "
4 Quarts	= 1	Gallon 4,861	14,2857 "
2 Gallons	= 1	Peck 9,722	28,5714 "
4 Pecks, or 8 galls	= 1	Bushel 38,889	1,14287 para.
2 Bushels	= 1	Strike 1,944	31,4285 "
4 Bushels	= 1	Coom 38,889	71,4285 "
2 Cooms or 8 bush	= 1	Quarter 77,777	1,7857 candi
4 Quarters	= 1	Chaldron 311,111	7,1428 "
5 Quarters	= 1	Wey, tun or } 388,889	8,9285 "
2 Weys	= 1	Last 777	17,8571 "

The last columns of this table are derived as in the tables of Indian liquid and dry measures.

The Imperial gallon contains 277 274 cub in, and when the barometer is at 30 in and the thermometer at 62° Fahr, weighs 10 lbs. 1 lb. gallon is 4, 181, 797 French litres and the litre 1.760773 pints, or 0.200468 gill or 61.027016 cubic inches. The bush is a cylinder 15.78 inches in diameter inside and 8 inches deep, it contains 2218.192 cubic inches.

In *Old Wine meas.*, now abolished, the gallon contained 231 cubic inches, or 0.63311 Imp. gall, and the Imp. gallon contains 1.602 Old Wine gall. 10 gallons made an anchor, 18, a Rundel, 15 galls a Firco, 63 galls a Hogshead, 63 galls a Puncheon, 2 Hls is a pipe and 2 pipes, a tun.

The *Old Ale & Beer* contained 282 cub in, or 1.01705 Imp. gall, and the Imp. gall contains 0.9821 Old Ale and Beer. 19 galls of beer make a firkin, 2 firkins, a kilderkin, 2 kilderkins, 4 or 6 galls, a barrel, 63 galls, a Hog head, 2 barrels a Puncheon, 4 barrels, a Butt, and 2 butts a tun.

The Scots pint contains 104.2034 cub in, the Wheat Firlot—for wheat, peas, beans, rye and salt contained 21½ Scots Pints or 3214.224 in. for barley, malt, and oats, the firlot contained 31 pints or 3230.305 c. in., 4 firlots made a Boll, and 16 bolls, 1 Chaldar.

WINE MEASURES

93 Gallons (imp.) are	1 Pipe of Cape or Madeira
100 "	1 Pipe of Teneriffe
115 "	1 Pipe of Port
117 "	1 Pipe of Lisbon.
109 "	1 Butt of Sherry
46 "	1 Hhd of Claret.
30 "	1 Ann of Hock.

HEAPED MEASURES

For Coals, &c., &c., &c.

1 Heaped bushel	—2915.4887	c. in.
3 Heaped Bushels	1 Sack	37 Ind. mea.
12 Sacks	1 Chaldron	44 " 36 "

In heaped measures, the heap must be a cone 6 inches high, its base being the mouth of the bushel.

The *Old Dry Bushel* contained 2150.1 cub. inches, 775357 gallons, or 0.96945 bushel Imp.

11. ANGULAR MEASURES.

Most nations divide the circle into 360 degrees, the Chinese, however, divide it into 364, and the French, since 1792, into 100. The common method is termed the *sexagesimal*, and the French method the *centesimal* system.

60 Seconds (")	1 Minute (')
60 Minutes	1 Degree (°)
30 Degrees	1 Sign (s)
90 Degrees	1 Quadrant
60 Geographical Miles or 69.045 } Statute miles nearly }	1° of the terrestrial Meridian.

The circumference of a circle is 3.1416 times (very nearly) the diameter, and the diameter is $\frac{1}{3.1416}$ or 0.31831 of the circumference.

12. TIME TABLE

60 Seconds	—1 Minute	2½ pal
60 Minutes	—1 Hour	2½ ghari.
24 Hours	—1 Day	..1 din.
7 Days	—1 Week	
4 Weeks	—1 Lunar month	
365 Days, or 52 Weeks 1 day, } or 12 calendar months }	—1 Common year.	
366 Days	1 Leap year	
365½ Days	1 Indian year.	
365d, 5 hr 48 m 47½ sec	—1 Solar, or Tropical year.	

Every year of the *Christian era* of which the date is divisible by 4, without a remainder is a *Leap year*, or has 366 days, except those *centuries* which are not divisible by 4. Thus 1752 and 1804 were Leap years, because the numbers 1752 and 1804 are divisible by 4 without remainder, but the years 1800, 1900, are not Leap years, because the centuries 18 and 19 are not so divisible, without remainder. In 100 years there are 97 Leap years. The Calendar is called the *Gregorian*, from Pope Gregory XIII. who introduced it in 1582. It is used by all the nations of Europe except Russia. The *Gregorian year* is 365 days 19m, 12sec.

With the exception of July and August both of which have 31 days, the months are alternately 30 and 31. In Bissextile or Leap years February has 29 days, in common years only 28 days.

The months of the year

1 January	31 days	7 July	31 days
2 February	28 or 29 "	8 August	31 "
3 March	31 "	9 September	30 "
4 April	30 "	10 October	31 "
5 May	31 "	11 November	30 "
6 June	30 "	12 December	31 "

USEFUL WEIGHTS, MEASURES, &c

A list of Potash, (1 first,) {	A Dicker of Hides —	10 skins
White Hersey's, 12 lb	" of Calves,	10 1/2 pairs
Irish, or Far,	A list of Hides	20 skins.
Flax and Lenthers, 17 cwt	" of Cattle or Rye Seed,	10 qr
A list of Gunpowder, {	A bush of flint,	36 lbs
11, 2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2	A bush of flint,	100 "
A bag of Hay, 34 wt	A cwt of lead Herring,	500 "
A packet of flint,	A cwt of flint,	1000 "
A bush of flint,	A bush of Herring,	21 "
A stone of flint,	A cwt of flint,	74 "
A cwt of ditto,	A bush of flint,	196 lbs
A stone of Meit,	A bush of flint,	1 1/2 cwt

Counting

12 Articles	1 Dozen	20 times or 480 sheets	1 Ream
12 Articles	1 Dozen	2 Reams	1 Bun. Ho.
12 Dozen	1 Gross	10 Reams	1 Bale
20 Articles	1 Score	5 Dozen Skins of Parchment	1 Roll
5 Score	1 Hundred	80 Words in Chancery	} 1 folio.
6 Score	1 Hundred	80 " in Exchequer	
50 Doles	1 Hundred	72 " in common Law	
100 Articles	1 Hundred		
24 sheets of Paper	1 Quire		

In length

1 Articles	— 1 Granda	5 Grandas	1 Kint.
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In width

3 Articles	— 1 Patch	10 Patch	1 Coige
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GOLD AND SILVER FOREIGN COINS

The relative value of Gold and Silver varies in different countries where both metals are employed in commerce. Thus,—

In Britain	Gold is to Silver	as 15 28 to 1
In France		as 15 5 to 1
In Belgium		as 15 79 to 1
In Spain		as 15 75 to 1
In Portugal		as 15 34 to 1
In Russia		as 15 00 to 1
In the United States		as 15 38 to 1

I.—The following are some of the principal foreign GOLD COINS with their approximate values in Rupees, reckoning gold at 16 times the value of silver of the same degree of purity

GOLD COINS	Weight in Grains	Standard	Value.		
			Rs.	As.	P.
British Sovereign	12.971	916.7	10	4	1
French Napoleon of 20 francs	9.115	900	8	2	1
German Ducat	52.50	988	1	15	3
Ducat of Holland	3.21	982	1	12	10
Spanish Double of 16 rls	12.814	1000	11	8	5
Portuguese Dobro of 0.000 rls	2.87	17	19	1	1
" " of 12.00	141.5	114	36	13	1
" " Mexican (Moro)	10.13	117	1	13	1
Italian Piastre of Louis VI	4.13	917	7	0	7
" " Spain	7	1000	1	1	3
" " Sicily	2.6	900	2	2	11
Venetian Onck	21.91	1000	19	6	1
" " Zichino	3.71	1000	1	1	1
Swedish Ducat	53.70	96	1	12	3
Russian Imperial of 5 roubles	161.40	916	5	6	8
Greek Free piece of 1 dr	17.78	900	11	8	1
British piece of 100 pence	110.37	916	9	10	1
Japanese New Dollar	1.72	7	1	5	2
Chinese Gold Rupee			11	15	6
" " Japan	7.0	971	6	6	0
Mexican Star Dollar	52.10	917	3	11	2
Japanese New Kaban (approx. 1 rly)	91	117	1	6	1
Dutch Eagle of the United States	1.38	100	13	3	1
Mexican Dollar of 1864	11.1	988	1	1	1
Onca or Quahup of Central America	11.17	988	3	2	2
" " New Central America	18.1	988	3	0	8
" " Japan	17.1	988	3	0	8
Brazilian piece of 2,000 reis	27.14	914	1	0	1

II.—Table of value of the principal foreign SILVER COINS

SILVER COINS	Weight in Grains	Standard	Value.		
GREAT BRITAIN					
Crown	4 636	925	3	7	14
Half Crown	2 318		0	15	5
Shilling	87 27		0	7	10
FRANCE.					
5 Franc piece	5 81	900	12	1	8
2 " "	2 905		0	13	52
1 Franc	1 452		0	6	26
50 centimes, and 25 centimes in circulation			0	0	0
HOLLAND.					
Crown of Brabant	157 5	971	2	6	7
Silver Lion of Brabant	82		2	11	0
5 Franc piece (2, 1, 2, 1, 4 rml. action)	5 81	900	2	1	8
SPAIN					
Piastre or Dollar since 1773	417 37	800	2	4	67
Duro of 20 reals of 1514	10 1	900	2	5	1
Medio Duro or Crown of 10 reals	2 525		1	1	84
1/2 seta of 4 reals	5 114		0	4	1
Real	2 025		0	1	14

SILVER COINS.	Weight in Grains	Stan- dard	Value		
PORTUGAL.					
Cruzado (new) of 400 reis	925 82	900	1	8	9
Coin of 1000 reis or 10 testons	355 2	917	2	2	4
16 Mulas (African Possessions)			1	3	2
Teston of 100 reis (1854)	38 53		0	3	5
5 testons of 500 reis	192 9	...	1	1	2
ITALY.					
Teston of Rome of 10 paoli or 100 barocchi	407 99	917	2	4	3
Teston of 30 barocchi	122 30		0	10	10
Scudo of Pisa 1751	411 13	900	2	4	1
Paolo of 10 barocchi	41 1		0	3	7
Papetto, 20 barocchi	82 72		0	7	1
New Crown of 1816 (Sardinia)	355 5		2	1	8
Ducat of Venice of 8 livres	357 5	826	1	12	2
Crown of the Cross	180 5	943	2	1	1
Du aloon of ditto	160 8	948	2	2	6
Talero	117 4	526	2	7	10
Ozelli	151 9	915	0	12	2
Flu aloon of Lucania of 10 Paoli	313 6	917	2	3	0
Ducat Culini of Naples 1804	121 9	833	2	2	4
Ducat of 10 Carlini 1818	364 1	833	1	12	7
<i>The Swiss Coins are the same as the French.</i>					
GERMANY.					
Rixdollar, or Species-reichsthaler of Bavaria, &c.	473 1	893	2	3	0
Kronenthaler	1 5 3	872	2	6	6
Crown of 1838 of 3½ gulden or fl 11 18	723 5	900	3	2	0
Kojsfucker or 24 kreutzers, of 1800	1 2 5	583	0	5	10
Florin or Gulden of 60 Kreutzers	166 7	900	0	11	3
6 Kreutzers, of Baden, of 1840	314	335	0	1	3
6 Kreutzers of Wurttemberg	40 1	333	0	1	1
Mark or 16 shilling piece of Hamburg	111 1	730	0	10	1
Thaler common to the Northern States	313 7	770	1	9	0
" of 30 Silbergroschen	260 7	900	1	9	0
Florin of 24 Marckgrschen of Hanover	201 0	1000	1	3	7
Crown of Hanover or Rixdollar	159 8	878	2	6	5
AUSTRIA					
Species-reichsthaler	413 5	878	2	5	0
Rixdollar of Convention since 1753	43 2		2	4	10
Florin or Gulden	165 5	631	1	1	6
20 Kreutzer piece of Francis Joseph	66 8	900	0	5	10
HOLLAND					
Ducaton or Byder of 3 florins since 1818	193 4	898	2	11	5
Ducat or Rixdollar of 2½ gulden 1848	385 5	915	2	3	4
Florin or Gulden of 1848	154 3		0	11	5
25 Cents	55 2	640	0	3	1
½ Gulden or 25 Cents of Netherlands India of 1854	49 1	720	0	3	5
DENMARK.					
Rixdollar or Double Crown of 6 marks or 96 Danish Shillings from 1776	119 5	875	2	6	1
Rixdollar current of 1749	113 6	833	2	1	5
Rigsbank taler	31		1	2	11
Mark of 16 Shillings	97	698	0	6	5

COINS OF DIFFERENT NATIONS

SILVER COINS	Weight in Grams	Standard	Value		
NORWAY					
51 specie Rixdaler	446.8	870	2	5	11
Mark, ort, or 24 shillings	53.4		0	7	7
SWEDEN					
Species Rixdaler or new Crown	223.5	750	2	6	1
$\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, and $\frac{1}{16}$ in proportion			0	0	0
RUSSIA					
Rouble 1849 of 100 kopecks	319.8	878	1	11	3
Poltnik	1.11		0	13	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
Polpotnik of 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ dolts	80.0		0	6	$\frac{1}{2}$
Zlot of Poland of 5 altins, 15 kopecks			0	4	0 $\frac{1}{2}$
TURKEY					
Altinlik since 1771	44.7	50	1	7	9 $\frac{1}{2}$
Piece of 20 altins, 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	27.1	830	1	13	10 $\frac{1}{2}$
Piastre of Constantinople	1.6		0	1	6
GREECE					
5 Drachms of Otho	35.15	300		14	2
Phena (Capo d'Istria)	70.1		0	5	0 $\frac{1}{2}$
EGYPT					
New piastre ($\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{16}$ in proportion)	370.4	830	1	13	10
UNITED STATES					
Dollar	11.35	900	2	4	0
Dime	1.10		0	3	7
SOUTH AMERICA, &c					
Piastre of Mexico, Central, Chile, and Bolivia	41.67	303	2	1	6
Piastre of N. Grecia, Quito, Chili	35.8	301	2	1	8
Piastre of Uruguay, Rio de Janeiro	41.67	301	2	3	1
Piece of 1000 reis of Brazil	33.3	316	2	3	0
Piece of 1000 "	1.17		1	1	6
Piece of 500 "	1.61		0	8	9
PERSIA					
Rupie of Sherry A. H. 1245 1248	10.12	914	0	9	1
Lirin of Persia and Arabia	71.5	300	0	6	11 $\frac{1}{2}$
THIBET					
Chah Chin or Tsang Chin	55.0	792	0	1	5 $\frac{1}{2}$
INDIA					
Simasha of Nilgal	31.3	309	3	0	1
Rupie of Nilgal 1808 1821 average	54.7	308	0	6	1
Madras 1 alt; 1000	376.75	804	12	1	3
Madras 5 annam	71.31	310	6	0	3
Cora rupie	168.5	864	0	14	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
CHINA					
1 Dollar of 72 kandarins		approximately	2	9	0
1 Tael or 10 mace			3	9	0
JAPAN					
Tigo gin of 40 mace			1	6	0
$\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, in proportion			0	0	0

Table of the Equivalent values of 4, 5, and 5½ per cent.
Government or other Securities, and the Interest arising
from such Investments.

4 per Cent	5 per Cent	5½ per Cent	Interest on Capital	4 per Cent	5 per Cent	5½ per Cent	Interest on Capital.
50	62½	68½	8 000	61	50	58	6 275
50 183	62 727	69	7 971	61 727	50 909	59	6 179
50 1	63	69 3	7 9 7	64 5	51	59 1	6 173
50 909	63 66	70	7 877	65	51½	59½	6 154
51	63½	70½	7 843	65 455	51 819	60	6 111
51 2	64	70 ½	7 813	66 6	52	60 2	6 098
51 613	64 510	70 908	7 775	66	52½	60½	6 061
51 636	64 545	71	7 747	66 182	52 727	61	6 014
52	65	71½	7 702	66 1	53	61 3	6 024
52 364	65 155	72	7 6 9	66 7	53½	61 667	6
52 5	65	72½	7 76	66 100	54 636	62	5 978
53	66	72½	7 747	67	54	62½	5 970
53 091	66 361	73	7 714	67 2	54½	62½	5 9 2
53 33	66 607	73 33	7 75	67 36	54 515	63	5 911
53 6	67	73 7	7 715	68	55	63½	5 882
53 909	67 273	74	7 712	68 61	55 455	64	5 851
54	67½	74½	7 707	68 5	56	64 6	5 814
54 4	68	74 8	7 7 3	69	56½	64½	5 797
54 515	68 182	75	7 7 5	69 101	56 764	65	5 790
55	68½	75½	7 72	69 165	56 866	65½	5 775
55 172	68 968	75 62	7 75	69 16	57	65 7	5 747
55 2	69	75 9	7 7 6	69 115	57 273	66	5 729
55 273	69 091	76	7 727	70	57	66½	5 714
56	70	76½	7 713	70 1	58	66 8	5 7 3
56 727	70 909	77	7 711	70 15	58 182	67	5 660
56 8	71	77 1	7 712	71	59	67½	5 631
57	71½	77½	7 707	71 2	59½	67 9	5 619
57 143	71 129	77 771	7 7 71	71 273	59 091	68	5 612
57 155	71 818	78	7 712	72	60	69	5 556
57 6	72	78 2	6 911	72 727	60 909	100	5 5
58	72½	79	6 907	72 5	61	100 1	5 495
58 182	72 727	80	6 875	73	61½	100	5 479
58 4	73	80 3	6 849	73 155	61 518	101	5 415
58 909	73 636	1	6 790	73 6	62	101 2	5 4 5
59	73½	81	6 780	74	62½	101½	5 405
59 2	74	81 1	6 777	74 182	62 727	112	5 392
59 259	74 074	81 181	6 77	74 1	63	102 3	5 376
59 636	74 515	82	6 707	74 809	63 636	115	5 310
60	75	82	6 667	75	64	11½	5 333
60 364	75 455	83	6 6 7	75 2	64½	10 4	5 319
60 8	76	83 6	6 675	75 636	65 515	101	5 288
61	76½	83½	6 6 7	76	65	101½	5 263
61 091	76 364	84	6 648	76 19	65½	101 763	5 25
61 538	76 933	84 615	6 65	76 31	66 555	105	5 248
61 6	77	84 7	6 694	76 8	66	10 6	5 208
61 818	77 273	85	6 671	77	66½	105½	5 195
62	77½	85½	6 652	77 091	66 364	106	5 188
62 4	78	85 8	6 640	77 6	67	106 7	5 185
62 545	78 182	86	6 6 5	77 819	67 273	107	5 140
63	78½	86 4	6 649	78	67½	107½	5 138
63 2	79	86 9	6 6 3	78 1	68	107 8	5 102
63 273	79 091	87	6 622	78 11	68 182	108	5 093

4 per Cent	5 per Cent	5½ per Cent	Interest on Capital	4 per Cent	5 per Cent	5½ per Cent	Interest on Capital
79	944	1094	5 06	95 273	11 091	1 1	4 198
71 2	91	1049	5 01	96	120	133	4 167
79 273	91 091	10	5 016	96 7-7	120 909	133	4 175
80	100	110	5	96 8	121	133 1	4 133
80 727	100 301	111	4 155	97	121	1 4	4 121
80 8	101	111 1	4 150	97 153	121 818	134	4 101
81	101	111 4	4 148	97 6	122	134 2	4 098
81 455	101 814	112	4 141	98	122	134 2	4 082
81 6	102	112 3	4 102	98 183	1 2727	135	4 071
82	102	112	1 878	98 4	1 3	1 13	4 065
8 182	102 727	113	1 7	98 101	1 3 656	136	1 014
82 1	103	1 3 3	1 534	99	123	134	4 040
8 909	10 636	114	1 524	100	124	1 6 1	4 032
83	103	114	1 511	100 6	124 115	1 7	4 015
83 2	104	114 1	1 508	100	125	137 1	4
83 636	104 545	115	1 751				
84	105	115	1 702				
84 211	105 361	116 80	1 7				
84 461	105 155	116	1 7 11				
84 8	106	116 6	4 717				
85	106 4	116 7	4 706				
85 091	106 364	117	1 7 1	10 0 073	0 11	1	
85 6	107	117 7	1 67	0 18	1	11	
85 818	107 273	118	1 61	0 1	12	135	
86	107 1	118 4	1 61	0 146	142	2	
86 4	108	118 8	1 60	0 16	2	28	
86 515	108 182	119	1 60	0 2	25	275	
87	108 1	119	4 15	0 215	275	3	
87 2	109	119 9	1 57	0 24	3	3	
87 273	109 011	120	1 583	2 2 11	364	4	
88	110	121	1 583	0 3	37	413	
88 727	110 909	122	1 583	0 3	4	44	
88 8	111	122 1	1 583	0 361	45	5	
88 589	111 111	122 223	1 583	0 4	5	55	
89	111 1	122	1 583	0 473	55	6	
89 455	111 418	123	1 583	0 48	6	66	
89 6	112	123 2	1 583	0 5	65	685	
90	112 1	123	1 583	0 501	6 7	7	
90 182	112 727	124	1 583	0 6	7	77	
90 4	113	123 3	1 583	0 52	7-7	8	
90 909	113 636	124	1 583	0 6	75	825	
91	113 1	124	1 583	0 64	8	88	
91 2	114	125 1	4 86	0 64	815	9	
91 636	114 515	126	4 86	0 7	875	963	
92	115	126 1	4 86	0 72	9	99	
92 301	115 455	127	4 86	0 727	909	1 00	
92 8	116	127 6	4 10	0 8	1 000	1 1	
93	116 1	127 1	4 10	0 9	1 125	1 239	
93 091	116 364	128	4 10				
93 6	117	128 7	4 274				
93 818	117 273	129	4 274				
94	117 1	129 1	4 274				
94 118	117 617	129 112	4 274				
94 1	118	129 8	4 274				
94 545	118 182	130	4 274				
95	118 1	130 1	4 274				
95 2	119	130 9	4 274				

PROPORTIONAL PARTS.

10 0 073	0 11	1
0 18	1	11
0 1	12	135
0 146	142	2
0 16	2	28
0 2	25	275
0 215	275	3
0 24	3	3
2 2 11	364	4
0 3	37	413
0 3	4	44
0 361	45	5
0 4	5	55
0 473	55	6
0 48	6	66
0 5	65	685
0 501	6 7	7
0 6	7	77
0 52	7-7	8
0 6	75	825
0 64	8	88
0 64	815	9
0 7	875	963
0 72	9	99
0 727	909	1 00
0 8	1 000	1 1
0 9	1 125	1 239

USES OF THE PRECEDING TABLE.

1.—When Government 4 per cent Securities sell at 76, what are the equivalent values of the 5 and $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent loans?

In the table opposite 76 in the first column are 95 the value of the 5 per cent. loan and 104 $\frac{1}{2}$ the value of the $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. loan,—the interest in all the three cases being 5 263 or 5 5/19 per Cent.

2.—At what price should I purchase 4 per Cents. to obtain $5\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent. for my money?

In the fourth column opposite $5\frac{1}{2}$ or 5·5 in the column for 4 per Cent. stands 72 727 or 72 8/11 the price required.

3.—What would I gain, by selling out Rs. 10,000, 5 per Cent. Government loans at 104 and purchasing $5\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent. at 112?

In the third column opposite 104 in the 2nd is114 4
112·

Gain on Rs. 100 of Capital 2 4

And in the fourth column, opposite 112 in the 3rd, is 4 911 per Cent.

" " " 104 " 2nd, 4 808 "

Difference, or gain per cent per annum on capital ..0·103 " or fully 1/10 per cent. being Rs 10·5a. on every Rs 1000 invested.

4.—To find the equivalent values of 4 and $5\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent. Securities when 5 per Cents are selling at 104 $\frac{1}{2}$ or Rs. 103 6a.

Opposite 103 in the second column, are 82·4 and 113·3 in the 1st and 3rd, and among the "proportional parts" corresponding to 375 or 6a in the 5 per Cent. col. are 0·3R in the 4 per cent, and 413 in the $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent column.

Hence 82 4 + 3=85·7, the equivalent price of 4 per Cent., and 113 3 + 413= Rs 113·713 or Rs. 113·11a. 5p. (by the table p. 73) the equivalent price of $5\frac{1}{2}$ per Cents.

Other uses of this Table will readily occur to brokers and others.

Table of Daily Pay or Allowance.

From 1 to 500 Rupees, for a Month of 28, 29, 30, and 31 Days.

Rupees Per Month.	Month of 28 Days.			Month of 29 Days.			Month of 30 Days.			Month of 31 Days.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1	0	0	7	0	0	7	0	0	6	0	0	6
2	0	1	2	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0
3	0	1	9	0	1	8	0	1	7	0	1	7
4	0	2	3	0	2	2	0	2	2	0	2	1
5	0	2	10	0	2	9	0	2	8	0	2	7
6	0	3	5	0	3	4	0	3	3	0	3	1
7	0	4	0	0	3	10	0	3	9	0	3	7
8	0	4	7	0	4	5	0	4	3	0	4	2
9	0	5	2	0	5	0	0	4	10	0	4	8
10	0	5	9	0	5	6	0	5	4	0	5	2
11	0	6	3	0	6	1	0	5	10	0	5	8
12	0	6	10	0	6	7	0	6	5	0	6	2
13	0	7	5	0	7	2	0	6	11	0	6	9
14	0	8	0	0	7	9	0	7	6	0	7	3
15	0	8	7	0	8	3	0	8	0	0	7	9
16	0	9	2	0	8	10	0	8	6	0	8	3
17	0	9	9	0	9	5	0	9	1	0	8	9
18	0	10	3	0	9	11	0	9	7	0	9	3
19	0	10	10	0	10	6	0	10	2	0	9	1
20	0	11	5	0	11	0	0	10	8	0	10	4
21	0	12	0	0	11	7	0	11	2	0	10	10
22	0	12	7	0	12	2	0	11	9	0	11	4
23	0	13	2	0	12	8	0	12	3	0	11	10
24	0	13	9	0	13	3	0	12	10	0	12	5
25	0	14	3	0	13	10	0	13	4	0	12	11
26	0	14	10	0	14	4	0	13	10	0	13	5
27	0	15	5	0	14	11	0	14	5	0	13	11
28	1	0	0	0	15	5	0	14	11	0	14	5
29	1	0	7	1	0	0	0	15	6	0	15	0
30	1	1	2	1	0	7	1	0	0	0	15	6
31	1	1	9	1	1	1	1	0	6	1	0	0
32	1	2	3	1	1	8	1	1	1	1	0	6
33	1	2	10	1	2	2	1	1	7	1	1	0
34	1	3	5	1	2	9	1	2	2	1	1	7
35	1	4	0	1	3	4	1	3	8	1	2	1
36	1	4	7	1	3	10	1	3	2	1	2	7
37	1	5	2	1	4	5	1	3	9	1	3	1
38	1	5	9	1	5	0	1	4	3	1	3	7
39	1	6	3	1	5	6	1	4	10	1	4	1
40	1	6	10	1	6	1	1	5	4	1	4	7
41	1	7	5	1	6	7	1	5	10	1	5	2
42	1	8	0	1	7	2	1	6	5	1	5	8
43	1	8	7	1	7	9	1	6	11	1	6	2
44	1	9	2	1	8	3	1	7	6	1	6	9
45	1	9	9	1	8	10	1	8	0	1	7	8
46	1	10	3	1	9	5	1	8	6	1	7	9
47	1	10	10	1	9	11	1	9	1	1	8	3
48	1	11	5	1	10	6	1	9	7	1	8	9
49	1	12	0	1	11	0	1	10	2	1	9	3
50	1	12	7	1	11	7	1	10	8	1	9	10
100	3	9	2	3	7	2	3	5	4	3	3	7
200	7	2	8	6	14	4	6	10	8	6	7	3
300	10	11	5	10	5	6	10	0	0	9	10	10
400	14	4	7	13	12	8	13	5	4	12	14	5
500	17	13	9	17	8	10	16	10	3	16	2	1

TABLE OF INCOME OR WAGES.

FROM 4 A.	TO 1 R.	ES P.	MONTH,	OWI	THE AMOUNT PER D.					
					Rs	As	Pa	Ma	Pa	Ma
As	Rs	Pa	Ma	Pa	Ma	Pa	Ma	Pa	Ma	Pa
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66
67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88
89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121
122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132
133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143
144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154
155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165
166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176
177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187
188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198
199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209
210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220
221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231
232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242
243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253
254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264
265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275
276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286
287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297
298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308
309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319
320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330
331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341
342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352
353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363
364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374
375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385
386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396
397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407
408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418
419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429
430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440
441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451
452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462
463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473
474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484
485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495
496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506
507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517
518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528
529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539
540	541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	550
551	552	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561
562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	572
573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583
584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594
595	596	597	598	599	600	601	602	603	604	605
606	607	608	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616
617	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627
628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638
639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649
650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658	659	660
661	662	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671
672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682
683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693
694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701	702	703	704
705	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714	715
716	717	718	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726
727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737
738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748
749	750	751	752	753	754	755	756	757	758	759
760	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770
771	772	773	774	775	776	777	778	779	780	781
782	783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790	791	792
793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802	803
804	805	806	807	808	809	810	811	812	813	814
815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822	823	824	825
826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836
837	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847
848	849	850	851	852	853	854	855	856	857	858
859	860	861	862	863	864	865	866	867	868	869
870	871	872	873	874	875	876	877	878	879	880
881	882	883	884	885	886	887	888	889	890	891
892	893	894	895	896	897	898	899	900	901	902
903	904	905	906	907	908	909	910	911	912	913
914	915	916	917	918	919	920	921	922	923	924
925	926	927	928	929	930	931	932	933	934	935
936	937	938	939	940	941	942	943	944	945	946
947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954	955	956	957
958	959	960	961	962	963	964	965	966	967	968
969	970	971	972	973	974	975	976	977	978	979
980	981	982	983	984	985	986	987	988	989	990
991	992	993	994	995	996	997	998	999	1000	1001

Interest Tables.

FROM 1/2 TO 12 PER CENT PER ANNUM ON Rs 100 TO 10 000

At 5 per Cent

AMOUNT	ONE DAY				ONE WEEK			ONE MONTH			ONE YEAR		
Rs.	Rs	As	P	P D	Rs	As	P	Rs	As	P	Rs	As	P.
100	0	0	2	630	0	1	6	0	6	8	5	0	0
200	0	0	5	260	0	3	0	0	13	4	10	0	0
300	0	0	7	890	0	4	7	1	4	0	15	0	0
400	0	0	10	520	0	6	1	1	10	8	20	0	0
500	0	1	1	150	0	7	8	2	1	4	25	0	0
600	0	1	3	780	0	9	2	2	8	0	30	0	0
700	0	1	6	410	0	10	8	2	14	8	35	0	0
800	0	1	9	041	0	12	3	3	5	4	40	0	0
900	0	1	11	671	0	13	9	3	12	0	45	0	0
1,000	0	2	2	301	0	15	4	4	2	8	50	0	0
2,000	0	4	4	602	1	11	8	8	5	4	100	0	0
3,000	0	6	6	904	2	14	0	12	8	0	150	0	0
4,000	0	8	9	205	3	14	4	16	10	8	200	0	0
5,000	0	10	11	506	4	12	8	20	13	4	250	0	0
6,000	0	13	1	808	5	12	0	25	0	0	300	0	0
7,000	0	15	4	109	6	11	4	29	2	8	350	0	0
8,000	1	1	6	410	7	10	8	33	5	4	400	0	0
9,000	1	3	8	712	8	10	0	37	8	0	450	0	0
10,000	1	5	11	013	9	9	5	41	10	8	500	0	0

At 5 per Cent

100	0	0	2	895	0	1	5	0	7	4	5	8	0
200	0	0	5	786	0	3	4	0	14	8	11	0	0
300	0	0	8	679	0	5	0	1	6	0	16	8	0
400	0	0	11	572	0	6	9	1	13	4	22	0	0
500	0	1	2	465	0	8	5	2	4	8	27	8	0
600	0	1	5	358	0	10	1	2	12	0	33	0	0
700	0	1	8	252	0	11	9	3	3	4	38	8	0
800	0	1	11	145	0	13	6	3	10	8	41	0	0
900	0	2	2	038	0	15	2	4	2	0	45	8	0
1,000	0	2	4	931	1	0	10	4	9	4	55	0	0
2,000	0	4	9	863	2	1	9	9	2	8	110	0	0
3,000	0	7	2	774	3	2	7	13	12	0	165	0	0
4,000	0	9	7	726	4		6	18	5	4	220	0	0
5,000	0	12	0	667	5	4	4	22	14	8	275	0	0
6,000	0	14	5	559	6	5	3	27	8	0	330	0	0
7,000	1	0	10	520	7	6	1	32	1	4	385	0	0
8,000	1	3	3	422	8	7	0	36	10	8	440	0	0
9,000	1	5	8	383	9	7	10	41	4	0	495	0	0
10,000	1	8	1	315	10	8	9	45	13	4	550	0	0

At 6 per Cent

100	0	0	3	156	0	1	10	0	8	0	6	0	0
200	0	0	6	312	0	3	8	1	0	0	12	0	0
300	0	0	9	468	0	5	6	1	5	0	18	0	0
400	0	1	0	624	0	7	4	2	0	0	24	0	0
500	0	1	3	780	0	9	2	2	8	0	30	0	0
600	0	1	6	936	0	11	0	3	0	0	36	0	0
700	0	1	10	093	0	13	10	3	8	0	42	0	0
800	0	2	1	240	0	14	5	4	0	0	48	0	0
900	0	2	4	405	1	0	6	4	8	0	54	0	0
1,000	0	2	7	561	1	2	4	5	0	0	60	0	0
2,000	0	5	3	123	2	4	9	10	0	0	120	0	0
3,000	0	7	10	684	3	7	2	15	0	0	180	0	0
4,000	0	10	6	246	4	9	7	20	0	0	240	0	0
5,000	0	13	1	808	5	12	0	25	0	0	300	0	0
6,000	0	15	9	369	6	14	5	30	0	0	360	0	0
7,000	1	2	4	931	8	0	10	35	0	0	420	0	0
8,000	1	5	0	493	9	3		40	0	0	480	0	0
9,000	1	7	8	054	10	5	4	45	0	0	540	0	0
10,000	1	10	3	616	11	8	1	50	0	1	600	0	0

INTEREST TABLES.

At 64 per Cent.

AMOUNT.	ONE DAY.			ONE WEEK.			ONE MONTH.			ONE YEAR.			
Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
100	0	0	3	419	0	1	11	0	8	8	6	8	0
200	0	0	6	838	0	3	11	1	1	4	13	0	0
300	0	0	10	1257	0	5	11	1	10	0	19	8	0
400	0	1	1	1676	0	7	11	2	2	8	26	0	0
500	0	1	5	2095	0	9	11	2	11	4	32	8	0
600	0	1	8	2515	0	11	11	3	4	0	39	0	0
700	0	1	11	2934	0	13	11	3	12	8	45	8	0
800	0	2	3	3353	0	15	11	4	5	4	52	0	0
900	0	2	6	3772	1	1	11	4	14	0	58	8	0
1,000	0	2	10	4191	1	3	11	5	6	8	65	0	0
2,000	0	5	8	8383	2	7	10	10	13	4	130	0	0
3,000	0	8	6	12575	3	11	10	10	4	0	195	0	0
4,000	0	11	4	16767	4	15	9	21	10	8	260	0	0
5,000	0	14	2	20958	6	3	8	27	1	4	325	0	0
6,000	1	1	1	25150	7	7	8	32	8	0	390	0	0
7,000	1	3	11	29342	8	11	7	37	14	8	455	0	0
8,000	1	6	9	33534	9	15	6	43	6	4	520	0	0
9,000	1	9	7	37726	11	3	6	48	12	0	585	0	0
10,000	1	12	5	41917	13	7	5	54	2	8	650	0	0

At 7 per Cent.

100	0	0	3	682	0	2	1	0	9	4	7	0	0
200	0	0	7	1364	0	4	3	1	2	8	14	0	0
300	0	0	11	2046	0	6	5	1	12	0	21	0	0
400	0	1	2	2728	0	8	7	2	5	4	28	0	0
500	0	1	6	3410	0	10	8	2	14	8	35	0	0
600	0	1	10	4093	0	12	10	3	8	0	42	0	0
700	0	2	1	4775	0	15	0	4	1	1	49	0	0
800	0	2	5	5457	1	1	2	4	10	8	56	0	0
900	0	2	9	6140	1	3	3	5	4	0	63	0	0
1,000	0	3	8	6822	1	5	5	5	19	4	70	0	0
2,000	0	6	1	13644	2	10	11	11	10	8	140	0	0
3,000	0	9	2	20466	4	0	5	17	8	0	210	0	0
4,000	0	12	3	27287	5	5	11	23	5	4	280	0	0
5,000	0	15	4	34109	6	11	4	20	2	8	350	0	0
6,000	1	2	4	40931	8	0	10	35	0	0	420	0	0
7,000	1	6	5	47753	9	6	4	40	13	1	490	0	0
8,000	1	8	6	54575	10	11	10	46	10	8	560	0	0
9,000	1	11	7	61407	12	1	3	52	8	0	630	0	0
10,000	1	14	5	68229	13	6	9	58	5	4	700	0	0

At 7½ per Cent.

100	0	0	3	945	0	2	3	0	10	0	7	8	0
200	0	0	7	1890	0	4	7	1	4	0	15	0	0
300	0	0	11	2835	0	6	10	1	11	0	22	8	0
400	0	1	3	3780	0	8	2	2	8	0	30	0	0
500	0	1	7	4725	0	11	6	3	2	0	37	8	0
600	0	1	11	5670	0	13	9	3	12	0	45	0	0
700	0	2	3	6615	1	0	1	1	6	0	52	8	0
800	0	2	7	7560	1	2	4	5	0	0	60	0	0
900	0	2	11	8505	1	4	8	5	10	0	67	8	0
1,000	0	3	3	9450	1	7	0	6	4	0	75	0	0
2,000	0	6	6	18901	2	14	0	12	8	0	150	0	0
3,000	0	9	10	28352	4	5	0	18	12	0	225	0	0
4,000	0	13	1	37803	5	12	0	25	0	0	300	0	0
5,000	1	0	5	47254	7	3	0	31	4	0	375	0	0
6,000	1	3	8	56705	8	10	0	37	8	0	450	0	0
7,000	1	7	0	66156	10	1	1	43	12	0	525	0	0
8,000	1	10	3	75607	11	8	1	50	0	0	600	0	0
9,000	1	13	7	85058	12	15	1	56	4	0	675	0	0
10,000	2	0	10	94509	14	6	1	62	8	0	750	0	0

At 8 per Cent

AMOUNT	ONE DAY				ONE WEEK			ONE MONTH			ONE YEAR		
Rs	Rs	As	P	P D	Rs	As	P	Rs	As	P	Rs	As	P
100	0	0	4	208	0	2	5	0	10	8	8	0	0
200	0	0	8	416	0	4	10	1	5	4	16	0	0
300	0	1	0	624	0	7	4	2	0	0	24	0	0
400	0	1	4	832	0	9	9	2	10	8	32	0	0
500	0	1	9	041	0	12	3	3	5	4	40	0	0
600	0	2	1	249	0	14	8	4	0	0	48	0	0
700	0	2	5	457	1	1	2	4	10	8	56	0	0
800	0	2	9	665	1	3	7	5	5	4	64	0	0
900	0	3	1	873	1	6	1	6	0	0	72	0	0
1,000	0	3	6	082	1	8	6	6	10	8	80	0	0
2,000	0	7	0	114	3	1	1	13	5	4	160	0	0
3,000	0	10	6	246	4	9	7	20	0	0	240	0	0
4,000	0	14	0	328	6	2	9	26	10	8	320	0	0
5,000	1	1	6	410	7	10	8	33	5	4	400	0	0
6,000	1	5	0	413	9	3	3	40	0	0	480	0	0
7,000	1	8	6	575	10	11	10	46	10	8	560	0	0
8,000	1	12	0	657	12	4	1	53	5	4	640	0	0
9,000	1	15	6	739	13	12	11	60	0	0	720	0	0
10,000	2	3	0	821	15	5	5	66	10	8	800	0	0

At 8½ per Cent

100	0	0	1	171	0	2	7	0	11	4	8	8	0
200	0	0	8	342	0	5	2	1	6	8	17	0	0
300	0	1	1	513	0	7	0	2	2	0	25	8	0
400	0	1	5	684	0	10	5	2	13	4	34	0	0
500	0	1	10	856	0	13	0	3	5	8	43	8	0
600	0	2	2	1027	0	15	7	4	4	0	51	0	0
700	0	2	7	1198	1	2	3	4	15	4	59	8	0
800	0	2	11	1369	1	4	10	5	10	8	68	0	0
900	0	3	4	1541	1	7	5	6	6	0	76	8	0
1,000	0	3	8	1712	1	10	0	7	1	4	85	0	0
2,000	0	7	5	342	3	4	1	14	2	6	170	0	0
3,000	0	11	2	513	4	14	2	21	4	0	255	0	0
4,000	0	14	10	684	6	6	8	28	5	4	340	0	0
5,000	1	2	7	856	8	2	4	35	6	8	425	0	0
6,000	1	6	4	1027	9	12	5	42	8	0	510	0	0
7,000	1	10	0	1198	11	6	6	49	9	1	595	0	0
8,000	1	13	9	1369	13	0	7	56	10	8	680	0	0
9,000	2	1	6	1541	14	10	9	64	1	0	765	0	0
10,000	2	5	3	1712	16	1	9	70	14	4	850	0	0

At 9 per Cent

100	0	0	4	714	0	3	9	0	12	0	9	0	0
200	0	0	9	1428	0	5	8	1	8	0	18	0	0
300	0	1	2	2142	0	8	3	2	4	0	27	0	0
400	0	1	6	2856	0	11	0	3	0	0	36	0	0
500	0	1	11	3571	0	13	9	3	12	0	45	0	0
600	0	2	1	4285	1	0	6	4	8	0	54	0	0
700	0	2	9	5000	1	3	3	5	1	0	63	0	0
800	0	3	1	5714	1	6	1	6	0	0	72	0	0
900	0	3	6	6428	1	8	10	6	12	0	81	0	0
1,000	0	3	11	7142	1	11	7	7	8	0	90	0	0
2,000	0	7	10	1428	3	7	2	15	0	0	180	0	0
3,000	0	11	10	2142	5	2	10	22	8	0	270	0	0
4,000	0	15	9	2856	6	14	5	30	0	0	360	0	0
5,000	1	3	8	3571	8	10	0	37	8	0	450	0	0
6,000	1	7	8	4285	10	5	8	45	0	0	540	0	0
7,000	1	11	7	5000	12	1	8	53	8	0	630	0	0
8,000	1	15	6	5714	13	12	11	60	0	0	720	0	0
9,000	2	3	6	6428	15	8	6	67	8	0	810	0	0
10,000	2	7	5	7142	17	4	1	75	0	0	900	0	0

INTEREST TABLES.

At 2½ per Cent.

AMOUNT.	ONE DAY.				ONE WEEK.			ONE MONTH.			ONE YEAR.		
Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	D.P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
100	0	0	4	997	0	2	10	0	12	8	9	8	0
200	0	0	9	994	0	5	9	1	9	4	19	0	0
300	0	1	2	991	0	8	8	2	6	0	28	8	0
400	0	1	7	989	0	11	7	3	2	8	38	0	0
500	0	2	0	986	0	14	6	3	15	4	47	8	0
600	0	2	5	983	1	1	6	4	12	0	57	0	9
700	0	2	10	980	1	4	4	5	8	8	66	8	0
800	0	3	3	978	1	7	3	6	5	4	76	0	0
900	0	3	8	975	1	10	2	7	2	0	85	8	0
1,000	0	4	1	972	1	13	1	7	14	8	95	0	0
2,000	0	8	3	945	3	10	3	15	13	4	190	0	0
3,000	0	12	5	917	5	7	5	23	12	0	285	0	0
4,000	1	0	7	890	7	4	7	31	10	8	380	0	0
5,000	1	4	9	863	9	1	0	39	9	4	475	0	0
6,000	1	8	11	835	10	14	10	47	8	0	570	0	0
7,000	1	13	1	808	12	12	0	55	6	8	665	0	0
8,000	2	1	3	780	14	9	2	63	5	4	760	0	0
9,000	2	5	5	753	16	6	4	71	4	0	855	0	0
10,000	2	9	7	725	18	3	6	79	2	8	950	0	0

At 10 per Cent.

AMOUNT.	ONE DAY.				ONE WEEK.			ONE MONTH.			ONE YEAR.		
Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	D.P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
100	0	0	5	260	0	3	0	0	13	4	10	0	0
200	0	0	10	520	0	6	1	1	10	8	20	0	0
300	0	1	3	780	0	9	2	2	8	0	30	0	0
400	0	1	9	1041	0	12	3	3	5	4	40	0	0
500	0	2	2	301	0	15	4	4	2	8	50	0	0
600	0	2	7	561	1	2	4	5	0	0	60	0	0
700	0	3	0	821	1	5	5	5	13	4	70	0	0
800	0	3	6	1082	1	8	6	6	10	8	80	0	0
900	0	4	11	342	1	11	7	7	8	0	90	0	0
1,000	0	4	4	602	1	14	8	8	5	4	100	0	0
2,000	0	8	9	205	3	13	4	16	10	8	200	0	0
3,000	0	13	1	808	5	12	0	25	0	0	300	0	0
4,000	1	1	6	410	7	10	8	33	5	4	400	0	0
5,000	1	5	11	013	9	9	5	41	10	8	500	0	0
6,000	1	10	3	616	11	8	1	50	0	0	600	0	0
7,000	1	14	8	219	13	6	9	58	5	4	700	0	0
8,000	2	3	0	821	15	5	5	66	10	8	800	0	0
9,000	2	7	5	424	17	4	1	75	0	0	900	0	0
10,000	2	11	10	027	19	2	10	83	5	4	1,000	0	0

At 10½ per Cent.

AMOUNT.	ONE DAY.				ONE WEEK.			ONE MONTH.			ONE YEAR.		
Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	D.P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
100	0	0	5	523	0	3	2	0	14	0	10	8	0
200	0	0	11	048	0	6	5	1	12	0	21	0	0
300	0	1	4	569	0	9	7	2	10	0	31	8	0
400	0	1	10	083	0	12	10	3	8	0	42	0	0
500	0	2	3	816	1	0	1	4	6	0	52	8	0
600	0	2	9	139	1	3	3	5	4	0	63	0	0
700	0	3	2	662	1	6	6	6	2	0	73	8	0
800	0	3	8	186	1	9	9	7	0	0	84	0	0
900	0	4	1	709	1	12	11	7	14	0	94	8	0
1,000	0	4	7	232	2	0	2	8	12	0	105	0	0
2,000	0	9	2	465	4	0	5	17	8	0	210	0	0
3,000	0	13	9	698	6	0	7	26	4	0	315	0	0
4,000	1	2	4	931	8	0	10	35	0	0	420	0	0
5,000	1	7	0	164	10	1	1	43	12	0	525	0	0
6,000	1	11	7	397	12	1	3	52	8	0	630	0	0
7,000	2	0	2	630	14	1	3	61	4	0	735	0	0
8,000	2	4	9	863	16	1	9	70	0	0	840	0	0
9,000	2	9	5	095	18	1	11	78	12	0	945	0	0
10,000	2	14	0	328	20	2	2	87	8	0	1,050	0	0

At 11 per Cent.

AMOUNT.	ONE DAY.				ONE WEEK.			ONE MONTH.			ONE YEAR.		
Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	D.P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
100	0	0	5	786	0	8	4	0	14	8	11	0	0
200	0	0	11	572	0	6	9	1	13	4	22	0	0
300	0	1	5	358	0	10	1	2	12	0	33	0	0
400	0	1	11	145	0	13	6	3	10	8	44	0	0
500	0	2	4	931	1	0	10	4	9	4	55	0	0
600	0	2	10	717	1	4	3	5	8	0	66	0	0
700	0	3	4	504	1	7	7	6	6	8	77	0	0
800	0	3	10	290	1	11	0	7	5	4	88	0	0
900	0	4	4	076	1	14	4	8	4	0	99	0	0
1,000	0	4	9	863	2	1	9	9	2	8	110	0	0
2,000	0	9	7	726	4	3	6	18	5	4	220	0	0
3,000	0	14	5	589	6	5	3	27	8	0	330	0	0
4,000	1	3	3	452	8	7	0	36	10	8	440	0	0
5,000	1	8	1	315	10	8	9	45	13	4	550	0	0
6,000	1	12	11	178	12	10	6	55	0	0	660	0	0
7,000	2	1	9	041	14	12	3	64	2	8	770	0	0
8,000	2	6	6	904	16	14	0	73	5	4	880	0	0
9,000	2	11	4	767	18	15	9	82	8	0	990	0	0
10,000	3	0	2	630	21	1	6	91	10	8	1,100	0	0

At 11½ per Cent.

100	0	0	6	049	0	3	6	0	15	4	11	8	0
200	0	1	0	098	0	7	0	1	14	8	23	0	0
300	0	1	6	147	0	10	7	2	14	0	34	8	0
400	0	2	0	197	0	14	1	3	13	4	46	0	0
500	0	2	6	246	1	1	7	4	12	8	57	8	0
600	0	3	0	295	1	5	2	5	12	0	69	0	0
700	0	3	6	345	1	8	8	6	11	4	88	8	0
800	0	4	0	394	1	12	2	7	10	8	98	0	0
900	0	4	6	443	1	15	9	8	10	0	108	8	0
1,000	0	5	0	493	2	3	3	9	9	4	118	0	0
2,000	0	10	0	986	4	6	6	19	2	8	230	0	0
3,000	0	15	1	479	6	9	10	28	12	0	345	0	0
4,000	1	4	1	972	8	13	1	38	5	4	460	0	0
5,000	1	9	2	465	11	0	5	47	14	8	575	0	0
6,000	1	14	2	958	13	3	8	57	8	0	690	0	0
7,000	2	3	3	452	15	7	0	67	1	4	805	0	0
8,000	2	8	3	945	17	10	8	76	10	8	920	0	0
9,000	2	13	4	438	19	13	7	86	4	0	1,035	0	0
10,000	3	2	4	931	22	0	10	95	13	4	1,150	0	0

At 12 per Cent.

100	0	0	6	312	0	3	8	1	0	0	12	0	0
200	0	1	0	624	0	7	4	2	0	0	24	0	0
300	0	1	6	936	0	11	0	3	0	0	36	0	0
400	0	2	1	249	0	14	8	4	9	0	48	0	0
500	0	2	7	561	1	2	4	5	0	0	60	0	0
600	0	3	1	873	1	6	1	6	0	0	72	0	0
700	0	3	8	186	1	9	9	7	0	0	84	0	0
800	0	4	2	498	1	13	5	8	0	0	96	0	0
900	0	4	8	810	2	1	1	9	0	0	108	0	0
1,000	0	5	3	123	2	4	9	10	0	0	120	0	0
2,000	0	10	6	246	4	9	7	20	0	0	240	0	0
3,000	0	15	0	369	6	14	5	30	0	0	360	0	0
4,000	1	5	0	493	9	3	3	40	0	0	480	0	0
5,000	1	10	3	616	11	8	1	50	0	0	600	0	0
6,000	1	15	6	739	13	12	11	60	0	0	720	0	0
7,000	2	4	9	862	16	1	9	70	0	0	840	0	0
8,000	2	10	0	986	18	6	6	80	0	0	960	0	0
9,000	2	15	4	109	20	11	4	90	0	0	1,080	0	0
10,000	3	4	7	232	23	0	2	100	0	0	1,200	0	0

Passages of Steamers and Boats.

TABLE showing the average number of Days occupied by STEAMERS to and from Bombay to the several ports for every month in the Year —

Months	To Kurrachee		From Aden		To Surat		From Gogo		To Tankwa B		From Vingorla		To Mundayve		From Mundayve		To Port Bunder		From Port Bunder	
	Days	4 to 6	Days	9	Days	1	Days	2	Days	2	Days	2	Days	3	Days	3	Days	4	Days	4
January	4 to 6	4	10	9	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
February	4 to 6	4	9	9	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
March	4 to 6	4	9	9	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
April	4 to 5	4	10	9	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
May	4 to 5	4	10	9	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
June	4 to 5	4	12	9	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
July	4 to 5	4	12	8	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
August	4 to 5	4	12	8	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
September	4 to 5	4	12	8	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
October	4 to 5	4	10	8	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
November	4 to 5	4	10	8	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
December	4 to 5	4	10	8	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Steamers do not run usually in these Months to these Ports

TABLE showing the Average Length of BOAT PASSAGES between the undermentioned Ports from October to April —

Months	Mundayve to Kurrachee		Kurrachee to Portbunder		Portbunder to Kurrachee		Kurrachee to Gogo		Gogo to Kurrachee		Kurrachee to Cumbay		Cumbay to Kurrachee	
	To	From	To	From	To	From	To	From	To	From	To	From	To	From
October	6 to 8	7 to 9	4 to 6	4 to 6	6 to 8	6 to 8	8 to 10	8 to 10	7 to 9	7 to 9	6 to 8	6 to 8	7 to 9	7 to 9
November	5 to 7	7 to 9	3 to 5	3 to 5	6 to 8	6 to 8	8 to 10	8 to 10	7 to 9	7 to 9	6 to 8	6 to 8	7 to 9	7 to 9
December	4 to 6	7 to 9	3 to 5	3 to 5	6 to 8	6 to 8	8 to 10	8 to 10	7 to 9	7 to 9	6 to 8	6 to 8	7 to 9	7 to 9
January	4 to 6	7 to 9	3 to 5	3 to 5	6 to 8	6 to 8	8 to 10	8 to 10	7 to 9	7 to 9	6 to 8	6 to 8	7 to 9	7 to 9
February	4 to 6	7 to 9	3 to 5	3 to 5	6 to 8	6 to 8	8 to 10	8 to 10	7 to 9	7 to 9	6 to 8	6 to 8	7 to 9	7 to 9
March	4 to 6	7 to 9	3 to 5	3 to 5	6 to 8	6 to 8	8 to 10	8 to 10	7 to 9	7 to 9	6 to 8	6 to 8	7 to 9	7 to 9
April	4 to 6	7 to 9	3 to 5	3 to 5	6 to 8	6 to 8	8 to 10	8 to 10	7 to 9	7 to 9	6 to 8	6 to 8	7 to 9	7 to 9

Length of Passages by Country Craft.

TABLE showing the average number of Days occupied in sailing in and from Bombay to the various distant Ports for every month in the Year.

Months.	To Gagra.	From Gagra.	To Kurrachee.	From Kurrachee.	To Vikeur.	From Vikeur.	To Unna.	From Unna.	To Mandavie.	From Mandavie.	To Pore Bunder.	From Pore Bunder.	To (Bombay).	From (Bombay).	To Tankaria Bunder.	From Tankaria Bunder.	To (Saurashtra).	From (Saurashtra).	To Bhavnagar.	From Bhavnagar.	To Waghnum.	From Waghnum.	To Bhar.	From Bhar.	To Bantock.	From Bantock.	To Aden.	From Aden.
January	8 8-10 5-7	8-10 5-7	8-10 5-7	8-10 5-7	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	8-10 5-7	8-10 5-7	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	8-10 10-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	
February	8 8-10 5-7	8-10 5-7	8-10 5-7	8-10 5-7	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	8-10 5-7	8-10 5-7	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	8-10 10-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	
March	8 8-10 5-7	8-10 5-7	8-10 5-7	8-10 5-7	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	8-10 5-7	8-10 5-7	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	8-10 10-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	
April	4 7 18-20 4-5	17-20 4-5	18-20 4-5	18-20 4-5	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	18-20 4-5	18-20 4-5	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	8-10 10-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	
May	5 11 20-25 6-8	20-25 6-8	20-25 6-8	20-25 6-8	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	20-25 6-8	20-25 6-8	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	8-10 10-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	
June	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
July	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
August	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
September	5 10 7- 9 5-6	7- 9 5-6	7- 9 5-6	7- 9 5-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 9 5-6	7- 9 5-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	8-10 10-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5		
October	5 10 7- 9 5-6	9-11 4-5	9-11 4-5	9-11 4-5	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	9-11 4-5	9-11 4-5	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	8-10 10-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5		
November	4 10 7- 8 6-6	7- 8 6-6	7- 8 6-6	7- 8 6-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 6-6	7- 8 6-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	8-10 10-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5		
December	5 10 8-10 6-8	8-10 6-8	8-10 6-8	8-10 6-8	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	8-10 6-8	8-10 6-8	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	7- 8 4-6	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	3- 6 4-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	8-10 10-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5	7- 9 15-20 2-4 3-5		

Country Boats do not usually run in these Months to these Ports.

Fares for Buggies, Cabs, Boats, &c.

THE Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to sanction under the provisions of Section XIV of (Banalay) Act No VI of 1901 the following Rates for the Hire or Hurd of Public Conveyances within the Town Suburbs and District of Bombay and the following stand or places at which along such public Conveyances may stand to ply for hire.

	Shigrams (two Horses)	Shigrams (one Horse)	Buggies	Bullock Carts	And Back			
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Shigrams (two Horses)	Shigrams (one Horse)	Buggies	Bullock Carts
Upper Colaba Stand near the Church to—								
Light House or Middle Colaba	0 0	0 6	0 4	0 2	0 14	0 9	0 6	0 5
Apollo Bunder	0 12	0 8	0 6	0 4	1 4	0 14	0 9	0 8
Elphinstone Circle	1 0	0 12	0 8	0 6	1 8	1 2	0 12	0 9
Lower Colaba Stand near the Causeway to—								
Upper Colaba Stand	0 9	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 14	0 9	0 6	0 5
Light House	0 12	0 8	0 6	0 4	1 4	0 14	0 9	0 8
Elphinstone Circle	0 9	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 14	0 9	0 6	0 5
Apollo Bunder Stand to—								
Elphinstone Circle	0 9	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 14	0 9	0 6	0 5
Lower Colaba or Bunder	0 9	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 14	0 9	0 6	0 5
Colaba Memorial Church	0 12	0 8	0 6	0 4	1 4	1 14	0 9	0 8
Light House	1 4	1 0	0 12	0 9	1 14	1 8	0 12	0 14
Apollo and Marine Street Stand the Elphinstone Circle Stand the Light House Stand Entrance of Church Street to—								
Lower Colaba	0 9	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 14	0 9	0 6	0 5
Middle Colaba narrowest part	0 12	0 8	0 6	0 4	1 4	0 14	0 9	0 8
Colaba Memorial Church	1 0	0 10	0 7	0 5	1 8	0 15	0 11	0 9
Light House	1 6	0 15	0 10	0 8	2 1	1 7	0 15	0 12
Dhobee Hall, the Market Stand or the N. I. Lane	0 9	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 14	0 9	0 6	0 5
Hon J. Bunkerjee's House Gurgaon Road Pydhonwale Stand on Municipal	0 12	0 8	0 6	0 4	1 4	0 14	0 9	0 8
Portuguese Church Stand Takkani Road Two Lanes for J. J. Hospital or County Jail	1 2	0 12	0 8	0 6	1 11	1 2	0 12	0 9
Chowpatty Gunpowder Stand Tardeo Stand the Dnyanesh Club the Bunder Railway Station on Marine (with Junction of the Nepan and Warden Roads Khambhat Hill Victoria Gardens the Mount or Masegum Bunder ..	1 11	1 2	0 12	0 9	2 8	1 11	1 2	0 14
Madar Hill Stand Beach Comedy Stand Chundpoo Police Station, the Retreat or the Branch	1 15	1 6	0 14	0 10	2 15	2 0	1 6	0 15
Mulhar Point half way across the Branch Comedy Causeway, the Tolly Branch Stand, or the Branch Police Station	2 4	1 8	1 0	0 12	3 6	3 4	1 8	1 2
Worle Hill or Source	2 15	1 14	1 4	0 11	4 4	3 12	1 14	1 7
Worle Source or Wuddal	2 6	2 4	1 8	1 2	5 1	3 6	2 4	1 11
Mahim or Bowree	4 2	3 0	2 0	1 8	6 12	4 6	3 0	2 4

FARES FOR SHIGRAMS, BUGGIES, CABS, &c.—(Continued)

	Shigrams (two Horses)		Shigrams (one Horse)		Buggies	Bullock Carts	And Back					
	Rs	A	Rs	A			Rs	A	Rs	A		
The Esplanade Stand (Entrance of Bowen Street)												
Boree Bunder Railway Terminus Stand to—												
Apollo Bunder	0	9	0	6	0	4	0	3	0	14	0	9
Gun Carriage Agency	0	18	0	9	0	6	0	4	1	4	0	9
Older Memorial Church	1	3	0	13	0	9	0	6	1	13	1	4
Light House	1	10	1	1	0	11	0	8	2	8	1	10
Hon J Sunkersett's House Ganganum Road (wicket Picket Park) ..	0	9	0	6	0	4	0	3	0	14	0	9
Portuguese Church Stand (all road)	0	9	0	6	0	4	0	3	0	9	0	6
Road Two Banks Sir J J Hospital or County Jail	0	13	0	3	0	6	0	4	1	4	0	9
Chowpatty Cemetery Stand the Byculla (in) the Byculla Railway Station or Mowson Castle	1	9	0	12	0	8	0	6	1	11	1	3
Junction of the Napean and Warden Roads Khumballa Hill Indico Stand, Victoria Gardens the Mount or Mowson Bunder	1	6	0	10	0	10	0	7	2	1	0	15
Mulbar Hill Stand Branch (only Stand the Branch Street or Church, Public Police Station	1	11	1	3	0	12	0	9	2	9	1	11
Mulbar Point midway across the Branch (only) (acrossway the full Branch Stand or the Branch Police Station	1	15	1	5	0	14	0	10	3	15	1	5
Worles Hill Nagram or Sewree	2	11	1	12	1	3	0	15	4	1	2	10
Worles Slacks or Waddalla	3	1	2	2	1	6	1	2	4	3	2	1
Mahin or Bion	4	4	3	13	1	14	1	6	5	3	13	2
Dhobee Tullao stand to—												
Elephinstone Circle Portuguese Church Stand or Church Bunder	0	9	0	6	0	4	0	3	0	14	0	9
Chowpatty the Gunpowder Stand J J Hospital or County Jail	0	13	0	9	0	6	0	4	1	4	0	9
Junction of the Napean and Warden Roads Khumballa Hill Indico Stand, Byculla (in) Byculla Railway Station or Mowson Castle	1	9	0	12	0	8	0	6	1	11	1	3
Mulbar Hill Stand the Street the Branch Victoria Gardens Mowson Bunder or Beach County Stand	1	6	0	10	0	10	0	7	2	1	0	15
Mulbar Point half way across the Branch (only) (acrossway the full Branch Stand or the Branch Police Station	1	11	1	3	0	13	0	9	2	9	1	11
Worles Hill or Sewree	2	4	1	8	1	0	0	13	3	6	1	8
Worles Slacks or Waddalla	3	13	1	14	1	4	0	15	4	4	3	13
Mahin or Bion	4	15	3	10	1	12	1	6	5	15	3	10
Market Stand to—												
Elephinstone Circle, Thackoordwar Temple, Sir J J Hospital or County Jail	0	9	0	6	0	4	0	3	0	14	0	9
The Portuguese Church Stand	0	13	0	9	0	6	0	4	1	4	0	9
* The fares to other places are the same as from the Dhobee Tullao Stand.												

* The fares to other places are the same as from the Dhobee Tullao Stand.

FARES FOR SHIGRAMS, BUGGES CABS, &c—(Continued)

	Shigrams (two Horses)	Shigrams (one Horse)	Bugges.	Bullock Carts	And Back				Bullock Carts
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Shigrams (two Horses)	Shigrams (one Horse)	Bugges.	Bullock Carts	
Pydhonwee Stand The same stand now Pydhonwee to—									
Borce Bunder Railway Terminus the cross Apollo Road, Portuguese Church Stand, the Grant Road the (the)), Diwan's Hall, the Byculla Synagogue, or the Maragon Police Court ..	0 9	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 14	0 9	0 6	0 5	
Elephinstone Circle, Chowpatty Gunpowder Stand, Turco (the Victoria Gardens or Maragon Bunder) ..	0 13	0 9	0 6	0 4	1 4	0 14	0 9	0 6	
Junction of the Warden and Nepean Roads, Kumballa Churchpooledge Police Station, or the Beach Candy Stand ..	1 2	0 12	0 8	0 6	1 11	1 2	0 12	0 9	
Malabar Hill Stand, the Retreat, the Beach the middle of the Beach the City Causeway or the Full Bough Stand ..	1 6	1 16	0 10	0 7	2 1	1 7	1 15	0 11	
Love Grove or Malabar Point ..	1 11	1 8	0 12	0 9	2 2	1 11	1 2	0 14	
Worce a Worke Hill ..	2 0	1 9	0 15	0 11	3 0	2 0	1 6	1 1	
Worce Stairs or Wuddalla ..	2 8	1 11	1 2	0 14	3 12	2 9	1 11	1 7	
Sun or Malm ..	3 10	2 7	1 10	1 8	5 7	3 11	2 7	1 13	
The S. J. Hospital Stand to—									
Small Portuguese Church, Maragon the Machinery Buildings the Byculla Club the Portuguese Church Stand Agency Lane Gargum Road the Market Stand, or Curio Bunder ..	0 0	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 14	0 9	0 6	0 5	
The fare to other places on the same as from Two Links stand									
Two Links Stand to—									
Victoria Gardens Maragon Castle, Turco, Gunpowder Stand, Pain gree Church Stand, the Hon J. Sunkaroff's House, Gargum Road, Gargum, Indi Market or Masjid Bunder ..	0 9	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 14	0 9	0 6	0 5	
Apollo Road near the cross the Borce Bunder Terminus Chowpatty the junction of the Nepean and Warden Roads Beach Candy Stand Full Bough Stand or Maragon Bunder ..	0 13	0 9	0 6	0 4	1 4	0 14	0 9	0 6	
The Beach the Retreat Half way across the Beach Causeway or Elephinstone Circle ..	1 2	0 12	0 8	0 6	1 11	1 2	0 12	0 9	
Malabar Hill Stand, or Love Grove ..	1 6	0 15	0 10	0 7	2 1	1 7	0 11	0 11	
Malabar Point, Worke Hill, or Worcester ..	1 11	1 2	0 12	0 9	2 9	1 11	1 2	0 14	
Worce Stairs or Wuddalla ..	2 4	1 8	1 0	0 12	3 6	2 4	1 8	1 2	
Malm or Sun ..	3 6	2 4	1 8	1 5	5 1	3 6	2 4	1 11	
Byculla Railway Station Stand to—									
Churchpooledge Police Station, Maragon, Small Portuguese Church, Byculla Club, Esplanade Road, or County Goal ..	0 9	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 14	0 9	0 6	0 5	
Lowry Castle, the Beach Candy Stand, the Gunpowder Stand, the Portuguese Church Stand, Wittul Wade, Carnac or Maragon Bunder...	0 13	0 9	0 6	0 4	1 4	0 14	0 9	0 6	

FARES FOR SHIGRAMS, BUGGIES, CABS, &c.—(Continued.)

	Shigram (two Horses)		Shigram (one Horse)		Buggies		Bullock Carts		And Back			
	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.
Byulla Railway Station Stand to—												
Perell Tank the Branch Vellard the Junction of the Noyam and Warden Roads Dhobai Tulla, or Boree Bunder Railway Terminus ..	1	3	0	12	0	8	0	6	1	11	1	3
Love Grove the Retreat, Chowpatty Sower, Nalgum or Liphinstone Circle ..	1	6	0	15	0	10	0	7	2	1	1	7
Work or Sower or Wuddulla ..	2	2	1	6	0	14	0	11	2	2	1	5
Mahm or Lion ..	2	0	2	0	1	5	1	1	4	9	2	0
Portuguese Church Stand to—												
Junction of the Warden and Noyam Roads Kumballa Hill, Lado the J. J. Hospital, Fydhownee or Dhobai Tulla ..	0	9	0	6	0	4	0	3	0	14	0	0
Malabar Hill Stand the Retreat the Branch Candy Stand Byulla Railway Station Masagon Castle or Boree Bunder ..	0	13	0	9	0	0	0	4	1	4	0	9
Malabar Point half way across the Branch Vellard the Victoria Gardens Masagon Bunder, or Liphinstone Circle ..	1	2	0	12	0	8	0	6	1	11	1	3
Love Grove or the Lull Bang Stand ..	1	6	0	15	0	10	0	7	2	1	1	7
Work or Sower or Perell ..	1	15	1	5	0	14	0	11	2	1	2	0
Sower ..	2	4	1	4	1	0	0	12	2	6	1	8
Mahm or Lion ..	2	12	2	8	1	12	1	5	5	10	2	12
The Gumbadevee Stand to—												
The Retreat the Branch Police Station the Branch Candy Stand Thakodwar Temple, the Byulla Club the Two Links, or Chowpatty Patel Tank ..	0	9	0	6	0	4	0	3	0	14	0	0
Malabar Hill Stand Dhobai Tulla the market stand Chikhi Bunder or the Byulla Railway Station ..	0	13	0	9	0	0	0	4	1	4	0	9
Malabar Point or Mount Hydrant the Victoria Gardens Masagon Castle or Boree Bunder Railway Terminus ..	1	2	0	12	0	8	0	6	1	11	1	3
Lull Bang Stand Tank Bunder Liphinstone Circle or Masagon Bunder ..	1	6	0	15	0	10	0	7	2	1	1	7
Perell ..	1	15	1	5	0	14	0	11	2	15	1	5
Work or Sower ..	2	4	1	4	1	0	0	12	2	6	1	8
Mahm by the Branch Causeway ..	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	0	4	10	2	1
Lion ..	1	10	2	7	1	10	1	4	5	7	2	7
The Masagon Bunder Stand to—												
Masagon Police Court ..	0	9	0	6	0	4	0	3	0	14	0	0
Murgh Bunder, Byulla Railway Station, Victoria Gardens, Fydhownee, or Two Links ..	0	13	0	9	0	0	0	4	1	4	0	9
Lull Bang Stand Portuguese Church Stand, Fardou Stand, Chumam kiln, Grant Road Thakodwar Temple, or Fish Market ..	1	2	0	12	0	8	0	6	1	11	1	3
Perell Tank, Branch Candy Stand Chowpatty Dhobai Tulla, or Boree Bunder Railway Terminus ..	1	6	0	5	0	10	0	7	2	1	1	7
Sower Nalgum, the Branch, Retreat or Liphinstone Circle ..	1	11	1	2	0	12	0	9	2	9	1	2
Love Grove Sower or Malabar Point ..	2	4	1	2	1	0	0	12	2	6	1	2
Mahm or Lion ..	2	6	2	4	1	2	1	2	5	1	2	4

FARES FOR SHIGRAMS, BUGGIES, CABS, &c.—(Continued.)

	Shigrams (two Horses)	Shigrams (one Horse)	Buggies	Bullock Carts	And Back			
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Shigrams (two Horses)	Shigrams (one Horse)	Buggies	Bullock Carts
The Turdu Stand to—								
Junction of the Nopam and Warden Roads, Kumbh Chowpatty								
Portuguese Church Stand, the two Tanks, the House of Cretian, the Beach or half way across the Beach Candy Causeway	0 0	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 14	0 0	0 0	0 5
The Retreat, the Hon. J. Sankarsett's House, G. P. and Road, Pyllawnee								
Margon Castle, or Victoria Gardens	0 13	0 9	0 6	0 4	1 4	0 11	0 0	0 6
Malabar Hill Stand, Dhokea Tulla, Cannia Bunder, Margon Bunder, or Lal Bunder	1 2	0 12	0 8	0 6	1 11	1 2	0 12	0 9
Maid or Point, Elphinstone Church, Temple Castle, Love Grove, Shams or Bore Bunder, Railway Terminus	1 6	0 15	0 10	0 7	2 1	1 7	0 15	0 11
Swick or Waddulla	1 1	1 5	0 14	0 11	2 15	2 0	1 5	1 0
Maidam by the Beach Causeway	2 6	1 11	1 2	0 14	3 12	2 9	1 11	1 5
tion	2 10	2 7	1 10	1 4	5 7	3 11	2 7	1 14
The Malabar Hill Stand to—								
Chowpatty, on the Retreat	0 9	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 14	0 0	0 0	0 5
Ground over Stand, Portuguese Church, or Lal Bunder, the two Tanks	0 13	0 9	0 6	0 4	1 4	0 11	0 0	0 6
Thakowra Temple, Beach Candy, or Turdu Stand	1 2	0 12	0 8	0 6	1 11	1 2	0 12	0 9
Dhokea Tulla, Pyllawnee, the J. J. Hospital, or half way across the Beach Causeway	1 6	0 15	0 10	0 7	2 1	1 7	0 15	0 11
Bore Bunder, Railway Terminus, the "Jain House" Church, Margon, the Victoria Gardens, or Margon Bunder, Strangers Lane, Elphinstone Church, or Sunbhoon Malabar Park area	1 11	1 2	0 12	0 9	2 9	1 11	1 2	0 14
Lal Bunder Stand	2 4	1 8	1 0	0 12	3 6	2 4	1 8	1 2
Full Tank	2 13	1 14	1 4	0 15	4 4	3 13	1 14	1 7
Waddulla	3 6	2 4	1 8	1 2	5 1	3 6	2 4	1 11
tion or Maidam	4 3	2 1	1 14	1 8	6 5	4 4	2 13	2 4
The Beach Candy Stand to—								
Love Grove, the Junction of the Nopam and Warden Roads, Ground over, or the Hydrant Club	0 9	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 14	0 0	0 0	0 5
Sunbhoon Malabar the Retreat, Chowpatty, Portuguese Church Stand, Hydrant Railway Station, or two Tanks	0 13	0 9	0 6	0 4	1 4	0 11	0 0	0 6
Malabar Park, Worles Hall, the Malabar Hill Stand, Thakowra Temple, Pyllawnee, the County Club, Margon Castle, or Victoria Gardens	1 2	0 12	0 8	0 6	1 11	1 2	0 12	0 9
Worles Bunder, Dhokea Tulla, Margon Bunder, Margon Bunder, or Lal Bunder	1 6	0 15	0 10	0 7	2 1	1 7	0 15	0 11
Bore Bunder, Railway Terminus, or the Apollo Road, near the Cross	1 11	1 2	0 12	0 9	2 9	1 11	1 2	0 14
Elphinstone Church, Strangers Lane, or Full Tank	1 15	1 5	0 14	0 11	2 15	2 0	1 5	1 0
Waddulla or Swick	2 8	1 11	1 2	0 14	3 12	2 9	1 11	1 5
Maidam by the Beach Causeway	2 4	1 8	1 0	0 12	3 6	2 4	1 8	1 2
tion	3 15	2 10	1 12	1 5	5 15	3 15	2 10	2 0

FARES FOR SHIGRAMS, BUGGIES, CABS, &c.—(Continued)

	Shigrams (two Horses)	Shigrams (one Horse)	Buggies	Bullock Carts	And Back			
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Shigrams (two Horses)	Shigrams (one Horse)	Buggies	Bullock Carts
The Lall Bough Stand to—								
Parell Tank or Victoria Gardens ..	0 9	0 6	0 4	0 3	0 11	0 9	0 6	0 5
Nagurni, or the J J Hospital ..	0 13	0 9	0 6	0 4	1 1	0 11	0 9	0 6
Wuddull's bazaar, Worlee Bimcea								
Tarlan, the Nawab's Mosque Bhandy								
Barar, the Chinch Bundar, or the								
Masegon Bundar ..	1 2	0 12	0 8	0 6	1 11	1 2	0 12	0 9
Matonga, Worlee, Breach Candy								
Stand Gundevadabund Portugese								
Church Stand, Pydhonnet, or Musjid								
Bundar ..	1 6	0 11	0 10	0 7	2 1	1 7	0 15	0 11
Chowpatty or Dhobee Pullao ..	1 11	1 2	0 12	0 9	2 9	1 11	1 2	0 11
Boroo Bundar Railway Junction ..	1 4	1 1	0 14	0 11	2 10	2 0	1 5	1 0
Mahim the Elephantine Circle Stran								
gers Lane or Mulbar Hill Stand ..	2 1	1 8	1 0	0 12	3 6	2 4	1 8	1 2
Mulbar Point or Lion ..	2 2	1 11	1 2	0 14	3 12	2 9	1 11	1 6
The whole day from sunrise to sunset ..	9 0	6 0	4 0	3 0	..	..	..	..

For each hour of detention — 9 annas for a Shigram with two Horses 6 annas for a Cab or Shigram with one Horse 4 annas for a Buggy and 3 annas for a Bullock or Labour Cart

For any distance not included in the above — 9 annas for a Shigram with two Horses, 6 annas for a Cab or Shigram with one horse, 4 annas for a Buggy and 3 annas for a Bullock or Labour Cart for every mile or fraction of a mile over and above any number of miles computed.

SCALE OF PALANQUIN FARES.

With 50 or 100 Annas

For any distance not exceeding four miles, the same fare as for a Buggy, with four annas for each hour of detention

The whole day, from sunrise to sunset, Rs 2-8

With 25 Annas

For any distance exceeding four miles, the same fare as for a Cab, with six annas for each hour of detention

The whole day, from sunrise to sunset, Rs 3-8

Conveyances discharged between any two of the above fares to pay the higher fare, for instance a Buggy taken from Lall Bough Stand to between Mulbar Hill Stand and Mulbar Point will be paid Rs 1 anna 2.

SCALE OF FARES payable by a Single Passenger by Omnibus.

THE FAREMETERS ON:								
Templeade entrance of Barar's street ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Green Market ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Musjeed Bundar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Communion ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Matharpaddy Police Station ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Masegon Bundar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dhobee Pullao ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mounbidavee ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
J J Hospital ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Byculla Railway Station ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Victoria Gardens ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lall Bough Stand ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5 1
The Honourable Juggonath Bunkersett's Bungalow, Gungum Road ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2 0
Portuguese Chapel, Gungum Road ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3 9
Chowpatty, near the Wood yard ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 3
Mulbar Hill Police station ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0 5 2

N.B.—The above scale of fares does not apply to Omnibuses which carry more than six persons. For such the rates of fare or hire are — from Fort to Byculla or vice versa, and from Gungum to the Fort or vice versa, — Any fare not exceeding 4 annas. Intermediate distances, — any fare less than 4 annas.

Boat Fares for Bombay Harbour.

Boats Licensed under Act VI of 1863

BUNDER BOATS.

Season Limits—Fair Boats from 1st October to 31st May Monsoon from 1st June to 30th September

	FAIR SEASON.				MONSOON			
	Crew 11 men.	Crew 11 men.	Crew 7 men.	Crew 7 men.	Crew 11 men.	Crew 12 men.	Crew 9 men.	Crew 7 men.
	Rs A	Rs A.	Rs A	Rs A	Rs A	Rs A	Rs A	Rs A
Trip to Panwell or Tanna	0 0	8 0	7 0	6 0	12 0	10 0	9 0	8 0
Ditto Colvett Bunder	11 0	10 0	9 0	8 0	11 0	12 0	11 0	10 0
Ditto Bhewndy Bazaar or Nagoth...	18 0	18 0	11 0	10 0	15 0	18 0	12 0	11 0
Ditto Flephunt or Butcher's Island	6 0	5 0	4 0	3 0	8 0	7 0	6 0	5 0
Ditto on board of a ship in Harbour and discharged within 4 hours	2 8	3 0	2 8	2 0	5 0	4 4	3 8	3 8
Ditto ditto 1 hour	2 12	2 4	1 12	1 4	3 8	3 0	2 8	2 4
Ditto on board of a ship below the Middle Ground	6 0	6 0	4 0	3 0	7 0	6 0	5 0	4 0
If detained for more than 4 hours until the next coming of day charge per hr.	0 8	0 6	0 6	0 4	0 10	0 8	0 6	0 6
Per day	6 0	5 0	4 0	3 0	7 0	6 0	5 0	4 0

DHINGIES.

	FAIR SEASON	MONSOON
	Crew 4 men	Crew 4 men
	Rs A	Rs A
In Harbour per day	2 0	2 0
Half a day under 6 hours	1 0	1 0
Trip to a ship in the Harbour and there discharged	0 8	1 0
Trip of 2 hours	0 10	1 0
Every additional hour	0 2	0 2
Trip to a vessel below the Middle Ground	0 10	1 4
Ditto and back	1 0	2 0

JOLLY BOATS.

	Crew 5 men	Crew 6 men
	Rs A	Rs A
	Rs A	Rs A
In Harbour per day	1 4	2 8
Half a day, under 6 Hours	1 0	1 4
Trip to a ship in the Harbour and there discharged	0	0 10
Trip of 2 hours	0 12	1 0
Every additional hour	0 3	0 4
Trip to a vessel below the Middle Ground	0 14	1 4
Ditto and back	1 2	1 10

SUMBOOTS AND TONIES.

	Crew 2 men	Crew 2 men
	Rs A	Rs A
	Rs A	Rs A
Trip to a ship in the Harbour	0 8	0 8
Ditto and back	0 5	0 8
All day	1 0	1 4

RULES FOR THE REGULATION OF PUBLIC CONVEYANCES.

The following are the appointed Bunders, or landing places, for Public Water Conveyances

Apollo Bunder.	|	Customs Bunder	|	Masagon Bunder
Boreo "	|	Musjid "	|	

Extracts from Act VI of 1863

Section XIV—Boats may anchor or lay off to ply for hire not nearer than 30 yards from such Pier or Bunder from which their Licence is granted

Section XI—No description of Boat or Vessel shall carry more passengers than the number for which such Boat or Vessel is licensed and the owner of such Boat or Vessel who shall infringe or violate any of the conditions of his Licence, shall be liable, on conviction before a Police Magistrate to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, or in default of payment of such fine, to simple imprisonment for a period not exceeding Two months

Section XII—Concealing the Number or preventing any person taking note there of The Licensee (Boatman) or other attendant shall on conviction before a Police Magistrate, forfeit for every such offence Twenty Rupees or in default of payment of such fine, be liable to simple imprisonment for a period not exceeding Two months

Section XVII—If the Licensee (Boatman) or attendant of any public (water) conveyance, the whole of which has been hired or taken on by one or more persons shall permit or suffer any person to be carried in or upon such conveyance without the express consent of the person or persons hiring the same such Licensee (Boatman) or other attendant shall, for every such offence, on conviction before a Police Magistrate, forfeit a sum not exceeding Rupees Twenty, or in default be liable to imprisonment as prescribed in the last preceding Section

Section XIII—Every Licensee (Boatman) or other attendant shall always have then License with them showing the rates and fares, with an abstract of the laws relating to public conveyances and shall produce the same for the information of any hirer of or passenger by such public conveyance under penalty on conviction before a Police Magistrate, of a fine not exceeding Rupees Twenty or in default of payment of such fine he shall be liable to simple imprisonment for a period not exceeding Two months

Section XV—The Boatman or other attendant refusing or neglecting to give way if he conveniently can, to any private boat making or landing any person from such public (water) conveyance on conviction before a Magistrate of Police, shall forfeit a sum not exceeding Rupees Twenty or in default be liable to simple imprisonment for a period not exceeding Two months

Section XVI—Every Boatman or other attendant of any public (water) conveyance who shall at any time during such employment be intoxicated, or refuse to obey the reasonable orders of the person hiring, or using his boat or shall when plying for hire, keep the inside of his conveyance dirty shall on conviction before a Magistrate of Police, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rupees Twenty, or in default of payment such imprisonment as prescribed in the last preceding Section

Section XVII—Any Boatman or other attendant of any public (water) conveyance plying for hire demanding payment of his fare or who shall refuse to convey any person desirous of hiring his conveyance or shall refuse or delay to proceed with reasonable expedition, or shall exact or demand for the hire thereof more than the regulated sum, or shall anchor or lay off any other Pier or Bunder than that for which his Licence is granted, shall on conviction before a Magistrate of Police, forfeit a sum not exceeding Rupees Twenty, or in default of payment, be liable to simple imprisonment for a period not exceeding Two months

Section XVIII—In case of hurt or damage negligently or wilfully occasioned by any Boatman, &c., Magistrate may award compensation

Section XIX—In case of any dispute, the hirer of any public (water) conveyance may require the Boatman or other attendant, and the Boatman or other attendant may require the hirer, to proceed forthwith to the nearest Police Office where the dispute shall be settled by the Magistrate then sitting, or should the Police Office be closed, to the nearest European Police Officer

Section XX—Every Licensee of any public conveyance shall be bound, when required by a Police Officer to do so, to cause the same to ply for hire any refusal or failure to comply without reasonable cause proved, such Licensee Boatman, or attendant shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rupees Fifty

Section XXI—Licensee may be summoned to produce Boatman, &c., in the event of his failing to appear the Magistrate may decide *ex parte*

Section XXII—Persons refusing to pay legal fare may be fined and compelled to compensate Boatman for his loss of time

Section XXX—Any person using a public conveyance wilfully or negligently injuring the same, will be liable to a fine not exceeding Twenty Rupees, and pay compensation for the injury, the amount to be fixed by the Magistrate and received as a fine.

Section XXX—Magistrate may award compensation to Boatman in case of groundless complaint.

Section XXXI—Property left in any public conveyance licensed under Act VI of 1863, shall be forthwith deposited by the Boatman or other attendant in the office of the Commissioner of Police, to be returned to the person who shall prove to the Commissioner of Police that the same belonged to him, on payment of all expenses reasonably incurred, &c. Any Boatman or other attendant who shall neglect to deposit all property left in a public conveyance, shall on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rupees Fifty, or in default of payment of the same, to simple imprisonment for One month, or both.

Section XXXII—Any Police Officer or Constable may arrest without a Warrant any person committing in his view any offence against Act VI of 1863.

Section XXXI—No conviction under this Act by any Magistrate of Police or Magistrate contemplated in Section XXXVI of the same shall be open to appeal or reversed by any other Court.

Section XXXI—Attendants on public conveyances licensed under this Act includes Drivers, Conductors, Hamals, Fundals, Syangas, Boatmen.

Wrecks & Disasters

IN AND NEAR THE BOMBAY HARBOUR FROM 1770 TO 1867

JULY 1770—*Suffernan*, Grub 350 tons, struck on the reef extending off Light House—wrecked.

JULY 1792—*Saint Castle* 1140 tons struck on Thull Shoal lost her rudder.

JULY 1794—*Acetone*, 30 tons wrecked on Thull Shoal.

JULY 1794—*Brida* 1,400 tons struck on the Reef off the Light House, lost her rudder, grounded at Muzgon to prevent quaking.

JULY 1812—*Gahora* 1,500 tons struck on Thull Shoal and remained there till October, when she was got off and docked at Muzgon.

JULY 1811—Pilot Boat No. 4 lost (one person drowned) driven on shore on Southern side of the Harbour on Munday.

AUGUST 1819—Pilot Boat No. 2 lost, landed and eight men drowned. The Pilot Brig *Syph* nearly swamped.

JULY 1827—Captain Mack Master Attendant having piloted the H. E. I. C. Ship *Buckra* to the clearance of all dangers was returning in Pilot Boat No. 1, when the Boat was struck by a heavy sea which completely turned her over and Captain Mack and 2 Larsons drowned. *Syph* Pilot Boat, was pooped and nearly foundered.

JANUARY 1825—Ship *Milford*, grounded on Prongs, got off by Lieutenant Grant, 1st Assistant Master Attendant.

NOVEMBER 1826—Pilot Boat No. 4 wrecked on S. W. Prongs after having lost a mast and both yards four 1 masts and a Parrel drowned.

AUGUST 1830—Arab Ship *Sumbay* wrecked 2 miles to southward of Thull Reef, left the Harbour on the 7th and was piloted well clear.

JULY 1834—Pilot Boat No. 3 was lost alongside the ship *Prince George*.

JULY 1836—Chief Officer of the *Ten Brithers* reports the loss of that vessel, having foundered on a reef N. N. W. of the Light House proceeding hence to Cleve's.

JULY 1837—Great Gale, Bombay—16 ships broke swift and downed, 11 totally wrecked or hinged, Pilot Brig *Syph* to prevent going ashore, cut away foremast, 25 Ships rode it out although they all drove and brought both anchors ahead.

JANUARY 1838—H. C. S. Packet *Berwick* grounded on S. W. Prongs coming in with English Mail, saved.

MAY 1840—*Comptent*, totally wrecked on S. W. Prongs.

JUNE 1840—*Lord Wm Bentinck* and *Lord Castlesoph* totally wrecked on S. W. Prongs, many lives lost.

JUNE 1840—Pilot Boat No. 1 swamped alongside the *John Bull*, all hands and boat saved.

- JULY 1844 — *Royal Admiral*, wrecked on the S E Prong
 JULY 1847 — Pilot Boat No 6 lost alongside the Ship *Adzeer*, all hands saved
 JUNE 1851 — *Arcton* — lost on Kennery Island
 JUNE 1856 — *Judal Barry* Do do
 JULY 1857 — *Bank of England* lost at Alibaugh
 JUNE 1859 — Pilot Boat No 4 in taking Brig *Arcton* *Aper* to sea, heavy sea struck the Brig and washed away her quarter Boats, Davits, and poop bulwarks, stanchions and wheel, at the same time washing overboard the master of the Brig and two Lascars and Pilot, Mr McDonald, the latter was drowned, the boat swamped at the same time and washed ashore near the Government (works) in Back Bay the following day Tindal and 10 Lascars drowned
 JULY 1858 — *Atur*, lost at Kennery Island
 JULY 1859 — *Natalia* lost in Back Bay
 JULY 1860 — *Falia*, lost on Kennery Island
 JULY 1860 — *Squantam*, (Amn) lost near the Hulse territory, 20 miles below Alibaugh
 JULY 1861 — *Loumanna*, lost at Alibaugh
 JULY 1861 — Pilot Boat No 1, Messrs Anderson and Southropes Pilots after leaving the ships *Stamboul* and *Kurzon*, a heavy squall came from the N W, the Boat swamped and was driven on shore near a lym on the Thull shore, South side of the Harbour, all hands saved, boat totally lost
 JULY 1861 — Pilot Boat No 2 after leaving the Ship *Arcton* with Mr Pilot Anderson Junior, Captain Truitt of the *Atilla* and a Purser Dubois was caught in a heavy squall from the N W and drove on shore near the same spot Pilot Anderson, Captain Truitt the Purser Dubois Tindal and five Lascars drowned boat lost
 JULY 1861 — Pilot Boat No 4 drove on shore at the same spot Pilot Ingle and all hands saved, but slightly injured on the bottom, brought over from Thull Asoil September 20th
 MAY 1862 — *Beckwith*, lost on S W and (roughly) in Bombay Harbour, while working out at night
 JUNE 1862 — *James Pilkington*, totally lost off the Island of Versava about 20 miles North of Bombay all lives lost
 JULY 1862 — *Wahatool Rahman*, lost at Coutta near Anjumeil
 JUNE 1863 — *Naderi*, totally lost to the Northward of Versava
 JUNE 1863 — *Petterson* totally lost on the night of the 10th and 11th idem in the latitude of Kennery Island the light ship bearing N E by N 12 to 14 miles distant
 JUNE 1863 — *General Simpson*, wrecked on the 14th of Chittie
 OCTOBER 1863 — Ship *Briggs* of the Hind lost on the bar of Cochun
 Do Do *Lafit Rocoe* (foreign name) lost on the bar of Cochun
 JULY 1864 — French Brig *Marie Catherine* wrecked at Alibaugh
 JANUARY 1865 — English ship *Sydenham*, from Kurrachee was wrecked about three quarters of a mile S W of the light house on the S W Prong, wind N W fine moonlight night
 MARCH 1865 — *Allen Watson*, from Liverpool was wrecked on the S W Prong one mile S W of light house at 7 1/2 m, full moon at the time she went on shore
 MAY 1865 — *Jhora*, foundered 4 1/2 miles N E of Outer Light ship
 NOVEMBER 1865 — Ship *City of Manchester* grounded on the S W Prong about a mile from the light house and was floated off on the morning of the following day
 FEBRUARY 1866 — *S Juddo*, lost on Choul Kadoo rocks on her passage from China to Bombay with Mulla, at 11 40 P M nearly high water spring tides (Ganges) Comm under
 MAY 1866 — *S Maharaj*, wrecked on Amboulghur Reef in the Jywasoor harbour
 JUNE 1866 — The *Diamond* from Calcutta with 450 Pilgrims was wrecked at Breach (and) abreast of the Jho Ille from Juddo bound to Calcutta, she was dismantled in trying to make the Port of Bombay Several pilgrims were drowned The rest were rescued in boats sent off from the shore, and on pieces of wreck
 JUNE 1866 — The Ship *Stafford* from Liverpool bound to Bombay was wrecked on the S E Prong, the crew abandoned her
 JULY 1866 — Ship *Chapman*, with coals, wrecked at Alibaugh, all hands saved by canoes and in their own boats
 JULY 1866 — *Pickens*, from Zambar, wrecked at Alibaugh, all hands saved
 JULY 1866 — Ship *Zenobia*, from Calcutta bound to Bombay, wrecked on Choul Kadoo rocks, all hands saved
 JULY 1866 — *Bruce*, touched on Choul Kadoo rocks on the 23rd, on the 24th at 5 P M Mr W Smith with the steamer *Karajak* towed her out and repaired Bombay Harbour on the 25th at 5 A M, lost some of her false keel and rudder injured
 AUGUST 1866 — The *Vernon*, wrecked 4 miles South of Kennery Island, 2nd Mate Carpenter and one Seaman drowned, 4th August, Mr Corke in Steamer *Phileas* with Volunteers from the ships *Kohila* and *Gulien* went down and cut away her mast which was on
 AUGUST 1866 — *Thermis* with a cargo of coals, wrecked near Alibaugh
 JUNE 1867 — *Bombay*, while riding at anchor near the inner light ship, bound for Liverpool, broke her cables in the course of the night, drifted up the harbour and became a total wreck under Caranjah
 AUGUST 1867 — The *Tersak*, laden with coals, ran ashore between the Islands of Kennery and Kennery, and broke up in a few hours, 23 of the crew were saved, and 8 drowned in attempting to reach the shore
 AUGUST 1867 — The *Merchant Prince*, went ashore on the South end of Choul Kadoo Reef and became a total wreck, all hands saved
 AUGUST 1867 — The *Arabian* went ashore on the west side of S W Prong and became a total wreck, all hands saved by means of life boats from the shore
 SEPTEMBER 1867 — The *Nagoda*, steamer, belonging to the C and R S N Co, foundered in the harbour after having been in collision with the *Ceres*, a sister ship, belonging to the same Company, — no lives lost

Table of Precedence for India.

Fort William, 29th July 1862

The following Warrant under Her Majesty's Sign Manual, in supersession of the Table of Precedence for India, prescribed in January 1856, and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd of May following, is published for general information —

VICTORIA R

Victoria by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith

To all to whom these presents shall come, Greeting Whereas it hath been represented unto Us that it is advisable to regulate the Rank and Precedence of persons holding appointments in the East Indies,

In order to fix the same and prevent all dispute We do hereby declare that it is Our Will and Pleasure that the following Table be observed with respect to the Rank and Precedence of the Persons hereafter named

The Governor General and Viceroy, or Governor General and Viceroy for the time being

The Governor of Bengal

The Governor of Madras

The Governor of Bombay

The Governor of Agra

The Governor of any Presidency which may be hereafter formed in India

The President of the Council of the Governor General of India

The Lieutenant Governors of any of the Presidencies or Provinces in India according to priority of appointment

The Chief Justice Bengal

The Bishop of Calcutta

The Chief Justice Madras

The Bishop of Madras

The Chief Justice Bombay

The Bishop of Bombay

The Commander in Chief in India, when also a Member of the Council of the Governor General of India

Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor General of India, according to priority of appointment

Ordinary Members of Council Bengal according to priority of appointment

The Commander in Chief at Madras when also a Member of Council

Ordinary Members of Council at Madras according to priority of appointment

The Commander in Chief at Bombay when also a Member of Council

Ordinary Members of Council at Bombay, according to priority of appointment

The Puisne Judges of the High Court of Judicature at Calcutta, according to priority of appointment

The Puisne Judges of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, according to priority of appointment

The Puisne Judges of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, according to priority of appointment

The Governor of the Straits Settlements

The Commander in Chief in India

The Commander in Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces

The Commanders in Chief of the Army at the several Presidencies (not being Commanders in Chief in India) according to relative rank in their respective services

The Commander in Chief of the Indian Navy

Members appointed to the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations according to priority of appointment, except in case of the Members who may, on other grounds, be entitled to special precedence

Members of the Council of the Lieut. Governor of Bengal, appointed for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, according to priority of appointment except in the case of Members who may on other grounds, be entitled to special precedence

Members of Council at Madras, appointed for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, according to priority of appointment except in the case of Members who may, on other grounds, be entitled to special precedence

Members of Council at Bombay appointed for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations according to priority of appointment except in the case of Members, who may on other grounds, be entitled to special precedence

Naval and Military Officers above the rank of Major General

Civilians of thirty five years' standing from date of rank assigned to them on their arrival to form Class I, and from date of entering such Class to rank with Major Generals according to date of Commission
 Civilians of twenty years' standing from date of rank assigned to them on their arrival to form Class II, and from date of entering such Class to rank with Colonels according to date of Commission

Archdeacon

Ditto

Ditto

Calcutta

Madras

Bombay

Civilians of twelve years' standing from date of rank assigned to them on their arrival to form Class III, and from date of entering such Class to rank with Lieutenant Colonels according to date of Commission

Civilians of eight years' standing from date of rank assigned to them on their arrival to form Class IV, and from date of entering such Class to rank with Majors according to date of Commission

Civilians of four years' standing from date of rank assigned to them on their arrival to form Class V, and from date of entering such Class to rank with Captains according to date of Commission

Civilians under four years' standing from date of rank assigned to them on their arrival to form Class VI and to rank with Subalterns according to date of Commission

Advocates General (not being Members of Council for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations) to rank with the First Class of Civil Servants

Administrators General to rank with the Second Class of Civil Servants

Chaplains to rank with Civilians of the Fourth Class and Majors

Assistant Chaplains to rank with Civilians of the Fifth Class and Captains

All Officers not mentioned in the above Table whose rank is regulated by comparison with rank in the Army to have the same rank with reference to Civil Servants as is enjoyed by Military Officers of equal grade

All other persons who may not be mentioned in this Table to take rank according to general usage which is to be explained and determined by the Governor General in Council in case any question shall arise

Nothing in the foregoing Rules to disturb the existing practice relating to precedence at Native Courts, or on occasions of intercourse with Natives, and the Governor General in Council to be empowered to make Rules for such occasions in case any dispute shall arise

All Ladies to take place according to the rank assigned to their respective Husbands, with the exception of wives of Peers and Ladies having precedence in England, independently of their Husbands, and who are not in rank below the Daughters of Barons

Such Ladies to take place according to their several ranks with reference to such precedence in England immediately after the wives of Members of Council at the Presidencies in India

Given at Our Court at Balmoral this twenty first day of May, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty two, and in the twenty fifth year of Our Reign

By Her Majesty's Command
 CHARLES WOOD

TABLE OF SALUTES TO EUROPEAN FUNCTIONARIES.

		Gun
Viceroy and Governor General of India	By the Forts and Batteries within the Indian Territories and Seas and in being fallen in with, by, or visiting, any of Her Majesty's Ships within those limits	21
Ambassadors	By Her Majesty's Forts and Batteries within the Indian Territories and also on visiting embarking on board of, or disembarking from, any of Her Majesty's Ships within the Indian Seas	19
Governors of Presidencies	By the Forts and Batteries within the Indian Territories and Seas and by Her Majesty's Ships within those limits, each	17
The President of the Council of India	By the Forts and Batteries within the Indian Territories and Seas and by Her Majesty's Ships within those limits, each	17
Governor General of the Portuguese Settlement in India	By the Forts and Batteries within the Indian Territories and Seas and by Her Majesty's Ships within those limits, each	17
Governor of Pondicherry	By the Forts and Batteries within the Indian Territories and Seas and by Her Majesty's Ships within those limits, each	17
Governors of Her Majesty's Colonies	The same within jurisdiction, or when on duty elsewhere	17

		<i>Guns</i>
Lieutenant Governors of Provinces in India—The same within jurisdiction, or when on duty elsewhere.		15
Commander in Chief—According to Military Rank with two Guns more than specified below, in the scale for Rank (the same within Indian Territories and Seas)		
Commander in Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces—According to Naval Rank with two Guns more than specified below, in the scale for Rank (within his own Presidency only)		
Generals and Admirals, or their Flags The same within Indian Territories and Seas		15
Members of Council—Fort and Batteries, and Her Majesty's Ships within their respective Presidencies		15
Commander in Chief Indian Navy According to Naval Rank, with two Guns more than specified below, in the scale for Rank (the same within Indian Territories and Seas)		
Plenipotentiaries and Envoys—The same within the precincts of the Territories to which he is accredited		15
Lieutenant Governors of Her Majesty's Colonies—The same within jurisdiction, or when on duty elsewhere		15
Vice Admirals and Lieutenant Generals or their flags The same within Indian Territories and Seas		13
Agents to the Governor General The same within Indian Territories and Seas, or within jurisdiction only, or when on duty elsewhere		13
Residents	} The same within jurisdiction or when on duty elsewhere each	
Chief Commissioners of Provinces and Commissioners		13
Baron Admirals and Major Generals or their Flags The same within Indian Territories and Seas		11
Political Agents and Charges d'Affaires Lieut. Batteries and Her Majesty's Ships within the precincts of the Territories to which he is accredited		11
Commanders of the First Class and Brigadier Generals The same within limits of Command		9
The Portuguese Governor of Damão The same within Indian Territories and Seas		9
The Governor of Dew		9
Her Majesty's Ships not carrying Broad Pennant (return salute only)		7
Any other Ships Gun for Gun		
Officers inferior to Brigadier Generals who command Divisions of the Army, District Field Forces or are beyond the limits of Garrison with a permanent Staff to receive in Bangil Mithas and Pany a Salute and Honors of the next Superior Army Rank from their own Garrison Forces &c		
This is applicable to India only		
Act The Viceroy and Governor General of India to have power in cases in which he may deem it expedient to withhold Salutes from such local Regulations for the guidance of the authorities in Indian limits with respect to Civil or Military Officers holding Positions or Commands not included in the above Table		

TABLE OF SALUTES ON ANNIVERSARIES OR SPECIAL OCCASIONS

		ANNIVERSARIES
The Queen's Birth day	}	To be fired at all Sta-
The Accession and the Coronation of the reigning Sovereign		tions where there
The Prince Consort's Birth day		are guns each
SPECIAL OCCASIONS		
Births of children of the reigning Sovereign	}	At the Presidencies
Victories of the British Army		only each
Reading of all Proclamations		21
ANNIVERSARIES		
FUNERAL HONORS		
Minute Guns to be fired at the Funerals of Civil and Naval and at the Funerals of Functionaries who were entitled to Salutes the same number of Minute Guns only to be fired as they were entitled to in Salutes when living		
Minute Guns equal in number to the years of the deceased not to be fired on any occasion, unless by the special order of the Governor General in Council		
Noon day Guns to be fired at all large Military Stations		

TABLE OF SALUTES TO NATIVE SOVEREIGNS AND CHIEFS.

NAME	NO OF GUNS	NAME	NO OF GUNS
10 Maharajah of Nepal	21	10 Nawab of Rampore	13
" Ameer of Cabool	21	" Nawab of Tawra	13
" Sultan of Muscat	21	" Rajah of Koch Bihar	13
" Sultan of Zimbur	21	" of Lipperah	13
" Nizam of the Deccan	21	" Maharajah of Benares	11
" Gokwar of Baroda	21	" Rajah of Jhansi	11
" Maharajah of Mysore	21	" " of Nabha	11
Maharajah Scindia of Gwalior	*19	" " of Kuppeorthulla	11
" Holkar, of Indore	*19	" " of Samptur	11
the Begum of Bhopal	*19	" Nawab of Loodhgarh	11
" Mahirana of Mewar (Only pore)	19	" " of Nowanagar	11
" Maharajah of Jummoo and Cashmere	19	" Thakoor of Bhowanagar	11
" Khan of Kalat	19	" Rajah of Rutlam	11
" Maharajah of Travancore	19	" Maharajah of Purnia	11
" Rajah of Kolapure	19	" " of Chikneco	11
" Nawab Nizam of Buzul	19	" Rajah of Bijawur	11
" Maharajah of Mysore	17	" " of Chatterpore	11
" " of Marwar (Jodhpore)	17	" " of Mundie	11
" Maharajah of Puttala	17	" Dowan of Pahnampore	11
" Maha Rao of Kotah	17	" Rajah of Koppala	11
" Maharajah of Rewah	17	" Nawab of Bahampore	11
" Rao of Kutch	17	" Rana of Poonunda	11
" Rajah of Cutch	17	" Raj of Dimgur	11
" Maharajah of Bulander	17	" Rajah of Ahyghur	11
" Nawab of Bhawalpur	17	" Nawab of Cymly	11
" Maharajah of Bomdee	17	" Rajah of Sullia	11
" Maharajah of Kutch	17	" " of Sockimbow	11
" Maharajah of Bhutpur	17	" Nawab of Rajm	11
" Nawab of Tonk	17	" Rajah of Narsingh	11
" Rajah of Bootm	15	" " of Thibora	11
" Maharajah of Sikkim	15	" " of Chumba	11
" " of Ouch (Telree)	15	" Nawab of Bioneo	11
" " of Kirhengarh	15	" Rajah of Surnar	11
" Maharajah of Ulwar	15	" " of Sockat	11
" Maharajah of Dhulepore	15	" " of Lunsolkote	11
" Maharajah of Jambhura	15	" " of Khyloo	11
" Maha Raj Rana of Jhulwar	15	" Su Daseet of Sawant Wareo	9
" Rajah of Portagurh	15	" Nawab of Mirat Kotea	9
" Rajah of Dhar	15	" Rajah of Chota Godeypore	9
" Two Chiefs of Dewar, Cuch	15	" " of Baria	9
" Maharajah of Duttia	15	" Rana of Burwanee	9
" Maha Rawul of Bunsware	15	" Rajah of Nagode	9
" Maharajah of Ibur	15	" Rana of Ah Rajpore	9
Meer Ali Moosul of Khyrpore	15	" " of Loodhwar	9
The Rao of Sirohi	15	" Nawab Baboo of Balasore	9
" Maha Rawul of Doongurpore	13	" Rajah of South	9

Native Chiefs at Aden . . . 9 to 12
The Rajah Nudoon . . . 7

LIST OF DISHONAL AND LOCAL SALUTES

Maharajah Dulceep Singh for life	21
Maharajah Jung Bahadur for life	19
Ranoyee Rao Bundia, Chota Maharajah of Gwalior, within limits of Gwalior territory	17
Nawab Mir Salar Jung Bahadur, KCSI, for life	17
Prince Azeem Jah, of Arcot	15
Her Highness the Koodia Begum of Bhopal (Bhoodshahee), for life	15
Maharajah Meerza Vaseeram Gurreputty Raj Ramesh Sultan, Bahadur, KCSI, of Vizianagram, on every occasion of visiting and leaving the Bengal Presidency	13

The Stamp Act.

AGREEMENTS.—Every agreement or memo of agreement must be on stamped paper.
1. Agreement or any memo. of an agreement not being the nature of a Bond or of a Conveyance or Deed of Mortgage Gift or Dower, 1 Rupee.

If the agreement or minute or memo be of the nature of a Bond or other obligation for the payment of money, or of a Conveyance or of a Deed of Mortgage, Gift or Dower, the same stamp is prescribed by this schedule for such instrument.

2. Agreement for an annual or periodical payment not otherwise charged for in this Schedule the same stamp as for a Bond, for the amount of ten years' payment, or of the total sum secured if less.

Agreements for the sale or purchase of merchandize, &c. are exempt from Stamp duty.

Agreement for service or personal employment by the month or for any longer period requires a stamp, but not for any period less than a month.

1. **BILLS OF EXCHANGE.**—(1) Checks, &c., payable on demand. If payable on demand on bearing the date on which it is made, and if the sum payable exceed 20 Rs. 1 anna.

2. **BILLS OF EXCHANGE, &c.** payable within a year after date or sight —

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.				Inland and Foreign, if drawn singly	Foreign, if drawn in a set of two each to be stamped	Foreign, if drawn in sets of three, each to be stamped.
	Rupers	100		0 Rs. 1 As.	0 Rs. 1 As.	0 Rs. 1 As.
Bills not exceeding						
Above Rupers 100 and not exceeding "		500		0 3	0 3	0 3
" " 500 ditto "		500		0 6	0 3	0 3
" " 500 ditto "		1 000		0 12	0 6	0 4
" " 1,000 ditto "		2 500		1 3	0 12	0 8
" " 2,500 ditto "		5,000		3 0	1 3	1 0
" " 5,000 ditto "		10,000		6 0	3 0	2 0
" " 10,000 ditto "		21,000		12 0	6 0	4 0
" " 21,000 ditto "		31,000		18 0	9 0	6 0

And for every further 10,000 Rs. or for any part of every further 10,000 Rs. if drawn singly 6 Rs. in addition, if drawn in a set of two each to be stamped 3 Rs. in addition, if drawn in a set of three each to be stamped 2 Rs. in addition.

3. **BILLS OF EXCHANGE &c.** payable at a period exceeding one year. The same stamp for Bonds as prescribed by article 12 for the payment of the same amount —

BONDS				BONDS			
For any sum not exceeding	Rs. 25	Rs. 50	Rs. 100	Above 2,000 Rs. & not exceeding 5,000	Rs. 25	Rs. 50	Rs. 100
For any sum not exceeding				" 5,000 "			
Above 25 Rs. & not exceeding	100	0 3	0 6	" 10,000 "			
" 100 " ditto	200	1 0	1 3	" 20,000 "			
" 200 " ditto	300	2 0	2 3	" 40,000 "			
" 300 " ditto	500	4 0	4 3	" 60,000 "			
" 500 " ditto	700	5 0	5 3	" 80,000 "			
" 700 " ditto	1,000	6 0	6 3	And for every further part of a lakh			
" 1,000 " ditto	2,000	10 0	10 3	And for every further full lakh			
" 2,000 " ditto	3,000	15 0	15 3				

Bills of Lading—4 Rs. for every Bill of each set
Bottomry Bonds—same stamps as common bonds
Charter Parties—3 Rupees
Respondentia and

LEASES.				LEASES.			
	Not exceeding one year	Exceeding one year			Not exceeding one year	Exceeding one year	
	Rs. As.	Rs. As.			Rs. As.	Rs. As.	
If the rent for 12 months shall not exceed Rs. 25	0 4	0 8	Ex.	3,000 "	15 0	30 0	
" 25 Rs. but not ex 50 Rs.	0 8	0 12	"	4,000 "	24 0	48 0	
" 50 " " 100 "	0 12	1 0	"	5,000 "	40 0	80 0	
" 100 " " 250 "	1 0	2 0	"	10,000 "	100 0	200 0	
" 250 " " 500 "	2 0	4 0	"	25,000 "	200 0	400 0	
" 500 " " 1,000 "	4 0	8 0	And in every additional 5,000				
" 1,000 " " 2,000 "	8 0	16 0	or part thereof		100 0	200 0	

The counterpart of a lease must also be stamped as well as the original
APPEAL or PETITION presented to a Collector of Customs, Municipal Commissioners, or to any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace—**one anna**
POWER OF ATTORNEY, appointing a proxy to vote at a meeting of Joint Stock proprietors—**4 annas**.

WRITING COMPLAINTS against wrongful confinement made before a Magistrate—**Rs. 1**
Life Policies—For every sum of Rs. 1,000 and for every fractional part of Rs. 1,000—**3 Rs.**
Marine Policies—For every sum of Rs. 1,000 and for every fractional part of Rs. 1,000—**3 Rs.**
Note that if the premium on Marine Policies exceed two per cent the stamps are doubled.
RECEIPTS—For any sum above Rs. 20—**one anna**. Note that all receipts for payment of Promissory Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c. are exempt.

The Bombay Press.

PUBLICATIONS.

English.

The "Bombay Gazette," Meadow Street, Fort
The "Times of India," Church Gate Street, Fort.

WEEKLY.

The "Bombay Saturday Review,"—Gazette Office
The "Bombay Guardian," Oriental Press, Jail Road
The "Powler Oriental Press"
The "Native Opinion," Sunday—Union Press, Dhobi Talao
The "Bombay Government Gazette" Thursday—Education Society's Press, Byculla.
The "Bombay Catholic Examiner" Saturday—Commercial Press, Old Market, Fort
The "Prabhu Pathshala" or "Bombay City Press," Kalbadavia Road.

BI-MONTHLY.

The "Bombay Gazette Overland Summary" Gazette Office.
The "Times of India Overland Summary" Times of India Office.
The "Bombay Price Current" Gazette Office
The "Bombay Exchange Price Current" Exchange Press, Church Gate Street, Fort.
The "Overland Commercial Gazette" Price Current Office, Rope Walk, Fort.

MONTHLY.

The "Bombay Builder"—Times of India Press, Fort
The "Photographic Album"—Sykes and Dwyer, Photographers, Hummum Street
The "Indian Travellers Guide"—Gazette Office
The "Plymouth School Paper"—Education Society's Press, Byculla.
The "Museum Record of Western India"—ditto.

QUARTERLY.

The "Army and Civil Service List"—Education Society's Press, Byculla.

HALF-YEARLY.

The "Civil List"—Education Society's Press, Byculla.

ANNUAL.

The "Bombay Almanack and Directory"—Gazette Office
The "Times of India Calendar and Directory"—Times of India Office
The "Prabhu Pathshala Calendar"—Bombay City Press, Kalbadavia Road.
The "Davies' Directory Calendar and Directory"—Bombay City Press.

OCCASIONALLY.

"Punch in India"—Gazette Press
The "Journal of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society"—Education Society's Press, Byculla.
The "Transactions of the Bombay Geographical Society"—Education Society's Press, Byculla.
The "Journal of the Medical and Physical Society"—Education Society's Press, Byculla.
The "Journal of the Agri-Horticultural Society of Western India"—Exchange Press.

English and Guzerati.

WEEKLY.

The "Rast Goftar and Satia Prakash," Sunday—Duffer Ashkara Press, Old Market, Fort
The "Suryodaya," Sunday—Summichar Press, Fort.
The "Mitro Dya," Sunday—Borah Bazar.

English and Marathi.

WEEKLY.

The "Indu Prakash," Monday—Girgaum
The "Prabhu Pathshala," Eastern Press, Gwyaddy Lane.

BI-MONTHLY.

The "Dyanodaya"—"Exchange Press" Church Gate Street, Fort.

Portuguese.

WEEKLY.

"O Anglo Portuguese" Friday, Job Printing Press, Old Market, Fort.
 "A Gazette do Oriente," Sunday—Victoria Press, Dhobi Talao.

MONTHLY.

"O Patriota"—Star Press.

Guzerati.

DAILY.

The "Bombay Summachar"—Gunbow Lane.
 The "Jam i Jamshed"—Modykhana Street, Fort.
 The "Summachar Durpun"—Bazaar Gate Street, Fort.

TRI-WEEKLY.

The "Akhbar i Sodagur," Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Bazaar Gate
 The "Gujarathi Advertiser"—Gyowaddy Lane.

BI WEEKLY.

The "Chahook," Wednesday and Saturday—Girgaum Road.
 "Hindu Punch and Satya Bodh."

WEEKLY.

The "Parsee Punch," Sunday—Kalbadavia Road.
 The "Swadosh Dayan," Thursday—Chaudun Waddy.
 The "Apakhtyar," Wednesday—Kalbadavia Road.
 The "Vishnoo Punch,"—Punch Press
 The "Satya Dipaka," Sunday—Union Press, Dhobi Talao.

MONTHLY.

The "Dayan Prasarak Magazine"—Duffur Ashkara Press, Old Market, Fort.
 The "Stree Bodh"—Duffur Ashkara Press, Old Market, Fort.
 The "Boodhiwanilik"—Union Press, Dhobi Talao.
 The "Varnu Putur"—Duffur Ashkara Press, Fort.

Marathi.

WEEKLY.

The "Dayan Bodhuk, Deepdurshuk and Dhoomketton," Wednesday—Colbhat Wadoo.
 The "Vurtman Deepika and Vrutar," Saturday,—Dhobi Talao Road

MONTHLY.

The Marathi Dayan Prasarak Magazine"—Gunput Crishnaje's Press.

Hindoostanee.

The "Kashf ool Ekhbar," Monday—Native Town.
 The "Rousat-ool Ekhbar," Thursday—Native Town.

PRINTING PRESSES.**English.**

The "Bombay Gazette," Meadow Street, Fort.
 The "Times of India," Church Gate Street, Fort.
 The "Exchange Press," Church Gate Street, Fort.
 The "Education Society's Press," Byculla.
 The "Summachar Press," Gunbow Lane.
 The "Job Printing Press," Old Market, Fort.
 The "Commercial Press," Old Market, Fort.
 The "Imperial Press," Kalbadavia Road
 The "Duffur Ashkara Press," Old Market, Fort
 The "Union Press," Dhobi Talao.
 The "Gunput Crishnaje's Press," Dongaree.
 The "Indu Prakash Press," Girgaum.
 The "Price Current Press," Forbes Street, Fort.
 The "Oriental Press," Jail Road
 The "Victoria Press," Dhobi Talao.
 The "Bombay City Press," Kalbadavia Road.
 The "Joint Stock Press," Kalbadavia Road.

Cable of Distances, Bombay to Saugur.

The Table is used in the following manner.

EXERCISE —To find the distance from Bombay to Calcutta
In the upright column find Calcutta —Then run your finger along to
the next till it comes under Calcutta, where the distance 1166 is found.

[illegible]

Public and other Holidays.

GENERAL (PUBLIC OFFICES CLOSED).

New Year's Day	..	..	January 1st	..	..	Wednesday	..	..	1 Day
Good Friday	..	..	April 10th	..	..	Friday	..	..	1 Day
The Queen's Birthday	..	..	May 24th	..	..	Monday	..	..	1 Day
Christmas Day	..	..	December 25th	..	..	Friday	..	..	1 Day

CHRISTIAN.

Easter Holidays	..	..	April 9th and 11th	..	..	Thursday and Saturday	..	..	2 Days
Ascension Day	..	..	May 21st	..	..	Thursday	..	..	1 Day
Pentecost Holidays	..	..	June 1st and 2nd	..	..	Monday and Tuesday	..	..	2 Days
Christmas Holidays	..	..	December 26th to 31st	..	..	Saturday to Thursday	..	..	6 Days

HINDU.

Makar Sankranti	..	..	January 12th	..	..	Sunday	..	..	1 Day
Maha Shivaratri	..	..	February 21st	..	..	Friday	..	..	1 Day
Uch	..	..	March 8th and 9th	..	..	Sunday and Monday	..	..	2 Days
Ram Navmi	..	..	April 1st	..	..	Wednesday	..	..	1 Day
Cocosnut Day	..	..	August 21st	..	..	Sunday	..	..	1 Day
Janmashtami	..	..	August 11th	..	..	Friday	..	..	1 Day
Ganesh Chaturthi	..	..	August 21st	..	..	Friday	..	..	1 Day
Dussehra	..	..	September 2th	..	..	Saturday	..	..	1 Day
Dewali	..	..	October 15th and 16th	..	..	Wednesday and Thursday	..	..	2 Days

PERSI.—Rasam or Shakerah.

Janshidi Noroz	..	..	March 20th	..	..	Friday	..	..	1 Day
Aban Isest	..	..	April 29th	..	..	Wednesday	..	..	1 Day
Adar Isest	..	..	May 25th	..	..	Thursday	..	..	1 Day
Irvardin Isest	..	..	June 7th	..	..	Sunday	..	..	1 Day
Gatha Gushkhar	..	..	Sept 15th 20th & 21st	..	..	Saturday Sunday Monday	..	..	3 Days
Noruz or New Year's Day	..	..	September 2nd	..	..	Friday	..	..	1 Day
Khamd ul Fart and Valava	..	..	Sept 2th and 26th	..	..	Sunday and Monday	..	..	2 Days
Atashbehram Bazaar	..	..	November 7th	..	..	Saturday	..	..	1 Day

PERSI.—Kady.

Janshidi Noroz	..	..	March 20th	..	..	Friday	..	..	1 Day
Aban Isest	..	..	April 29th	..	..	Monday	..	..	1 Day
Adar Isest	..	..	April 25th	..	..	Tuesday	..	..	1 Day
Irvardin Isest	..	..	May 5th	..	..	Friday	..	..	1 Day
Gatha Gushkhar	..	..	Aug 15th 21st & 22nd	..	..	Thursday, Friday, Saturday	..	..	3 Days
Noruz or New Year's Day	..	..	August 2nd	..	..	Sunday	..	..	1 Day
Khamd ul Fart and Valava	..	..	August 2th and 29th	..	..	Friday and Saturday	..	..	2 Days
Atashbehram Bazaar	..	..	September 5th	..	..	Tuesday	..	..	1 Day

MUHAMMADAN.—Rasam.

Jashid ul Kadir	..	..	January 2nd	..	..	Wednesday	..	..	1 Day
Ramzan Id	..	..	January 26th and 27th	..	..	Sunday and Monday	..	..	2 Days
Hakmi Id	..	..	April 1th	..	..	Saturday	..	..	1 Day
Ashura	..	..	May 1st and 2th	..	..	Saturday and Monday	..	..	2 Days
Wafat-i-Bari	..	..	July 1th	..	..	Sunday	..	..	1 Day
Chilun	..	..	August 3rd	..	..	Monday	..	..	1 Day
Muqim Muhammad	..	..	November 1th	..	..	Friday	..	..	1 Day
Shah-i-Bard	..	..	December 2nd	..	..	Wednesday	..	..	1 Day
Mahim Kan	..	..	December 2nd	..	..	Wednesday	..	..	1 Day

MUHAMMADAN.—Shah.

Kash-i-Imam Ali	..	..	January 1th	..	..	Thursday	..	..	1 Day
Shah-i-Kadir	..	..	January 15th	..	..	Saturday	..	..	1 Day
Ramzan Id	..	..	Jan 1th and 2th	..	..	Sunday and Monday	..	..	2 Days
Hakmi Id	..	..	April 1th	..	..	Saturday	..	..	1 Day
'Id Kadir	..	..	April 1th	..	..	Saturday	..	..	1 Day
Ashura	..	..	May 2nd and 3rd	..	..	Saturday and Sunday	..	..	2 Days
Chilun	..	..	June 12th	..	..	Friday	..	..	1 Day
Kash-i-Imam Ali	..	..	June 20th	..	..	Saturday	..	..	1 Day
'Id Mawled	..	..	July 6th	..	..	Wednesday	..	..	1 Day

JEWISH.

Purim	..	..	March 8th	..	..	Sunday	..	..	1 Day
Passover or the Passover	..	..	April 7th and 18th	..	..	Tuesday and Monday	..	..	2 Days
Selut	..	..	May 27th	..	..	Wednesday	..	..	1 Day
Tishah on Fast of Ab	..	..	July 25th	..	..	Tuesday	..	..	1 Day
Rosh Hoshana	..	..	Sept 17th & 18th	..	..	Thursday and Friday	..	..	2 Days
Aspur	..	..	Sept 25th	..	..	Saturday	..	..	1 Day
Succoth	..	..	October 1st	..	..	Thursday	..	..	1 Day
Shimat Tora	..	..	October 8th	..	..	Friday	..	..	1 Day

HOLIDAYS ARRANGED ACCORDING TO DATES.

Christian Date	Native Date	Section &c	Holiday
January	1	General	New Year's Day 1868
"	12 Magaram	1 Hindu	Makar Sankranti
"	16 Ramazan	21 Muhammadan	Kafil Imam Ali or Night of 'Ali.
"	18 Ramazan	23 Do.	Hazrat Ali or Sh. h. Kadr.
"	22 Do.	27 Do.	Imit ul Idrar (Sunni)
"	26 Shawal	1 Do.	Id ul Idrar or Ramazan ka Id.
"	27 Do	2 Do.	2nd day.
February	22 Magh Vad	14 Hindu	Mahavastara
March	8 Phalgun Shud 15	16 Do	Holi or Dolyatra.
"	8 Adar	14 Jewish	Purim.
"	20 Shuevar	30 R. Parsi	} Tamshudi Navroz.
"	20 Mchur	30 K. Parsi	
"	30 Aban	10 K. Parsi	Aban Isan.
April	1 Chaitra Shud	9 Hindu	Ramnavami
"	4 Zulhijja	11 Muhammadan	Id ul Id or Id i Kurban.
"	7 Nissan	15 Jewish	Feast of the Passover.
"	9 & 11	Christian.	Easter Holidays
"	10	Do	Good Friday
"	11 Zulhijja	18 Muhammadan	Id Gah
"	13 Nissan	21 Jewish	1st of Passover.
"	26 Adar	9 K. Parsi	Adar Isan
"	29 Aban	10 R. Parsi	Aban Isan
May	23 Maghram	9 10 Muhammadan	Ashura (Shi.)
"	34 Do.	10 1 Do	Ashura (Sunni)
"	8 Adar	19 K. Parsi	Farvardin Isan.
"	21	Christian	Ascension Day
"	54	General	Queen's Birth Day.
"	27 Sivan	6 Jewish	Shu'at or Pentecost.
"	28 Sivan	9 K. Parsi	Vala Isan
June	13	Christian	Pentecost Holidays.
"	7 Adar	19 K. Parsi	Farvardin Isan.
"	12 Sivan	20 Muhammadan	Chilim (Shi.)
"	20 Do	26 Do.	Kafil Imam Ali (Shi.)
July	4 Rabi I	13 Do.	Id ul Wail (Sunni)
"	8 Do.	17 Do	Mulad i N. du or Id Mulad (Sh.)
"	28 Ab	9 Jewish	Tishah b'Av or Fast of Ab
August	2 Sivan Shud	14 Hindu	Narah Purnima or Coconut Day.
"	7 Rabi II	1 Muhammadan	Chilim or P. i. Dastga (Sunni)
"	11 Sivan Vad.	8 Hindu	Tamra or Gokal Ashura.
"	20 22 Gathas	3 5 K. Parsi	Gatha Gathambars & Pateta.
"	21 Phalgun Shud	4 Hindu	Kamosh Chaturthi.
"	23 Farvardin	1 K. Parsi	Navroz A Y 1238.
"	24 Do.	6 Do.	Khurud Sal
"	29 Do.	7 Do	Vala Isan or Amardad Sal
September	8 Do.	17 Do	Atish Behram Salgar
"	17 18 Tishri	1 2 Jewish.	Rosh Hoshan or Feast of Trumpets 5629
"	19 21 Gathas	3 5 R. Parsi	Gatha Gathambars & Pateta
"	22 Farvardin	1 R. Parsi	Navroz A Y 1238
"	26 Ashwin Shud	10 Hindu	Prasna
"	26 Isan	10 Jewish.	Kipur or Fast of Expiation.
"	27 Farvardin	6 R. Parsi	Khurud Sal
"	24 Do.	7 R. Parsi	Amardad Sal or Vala Isan
October	1 Tishri	15 Jewish.	100th or Feast of Tabernacles
"	9 Do.	20 Do.	Shumat Toia or Joining of the Law
"	14 15 Ashwin Vad	14 15 Hindu	Dussehra
November	7 Ardabehast	24 R. Parsi	Atish Behram Salgar
"	13 Rajab	27 Muhammadan.	Miraj i Muhammad (Sunni)
December	2 Shaban	16 Do	Shab i Bara (Sunni)
"	25	Christian.	Christmas Day
"	26 31	General	Christmas Holidays

Sheriffs of Bombay.

FROM THE YEAR 1800.

Charles Forbes, Merchant ...	1800	John Graham, Uncovenanted Assis-	...
Luke Ashburner, do ...	1801	tant in the Post Office ...	1832
Jas. Douglas Richardson, Merchant ...	1802	Alexander No-lat Shaw, Civil	...
Edward Nash, ... do. ...	1803	servant ...	1833
Jas. Douglas Richardson, do. ...	1804	John Lloyd Phillips, Barrister	1834
James Morley, Barrister ...	1805	James Little, Uncovenanted Assis-	...
James D. Richardson Merchant ...	1806	tant in the Custom House...	1835
James Morley, Barrister ...	1807	William Cunningham Bruce, Civil	...
James D. Richardson, Merchant ...	1808	servant ...	1836
Thomas Malcolm, Merchant ...	1809	John Lewis Johnson, Merchant	1837
James Falconer, do ...	1810	George Simpson, Indian Naval	...
James Peter Pearson ...	1811	Store keeper ...	1838
James Falconer and E. W. Mignan	...	John Lewis Johnson, Merchant	1839
Falconer, Merchant, Mignan Ro	...	George Finner Hughes, Retired Cap-	...
tured Lieut Col Bombay Army	1812	tain Bombay Army	1840
O Woodhouse, Barrister ...	1813	Louis Cullen Charles Rivett, Uncove-	...
George Mignan, Retired Lieut Col	1814	nanted Assistant Magistrate	1841
O Woodhouse, Barrister ...	1815	J. Lewis Johnson, Merchant	1842
George W. Mignan, Retired Lieut	...	Sebastian Stewart Dickinson, Barrister	1843
Colonel ...	1816	William de Blaquiere, Clerk to the	...
O Woodhouse, Barrister ...	1817	Chief Justice ...	1844
George W. Mignan, Retired Lieut	...	John Holland, Barrister ...	1845
Colonel ...	1818	Sebastian Stewart Dickinson, Barrister	1846
O Woodhouse, Barrister ...	1819	John Holland, Barrister ...	1847
Henry Gray Uncovenanted Magis-	...	Louis Cullen Charles Rivett, Uncove-	...
trate of Police ...	1820	nanted Assistant Magistrate	1848
J. A. Pope, Merchant ...	...	Sebastian Stewart Dickinson, Bar-	...
G. F. Hughes, Retired Captain Bom-	...	ristor ...	1849
bay Army ...	1822	Louis Cullen Charles Rivett, Uncove-	...
Henry Gray Uncovenanted M.	...	nanted Assistant Magistrate	1850
trate of Police	1823	George Buxst, Editor of the "Bombay	...
David Seton, Uncovenanted Assis-	...	Times" ...	1851
tant in the Custom House, and	...	J. L. Johnson, Third Judge of the	...
Post Office	...	Small Cause Court ...	1852
G. F. Hughes, Retired Captain Bom-	...	H. E. Locke, Acting Magistrate of	...
bay Army ...	1824	Police ...	1853
David Seton, Uncovenanted Assistant	...	Francis Loggett ...	1854
in the Custom House, and Post	...	H. E. Locke ...	1855
Office	1825	Manockjee Cursetjee ...	1856
G. F. Hughes, Retired Captain Bom-	...	Major H. J. Parkinson, Invalid	...
bay Army ...	1826	Establishment ...	1857
Henry Willis, Magistrate of Police	1826	Edwin Heycock, Merchant ...	1858
David Seton, Uncovenanted Assis-	...	Bomonjee Hornumjee Wadia...	1859
tant in the Custom House, and	...	Lieutenant H. R. Parker, Invalid	...
Post Office ...	1827	Establishment ...	1860
James Little, Uncovenanted Assis-	...	William Forryth Hunter, Merchant	1861
tant in the Custom House	1828	W. Loudon, Administrator General	1862
Henry Willis, Magistrate of Police	1829	Manockjee Cursetjee, 2nd Judge	...
John Graham, Uncovenanted Assis-	...	Small Cause Court ...	1863
tant in the Post Office	1830	George C. M. Birdwood, M. D.	1864
Henry Willis, and from 1st February	...	Major T. Candy ...	1865
G. Ashburner, Editor of the	...	Andrew Richard Sooble, Barrister	1866
"Courier."	1831	Venayack Wansoodew	1867

Financial Statement, 1867-68.

BY THE HONORABLE W N MASSEY, 5TH APRIL, 1867

ACTUAL RESULTS OF 1865-66

THE statement which I have to make in submitting to the Council the annual exposition of the revenue and expenditure of the country comprises three separate accounts, namely, the ascertained balance of the year which has last expired, the estimate partly founded on ascertained figures of the current year, and the estimate with the provision of ways and means for the service of the year next succeeding the present year. The two latter estimates are always subject to disturbing agencies which do not affect the financial systems of other countries, or do not affect them in the like degree. The Government of India is charged with the general superintendence of five great subordinate Governments and three minor administrations. It is no easy matter to exercise a political control over distant dependencies, and the difficulty of such control is greatly increased when you have to supply and regulate the expenditure of these several States varying, as they do in the extent of their territory, in the races by which they are inhabited, in their social and commercial progress, and in every element which goes to constitute a fixed guide and criterion in determining according to European ideas, the scale of expenditure suitable to each particular Province. Accordingly we are compelled to concede a wide, and practically an unlimited discretion in such matters to the Local Governments and Administrations who are themselves forced to grant a large measure of license to distant ministerial officers. Thus we have not one Budget to deal with, but eight local Budgets complete in all their parts and over neither one of these eight Budgets has the Supreme Government that control which is necessary for the purpose or finance. In addition to these difficulties, the financial administration of Her Majesty's Indian Empire is further involved by the separate treasury and separate accounts which are necessarily maintained by the Secretary of State, and over which the Indian Government has of course no control whatever. I make these observations for the purpose of explaining to the Council that they must not expect from my statements, or from the statements of any successor of mine under similar circumstances, anything more than an exhibition of Indian accounts, which shall approximate to the truth. The very first statement which I have to make is a singular illustration of these remarks. In March last a few weeks before the close of the financial year, I was advised that a deficit of £36,000 would represent the state of the accounts of that year. The actual result has been a surplus of nearly three millions. You will readily understand that a considerable portion of this astounding discrepancy is attributable to the precise method of accounting which has been adopted with so much benefit in pursuance of the recent report of the Commissioners of Account and Audit. In fact upwards of a million of the sum which I have named is disposed of in the adjustment of the Registers of the Loan Department and the General Books of the Government of India on the transfer of the management of the Public Debt to the Bank of Bengal. According to the new Budget system, it is necessary that these debits and credits should be passed through the account of Income and Expenditure but they represent no real transaction, and strictly matters of account, terminating in a nominal credit to the Government of £1,028,189. But the remainder, or £1,772,000, is for the most part substantial, being made up in nearly equal proportions of short expenditure, and the recovery of arrears of revenue. Thus the home expenditure, turned out to be less by £350,000 than the estimate, and of the large amount of £1,071,000 set down for stores, less than one half has been spent, the saving being £500,000. Again £937,000 appear to the credit side from a payment of that amount of Railway traffic earnings in the Bombay Presidency, which had been retained in deposit in private Banks by the Railway Boards, contrary to the terms of the contract, which require the prompt payment of the gross earnings into the Civil Treasuries, which payments have latterly been regularly made by the Railways in the two other Presidencies. This sum of £937,000, of which no account had been rendered when the Regular Estimate of last

year was framed, has *pro tanto* reduced the charge for guaranteed interest, and accounts for the difference between the estimated cash balance and the actual cash balance at the close of last year.

With these explanations, I leave the accounts of 1865-66

ESTIMATES FOR 1867-68

When I come to the Regular Estimate for the current year, I have a more difficult task, for I must present it to you in an incomplete form, in consequence of the change which has taken place in the official year. Soon after the Financial Statement had been made last year, the Government was deputed by the late Secretary of State to make provision, if possible, for the submission of the Indian accounts at such a period as would enable the House of Commons to take them into consideration at an earlier period of the Session than was practicable under the then existing arrangement. The result was that we proposed to close the accounts of the year on the 31st of March instead of the 30th of April, and this arrangement was assented to by the Secretary of State. In comparing therefore, the Regular with the Budget Estimate, the Council will bear in mind that I have to compare an estimate which was made for 12 months, with an estimate for a year which is to terminate in 11 months. It has been found extremely difficult to frame a sub estimate of the proportion of outlying income and charge which are to be assigned to the missing month and therefore it would be fallacious to rely upon the broken transactions of a mutilated year as representing accurately the financial result of a complete year. Notwithstanding the various depressing influences of the present year, it is satisfactory to state, that with four exceptions the estimates of March last have been well maintained under every head. The Land Revenue, although we have remitted £107,665 chiefly on account of Orissa, exceeds the estimate by £10,835, credit being taken for the month of April of which we are deprived. In *Excise* there is a small increase, and the Salt Revenue for 11 months is better than the estimate for the year, owing partly to larger sales of Government stock in Bengal, but as these increased sales have not been attended with diminished imports, the flourishing state of this branch of the revenue is an indication of the well being of the mass of the people. On the other hand, the stagnation of trade has manifested itself in the falling off of the Customs' Returns to the amount of £135,868, while a deficiency in the Mint receipts of £140,200 is chiefly attributable to a falling off in the coinage of copper, in consequence of the ample supplies of specie with which the Treasuries are stored. But the short receipts occur mainly under Opium and Public Works. These two heads alone account for more than two millions of the deficit, but of these two millions I shall show you that the greater part is nominal. The difference between the Budget Estimate and the Regular Estimate of the Opium Revenue, is £1,624,300. From this must be deducted £692,284 for the estimated amount of the sales in Bengal, and the prices to be taken out in Bombay in the month of April, which are not included in consequence of the new arrangement in the present Financial year. From the £932,016 which remain, must be made a further reduction of £691,600 in respect of 5,320 chests which, though included in the Estimate, have not been brought forward in consequence of their being in excess of the number which the Government had announced for sale during the current year. Deducting these figures, therefore, namely the sum of £692,284 for Opium, which will be realised in the first month of the next financial year, but which properly belongs to the last month of the current year, and a sum of £691,600, which we have failed to realise owing to the inadvertence which I have mentioned in the preparation of the Budget Estimate, the balance, £220,416, represents the actual difference between the estimated proceeds and the sale of the Bengal drug. My estimate was Rs 1,300 per chest, but the sales have yielded an average only of Rs 1,248. To this difference of £220,416 must be added about £20,600 on account of a slight falling off in the passes taken out at Bombay.

The fourth and last head of revenue which is deficient, is Miscellaneous Public Works, the receipts from which will be less than the estimate by about £520,000. But this amount also is nominal. Of £460,000 which we had expected to obtain from the sale of lands in the Island of Bombay, we have realised nothing, the sales having been postponed to a more favourable season. This figure, in fact, represents a debt of which we have not received payment, as we expected, but for which we hold ample security. The remaining £60,000 is accounted for by the correction of an error in the Budget Estimate of Bombay. The Regular Estimate is, therefore, really less than the Budget Estimate by £135,868 under Customs, by £140,200 under Mint; and by £240,416 under Opium, in the whole, by £516,484.

These figures are used only for the purpose of showing that the falling off in the revenue during the year has not been considerable, and that the failure, such as it

is, has with the single exception of the Mint, been confined to those sources which are necessarily affected by a season of commercial distress. The expenditure, on the other hand, shows an increase under every head. Guaranteed interest exceeds the estimate by £409,584, owing partly to the exclusion of the April accounts, and partly to the reduction of Railway receipts and increased expenditure,

Transport ships.

service should have been provided for by a loan, and that one twenty fifth part of the loan should be repaid annually. A Committee which was appointed to report on the whole subject, including the requisite financial arrangements, properly assumed in their report that this capital charge of above one million sterling should not be written off in full against the income of the years in which the money might be disbursed, but should be spread over twenty five years, by annually debiting income with only one twenty fifth part of the whole outlay.

Eventually the money was provided from the Cash Balance, instead of being borrowed. Had the original intention been adhered to, the annual charge for the vessels for the Overland Transport Service would have been £43,041, instead of the large capital charge which has been spread over a period of only 5 years.

If to those charges we add £193,989 to the Army Estimates, £66,002 for the purchase and repair of ships, and placing additional vessels in commission in Bombay, and £50,000 to the Nizam in part payment of the balance due to His Highness under the treaty. On making up the accounts of the "Assigned Districts," the principal augmentations of charge will have been noticed.

The sum total of expenditure for the 11 months which comprise the current Financial year will be £41,07,777. The receipt for the same period will be £41,912,530, the result being a deficit of £2,395,247.

This deficit, as I have shown, is produced in nearly equal portions by excess of charge and failure of receipt. We have realised £691,600 less than the estimate of the Opium sales on account of 520 chests which we were precluded from bringing to the hammer, and we have lost £240,416 from deficiency of prices, being a total of £932,016. Add to this £270,068 for falling off in Customs and Mint. On the other side, the expenditure as I have shown is to about the same extent in excess of the estimate. Large as the deficit may be, and it is impossible, owing to the exceptional curtailment of the year to state the figure with more than an approximation to accuracy, it loses much of its formidable character when we consider that it is produced by causes in no degree affecting either the stability of our resources, or indicating a permanent augmentation of expenditure. And we derive further consolation from the state of our cash balances. According to my estimate in March last, we should have entered upon the present year with a balance of £12,859,366. But our balance on the 1st of May was £13,771,626, being £912,259 better than the estimate. This addition, together with the loan of £600,000 raised in January will increase the amount at which I stated the cash balance for the close of the current year by £625,474. Notwithstanding the adverse state of the balance sheet, we shall close the year with £11,124,133 instead of £10,508,650, the estimate of last March.

RETROSPECT OF 1865-6

The year about to close has been one of great adversity. Disaster and discredit, almost unparalleled in their extent and duration have prostrated commercial enterprise not only in this country, but in England where every interest excepting always the irrepressible public revenue, has suffered more or less and is suffering from similar causes. We may congratulate ourselves, however, that India, with one notable exception, has withstood the storm without suffering much more damage than has been caused by the temporary cessation of the steady progress which has been making for some years. Trade is stagnant, and confidence has been checked, but the commercial honour of the country is still maintained and credit though shrinking in the general depression, is not, I trust substantially or permanently impaired.

The exception to which I have referred is of course Bombay. But the ruin which has befallen Bombay is strictly exceptional and local. The crisis which has affected all commercial enterprise has precipitated her fall, but that fall was inevitable, though the surrounding atmosphere had been of unclouded prosperity. Bombay, however, has suffered and has repented. She has great natural advantages, and is rapidly augmenting those advantages by means of the converging lines of railway, which will convey a large share of the wealth and trade of India to her port. She still numbers among her merchants many men of ascertained position men of honour, and men of business, and if bitter experience can ever be of any avail in teaching a practical lesson the banking business and

commercial enterprise of Bombay will for the future be something better than mere gambling speculation.

I have spoken of commercial depression, from which India has suffered in common with England and other parts of the world. But during the past year, India has been afflicted with a calamity far more grievous than any form of commercial disaster. A whole province has been desolated by famine, and other districts have partially suffered by a similar visitation. I need not dwell upon a topic which has been uppermost in the public mind of this country for many months. I am almost ashamed to mention it in connection with balance sheets and estimates, but as a matter of fact, I am bound to notice the famine as prominent among other causes which have had an unfavourable effect on the finances of the year.

ESTIMATES FOR 1867-68

I now proceed to lay before you the Estimates for the year which is about to commence. But before I enter upon this statement, I must advert to a change which has been recently adopted in dealing with one of the most important and the most interesting branches of our expenditure. I mean that portion of the grant for Public Works which relates to what are stated in the accounts as Agricultural Improvements but which are better known by the description of Irrigation Works. The progress of these undertakings has been hitherto retarded by various causes, some of which I took occasion to notice in my Financial Statement last year. One of them the conflict of opinion as to the best mode of planning these vast and costly works, has been in a great measure removed by the able and comprehensive Report of the Committee on the Ganges Canal appointed by His Excellency the Viceroy in the early part of last year and the conclusions arrived at by the majority of the experienced Engineers who framed that Report have been adopted by the Government of India with the concurrence of the Secretary of State. If any doubt has hitherto existed as to expediency of engaging in great and extensive schemes of irrigation that doubt has been completely dispelled by the lamentable events of the last year. There can be no deliberation in dealing with famine, and the issue forced upon the Government has been, not whether it shall engage in speculation which may yield an uncertain profit but whether whole districts of the country shall be exposed to a periodical depopulation for want of those preventive measures which human power can command. Irrigation, Sir, in India is the great question of the day as the repeal of the Corn Laws, and unrestricted commerce was the great question in England in days gone by, but all that the repeal of the Corn Laws and Free Trade have done for the people of England and much more than all will be done for the people of India by works which will fertilize their fields, and place their means of subsistence beyond the reach of accidents, which indeed are not so much accidents as events of ordinary, and almost regular recurrence.

I have said that this question should not be considered mainly as one of profit and loss. Assuredly it should be taken up on far higher grounds. Nay, even if it were certain that the twenty or thirty millions of money which from first to last will be required by these operations would yield no return the State would still be bound by the highest sense of duty to undertake them. But so far from irrigation schemes being unremunerative, the reverse is the admitted fact and the Government have been blamed for the jealousy with which they have been supposed to exclude private companies eager to enter upon a field of such profitable enterprise. At the same time, I am not sanguine in my expectation of large returns upon the whole of these undertakings. Making allowance for the money which will be wasted, and for the mistakes which will be made in the construction of works of such magnitude, and of which our experience is imperfect, I do not calculate upon obtaining for many years to come, much more than will cover the interest and sinking fund of the capital invested, and I shall be content to leave it to some unborn successor of mine to congratulate the Council upon being in a condition to defray any considerable portion of the public charge from the profits of reservoirs and canals. But whether these works are to be profitable or unprofitable we have resolved to undertake them without delay, and on a scale as large as our immediate resources in skill, labour, and materials will permit. Money will not be wanting to any amount that may be required, but a large and sustained expenditure for an extraordinary service such as this, cannot be provided out of ordinary revenue, I say we can no longer be dependent on the resources from which irrigation works have hitherto been supplied. Our surplus years are few and far between, and our Cash Balances are not more than sufficient for the ordinary demands of the public service. We have resolved therefore, with the hearty approval of the Secretary of State, who has enjoined the Government to spare no means for the furtherance of

this great object, to make special provision for this branch of public works. From henceforth, therefore, the estimate for irrigation works will be removed from our current account to Debt, in other words, the annual charge for the construction of canals, reservoirs, and other works of this class will be provided for by loans, and the interest of these loans only will be charged to the expenditure of the year. The amount which will be required during the ensuing year for distribution to the Local Governments on account of irrigation works does not exceed £700,000, I wish it were double or treble that amount. But hasty preparations for large expenditure on such projects would be all made, in addition to this sum, an outlay may be required for the commencement of the great works for utilizing the waters of the Soane. This project, for which the plans and estimates have long since been completed, has been delayed by negotiations with the East India Irrigation Company, who undertook the work, but who pressed for the concession of a still more extensive scheme. It is doubtful if the Company, in the present state of the money market, will be able to fulfil their contract, but in case they should fail, the Government are ready and willing to proceed with the work. While I am on the subject of loans, I may as well add that we have discontinued the advances which have hitherto been made for special works in the town and island of Bombay against the proceeds of the land sales in the island. The sales having been suspended for the present on account of the total cessation of speculative enterprise, it is no longer possible to balance these transactions within the year but as we were unwilling that the works at Bombay should be discontinued, we lately borrowed £800,000 and intend to borrow £400,000 more in the ensuing year that the works may not be interrupted. We are also in correspondence with the Government of Bengal on the subject of an advance to the Municipality of Calcutta of a sum of £520,000 in three years to enable them to proceed with the water works so necessary for the health of the town. Altogether, we shall probably borrow to the extent of £2,000,000 during the year 1867-68. Works of great public utility will thus be promoted without any strain upon the revenue, and the cash balances will be kept full.

The only other alterations which have been made in the accounts are the removal from the balance sheet of Revenue and Expenditure of the estimates for the Straits Settlements, which will be detached from the Government of India at the commencement of the financial year and also of the estimates for the East and West Berars. As the revenues of these districts, commonly called the Assigned Districts, like the revenues of Mysore, are collected and administered in trust for the Native Government, they have properly no place in the Indian accounts.

The expenditure for the coming year will exceed the estimates of the year about to expire by £715,032, the difference between considerable additions to, and large deductions from, charge. This increase is chiefly accounted for by special and temporary charges, and though part of it is nominal, owing to transfers, there remains with the exception of Opium, a steady increase under almost every head of service. I need not trouble the Council by explanations on those items in which the variation either one way or the other is caused by transfers in account, nor will I dwell on petty details, but merely refer to those points which require special notice. The interest hauls show an aggregate increase of £350,000, partly accounted for by interest on the new Debenture Loan of £600,000 by interest on the assets of prize money, by interest payable to the Railway Companies in accordance with a recent arrangement by which the companies are allowed interest on their balances of net Traffic Receipts, and by a provision of half year's interest on the projected loan of two millions for reproductive works, and works chargeable to the Bombay Special Fund.

The increase of £117,755 under Land Revenue is due partly to the transfer of petty charges from the Public Works Department but mainly to increased salaries to Deputy and Assistant Commissioners, Oudh North West Provinces, and Punjab. The cost of the Telegraph Department is necessarily augmented by £113,698, on account of the Indo-European Line, the receipts of which are credited to the Revenues of India. The charge for Law and Justice exceeds the former estimates by £271,914, the greater part of which is caused by the improved salaries of Unopposed Judges and ministerial officers in the three Presidencies, and a portion is due to stores supplied to the Convict Department at Port Blair. The advance of £59,448 under Police is caused by the organization of a body of Railway Police, and the repairs of police stations formerly charged to the Public Works Department. An extra expenditure of £94,599 occurs under Marine in consequence of new ships having been put in commission in Bombay, and of service to the Indo-European Telegraph. The head of Education, Science, and Art is usual, shows a steady progress. The increase next year will be £72,000, but as this increase is chiefly on account of grants in aid, and thus represents the efforts of the public to promote the cause of education, the additional charge will be a subject of congratulation rather

than otherwise. I do not know that I can say so much for an increase of £106,885 which appears under the next head of the account, allowances and assignments under Treaties and engagements. The pecuniary embarrassments of Prince Asim Jah, together with the question of making a permanent provision for the future maintenance of His Highness in a position suitable to his rank, have frequently been under the consideration of Parliament and Her Majesty's Government. The result is that it has been determined to assign £150,000 for the payment of the Prince's debts, and to provide an additional annual allowance of £15,000, which will be distributed with His Highness' concurrence in such proportions as appear best adapted to secure the future dignity and independence of the Prince and his family. I have only to notice one other head, that of Miscellaneous which contains an item of melancholy import. The Government will advance next year £410,000 for the purchase of grain for the population of Orissa. Of this sum of £410,000, it is estimated that £260,000 will be recovered, and the balance £150,000, represents the difference between the price at which the grain will be bought, and the price at which it will be sold, and this difference is charged to Revenue.

ARMY ESTIMATES

The Army estimates call for no particular remark. Comparing Budget Estimate with Budget Estimate (for comparison between the Budget Estimate and the Regular Estimate for 11 months would be quite impracticable), there is a saving of £520,904, which is accounted for by the removal of the charges for the Berars and the Straits, and transfers of charges for beer and rum to the Home Accounts, and by leaving out the estimate for freight for the Reliefs who will henceforth be conveyed by the new Steam Transports.

The result of these figures, and of others which I have not noticed in the general statement, is an aggregate increase, as compared with the Budget Estimate of the current year, of £515,032.

But before I leave this part of the subject, I will notice the special charges by which expenditure of the ensuing year will be exceptionally increased. There will first be £240,000 for Transport ships, £165,000 in payment of the debts and provision for Prince Asim Jah, £150,000 loss on the sale of grain in Orissa, and Land Revenue remitted to the amount of £30,000 on account of the famine, the whole amount being £585,000.

LAND REVENUE

I need not trouble the Council in detail with observations on the majority of the items on the Receipt side of the sheet. Land Revenue shows the ordinary rate of progress. There is a falling off, indeed, on a comparison of the Budget figures of the present year and those for 1867-8 of £200,000, but excluding the Eastern Settlements and the Berars, there is in fact an improvement of the revenue to nearly that amount, notwithstanding the remission in Orissa. Some of this improvement is due to waste lands brought into cultivation, and to enhanced rents in Madras and Oudh from revised settlements. In Madras there is also an improvement of £93,000 in Abkaree Receipts.

CUSTOMS' DUTIES

Upon the next item, that of Customs, I must trouble you at greater length.

The Council are aware that the Customs tariff has been revised by a committee with a view to the better classification of the articles, to a readjustment of value and charges, and to the removal of duties not so valuable to the revenue as they may be obstructive to trade. The Committee have prepared a new classification which renders the Tariff far more simple and intelligible than it is at present. Instead of enumerating certain articles which shall be free, and leaving every other article subject to duty, the Committee have adopted the opposite plan of enumerating the articles which are to pay Customs duties, every article not enumerated being free. Such is the mode in which the English Tariff is formed, and though its adoption in this country may be attended with some small loss of revenue, that sacrifice is compensated by the liberation of commerce from petty charges, which, though they may not be grievous, are vexatious, and obstructive to the transaction of business. But the Committee propose more important changes. They have removed from the column of charge upwards of 40 articles, leaving only 97 articles further reduced to 65 classes of articles upon which duty is in future to be collected, and they abolish export duties on 88 articles, retaining 9 classes of articles only on the export list. The amount of revenue which will be lost by this large remission of duty is £122,000, but this includes a sum of £76,000 formerly paid by saltpetre, though from the decay of the trade this product has not lately yielded any appreciable revenue. The loss of revenue, therefore, properly attributable to the reduction of the Tariff recommended by the Committee does

not exceed \$48,000, adding to which \$16,000, the amount of import duty given up, the loss is about \$32,000, but adding \$78,000 for saltpetre, the Customs' revenue is diminished by about \$140,000 a year. As a compensation for the loss, the Committee suggest that the export duty on grain, which is at present 2 annas a maund, should be increased, and they point out that every anna of additional duty would yield \$180,000. This measure is urged by the Committee not only as a legitimate mode of improving the revenue but also on the ground of its tendency to check the exportation of a staple article of food at a time when a large portion of the population have perished by famine, and while the survivors are still on the brink of starvation. High authority besides that of the Committee may be cited in support of this view. In 1857, in the prospect of scarcity, a prohibitory duty on the export of grain was proposed in the Legislative Council with the concurrence of the Board of Revenue. This extreme measure, however, was not adopted, but in the year 1859, the duty was raised from half an anna to two annas per maund, yet so far was this increase of duty from checking the export trade, that the exportations of rice increased in the following year, from five millions to eight millions of maunds, and went on increasing for several succeeding years. It was only during the last year and the present year, when prices rose so high as to make the home market more remunerative than the foreign, that the export trade declined. We disclaim, however, the policy of putting a duty on grain for the purpose of keeping it at home during a period of scarcity. Even if such a policy were a sound one, nothing short of a prohibitory rate would suffice to carry it into effect, and certainly it is not our intention to propose any thing of the kind. On the contrary, the only question which we have considered has been whether a moderate increase of the duty for the benefit of the revenue would interfere with the export trade, and for the reasons which I have mentioned we have come to the conclusion that no such consequence would ensue. We propose, therefore, to raise the export duty to 3 annas per maund, which will add about \$160,000 to the revenue derived from this source.

The Committee also recommend an alteration of the Wine Duties, by which the present uniform duty of one rupee the gallon shall be increased, with reference to Champagnes and sparkling wines of the more costly growths, by 8 annas or fifty per cent, and shall be decreased in the same proportion upon Clarets and the lighter class of wines. A differential duty in favour of this latter class of wines was adopted in 1863, without any other result than a proportional loss of revenue, the quantity and value entered for consumption under the reduced duty being nearly the same as under the higher rate, the whole amount of the remission was in fact transferred from the coffers of the State to the profits of the foreign grower or dealer, without benefiting the consumer in the least degree. I see no reason to suppose that any other result would follow from a further remission of the duty, and if any change were to be made, experience points rather to the restoration of the former rate than the reduction of the present, but we propose to leave the duty on light wines unaltered, and to adopt that part of the proposal of the Committee which increases the duty on the more expensive wines. In one particular, the proposals of the Government are in advance of the recommendations of the Committee: we have placed machinery, and the component parts of machinery, on the Free List. The revenue derived from this source is about \$5,000 a year, and is an increasing revenue, but the difficulty of discriminating between machinery for agriculture, railway, and other purposes, which is exempt from duty, and machinery of a different description, which is subject to duty, has given rise to so many questions in the Custom House, that we have thought it better to give up the taxation of articles which, whatever their description may be in the Tariff, are all imported for purposes more or less conducive to the material prosperity of the country.

There is only one other remark which I have to make before quitting this branch of the subject. It relates to the important articles of Cotton Piece Goods and Twists. We retain the existing rates of 5 and 2½ per cent *ad valorem*, but the valuations have been reduced to correspond with the present state of the market. Considering, however, the present uncertain and fluctuating condition of the trade, the Committee, with the concurrence of the Chambers of Commerce, have recommended that these values shall be re-adjusted when the result of the American Cotton crop of the present year shall become known. I need scarcely say that the Government concur in this view.

Notwithstanding, however, that the result of the recommendations of the Committee as they have been modified by the Government, is a balance in favour of this branch of the revenue, the receipts from Customs for the next year will show a decrease of \$56,970, chiefly attributable to the depression of trade—an estimate which we hope may be eventually reversed.

SALT REVENUE

Salt is increased by £544,770, chiefly in Bengal, and Bombay, in consequence partly of increased consumption, and partly of sales of home made salt in store

OPIMUM REVENUE

I have estimated Opium at Rs 1,150 a chest. I am told that this estimate is too low, and I am referred to the price of the day, and the rising tendency of the market. But the price of the day is no criterion for the estimate of a year. When Sir C Trevelyan took Rs 850, the price which had been realised by the last preceding sale, he based his estimate on a price which was exceptionally low, if I had taken Rs 1,500 in March last, which was the price realised in that month, I should have taken a figure which was exceptionally high. Whether I take the price high or low, the market is in no wise affected by my estimate, but if I adopt too high a figure, my provision of ways and means for the service of the year is materially affected, and all my calculations are thrown out of gear. The principle which I have taken for my guide is this. I have taken out the average of the prices of each of the last four years, and putting these averages together I have taken the average of the whole. By this process, I arrive at the figure 1,151. I have estimated Opium at Rs 1,150.

STAMP REVENUE

Our estimate of the Stamp Revenue has been increased by the amount which we expected to realise from the revised scale of institution stamps, which has been for some weeks under the consideration of the Council, and will, I hope, shortly receive its assent.

The Committee which prepared the way for legislation on this subject by a most careful and searching investigation into the whole question have estimated the addition to the revenue from the adoption of the revised scale at £680,000, but upon this point they do not pretend to offer any more than a very general and conjectural opinion. It is not improbable that the amount which the Committee have named may be reached, and even exceeded, but in calculating upon a revenue to be derived from a resource so obscure and capricious as the litigation of India, we have thought it prudent to be very moderate in our estimate, and we have, therefore, limited our estimate of the increase of the Stamp Duties on this account to £500,000.

MINT

There is still a decrease under this head of £96,560, representing the loss of profit derived from the coinage of copper, for which the demand is fully supplied.

PUBLIC WORKS

The decrease of £498,800 from this source is wholly attributable to the exclusion of the accounts of the Special Fund at Bombay from the Revenue accounts.

The Cash Balances at the close of the current year will be £10,612,168, but this amount will be increased by any repayments which the Railway Companies may make of the advances to the extent of nearly three millions which have been, and will be made, by the Secretary of State to prevent a suspension of the works on account of the temporary difficulty of raising funds.

The final result of the comparison of the estimates of Revenue and Expenditure is an adverse balance, after taking credit for the new Customs' and Stamp duties of £1,067,522.

I should have wished, if possible, to have made up the deficiency of the revenue wholly by indirect taxation, and the equalisation of the Salt Tax has been suggested from many quarters as an easy mode of balancing the account. It is no doubt true that an addition to the Salt Tax, which would yield a considerable revenue, might be easily levied without any cost of collection, and it has been confidently asserted that such an addition would not be oppressive to the people, whose condition has been materially improved by the rise in the value of labour within the last few years. But the enhanced wages of labour have prevailed chiefly in the Presidency towns, and the surrounding districts, and have not extended to the great mass of the population upon whom the pressure of the Salt Tax almost entirely falls. The Customs' and Excise duties on salt amount to 5½ millions sterling, and if you leave out the Land Revenue, which is not so much a tax as a rent, and the Opium returns, which are not paid by the people of India in any form, nearly one third of the revenue is drawn from the great mass of the labouring people, whose wages on the whole have not risen beyond the rise in the cost of the necessities of life.

We shall not, therefore, be tempted by the facility with which a large additional revenue would be raised by an increase of the Salt Tax, so long as there are other classes of the community which do not bear their fair share of the public burdens.

TAXATION

If we leave out the Land Revenue, which I report is more a rent than a tax, the people of India are no longer subjected to any form of direct taxation. But, though indirect taxation is the mode of raising the revenue most acceptable to the people of this country, as it is to the people of every other country, and is so far the preferable mode, still there are classes which, in India, especially, indirect taxation does not reach. The greater part of the excise, and a fair proportion of the Import Duties, are drawn from the bulk of the population upon whom the Salt Tax almost exclusively falls. The stamps, which yield less than either Abkaci or Customs, mainly represent the profit which the State derives from the transactions of property and commerce.

It would be idle to discuss the questions whether the landholder contributes his just proportion to the public service. His contribution has been fixed by the terms of the settlement, and he cannot justly be subjected to any direct tax which does not equally include other classes of the community. For a similar reason, the fund holder cannot be singled out. A tax upon public servants would be simply a reduction of salaries, a measure which is governed by considerations wholly distinct from those which determine the imposition or the assessment of a tax. But none of these objections apply to professions and trades. Lives upon certain callings, occupations, and trades have long been established in the system of English finance, and yield nearly two millions a year; they existed before the Income Tax and have been continued without abatement, during all changes which the Income Tax has undergone.

I will not weary the Council with statistical details. It is sufficiently shown by the Income Tax returns that there are large classes of persons engaged in lucrative occupations and trades who contribute little or nothing to the revenue. We propose to place a moderate duty on these classes in the shape of Licence Tax. In 1849 a tax of this description, but on a very extensive scale, pertaining in fact, of the nature of a special Income Tax, was passed after much discussion in the Legislative Council, but was never carried into execution having been merged in the general Income Tax adopted by Mr. Wilson. A Licence Tax was subsequently enacted under the administration of Mr. Lumsden auxiliary to the Income Tax, but was withdrawn after it had been partially collected by reason of the improved state of the revenue. The Licence Tax, which I shall presently lay upon the table is one of an exclusively moderate character. Commencing at the point at which the Income Tax originally commenced, namely Rs. 200 yearly and terminating at Rs. 10,000, it is divided into five classes, the maximum assessment, that is the assessment on the lowest estimated income of each class being 2 per cent. Joint Stock Companies are placed in a separate class. Thus the tax upon the lowest class from Rs. 200 to Rs. 500 yearly will be 4 rupees; the highest payment by any person or partnership will be Rs. 200 yearly. The highest payment by any Joint Stock Company will be Rs. 2,000.

After the observations which I have made upon the position of public servants with reference to measures of direct taxation the Council will possibly not be prepared to hear that public servants are not to be exempted or rather that they are to be subjected to the tax by a special provision. I do not undertake to maintain that this part of the bill is strictly in accordance with the principles on which it has been framed, but looking back to the history of 1849 when Sir H. Harrington's measure was mostly defeated by an opposition headed by no less a person than the Chief Justice, on account of the exemption of the service, and considering that it would ill become the Government to insist on the exemption of its officers from a public burden, if such a claim was questionable, we have inserted a clause in the Bill providing that there shall be deducted from the salaries of public servants the amount of duty to which they would be liable if such salaries were derived from professions or trades. Following, however, a precedent in the Income Tax all military officers under the rank of field officers drawing pay and allowances not exceeding Rs. 6,000 per annum, and employed exclusively on military service, shall not be liable to the duty. Non commissioned officers and officers of Police are also exempted, as well as subordinate Civil Servants drawing salaries of less than Rs. 1,000 yearly.

There is a clause in the Bill which empowers the Governor-General in Council to exempt from the tax any person who may be able to substantiate a claim to such exemption, and to suspend the operation of the Act in any part of India for which for local reasons it may not be just or expedient to enforce it.

These are the provisions of the Bill. We might by a multiplication of the clauses have affected to make the distribution of the burden more equal, but while such an arrangement would greatly add to the cost of collection, it would give rise to in-

finite contention, and increase the discretionary power of the assessors to a greater extent than is desirable. It is difficult to estimate the produce of the tax, but upon the best information we can obtain, we have put it at £500,000. We might obtain double or treble this amount by a more comprehensive scheme of direct taxation, but to those who sigh for the restoration of an Income Tax, I can offer one inducement to accept the more limited measure which I shall have the honour to introduce. It does not compromise the policy of an Income Tax, or take up the ground which a tax of that description would cover. If, therefore, at a future period the exigencies of the State should render it necessary to enlarge the area of direct taxation, you may either adopt a different scale of duties for the higher classes in the schedule, or you may remove altogether the higher classes to the Income Tax, leaving the Land-tax to operate on profits below £4,000.

I must add that the Government, without giving a definite pledge, does not propose that this tax shall form a permanent source of the Imperial Revenue. During the first year the duties will be collected and credited like any other tax, but in our opinion a tax of this nature is better suited to local purposes than to the general purposes of the State. We intend therefore in another year to transfer it modified, if experience should suggest such modification together with a corresponding amount of charges of a local character to the several Local Governments and Administrations. These local charges are the most unsatisfactory part of the Budget. We can exercise no control over them, for we know nothing about them, and we must either comply implicitly with the requirements of the Local Governments or take upon ourselves the responsibility of disallowing such requirements. In either case we may do mischief. On the one hand we may sanction an unnecessary charge which has been carelessly endorsed by the head of a department who has no immediate interest in guarding against the waste of public money; on the other hand by random parsimony, or by a parsimony regulated only by the state of the public revenue, we may check prudent and profitable expenditure. We desire therefore that the Local Governments shall in future determine their own expenditure so far as that expenditure concerns merely local objects, and that they shall provide the ways and means for themselves. In the vast and various provinces which are united under the dominion of the Crown throughout the continent of India there are many sources of revenue which might be made available for local purposes, but which could not be used for Imperial objects without giving rise to just complaints of partial taxation or even of breach of faith. I have been during the last year in departmental correspondence with the heads of the local Governments on this subject, and in the frank communications which I have been permitted to hold with these eminent persons I have no reason to apprehend any serious difficulty in effecting such a separation of responsibility as I propose, and it will be our endeavour to bring these arrangements to maturity before the close of the ensuing financial year.

Estimating the Land-tax at £500,000 we have still to provide for £557,522, and we think this should be done without further taxation. In the estimate for Public Works, there is one conspicuous item which covers one third of the whole grant. I refer to the head of Military Works consisting chiefly of the new barracks which are to be constructed at almost every military station in India at a cost on the whole of nearly 1½ millions to be spread over five years. These extraordinary works commenced in 1865, and at the close of the present financial year upwards of £1,900,000 on account of these works will have been defrayed out of ordinary revenue. The estimate for 1867-68 after making all proper abatements is nearly 2 millions. In the following year we shall have to provide £2,500,000, and in 1869-70, £2,700,000 will be required to complete these great works. We might of course have lessened the annual expenditure by spreading it over a wider space of time, but looking at the question on the mere ground of economy without any regard to higher considerations, there can be no doubt that economy can be best consulted by making the fullest possible provision for the health and effectiveness of the army quartered in this country. I should have preferred to go, as hitherto, defraying this charge special and temporary as it is out of the revenues of India. If a financier were to lay down any precise rule of separation between ordinary and extraordinary charge, there is scarcely a year in which he might not have a plausible pretence for transferring charge from revenue to capital account. I do not know how long such a process might go on, but sure I am that it would end sooner or later, in a collapse of public credit. Questions of this sort are practically to be determined, not so much by rule, as by circumstances. I must remind you that we have to propose new taxation this year. Are we still further to increase that taxation on account of new barracks? In other words, is all the cost to fall on the tax payers of the day and all the benefit to be derived, without any other cost than the annual repairs, by the tax payers of 1870 and future years? We think we are not warranted in extending taxation for

such a purpose, and that we shall fulfil our duty if we provide all that we can out of revenue, and throw a part of the burden on our successors. We shall borrow a million towards the construction of barracks in the ensuing year, and even after this million has been borrowed, the remaining million will be charged to the revenues of the year.

Thus the sum we shall provide out of revenue for this extraordinary charge is nearly equivalent to the whole estimated produce of the new taxation. In fact, had it not been for this charge we could have exactly balanced the estimates for next year. After this statement I need not say another word in vindication of the course we have taken. The greatest stickler for defraying all charges within the year can hardly accuse us of an attempt to evade our obligations. The million loan to be raised in aid of the barrack expenditure will form no part of the two millions which I propose to borrow for wholly different purposes. It is satisfactory to be assured that this vast expenditure will not be unproductive of the results for which it is incurred. His Excellency the Commander in Chief is, I believe, in possession of some important facts bearing on this point, and it is my honourable and gallant friend should I think fit to take this opportunity of giving the Council my information on the subject, his statement will, I am sure, be heard with interest.

CASHING OF MINE CERTIFICATES

I have now completed the statement which it was my duty to make, but before I close my remarks I must advert very briefly to one or two points nearly connected with if not immediately involved in the financial affairs of the year. It will be in the recollection of the Council, that in the early part of last year in consequence of the great influx of bullion in Bombay we thought it expedient to ask the sanction of the Council to a measure for relieving the Government from the statutory obligations to cash Mint certificates at sight. The Council at once saw that this measure was prudent and even necessary with reference to the circumstances, and more especially to the state of the currency Department. With a paper circulation varying from 7 to 8 millions we had locked up in securities nearly four millions which is the utmost limit of investment allowed by law. There can be no doubt that with so limited a circulation, it was unsafe that so large a proportion of the specie representing the paper should have been converted into stock. The pressure of 1866 passed away, but as the paper currency remained stationary and seemed likely to continue in that state under existing arrangements we thought it expedient to reduce the amount of currency stock. Accordingly in the course of the last and in part of the present year we have redeemed securities to the extent of £610,000 and thus the coin reserve has been strengthened by that amount. The whole subject of the currency has been gone into by the Commission constituted under the orders of the Government in the early part of last year, much valuable evidence has been collected from all parts of India and from every available source, and though the committee separated without making any specific recommendations, I cannot but think considering that it comprised several members of the Executive Council which must hereafter discuss the whole question with a view to practical measures that the Committee exercised a judicious reserve in refraining from such recommendations. Upon this subject I have only to add that the Government of India can take no action with regard to the currency without consulting Her Majesty's Government, but the Council may be assured that this is a subject to which our best consideration will be addressed without unnecessary delay. In the meantime, we have done what we could to promote the paper currency by affording increased facilities through the agency of the principal treasuries for the conversion of the note.

THE MONEY ORDER SYSTEM

In 1862 an attempt was made to introduce the Money Order system which had worked so beneficially in England. The experiment was first tried in Lower Bengal under the direction of the Accountant General and with such success that last year the system was extended through all India. We do not however employ the agency of the Post Office, which in India is not adapted for such purposes, but work the system through the Collectors' treasuries under the central superintendence of the Controller General at Calcutta. Orders are now payable to the extent of Rs. 100 at any treasury in the Presidency in which they are issued and at the general treasuries of the other Presidencies. The operation of the plan will be carefully watched, and every practicable expansion will be given to it. We have also matured a scheme for establishing Savings Banks throughout the country under the imme-

diate responsibility of the Government. We shall thus afford the humbler classes an opportunity of investing their savings if they prefer investing to hoarding, or good security to high interest.

I need only further advert to the improvement which has been and will be effected in the condition and character of the minor judicial and administrative establishments throughout the country by an adequate increase of salaries and allowances, and to the temporary but most effective measures for giving employment to those who are able to work in the famine-stricken districts, at the same time urging forward agricultural improvements by advancing £20,000 monthly to the East India Irrigation Company to enable them to extend their works in Orissa.

Much more remains to be done before we shall have fulfilled the duties which devolved upon us when we assumed the responsibility of ruling over vast provinces and millions of people varying in religion and race but all looking up with blind submission to that great power to whose wisdom and humanity under Providence, not merely their prosperity and well being, but their very lives are entrusted.

Sir W. Marshall said he would accede to the invitation of his right honourable friend to explain matters in reference to the department over which he had the honour to preside. He said discussions had taken place in England on the sanitary condition of the army in India, and much had been said which might have been deemed exaggerated had it not been that fact because it had drawn attention to the evil more prominently and perhaps tended to produce a reform sooner than it would otherwise have taken place. According to the statements which had been made public by the Royal Sanitary Commission about two years ago it appeared that the mortality in the army in India was 60 per thousand, and that the number in hospitals was 54 per thousand. This was equivalent to saying that of an army of 70,000 men in India there was an annual loss of 4,200 lives and 5,880 sick beds regularly occupied. He was certain, however, from the constant state of warfare in which the troops some twenty years ago were engaged that it was this more than anything else, that contributed so largely to the average of sickness and mortality. He was in possession of later returns, for last year, in which it was shown that in September and October the sickness was only 7 per cent. In November and December 5 and 41 respectively. His Excellency then referred to a suggestion of the Commission that the history of each regiment should be recorded of its course in India, and he accordingly instated the necessary inquiries. A figure of merit was fixed in the Peshwar, which was always considered a bad station, he had himself, while on duty there taken special pains to watch the sanitary condition of the regiment. He concluded that the sickness was not the result of any natural unsalubrity of the place but of an excess of duty in the field, involving exposure. During the present year (the last probably was meant), in October and November Peshwar was well up in the list being the 19th. According to the regulations now in force, the scale of space for each soldier was 90 feet. For the health of our troops we must look to the non-crowding of barracks. He recollected the time when Fort William was a Golgotha. Wherever crowding has been obtained, sickness decreases. He pointed to these facts as justifying expenditure on military buildings, which are in this sense public works of a highly remunerative character. His Excellency then referred to the opinion expressed in England that there should be a large reduction of the forces in India. It had been stated, and he was bound for it that there should be a large reduction of European forces in India. He gave no recommendation beyond what was required by the duties of his office, and he was not prepared to make such a recommendation. In 1861 there were in India 82,000 British troops, now the number is under 61,000. In 1856-57 the number was 45,000, so that the present force was only 16,000 in excess of the numbers preceding the mutiny. This is not too much to ask for the safe administration of India. He had heard from influential men, that we ought to reduce the army because of the improvement in fire arms, and the difficulty of obtaining recruits. We had nothing to do with that. They had to do a certain business and must ask for the men to do it, leaving to others the responsibility of providing them. We must not tamper with the garrisons of India. It would be just like trusting to a paper currency without a metallic basis to support it.

The Hon. Shaw Stewart regretted to hear a statement from his honourable friend Mr. Massey touching the commercial honour of Bombay. He feared the remarks would be felt more keenly from coming from such a source. Under the circumstances it was not surprising that the people of Bombay should have lost their balance. But he thought it a serious thing to bring a charge against the commercial

honour of such a city as Bombay. But the merchants there would retrieve their position. He wished some one more competent had been present to defend them.

The Hon. David Cowie expressed his satisfaction with the statement that had been laid before them. He had in 1866 ventured to suggest that some of the more extensive public works should be constructed by loans, and he felt a personal satisfaction at seeing the adoption of the principle he had advocated.

General Budget Estimate of India,

FOR THE YEAR FROM 1ST APRIL 1867 TO 31ST MARCH 1868

REVENUE.

	Actual 1867-68	Budget Estimate 1 st 4 months 1867-68	Regular Estimate 11 4 months 1867-68	Budget Estimate 1867-68
Land Revenue ..	20,473,887	20,354,300	18,010,200	20,847,790
Tributes and Contributions from Native States ..	700,632	683,700	671,430	606,930
Forest	567,683	502,400	302,710	431,400
Abkane (Excise)	2,241,875	2,309,000	2,137,100	2,205,280
Income Tax	502,241	10,000	20,000	500,000
Customs	2,379,877	2,414,100	2,045,140	2,567,130
Salt	5,912,110	5,913,200	5,681,770	6,078,030
Opium	8,15,261	8,007,000	6,875,700	7,713,750
Stamps	1,934,108	2,000,000	1,878,250	2,487,080
Mint	494,304	489,800	289,400	312,240
Post Office	406,403	391,200	275,500	505,210
Telegraph	190,403	186,000	288,600	303,900
Law and Justice	643,628	645,700	643,000	718,000
Police	146,901	230,900	205,420	246,090
Marine	198,000	263,700	230,840	246,220
Education	57,838	50,150	60,000	60,000
Interest	214,824	235,840	245,600	226,900
Miscellaneous	2,311,122	400,000	362,700	247,600
Army—Miscellaneous ..	728,310	760,000	679,470	711,600
Public Works—Miscellaneous ..	917,465	978,800	411,170	496,040
	46,935,230	46,752,800	41,012,680	49,783,110
Deficit, including Public Works Extraordinary Charges ..	Surplus	75,800	2,295,847	567,529
Total	47,930,230	46,828,600	43,308,527	50,350,639

EXPENDITURE.

	1866 66	1866 67		1867 68
	Actual	Budget Estimate 12 mos	Regul ar Estimate 11 mos	Budget Estimate
Civil				
Interest on Funded and Unfunded Debt ..	2,763,533	2,765,410	2,317,179	2,711,840
Interest on Special Loans for Public Works ..	..	..	..	80,000
Interest on Service Funds and other Accounts ..	564,119	461,850	660,804	747,189
Allowances, Refunds and Disbursements ..	427,471	248,720	535,958	521,613
Land Revenue	1,917,311	2,048,178	1,947,898	2,114,813
Forest	218,779	300,450	221,308	276,379
Abkaries (Lacais)	245,014	237,300	214,487	210,179
Income Tax	16,630	..	1,287	..
Customs	207,514	197,050	188,681	216,231
Salt	830,140	844,840	846,773	860,371
Opium	1,891,370	1,768,841	1,616,013	1,679,972
Stamps	81,868	81,000	81,885	88,482
Mint	161,039	139,600	123,343	13,741
Post Office	423,304	415,830	421,772	431,130
Telegraph	207,218	406,140	487,852	550,728
Allowances to District and Village Officers ..	370,654	414,016	381,287	387,777
Administration and Public Departments ..	1,068,942	1,010,730	1,001,701	1,042,165
Law and Justice	2,281,300	2,007,790	2,413,306	2,311,803
Police	2,184,230	2,437,381	2,199,697	2,427,426
Marine	537,397	469,600	720,008	649,897
Education, Science and Art	670,739	763,211	685,180	621,607
Technical	174,900	158,100	147,479	157,890
Medical Services	274,880	304,410	276,490	301,305
Stationery and Printing	181,214	154,580	154,584	189,076
Political Agencies and other Foreign Services ..	280,656	211,720	221,240	221,610
Allowances and Assignments under Treaties and Engagements	1,801,713	1,890,540	1,607,782	1,680,799
Miscellaneous	1,281,089	51,700	327,427	431,980
Superannuation, Retired and Compensation to Allowances	608,887	679,340	687,735	680,412
Army	13,909,411	13,181,210	12,008,959	12,517,920
PUBLIC WORKS ORDINARY				
Public Works	4,074,623	5,770,010	4,610,754	5,212,500
Supervision and cost of Land for Railways ..	275,672	891,600	504,111	112,000
Loss by Exchange on Railway Transactions ..	50,701	253,130	210,230	195,077
Income Tax Grant	110,000	..	60,100	..
	40,610,180	40,621,720	37,137,555	36,161,432
Expenditure in England heretofore included in the Indian Accounts viz —				
Stores	505,735	748,350	629,982	1,117,226
	41,115,915	41,370,070	37,767,537	37,278,658
Guaranteed Interest on Railway Capital less Net Traffic Receipts	81,641	535,230	642,914	562,370
	41,197,556	41,905,300	38,410,451	37,841,017
Net Expenditure in England (Home Charges)	4,982,109	6,013,260	5,603,226	6,154,615
Total..£	46,124,729	46,838,600	44,507,777	45,013,682
Public Works Extraordinary —				
Military .. .. .	..	..	..	1,231,000
Jails .. .. .	..	..	..	82,000
Communications .. .. .	..	..	..	301,000
Embankments .. .. .	..	..	..	51,000
	..	..	..	2,395,000
Grand Total..£	46,124,729	46,838,600	44,507,777	47,408,682
Surplus, including Public Works Extraordinary Charges	2,800,491	..	..	..
Surplus, excluding Public Works Extraordinary Charges .. .. .	..	..	..	1,767,479

HOME CHARGES IN 1867-68.

DEBT				£
Dividends to Proprietors of East India Stock .. .. .	..	..	..	879,970
Interest on Loans contracted in England .. .. .	..	..	..	1,431,145
Total Dividends and Interest				£2,051,115
CIVIL				
Charges General Home Establishments &c .. .. .	..	..	..	186,000
Amount payable under the Postal arrangements .. .. .	..	..	..	44,000
Red Sea and India Telegraphs—charge to India .. .. .	..	..	..	18,010
Mission to the Court of Paris—charge to India .. .. .	..	..	..	12,000
Her Majesty's Establishment in China—charge to India .. .. .	..	..	..	16,000
Pensions and Retired Allowances .. .. .	..	..	..	231,000
Furlough and Absentee Allowances .. .. .	..	..	..	86,000
Miscellaneous (including India Office Site and Building) .. .. .	..	..	..	180,000
Total Civil Charges				785,000
MILITARY EXPENSIVE CHARGES				
Imperial Government for Troops serving in India .. .. .	..	..	..	628,300
Imperial on account of cost of Education of Officers and Cadets .. .. .	..	..	..	10,000
Pay of Troops .. .. .	..	..	..	22,000
Do and Outfit of Officers .. .. .	..	..	..	30,000
Allowances &c of Assistant Surgeons on appointment .. .. .	..	..	..	8,000
Furlough Allowances .. .. .	..	..	..	240,000
On Account of Contracts for construction of Indian Troops Transports .. .. .	..	..	..	272,000
Overland Troop Transport Service .. .. .	..	..	..	100,000
Total Military Charges				1,398,000
MILITARY NON-EXPENSIVE CHARGES				
Imperial Government for Troops serving in India .. .. .	..	..	..	220,000
Retired Pay in India, Colonial Allowances .. .. .	..	..	..	231,000
Pensions—Lord Clive's Fund .. .. .	..	..	..	118,000
Total Non-Expensive Charges				1,074,500
MARINE				
Pensions and Retired allowances Indian Navy and Bengal Pilot Services .. .. .	..	..	..	62,000
Furlough and Absentee allowances .. .. .	..	..	..	2,000
Total Marine Charges				64,000
Total Charges in England				5,270,115
Deficit—Miscellaneous Home Receipts .. .. .	..	..	..	110,000
Net Expenditure in England				£5,164,615

CASH BALANCES IN THE INDIAN TREASURIES ON THE 31st MARCH, 1868

RECEIPTS IN INDIA 1867-68				REMARKS ESTIMATE
Revenues .. .. .	..	..	..	£ 46,788,110
Debit—Special Loans—	..	..	..
1. For reproductive Public Works .. .. .	..	..	..	1,300,000
2. For other special Public Works .. .. .	..	..	..	110,000
Other receipts on account of Debt .. .. .	..	..	..	12,044,120
London—Receipts in India & Payments in England—	..	..	..
Funds Family Remittances &c .. .. .	..	..	..	1,520,872
Indian Irrigation and Canal Company Net Earnings .. .. .	..	..	..	25,000
Net Railway Earnings .. .. .	..	..	..	2,701,901
Interest on Railway Earnings .. .. .	..	..	..	5,145
Estimated Cash Balance on the 31st March, 1867 .. .. .	..	..	..	11,131,13
				£ 76,274,676

DISBURSEMENTS IN INDIA IN 1867-68

Expenditure in India .. .. .	..	..	..	£ 11,001,008
Debit—Stores from England &c included in above .. .. .	..	..	..	1,317,128
Debit—	..	..	..	40,820,580
Expenditure for reproductive Public Works and Special Funds Works .. .. .	..	..	..	1,270,000
Other payments on account of Debt .. .. .	..	..	..	18,140,000
London—Payments in India on account of England—	..	..	..
Railways .. .. .	..	..	..	4,780,798
Indian Irrigation and Canal Company .. .. .	..	..	..	154,000
Other Payments .. .. .	..	..	..	1,886,580
Remittances in England on account of payments for India—	..	..	..
Guaranteed Railway Interest .. .. .	..	..	..	3,377,000
Other payments .. .. .	..	..	..	1,181,487
Unadjusted amount between Presidency and Presidency .. .. .	..	..	..	68,165
Estimated Cash Balance on the 31st March, 1868 .. .. .	..	..	..	10,612,180
				£ 76,274,676

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

STATEMENT SHEWING THE WORKS PROPOSED TO BE UNDERTAKEN DURING THE YEAR 1867-68 FROM THE SPECIAL GRANT OF 70 LAKHS ASSIGNED FOR NEW WORKS OF IRRIGATION.

DISTRICT	WORKS	Amount of Estimate	Computed Expenditure to 31st March 1867	Proposed Expenditure 1867-68
BOMBAY				
Dhulewar	Canal, including aqueduct from the Mudchik Tank ..	71,901	80,835	25,000
Balghum	Godavari Canal from the Gutamba River ..	...	...	25,000
Bhatia	Karnata Irrigation Project for Irrigation of 27,500 acres of land in the Gutamba District by means of a dam at Kourat ..	5,02,928	5,25,572	80,000
Poon	Mool Irrigation Scheme for Irrigation of land in the Deccan ..	...	...	50,000
Ahmednagar ..	14th Project for Irrigating 18,000 acres of land in the Purna and Godavari Valleys ..	2,05,352	1,00,000	1,00,000
Bhatia ..	14th Irrigation Project ..	1,48,800	20,000	80,000
Ahmednagar ..	Palkeen on the Kadiwa River (Irrigation of 4,370 acres of land from the Kadiwa River) ..	64,924	...	25,000
Ditto ..	Godavari Project ..	...	...	20,000
Ditto ..	14th Project ..	...	...	20,000
Ahmednagar ..	14th Project on the Gurna River (damming up the river and constructing two canals) ..	6,13,881	4,84,572	100,000
Upper Sindh ..	Canal from Sukkur to Shadpur including purchase of land ..	7,29,820	3,95,782	100,000
Ditto ..	Improving the Digree Canal, and extending it for the Irrigation of 3000 acres ..	1,01,600	...	50,000
Hyderabad ..	Improvement to the Kura Canal ..	...	...	15,000
Ditto ..	Improvement of the Hyderabad Mouth of the River Poulde ..	...	...	20,000
Becru ..	Canals in the bed of the Nara River ..	1,91,153	1,74,270	15,000
Ditto ..	14th Canal in the direction of Omecote ..	1,04,000	1,24,162	47,000
Ditto ..	Mitrow Canal ..	8,57,112	4,88,320	57,000
Amritsar ..	New feeder to the Western Main and Main Canal from Sec 10 and Sec 11 ..	...	...	20,000
Shikhar ..	Improving the Main Canal ..	10,010	...	10,000
Shikhar ..	Lakshmi Tank Project for Irrigation from the Valley of Lakshmi to the Shikhar Collection ..	8,99,222	2,00,000	100,000
Ahmednagar ..	14th Project ..	5,00,000	...	50,000
Ahmednagar ..	Sugam Storage Tank on the Gurna River ..	...	...	100,000
Ditto ..	Improving Main Canal and Water course ..	...	...	50,700
Guz ..	Embanking the right bank of the Nara River near Ankow to check overflow ..	...	...	10,000
Kan ..	Canals in the ..	...	...	10,000
...	Sundry works under Rs 1000 each ..	...	...	60,510
...	Under Minor Works the estimated cost of which does not exceed Rs 2,500 each ..	...	...	20,000
BOMBAY TOTAL ..		...	...	12,50,000
MADRAS TOTAL ..		...	...	15,00,000
BENGAL TOTAL ..		...	...	5,00,000
NORTH WESTERN PROVINCES TOTAL ..		...	...	51,00,000
PUNJAB TOTAL ..		...	...	12,00,000
CENTRAL PROVINCES .. TOTAL ..		...	...	1,50,000
GRAND TOTAL ..		...	...	70,00,000

a Plans and estimate under preparation

b Revised estimate under preparation

c Estimate under consideration

d Estimates under preparation

e Estimates under preparation

f Revised estimate under preparation

g Estimate under preparation

h Estimate under consideration

i Estimate under preparation

j Estimate under preparation

Accounts of Government of India 1865-6.

THE Tables given on pages 133 to 136 are the budget estimates for the year from 1st April 1867 to 31st March 1868 as submitted by Mr. Mayes in his Budget Statement of April 1867. We subjoin tables which show the actual accounts of the Government of India for the year 1865-66 the year for which they are first published.

1865-66. ACCOUNT of the GROSS REVENUE of INDIA. CHARGES AGAINST SAME—
NET RECEIPTS and RATIO THEREOF for which the Gross Receipts was collected

	Gross Receipts	Total Charges against Income	Net Receipts into the several Government Treasuries	Rate per cent for which the Gross Receipts was collected	
Land Revenue, &c.	£	£	£		
Land Revenue	20,479,577				
Tributes and Contributions from Native States	709,682				
Forest	3,7182				
Alms (Dak)	2,944,874				
Total Land Revenue &c.	28,790,066	4,081,1	15,109,911	10.155	
Income Tax	692,242	16,610	662,000	2.400	
Customs	2,279,577	302,514	1,938,604	9.102	
				Including cost of salt and Opium	Excluding cost of salt and Opium
Salt	5,402,149	979,140	4,941,18	1.84	1.367
Opium	8,318,204	1,814,270	6,123,991	22.237	1.84
Stamps	1,934,632	68,630	1,677,978	4.413	
Mint	404,574	172,081	321,700	34.906	
Post Office	101,406	438,804	60,615	10.602	
Telegraph	190,428	271,02	61,24	142.543	
Law and Justice	642,624	...	625,59		
Police	146,901	...	14,816		
Alms	188,680	...	192,00		
Education	57,784	...	57,498		
Interest	216,841	...	216,521		
Miscellaneous	2,311,123	...	2,301,194		
Army—Miscellaneous	728,840	...	728,410		
Public Works—Miscellaneous	917,407	...	917,40		
Grand Total £	48,935,220	4,181,682	40,454,067		

ACCOUNT showing APPLICATION of the NET PUBLIC INCOME of India in year ending 30th April 1866

The following account shows how the Net Public Income of India is given in the preceding Table has been expended under the various general heads of expenditure. The portion of the account relating to England is blank in the published statements.

Revenues and Receipts.	£	£	Charges in India.	£	£
Land Revenue, including Tributes and Contributions from Native States, Forest and Akbar Revenue &c.	19,708,044		Interest on Bonded and Unbonded Debt	2,713,775	
Income Tax	682,020		Interest on Services		
Customs	1,888,004		Land and other Acquisitions	564,119	
Salt	1,974,158		Administration and Public Works	1,070,206	
Opium	6,023,968		Public Works	342,000	
Stamps	1,875,978		Police	381,341	
Mint	391,743		Munitions	7,117	
Post Office	69,917		Education, Science and Art	670,000	
Telegraph	61,307		Public Works	1,488	
Law and Justice	627,769		Public Services	274,880	
Police	140,609		State of Affairs in India	102,111	
Munitions	192,009		Interest on Debt and other Public Services	220	
Education	27,415		Miscellaneous	1,281,617	
Interest	21,800		Supplementary to Public Works	8,907	
Miscellaneous	22,349		Army	14,300,346	
Army—Miscellaneous	728,840		Public Works		
Public Works—Miscellaneous	917,111		Public Works	4,740	
		10,463,007	Supplementary to Public Works	235,771	
			Public Works	50,500	
			Interest on Debt	110,000	
				5,000,701	33,665,771
			Charges in England.		
			Civil Charges		
			Military		
			Munitions		
			Interest on Debt		
			Guaranteed Interest on the Capital of Railways and other Companies in India and in England		
			Less Net Public Receipts		
£					

Note.—When the above tables were published by the Government of India the Home accounts had not been received. The Home accounts have since been issued. The total receipts shown therein amounted to £16,500,112 of the Disbursements, as listed in the Home accounts, of £22,700, Civil charges £2,029, Military charges £2,499,011, Miscellaneous charges £2,000,000, Interest on Debt £1,875,735, 111, Guaranteed Interest to Public Companies £2,697,810-14 0 6d.

Government of India Loans,—1867.

I.—LOAN OF £600,000 (JANUARY 1867.)

On 19th November 1866 a notification appeared in the *Gazette of India* calling for tenders for a five per cent. Government loan of 1,000,000 to provide funds for the execution of works of Public Improvement undertaken by the Government of Bombay with the sanction of the Government of India. The loan was to be repayable at par in the following proportions:—10 lacs repayable on 3rd January 1868; 20 lacs repayable on 4th January 1869; and 30 lacs repayable on 3rd January 1870.

The Gross tenders for the ten lac loan repayable on 3rd January 1868, were Calcutta Rs. 21,95,000, Bombay Rs. 1,03,000; Total Rs. 22,98,000.

The minimum rate was Rs. 99; and the maximum rate Rs. 101. The amount of accepted tenders was, from Calcutta, ten lacs at Rs. 101.

The Gross tenders for the 20 lacs loan repayable on 4th January 1869, was, Calcutta Rs. 31,64,000, Bombay Rs. 71,000; Total Rs. 32,35,000, the Minimum rate being Rs. 98 and the maximum Rs. 101. The accepted tenders were, Calcutta, Rs. 50,000 at a rate of Rs. 101; Bombay Rs. 1,00,000 at Rs. 101; Bombay Rs. 1,50,000 at Rs. 101. Total Rs. 20,00,000 at an average rate of Rs. 101.4-2-4.

The gross tender for the 30 lac loan repayable on 3rd January 1870 was, Calcutta Rs. 20,59,000, Bombay Rs. 2,91,000, Madras Rs. 50,000, N. W. P. Rs. 11,500; total Rs. 33,11,500. The minimum rate was 99½ and the maximum 102½. The accepted tenders were Rs. 12,45,000 at Rs. 102; Rs. 5,00,000 at 101½; Rs. 3,00,000 at 101; Rs. 3,00,000 at 100½; Rs. 2,00,000 at 100½; Rs. 2,00,000 at 100½; Rs. 5,46,000 at 100, the average rate being Rs. 101.1-10-38. The average rate for the whole amount of Loan was 102-3-1.

But the above figures do not show the proportion of the Bombay loan at 101 to the Bombay proportion of 101.

II.—LOAN OF £1,500,000 (1st JUNE 1867.)

On 11th April 1867 a notification appeared in the *Gazette of India* calling for tenders for a five per cent. Government Loan of £1,500,000 (150 lacs) for the execution of certain works of public improvement in Bombay and of certain Irrigation Works in various parts of India undertaken with the sanction of the Government of India. The loan was to be repayable in following:—10 lacs at par on 1st June 1872 (five years); 50 lacs at par on 1st June 1877, ten years; 60 lacs at par on 1st June 1882, 15 years.

The total amount tendered for the three classes of loans was £1,615,000; the total amount accepted was £1,179,900 at the average rate of Rs. 100-9-0. Of the accepted amount Rs. 99,45,000 were allotted as payable at Calcutta; Rs. 5,23,000 as payable at Madras; and Rs. 1,280,000 as payable at Bombay. Of the amount not accepted a portion was tendered in excess of the 15 years loan; and a portion was tendered at and below par.

Of the 5 years loan Rs. 19,48,000 were tendered from Calcutta; nil from Madras; and Rs. 18,11,000 from Bombay; total Rs. 37,59,000.

Of the 10 years loan Rs. 31,97,000 were tendered from Calcutta; Rs. 3,55,000 from Madras; and Rs. 11,04,000 from Bombay; total Rs. 46,56,000.

Of the 15 years loan Rs. 15,80,000 were tendered from Calcutta; Rs. 1,02,000 from Madras; and Rs. 13,33,000 from Bombay; total Rs. 30,15,000.

Total tenders from Calcutta for all the classes of Loan Rs. 99,95,000; Madras Rs. 5,23,000; Bombay Rs. 12,80,000.

The Government of India.

I—THE HOME GOVERNMENT.

Secretary of State—The Right Honorable Sir Stafford H. Northcote, Bart, M.P.

Under Secretaries of State.—Lord Clinton, H. Merivale, Esq., &c. &c.

COUNCIL OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

Assistant Under Secretary of State.—James Cosmo Melville, Esq.

Ross D. Mangles, Esq., (*Vice President*.)

Charles Mills, Esq.,	Sir Frederick Currie Bart,	Sir Thomas Erskine Perry
Sir James Wear Hogg,	Lieutenant General Sir	Knight
Bart.	Robert J. H. Vivian	Major Genl. W. E. Baker.
Ellis Macnaghten Esq.,	K. C. B.	Sir George Russell Clerk
W. J. Forster Esq.,	Colonel Sir Proby T.	G. C. S. I., K. C. B.
Henry F. Princep Esq.,	Cantley K. C. B.,	Sir Henry Bartle Edward
Sir Henry B. Montgomery	William U. Arbuthnot	Kierst, G. C. S. I., K. C. B.
	Esq.,	

Private Secretary to the Secretary of State.—Walter Stafford Northcote, Esq.

Assistant Private Secretary and Press Writer.—W. H. Benthall Esq.

Assistant Private Writer.—Henry Hill Esq.

Private Secretary to Her Majesty's Ministers.—Horace G. Walpole Esq.

Clerk of the Council.—John Davison, Esq.

CORRESPONDENCE DEPARTMENT.

Military.—Major General Thomas T. Pears, C. B., *Secretary*; James P. Thom, Esq., *Assistant Secretary*.

Financial.—Thomas L. Secombe Esq. *Secretary*, the Hon'ble Frederic J. Hobart *Assistant Secretary*.

Financial and Public.—Sir Henry Loeon Anderson K. C. S. I. *Secretary*.

Political and Secret.—John W. Kaye Esq. *Secretary*, John K. Melville *Assistant Secretary*, *Political*.

Public Works.—William T. Thornton Esq. *Secretary*; Edmund P. A. Thomson Esq. *Assistant Secretary*.

Revenue.—Francis W. Prideaux Esq., *Secretary*, Charles B. Phillimore, Esq., *Assistant Secretary*.

RECORD AND STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT

Statistical Reports, Researcher of the Records, and Agent to the Administrators General of India.—Marmaduke Hornidge, Esq., *Assistant Ditto*. C. Campbell Princep, Esq.

MILITARY FUNDS DEPARTMENT.

Director of Military Funds and Chairman of Consulting Committee.—Thomas L. Secombe Esq.

Deputy do. and do.—Algernon B. West, Esq.

Consulting Committee.—Lieut. Colonel W. Freeth, the Revd. E. K. Maddock, M. A., Col. J. T. Smith, and Col. J. C. Coley.

REGISTRY AND DESPATCH DEPARTMENT.

Registrar.—William A. Franks, Esq.

Deputy Clerk.—Henry Herman, Esq.

Assistant to Registrar.—George D. L. Soare, Esq., Frank Thompson, Esq.; John G. Upton, Esq.

Extra do.—Joseph T. Ludlam, Esq.

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EXTRAORDINARY MEMBERS

The Governors of the other Presidencies when the Council shall assemble within their territory.

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

The Honorable Maharajah Moerza Vegeeram Guwaleputty Raj Munca, Sultan Bahadoor.

The Honorable Sir W. Muir, K.C.S.I.

The Honorable Rajah Shih Dyal Bahadoor, K.C.S.I.

The Honorable Maharajah Dhcray Mahtub Chund Bahadoor.

The Honorable D. Cowie, Esq.

The Honorable J. E. I. Brandreth, Esq.

The Honorable M. J. M. S. Stewart, Esq.

The Honorable Nuwab Mahomed Kull Ali Khan

The Honorable G. P. Hobhouse, Esq.

The Honorable J. Skinner, Esq.

The Honorable Stewart Gladstone, Esq.

SECRETARIES TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

Home Department—E. O. Bayley, Esq., *Secretary*; A. M. L. Monteath, Esq., *Under Secretary*.

Finance Department—E. H. Lushington, Esq., *Secretary*; A. P. Howell, Esq., *Under Secretary*.

Foreign Department—Sir W. Muir, K.C.S.I., *Secretary*; J. W. S. Wyllie, Esq., *Under Secretary*; J. Tolboys Whaler, Esq., *Assistant Secretary*.

Military Department—Col. H. W. Norman, C.B., *Secretary*; Lieut. Col. H. K. Burne, *Deputy Secretary*.

Public Works Department—Lieut. Col. Dickens, *Secretary*; Capt. M. C. S. Williams, *Under Secretary*.

Private Secretary to the Viceroy—J. D. Gordon, Esq.

PERSONAL STAFF OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Private Secretary—J. D. Gordon, Esq., C.B.

Military Secretary—Lieut. Col. J. Blane, 52nd L. I.

Aide-de-Camp—Major H. G. A. Vicars, 18th Foot.

Do. Capt. W. L. Haudall, 54th N. I.

Do. Cornet R. G. Kennedy, 18th Hussars.

Do. Capt. H. B. Lockwood, 11th E. G.

Surgeon—Surgeon T. Farquhar, M.D.

Honorary Aide-de-Camp—Lieut. Col. A. J. Hulfield, Madras Army; Major T. W. Lammert, Bengal Army; Lieut. Col. Sir W. H. K. Green, K.C.S.I., C.B., Bombay Army; Captain J. W. W. Osborne, C.B., Madras Army; Col. D. M. Probyn, C.B., V.C., Bengal Army; Col. O. T. Chamberlain, Bengal Army.

Commandant Body Guard—Major G. Deane, Staff Corps, 2nd in Command, Capt. H. P. Peacock; Adjutant, Lieut. W. A. Lawrence, Staff Corps.

PERSONAL STAFF OF THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Military Secretary—Major J. E. S. Flood, 82nd Foot.

Aide-de-Camp—Captain Hon'ble W. Harbord, 7th Hussars.

Do.—Lieutenant J. E. Buller, 91st Foot.

Do.—Lieutenant G. S. Byng, Rifle Brigade.

Prison Interpreter—Major T. E. Gordon, Bombay Staff Corps.

Surgeon—Surgeon J. T. C. Ross.

HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS BENGAL, ARMY.

Adjutant General of the Army—Colonel H. Longden, C.B.

Quartermaster General—Major General J. S. Paton, Staff Corps.

Judicial Advocate General—Lieutenant Colonel G. O. Hatch, Staff Corps.

Controller General of Military Expenditure—Colonel A. Broome, Artillery.

Commissary General—Colonel J. D. Macpherson, C.B.

Inspector General of Ordnance—Colonel F. Turner, C.B.

Inspectors General of Hospitals—W. A. Green, Lower Provinces; J. Murray, N. W. Provinces.

III.—GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

Lieutenant Governor of Bengal—The Hon. W. Gwy.

COUNCIL FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

T. H. Cowie, Esq.	Koomar Narendra Krishna Rai Bahadoor
F. R. Cockrell, Esq.	H. T. Prinsep
V. H. Scholch, Esq.	Biboo Prosonno Coomar Tagore, C. S. I.
Baboo Degumber Nutter	S. S. Hogg, Esq.
A. T. T. Peterson, Esq.	J. B. Smith, Esq. and
J. B. Knight, Esq.	H. L. Dampier Esq.,
J. Skinner, Esq.	Secretary—The Hon. A. Eden.
Khajah Abdul Ghani.	Junior Secretary.—H. L. Harrison, Esq.
Baboo Ramanath Tagore.	Under Secretary.—A. Mackenzie, Esq.

IV.—GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

Governor, The Right Hon. Sir William Robert Seymour Vesey Fitzgerald, K. C. S. I. (monthly salary Rs. 10,600-10-5). Took his seat 6th March 1867.

COUNCIL.

Lieut. General Sir Robert Napier, K. C. S. I., Commander-in-Chief of the Bombay Army and Commander-in-Chief of the Abyssinian Expedition; assumed Command of the Army 10th November 1866 (Monthly salary Rs. 5,333-5-4). Took his seat in Council, December 1866.

The Hon. Barrow Herbert Ellis, took his seat 13th April 1867. (Monthly salary Rs. 5,333-5-4)

The Hon. Samuel Mansfield, C. S. I., took his seat 11th May 1867 (Monthly salary Rs. 5,333-5-4).

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS FOR MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

The Honorable J. H. Byles, Advocate General (<i>Ex Officio</i>), 17th March 1866.
" George Fogg, 5th April 1867
" Shreeurwar Rajes Row Sahib Punt Pratinadhi, 5th March 1866
" Munguldas Nathoobhoy, 5th March 1866
His Highness the Honorable Mier Mahomed Khan, 11th April 1866.
The Honorable P. unjee Nussurwanjee Patel, 11th April 1866
" Colonel W. I. Marriott, C. S. I., 22nd January 1867.

SECRETARIES TO GOVERNMENT.

Chief Secretary to Government in charge of separate Departments. F. S. Chapman, Esq. (On sick leave to Europe for one year from 11th May 1867.)

	Revenue, Financial, and General Departments.	Rs.	d.	p.
F. S. Chapman Esq. (On sick leave as above)	825 9 0
G. W. Ravenscroft, Acting Secretary	1,600 10 5
H. E. Jacob, Under Secretary	1,350 0 0

Public Works Department.

Colonel M. K. Kennedy, R. F. Secretary	...	...	...	2,500 0 0
Lieut. T. F. Dowden, R. E. Under Secretary. (On furlough)	...	...	...	...
Captain W. A. Baker, R. E. Acting Do.	...	...	...	953 10 0

Political, Secret, Educational and Judicial Departments.

G. Gonne, Esq., Secretary	...	...	...	2,916 10
W. Wedderburn, Esq., Under Secretary	...	...	...	1,250 0

Military, Marine and Ecclesiastical Departments.

Colonel W. F. Marriott, C. S. I., Staff Corps, Secretary	...	...	...	2,500 0 0
Major J. A. M. Macdonald, Deputy Secretary	...	...	...	1,540 14 0

Legislative Department.

W. Wedderburn, Esq., Secretary.

Railway Department.

Lieut. Colonel A. de Lisle, R. E. Consulting Engineer for Railways.	1,960	15	0
Lieut. W. Merriman, R. E., Deputy Consulting Engineer, Railway Department (On furlough to Europe for twenty months on medical certificate)			
Captain J. H. White, R. E., Acting Deputy Consulting Engineer Railway Department ..	958	10	0
Captain H. F. Hancock, R. E., Deputy Consulting Engineer in charge of Bombay and Baroda Line	1,058	10	0

PERSONAL STAFF OF THE GOVERNOR.

Private Secretary	G. S. V. Fitzgerald, Esq.	Rs 1,500
Military Do.	T. P. H. Filgate, Esq.	
Aide de Camp	Captain J. G. Graham, 1st Dragoons.	
Do	Captain A. J. Wake, R. A.	
Commandant of Body Guard ...	Captain J. G. Watts, Staff Corps.	
... ..	Assist.-Surgeon J. Cruickshank M. D.	1,000

UNCONVENANTED ASSISTANT SECRETARIES.

P. Ryan, Political and Secret Departments	600	0	0
Do. personal allowance	100	0	0
Wassoodoo Pandoorung, Revenue and Financial Departments ...	600	0	0
G. Miles, Judicial Department	450	0	0
W. Perina, Military and Marine Departments	600	0	0
C. L. Yates, Public Works Department	600	0	0

TRANSLATORS TO GOVERNMENT.

Venayek Wassoodew	Oriental Translator.	1,000	0	0
Joaquin de Cruz	Portuguese ditto	50	0	0
J. Brodhurst	French ditto	50	0	0

PERSONAL STAFF OF THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Military Secretary.—Lieutenant Colonel Dillon, Rifle Brigade.

Aide de Camp.—Captain C. J. Anderson, Staff Corps.

Do.—Lieutenant G. C. Napier, Bengal G. List.

Personal Interpreter.—Lieutenant W. Scott, Bengal G. List.

V.—GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

Governor, the Right Honorable Lord Napier, K. T. Took his seat 27th March 1866.

COUNCIL.

Lieut. General W. A. McCleverty, Commander-in-Chief of the Madras Army.

Sir Thomas Pycroft, K. C. S. I., took his seat 19th October 1862.

The Honorable Henry Dominic Phillips, took his seat 16th December 1864.

The Honorable Alexander John Arbuthnot, *Provisional Member.*

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS FOR MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

The Honorable John Bruce Norton, Advocate General.

„ John Dawson Mayne.

„ Thomas Clarke.

„ Alexander John Arbuthnot.

„ R. S. Ellis, C. B.

„ Alexander Forester Brown.

„ William Emerson Arbuthnot.

„ Gopal Lutchmenarain Chetty Gara C. S. I.

„ Meer Hoomayoon Jah Bahadoor.

VIII.—GOVERNMENT OF THE PUNJAB.

The Hon. Sir D. F. McLeod, K.C.S.I., C.B., Lieutenant Governor.
Secretary—T. H. Thornton, Esq.
Military Secretary.—Major S. Black.

IX.—GOVERNMENT OF OUDE.

J. Strachey, Esq., Chief Commissioner.
 Sir G. Couper, Bart., Judicial Commissioner.

ORDER OF THE BATH.

Officers of Her Majesty's Indian Services who are Members of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, with the dates of their appointments

MILITARY KNIGHTS GRAND CROSS.

Pollock, General Sir G. B., 2 Dec. '42	Wilson, Major General Sir A., B., 13 March '67
Cheape, General Sir J., B., 28 March '65	

CIVIL KNIGHTS GRAND CROSS.

M'Neill,* Right Honorable Sir J., B., 15 April '33	Lawrence,* Right Honorable Sir J.L.M., Bt., Bt., 11 November '57
--	--

MILITARY KNIGHTS COMMANDERS.

Seaton,* Major General Sir T., B., 24 March '58	Chamberlain, Major General Sir N.B., B., 11 April '63
Napier Major General Sir R., B., 26 July '63	Monteith Douglas, General Sir T., B., 25 March '66
Stuart Major General Sir C. S., B., 21 March '60	Montgomery, Lieutenant General Sir P., M., 25 March '65
Taylor, General Sir H. G. A., M., 10 Nov. '62	Honner, Major General Sir R. W., B., 25 March '65
Lindsay General Sir A., B., 10 November '62	Stech, Major Gen Sir M., B., 13 March '67
Low, Lieutenant General Sir J., M., 10 November '62	Green, Major General Sir E., B., 13 March '67
	Brooke, Lieutenant General Sir G., B., 13 March '67

CIVIL KNIGHTS COMMANDERS.

Clerk,* Sir G. R., B., 29 April '48.	Hamilton,* Sir R. N. C., Bt., B., 1 May '60.
Davis,* Sir J. F. Bt., C.B., 14 June '51.	Birch,* Lieutenant General Sir R. G. H., B., 13 May '61.
Canley,* Colonel Sir P. T., B., 29 July '54.	Melville,* Maj. Gen. Sir P. M., B., 18 May '60.
Sherril, Major General Sir J. K. L. S., B., 8 February '55.	Edwardsen, Col Sir H. B., B., 19 May '60.
Rawhuson,* Lieutenant Colonel Sir H. C., B., 4 February '61.	MacGregor,* Major General Sir G. H., B., 25 June '64.
Frere, Sir H. B. E., B., 19 May '50.	Grant,* J. P., B., 13 February '63.
Montgomery, Sir E., B., 19 May '60.	Coghlan, Major General Sir W. M., B., 6 June '64.
Halliday,* Sir F. J., B., 18 May '60.	

* Signatures retired from the service, B, Bengal, M, Madras, B., Bombay.

MILITARY COMPANIONS

- Parlby, Gen B B, M, 20 Dec '36
 Smith, * Col R, B, 21 Sept '31
 Herbert, Gen O, M, 20th July '39
 Morgan, Gen J, M, 21st July '38
 Turnbull, * Lieut Col F, B, 20 July '38
 Hall, H, B, 20th July '34
 Colvin, * Col J, B, 20 July '39
 Iniloch, Lieut Gen A, M, 20 July '39
 Purton, * Lieut Col I, M, 21 July '38
 Lumden, * Col I, B, 20 July '38
 Ikonsen, * Lieut Col G, B, 20 Dec '33
 Cameron, * Lieut Col G P, M, 25 Aug '41
 Isaac, * Lieut Col T, B, 4 Oct '13
 Laid, Lieut Gen J K, M, 21 Dec '42
 Young, * Lieut Col C W, M, 21 Dec '42
 Campbell, Maj Gen J, M, 21 Dec '42
 Anstuther, Maj Gen P, M, 21 Dec '42
 Moore, * Lieut Col, H, B, 21 Dec '42
 Faur, * Maj Gen F I, M, 21 Dec '42
 Moore, Maj Gen R C, M, 21 Dec '42
 Lane, Lieut Gen C R W, B, 21 Dec '42
 Bothby, * Lieut Col I S, B, 21 Dec '42
 Hickett, * Maj Gen J C, L, 21 Dec '42
 Anderson, * Col W, B, 21 Dec '42
 Buckhouse, * Lieut Col J L, B, 21 Dec '42
 Stuck, Maj Gen M, Bo, 1 July '39
 Browne, Maj Gen W J, B, 1 July '39
 Story, Maj Gen I I, B, 1 July '39
 Lash, * Col J I, B, 1 July '42
 Delamun, * Col C H, Bo, 1 July '42
 Willoughby, * Maj Gen M I, Bo, 1 July '42
 Fisher, * Lt Colonel G, B, 1 July '42
 Jackson, * Col J, B, 1 July '42
 Jackson, Major General A I, 1 July '42
 Stevens, * Lt Colonel I, B, 1 July '42
 Green, Major General I, B, 1 July '42
 Hayshe, Major General G, B, 27 Sep
 tember '42
 Hamilton Maj General C, B, 2 May '11
 Hutt, * Major General G, Bo, C, 20
 February '46
 Parsons, Lt General I, I, 3 April '16
 Barlton, * Colonel W B, 3 April '16
 Brooke, Lt General G, B, 3 April '16
 Hicks, Major General G, B, 3 April '16
 Gredde, * Colonel W, B, 3 April '16
 Huthwhite, Major General L, B, 3
 April '16
 Gray, Lt General C, B, 27 June '16
 Wilkinson, Lt General C B, B, 27
 June '46
 Nash, Major General I, B, 27 June '16
 Alexander, Major General J, B, 27
 June '16
 Line, Major General J T, B, 27 June '46
 Abbott, * Major General B, Knt, B, B,
 27 June '46
 Ourne, * Colonel J G, W, B, 9 June '46
 Bradford Major General J, F, B, 9
 June '16
 Grant, Maj Gen C, B, 9 June '49
 Macpherson, Colonel J. D, B, 26
 July '08
 Johnson, Colonel L B, B, 26 July '38.
 Galway, Colonel M, M, 26 July '58
 Olpherto, Colonel W V C, B, 28
 July '58
 Green, Colonel G. W C, B, 26
 July '59
 Cuckton, Colonel H A, B, 28 July '58
 Larrow Lieutenant Colonel L M, 26
 July '58
 Crommichin, Lieut Colonel W A, B,
 26 July '58
 Rawcroft Major General F, B, 16 Nov.
 '58
 Athorp, * Major General E, M, 16
 16 Nov '58
 Byg, * Major General J, M, 16
 November '59
 Wilder, Col A I, M, 16 Nov '59
 Taylor, Col I I, L, 16 Nov '58
 Burchard, Major C H, B, 16 Nov '58
 Mon, Lieutenant Colonel G, B, 16
 Nov '58
 Mackinnon, Lieutenant Col W A, B,
 16 November '58
 Mackinnon, Lt Col A. W, M, 16 Nov '58
 Mackinnon, Major I I, B, 16 Nov '58
 Mackinnon, * Maj W, B, 16 Nov '58
 Mackinnon, * Maj Gen J, M, B, M,
 16 Nov '58
 Mackinnon, * Maj Gen J, M, D, B,
 16 Nov '58
 Mackinnon, * Lieutenant General J
 B, B, 21 March '59
 Jacob, * Maj General G L G, Bo,
 21 March '59
 Laid, Major General J, Bo, 21
 March '59
 Hicks, * Colonel I W, Bo, 21 Mar '59
 Mackinnon, Col I G, Bo, 21 March '59
 Orr, Colonel W. I, M, 21 March '59
 Wilson, Lieutenant Colonel I. I, B,
 21 March '59
 Woolcomb, Lt Colonel G D, Bo,
 21 March '59
 Abbott, Lieutenant Colonel H D, M,
 21 March '59
 Mackinnon, * Col J G, Bo, 21 Mar '59
 Annot, Dep Insp Gen Hos I S, M,
 D, 21 Mar '59
 Mackinnon, Dep Insp Gen W, M D M,
 21 Mar '59
 Norman, Col H W, B, 16 April '59
 Mackinnon, Maj Gen H, B, 21 Feb '61
 Mackinnon, Maj Gen C, B, 21 February '61
 Mackinnon, * Maj Gen A, B, 25 Feb '61
 Mackinnon, Maj Gen W, B, 28 Feb '61
 Mackinnon, * Maj Gen I, B, 28 Feb '61
 Mackinnon, * Maj Gen W, M, 28 Feb '61
 Mackinnon, * Maj Gen W, M, 28 Feb '61
 Mackinnon, * Maj Gen J, Bo, 29
 February '61

Tucker*, Major General H. T., B., 17 August '50	Pope*, Major General G., Bo, 28 February '61
Benny*, Surgeon General C., B., 17 August '53	Smyth, Colonel J. H., 28 February '61
Lynch*, Captain H. B., Indian Navy, 5 December '53	Meredith*, Lieutenant Colonel J., B., 28 February '61
Iake*, Col. H. A., M., 5 February '54	Bunce, Colonel L. M., 28 February '61
Vincent*, Col. H. E., B., 11 Nov. '57	Cotter*, Colonel G. S., M., 28 Feb '61
Rich*, Major Gen. A. W., B., 21 Jan '58	Lucan*, Colonel C. W., Bo, 28 February '61
Snowden, Major General St. G. D. L., 21 January '58	Cut, Colonel K., M., 28 February '61
Welchman, Maj Gen J., B., 21 Jan '58	Brown, Colonel S. J. B. V. C., 28 February '61
Tyler, Major General G. M. B. L., B., 21 January '58	Polmer*, Major General J., Bo, 28 February '61
Trevelyan, Col. H. W., Bo, 21 Jan. '58	Wray, Lieutenant Colonel L., Bo, 28 February '61
Guthrie*, Maj Gen B., B., 21 Jan '58	Gordon, Major M. S., B., 28 February '61
Paye, Major General V., B., 5 Feb '58	Wright*, Lieutenant Colonel F. L., B., 28 February '61
Reid, Col. G., B., 21 January '58	Brown, Major W. L., B., 28 February '61
Coke*, Major General J., B., 21 Jan '58	MacLennan, Inspector General C., B., 28 February '61
Tombs, Col. H. V. O., B., 21 Jan. '58	White, Major General F., B., 27 January '61
Rennet*, Commander J., Indian Navy, 21 January '58	Watson, Major J., V. C., Bo, 11 May '61
Forbes, Col. G., B., 21 January '58	Kennedy, Lieutenant Colonel W., B., 11 May '61
Kemball, Col. Gen A. B., Bo, 21 Jan '58	Vincent, Colonel J. L., B., 5 August '61
Daly, Col. H., Bo, 21 Jan '58	Allan, Lieutenant Colonel G., B., 5 August '61
Jennett*, Captain G., Indian Navy, 21 February '58	Barrow, Lieutenant Colonel C. H., B., 5 August '61
Young*, Captain J. W., Indian Navy, 21 February '58	Keele, Lieutenant Col. P., M., 5 Aug '61
Dunlop, Colonel H. M., B., 21 March '58	Jubb, Major J. S., B., 5 Aug '61
Smith, Colonel G., B., 21 March '58	Levy, Lieutenant Col. R., B., 28 April '65
Levy, D., Deputy Inspector General G. C., B., 21 March '58	Levy, Major H. B., B., 28 May '65
Dunlop, Major General R., B., 17 June '58	Cutler, Major G. C., B., 11 May '67
Dunlop, Colonel P. L., B., 17 June '58	Cartwright, Major M., M., 11 May '67
Levy, Major General H., B., 17 June '58	Christie, Major G. J., B., March '67
Boulton, Colonel G., B., 17 June '58	Skinner, Major Gen. P. H. M., Bo, 11 March '67
Blunt, Lieutenant Col. H., B., 17 June '58	Walker, Col. G., M., 11 May '67
Probyn, Lieutenant Colonel D., M., B., V. C., 17 June '58	Rochester, Deputy Ins. Gen. J., B., 13 March '67
Holmes*, Major General, Bo, 28 February '61	

HONORARY COMPANIONS.

DARRARD, Lieut. Col. J. A., B., 10 May '56

CIVIL COMPANIONS

Balfour, Major Gen G., M., 14 June '51	Yule, Sir G. W., B., 18 May '60
Taylor*, Lieut. Col. R. L., Bo, 25 Mar '54	Alexander, R., B., 18 May '60
Lumsden, Col. H. B., B., 3 Dec '59	Gubbins*, B., B., 18 May '60
Griffin, Lieut. Col. Sir W. H. L., B., 3 December '59	Lockhart, A. A., B., 18 May '60
Martin*, Sur. Sir J. R., B., 21 April '60	Cole, A. H., B., 18 May '60
Reid, Col. A., B., 18 May '60	Wainfield, Sir C. J., B., 18 May '60
MacLeod, D. E., B., 18 May '60	Wainwright, S., B., 18 May '60
Wilson*, J. C., B., 18 May '60	Smyth, B., B., 18 May '60
Thornhill, L., B., 18 May '60	Monty, A. L., 18 May '60
Tucker*, H. C., B., 18 May '60	Dunlop, R., B., 18 May '60
	Couper, Sir G., B., W. Bart., B., 18 May '60

* Includes retired from the service, * Lieut. Col. M. M. M., Bo Bombay

CIVIL COMMISSIONERS—(Continued).

Forbes, W. A., B., 18 May '60	Lorayth, I. D., B., 18 May '60
Cooper, I. H., B., 18 May '60	Lilhol, Capt C. M., 18 May '60
Ricketts, G. H. M., B., 18 May '60	Osborne, Capt J. W. W., M., 18 May '60
Law, J. H. B., 18 May '60	Rose, J. N., B., 18 May '60
Hume, A. O., B., 18 May '60	Mercwether, Lieut Col W. L., B., 18 May '60
Wake, H. C., B., 18 May '60	Keayth, Inspector General J., B., 28 August '62
Lawrence, Lieut Genl, Sir G. S. P. B., 18 May '60	Phayre, Lieut Colonel Sir A. P., B., 30 March '61
Meredon, Lieut. Colonel I. C., B., 18 May '60	Taylor, Colonel R. G., B., 11 May '63
Kellie, Lieut Colonel the Earl of B., 18 May '60	Yule, Colonel H. B., 18 September '63
Becher, Colonel J. R., B., 18 May '60	Harvey, Lieut Colonel C. H. W. B., 10 December '63
Ramsay, Lieut C. I. H., B., 18 May '60	Sanders, I. H. B., 1 November '61
Williams, Col G. W., B., 18 May '60	Mellett, Sir L. J., 1st, P., 1 Nov '61
Lawrence, Lieut Colonel R. C., B., 18 May '60	Traver, Lieut Colonel A. B., 21 March '66
Greath, Lieut Colonel W. W. H., B., 18 May '60	Grant, Major J. A., B., 7 September '66
Lewis, R. S., M., 18 May '60	Grellsmith, Lieut Colonel I. J., M. B., Nov 1866
Crofton, Lieut Colonel W. H. M., 18 May '60	Lastwick, E. B., B., 6 November '66

ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA.

1 / 1 / 1861 1 / 1 / 1866.

(Consisting of the Sovereign, the Grand Master, Twenty-five Knights Grand Commanders, Fifty Knights Commanders, and One Hundred Companions.

SOVEREIGN.

HER MOST GRACIOUS THE QUEEN.

GRAND MASTER.

RIGHT HON. THE VICE-ROY AND GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA.

KNIGHTS, GRAND COMMANDERS

1. H. H. Nazim of Mulk Nawab Tuzun Ali Khan, Nazim of Hyderabad.
2. General Viscount Gough, K. P., G. C. B.
3. H. H. Jyotse Bahadur, Maharajah of Gwalior.
4. Right Hon. Lord Harcourt.
5. H. H. Mahadji Daula Singh.
6. H. H. Bhamber Singh, Maharajah of Chhambur.
7. Sir G. B. Clerk, K. C. B.
8. H. H. Fookjee Bahadur Holkar, Maharajah of Indore.
9. H. H. Maharajah Khumbaro, Maharajah of Bhopal.
10. Right Hon. Sir J. L. M. Lawrence, Bart., G. C. B. (Governor General of India, Grand Master of the Order).
11. His Highness Nawab Sekunder Begum of Bhopal.
12. General Sir R. H. Ross, G. C. B.
13. H. H. Yusuf Ali Khan, Nawab of Rampore.
14. General Sir George Pollock, G. C. B.
15. H. H. Saumali Rajah Bahadur in Raj Rajender Sree Maharajah Dheera, Maharajah of Jajore.
16. H. H. Emdad Dildar Bahadur Dowlat, Englishia Rajah Rajgan, Rajah of Bundel Singh, Bahadur of Kuppoothulla.
17. H. H. Maharajah Raghuo Singh, Bahadur of Rewa.

* signifies retired from the service. B. Bengal, M. Madras, B. Bombay.

- 18 Sir H. B. E. Frere, K. C. B.
- 19 H. H. the Maharajah of Joudpore.
- 20 Sir R. Montgomery, K. C. B.
- 21 H. H. the Maharajah of Travancore.
- 22 General Sir W. R. Mansfield, K. C. B.
- 23 H. H. the Maharajah of Kerowla.
- 24 H. H. Krishnah Raj Wadyar, Maharajah of Mysore.
- 25 Lieut. General Sir Robert Napier, K. C. B.

EXTRA KNIGHT GRAND COMMANDER.

H. R. H. Albert Edward Prince of Wales.

KNIGHTS COMMANDERS.

The Rajah Shreemun Maharajah Chutroputtee Shahabadam Aluttoo, of Kolapoor.
 Sir Cecil Beadon.
 The Nawab Salar Jung Bahadoor of Hyderabad.
 Sir D. F. McLeod, C. B.
 The Maharajah Jeypercash Singh Bahador of Deo in Bhar.
 Sir Henry Ricketts.
 The Maharajah Munza Chhapati Raj Maun Sultan Bahadoor, Zemindar of Vizianagram.
 Sir H. B. Harrington.
 The Maharajah Dig Bujee Singh, of Bulrampore.
 Sir Walter Elliot.
 Sharf ul Omar Bahadoor.
 Sir Thomas Pycroft.
 The Rajah Jymulghub Singh of Gidhore.
 Sir J. M. Macleod.
 The Rajah Dinkar Rao.
 Major General Sir J. C. Coffin.
 The Rajah Radhakunth Deb.
 Major General Sir G. St. P. Lawrence, C. B.
 The Rajah of Dringadra.
 Major General Sir B. M. Sherer.
 The Rajah Deo Nuran Singh of Benares.
 Colonel Sir A. P. Pnaye, C. B.
 The Maharajah Maun Sing, of Oude.
 Colonel Sir Wetherall.

Colonel Turner.
 The Right Hon. ble Sir W. R. S. V. Fitzgerald.
 Major General Sir A. T. Cotton, Royal Engineers.
 Meer Shere Mahomed, of Meerpoor.
 Major General Sir N. B. Chamberlain, K. C. B.
 The Rajah Subh Dyal Misar.
 Sir G. W. Yule, C. B.
 Tanjore Mahava Rao Dewan of Travancore.
 Sir C. J. Wingfield, C. B.
 The Thakoor Rawul Jeswant Singjee, of Dhowungger.
 Colonel Sir H. B. Edwards, K. C. B.
 Hakim Saifit Ali Khan.
 Colonel Sir A. B. Hambell, C. B. R. Art.
 Sirdar Nihal Singh Chuch.
 Lieutenant Colonel Sir K. Wallace.
 Lieutenant Colonel Sir W. H. R. Guen, C. B.
 Major Sir G. Wingate.
 Major General Sir H. M. Durand, C. B., R. L.
 H. H. the Maharajah Sree Jowan Singee, Chief of Adul.
 Sir Daniel Lhott.
 Sir G. F. Harvey.
 Major General Sir Wm. Hall.
 Major General Sir Vincent Eyre, C. B.
 R. A.
 The Rajah Johdrie Chund of Nadawn.
 Sir Richard Temple.

COMPANIONS.

The Nawab Sied Asghur Ali Khan.
 F. Williams.
 The Nawab Foujdar Khan.
 O. Raikes.
 The Rajah Bindeserry Pershad of Singooja and Oodeypoor.
 S. Mansfield.
 The Rajah Pertab Chund Ghosal.
 C. P. Thornhill.
 The Rajah Velugoti Kumara Yaokamu Nayudu Bahadoor, Zemindar of Venkatagiri.

W. Ford.
 The Rajah Bhowanee Singh, of Mynpoorie.
 W. R. Robinson.
 Colonel C. T. Chamberlain.
 The Rajah Sheorai Singh, of Kasheepoor.
 Colonel R. Strachey.
 The Rajah Mockam Singh, of Morasan.
 Colonel R. G. Taylor, C. B.
 The Rajah Jeswant Rao, of Etawah.

Colonel Primrose.	Lieut. Colonel J. C. Haughton.
Colonel G. W. Hamilton.	Synd A'rimooddeen Hussain Khan
T. Hare, M. D.	Bahadoor.
M. Stovell, M. D.	W. Mackenzie, M. D., C. B.
Colonel A. T. Wilde, C. B.	Syud Hussain-al-Mdroos, of Surat.
The Rajah of Bunnec, Gornuckpoor.	Lieutenant Colonel R. J. Meade
Colonel W. F. Marriott, R. E.	Ruggoonath Rao Wittul, Chief of
The Rajah Hudeo Bux Bahadoor, of	Vinchoor.
Kutyaree.	Major R. H. Keatinge, V. C.
Abdoolah David Sassoon.	Ghulam Ali Khan, Jaghirdar of
H. Riddell.	Banganpalle.
L. R. Bowring.	Major W. McNeile
The Rajah Dig' Bujya Singh, of	Baboo Picoonno Coomar Tagore.
Morarmow.	Major J. W. Youngbushand
J. W. Sherer	Baboo Amendantoth Roy, of Nuttore.
The Dewan Cheboo Lama.	E. B. Powell.
J. D. Gordon.	Mudanna Juggah Rao, of Rajah-
The Dewan Moolla Buksh, of Patna	mundry.
Lieut. Colonel K J Lake.	Sheth Moonmelli, of Kurrachee.
Sirdar Soorut Singh, of Benares	J. Fleming.
Gajulu Lakshminarayan Seth.	

Some Statistics of India.

PHYSICAL AND GEOGRAPHICAL.

MOUNTAINS.

In the Western Himalayas the principal peaks are —

Kadarnath	23,060 feet above Sea.
Budimath	22,050 do.
Nanda Devi	15,750 do.

In the Eastern Himalayas the principal peaks are :—

Dhawalagiri... ..	26,861 feet above Sea.
Dayabang	23,763 do.
Mount Everest	29,000 do.
Kanchinjunga	26,156 do.

The Eastern Ghats. The mean elevation of these Ghats is 1,500 feet above the level of the Sea.

The Western Ghats. The mean elevation is about 3,000 feet and the principal peaks are :—

Poorundur	1,472 feet above Sea.
Mahableshwur	4,700 do.
Matheran	2,380 do.

In the Nulgheries the principal peaks are —

Dodabotta	8,700 feet above Sea.
Ontacamund	7,361 do.

In the Sulaiman Mountains beyond the Indus the highest peak is Takhti-Sulaiman or Solomon's throne, 11,000 feet high.

The mean elevation of the Aravalli Hills lying between the Indus and the Ganges, in Rajpootana is 3,600 feet. Mount Abo is 5,000.

The Vindy-mountains. The highest peak does not exceed 6,000 feet.

LANGUAGES OF INDIA

Hindi (the Principal literary language of the non Mahomedan native population) is spoken along the Ganges from Bihar and Southwards to Nagpore, by about 40 millions

Hindustani or Urdu, prevails in the North of Behar, at Delhi, Lucknow, and generally among the Mahomedan population. It is spoken by 30 millions

Punjabi, Mahabhatti, spoken by about 10 millions.

Urdu, spoken by about 12 millions

English spoken by about 14 millions

Bengali is the language of Bengal and Chittagong, and is spoken by 30 millions

Population of India

POPULATION OF INDIA IN DISTRICTS

	1	1	1
Oudh Territory	27,500	8,071,473	
Central Provinces	1,14,18	1,104,11	
British Burmah	81,416	1,73,814	
East and West Berar	16,500	1,100,38	
Western Settlements	1,138	2,3711	
Presidency of Bengal	261,383	40,82,311	
N W Provinces	7,373	20,110,16	
Punjab Territories	100,106	14,73,1	
Presidency of Madras	131,100	2,56,187	
Do of Bombay	131,51	131,115	
Hydrabad	9,37	10,60,000	
Ceylon	21,000	1,638,000	

POPULATION OF INDIA IN RACES

	1	1	1	1
Hindus	1,00,00,000	Aboriginal Tribes—com		
Buddhists	2,00,000	including the Lolo and		
Parsees	10,000	the Kharleah the		
Native Christians	200,000	Kharleah or Kharleah		
Europeans	15,000	found in Orissa, the		
Jains	7,000,000	Santhal, Mura, Ben		
Mahomedans	13,000,000	gals, Dhomsad, Dhats	20,000,000	

POPULATION OF CHIEF TOWNS

Calcutta	500,000	Muzore	71,819
Delhi	810,000	Shahjahanpore	71,711
Benares	1,13,10	Moradabad	7,04
Allahabad	10,100	Muttra	61,110
Agra	14,661	Bombay	140,000
Bombay	50,000	Bikaner	2,000
Lucknow	60,000	Madras	7,000
Lahore	100,000	Cochin	30,000
Umrutur	30,000	Mysore	5,000
Mooltan	8,000	Bangalore	60,000
Nagpore	11,000	Srinagari (Cashmere)	40,000
Hydrabad Deccan	2,000	Kharleah (Nagari)	70,000
Poona	1,000	New Goa	10,000
Surat	1,000	Indore	30,000
Cawnpore	113,01	Colombo (Ceylon)	40,000
Bombay	10,119	Trincomalee	30,000
Merut	7,378	Moulmein	17,000
Kurruckabad	73,110	Bombay	84,000

POPULATION PER SQUARE MILE OF LAND IN INDIA, viz.

In Bengal	311	In N W Provinces (of land)	438
" Bombay Presidency	186	" Do (of cultivated land)	800
" Madras Do.	170	" Punjab ..	136

We here give for purposes of comparison the population per square mile in European countries:—

In Great Britain... ..	237	In Belgium	400
„ France	176	„ Prussia	172

Or taking the international measure of the square kilometre, the population of the principal countries of Europe per square kilometre is to each other as follows:—

Belgium	147.40	France... ..	67.81
N. W. Provinces	139.30	Switzerland	53.63
England and Wales	132.72	Bavaria	58.04
Saxony	130.03	Portugal	41.62
All Great Britain	100.24	Denmark	36.95
Holland	93.63	Sweden	6.85
Wurtemberg	90.23	Norway	2.00

Census of Central Provinces.

During 1867 the Returns for the Central Provinces of the census taken on 5th November 1866 were published. The census showed the following results:—

Nagpore Division.

Nagpore District	634,131
Bhindara	748,161
Wardah	313,185
Chanda	537,293
	<hr/>
	2,233,662

Jubbulpore Division.

Jubbulpore District	620,201
Saugor do.	498,612
Dumoh do.	262,641
Seonee do.	455,162
Mundla do.	187,699
	<hr/>
	2,024,645

Nerbudda Division.

Hoshungabad District... ..	427,418
1 Feudatoryship	18,015
Baitool	214,854
Nur ingpore	33,796
Chindwara	327,875
Nimar	226,969
	<hr/>
	1,576,027

Chutteesghur Division.

Raspoore District... ..	932,754
6 Feudatoryships	309,908
Balspoore... ..	690,468
5 Feudatoryships	360,000
Sambalpoore	402,348
2 Feudatoryships	81,035
	<hr/>
	2,915,512

Upper Godavery District:—

1 Feudatoryship... ..	54,680
	<hr/>
	289,684
	<hr/>
	824,364

Grand total population in the Central Provinces... 9,104,511

Census of Central Provinces—Continued.

Number of males above 14 years	2,695,556
Do. under 14	1,054,303
Number of females above 14 years... ..	2,712,480
Do. under 14	1,742,102
Population to the square mile of land	79
Do. to the square mile of cultivated land	305
Number of Villages in Central Provinces	36,311
Do. of houses	1,731,731
Number of towns of from 1000 to 5000 inhabitants... ..	712
Do. 5000 to 10 000	31
Do. 10,000 to 50,000	8
Do. over 50,000	8

PROPORTION OF THE SEXES IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES.

In the Central Provinces the total number of males to females of all ages was as 51·2 to 48·8

Male infants under 14 years of age are to female infants—as 53 to 47. Adults in nearly equal proportions.

Or thus:—

Males are to females in the Central Provinces in the proportion of	100 to 95·1	Males in the N. W. Provinces	100 to 86·49
		Do. In the Panjab	100 to 81·8

PROPORTION OF RACES IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES.

Brahmins... ..	311,920	Kohtia (cloth weavers)	101,590
Rajpoots (chief landholders of Sangor and Nerbudda)...	241,718	Chumars (agricultural)	539,037
Aheers and Gowals	415,961	Bhannars	213,828
Khoonbees (backbone of the agricultural community throughout the whole of the Nagpore country.) ...	676,270	Dheers (village drudges)	566,138
Teylees	430,090	Kullals	125,317
Hodhees	231,767	Mulees	153,018
Korees	139,776	Mahomedans	2,7,963
Lohars	85,112	Gonds (found chiefly in hilly and wooded tracts)	1,460,355
		Parsis	90
		Europeans and Eurasians	6,026
		Besides other Races.	

DISTRIBUTION OF PROFESSIONS IN CENTRAL PROVINCES.*Agricultural Classes.*

Land Holders... ..	155,740
Tenants... ..	3,750,457
Farm Servants	795,803
Other Agriculturists... ..	177,129
	<hr/> 4,879,131

Commercial Classes.

Bankers and money dealers... ..	52,408
Grain Sellers and Tobaccoists	77,419
Cloth and English Goods Merchants and petty dealers	75,126
	<hr/> 204,953

Artisan Classes.

Workers in Iron	79,391	Carpenters	55,148
Do. in Gold and Silver... ..	48,590	Masons and Stoneworkers	14,023
Do. in Copper and Brass... ..	13,012	Shoemakers and Leather-workers... ..	122,148
Potters	47,097	Oilmakers and Oilsellers	50,350
Weavers and Spinners	414,124		

Mental and Miscellaneous Class.

Labourers (Coolies, &c.)	919,967	Barbers	79,915
Washermen	47,855	Servants (including officials)	537,664
Carriers	41,833	Other non-agriculturists	87,775

Thus.—

57 per cent. is engaged in agriculture; in the Punjab the proportion is 56, and in the N. W. Provinces 61 per cent.

Census of the North Western Provinces.

The Census taken in 1866 of the North Western Provinces was published in 1867; The Total surveyed area (excluding Jammu) and population are.—Miles 72,379; Population 3,110,615.

No. of persons to square mile	561	In Agra Division	474
„ Excluding Ajmere	416	„ Gwalior Division	465
„ Including only North West Province		„ Bikaner Division	797
The Doab and Kohistan	451	„ Allahabad Division	368
In Meerut Division	415	„ Jaunpur Division	654
		„ Ghazipur Division	604

PROPORTION OF RACES IN THE N. W. PROVINCES.

Hindoo 2,000,000 | Mohammedans 4,250,000
Or one-seventh of the whole population held the Mohammedans reside in the Meerut and Kohistan divisions. The following table shows the proportions Mohammedans in these provinces bear to the rest of the population.—

Meerut	22	or 1	to 113
Kohistan	22	or 1	to 113
Jammu	20	or 1	to 113
Ajmere	12	or 1	to 74
Gwalior	12	or 1	to 82
Bikaner	9	or 1	to 102
Allahabad	9	or 1	to 116
Agra	8	or 1	to 117
Jammu	5	or 1	to 173

of the Hindoo proportion of the population.

16,025 are agriculturists, 9,839 126 belong to other professions of the Mohammedan population, 1,673,221 are agriculturists and 2,062,976 non-agricultural.

The census returns show the following as the occupation of the people in fuller details.—

Government servants	93,004	Merchants	954,798
Soldiers	20,111	Clerks	457,533
Priests	17,701	Lugars about animals	1,55,559
Pundits	40,311	Workers of textile fabrics and dyes	1,509,000
Doctors or bleeders	11,828	Employed in connection with food and drink	1,000,000
Druggists	15,197	Do with iron and machines	353,000
Schoolmasters	5,100	Dealers in metals	334,339
Actors	1,000	Do in vegetable substances	574,500
Conjurors	1,070	Dealers in animal substances	10,576
Picture Painters	110	Bookbinders	787
Surgeons	17,435	Gold and Silversmiths	135,113
Players on drums and other instruments	11,320	Labourers	3,821,956
Dancing girls	8,005	Persons of rank and property	4,000
Dancing boys	331	Persons supported by the community	540,013
Hope Dancers	161	Beggars	470,015
Budis	6,372	Prostitutes	91,808
Acrobats	3,373		2,051
Servants	1,413,957		321
Water			29
Barbers	311,801		111
Washermen	207,568		28
Sweepers	206,113		
Insulators	16,405		

Census Returns of the N. W. Provinces—Continued.

Flatterers for gain	226	Professional Thieves... ..	23
Vagabond	1	Informers	1
House painters... ..	16	Hangmen	133
Budmashes	94	Fortune tellers	3
Grave-diggers	17	Justers	851
Bu piercers	18	Assailors	1,123
Marks of caste marks	51	Mimics	259
Wrestlers	2	Divers	142
Charmers	4	Miscellaneous	22,584
Sturdy beggars	85		

It should be stated in reference to these last singular occupations that they are the occupations which have been retained by the people themselves.

PROPORTION OF MALES TO FEMALES.

To each 100 of the population in N. W. P. the males are 100 to 86.49 females; among the Hindoos of the same provinces the males are 100 to 86.03, among the Mahommedans the males are 100 to 89.11.

PROPORTION OF CHILDREN IN NORTH WEST PROVINCES.

The average number of children under FIFTEEN years to the whole population is about 31 per cent. According to the European proportions therefore there should be 9,972,931 children under FIFTEEN in the N. W. Provinces, but there are 10,013,774 under TWELVE!

The Army of India.

The strength of the Indian Army is,—

Europeans	61,000
Natives	122,000

Total 183,000

[It may be here stated as a curious fact scarcely ever thought of, that leaving out Nepal and the Nizam, 60 native States possess between them a force of 171,000 men nearly equal to the whole Indian Army.]

European.

In the evidence taken before the Select Committee on the Army in India published in October 1867, Sir William Mansfield and Colonel Norman both stated that the number of European troops in India at the outbreak of the mutiny was 45,000. Major General Bullock gave the following more correct figures.

No. of non-commissioned rank and file of artillery infantry and cavalry 27,091.

Of that number, upwards of 5,000 were serving in the Persian Gulf.

Of that number also 20,000 were stationed in localities which were not in the possession of the Government of India 20 years before 1st May 1857.

In 1861 the number of British troops in India was 82,000.

In 1867 (as above shown) the number is 61,000.

COMPOSITION OF THE NATIVE ARMY.

A return dated 9th March 1867 gives the following view of the native army of India in race and caste.—

Lachna of Punjab.

Christians (Madras chiefly)	2,491	Jits	1,863
Jews (Bombay)	246	Telingas	10,319
Mahommedans	20,210	Mahrattas	8,275
Br. Hindus	5,636	Bhels	5
Kajpoots	598	Pindwarrees	3,245
Tamils	2,761	Other castes... ..	10,548

Punjab

Mahommedans	6,117	Seikhs	10,150
Hindoo	1,380	Muzaks	1,652

Trans-Indus or Persian.

Afghans	2,054	Beloochees	79
Border Tribes	2,447	Persians	23

Hill Tribes.

Goorkhas ..	3 865
Dogra	2,75
Dher Hill men	1 350

The native army before the mutiny was as follows —

Bengal Native Army	...	...	...	...	160,900
Madras Native Army	...	...	...	...	57,263
Bombay Native Army	...	...	...	...	48,840

Total 256.113

The native army has been reduced by 134,000, leaving as its present strength 122,000 men as shown above.

VITAL STATISTICS OF THE ENGLISH ARMY IN NORTHERN AND CENTRAL INDIA.

Death rate per 1000	2011
Sick rate per 100	541

In a force of 33,011 the deaths numbered 704 and there were 203 daily sick. The mortality has thus increased nearly eight fold from the 1849 per thousand of the Royal Commission and the daily deaths which healed with the military hospitals, to 4 within three years and of 142 to 4 in 1864 to some what under 21 in 1866. It is not so to tell us that in 1866 11 deaths out of 100 new were 101 out of 100 men, 73 of women and 1 child in 7011 among 487 children. This is a considerable improvement over 153, the rates being 12 and 63.15 respectively.

THE BENGAL ARMY SANITARY REPORT FOR 1866

The Bengal Sanitary Report for 1906, shows that in eight British troops, in that Presidency the mortality was 20.11 and the sickness 15.01 per 1000, results hitherto unknown as the following tables demonstrate —

Per 1000	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906
Diphtheria	12.35	3.77	4.94	5.11	0	2.19	1.24	2.11
Sickness..	22.8	20.51	20.13	19.70	15.8	16.1	16.15	15.01

But something of this favorable return is shown to be due to increased investing. There were invested in 1896 \$9,041 for 1000 against 24,031 in 1841 and 16,675 in 1861. Nevertheless, although the numbers invested in 1841 were 11,184, were 5,25 to 49 the savings in life amounts to no more than the difference between 74.02 and 69.15. Of 704 casualties 11 were from fever, 95 later all causes, 76 bowel complaints, 55 phthisis pulmonalis, 51 apoplexy, 18 cholera, 13 from all diseases, and 13 heart disease. Taking diseases separately, the highest mortality falls upon B. real. Proper, and the lowest in the listable—

Bengal Proper,	...	Per 100
Dumipore, B. narens, Orissa and Cwmpore, districts,	..	" "
Madrar and Rohuk and districts,	...	" "
Agra district and Central India,	.	" "
Punjab .. .. .	...	" "

Whilst the ratio of cholera cases has fluctuated, during the seven years ending with 1905, between 37 in 37,1 per 1000, those for 1904 only amounted to 23. Of every 100 cholera cases, 100 in 1000 in 1904, and 100 in 1000 in 1905. Of the intensity of its outbreaks, ranging from 67 per 1000 in 1904 to 100 in 1905. Of the minimum figures 149 cases were reported, of which 1, per 1000. The ratio per 1000 of venereal diseases was 217.7, or 10 per cent below that of 1905. Benares enjoys an unequalled reputation in this matter during 1907 (per 100) against 39 at Bombay and 120 at Peshawar. The death rate at the different stations of the Bengal Presidency, has varied from 1.5 per 1000 at Meeran, one of the least popular cantonments in India, to 42.08 at Banaraspore. The superior health of

married over unmarried life is not supported by the following figures. Of 1,682 Sergeants, 35·14 per cent. were married; of 33,465 privates, only 6·12.

Total loss per cent of strength by death and invaliding

Unmarried.

Presidency Division	5·02	4 07
Benares	5 25	6·03
Oude	7 01	7 82
Rohilkund	6 32	3 14
Gwalior	8 61	10 10
Saugor	8 73	10 38
Merrut	6 80	7 04
Sikind	7 03	6 11
Lahore	6 37	7 1
Peshawar	6 25	7·65

UNEMPLOYED OFFICERS IN THE BENGAL ARMY.

1st July 1867.

A return shows that the number of unemployed officers of the local service of the Bengal Army on 1st July 1867 was 89—Colonels 11, Lieutenant Colonels 19, Majors 6, Captains 16, Lieutenants 37, of whom 41 are unpassed and therefore not qualified for employment.

MILITARY EXPENDITURE.

	In India.	In England.
	£	£
1856-57	11,491,005	1,2 0,000
1857 58	15,000,933	.. ..
18 5 59	21, 80 943	3,7 0 000
18 9 0	17,750,065	2,750,0 0
1860-61	15,276, 20	2,750,000
1865-66	11,500,335	2,129,461

The Military Strength of Countries around India.

I.—CENTRAL ASIA.

	Population	Army.
Bokhara.....	3,000,000	40, 00
Khiva		20 000
Khokan		20,1 00
Total according to Vambory.....		80,000

II.—PERSIA.

According to Watson, Persia has a population estimated at from 5 to 10 millions and has an army, consisting of Cavalry and Infantry of (95,000) and artillery (5000)—100,000.

III.—AFGHANISTAN.

According to Ferrier, Afghanistan has the following population.

Afghan	2,500,000
Pathians or Eimaks	600,000
Beloochees	300,000
Kuzilbashes	800,000

Total4,200,000

which is a population large enough to send 100,000 men into the field.

IV.—N. W. FRONTIER TRIBES.

In a report laid before Government it is stated that the fighting men among the Independent tribes of the N. W. frontier from Huzara to Dehra Ghasee Khan numbers 1,15,000
Beloochees Bordering on Dehra Ghasee Khan 20,000

Total to where frontier of Sind begins..... 1,35,000
Tribes within the British frontier 80,000
Total from Cashmere to Sind, not counting Beloochistan or the
Beloochee frontier of Sind... .. 2,15,000

The Debt of India.

In no fewer than 44 out of the 59 years which elapsed between 1800 and 1860, considerable, often large additions have been made to the public debt of India. In 13 only has a diminution taken place.

In 1854 the public debt amounted to £53,637,376.

On 30th April 1857, it amounted to (in India) £55,546,652, and (in England) £3,891,420;—Total £59,438,072. The interest payable annually thereon was £2,525,375.

On 30th April 1860, it amounted to (in India) £71,202,807, and (in England) £96,649,000; Total £167,851,807. The interest payable annually thereon was £4,461,029.

The debt may now in (1867) be taken at a hundred millions or less than two years' income, a much smaller proportion than any other country. The interest all round, is 4½ per cent—a moderate rate for the East, considering that there imperial guarantee exists.

Revenue of India.

The total revenue of India in 1851-52 was £ 59,710,000
The average for three years before the mutiny 1854-5 to 1856-7 was ... 31,080,000
The total revenue in 1858-9 was 36,600,788
Do. in 1861-2 43,829,472
Do. in 1862-3 46,143,752
Do. in 1863-4 41,613,032
Do. in 1864-5 45,652,497
Do. in 1865-6 48,935,220
Do. in 1866-7 not published

The Annual Surplus or Deficit.

Total from 1814 to 1819 (six years) Deficit £ 5,445,931
Do. do. 1820 to 1823 (three years) Surplus 2,461,099
Do. do. 1824 to 1828 (five years) Deficit 13,300,000
From 1814 to 1860—a period of 46 years—there has been a surplus in
13 of the years amounting on the whole to 8,895,437
There have been deficits in the remaining 33 years amounting in the
whole to 29,200,000

1840-50 ...	Surplus...£	354,187	1850-60 ...	Deficit	9,200,129
1850-51 ...	"	415,443	1860-61 ...	"	4,000,000
1851-52 ...	"	531,265	1861-62 ...	"	150,038
1852-53 ...	"	424,237	1862-63 ...	Surplus	1,827,345
1853-54 ...	Deficit...	2,044,117	1863-64 ...	"	78,347
1854-55 ...	"	1,707,361	1864-65 ...	Deficit	193,520
1855-56 ...	"	972,701	1865-66	a Surplus of	2,800,189
1856-57 ...	"	143,597	was shown, but £1,028,189 was		
1857-58 ...	"	7,864,222	a mere matter of account,		
1858-59 ...	"	13,893,137	leaving as the real Surplus 1,772,000		

Income of the Indian Railways.

The earnings of the various Indian Railways during 1865-66 will be seen from the following table which is arranged in order of amount —

	Per mile per week		Total per year	
	1865	1866	1865	1866
East Indian	247	312	1,673,253	2,010,049
G. I. P.	374	325	1,171,120	1,219,850
Bombay and Baroda	195	261	310,413	349,765
Eastern Bengal	215	226	133,805	121,792
Scinde	119	173	81,538	95,388
Madras	152	131	399,464	428,383
Great Southern	85	105	36,128	45,540
Muthah	66	71	9,934	10,370
Punjab	55	71	51,125	94,090
			3,558,177	4,466,216

Report—The report for 1866 of Mr. Julian Dimsy, Government Director of the Indian Railway Companies, was issued in May 1867. It also contained a review of the financial position of Indian Railways at the close of the official year 1866-67. At the commencement of the year 1866 there were 3,331 miles of Railway open for traffic. During 1866, 205 miles were finished, and since 1867 to date of report 101 had been finished, so that 3,637 miles of Railway were open in India in May 1867. Of the 306 miles which have been added since 1st January 1866, 150½ belong to the G. I. P., 47½ to the Great Southern, 30 to the Delhi, 14 to the Madras, 42 to the Indian Branch Railway and 2 to the East Indian. When Mr. Dimsy reported, the completion of the extension of the E. I. Line to Jubbulpore had not taken place. It was expected that the G. I. P. link between the present terminus and Jubbulpore would be completed in October or November 1868, and a thorough communication would then be established between Bombay and Calcutta. The total length of line at present sanctioned, opened 1st May 1867, and remaining at 1st May 1867 to be finished is as follows—East Indian, sanctioned 1,401½; opened 1,111½, unfinished 70; G. I. P., sanctioned 1,266½, opened 852½; unfinished 122; Madras sanctioned 825, opened 615, unfinished 160; B. B. and C. I., sanctioned 312½, opened 306 unfinished 6½; Scinde sanctioned 109; opened 119, unfinished nil; Punjab sanctioned 251, opened 251, unfinished nil; Delhi sanctioned 120, opened 40, unfinished 28; Eastern Bengal sanctioned 159, opened 114, unfinished 15; Great Southern, sanctioned 166, opened 126; unfinished 19½; Calcutta and South Eastern, sanctioned 120, opened 29, unfinished 84; Indian Branch sanctioned 1,700, opened 42, unfinished 668. Total sanctioned 561½, total unfinished at 1st May 1867, 2,005½.

Mutual—The total weight and value of goods shipped from England to India up to the end of 1866 for the purposes of the railways 3,195,862 tons, and £1,099,929. To convey these 48.7 ships were employed, 51 being lost.

Locomotives—At 31st December 1866 the I. I. Company had 312 locomotives; G. I. P. 167, Madras Company 106, B. B. & C. I. 72, Scinde 25, Punjab 38; Eastern Bengal 28, Great Southern of India 11, Calcutta and South Eastern 12; Indian Branch 1.

Passenger Carriages—E. I. 614, G. I. P. 110, Madras 306, B. B. and C. I. 237, Scinde 66, Punjab 116, Eastern Bengal 92, Great Southern of India 35, Calcutta and South Eastern 36, Indian Branch 13.

*Trucks and Waggon*s—E. I. 4667, G. I. P. 3,813, Madras 2181, B. B. and C. I. 3,072, Scinde 661, Punjab 669, Eastern Bengal 669, Great Southern of India 19, Calcutta and South Eastern 476, Indian Branch 17.

Shareholders—On 1st January 1866 the number of shareholders and Debenture-holders was 39,466, the proportion of natives holding stock or debentures being above one per cent. On 1st January 1867 the number had risen to 43,398 the proportion of natives being below one per cent. The total number of shareholders registered in England holding shares or stock of less amount than £1,000 on 31st

December 1866 was 20,172, of £1000 and upwards 14,677, total in England 94,819. The total number of shareholders registered in India was 816 of whom 396 were Europeans and 420 natives. The total number of Debenture holders was 6,170. It is therefore almost exclusively from England that the capital for Railways has been supplied, and Mr. Duncker adds it as a fact worthy of observation that a considerable number of persons who derive their income from, or have accumulated fortunes from their connection with India, either as members of the service, merchants or otherwise, have invested in these Railways.

Persons employed on the L I and C I R.—The number of Europeans and East Indians employed on the L I in 1866 of natives 19,204, G I P, Europeans and East Indians 622, natives 7,693, Eastern Bengal, Europeans and East Indians 139, natives 2,620, Calcutta and South Eastern, Europeans and East Indians 31, natives 335.

Capital.—The amount of Capital raised by all the guaranteed companies up to 1st April 1867 was £67,254,802, of which £11,800,377 consisted of Share capital, £56,707,705 of debentures, convertible into shares and £7,746,720 of debentures not so convertible.

Expenditure.—The expenditure up to the same date amounted to £67,932,530 showing an excess over the sum raised of £677,728 (certain companies up to 31st March 1867 had received advances to the amount of £1,754,930, and a balance of £1,077,163 stands to the credit of others leaving a net balance of £677,728 to the debit collectively of the L I and C I and other companies. The expenditure during 1866-67 was £7,739,555. The total sum which it was calculated at the beginning of 1866 would be expended upon the railways now in progress before the whole of them were completed with a net cost of double line was £81,000,000. This was exclusive of the Indian Branch Railway Company which has since been added to the list of guarantee companies, and of the doubling of portions of the G I P. The estimated amount for sanctioned lines will thus be increased to above £88,000,000.

Interest.—During the half year ending 30th June 1866, the L I Railway realised Rs. 10,80,735 beyond the amount advanced for guaranteed interest, and the G I P Rs. 7,75,742. The half was returned by Government in repayment of former advances under the guarantee, and the other half was remitted to England to augment the half yearly dividend of the shareholders by a quarter per cent.

Government Advances.—The total amount advanced by Government from 1849 to the end of 1866, for guaranteed interest was £18,923,176, and about £7,000,000 had been paid back by the companies from the earnings of the railways making the debt of the Railways to Government at 1st December 1866, £12,000,000.

Crime in India.

In N.W. Provinces.—The population in 25,000,000 the ratio of murder is one murder among every 94,911 people, one robbery including dacoitee, to every 55,740 people, one lurking house trespass and act of house breaking among every 1,991 people, one act of theft among every 907 people. [NOTE.—The population shown is the estimate before the census.]

In the Punjab.—The people is 15,000,000, the ratio of murder is one murder among every 49,411 people, one robbery (including dacoitee) to every 69,124 people, one lurking house trespass and act of house breaking among every 2,197 people and one theft to every 1,119 people.

In Oude.—The population is 5,000,000, the ratio of murder to population is one to every 65,217 of the people, one robbery (including dacoitee) to every 38,793.

In the Central Provinces.—The population is 6,000,000, the ratio of murder to population is one murder among every 134,461 people, one act of robbery (including dacoitee) among every 113,500 people, one lurking house trespass and act of house-breaking among every 1,460 people, one act of theft among every 853 people.

In England and Wales.—The population is 20,000,000; the ratio of murder is one murder among every 149,250 of the people, one robbery among every 92,297 people, one act of house trespass and house breaking to every 5,213 people, and one act of theft to every 250 people.

[If we remember that crime and murder are reported in England as it never is and cannot be in India, we shall be able to understand the statement that while only one Englishman in every 150,000 commit a murder, one Punjabee in every 50,000 is thus guilty.]

The Currency Commission.

The Blue Book of the Currency Commission was issued in the beginning of 1867. The Commission reported that the want of facilities for the encashment of notes was clearly established, and that such want caused the notes to be depreciated at varying rates of discount which made the notes to be practically viewed as commercial paper, and the inevitable result in the native mind was not merely a sense of inconvenience, but a mistrust of the notes based on an idea of substantial loss flowing from the use of them. The Commission thought it might be expedient (1) to separate the office of Currency Commissioner of a Presidency from the mastership of the mint, (2) to enjoin the extension of facilities for the encashment of all notes at all treasuries up to a given small amount say Rs 200, (3) to permit treasuries a larger discretion where this may be done without much chance of loss, (4) to establish offices of sub-issue at such places as may be approved of by Local Governments and Administrations for the purpose; (5) to advise accountants general not to exhibit too great a jealousy of remittances in notes. The Commission state that before a "Universal Note," could be recommended a more detailed study of the subject would be required. They thought the preponderance of argument was against the issue of a 5 rupee note. With reference to the introduction of gold it had been established that gold mohurs and English and Australian Sovereigns, although not used as money by the State are generally at or above par in price whether in the presidency towns or in the cities of the Mofussil, that where gold was below par in price, it happened either because gold was almost practically unknown in the districts concerned, or because the people were too poor to create a demand for it that the demand for gold currency was unanimous throughout the country, that gold coins of 15, 10, and 5 rupees respectively would find more favour in the eyes of the people than notes of like value, that the introduction of gold would facilitate the establishment of currency notes, outlying treasuries being assisted by such a measure towards the convertibility of the notes, and that the opinion is generally, almost unanimous, that the currency should consist of gold, silver and paper. The Commission therefore recommended the introduction of a gold coinage consisting of pieces of 10 rupees and 5 rupees respectively—the 10 rupees pieces having the weight of 120 grains and the 5 rupees pieces 60 grains troy.

The Indian Paper Currency

The following are the nine circles of issue throughout India—Calcutta, Allahabad, Lahore, Nagpore, Madras, Calcutta, Trichinopoly, Vizagapatam, Bombay, Kurachee.

Note.—Nagpore was transferred in August 1867 to Bombay and the Bombay series of Nagpore Government currency notes was issued in place of the former Calcutta series of Nagpore notes.

The greatest number of notes that ever entered into circulation since the introduction of the Paper currency was 10 crores. By the last returns for all India to May last the number of notes in circulation was 84 crores. Taking for granted that the circulation of the notes is confined to the capital towns of each circle, and assuming the aggregate population of these towns to be 2½ millions, we deduct that the note circulation stands in the ratio of three notes to every one of the inhabitants of the towns named. The average circulation of the Bank of England and the English Provincial Banks of issue is more than 3 to every one of the population of England and Wales that of the Scotch Banks of issue is nearly 1½ to every one of the population of Scotland, and that of the Irish Bank is 1½ to every one of the population of Ireland. But this comparison is not a fair one, because since the Bank of Bombay lost credit with the community the Exchange Banks of Bombay (instead of leaving their reserves in that Bank) have held them, themselves, and as these are held largely in Government notes, a very respectable portion of the notes returned as "in circulation" is in reality in the safes of the various Banks.

Again it should be borne in mind, that the minimum denomination of the Bank of England notes is £5, whereas the minimum denomination of the Indian note is Rs 10.

The note circulation in British India stands to the population of British India as one note to every 107 people.

The note circulation of Britain is 1½ notes to every one of the people.

From the introduction of the system in March 1862 to 28th May 1864, the only circles established were those of Calcutta, Bombay and Madras and the amount of notes issued in these circles at the last named date was 6 crores. From May 1864, to June 1865, the remaining seven circles were opened, and by 3rd June 1865,

the issue of notes amounted to 7½ crores. On 1st July 1865, the circulation had risen to 8½ crores, but three-fourths of that increase was due to Bombay where the circulation had risen from 331 lacs on 3rd June 1865 to 407 lacs on 1st July of the same year, the sudden expansion of the circulation being due to the panic that had then seized the community, and to the hoarding of notes to avoid liabilities in connection with time-bargains. On 31st December 1866 the total circulation of notes reached its maximum of 10½ crores, by 30th March it had declined to 5½ crores.

As regards Bombay, the hoarded notes crept out of their hiding places during and, for some time after September 1865, when the price of cotton was rising, and being exchanged for silver the circulation in Bombay fell from its maximum in 1865 (Rs 4,14,50,000) to Rs 2,60,45,000 at the end of the same year. With the accumulation of insolvencies and dread of calls during the first six or eight months of 1866, the circulation had again expanded to nearly 14½ lacs at the end of June 1866, and 5½ lacs at the end of December 1866, or 1,7,00,000 beyond the circulation in January 1865 (before the crisis) when there was no inducement to hoard. This sum of 1,2,00,000 was therefore altogether withdrawn from active circulation and was lying partially in the coffers of the Exchange Banks and partially in the coffers of insolvents.

Value of Rs 1000 notes in the hands of the public on 30th

April 1867	Rs. 2,31,95,000
Do do 31st August 1867	3,88,30,000
Do do 22nd November 1867	4,13,10,000
Value of Rs 500 notes in hands of public on 30th April 1867	Rs 1,11,10,00
Do on 31st August 1867	2,01,00,00
Do on 22nd November 1867	2,21,00,00
Value of Rs 100 notes in hands of public on 31st August 1867	Rs 61,11,00
Do on 22nd November 1867	57,51,00
Value of Rs 20 notes in hands of public on 31st August 1867	Rs 1,01,10,20
Do on 22nd November 1867	1,18,11,00
Value of Rs 10 notes in hands of public on 31st August 1867	Rs 21,11,10
Do on 22nd November 1867	21,06,000

Educational Statistics of India

An elaborate review of this subject, laid before the Government of India in 1867, shows the following figures —

After the Act of 1813 was passed £10,000 a year was to be set aside for the encouragement of Education in India, that sum has now been increased, in 1867 to £21,667. The following table shows the growth and apportionment of this grant for the last 13 years —

	Indian Schools	Of the total British India	Total British India
	£	£	£
1854-55		76,045	
1855-56		137,206	
1856-57		174,107	
1857-58		231,470	
1858-59		253,377	
1859-60		244,444	313,372
1860-61		295,311	363,883
1861-62	343,593	215,330	261,076
1862-63	400,611	374,170	401,128
1863-64	441,536	317,443	477,660
1864-65	531,080	311,777	613,794
1865-66	670,711	453,917	732,875
1866-67 (11 months)	683,130		
1867-68 Estimate	821,667		

The expenditure in each province in 1865-66 on Science and Art, Grants-in-Aid and the Universities, which alone are Catholic, is here seen —

	Science and Art	Grants-in-Aid	Universities
Bengal	£14,203	£33,759	14,891
N. W. Provinces	2,101	20,712	—
Bombay	1,409	19,899	3,678
Madras	12,119	16,864	1,378
Punjab	3,917	11,737	—
British Barmah.	3,712	1,112	—
Oudh	—	3,774	—
Central Provinces	2,765	1,822	—
Government of India	113,310	153	—
Total	153,905	117,191	10,147

The rest of the grant was spent on Educational institutions directly conducted by Government. The results of the expenditure are seen in the following table which applies to all the Educational institutions in India taught or aided by the State —

Years ending 30th April	Number of Educational Institutions	Average attendance of pupils
1853-54	413	28,179
1854-55	401	18,517
1855-56	508	11,664
1856-57	819	190,611
1857-58	8,070	151,188
1858-59	12,179	239,053
1859-60	13,130	336,706
1860-61	14,123	313,076
1861-62	13,219	350,762
1862-63	13,136	211,151
1863-64	16,616	173,013
1864-65	17,209	111,591
1865-66	19,206	673,181

Of the 573,191 under tuition out of the 150,000,000 of British India, 475,101 were at Schools below the University Matriculation standard, only 85,737 or 18 per cent were Mussulmans, while 359,633 were Hindoos. The number of purely Arts or literary Colleges and of Law, Normal and other special colleges, and their attendance, was in 1865-66 —

	Arts Colleges		Students		Special and Normal Colleges		Students	
	Govt	Indep	Govt	Indep	Govt	Indep	Govt	Indep
Bengal	7	5	753	309	37	4	2,200	317
N. W. Provinces	3	4	190	—	10	3	709	63
Punjab	2	1	30	15	7	3	204	80
Madras	1	1	52	—	14	4	1,181	267
Bombay	2	—	107	—	11	3	538	180
Oudh	—	—	—	—	2	—	392	—
Central Provinces	—	—	—	—	6	—	153	—
Mysore	—	—	—	—	2	—	59	—

The following was the number of Schools under inspection, Government and Independent, and the attendance in each Province in 1865-66.

Government and Independent Schools open at Inspection, 1865-66.

	Bengal.		N. W. Prov.		Punjab		Mitha		Bambr		Oudh		Centl. Prov.		Mysore	
	Government	Independent	Government	Independent	Government	Independent	Government	Independent	Government	Independent	Government	Independent	Government	Independent	Government	Independent
Schools		Aided		Unaided												
Higher	50	83	5	7	1	1	13	14	9	2	10	4	1	1	C	4
Middle	117	840	265	92	52	52	48	109	165	20	84	12	105	11	9	7
Lower	81	1,133	3,087	73	1,776	3	17	825	1,121	69	61	26	546	680	32	15
Female	3	192	487	25	339	646	..	139	83	Incid in above.	..	11	92	..	..	7
Total	251	2,358	3,864	197	2,196	709	9	1,147	1,328	91	105	67	741	692	47	33
Pupils.																
Higher	9,330	10,507	1,515	1,181	5,297	5,297	3,132	3,126	1,741	667	1,905	1,135	270	223	831	529
Middle	8,124	37,924	20,300	3,501	6,994	1,515	3,786	9,702	23,704	2,358	2,988	1,042	10,933	91	392	888
Lower	2,787	30,307	95,595	1,062	60,773	108	498	15,670	67,144	4,174	2,004	1,240	5,984	18,774	1,124	1,472
Female	153	6,070	9,260	489	6,834	12,727	..	3,315	Incid in above.	Incid in above.	..	270	2,361	..	..	845
Total	20,403	89,508	1,26,609	7,433	82,346	19,657	7,416	30,639	92,659	7,197	6,358	3,687	31,648	14,937	2,340	3,234

THE ARTS colleges were attended by 1578 students, of whom 1420 were Hindoos, 57 (or only $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent) Musulmans and 98 "others." The following shews what have been the results of the Universities since their foundation in 1827

To the end of 1886	Calcutta	Madras	Bombay
Affiliated Colleges and Schools	39	10	6
Passed Matriculation	4,765	937	821
" B.A. "	213	60	28
" M.A. "	35	8	
" B.L. or L.L.B.	107	16	2
" M.B. or L.M.	7		16
" M.D. "	4	1	
" L.C.L. or B.O.E. "	27	16	2

Bombay Department of the Public Instruction.

The actual expenditure connected with the Department of Public Instruction in the Bombay Presidency during the financial year (of eleven months) ending, March 31st 1867, was as follows:—For direction and subsidiary charges, Rs 43,262 2 4 from the Imperial Funds and Rs 385 0 0 from local funds; inspection and subsidiary charges, Rs 1,12,140 11 7 from Imperial funds, and Rs 6,318 1 9 from local funds; for instruction, Rs 7,61,275 11 1 from Imperial, and Rs 5,92,126 12 2 from local funds, making a total of Rs 9,16,678 9 from Imperial and Rs 6,01,633 14 3 from local funds.

amount spent on contingencies (Rs 7,477 1) and patronage, stipenditure (Rs 1,181). That expenditure, if computed at the same rate for twelve months, would show an increase upon the previous year's expenditure of Imperial Funds at the rate of Rs 1,29,915-10 0, and a decrease of Rs 1,87,901 11 1 in the rate of expenditure of local funds. As to the increase from Imperial Funds, the two main items of increase are Rs 64,140 additional grants to private schools and buildings, and Rs 50,415 additional expenditure in the book department. The number both of schools and scholars were increased during the year and the increase may be stated thus:—Government institutions 307 schools and 12,863 scholars aided institutions, 27 schools and 3,007 scholars inspected only, 23 schools and 11,385 scholars—total increase, 357 schools and 17,251 scholars. A considerable extension of popular education in native states had taken place during the year.

Telegraphs

Since the first wire was laid in 1850, India has spent on Telegraphs—

Capital	£1,11,328
Working expenses	1,214,413

The Revenue derived from the telegraph has been

£2,563,771
708,887

Loss (besides interest on Capital) £ 509,556

The length of wire erected in India is 13,400 miles. In the course of the sixteen years 817 miles have been abandoned, and owing to the mutiny, 918 had to be reconstructed.

PERSIAN GULF CABLE.—The gross receipts of the Persian Gulf Cable during the year 1866 were £95,000 and the total expenditure £12,000 leaving a clear revenue of £83,000. The average number of messages sent in a month vary from 2,000 to 3,200.

WORKING OF INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH.

The following shows the general results for twelve months of the working of the Indo European Telegraph department, and is the substance of a statement by the Director Mekran Coast and Submarine Telegraph —

October 1866

Private Messages	2,170	Longest time via Turkey	13d 19h 30m
Government Despatches	8	Shortest time	0d 3h 54m
Total	2,177	Mean time	5d 23h 56m

November 1866—

Private Messages	2,093	Longest time via Turkey	13d 8h 30m
Government Despatches	1	Shortest time	0d 11h 7m
Total	2,127	Mean time	7d 14h 8m

December 1866—

Private Messages	2,115	Longest time	20d 22h 50m
Government Despatches	29	Shortest time	0d 21h 0m
Total	2,144	Mean time	10d 19h 9m

January 1867

Private Messages	2,591	Longest time	18d 21h 0m
Government Despatches	21	Shortest time	1d 5h 40m
Total	2,601	Mean time	11d 17h 8m

February 1867—

Private Messages	2,908	Longest time via Turkey	13d 10h 14m
Government Despatches	29	Shortest Do	0d 7h 19m
Total	2,937	Mean time	3d 15h 50m

March 1867

Private Messages	2,492	Longest time via Turkey	23d 17h 56m
Government Despatches	11	Shortest Do	0d 7h 5m
Total	2,525	Mean time	5d 11h 48m

April 1867

Private Messages	2,944	Longest time via Turkey	10d 7h 30m
Government Despatches	21	Shortest Do	0d 15h 16m
Total	2,965	Mean time	5d 2h 30m

May 1867

Private Messages	2,649	Longest time via Turkey	9d 19h 39m
Government Despatches	39	Shortest Do	0d 7h 39m
Total	2,688	Mean time	3d 0h 37m

June 1867

Private Messages	1,809	Longest time via Turkey	8d 12h 45m
Government Despatches	30	Shortest Do	0d 14h 1m
Total	1,839	Mean time	3d 21h 14m

July 1867—

Private Messages	1,811	Longest time via Turkey	12d 4h 20m
Government Despatches	41	Shortest Do	0d 8h 41m
Total	1,811	Mean time	6d 2h 14m

August 1867—

Private Messages	1,063	Longest time via Turkey	14d 0h 20m
Government Despatches	122	Shortest Do	0d 3h 10m
Total	2,085	Mean time	3d 14h 52m

September 1867—

Private Messages	2,276	Longest time via Turkey	7d 2h 49m
Government Despatches	71	Shortest Do	0d 11h 39m
Total	2,349	Mean time	3d 0h 18m

October 1867

Private Messages	2,570	Longest time via Turkey	9d 18h 30m
Government Despatches	152	Shortest Do	0d 6h 57m
Total	2,722	Mean time	2d 22h 34m

The Income Tax

In the prospect of the reimposition of the Income Tax it may be desirable to state that the amount of Income Tax realised in 1860-61 was Rs 98,21,448, in 1861-62 Rs 1,73,88,457, in 1862-63 Rs 1,13,52,231, in 1863-64 Rs 1,07,61,366, and in 1864-65 Rs 21,61,073.

In 1863 incomes between Rs 200 and Rs 500 were exempt, thus relieving 76 of the whole number of tax payers and with a loss of only 21 per cent to the revenue including the diminished cost of collection.

The Income Tax showed the following classification of incomes taken from the returns of 1861-62 —

Provinces	Assessment Rs 100 to Rs 1000	Assessment Rs 1000 to Rs 10000	Total
Bengal	50,000	14,000	64,000
Calcutta	10,000	7,000	17,000
N. W. Provinces	30,000	11,000	41,000
Madras (excluding town of Madras)	15,000	5,000	20,000
Madras town	1,500	1,000	2,500
Bombay (excluding Town of Bombay)	30,000	10,000	40,000
Bombay town	5,000	5,000	10,000
Total	141,500	53,000	194,500

The Berars.

In 1860 the State income of the Berars amounted to £320,000 per annum; it has now in 1866-67 reached £420,000. The land revenue is limited to Rs 41,83,872.

The area under cultivation was 4,793,258 aiguns in 1817-18 in the former year considerably more than a million of waste which have been brought under cultivation within the last four years. From 1850 to 1861 the average price of grain was 63 lbs for the rupee, but during the last four years the price has been so high as 20 lbs.

Much more land has been sown with grain this year in consequence of the continued low price of cotton.

The District revenue increased from Rs 7,53,009 in 1865-66 to Rs 11,61,046 in 1866-67.

The total increase of revenue of 1865-66 was £66,998 or 13 per cent.

The department of Public Instruction only came into existence at the commencement of 1861-62. The schools have increased from 85 to 147 and the scholars from 1631 to 6654. The assignment from Government is £4424.

Six first class roads have been in process of construction at a cost of Rs 2,25,340. The sum of Rs 96,680 raised from local funds has been spent in maintaining the country tracks and in the construction of iron bridges.

The forests of the Berars yield a revenue of Rs 43,324.

There was export to Bombay 53,616 tons of cotton which at 11d per pound (taken in the administrative report as the average price during the year 1865-66) gives £1,750,000. There were 5,088 full pressed bales forwarded during the year and 58,188 half pressed bales.

The number of civil suits was during the past official year from 8,547 to 10,070. Of this number 415 related to land. Under the four extra assistant commissioners who hear suits involving less than Rs 300, 7317 cases or 70 per cent of the whole litigation were disposed of. The appellate business has decreased from 1,806 to 861.

814 persons were imprisoned for debt during the year.

The number of crimes reported was 9,558 followed by 5,474 convictions. Forty six appeals were instituted before the Commissioner and in 28 of them the original decisions were confirmed, while 8 were preferred to the High Courts, but none of these were proved.

The average number of prisoners during the year was 856. The death rate among the prisoners is 1.53 per cent.

Central India.

The district or agency known as "Central India" comprises 71 States and chief ships, covering an area of 83,600 square miles, inhabited by a population of 7,676,000 who pay a revenue to their chiefs of £2,612,800, of the 71 chiefs, 4 are Maharattas, (but they are the most powerful, and being aliens of recent date—the most hated) 7 are Hindoos, 31 Rajpoots, (the latter being mostly reduced to a petty position), 6 are Brahmins 7 are Mahomedans.

The Military force belonging to the British Government to maintain these numbers 530 guns, 2,208 gunners, 14,000 cavalry, and 13,126 infantry and 4,688 police.

Rajpootana.

Rajpootana consists of eighteen feudatory States which cover an area somewhat larger than that of Great Britain and Ireland combined, or 1,23,000 square miles. The population is ten millions more than one half of the country is desert and one half of it hilly—if the 16 chiefs 15 are Rajpoots, two are Juns and one is Muslim. These chiefs receive a revenue of £2,300,000 exclusive of what is levied by the petty chiefs.

Administration of the Central Provinces.

The number of original suits during 1906-07 was 15,200 involving property to the amount of £47,997. Of these about one-fifth consisted of suits between money lenders and agriculturists. Few of the suits lasted longer than 21 days, the expense of the suit was 64 per cent on its value.

The land tax has been raised from £10,000 to £680,000 annually during the next thirty years.

The Forest Revenue yields £10,000.

The salt tax which in 1861 produced £90,000 yielded in 1906-07 double that sum at the same rate of duty.

The central distillery system has raised the excise revenue from £92,799 to £97,054.

The total revenue for the financial year (eleven months on this occasion) amounted to £1,011,118 against £931,223 in the former year.

Of the amount of revenue £16,025 was disbursed to promote Education, Science and Art and £4,709 (in the shape of voluntary contributions and school fees) were advanced by the natives themselves.

There are 1,170 schools with 58,137 pupils, of the schools 743 are founded and maintained by the people of the country. The proportion of children under instruction is only seven to every 1000 inhabitants.

The expenditure of the Public Works Department amount to £245,175 being £62,729 less than the outlay of the preceding year.

The Provinces have 15 feudatory chiefs attached to them who, with one exception are said to behave well "on the whole."

Cotton occupied 611,722 acres being an increase of more than 30,000 acres over the previous year. In the Central Provinces there was a yield of 50 to 60 lbs. per acre, while in the Nagpore country it was only estimated at from 40 to 60 lbs. per acre.

The trade exports of the Provinces amounted in value, to £4,340,191 and the imports to £4,612,063.

The number of patients treated at the dispensaries amounted to 138,909 against 42,105 in 1862.

Jail Statistics.

The whole jail population of India amounts to about 70,000.

The rate of mortality is about 6 per cent, having fallen from 7.85 per cent. which was the average of the ten years ending 1862. The largest proportion of the mortality must be traced to epidemics which range outside the prison. The mortality from cholera is less among convicts than among the sepoys.

Calcutta Police Returns.

The Calcutta Police Report shows that the total number of arrests by the police in 1906 was 31,109, 1,017 of these were released before trial by the Commissioner, of the remainder 122 stood in trial before the High Court and 308 were convicted, 26,181 were convicted by the Magistrates, making a total of 26,493 convictions and 6,773 acquittals. Of stolen property 67 per cent was recovered. In the Suburbs there were 912 cases of arrest, in 3710 of which convictions followed, and 49 per cent of the property was recovered. In the town 12 houses and huts were destroyed by fire, in 1905, the numbers in the 4 Suburbs being 623 against 541. In Municipal Courts, with a population of nearly half a million, there were 3 murders principally of women of the town, 7 cases of rape, 1 homicide, 3 attempts at murder, 110 cases of housebreaking, 300 cases of theft alone, and 2,657 cases of theft below Rs 50. There were 181 cases of breach of trust—an offence which is becoming very common, 10 of forgery, 12 of abduction, 4 of rape, 3 of adultery and 3 relating to trade marks.

Presidency of Bombay—Judicial Business.

Civil Court B.—The number of original suits filed in the Bombay High Court during 1906 was 1,117. Of these 1,049, motions 89, Orders in Chambers 1,008, besides appeals from Division Courts, Ecclesiastical and Magistrate's Courts, &c.

In the Regulation Districts there were only 310 Judges, 10 Assistant Judges, 10 Principal Sudder Amies, 8411 Amies, 30 Moonsiffs, 6011 clerks. The number of suits in the files of the Courts throughout the Regulation Districts at the beginning of the year was 22,222, there were filed during the year 1,9,216, making a total of 1-2,141.

In kind the number of suits filed and in suits was 1125, and the number decided was 10,011.

In Addition the number of suits filed was 9,171.

From the 1st of the Bombay Court of Sudder Amies and for the eleven months, from May 1906 to March 1907—except the following statistics—During the 11 months, the Court was open on 201 days and closed on 103 days. 241 suits were instituted, in which the amount litigated for was Rs 27,25,513 15 10. Of this number, 1,630 were suits for sums not above Rs 10, for sums above Rs 10, but not above Rs 20, there were 3,171 cases, above Rs 20 but not above Rs 50, 6,697; above Rs 50, but not above Rs 100, 1,160, above Rs 100, but not above Rs 200, 8,000, above Rs 200, but not above Rs 500, 1,110, above Rs 500 but not above Rs 1,000, 616, above Rs 1,000, but not above Rs 500 1,17, above Rs 500, but not above Rs 1,000, 275, above Rs 1,000 but not above Rs 200, 202, above Rs 200, but not above Rs 500, 199, above Rs 500, but not above Rs 1,000, 146, above Rs 1,000, but not above Rs 100, 290, above Rs 100 125. 2,715 judgments were given for plaintiffs, and 642 for defendants, 716 cases were non-suited, 2,719 struck off 4,782 compromised, and 607 undecided. The amount of fees received on the institution of suits, out of which portions were returned to suitors who had compromised their causes before hearing, and to plaintiffs by repayment, was Rs 2,12,112-6, and the net amount added to the credit of Government accounts of fees and fines was Rs 2,13,405-6-6. The total cost of the Court was Rs 1,53,725 19 which was divided thus—Salaries of Judges, Rs 68,750, establishment Rs 61,532 2 1, Judicial establishment Rs 4,211 8 2, house rent, Rs 19,007 6, printing, Rs 1,908 6-5, and contingent expenses, Rs 5,203 0-6.

The number of suits in Court cases instituted in Poona during the year was Poona 6,133; Ahmednagar 2,135, Belgaum 1,185, and Ahmedabad 2,450.

Criminal Business.

The number of criminal cases disposed of on the Original Criminal Side of the Bombay High Court was 175, since the April 1st 1902. In the Regulation Districts the number of cases disposed of was 1,93 cases and 1,914 persons tried by the Court of Session. The total number of offences tried in all the Criminal Courts in the Regulation Districts was 27,971, the number of trials being 27,233. In kind the number of Criminal cases tried was, 1,172, and the number of persons tried was 18,820.

At Aden the number of Criminal cases was 657.

Exports of Bullion and Specie from Europe to the East.

The following valuable figures show the total exports of bullion and specie to the East in the past 7 years —

		Bombay, Calcutta and Madras	Alexandria	China
1880	...	£6,914,711	£1,012,267	£1,902,611
1881	...	8,062,009	628,741	1,225,111
1882	...	11,905,767	2,341,700	2,830,477
1883	...	12,612,111	5,291,100	3,076,864
1884	...	11,772,702	6,047,200	2,109,156
1885	...	8,181,097	3,758,114	1,041,552
1886	...	6,215,975	2,001,158	757,178

The average export per annum during these seven years has been £15,935,000.

How large of bullion—The total amount (according to the *Standard's* year Book) of Bullion absorbed in India from the year 1840 till the end of 1884 exceeded £26,000,000, and the imports during the last three years must have brought the total up to at least £280,000,000. Mr. Wilson calculated that the value of the specie in circulation in India was about £100,000,000, and if we allow that there has been an increase of 25 per cent since 1859 there still remains the sum of £15,000,000 which has been hoarded in India since 1800 in addition to the accumulated savings of previous centuries.

Importation of Indian Tea into England.

The imports of Indian tea into England are given by the following figures —

Year.	Lbs.	Year.	Lbs.	Year.	Lbs.
1846	181,890	1859	270,776	1860	2,621,615
1847	230,000	1861	58,221	1861	1,644,075
1848	80,008	1862	408,808	1862	1,689,456
1849	188,701	1863	99,100	1863	2,621,007
1850	79,226	1864	1,400,000	1864	3,348,671
1851	262,800	1865	909,443	1865	2,900,042
1852	310,198	1866	1,301,902	1866	5,132,720

Import of Plain Cottons

The export of plain cottons from Great Britain to India has increased largely during the year 1887 356,506,000 yards having been exported during the six months ending July 1887 as against only 221,606,571 yards in the corresponding months of 1886, being an increase of no less than 61 per cent. This is accounted for by the low value both of money and cloth, the rate of discount at the Bank of England having been this year from 1 to 3½ per cent. This increase has been steadily going on for the last ten years, reaching in 1880 an average export per month of 61,877,970, an amount which it has never since attained but is now rapidly approaching. The *Money Market* further calculates that England ships 281,929 miles of cloth or 466 million yards to India per annum, a quantity which would, if placed in a line, extend beyond the moon and would surround the earth nearly twelve times.

Prices of Calcutta average at Opium Sales.

From 1852 to 1857 (five years) the average price of Calcutta Sales of Opium was Rs. 85½ and the average number of chests sold per annum was 71,083. The average price for the five years 1857-62 was Rs. 1,593, and the average number of chests sold per annum was 70,600.

PRICES AT CALCUTTA MONTHLY SALES OF OPIUM DURING 1867.

Crop or Provision of 1865-6.

1867.		BENAR.		Average.		Proceeds.
		Chests.				
January	9	1,230	Rs.	1,268 12 11½		Rs. 15,72,135
February	7	2,000	"	1,316 1 0		" 26,82,125
March	11	2,000	"	1,378 2 4½		" 25,56,300
April	10	2,000	"	1,266 8 9½		" 25,32,475
May	9	2,000	"	1,282 5 4½		" 25,64,670
June	8	2,000	"	1,302 3 2½		" 26,04,100
July	10	2,000	"	1,367 0 0		" 27,35,125
August	9	2,000	"	1,347 14 0		" 26,05,750
September	9	2,000	"	1,331 8 9½		" 26,08,475
October	16	2,000	"	1,356 12 4½		" 27,13,550
November	11	2,000	"	1,416 3 2		" 28,92,400

BENARAS.

1867.		Chests.		Average.		Proceeds.
January	9	2,000	Rs.	1,167 8 9½		Rs. 23,25,100
February	7	2,000	"	1,205 10 0		" 24,11,250
March	11	2,000	"	1,199 8 0		" 23,93,000
April	10	2,000	"	1,191 12 0		" 23,83,505
May	9	2,000	"	1,215 6 2½		" 24,30,775
June	8	2,000	"	1,210 15 9½		" 24,61,975
July	10	2,000	"	1,303 1 2½		" 26,06,150
August	9	2,000	"	1,300 11 0½		" 26,01,475
September	9	2,000	"	1,300 0 0		" 26,01,000
October	16	2,000	"	1,340 13 7		" 26,81,700
November	11	2,000	"	1,341 13 0		" 26,83,025

[For the Bombay Exports of opium see page 175.]

The Trade of India.

It is intended by Government to publish Returns of the trade and navigation of British India. The latest return published refers only to ten months, viz. from 1st May 1866 to 28th February 1867 and is of little value for the purposes of comparison and need therefore be only briefly referred to here. The total value of the imports (bullion and specie excepted) from 1st May 1866 to 28th February 1867 was Rs 21,66,65,282; the total value of the exports of Indian produce and manufactures during the same period was Rs 34,11,90,763; the total value of foreign Merchandise exported was Rs 98,20,032; imports of gold, Rs 4,12,67,636 of silver Rs 7,82,30,117; exports of gold Rs 72,71,756, of silver Rs 1,60,51,521.

1,551, tonnage 19,82,391; British Indian vessels cleared 2,435, tonnage 2,14,800; foreign vessels cleared 583, tonnage 1,94,255. [These figures include the repeated voyages of the same vessels, and it is noted in the return that the aggregates of number and tonnage in regard, respectively, to the vessels entered and cleared, "through some discrepancy in the local returns do not correspond."] The number of vessels entered, from the United Kingdom and British Possessions, was 3,334, the tonnage 11,91,607; from foreign countries 807, tonnage 2,28,374; the number cleared, for the United Kingdom and British Possessions, was 342, the tonnage 10,30,946; for foreign countries 678, the tonnage 3,40,903.

Trade of Bengal for 1866-67.

The following comparative table shows the annual trade of Bengal since 1862-63.

Year.	Imports.	Exports.	Total.
	£	£	£
1862-63	16,186,468	18,901,621	35,088,089
1863-64	16,606,261	23,926,228	40,532,489
1864-65	20,985,543	24,456,295	45,441,838
1865-66	23,128,013	27,742,889	50,865,392
1866-67	23,940,646	23,193,921	47,134,567

Of the trade for 1866-67, £10,013,418 was treasure (£3,402,131 of that sum being imported.) The increase in the imports was confined to cotton yarn and cloth. Half of the decrease in the exports, compared with those of the previous year was in treasure and the other half was principally (the subjoined figures showing the amount of decrease) in Saltpetre (£225,893); Sugar (£290,002); Raw Cotton (£1,155,135); Jute (£123,831); Rice (£213,317); Gunnies (£103,343); Piece Goods (£234,430); Twist and Yarn (£178,501).

The following is the Exports of the articles named.—

Cotton	£2,810,557
Tea (87,704 boxes) ...	„ 842,703
Rice (4,584,094 maunds)	„ 2,063,854

The Trade of the Port of Bombay,—1866-67.

[Note. According to a Government Resolution, the financial year 1866-67 comprehends only eleven months and ends not on 31st April as former years did, but on 31st March 1867.]

WHOLE EXTERNAL TRADE, £46,740,734

showing a decrease in the year 1866-67 (eleven months) of £28,932,416 against the trade of the year 1865-66 (twelve months).

The following Table shows the value of the same Trade for the five years preceding 1866-67.—

Years.	Value of Imports	Value of Exports	Total Value of Trade.
	Rupces.	Rupces.	Rupces.
1862-61	21,85,65,797	18,84,90,607	41,15,65,402
1863-62	29,01,87,007	27,17,58,637	56,19,79,141
1864-63	36,14,01,076	37,81,00,474	77,60,88,333
1865-64	34,47,10,646	40,91,71,133	79,79,18,922
1866-65	35,56,83,468	35,51,17,870	75,60,31,601
Average of 5 Years...	31,45,10,017	32,06,07,794	67,08,13,060
Value for 1866-67 ...	22,24,05,045	19,57,00,476	46,74,07,310
Decrease in 1866-67..	9,22,04,972	12,49,07,318	20,34,08,820
Increase in 1866-67...	.....	.....	.....
		1,37,03,970	.....

IMPORT TRADE

Of the Imports shown in the above Table, Rs 67,87,273 were for Government Stores

Analysing the Imports given above, we find that the following sums are stated as the value of the following articles brought into Bombay

Value of Piece Goods imported	Rs 4,06,30,588	Value of Sugar and other Saccharine Matter	Rs 99,24,668
Do Metals and Manufactures of Metals	1,17,60,108	Do Gram and Pulse	51,14,31
Do Cotton Wool	1,14,12,946	Do Railway Materials	9,61,045
Do Cotton Twist	68,35,330	Do Silk	5,87,702
		Do Silk Piece Goods	27,17,141
		Do Malt Liquor	26,41,668

The great decrease in Imports arises on the following articles —

Decrease on Silver imported	Rs 9,48,00,022	Sugar and other Saccharine Matter	Rs 19,53,261
Decrease on Gold	1,14,10,784	Carriage and Conveyances other than Railway	10,13,497
Do Cotton Wool	1,18,95,1	Glass and Manufactures of Glass	9,64,301
Do Precious Stones	51,50,741	Printed Books and printed matter	9,51,000
Do Wood and Wood-manufactures	39,81,443		
Fruits and Vegetables	31,72,205		
Metals and Manufactures of Metals	21,04,425		

There is, however, an increase on a number of articles of which the following are the chief

Increase on Government Stores imported —

Malt Liquor	Rs 20,41,736	Railway Materials	Rs 9,39,792
Other Stores	4,15,048	Silk Piece Goods	5,30,275
Cotton Piece Goods	24,77,113		

There has been an increase in quantity and also in value on the following articles —

Candles of all kinds	151 per cent	Ale Beer and Porter	20 per cent
Lard	3 " "	Cotton Twist	11 " "
Metals	72 " "	Seeds	10 " "

There has been an increase in value on the following articles —

Fireworks	52 per cent	Silk Piece Goods	27 per cent
Jewellery	45 " "	Railway Materials	16 " "

Among the articles of importation there has been a decrease in quantity in the following —

Coinages	81 per cent	Glass and Manufactures of Glass	55 per cent
Silver	72 " "	Fruits	54
Precious Stones	13 " "	Cotton Wool	48
Wood and Wood-manufactures	50 " "		

EXPORT TRADE

The Export Trade (amounting to Rs 19,67,00,476 was distributed as follows —

To Foreign or External Ports (Merchandise)	Rs. 18,78,80,907
„ Foreign Indian Ports	2,17,819
„ British Ports in the Presidencies of Bengal and Madras	50,81,600

or 96 per cent with Foreign countries beyond the Seas 1 per cent, with Foreign ports in India, and 24 per cent, with the Presidencies of Bengal and Madras

Analyzing in like manner the Exports given above we find that the following sums are stated as the value of the following articles exported from Bombay —

Value of Cotton Wool	Rs.	Price Goods (the Exports)	Rs.
Exported	12,00,07,031	Do Salt	25,26,805
Do Opium	5,13,17,19	Do Grain Pulse	21,90,93
Do Wool	5,13,17,19	Do Cotton Cloth	1,90,437
Do Price Goods		Do Precious Stones	4,20,757

The Great decrease in Exports arises chiefly as follows —

Decrease in value of Cotton Wool Exported	Rs.
Do Salt	13,53,12,134
Do Opium	11,53,818
Do	0,13,918

On the other hand there has been the following increase in the following articles —

Increase in Price Goods	Rs.
Do Grain	11,85,968
Do Salt	13,99,337
Do	1,92,337
Sugar and other Saccharine matter	8,07,633

Of the whole Export Trade, 11½ per cent is represented by Cotton, 20½ per cent, by opium, 3 per cent by Wool, and 2½ per cent by General Merchandise.

EXPORT OF COTTON.

The following table shows the state of the Export Trade in Cotton Wool at Bombay during ten years —

Years	Total quantity of Cotton Wool		Value of Cotton Wool	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	lbs	Rs.	lbs	Rs.
1866-67	27,69,32,195	12,00,02,031	26,16,47,596	11,34,29,744
1867-68	27,70,77,530	12,14,11,111	26,05,57,882	11,34,61,290
1868-69	28,05,90,590	12,77,70,736	26,11,60,04	11,34,81,49,087
1869-70	28,09,93,214	12,91,26,170	26,16,50,796	11,34,17,230
1870-71	28,59,13,181	13,83,48,800	26,76,02,497	11,97,23,273
1871-72	28,32,16,131	13,26,57,731	26,07,28,629	11,87,57,015
1872-73	28,53,17,590	13,97,67,700	27,54,65,126	12,53,23,209
1873-74	28,12,24,630	13,30,94,661	27,11,93,027	12,65,03,918
1874-75	28,58,96,112	13,91,78,509	27,72,39,419	12,94,64,309
1875-76	28,06,58,731	14,03,68,775	28,3,6,315	13,18,6,005

EXPORT OF OPIUM FROM BOMBAY.

There has been a decrease both in quantity and in value chiefly accounted for by the fact of the year being one of eleven months.

The number of passes granted via Malwa was 1421, and from Guzerat via Ahmedabad 131. The number of chests exported was (Malwa) 29,541. (Guzerat) 1328;

the former representing Rs. 1,77,24,600 and the latter Rs. 7,96,800. The number of chests which paid duty during the last five years is as follows.—

1861-63	...	...	38,667	61 63	...	...	35,090
62-63	...	...	51,745	65 66	...	...	35,118
63-64	...	...	24,734	66-67	...	...	30,609

The average revenue for the five years derived from the same was Rs. 2,28,06,820-

RE-EXPORTS.

Cotton Piece Goods	Rs. 1,16,60,840	Jewellery	...	17,32,111
Metals and Manufactures	...	Elephants' Teeth	...	7,36,400
of Metals	...	Dyeing and Colouring Ma-	...	...
Cotton Twist	...	terials	...	8,15,149

Trade of Sind during 1866-67.

[Note. The returns apply only to the 11 months ending 31st March 1867.]

The total imports by sea into the Ports of Sind during 1866-7 amounted to Rs. 73,25,040 of which Rs. 3,39,136 was treasure. The chief items were —

Railway Materials	Rs. 29,71,065	Coal	...	8,17,551
Grey Cotton Manufac-	...	Machinery	...	3,02,803
tures	...	Ala, Beer and Porter	...	2,31,549
Ships	...	Dates	...	1,61,344
The total exports from the Ports of Sind during the same eleven months were —		Indigo	...	8,26,025
Cotton Wool	Rs. 52,01,193	Wheat	...	2,82,909
Rape	...	Molasses	...	2,16,700
Wool	...	Horses	...	1,36,300
Tea	...			
Gram	...			

RE-EXPORTS.

The amount of merchandise and treasure re-exported was Rs. 1,82,367, of this the three largest items were piece goods (Rs. 24,111); Dates (Rs. 24,145) and Books (Rs. 6,650).

Trade of Aden.

[Note.—The present Financial year 1866-67 consists only of eleven months.]

Total imports by sea and land	...	1864 65 (12 months)	82,70,266
Do.	...	1865-66	1,00,05,340
Do.	...	1866 67 (11 months)	89,50,031
Total Exports by sea and land	...	1864-65 (12 months)	Rs. 85,86,100
Do.	...	1865-66	97,10,104
Do.	...	1866-67	95,16,425

The imports by Sea alone amounted to Rs. 86,97,309; by land alone to Rs. 12,52,772.

The Exports by Sea alone amounted to Rs. 56,74,628 and by Land alone to Rs. 39,41,302.

The following shows the principal articles on which there is an increase:—

Cotton Piece Goods, Increase	...	...	...	...	Rs. 3,53,445
Coffee	Do.	...	...	...	2,40,352
Gums and Resins	Do.	...	...	...	65,292

The following shows the principal article on which there is a decrease —

Grain	...	...	...	...	Rs. 4,25,446
Coal	...	...	...	...	3,54,534
Ivory	...	...	...	...	64,067

Trade of the Minor Ports of the Bombay Presidency.

Allbagh—Imports, Rs. 17,508; Exports, Rs. 12,851.
Ankola—Imports, Rs. 37,405; Exports, Rs. 20,381.
Bassein—Imports, Rs. 1,06,031; Exports, Rs. 16,843.
Broach—Imports, Rs. 56,243; Exports, Rs. 3,32,914.
Bulsar—Imports, Rs. 12,508; Exports, Rs. 1,78,250.
Caranjah—Imports, Rs. 8,314; Exports, Rs. 2,92,375.
Dholera—Imports, Rs. 60,308; Exports, Rs. 12,010.
Ghorchunder—Imports, Rs. 16,433; Exports, Rs. 1,61,730.
Gogo—Imports, Rs. 13,345; Exports, Rs. 3,327.
Honore—Imports, Rs. 6,16,706; Exports, Rs. 6,88,933.
Junbooseer—Imports, Rs. 953; Exports, Rs. 18,751.
Karwar—Imports, Rs. 1,07,304; Exports, Rs. 78,210.
Malwan—Imports, Rs. 74,861; Exports, Rs. 86,331; Re-Exports, Rs. 35.
Omergaum—Imports, Rs. 1,637; Exports, Rs. 20,014.
Panwell—Imports, Rs. 32-0-8; Exports, Rs. 2,16,456.
Parnerah—Imports, Rs. 15,843; Exports, Rs. 13,922.
Rajpooree—Imports, Rs. 887; Exports, Rs. 515; Re-exports, Rs. 57.
Rutnagerry—Imports, Rs. 53,062; Exports, Rs. 1,000.
Sauhaee—Imports, Rs. 265; Exports, Rs. 18,536.
Sooverndroog—Imports, Rs. 93,461; Exports Rs. 69,690; Re-exports, Rs. 86.
Sural—Imports, Rs. 23,351; Exports, Rs. 1,68,367.
Terrapoor—Imports, Rs. 5,646; Exports, Rs. 23,162.
Trombay—Imports, Rs. 1,089; Exports, Rs. 6,61,873.
Unjunwell—Imports, Rs. 1,19,186; Exports, Rs. 51,010.
Vingorah—Imports, Rs. 2,23,737; Exports, Rs. 2,80,633; Re-exports, Rs. 901.
Vizadroog—Imports, Rs. 2,84,805; Exports, Rs. 1,45,655; Re-export, Rs. 7,11.
Wagra—Imports,—(nil) Exports, Rs. 2,197.

Abstract Statement of value of Trade between Bombay and the United Kingdom (exclusive of Government Stores.)

	IMPORTS.	EXPORTS AND RE-EXPORTS.
1813-14	9,26,960	30,51,543
1814-15	13,96,658	27,75,891
1815-16	23,03,295	25,94,076
1816-17	22,84,386	20,18,163
1826-27	49,55,872	30,38,817
1836-37	1,32,41,910	1,25,29,317
1846-47	1,52,04,284	1,38,21,112
1850-51	8,74,41,910	4,13,04,903
1859-60	6,90,26,303	5,18,10,725
1860-61	6,72,31,220	7,09,00,331
1861-62	6,17,80,493	10,26,03,205
1862-63	7,01,08,720	15,69,76,828
1863-64	10,85,38,656	28,19,02,581
1864-65	10,83,58,747	30,05,68,701
1865-66	9,91,67,848	25,97,19,691
1866-67	6,38,32,531	12,64,67,094

Vessels Employed in the Bombay Trade.**FOREIGN TRADE.**

The Vessels which arrived from British possessions during the year (eleven months) ending 31st March 1867 numbered 390 representing a tonnage of 363,250½ tons, from foreign countries (Red Sea, Persian Gulf, Suez, Coast of Africa, China &c.) 471 representing a tonnage of 1,36,005½ tons equal to a total of 861 vessels of 4,00,268½ tons. This, however, does not show the nationality of the vessels. The number of British Ships which entered inwards during the year (eleven months) ending 31st March 1867 was 432, representing a tonnage of 3,56,631 tons; and of Foreign (Arab 189 vessels of 25,341½ tons, American 67 of 70,013 tons, French 16 of 7,057 tons, Dutch 4 of 2628 tons, Portuguese 9 of 1,388 tons,) the total number was 295 representing 1,12,842½ tons.

The number of vessels that cleared outwards from British possessions was 348 representing a tonnage of 2,23,160½, from Foreign Countries (Red Sea and Persian Gulf, Suez, Coast of Africa, China, Brazil, Peru and Chili &c), the total number was 402 representing a tonnage of 1,56,980 This also does not show the nationality of the vessel, but only the port of departure The number of British ships which cleared outwards was 118 vessels of 3,45,594 tons, of British India 64 vessels of 5,667½ tons, and of Foreign (Arab 129, tonnage 17,476½, American 4, tonnage 4,468½, French 7, tonnage 3,36½, Portuguese 9, tonnage 1,145) the total number was 495 vessels of 4,99,268½ tons

COASTING TRADE

The following coasting vessels entered inwards during the year British 165 vessels of 90,239 tonnage, British India 16 vessels of 428½ tonnage, Foreign 1,202 of 49,949 tons, and native craft 2833 of 1,15,103 tons total 4,16 vessels of 211,789

The following coasting vessels cleared outwards British 265 vessels of 172,023 tons, Foreign, 283 vessels of 27,158 tons, native craft 2,115 vessels of 163,296 tons

VESSELS EMPLOYED IN THE TRADE OF SIND

The vessels which arrived at the Ports of Sind from all parts not subject to the Bombay Presidency during the year (of eleven months) was 8 steamers (tonnage 1,407½) and 57 vessels (tonnage 41,779) of that number the vessels which arrived under British colours numbered 56, French 2 The number of native craft entering was 1,127 representing a tonnage of 46,86½ and of the number 29, sailed under British colours, 761 under Dutch colours, and 58 under Arab colours

The number of vessels departing from the ports of Sind during the same period to Ports not subject to the Bombay Presidency was 1 Steamers (tonnage 1,819½) 14 vessels (tonnage 51,111½) of that number the vessels which arrived under British colours numbered 62, French 1 the number of Native craft departing was 616 representing 30,630 tons, and of that number 75 sailed under Dutch colours representing 19,663½ tons, and 213 under British colours representing 7,618½ tons.

Vessels employed in the Trade of Aden.

The vessels which arrived at the Port of Aden during the year (of eleven months) were British 209 (tonnage 212,690) French 46 (tonnage 46,026) Russian 1 (tonnage 814) total 256 with a tonnage of 261,030

The number of Country craft arriving at Aden was 674 representing a tonnage of 22,160

The vessels which departed from the port of Aden were British 209 (tonnage 207,855), French 46 (tonnage 46,026), Russian 1 (tonnage 814), total 256 with a tonnage of 257,193

The native craft departing from Aden numbered 656 representing a tonnage of 21,728

The Indian Customs' Tariff,—1867.

SCHEDULE A.—IMPORT.

No. and Description of Article	Value on which Duty is assessed	Rate of Duty
1 Apparel, including Haberdashery, Millinery, &c.—	Rs. A Ad valorem	Seven and a half per cent
2 Arms, Ammunition and Military Stores— Gunpowder, common " " sporting Fire Arms and parts of ditto All other sorts, including Military Accoutrements, Uniforms, &c.	0 5 per lb. 1 0 " Ad valorem Ad valorem	Seven and a half per cent, except as regards Military and other Regulation Uniforms and Accoutrements when imported for private use by persons in the Public Service, which are free.
3 Blacking— Quarts Small In Tins	5 0 per doz. 2 8 " 0 3 per lb	Seven and a half per cent.
4 Cabinet Ware—	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p. ct.
5 Candles, Wax, Composition and other kinds— Candles, Wax " Paraffine " Spermacetti " Composition and other sorts	1 0 per lb. 0 8 " 0 8 " 0 6 "	Seven and a half per cent.
6 Carpets and Carpeting— Single Carpets Carpeting in rolls	Ad valorem Ad valorem	Five per cent.
7 Carriages	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p. ct.
8 Chemicals	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p. ct.
9 Chin : and Japan Ware, other than Lacquered Ware which is free	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p. ct.
10 Clocks, Watches, and other Time-keepers	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p. ct.
11 Coach-builders' Materials	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p. ct.
12 Coffee— Persian Gulf and Red Sea Other places	90 0 per cwt 20 0 "	Seven and a half per cent
13 Corks	1 8 per gross	Seven and a half p. ct.
14 Cotton— Thread— Sewing Thread, white & colored " " In reels, or on cards not exceeding one hundred yards*. " " Goa & Country Twist— Mule, under No. 15 Nos. 16 to 24 25 to 32 33 to 42 43 to 52 53 to 60 70 80 90 100 110 to 150 160 to 200	0 12 per lb 0 12 per gross reel 80 0 per cwt. 0 7 per lb. 0 11 " 0 12 " 0 13 " 0 14 " 1 1 " 1 2 " 1 3 " 1 4 " 1 5 " 1 10 " 1 14 "	Seven and a half per cent. Seven and a half per cent.

¹ According this length to be changed in proportion

No. and Description of Article	Value on which Duty is Assessed.	Rate of Duty.
Cotton,—continued.	Rs. A.	
Twist—		
Water, No. 20	0 12 per lb.	Three and a half per cent.
80	0 13 "	
40	0 15 "	
50	1 1 "	
Above 50	1 4 "	Three and a half p. ct.
Turkey Red Twist, all kinds*	1 6 "	
Twist, Orange, Red and other Colours*	1 6 "	
Piece Goods—		
Grey—		
Shirtings, Madapollams & Printers	0 13 per lb.	Five per cent.
Long Cloths, Jeans, Domestics, Sheetings, Drills and T. Cloth	0 11 "	
Other sorts	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p. ct.
Cotton Rope	25 0 per cwt	
Cotton Goods—other kinds... ..	Ad valorem	
15 Drugs and Medicine—		
Acid, Sulphuric... ..	0 3 per lb	Seven and a half per cent.
Alkali, Country (Sajee Khar)	2 0 per cwt	
Aloes, black	10 0 "	
" Socotra	25 0 "	
Alum	8 8 "	
Arsenic... ..	25 0 "	
" China, Munceel	8 0 "	
Assafetida (Hing)	55 0 "	
" Oorase (Hingra)	10 0 "	
Brimstone, Flour	7 0 "	
" Roll	6 0 "	
" Rough	4 8 "	
Camphor, Bhimsing (Barrae)... ..	50 0 per lb	
" refined cake	65 0 per cwt	
" crude in powder	50 0 "	
Cassia Lingnea	38 0 "	
Coova, red	Ad valorem	
Cooperas, green	2 8 per cwt	
Quinine	50 0 per lb	
Sal Ammoniac	22 0 per cwt	
Salep	60 0 "	
Senna Leaves	6 4 "	
All other sorts	Ad valorem	
16 Dyeing and Colouring Materials—		
Cochineal	1 12 per lb	Seven and a half per cent.
Gallnuts, Country, Myrabolan	3 0 per cwt	
" Persian	35 0 "	
Gamboge Wood... ..	20 0 "	
Madder or Munjeet	10 0 "	
Orchilla Weed	8 0 "	
Saffron, Europe... ..	16 0 per lb	
" Meadow, Socorunjun	10 0 per cwt	
" Persian	13 0 per lb	
" in cakes or lumps	5 0 "	
Sapan Wood and Root	3 8 per cwt	
All other sorts	Ad valorem.	

No and Description of Article	Value on which Duty is Assessed	Rate of Duty.
17 Felt—	Ra. A.	
Sheathing 40 by 32 inches... ..	0 1 per piece	Seven and a half p. ct.
In rolls or in lengths	0 4 per yard	
All other sorts	Ad valorem.	
18 Fireworks—		
China	30 0 per box of 133½ lbs	Seven and a half p. ct.
Other sorts	Ad valorem	
19 Flax Manufactures of—		
Piece Goods	Ad valorem	Five per cent.
Other sorts	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p. ct.
20 Fruits and Vegetables—		
Almonds, without shell	2½ 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p. ct.
" with shell	10 0 "	
Cajoo kernels	10 0 "	
Cocoanuts	30 0 per thousand	
" kernel (Copra)	9 6 per cwt	
Currents, Europe... ..	35 0 "	
" Persian	12 0 "	
Dates, dry in bags	4 0 "	
" wet, in bags	3 0 "	
" in pots	6 0 "	
Figs, Europe	42 0 "	
" Persian, dried... ..	6 0 "	
Garlic	4 0 "	
Pistachio Nuts	14 0 "	
Prunes, Bussorah	12 0 "	
Raisins—black, Persian Gulf, Red Sea, and Khemia	12 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p. ct.
" Monocka, Persian Gulf and Red Sea	7 0 per cwt	
" Other sorts	Ad valorem	
Walnuts, Akroot	5 0 per cwt	
Mangoes, dried	Ad valorem	
Prunes, Europe	Ad valorem	
Other sorts, except Bidmich and Buzarbuto Nuts which are free	Ad valorem	
21 Glass and Glassware—		
Bangles, Glass, China, Gilt	10 0 per 100 pairs	Seven and a half p. ct.
" not Gilt	5 0 per 100 pairs	
Beads—China	30 0 per cwt	
" Common	28 0 "	
" Ruby of all sizes	0 12 per lb	
" Seed	0 10 "	
" Small, scarlet and red... ..	0 10 "	
" Coral (false) Moorun... ..	0 8 per corgie of 2,000 beads	
Glass—Broken	5 0 per cwt	
" China of all colors... ..	40 0 per 133½ lbs	
" Crown, colored	40 0 p. 100 supl ft.	
" of sizes	6 0 p. 100 supl. ft.	
" Plate, not silvered	0 10 per foot	
Pearls, false Bayaria	5 0 per lakh	
" Boria	1 0 per thousand	
" Jouria	8 0 per lakh	
" Nathia	0 6 per thousand	
" Tachea	0 12 "	
" Waltanah	10 0 per lakh	
Glass Ware of all other sorts, except Bottles which are free		

No. and Description of Article	Value on which Duty is Assessed	Rate of Duty
	Rs. A	
22 Gold Leaf, Europe... ..	4 0 per hundred leaves.	Seven and a half p. ct.
23 Grass and other Cloth of China Manufacture	Ad valorem	Five per cent.
24 Gums—		
Gum, Ammoniac	10 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p. ct.
" Araliac	16 0 "	
" Bdellium, common gum	5 0 "	
" Benjamin	33 0 "	
" Bysabolo, coarse Myrrh	12 0 "	
" Copal	65 0 "	
" Frankincense or Olibanum	9 0 "	
" Gambier (or Kino)	8 0 "	
" Myrrh	24 0 "	
" Persian (false)	3 0 "	
" Ropin	8 0 "	
" All other sorts	Ad valorem	
25 Groceries not otherwise described	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p. ct.
26 Hides and Skins—		
Border Hides, prepared	30 0 each	Seven and a half p. ct.
Buffalo Hides, Country, Tanned	80 0 per score	
Calf Skins	40 0 per dozen	
Chamois Skins	6 0 "	
Cow Hides, Country, Tanned	60 0 per score	
Rhinoceros Leather	40 0 per cwt	
Other sorts	Ad valorem	
27 Horns—		
Buffalo	11 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p. ct.
Stag or Deer	12 0 "	
Manufactures of	Ad valorem	
28 Instruments, Musical	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p. ct.
29 Ivory and Ivory ware—		
Elephants' Grinders	16 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p. ct.
Tusks above 20 lbs	300 0 "	
Tusk 10 lbs. and not exceeding 20 lbs	235 0 "	
Tusks under 10 lbs	125 0 "	
Sea Cow or Moyo Teeth 3 lbs and upwards	225 0 "	
Sea Cow or Moyo Teeth under 3 lbs	75 0 "	
Ivory, Manufactures of	Ad valorem	
30 Jewellery, including Plate—		
Silver-ware, plain	1 6 per tolah	Seven and a half p. ct.
Jewellery and Plate of all other kinds, excepting Precious Stones and Pearls which are free	Ad valorem	
31 Jute, Manufactures of	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p. ct.
32 Lac—		
Stick	16 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p. ct.
Shell	28 0 "	
All other sorts	Ad valorem	
33 Leather and Manufactures of—		
Leather	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p. ct.
Boots and Shoes		
Harness and Saddlery		
Other sorts		

No. and Description of Article	Value on which Duty is Assessed	Rate of Duty
34 Liquor—	Rs. A.	
Ale, Beer and Porter		One anna per Imperial Gallon.
Cider, and other fermented		Three Rupees the Imperial Gallon, and the duty to be rate-
Liquors... ..		ably increased as the strength exceeds
Spirits		London Proof.
		Provided that 10 per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> shall be charged on all spirits used exclusively in Arts and Manufactures, or in Chemistry, subject to such Rules as the Local Governments shall from time to time prescribe, for ascertaining that such spirits are unfit for use as a beverage, and incapable of being converted to that purpose. And the Officer in charge of the Custom House, subject to the general instructions of the Local Government, shall decide what spirits fall within this proviso, and his decision thereon shall be final in law.
Wines—		
Champagne, Sparkling Wine and Liqueurs		1-8 per Impl. Gal. or 6 Qt. Bottles.
All other sorts		1-0 per ditto.
35 Marble, Wrought, other than Statuary	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p. ct.
36 Mats, Floor Matting, China, of all sorts	50 0 per hundred	Seven and a half p. ct.
37 Metals, Unwrought, Wrought and Manufactures of—		
Brass Beads, Googree, China	0 12 per thousand	
" Old	35 0 per cwt	
" Sheets, rolls very thin	80 0 "	
Copper, Australian... ..	48 0	
" Bolt	50 0	
" Brazier's		Seven and a half p. ct.
" China Cash	30 0	
" Japan	48 0	
" Nails and Compo-		
tion Nails	45 0	
" Old	40 0	
" Figs and Slabs, tines,	15 0	

No. and Description of Article	Value on which Duty is levied	Rate of Duty
Metals, &c.,—continued	Rs. A.	
Copper Sheet, Sheathing and Plate	50 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p ct
" Tiles, Ingots, Cakes and Bricks	47 0 "	
" China, White Copper ware	1 4 per lb	
" Foil Dark pans China	3 0 per book of 100 leaves	
" " Europe	1 0 "	
Iron, Beams	Ad valorem "	One per cent
" Flat, Square and I-olt, including Scotch	85 0 per ton	
" Hoop, Plate and Sheet	115 0 "	
" Nails	10 0 per cwt	
" Nail Rod	95 0 per ton	
" Old	2 8 per cwt	
" Pig	40 0 per ton	
" Rod, round, British under half inch diameter	110 0 per ton	
" Swedish, Flat and Square	110 0 "	
" Rice Bowls	3 4 per set of 10	
" " "	1 10 per set of 6	Seven and a half p ct
" Rivets "	11 0 per cwt	
Other sorts, except Anchors, Cables, and Kentledge which are free.	Ad valorem	
Lametta, Double reels	4 8 per score	
" Single reels	2 4 "	
Lead, Pig	10 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p ct
" Pipes	13 8 "	
" " tinned	16 0 "	
" Sheets (other than thin Sheets for Tea Cansisters which are free)	12 0 "	
Ors Galena	13 0 "	
Mock Gold Leaf	5 0 per 20 books	
Ornate or Brass Leaves foreign, Europe	1 4 per lb	
" China	0 12 "	
Patent or Yellow Metals, Sheathing and Sheets	42 0 per cwt	
Ditto ditto Old	32 0 "	
Quicksilver	1 0 per lb	
Shot, Bird	15 0 per cwt	
Spelter Nails	17 8 "	
" Plate and other shapes	11 0 "	
" Sheet or Zinc Sheathing	15 0 "	
Steel, blistered	9 0 "	
" British	9 0 "	
" Cast	25 0 "	
" Spring	10 0 "	
" Swedish	10 0 "	
Tin Block	45 0 "	
" Plates, large size, box not exceeding 170 lbs and 100 plates and <i>pro rata</i>	24 0	
" small size, not exceeding one cwt and 235 plates and <i>pro rata</i>	14 0	
Wire, Brass	0 8 per lb	
" common Iron, Nos 1 to 40	0 8 per cwt	

No and Description of Article	Value in India Duty in Annas	Rate of Duty
Metals, &c,—continued	Rs A	
Wire Coy per	0 10 per lb	Seven and a half p ct.
Other sorts, including Hardware, Ironmongery, and Cutlery, but excluding Machinery the com- ponent parts thereof, and Agri- cultural Implements, which are free	Ad valorem	
38 Naval Stores—		
Cables, Coir, tarred	10 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p ct.
Canvas, Country, Cotton	50 0 "	
" Europe Sail, not exceed- ing 40 yards	15 0 per bolt	Five per cent
Coir, Rope, Maldiva and Lacca dive	10 0 per cwt	
" Yarn of all kinds	0 0 "	Seven and a half p ct.
Cordage, Hemp, Europe	18 0 "	
" Manila	20 0 "	Seven and a half p ct.
Dammer "	5 0 "	
Pitch, American and Europe	13 0 } per barrel not	Seven and a half p ct.
" Coal	4 8 } exc eding 3 cwt	
Tar, American "	13 0 }	Seven and a half p ct.
" Coal	6 8 } Ditto ditto	
" Swedish and Archangel	14 0 }	Seven and a half p ct.
Twine, Europe ball	0 4 per lb	
All other sorts, except Oakum which is free	Ad valorem	
39 Oils—		
Cardamom	10 0 per lb	Seven and a half p ct.
Cassia	1 0 "	
Castor, cold drawn	1 5 per 100 pints	Seven and a half p ct.
Cinnamon, Ceylon	10 0 per lb	
Cocunut	20 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p ct.
Earth	10 0 per cwt	
Grass	2 0 per lb	Seven and a half p ct.
Jinglee or Teel	20 0 per cwt	
Kerosene	1 12 per Impl gal	Seven and a half p ct.
Linseed, Country	18 0 per cwt	
" Europe	2 4 per Impl gal	Seven and a half p ct.
Naj htha	30 0 per cwt	
Otto, of sorts	20 0 per ounce	Seven and a half p ct.
Sandalwood	8 0 per lb	
Sorrel	20 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p ct.
Turpentine	2 0 per Impl gal	
Whale and Fish	15 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p ct.
Wood	15 0 "	
All other sorts, except Cocum and Glush Fat which are free	Ad valorem	Five per cent.
40 Oil and Floor Cloth	Ad valorem	
41 Paints, Colours, & Painter's Ma- terials—		
Ochre, all Colours	3 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p ct.
Paints of sorts	12 0 "	
Prussian Blue, China	0 8 per lb	Seven and a half p ct.
" Europe	1 8 "	
Red Lead	11 0 per cwt	Seven and a half p ct.
Turpentine	2 0 per Impl gal	
Vermilion, Canton	85 0 } per box of 40	Seven and a half p ct.
" Maccao	30 0 } bundles	

N o d Description of Article	Value on which Duty is Assessed	Rate of Duty
Oils,—continued	Rs. A.	
White Lead	12 0 per cwt	} Seven and a half p ct
All other sorts, including	Ad valorem	
Brushes		
42 Perfumery—		
Ataly, Persian	12 0 per cwt	} Seven and a half p ct
Rose flowers, dried	10 0 "	
Rose water	1 12 per Impl. gal	
All other sorts	Ad valorem	
43 Photographic Apparatus and materials	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p ct
44 Piece Goods, not otherwise described	Ad valorem	Five per cent
45 Porcelain and Earthenware	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p ct
46 Provisions and Oilman's Stores—		
Bacon in Cans, Sausages, Jowls and		
(beefs)	0 0 per lb [cwt]	
Beef	60 0 per tierce of 3	
Cheese	40 0 per lb of 2 ct	
Chocolate	0 10 per lb	
Cocoa, prepared	0 8 "	
Fish Maws	0 8 "	
" Scoville and Signally, small	50 0 per cwt	
Flour	6 0 "	
" "	25 0 per barrel or	
" "	sack of 200 lb	
" "	36 0 per cwt	
Hams	0 8 per lb	
Pork	10 0 per tierce of	} Seven and a half p ct
" "	8 cwt or 1	
" "	31 0 per barrel of	
" "	cwt	
Sago	7 0 per cwt	
Shark fins	20 0 "	
Tongues, Salted	10 0 per keg of six	
Vinegar in bottles or in wood,		
Europe	1 8 per Imp Gal	
" " " Persian	0 12 "	
" " " Catty	0 6 " "	
All other sorts, except Biche de		
mer, Butter and butter Fish		
which are free	Ad valorem	
47 Railway Materials—		
Of Iron	Ad valorem	One per cent
Other sorts	Ad valorem	Seven and a half p ct
48 Rattans and Canes—		
Canes, Malacca	1 0 per dozen	} Seven and a half p ct
Rattans	7 0 per cwt	
All other sorts	Ad valorem	
49 Seeds—		
Anchuchuck	10 0 per cwt	} Seven and a half p ct.
Anise, Europe	28 0 "	
Assalia	7 0 "	
Cajoo	3 0 "	
Castor	4 8 "	
Cummin	12 0 "	
" black	5 0 "	
Dandelion	5 0 "	
Linseed	5 0 "	
Methee	5 0 "	
Mustard	4 8 "	

No. and Description of Article

Seeds—continued		Rs.	A.	
Quince Seed or Badana	50	0	per cwt	
Rape or Sursee	4	3	"	
Sawjorah	25	0	"	
Lookmeria	7	0	"	
All other sorts (excepting seed imported by any public society for gratuitous distribution, which are free)	..	Ad valorem		Seven and a half per cent
50 Shells—	..	Ad valorem		Five per cent
51 Shells—				
Chanks, "large shells," for Cameos	10	0	per hundred	
Chanks, White live	6	0	"	
" " dead	3	0	"	
Cowrie, Mo'ambique & Zanzibar	3	0	"	
" " from other places	0	8	"	
Cowries—				
Brown, common	4	0	per cwt	Seven and a half per cent
Malive	16	0	"	
Smalley	10	0	"	
Yellow, superior quality	5	0	"	
Mother of Pearl	8	0	"	
Porton's Shell	6	0	per lb	
" " Nuck	1	0	"	
Nuckles and other sorts	Ad valorem			
52 Silk—				
Bloss	9	0	per lb	
Baw, (Haroon and Ochim China)	1	0	"	
" " Mitho	1	12	"	
" " other kinds of China	7	0	"	
" " Lashan	3	0	"	Seven and a half per cent
" " Lunjun and Cutchra	1	12	"	
" " Sun	1	0	"	
Bewing, Thread, China	8	0	"	
Other sorts	Ad valorem			
Silk & raw goods, of sorts	Ad valorem			Five per cent
53 Soap	Ad valorem			Seven and a half per cent
54 Spices—				
Alowood	3	0	per lb	
Anisee Seed	10	0	per cwt	
Betelnut, white, Shevaithun	15	0	"	Seven and a half per cent
" " all other kinds	7	0	"	
Betelnut in husk	2	0	per thousand	
Cassia Buds, Nagkesari, China	0	5	per lb	
Cinnamon, dried	5	0	per cwt	
Cloves	12	0	"	
" " in Seeds, Nurlavun	5	0	"	
Mace	0	9	per lb	
" " false	10	0	per cwt	
Nutmegs	0	10	per lb	Seven and a half per cent
" " in shell	0	6	"	
" " wild	12	0	per cwt	
Pepper, black and Long	1	0	"	
" " White	2	0	"	
All other kinds	Ad valorem			
55 Stationery other than Paper	Ad valorem			
56 Sugar in Sugar Candy—				
Sugar Candy, China	20	0	per cwt	
" " Loaf	2	0	"	
" " Soft	3	0	"	Seven and a half per cent
All other sorts of Saccharine produce	..	Ad valorem		

No. and Description of Article	Value in Rupees and Annas	Rate of Duty
57 Tallow and Grease	Rs. 20 0 per cwt.	Seven and a half per cent.
58 Ica	1 0 per lb.	Seven and a half per cent.
59 Telegraph Stores—		
Of Iron	Ad valorem	One per cent.
(Other sorts)	Ad valorem	Seven and a half per cent.
60 Timber and Wood—		
Deil or Pine Planks and Boards, superficial square foot, and one inch thickness	55 0 per thousand feet	Seven and a half per cent.
Mahogany, in logs	0 6 per superficial foot of one inch thickness	
Ditto Australian	60 0 per ton	
Sandalwood	22 0 per cwt.	
" Australian (listed)	4 0 "	
All other sorts excepting Eucalyptus, Ligustrum, Vitis, Lignum, and Palmyra Wood which are free	Ad valorem	
Manufactures of—Including also Linen, Stave and Casks	Ad valorem	
61 Pottery—		
Manufactured	Ad valorem	Ten per cent.
Manufactured	Ad valorem	
Articles such as Pipes, &c., used in connection of	Ad valorem	Seven and a half per cent.
62 Toys and Amusements for all Countries	Ad valorem	Seven and a half per cent.
63 Trunks and Boxes	Ad valorem	Seven and a half per cent.
64 Umbrellas—		
Cotton, Steel Ribs	0 13 each	Seven and a half per cent.
" Canes	0 11 "	
" China Paper Katties	1 0 per set of 110	
All other sorts	Ad valorem	
65 Woollen Goods—		
Woolen Goods	Ad valorem	Five per cent.
Wool	Ad valorem	Seven and a half per cent.
Other sorts		

SCHEDULE B—EXPORT TARIFF

No. and Description of Article	Value in Rupees and Annas	Rate of Duty
1 Indigo		Three per cent.
2 Grain of all sorts		Three annas per maund
3 Lac—		
Button	28 0 per cwt.	Four per cent.
Dye	15 0 "	
Seed	20 0 "	
Shell	28 0 "	
Stick	16 0 "	
Other sorts	Ad valorem	
4 Oils—		
Castor	16 0 per cwt.	Three per cent.
Cocunut	20 0 "	
Fish	15 0 "	
Grass	2 0 per lb.	
Jingaly of Teel	20 0 per cwt.	

Name of article	Value	Rate of Duty
Oils,—continued	As above	
Lanseed	18 0 per cwt	
Mhowa	12 0 "	
Mustard	11 0 "	
Poppy	20 0 "	Three per cent
Rajc or Sirses	16 0 "	
Sandalwood	8 0 1 r lb	
Other sorts	Ad valorem	
5 Seeds—		
Castor Seed (Trunloc)	4 8 per cwt	
Coriander Seed	1 0 "	
Cummin Seed	12 0 "	
" Black (Calejees)	5 0 "	
Ground Nuts, with shell	5 0 "	
" without Shell	6 0 "	Three per cent
Jingly or L. L Seed	6 0 "	
Linseed	5 0 "	
M. the Seed	5 0 "	
Mustard Seed	4 8 "	
Poppy Seed	5 8 "	
Rajc or Sirses Seed	4 8 "	
Other sorts	Ad valorem	Three per cent
6 Shwls	Ad valorem	
7 Cotton Goods—		
Piece Goods—		
Bastings	30 0 per score	
Gurrah	20 0 "	
Kh. r. v. h.	25 0 "	
Mum. h.	2 0 "	
Muz. le Chur. l.	15 0 "	
L. t. n.	30 0 "	
Sh. n.	20 0 "	Three per cent
L. n. j. e. h., Oude	26 0 "	
Other sorts	Ad valorem	
Twist, Country, No 10	0 7 per lb	
" " No 20	0 9 "	
" " No 30	0 10 "	
" H. m. l. Sp. m.	0 5 "	
All other kinds of Cotton Goods	Ad valorem	
9 Hides and Skins Tanned		
Hides—		
Buffaloe, Country, tanned	70 0 per score	
Cow	50 0 "	Three per cent
Skins—		
Goat and Sheep	10 0 "	
Lamp	5 0 "	
Any other sorts of Hides and Skins	Ad valorem.	
10 Spices—		
Aloe Wood	1 0 per lb	
Almond in husk	2 0 1 c. 1000	
Cardamoms	200 0 1 c. cwt	
" J. u. g. e. l. e. t. a. r. l.	40 0 "	
Chillies dried	5 0 "	Three per cent
Ginger dry (rough) Malabar	10 0 "	
" " (S. n. a. j. d.) I. c. a. d.	7 0 "	
" " (S. n. a. j. d.) I. c. a. d.	15 0 "	
" " (S. n. a. j. d.) I. c. a. d.	15 0 "	
" " (S. n. a. j. d.) I. c. a. d.	7 0 "	
All other sorts	Ad valorem	

WHITELY STOKES,

Assistant Secretary to the Customs and Excise Department (Legislative)

Acts passed by the Government of India.

LEVY OF TOLLS ON THE GANGES ACT.

No. I Of 1867

An Act to authorise the Levy of Tolls for the improvement of the Navigation of the Ganges [Received the Assent of the Governor General on the 19th January 1867]

REMOVAL OF PRISONERS ACT.

No. II Of 1867

An Act to make further provision for the removal of Prisoners [Received the Assent of the Governor General on the 26th January 1867]

PREVENTION OF GAMBLING ACT.

No. III Of 1867

An Act to provide for the punishment of public Gaming and the keeping of Common Gaming Houses in the N. W. Provinces, in the Punjab, Oude, the Central Provinces and British Burmah [Received the Assent of the Governor General on the 26th January 1867]

INDIAN PENAL CODE AMENDMENT ACT.

No. IV Of 1867

An Act to enlarge the meaning of the word 'offence' in certain Sections of the Indian Penal Code and for other purposes

Whereas it is expedient to enlarge the meaning of the word 'offence' in certain Sections of the Indian Penal Code, as to make it denote not only anything made punishable by the said Code but also anything made punishable by any special or local law as therein defined: It is hereby enacted as follows:

- 1 Sections 157, 194, 195 203, 213 213 214 221 222 223, 224 225, 227 228 230, 230 231 237 248 258 280 and 414, of the Indian Penal Code shall be construed as if the word 'offence' denoted anything made punishable by the said Code or by any special or local law as therein defined: and Sections 141 176 177 201, 202 212 216 and 431 of the said Code shall be construed in the same way when the thing made punishable by the special or local law is punishable by such law with imprisonment for a term of six months or upwards, whether with or without fine.
- 2 Sections 222 and 223 of the said Code shall be construed as if after the word 'offence' the following word were inserted (that is to say) 'or lawfully committed to custody' and Section 222 of the said Code shall also be construed as if the following words were added to the same Section, (that is to say), 'or if the person was lawfully committed to custody'
- 3 Whoever escapes or attempts to escape from any custody in which he is lawfully detained for failing to furnish any security required under Chapter XIX of the Code of Criminal Procedure, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description as defined in the Indian Penal Code, for a term which may extend to one year or with fine, or with both.
- 4 Nothing contained in this Act shall be taken to affect any of the provisions of any special or local law.

INDIAN PENAL CODE EXTENSION ACT.

No. V OF 1867

An Act to extend the Indian Penal Code to the Straits Settlement [Received the Assent of the Governor General on the 1st February 1867]

THE PUNJAB LIMITS ACT.

No. VI OF 1867

An Act to enable the Lieutenant Governor to alter the limits of existing Districts in any part of the Territories under his Government [Received the Assent of the Governor General on the 1st February 1867]

PURCHASING OF ARMS FROM SOLDIERS ACT.

No. VII OF 1867

An Act to reduce the pecuniary penalty for purchasing from Soldiers Arms, ammunition, clothes and other articles [Received the Assent of the Governor General on the 1st February 1867]

HORSE RACING IN INDIA ACT.

No. VIII OF 1867

An Act to amend the law relating to Horse racing in India

Whereas it is expedient to exempt certain transactions connected with horse racing from the operation of Act No. XXI of 1848 (for avoidance of which), it is hereby enacted as follows

1. No subscription or contribution or agreement to subscribe or contribute made or entered into after the passing of the Act for or towards any plate, prize or sum of money of the value or amount of five hundred Rupees or upwards to be awarded to the winner or winners of any horse race shall be deemed unlawful by reason of any thing contained in the said Act No. XXI of 1848

2. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to be in any transaction connected with horse racing to which the provisions of Act No. V of 1848 (for the suppression of all lotteries not authorized by Government) apply

THE COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS ACT.

No. IX OF 1867

An Act to make further provision for suits by and against the Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris [Received the Assent of the Governor General on the 5th February 1867]

COURTS OF SMALL CAUSES IN THE MOFESSIL ACT.

No. X OF 1867

An Act to empower Courts of Small Causes in the Mofussil to refer for decision questions arising previous to the hearing of suits, or in the execution of decrees or orders

Whereas it is expedient to enable the Courts constituted under Act No. VI of 1867 to consolidate and amend the law relating to Courts of Small Causes beyond the local limits of the ordinary or municipal jurisdiction of the High Courts of Judicature to refer for the decision of the High Court within whose jurisdiction they may respectively be situate questions of law or usage having the force of law arising previous to the hearing of suits under the said Act, or in the execution of decrees or orders in such suits, it is hereby enacted as follows

1. If at any point in the proceedings previous to the hearing of a suit under the said Act or in the execution of the decree or order in any such suit any question of law or usage having the force of law shall arise the Court, in suits for an amount not exceeding five hundred Rupees, may, either of its own motion or on the application of any of the parties to the suit, and in suits for an amount greater than five hundred Rupees, shall draw up a statement of the case, and refer it with the Court's

own opinion there in to the decision of the High Court within whose jurisdiction such Court may be situate. If the question has arisen previously to the hearing the Court may either stay such proceedings or proceed in the case notwithstanding such reference, and give reference contingent upon the opinion of the High Court upon the point referred. If a decree has been made the execution of the decree shall be stayed until the receipt of the order of the High Court upon such reference. All the provisions contained in this Section shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to the staying of a case by a High Court.

2. This Act shall be read with and taken as part of Act No. XI of 1865 and the provisions contained in Sections 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28 of that Act shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to cases referred under this Act.

THE ORIENTAL GAS COMPANY'S ACT.

No. XI OF 1867

An Act to enable the Oriental Gas Company to extend their operations to any part of India. [Received the Assent of the Governor General, 1st March 1867.]

CUSTODY OF PRISONERS ACT.

No. XII OF 1867

An Act to amend the law relating to the custody of prisoners within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of Her Majesty's High Courts of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, Madras and Bombay.

Whereas it is expedient that within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of Her Majesty's High Courts of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, Madras and Bombay persons bound for the purpose of being received and detained in prison be committed to the custody of an Officer appointed by the Local Government instead of to the custody of the Sheriff of Calcutta, Madras or Bombay, as the case may be. It is enacted as follows:—

Interpretation of terms.

High Court.

Sheriff.

Magistrate.

1. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

'High Court' denotes Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, Madras or Bombay, as the case may be, and includes a Judge or Judges thereof and a Division Court.

'Sheriff' denotes the Sheriff of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, as the case may be.

'Magistrate' includes a Magistrate of Police appointed under any Act for the time being in force for regulating the Police of the towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

2. The Acts and parts of Acts mentioned in the Schedule hereto annexed and reported in each of the Presidencies of Fort William, Madras and Bombay from the date on which this Act shall come into operation in such Presidency.

Any act duly done or appointment made under Act No. XII of 1865 (to amend the law relating to the custody of prisoners within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal) shall be considered as valid as if it were done or made under this Act, and as if this Act had been then in force.

No one to be committed to Sheriff.

And writs not to be issued to Sheriff.

But all writs or warrants

Warrants and writs to be directed to Police officers

officers of Police within the limits of such jurisdiction.

3. No person shall be committed to the Sheriff to be received and detained in prison, and no writ shall be awarded to the Sheriff commanding him to arrest and seize the body of any offender.

for the arrest or apprehension of any person, issued or awarded by the High Court in the exercise of its ordinary extraordinary or other criminal jurisdiction, shall be directed to and executed by any officer or

4 It shall be lawful for the Local Government to appoint an Officer who shall be called in Calcutta the Superintendent of the Presidency Jail and in Madras and Bombay the Superintendent of Jails for the Town of Madras, or Bombay in the case may be, and who shall have authority to receive and keep persons committed to his custody under the provisions of this Act.

5 The said jails shall be the jails of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay respectively, and the Superintendents so to be appointed in each of the said towns shall be respectively authorised and required to keep and detain all persons duly committed to their custody pursuant to the provisions of this Act or otherwise by any Court, Judge, Justice of the Peace, Magistrate or Police Officer or other public officer lawfully exercising Civil or Criminal jurisdiction according to the exigency of any writ or order by which such person shall have been committed, or until such person shall be discharged by due course of law.

6 The said Superintendent shall forthwith after the execution of every such writ or order or warrant except warrants of commitment for trial or, after the discharge of the person committed thereby return such writ or order or warrant to the Court or other officer by whom or by whom the same shall have been issued or made, together with a certificate enclosed Superintendent showing how the same has been executed thereby has been discharged from custody.

7 Whenever any person shall be sentenced by the High Court in the exercise of its civil or Criminal jurisdiction to imprisonment to exceed the Court's jurisdiction such person to be delivered to the said Superintendent together with the warrant of the said Court and such warrant shall be executed by such Superintendent and returned by him to the High Court when executed.

8 Whenever any person shall be sentenced by the High Court in the exercise of its civil or Criminal jurisdiction to imprisonment for a term exceeding the term of the Court's jurisdiction, the Court shall in such person's case deliver him to the said Superintendent and the imprisonment of such person shall have effect from such delivery.

9 Whenever any person shall be sentenced by a Court Martial or by a Court of Session or by a Court of Magistrates to imprisonment for a term exceeding the term of the Court's jurisdiction, the Court shall in such person's case deliver him to the said Superintendent and the imprisonment of such person shall have effect from such delivery.

10 Whenever any person shall be committed by the High Court whether in execution of a decree or in contempt of Court, or otherwise, such person shall be taken by the officer to be appointed for that purpose by such Court and shall be delivered to the said Superintendent, together with a warrant of commitment.

11 Whenever any person shall be sentenced by a Magistrate of Police for the Town of Calcutta, Madras or Bombay to imprisonment either absolutely or for default of payment of any fine imposed by any such Magistrate or shall be committed to prison for failure to find security to keep the peace and to be of good behaviour, the Magistrate shall cause such person to be delivered to the said Superintendent together with a warrant of the Court.

12 Every person committed by a Justice of the Peace or Magistrate or Coroner for trial by the High Court in the exercise of its civil or Criminal jurisdiction shall be delivered to the said Superintendent together with a warrant of commitment directing him to have the body of such persons before the Court for trial and such Superintendent shall as soon as practicable cause such person to be taken before the Court at a Criminal Session of the said Court, together with the warrant of commitment.

ment, in order that such person may be dealt with according to law. Every person

Committee by Courts

13 Pending any such enquiry as is mentioned in Section 8 of Act No. XXIII of 1901 (to amend Act VIII of 1859) which the High Court

Custody pending enquiries under Act XXIII of 1901 Section 8

may consider it necessary to make, the defendant may be delivered by the officer of the said Court to the said Superintendent subject to the provisions as to deposit of fees and as to release on security contained in the same section, and such Superintendent is hereby authorized and required to detain such defendant in safe custody until he shall be redelivered to the officer of the Court for the purpose of being taken before the said Court in pursuance of an order of the said Court or of a Judge thereof, or until he shall be released by the Court or of a Judge thereof.

14 Every person arrested in pursuance of a writ, warrant or order of the High Court in the exercise of its original civil jurisdiction or

Persons arrested in pursuance of warrant of High Court or Small Cause Court to be delivered to Superintendent

in pursuance of a warrant of any Court established in Calcutta, Madras or Bombay under Act No. IX of 1840 (for the more easy recovery of small debts and demands in Calcutta, Madras and Bombay) or in pursuance of a writ issued under Section 20 of this Act shall be brought without delay before the Court by which or by a Judge of which the writ, warrant or order was issued awarded or made or before a Judge thereof if the said Court or a Judge thereof shall be then sitting for the exercise of original jurisdiction, and if such Court or a Judge thereof shall not be then sitting for the exercise of original jurisdiction, shall, unless a Judge of the said Court shall otherwise order, be delivered to the said Superintendent for intermediate custody, and shall be brought before the said Court or a Judge thereof at the next sitting of the said Court or of a Judge thereof for the exercise of original jurisdiction in order that such person may be dealt with according to law, and the said Court or Judge shall have power to make or award all necessary orders or warrants for that purpose.

15 All persons continued in the Court of Calcutta or in any of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras or Bombay under a process or sentence of

Persons continued in Court of Calcutta or in any of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras or Bombay shall be deemed to be in custody of Superintendent

any of Her Majesty's High Courts or of the High Courts, or of any Magistrate, shall be considered to be, and shall remain in the custody of the said Superintendent according to the terms of the warrants under which they shall have been respectively committed to custody.

16 Any warrant of commitment under Regulation III of 1818 of the Bengal Code

Warrant under Regulation III of 1818 Bengal Code Regulation II of 1819 Madras Code and Regulation XXV of 1819 Bombay Code may be directed to Superintendent

(for the commitment of State Prisoners) Regulation II of 1819 of the Madras Code (for the commitment of State Prisoners) and Regulation XXV of 1819 of the Bombay Code (for the commitment of State Prisoners and for the attachment of the lands of chieftains and others for revenues of State) may be directed to the said Superintendent in the same manner as the same might have been directed to the Sheriff under Act No. XXXIV of 1850 for the better custody of State Prisoners) and Act No. III of 1815 (to amend the law relating to the arrest and de-

17 The provisions contained in the Statute II Vic. cap. 21 (to consolidate and

Provisions of Statute II Vic. cap. 21, which may be extended to persons in custody of Superintendent.

amend the laws relating to insolvent Debtors in India) relating to persons in prison or liable to be arrested or detained in or remanded or committed to or entitled to be discharged from prison within the limits of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay respectively,

shall apply to all persons in the custody of the said Superintendent or liable to be delivered to or entitled to be discharged from his custody.

18 Section 25 of Act No. XLVIII of 1860, (to amend Act No. XIII of 1850,

Construction of Section 25 of Act No. XLVIII of 1860.

for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay and the several Stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales Island, Singapore and Malacca) shall be construed in Madras and Bombay as if the words "Superintendent of Prisons for the Town of Madras or Bombay" and the words "the case may be, were substituted for the words "Keeper or Governor of the Prison or House of Correction

19 This Act shall come into operation in Calcutta at once and in Madras and Bombay respectively from such date as the Local Government shall notify in the Local Gazette.

Commencement of Act

into operation in Calcutta at once and in Madras and Bombay respectively from such date as the Local Government shall notify in the Local Gazette.

Short title. 20 This Act may be called "The Presidency Jails Act 1867"

SCHEDULE

Number and date of Acts	Extent of repeal
No XXIV. of 1855	To substitute penal servitude for the punishment of transportation in respect of European and American convicts, and to amend the law relating to the removal of such convicts
No XVIII of 1862	To repeal Act XVI of 1852 in those parts of British India in which the Indian Penal Code is in force, and to re-enact some of the provisions thereof with amendments and further to improve the administration of Criminal Justice in Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Judicature
No XXV of 1863	To empower Judges of the High Court and other authorities at Fort William in Bengal to direct convicts to be imprisoned either in the House of Correction or the Great Jail of Calcutta, and to authorize the transfer of prisoners in certain cases from the House of Correction to the Great Jail and from the Great Jail to the House of Correction
No XII of 1863	To amend the law relating to the custody of prisoners within the local limits of the original jurisdiction of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal

PORT DUES IN MOULMEIN AND BASSEIN ACT.

No XIII OF 1867

An Act for the levy of enhanced Port dues in the Ports of Moultmein and Bassein, and to provide for the establishment and maintenance of Coast Lights in the Eastern part of the Bay of Bengal [Received the Assent of the Governor General on the 1st March 1867]

PANDHARI TAX IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES ACT.

No XIV OF 1867

An Act to provide for the assessment of the Pandhari tax in certain parts of the Central Provinces

Whereas there has for many years existed, and now exists in certain districts of the Central Provinces, a tax called the Pandhari tax, assessable on all persons not engaged in agriculture. And whereas it is expedient to make rules for regulating the assessment of such tax. It is enacted as follows—

- Preamble**
- 1 The Pandhari tax is hereby declared to be assessable on all persons dwelling or personally working for gain or carrying on business within the districts of Nagpore, Wurdah, Chandah, Bhundara, Chundwarra, Raepore, Belaspore, and Sumbulpore, on any part of whose income derived from any source other than agricultural. Provided that no person whose estimated income is less than seventy five rupees a year shall be assessed to the said tax; that no person shall be assessed to the said tax at a rate exceeding two per centum on his estimated income, and that no person shall be assessable to the said tax at a sum exceeding five hundred rupees per annum
- Persons on whom the Pandhari tax is assessable**
- Limitation of rates of assessment.**

2. The Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces may from time to time

Chief Commissioner may make rules as to assessment and collection of the Pāndharī tax

with the previous sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, make and publish in such manner as may seem fit rules not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act or of any other law for the time being in force, to provide (amongst other things) for the matters hereinafter mentioned

For what the rules may provide

*3 The rules made under the last preceding Section may provide

- (1) For regulating the manner and rates and classes of assessments
- (2) For regulating the time and manner of collecting the amount assessed, and, for allowing to the persons employed in the collection fees not exceeding three per centum on the amount assessed upon the tax payers
- (3) For the imposition of penalties on persons convicted of the breach of any rule or regulation made under the last preceding Section Provided that no penalty shall exceed a fine of fifty rupees or imprisonment for a term not exceeding eight days
- (4) For exempting from the operation of this Act special classes of persons in receipt of fixed salaries or pensions in respect of such salaries or pensions
- (5) For determining the person or persons by whom and the manner in which in the case of any person to whom this Act shall apply his or her estimated income, within the meaning of Section 1 of this Act shall be ascertained

4 Arrears of the said tax shall be recoverable by distress and sale of any movable property belonging to the defaulter or when he or she shall not have any movable property of which a distrainment can be made or when after his or her movable property shall have been distrained and sold the arrear due together with all expenses of the distress and sale is not liquidated by the proceeds of such sale then under such rules and procedure as may for the time being, be in force in the Central Provinces for the realization out of immovable property of land revenue

Breaches of rules by whom triable

5 Breaches of rules made under Section 2 of this Act shall be triable by any Magistrate

Extension of this Act to other parts of the Central Provinces

6 The provisions of this Act may be extended by order of the Governor General of India in Council to any district or districts of the Central Provinces other than those named in Section 1 of this Act

7 Every Deputy Commissioner and other officer in the Central Provinces, however such officer is designated is hereby indemnified

Indemnity clause

for anything done before the passing of this Act, which might lawfully have been done if this Act had been in force,

and no suit or other proceeding shall be maintained against any such Deputy Commissioner or other officer in respect of anything so done.

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEES IN THE PUNJAB ACT.

No XX OF 1867

An Act to make better provision for the appointment of Municipal Committees in the Punjab and for other purposes [Enacted with the assent of the Governor General on the 1st March 1867]

APPOINTMENT OF ACTING JUDGES IN INDIA ACT.

No XXVI OF 1867

An Act to authorize the making of acting appointments to certain Judicial Offices

Whereas the Governor General of India in Council or the Local Government, as the case may be, is empowered by divers enactments to appoint the Judges of certain Courts in British India And whereas it has been doubted whether he or it is empowered to

appoint persons to act temporarily as such Judges, and it is expedient to remove such doubts, it is hereby enacted as follows

1 In every case in which the Governor General of India in Council, or the Local Government, as the case may be, has power under any Act or Regulation to appoint a Judge of any Court in British India, such power shall be taken to include the power to

Power to appoint acting Judges
appoint any person capable of being appointed a permanent Judge of such Court, to act as Judge of the same Court for such time as the Governor

General of India in Council or the Local Government, as the case may be, shall direct Every person so appointed to act temporarily as a Judge of any such Court shall have the powers and perform the duties which he would have had and been liable to perform in case he had been duly appointed a permanent Judge of the same Court

(certain enactments to be construed as if they contained a clause like section 1 of this Act)

2. Every such Act and Regulation shall be construed as if it contained a special clause to the purport or effect of the first section of this Act

CUSTOMS' DUTIES AMENDMENT ACT.

No XVII OF 1867

An Act to amend the Law relating to Customs' Duties. [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 6th March 1867]

[For Title, &c., see page 177 to 187]

JURISDICTION OF CIVIL COURTS IN JHANSI ACT.

No XVIII OF 1867

An Act to define the Jurisdiction of the Courts of Civil Jurisdiction in the Jhansi Division [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 6th March 1867]

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE IN DARJEELING ACT.

No XIX OF 1867

An Act to make further provision in the Administration of Justice in the District of Darjeeling [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 6th March 1867]

TRANSHIPMENT OF GOODS IN HARBOUR ACT.

No XX OF 1867

An Act to authorize the transhipment without payment of duty, of goods imported into Calcutta, Madras and Bombay by steamers

Whereas in transhipping goods imported by steamers into Calcutta, Madras and Bombay and destined for other ports duty arises from the necessity of paying duty and obtaining drawback in respect of such goods on their entering into a bond as required by

Section 110 of Act No VI of 1863 (to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the administration of the Customs in India) if duty is not paid and where it is expedient to diminish such duty so far as may be practicable, It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1 Subject to such rules as may from time to time be prescribed by the Local Government the chief officer of Customs of the port of Calcutta, Madras or Bombay as the case may be, may, on application of any person interested as owner, agent, consignee or otherwise in any goods imported by steamers into

Calcutta, Madras or Bombay as the case may be grant leave to tranship the same without payment of duty at the port of transhipment and without any security or bond for the duty and entry of the goods at the port of destination, when such goods have been specially and distinctly manifested or declared at the time of import as for transhipment to any other British Indian or foreign port

2 A transhipment fee on each bulk or package of goods so transhipped shall be levied at such rates and under such regulations as may from time to time be prescribed by the Local Government All such rates and regulations shall be published in the local gazette

3 This Act shall be construed as part of the said Act No VI of 1863, and, shall not be construed as in any respect limiting the power of the Customs' officers to levy duty or to require such bonds and other securities as are authorized by the said Act

This Act to be read as part of Act VI of 1863

This Act not to apply to salt and Opium

4 Nothing in this Act shall apply to the transhipment of Salt or Opium

IMPERIAL LICENSE ACT.

No XXI OF 1867

An Act for the Licensing of Professions and Trades [Received the Assent of the Governor General on the 8th March 1867]

Whereas it is expedient that persons exercising professions and trades in British India should take out licenses and pay for the same, It is hereby enacted as follows—

Preamble

Preliminary

- Interpretation clause 1 In this Act unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—
- “British India” means the territories which are or may be vested in Her Majesty or Her Successors by the Statute 21 & 22 Vic., cap. 106 (*An Act for the better Government of India*), other than the Settlement of Prince of Wales Island, Singapore and Malacca
- “Magistrate” means any person exercising the powers of a Magistrate, or of a Subordinate Magistrate of the first class, and includes a Magistrate of Police and a Justice of the Peace
- “Magistrate”
Number Words in the singular number include the plural and *words*
Gender words denoting the masculine gender include females
- And in every part of British India in which this Act shall operate “Local Government” shall mean the person authorized by law to administer Executive Government in such part, and shall include a Chief Commissioner
- “Local Government”
- Saving of other laws relating to licenses or taxes 2 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect the provisions of any other law relating to licenses or taxes

Act not to apply to certain Officers of the Army and Police nor to cultivation of land

3 Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to apply to—

(1) Officers of Her Majesty's Forces or of Her Majesty's Indian Forces, whose pay and allowances do not exceed Rupees 6000 per annum, and who shall not be in Civil employment other than in employment in the Police

(2) Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of either of the said Forces, and who shall not be in Civil Employment other than in employment in the Police

(3) Officers of any Police Force whose pay and allowances shall be less than the pay and allowances of a Captain of Infantry in Her Majesty's Service in India

(4) Persons in the employment of Government whose annual receipts shall be less than Rs. 1000 nor to any cultivator of land in such respect of the sale of the produce of his land when he shall not keep a shop for the sale of such produce

4. It shall be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council from time to time by order wholly to exempt from the operation of this Act any part of British India or any tribe, class of persons, or persons dwelling or personally working for gain or carrying on business in British India or in any such part, or to authorize, in the case of any such class or person, all or any part of the sums or sum paid by such class or persons under the provisions of any Municipal or other local law for the time being in force, on or before the first day of May in each year, as a tax by way of charge for a license or otherwise, on the exercise of any trade or profession, to be deducted from the sums or sum which in the absence of such authorization would have been payable under the provisions of this Act. All orders and revocations made under this section shall be published in the *Gazette of India* and also in the local *Gazette*

Power to exempt from operation of Act

Licenses

- 5 Every person who shall, on and after the first day of May 1867, exercise any profession or trade in British India, and whose annual profits shall be Rupees 200 or upwards, shall take out a license and shall pay for the same such annual sum as is mentioned in Schedule A to this Act annexed provided that, for any such license which shall be granted between the first day of November in each year, and the thirtieth day of April next ensuing, there shall be paid only one half of such sum. Subject to the provision contained in Section 3 of this Act, every person holding any office or employment of profit shall be deemed to be, in respect of the salary, fees, wages, perquisites and profits of such office or employment, a person exercising a profession or trade within the meaning of this Act
- Annual Licenses to be taken out

6 Every license under this Act shall be granted by the Collector of Land Revenue of the district or place in which the person requiring such license shall exercise his profession or trade provided that, if such person shall exercise his profession or trade in more than one district or place, the license shall be granted by the Collector of the district or place in which his principal place of business in British India shall be situate. Every such license shall be signed by the Collector granting it or by any Assistant or Deputy Collector under the Collector's orders, and the Courts shall take judicial note of such signature.

Particulars to be specified in the license

7 Every such license shall specify—

- (1) The date of the grant thereof
- (2) The name and profession or trade of the licensee
- (3) The sum paid for the license and
- (4) The place or places where the licensee intends to exercise his profession or trade for the ensuing year and shall be received in evidence as *prima facie* proof of all matters contained therein.

Commencement and expiration of license **8** Every such license shall have effect and continue in force from the day of the date thereof till the thirtieth day of April next after the day of the granting thereof.

9 Every person to whom any such license shall have been granted and who shall desire to continue to exercise his profession or trade after the expiration thereof shall take out a fresh license for that purpose for the following year to require on the 1st appointed in the last preceding Section and shall renew the same so long as he shall desire to continue to exercise such profession or trade.

Collector to determine class under which license to be issued

10 The Collector shall from time to time determine under which of the classes mentioned in Schedule A to this Act annexed every person to whom a license may be granted by him is referred shall be assessed.

LIST OF LICENSEES.

11 As soon may be after the first day of May 1867 and the same day in every subsequent year the Collector shall prepare a list of the persons licensed under this Act in the district or place referred. Such list shall state—

- (1) The profession or trade of each of the persons therein named
- (2) The class under which he is assessed and
- (3) The sum paid for his license.

Such list shall be filed in the office of the Collector and the list or such part or parts thereof as he shall think fit shall be filed in such other places as the Collector shall direct and shall be open to public inspection at all reasonable times, without the payment of any fee.

12 Any person named in such list and objecting to the class under which he is assessed shall file a petition within thirty days after the filing of the said list to apply by petition to the Collector in order to establish his right to have his name transferred to another class or altogether removed from the list. The petition shall bear a stamp of eight annas and shall be in the form contained in Schedule C to this Act annexed or as near thereto as circumstances will admit and the statements therein contained shall be verified by the petitioner or some other competent person in manner required by law for the verification of plaints. Whoever makes a statement in any such petition which is false and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true shall be deemed to have intentionally given false evidence in a stage of a judicial proceeding.

Object to list **13** The Collector shall fix a day for the hearing of the petition and, on the day so fixed, shall hear such petition and pass such order thereupon as to him shall seem fit. Any person dissatisfied with such order may within fifteen days from the date thereof, present an appeal in writing to the Commissioner of Revenue of the Division, whose decision upon such appeal shall be final.

Petition of objector **14** Every appeal preferred under this Section shall bear a stamp of one rupee, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the petition, the Collector's order thereon, and all other documents (if any) connected with the case.

Hearing of petition **15** The Collector shall fix a day for the hearing of the petition and, on the day so fixed, shall hear such petition and pass such order thereupon as to him shall seem fit. Any person dissatisfied with such order may within fifteen days from the date thereof, present an appeal in writing to the Commissioner of Revenue of the Division, whose decision upon such appeal shall be final.

Appeal from order on petition **16** Every appeal preferred under this Section shall bear a stamp of one rupee, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the petition, the Collector's order thereon, and all other documents (if any) connected with the case.

17 The Collector shall fix a day for the hearing of the petition and, on the day so fixed, shall hear such petition and pass such order thereupon as to him shall seem fit. Any person dissatisfied with such order may within fifteen days from the date thereof, present an appeal in writing to the Commissioner of Revenue of the Division, whose decision upon such appeal shall be final.

18 Every appeal preferred under this Section shall bear a stamp of one rupee, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the petition, the Collector's order thereon, and all other documents (if any) connected with the case.

14. The Collector or Commissioner may summon any person whom he shall think able to give evidence for the purpose of enabling him to do
Power to summon persons to give necessary information
 them to produce any documents in his possession or power relating to the petitioner or to the amount of the annual profits accruing from his profession or trade in Sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code the words "judicial proceedings" shall be taken to include any proceeding under this Act

Penalties.

15. If after the said first day of May 1867, any person shall exercise his profession or trade without having taken out a license as required by this Act he shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding five times the amount which in the judgment of the Magistrate would have been payable by such person in respect of a license duly taken out as aforesaid
Penalty for carrying on business without a license

16. Every person required by this Act to take out a license, who shall without reasonable excuse neglect or refuse to produce and show his license when required so to do by an officer generally, or specially empowered in writing by the Collector to make such requisition, shall on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred rupees
License to be produced on demand

17. All penalties imposed under this Act may be recovered, if for offences committed outside the local limits of the towns of Calcutta Madras or Bombay in the manner prescribed by the Code of Criminal Procedure and if a offence committed within those limits in the manner prescribed by any Act regulating the Police of such towns in force for the time being
Mode of recovering penalties

18. No person shall be proceeded against for any offence under Section 15 or Section 16 of this Act except at the instance of the Collector
Prosecution to be at instance of Collector

Merchants.

19. On and after the thirtieth day of April 1867 every Trading Company or Association in British India whose stock or funds is or are divided into shares and transferable, whether such Company or Association be incorporated or not and whether the principal place of business of such Company or Association be situate in British India or not shall take out a license and pay for the same such annual sum as is mentioned in Schedule B to this Act annexed. Provided that for any such license which shall be granted between the first day of November in each year and the thirtieth day of April next ensuing there shall be paid only one half of such sum. When such Company or Association shall have taken out and paid for a license as aforesaid no person shall be deemed to exercise a trade within the meaning of this Act solely by reason of any share or interest in such Company or Association. All the other provisions of this Act applicable to individuals shall apply, *mutatis mutandis* to such Companies or Associations
Provision as to Trading Companies

20. Every person holding any paid office, employment or commission under Her Majesty or under the Government of India or under any Local Government, other than the persons exempted under Section 3 by order under Section 4 of this Act, shall be deemed to exercise a profession within the meaning of this Act, provided that he shall not be required to take out a license under this Act and the sum which but for this proviso he would have paid for a license shall be deducted from his pay on the first day of June 1867 and on the first day of May in every subsequent year by the Examiner of Claims or other proper officer, and shall be deemed to be a tax raised under this Act. Nothing in the former part of this Section shall apply to any person holding any such office, employment or commission, and permitted, nevertheless, to exercise a profession or trade, but in determining under which of the clauses mentioned in the said Schedule A any such person shall be assessed the Collector shall take into consideration the amount of the pay which such person shall receive in respect of such office, employment or commission
Provision as to Government officials

21 All taxes raised and penalties recovered under this Act shall be paid to the credit of the Government of India or as such Government shall from time to time direct

22 All or any of the powers and duties conferred and imposed by this Act on a Collector, an Assistant or Deputy Collector and a Commissioner of Revenue, may be exercised and performed by such other officers or persons as the Local Government shall from time to time appoint in this behalf Every person shall be legally bound to furnish information to any officer or person so appointed when required by him to do so

23 The Local Government may, from time to time, with the previous sanction of the Government General of India in Council, make rules for the guidance of officers in matters connected with the enforcement of this Act provided that such rules are not inconsistent with any of the provisions herein contained

SCHEDULE A

TAXES ON PROFESSIONS AND TRADES

<i>Class I</i>		Rupees
Persons whose annual profits shall be assessed at Rs 25,000 and upwards ..		500
<i>Class II</i>		
Persons whose annual profits shall be assessed at Rs 10,000, or at more than Rs 10,000, and less than Rs 25,000 ..	...	200
<i>Class III</i>		
Persons whose annual profits shall be assessed at Rs 5,000, or at more than Rs 5,000 and less than Rs 10,000 ..	...	100
<i>Class IV</i>		
Persons whose annual profits shall be assessed at Rs 1,000, or at more than Rs 1,000 and less than Rs 5,000 ..	...	20
<i>Class V</i>		
Persons whose annual profits shall be assessed at Rs 500, or at more than Rs 500 and less than Rs 1,000 ..	...	10
<i>Class VI</i>		
Persons whose annual profits shall be assessed at Rs 200, or at more than Rs 200 and less than Rs 500 ..	...	4

SCHEDULE B

TAXES ON COMPANIES.

Every Company whose stock or funds is or are divided into shares and transferable with a paid up capital exceeding ten lakhs or £100,000	2,000
Every such Company with a paid up capital exceeding five lakhs or £50,000 and not exceeding ten lakhs or £100,000	1,000
Every other such Company duly registered, which in the half year next preceding the date of its license shall have paid a dividend at or above the rate of five per cent per annum and whose profits for the year preceding such date shall have exceeded Rs 10,000 ..	500

SCHEDULE C.

FORM OF PETITION UNDER SECTION 12.

Stamp Eight Annas.

To THE COLLECTOR OF

The
The petition of A. B. of

day of

186

SHOWETH—

1st.—That in the list of the persons licensed under "the Indian Licenses' Act, 1867," and filed in your office pursuant to the eleventh Section of the same Act on the day of 186 , your petitioner's name appears under the third of the classes mentioned in Schedule A to the said Act annexed, that he has been assessed in the sum of Rs 100 for the license granted to him under such Act, and that he has paid such sum accordingly.

2d.—That the profits of your petitioner's profession [or trade] of [here state petitioner's profession or trade] for the year ending the thirtieth day of April last were Rupees [less than Rupees 5,000 and more than Rupees 1,000], as will appear from the documents marked presented herewith, and to which your petitioner craves leave to refer.

Your petitioner therefore prays that you will remove his name from the third to the fourth of the said classes, that he may be assessed accordingly, and that the excess of Rupees 80 so paid by him may be refunded.

(Signed) A B

Form of Petition

[A B, the petitioner named in the above petition, do declare that what is stated therein is true to the best of my information and belief.

REGULATION OF PUBLIC SERAIS ACT.

No XXII OF 1867

An Act for the Regulation of Public Serais (Rest houses) and Purao [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 15th March 1867]

OUTRAGES IN THE PUNJAB ACT.

No XXIII OF 1867

An Act for the Suppression of Murderous Outrages in certain districts in the Punjab [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 16th March 1867]

ADMINISTRATOR GENERALS' ACT.

No XXIV OF 1867

An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the office and duties of Administrator General. [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 22nd March 1867]

Preamble

Whereas it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to the office and duties of Administrator General, It is hereby enacted as follows

PART I—Preliminary.

Short Title.

I This Act may be called "The Administrator Generals Act 1867"

2. The Acts and parts of Acts specified in the Schedule hereto are repealed,

Repeal of Acts. except so far as they repeal other Acts or Regulations, or parts of Acts or Regulations. All things duly done under any of the said Acts or parts of Acts hereby repealed, shall be considered as having been done under this Act. Act No XXVII of 1860 (for facilitating the collection of debts on succession and for the security of parties paying debts to the representatives of deceased persons) is repealed, except as to Hindus, Muhammadans and Buddhists and persons exempted under the Indian Succession Act, 1865, Section 332, from the operation of such Act.

Interpretation Clause.

3 In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

"Presidency of Bengal" includes the territories which are or shall for the time being be respectively under the Governments of the Lieutenant Governors of Bengal, the North-Western Provinces,

and the Punjab, and under the administrations of the Chief Commissioners of Oudh, the Central Provinces, and British Burmah

Presidency of Madras	"Presidency of Madras" includes the territories which are or shall for the time being be under government of the Governor of Fort St George in Council, Coorg and also, so far as regards British subjects, Mysore, and the Hyderabad Assigned Districts
Presidency of Bombay	"Presidency of Bombay" means the territories which are or shall for the time being be under the government of the Governor of Bombay in Council
Presidency Town	"Presidency Town" means the town of Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, as the case may be
"Government"	means the Governor General of India in Council, so far as the Act relates to the Presidency of Bengal, the person for the time being administering the executive government of the Presidency of Fort St George so far as the Act relates to the and the person for the time being administering the executive Government of the Presidency of Bombay, so far as the Act relates to that Presidency
District Judge	"District Judge" means the Judge of a principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction
Letters of Administration	Letters of Administration shall include any letters of administration whether general or limited or with a will annexed and letters <i>ad officium</i>
"Next of kin"	includes a widower or widow of a deceased person or any other person who by law and according to the practice of the Courts would be entitled to letters of administration in preference to a creditor or legatee of the deceased
"Officer"	means a Commissioned Officer of Her Majesty's Army, or of Her Majesty's Indian Army
Soldier	"Soldier" means a Soldier of Her Majesty's Army or European soldier of Her Majesty's Indian Army, including a Warrant and a Non Commissioned Officer
Assets	"Assets" includes immovable as well as moveable property
Gender Number	Words in the masculine gender include the feminine and words in the singular number include the plural and <i>vice versa</i>

PART II—Of the Office of Administrator General

4 In each of the Presidencies of Bengal, Madras and Bombay there shall be an Administrator General. The said Administrators General shall be called respectively the Administrator General of Bengal, the Administrator General of Madras and the Administrator General of Bombay	
Designation of the Administrators General in three Presidencies	
Appointment suspension and removal of Administrators General	5 Such Officers shall be appointed and may be suspended or removed by the authorities herein after mentioned respectively, that is to say—

The Administrator General of Bengal by the Governor General of India in Council the Administrator General of Madras by the Government of Fort St George, and the Administrator General of Bombay by the Government of Bombay

6 Any person hereafter appointed to the office of Administrator General or Officiating Administrator General of any of the said Presidencies, shall be a member of the Bar of England or Ireland, or of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland but any person now holding such office shall continue to hold the same, subject to the provisions contained in the other Sections of this Act	
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Administrator General not to be deemed an Officer of High Court	7 The Administrator General shall not be deemed in that capacity to be an Officer of any High Court
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8 All probates and letters of administration granted by any of the late Supreme Courts of Judicature to the Ecclesiastical Registrar of such Court in virtue of his office, shall have the same effect in all respects as to any act hereafter to be done or required to be done under this act, as if they had been granted to the Administrator General	
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9. No person now holding the office of Administrator General, or hereafter to be appointed to such office in any of the said Presidencies, shall hold the office of Ecclesiastical Registrar, nor without the express sanction of Government, any other office, together with that of Administrator General, Provided that the Administrator General of the Presidency may be appointed Official Trustee under Act No. XVII of 1864 (*to constitute an office of official trustee*). Provided also, that the Administrator General of Bengal may hold the office of Receiver of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William.

Proviso

10. It is hereby declared to be an offence punishable in manner provided by Section 165 of the Indian Penal Code for any Administrator General to trade or traffic for his own benefit or for the benefit of any other person, unless so far as shall appear to him to be expedient for the due management of the estates which shall come into his charge under the provisions of this Act, and for the sole benefit of the several persons entitled to the proceeds of such estates respectively, but this exception is not to be construed to alter the civil liabilities of the Administrator General as trustee of such estates.

11. Unless the Governor General of India in Council or the Government, with the sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, shall otherwise order, every Administrator General hereafter to be appointed shall give security to the Secretary of State for India for the due execution of his office for one lakh of rupees by his own bond, and for another lakh of rupees or for equal sums, amounting together to one lakh of rupees by the deposit of Government securities or by the joint and several bond or bonds of two or more natives to be approved by Government, or partly by such deposit and partly by such bond or bonds. Provided that every Administrator General may, with the consent of Government substitute either of the said two last mentioned kinds of security for another previously given for such last mentioned lakh or any part of it, and every Administrator General may, with the consent of Government, and shall from time to time when required by Government so to do, cause fresh securities to be substituted for any of those previously bound so far as the security shall relate to the due execution of his office for the time then to come.

12. No Administrator General shall be required by any Court to enter into any administration bond or to give other security to the Court, on the grant of any letters of administration to him in virtue of his office. No Administrator General shall be required to verify otherwise than by his signature any petition presented by him under the provisions of this Act and if the facts stated in any such petition are not within the Administrator General's own personal knowledge, the petition may be subscribed and verified by any person competent to make the verification. Whoever makes a statement in any such petition which is false, and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true, shall be deemed to have intentionally given false evidence in a stage of a judicial proceeding.

13. Whenever any person holding the office of Administrator General shall obtain leave of absence, it shall be lawful for the Government to appoint some person to officiate as Administrator General, and such person, while so officiating, shall be subject to the same conditions and be bound by the same responsibilities as the Administrator General by any law now in force or that may hereafter be enacted, and he shall be deemed to be Administrator General for the time being under this Act, and shall be liable to give security under section 11 of this Act in like manner as if he had been appointed Administrator General.

PART III —Of the Rights, Powers, and Duties of the Administrator General
(a)—*Grants of Letters of Administration and Probate to the Administrator General*

As regards Adminis-
trator General High
Court at Presidency
Town to be deemed a
Court of competent ju-
risdiction within mean-
ing of Sections 187 and
190 of Indian Succession
Act.

14 So far as regards the Administrator General of any of the Presidencies of Bengal, Madras and Bombay, the High Court of Judicature at the Presidency Town shall be deemed to be a Court of competent jurisdiction within the meaning of Sections 197 and 190 of the Indian Succession Act 1865 whatsoever within the Presidency the property to be comprised in the Probate or letters of administration may be situate

15 Any letters of Administrator General entitled to letters of administration unless granted to next of kin deceased

Administrative General
entitled in preference to
creditor in universal
legatee or friend

Administration, or letters *ad colligenda bona* which shall here-
after be granted by the High Court of Judicature at any Pre-
sidency Town shall be granted to the Administrator General
of the Presidency unless they shall be granted to the next
of kin of the deceased. The Administrator General of the
Presidency shall be deemed to have a right to letters of ad-
ministration in preference to that of any person merely on
the ground of his being a creditor a legatee other than an
universal legatee, or a friend of the deceased.

16 If any person,
When administration
of estates of persons, their
children, or their estates, is
done, or built, it is to
be by Administrator Ge-
neral.

after his death have applied in such Presidency for probate of a will, or for any letters of administration of his estate, the Administrator General of the Presidency in which such tests shall be is hereby required, within a reasonable time after he shall have had notice of the death of such person and of his having left such assets as aforesaid to take such proceedings as may be necessary to obtain from the High Court of Judicature at the Presidency Town letters of administration to the effects of such person either generally or with a will annexed is the case may require. Whenever the Administrator General of the Presidency shall take proceedings under this Section it shall be sufficient if the petition required by Section 246 of the Indian Succession Act 1865 shall state the time and place of the deceased's death to the best of the petitioner's knowledge or belief, that the deceased left some property within the Presidency as heretofore defined and the amount or value of assets which are likely to come into the petitioner's hands.

17 Whenever any person whether a Hindu Muhammedan, or Buddhist, or not shall have died leaving assets within the local limits of the ordinary original jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at the Presidency town, it shall be lawful for the Court upon the application of any person interested in such assets or in the due administration thereof, either as a creditor, legatee, next of kin or otherwise, or upon the application of a friend of any minor who may be so interested, or upon the application of the Administrator

General if the applicant shall satisfy the Court that danger is to be apprehended of the misappropriation, deterioration or waste of such assets, unless letters of administration of the effects of such person are granted, to make an order upon such terms as to indemnifying the Administrator General against costs and other expenses as to the Court shall seem fit directing the Administrator General to apply for letters of administration of the effects of such person. Provided that, in the case of an annuitant being made under this section, for letters of ad-

Administration to effects if declared Hindus, Muhammadans or Buddhists not to be granted under Section unless required to protect the same.

Costs of unnecessary application.

18. Whenever any person, whether a Hindu, Muhammadan or Buddhist, or not, shall have died whether before or after the passing of this

may if property is in danger enjoin Administrator General to collect and hold the same until right of succession or administration ascertained.

Court to authorise and enjoin the Administrator General to collect and take possession of such property, and to hold or deposit or invest the same according to the orders and directions of the Court, and in default of any such orders or directions, according to the provisions of this Act so far as the same are applicable to such property, and the

Administrator General shall be entitled to a commission of one per centum upon the amount of all moveable assets collected or received by him in pursuance of such order, and also to reimburse himself for all payments made by him in respect of the assets which a private Administrator of such assets might lawfully have made, and in case letters of administration of any such property shall be afterwards granted to the Administrator General, the said commission of one per centum shall be deemed a part payment of the commission payable to the Administrator General under the letters of administration. Any order of Court made under the provisions of this Section, shall entitle the Administrator General to collect and to take possession of such property, and, if necessary, to maintain a suit for the recovery thereof.

19. If in the course of proceedings to obtain letters of administration under the provisions of Section 16 or Section 17 of this Act, any executor

Probate to be granted to executor upon will, in the course of proceedings taken by Administrator General to obtain administration.

Costs of proceedings taken by the Administrator General to be paid out of the estate

appointed by a will of the deceased shall appear according to the practice of the Court, and prove the will and accept the office of executor, or if any person shall appear according to such practice and make out his claim to letters of administration as next of kin of the deceased, and shall give such security as shall be required of him by law or by the practice of the Court, the Court shall grant probate of the will or letters of administration accordingly, and shall award to the Administrator General his costs of the proceedings so taken by him, to be paid out of the estate as part of the testamentary or intestate expenses thereof.

20. If no person shall appear according to the practice of the Court, and entitle himself to probate of a will, or to a grant of letters of administration

If no executor or next of kin appear or give necessary security, letters of administration to be granted to Administrator General

as next of kin of the deceased, or if the person who shall entitle himself to a grant of administration shall neglect to give such security as shall be required of him by law or according to the practice of the Court, the Court shall grant letters of administration to the Administrator General.

21. The Administrator General shall, when duly authorized or required so to do

Administrator General in certain cases to secure and distribute the estate and effects of soldiers

Administrator General

Provide

Administrator General not precluded from applying for letters of administration in any case within three months after death of deceased.

by the Military Secretary to Government secure and distribute the assets of the estate and effects of any officer, soldier, or other person subject to any Articles of War, in all cases in which such estate and effects do not exceed on the whole five hundred Rupees, charging the estate with a commission of three per centum only. It shall not be necessary for the Administrator General to take out letters of administration in cases referred to in this Section, but he shall have the same powers with regard to all such assets, as he would have had if he had taken out such letters.

22. Nothing in this Act is intended to preclude the Administrator General from applying to the Court of letters of administration in any case, within the period of one month from the death of the deceased

23. If any letters of administration which shall be granted to the Administrator General under the provisions of this Act, shall be revoked or recalled, the same shall, so far as regards the Administrator General and all persons acting under his authority in pursuance thereof, be deemed to have been only voidable, except as to any act done by any such Administrator General or other person as aforesaid after notice of a will or of any other fact which would render such letters of administration void. Provided that no notice of a will or of any other fact which would render any such letters of administration void, shall affect the Administrator General or any person acting under his authority in pursuance of

After revocation, letters of administration granted to Administrator General to be deemed as to him to have been voidable only

Exception

proviso

such letters of administration, unless, within the period of one month from the time of giving such notice, proceedings be commenced to prove the will, or to cause the letters of administration to be revoked, nor unless such proceedings be prosecuted without unreasonable delay.

24. If any letters of administration which shall be granted under this Act shall, be revoked upon the production and proof of a will, all payments made or acts done by or under the authority of the Administrator General in pursuance of such letters of administration prior to the revocation thereof, which would have been valid under any letters of administration lawfully granted to him with such will annexed, shall be deemed valid notwithstanding such revocation.

What payments made or acts done by Administrator General prior to revocation of administration upon production of a will shall be deemed valid

25. If an executor or next-of-kin of the deceased, who shall not have been personally served with a citation, or had notice thereof in time to appear in pursuance thereof, shall establish to the satisfaction of the Court a claim to probate of a will or to letters of administration in preference to the Administrator General, any letters of administration which shall be granted by virtue of this Act to the Administrator General, may be recalled and revoked, and probate may be granted to such administration granted to such other person as aforesaid. Provided that no letters of administration, which shall be granted to the Administrator General shall be revoked or recalled for the cause aforesaid except in cases in which a will or codicil of the deceased shall be proved in the Presidency, unless the application for that purpose shall be made within six months after the grant to the Administrator General, and the Court shall be satisfied that there has been no unreasonable delay in making the application, or in transmitting the authority under which the application shall be made.

In what cases Court may recall Administrator General's administration and grant probate &c. to executor or next of kin

executor, or letters of

Unless a will is proved such administration must be made within six months and without needless delay

no unreasonable delay in making the application, or in transmitting the authority under which the application shall be made.

26. If any letters of administration, which shall be granted to the Administrator General in pursuance of this Act, shall be revoked the Court may order the costs of obtaining such letters of administration, and the whole or any part of any commission which would otherwise have been payable under this Act, together with the costs of the Administrator General in any proceedings taken to obtain such revocation to be paid to or retained by the Administrator General out of any assets belonging to the estate. Provided that in any case, when the deceased has left a Will appointing an executor and probate of the Will has been granted by any Court in the Presidency to such executor within three months after the death, or when the widow or next-of-kin has, within one month, if resident within the Presidency, or within three months, if resident beyond the Presidency, obtained from any such Court letters of administration to the estate and effects of the deceased, then and in either of such cases the Administrator General shall (without prejudice to the provisions contained in Sections 17 and 18 of this Act,) not be entitled to receive or retain any commission out of assets belonging to such estate and situate within the jurisdiction of the Court by which probate or administration shall have been granted as last aforesaid.

Costs of obtaining administration commission &c may on revocation be ordered by Court to be paid to the Administrator General out of the assets

the deceased has left a Will appointing an executor and probate of the Will has been granted by any Court in the Presidency to such executor within three months after the death, or when the widow or next-of-kin has, within one month, if resident within the Presidency, or within three months, if resident beyond the Presidency, obtained from any such Court letters of administration to the estate and effects of the deceased, then and in either of such cases the Administrator General shall (without prejudice to the provisions contained in Sections 17 and 18 of this Act,) not be entitled to receive or retain any commission out of assets belonging to such estate and situate within the jurisdiction of the Court by which probate or administration shall have been granted as last aforesaid.

27. Whenever the Administrator General shall declare a dividend among such

Exclusion of creditors who have not proved from assets with which a dividend is made

such in the assets wherewith such dividend shall be made

creditors of the deceased as have proved their debts, and shall notify the payment of such dividend by advertisement in the Official Gazette, no creditor of the deceased who shall not previously to such declaration and advertisement have proved his debt, shall be entitled to participate as

Any payment or delivery of assets to any legatee or to any person entitled in distribution, which shall be made by an Administrator General after the expiration of one year from the grant of the

After one year from grant of Administration distribution of assets by Administrator General to be allowed against all claims of which he had no notice

letters of administration under which such payment or delivery shall be made, shall be allowed to the Administrator General as against all creditors and other claimants against the estate, or whose debts or claims he shall not have had notice before making such payment or delivery. Provided that nothing herein contained shall exempt the person to whom such payment or delivery shall be made, from any liability to refund to which he would otherwise be liable.

Person receiving pay ments liable to refund.

What to be notice of debt or claim

And provided also, that no notice of any debt or claim shall affect the Administrator General, unless proceedings to enforce the debt or claim be commenced within one month after the giving of such notice, and be prosecuted without unreasonable delay.

28. All letters of administration which shall be granted to any Administrator

Letters of administration to be granted to Administrator General in virtue of his office

General in virtue of his office, shall be granted to him by his name of office, and all letters of administration heretofore granted to the Ecclesiastical Registrar or Administrator General officially or, which shall be granted to any Administrator General in virtue of his office, shall authorize the Administrator General for the time being of the same Presidency to act as administrator of the estate to which such letters of administration shall relate.

Authority given by such letters

29. Every probate which shall be granted to any Administrator General of a

Grant of probate to Administrator General in and as executor by virtue of his office.

will wherein he shall be named as executor by virtue of his office, shall be granted to him by his name of office and shall authorize the Administrator General for the time being of the same Presidency to act as executor of the estate to which such probate shall relate.

30. It shall be lawful for any private executor or administrator, with the previous consent of the Administrator General of the Presi-

Transfer by private executor or administrator of interest under probate or letters of administrator

dency in which the property comprised in the probate or letters of administration is situate, by an instrument in writing under his hand, bearing a stamp of ten Rupees, and notified in the local Gazette, to transfer all estates, effects, and interests vested in him by virtue of such probate or

letters to the Administrator General by his name of office, and thereupon the transferor shall be exempt from all liability as such executor or administrator, as the case may be, for any act or omission in respect of the said property after the date of the said transfer, and the Administrator General for the time being shall have the rights and be subject to the liabilities which he would have had and to which he would have been subject, if the probate or letters of administration, as the case may be, had been granted to him by his name of office at the date aforesaid. Nothing herein contained shall be taken to exempt any such transferor from liability for acts and omissions in respect of the said property prior to the transfer.

31. All estates, effects and interests, which, at the time of the death, resignation

Vesting of estates &c. in successor of Administrator General

or removal from office of any Administrator General shall be vested in him by virtue of such letters of administration, probates or transfers as aforesaid, shall, upon every such death, resignation or removal, cease to be vested in him, and shall vest in his successor in office immediately upon his appointment thereto. All books, papers and documents kept by such Administrator General, by virtue of his office, or as such executor or transferee as aforesaid, shall be transferred to and vested in his successor in office.

(b)—Suits by and against the Administrator General.

82. All suits or other proceedings, which shall be commenced by or against any Administrator General in his representative character, may be brought by or against him by his name of office, and no suit or other proceedings already commenced, or which shall be commenced, by or against any person as Administrator General, either alone or jointly with any other person, shall abate by reason of the death, resignation or removal from office of any such Administrator General, but the same may by order of the Court, and upon such terms as to the service of notices or otherwise as the Court may direct, be continued by or against his successor immediately upon his appointment, in the same manner as if no such death, resignation or removal had occurred. Provided that nothing hereinbefore contained shall render any such successor personally liable for any costs incurred prior to the order for continuing the suit against him.

Administrator General to sue and be sued in his representative capacity by his name of office.

Suit not to abate by death &c

Proviso as to costs

83. If any suit shall be brought by a creditor against any Administrator General in his representative character, the Plaintiff shall be liable to pay the costs of the suit, and shall not be entitled to have the decree (if any) in such suit enforced, unless upon proof by affidavit or otherwise that not less than one calendar month prior to the institution of the suit he had applied in writing to the Administrator General, stating the amount and other particulars of the claim, and supporting the same by such evidence as, under the circumstances of the case, the Administrator General was reasonably entitled to require, and that the Administrator General had refused or neglected to register the claim according to the practice of his office. If in any such suit judgment is pronounced in favour of the plaintiff, he shall, nevertheless, be only entitled to payment out of the assets of the deceased *pari passu* with the other creditors.

Creditor's suit against Administrator General

(c)—Grant of Certificates by the Administrator General.

84. Whenever any person, not being a Hindu, Muhammadan, or Buddhist, or exempted under the Indian Succession Act, 1865, Section 342, from the operation of that Act, shall have died, whether within any of the said Presidencies or not, whether before or after the passing of this Act, and whether testate or intestate, and shall have left movable assets within any of the said Presidencies, and the Administrator General of such Presidency shall be satisfied that such assets do not exceed in the whole one thousand Rupees in value, he may, after the lapse of one month from the death, if he shall think fit, or before the lapse of the said month, if he shall be requested so to do by writing under the hand of the executor or the widow or other person entitled to administer the effects of the deceased, grant to any person claiming otherwise than as a creditor to be entitled to a share of such effects, or certificates under his hand entitling the claimant to receive the sums or securities for money therein severally mentioned, belonging to the effects of the deceased, to the value of any sum not exceeding in the whole one thousand Rupees. Provided that no certificates shall be granted under this Section where probate of the deceased's will or letters of administration of his effects has or have been granted, or in respect of any sum of money deposited in a Government Savings Bank.

In what case Administrator General may grant certificate

No certificate to be granted where probate or administration taken out in respect of money in Government Savings Bank

85. If in cases falling within Section 84 of this Act, no person claiming otherwise than as a creditor to be entitled to a share of the effects of the deceased, shall, within three months, obtain a certificate from the Administrator General under the same Section, or letters of administration to the estate and effects of the deceased, the Administrator General may administer the estate without letters of administration in the same manner as if such letters of administration had been granted to him; and if he shall neglect or refuse to take upon himself the administration of the estate and effects, he shall upon the application of a creditor, and upon being satisfied of his title, grant a certificate in the same manner as if such creditor were entitled to a share of the effects of the deceased, and such certificate

Grant of certificate to creditors

shall have the same effect as a certificate granted under the provisions of the same Section, and shall be subject to all the provisions of this Act which are applicable to such certificate. Provided that the Administrator General may, before granting such certificate, if he think fit, require the creditor to give reasonable security for the due administration of the estate and effects of the deceased.

36. The Administrator General shall not be bound to grant any such certificate, unless he shall be satisfied of the title of the claimant and of the value of the effects of the deceased, either by the oath or solemn affirmation of the claimant (which oath or affirmation the Administrator General is hereby authorized to administer or take,) or by such other evidence as he shall require.

37. A copy of any such certificate with a receipt annexed shall when such copy and receipt are signed by the person to whom the certificate has been granted, be a full discharge for payment or delivery to him of the money, or security for money therein mentioned, to the person paying or delivering the same but nothing in this Act shall preclude any executor or administrator of the deceased from recovering from the person receiving the same the amount remaining in his hands, after deducting the amount of all debts or other demands lawfully paid or discharged by him in due course of administration. And any creditor or claimant against the estate of the deceased shall be at liberty to recover his debt or claim out of the assets received by such person, and remaining in his hands unadministered, in the same manner and to the same extent as if such person had obtained letters of administration to the estate of the deceased.

Right of executor or administrator against certificate-holder

Right of creditor against assets in hands of certificate holder

38. The Administrator General shall not be bound to take out letters of Administration to the estate of any deceased person on account of the effects in respect of which he shall grant any such certificate, but he may do so if he shall discover any fraud or misrepresentation made to him, or that the value of the estate exceeded one thousand Rupees.

39. For every such certificate the Administrator General shall be entitled to charge a fee calculated after the rate of three Rupees in the hundred on the amount mentioned in the certificate

(d)—Expenses of the Administrator General's Establishment

Administrator General to defray expenses of establishment and all other charges not expressly provided for

40. The Administrator General shall defray all the expenses of the establishment necessary for his office, and all other charges to which the said office shall be subject, except those for which express provision is made by this Act.

(e) Accounts and Schedules

41. The Administrator General of each of the said Presidencies shall enter into books, to be kept by him for that purpose, separate and distinct accounts of each estate, and of all such sums of money, bonds and other securities for money, goods, effects and things as shall come to his hands, or to the hands of any person employed by him, or in trust for him, under this Act; and likewise of all payments made by him on account of such estate, and of all debts due by or to the same, specifying the date of such receipts and payments respectively. Such books shall be kept in the Administrator General's Office, and shall be open for the inspection of all such persons, practitioners in the said Courts, and others as may have occasion to inspect the same, at office hours, paying only such reasonable fee as hath been or shall be, from time to time, fixed by the Government and published in the official Gazette of the Presidency to which the same may relate.

42. The Administrator General of each of the said Presidencies shall twice in every year, that is to say on or before the first day of April and on or before the first day of October, or on such other days as the Government shall, by any rules or orders to be published as aforesaid, direct, exhibit, and deliver in the High Court at Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, as case may

Administrator General to furnish half yearly schedules

be, a true schedule showing the gross amount of all sums of money received or paid by him on account of each estate in his charge, and the balances during the period of six months ending severally on the thirty first day of December and thirtieth day of June next before the day of delivering such schedule, and a true list of all bonds or other securities received on account of each of the said estates during the same period; and also a true schedule of all administration, whereof the final balances shall have been paid over to the persons entitled to the same, during the same period, specifying the amount of such balances, and the persons to whom paid. Such schedules shall be filed as records in such High Court, and shall, within fourteen days afterwards, be published in the official *Gazette* of the Presidency by the said Administrator General; and copies thereof in triplicate shall be delivered by such Administrator General to the Government, and shall be sent by such Government to the Secretary of State of India, in order that such Secretary may, if he think fit so to do, order the same to be deposited at the India Office, for public inspection, and may cause notices to be published in the *London Gazette* and other leading newspapers, that such schedules are open to inspection there, or may make such other orders respecting the same as he may think fit.

Schedules to be filed and published

by such Administrator General to the Government, and shall be sent by such Government to the Secretary of State of India, in order that such Secretary may, if he think fit so to do, order the same to be deposited at the India Office, for public inspection, and may cause notices to be published in the *London Gazette* and other leading newspapers, that such schedules are open to inspection there, or may make such other orders respecting the same as he may think fit.

PART IV.—Of the Audit of the Administrator General's Accounts.

43. The Government shall, from time to time, appoint Auditors to examine the accounts of the Administrator General at the times of the delivery of the said Schedules, and also at any other time when the Government shall think fit.

44. The Auditors shall examine the schedules and accounts, and report to the Government whether they contain a full and true account of every thing which ought to be inserted therein, and whether the books which, by this Act, are, or which, by any such general rules and orders as hereinafter mentioned, shall be directed to be kept by the Administrator General, have been duly and regularly kept, and whether the assets and securities have been duly kept and deposited in the manner prescribed by this Act, or which shall be prescribed, by any such rules and orders to be made as aforesaid.

45. Every Auditor shall have power to summon as well the Administrator General as any other person whose presence he may think necessary, to attend him from time to time; and to examine the Administrator General, or other person, if he shall think fit, on oath or solemn affirmation to be by him administered; and to call for all books, papers, vouchers, and documents which shall appear to him to be necessary for the purposes of the said reference. If the Administrator General or other person when summoned shall refuse, or, without reasonable cause, neglect to attend or to produce any book, paper, voucher or document so required, or shall attend and refuse to be sworn or make a solemn affirmation when by law an affirmation may be substituted for an oath, or shall refuse to be examined, the auditors shall certify such neglect or refusal in writing to the High Court at the Presidency Town; and every person so refusing or neglecting, shall thereupon be punishable in like manner as if such refusal or neglect had been in contempt of the said High Court.

46. The costs and expenses of preparing and publishing the said schedules and copies thereof, and of every such reference and examination as aforesaid, shall be defrayed by all the estates to which such schedule or accounts shall relate. Such costs and expenses and the portion thereof to be contributed by each of the said estates, shall be ascertained and settled by the auditors, subject to the approval of the Government, and shall be paid out of the said estates accordingly by the Administrator General.

47. If upon any such reference and examination the Auditors shall see reason to believe that the said schedules do not contain a true and correct account of the matters therein contained, or that the assets have not been duly kept and invested or deposited in the manner directed by this Act, or which shall be directed by any such rules and orders as aforesaid, or which ought to be therein contained, or that the Administrator General has failed to comply with the provisions and directions of this Act, or of any such rules and orders, they shall report accordingly to the Government.

Auditors to report specially to Government if accounts appear not correct

Penalty for non attendance

Costs of preparing schedules, &c, how to be paid

48. The Government may refer every such report as last aforesaid to the consideration of the Advocate General for the Presidency, who

Proceedings upon such
Reg. 15
shall thereupon, if he shall think fit proceed summarily against the defaulter or his executor or administrator in the High Court in the Presidency town by petition for an account, or to compel obedience to this Act, or to such rules and orders as aforesaid, or otherwise as he may think fit, in respect of all or any of the estates then or formerly under the administration of such defaulter, and the said Advocate General shall have power to exhibit interrogatories to the said Administrator General, executor or administrator (hereinafter called the defendant), who shall be bound to answer the same as fully as if a commission had been issued, under the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, for his examination upon the said interrogatories. The Court shall have power upon any such petition, to compel the attendance in Court of the defendant, and any witnesses who may be thought necessary, and to examine them orally or otherwise as the said Court shall think fit, and to make and enforce such order or orders as the Court shall think just.

49. The costs, including those of the Advocate General, and of the reference to him, if the same shall be directed by the Court to be paid, shall be defrayed either by the defendant or out of the estates sitably as the said Court shall direct, and whenever any costs shall be recovered from the defendant, the same shall be repaid to the estates by which they shall have been in the first instance contributed, and the Court may, if it shall think fit, order the defendant to receive his costs out of the said estates.

PART V—Of the Commission of the Administrator General

50. The Administrator General of each of the said Presidencies, under any letters of administration which shall be granted to him in his official character, or under any probate which shall be granted to him of a will wherein he shall be named as executor by virtue of his office, or under any probates or letters of administration which are or shall be vested in him by Section 26 or Section 28 of this Act, shall be entitled to receive a commission at the following rates respectively, viz:—

The Administrator General of Bengal at the rate of three per centum, and the Administrators General of Madras and Bombay respectively at the rate of five per centum, upon the amount or value of the assets which they shall respectively collect and distribute in due course of administration.

51. The last preceding Section shall not apply to cases in which the property of an officer or soldier dying on service shall come to the hands of the Administrator General of any of the said Presidencies, under the 9th or the 13th Section of the Statute called "The Regimental Debts' Act 1893," and such Administrator General shall not be entitled to take, and it shall not be lawful for him to take, a percentage on any such property exceeding three per centum on the gross amount coming to his hands after the passing of the Administrator General's Act, 1866, if preferential charges as defined by the 14th Section of the said Statute have been previously paid, or on the gross amount remaining in his hands after payment by him of such charges, as the case may be.

Section 10 of the Act shall not apply to the property of officers and soldiers dying on service which shall come to the hands of the Administrator General.

52. The Administrator General shall be entitled to reimburse himself for any payments made by him in respect of any estate in his charge, which a private administrator of an estate might lawfully make, but save as aforesaid, the commission to which the Administrator General of each of the said three Presidencies shall be entitled, is intended to cover not merely the expense and trouble of collecting the assets, but also his trouble and responsibility in distributing them in due course of administration. It is therefore enacted that one half of such commission shall be payable to and returned by such Administrator General upon the collection of the assets, and the other half thereof the Administrator General, who shall distribute any assets in the due course of administration, and may be retained by him upon such distribution. The amount of the commission lawfully returned by an Administrator General upon the distribution of assets, shall be deemed a distribution in the due course of administration within the meaning of this Act.

53. The Administrator General shall be entitled to reimburse himself for any payments made by him in respect of any estate in his charge, which a private administrator of an estate might lawfully make, but save as aforesaid, the commission to which the Administrator General of each of the said three Presidencies shall be entitled, is intended to cover not merely the expense and trouble of collecting the assets, but also his trouble and responsibility in distributing them in due course of administration. It is therefore enacted that one half of such commission shall be payable to and returned by such Administrator General upon the collection of the assets, and the other half thereof the Administrator General, who shall distribute any assets in the due course of administration, and may be retained by him upon such distribution. The amount of the commission lawfully returned by an Administrator General upon the distribution of assets, shall be deemed a distribution in the due course of administration within the meaning of this Act.

54. The Administrator General shall be entitled to reimburse himself for any payments made by him in respect of any estate in his charge, which a private administrator of an estate might lawfully make, but save as aforesaid, the commission to which the Administrator General of each of the said three Presidencies shall be entitled, is intended to cover not merely the expense and trouble of collecting the assets, but also his trouble and responsibility in distributing them in due course of administration. It is therefore enacted that one half of such commission shall be payable to and returned by such Administrator General upon the collection of the assets, and the other half thereof the Administrator General, who shall distribute any assets in the due course of administration, and may be retained by him upon such distribution. The amount of the commission lawfully returned by an Administrator General upon the distribution of assets, shall be deemed a distribution in the due course of administration within the meaning of this Act.

55. The Administrator General shall be entitled to reimburse himself for any payments made by him in respect of any estate in his charge, which a private administrator of an estate might lawfully make, but save as aforesaid, the commission to which the Administrator General of each of the said three Presidencies shall be entitled, is intended to cover not merely the expense and trouble of collecting the assets, but also his trouble and responsibility in distributing them in due course of administration. It is therefore enacted that one half of such commission shall be payable to and returned by such Administrator General upon the collection of the assets, and the other half thereof the Administrator General, who shall distribute any assets in the due course of administration, and may be retained by him upon such distribution. The amount of the commission lawfully returned by an Administrator General upon the distribution of assets, shall be deemed a distribution in the due course of administration within the meaning of this Act.

53. The Governor General of India in Council may, from time to time, order the rate of commission heretofore authorized to be received by the Administrator General of Bengal to be raised to any rate not exceeding five per centum upon the amount or value of the assets which he shall collect and distribute in due course of administration and again to be reduced.
- Commission of the Administrator General of Bengal may be raised and again reduced*
- The Governments of the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay respectively may, with the sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, from time to time, order the aforesaid rate of commission heretofore authorized to be received by the Administrators General of Madras and Bombay respectively to be reduced and again to be raised: Provided that the commission so to be received shall not at any time exceed five per centum of the sum collected, and that no person now holding the office of Administrator General of Bengal, Madras, or Bombay, shall, by any such order, be deprived of the right to receive and retain, for his own use, a commission at the rate of three per centum in respect of all assets collected and actually administered by him.
54. No person other than the Administrator General acting officially shall receive or retain any commission or agency charges for any thing done as executor or administrator under any probate or letters of administration, or let in at all liquidated bona, which have been granted by the Supreme Court or High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal since the passing of Act No. VII of 1819 (for the appointment of an Administrator General in Bengal), or by either of the Supreme or High Courts of Judicature at Madras and Bombay since the passing of Act No. II of 1850, (to amend and extend the Madras and Bombay Act No. VII of 1819), or which have been or shall be granted by any Court of competent jurisdiction within the meaning of Sections 187 and 190 of the Indian Succession Act, 1865, but this enactment shall not prevent any executor or other person from having the benefit of any legacy bequeathed to him in his character of executor, or by way of commission or otherwise.
- Commission or agency not to be charged by executor or administrator or other than Administrator General*
- Administrator General in Bengal, or by either of the Supreme or High Courts of Judicature at Madras and Bombay since the passing of Act No. II of 1850, (to amend and extend the Madras and Bombay Act No. VII of 1819), or which have been or shall be granted by any Court of competent jurisdiction within the meaning of Sections 187 and 190 of the Indian Succession Act, 1865, but this enactment shall not prevent any executor or other person from having the benefit of any legacy bequeathed to him in his character of executor, or by way of commission or otherwise.*
- Request in favour of executors not affected*

PART VI.—Miscellaneous.

55. The Government shall have power, from time to time, to make and alter any general rules and orders consistent with the provisions of this Act, for the safe custody of the assets and securities which shall come to the hands or possession of the Administrator General, and for the remittance to the India Office of all sums of money which shall be payable or belong to persons resident in Europe, or in other places where such remittances shall be required, and generally for the guidance and government of the Administrator General in the discharge of his duties; and may, by such rules and orders, amongst other things, direct what books, accounts, and statements, in addition to those mentioned in this Act, shall be kept by the Administrator General, and in what form the same shall be kept, and what entries the same shall contain, and where the same shall be kept, and where and how the assets and securities belonging to estates to be administered by such Administrator General shall be kept and invested or deposited pending the administration thereof, and how and at what rate or rates of exchange any remittances thereof shall be made. Unless any such rules shall be made and published, the rules now in force in each of the said Presidencies, so far as the same are not inconsistent with this Act, shall be of the same force and effect as if the same had been made and published under this Act.
- Government may make and alter rules and orders consistent with this Act—*
- In custody of assets*
- For remittance of money*
- For guidance of Administrator General*
- Proviso as to rules now in force*
56. Such orders shall be published in the Gazette of India, the Fort St. George Gazette, or the Bombay Government Gazette, as the case may be, and it shall be the duty of the several Administrators General to obey and fulfil the same, and the same shall be a full authority and indemnity for all persons acting in pursuance thereof.
57. Any order which shall be made under this Act by any Court shall have the same effect and be executed in the same manner as a decree.
- Publication of orders, &c.*
- Orders of the Court to have same effect and to be executed in same manner as a decree*

56. Whoever, having been sworn, or having taken a solemn affirmation under this Act, shall upon any examination authorized by this Act, make a statement which is false, and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true, shall be deemed to have intentionally given false evidence in a stage of a judicial proceeding.

59. All assets in the official charge of the Administrator General of any of the said Presidencies, and which now appear, or shall hereafter appear, from the official books and accounts of the Ecclesiastical Registrar and of the Administrator General of any of those Presidencies, or from the official books and accounts of any of those officers, to have been in official custody for a period of fifteen years or upwards without any claim thereto having been made and allowed, shall be transferred and paid to the Controller General of Accounts or to the Adjutant General, to the Government of Port St. George or Bombay, as the case may be, and be carried to the account and credit of the Government of India for general purposes of Government and the receipt of the said Controller General or Accountant General, as the case may be, shall be a full indemnity and discharge to the said Administrator General for any such transfer or payment. Provided that this Act shall not authorize the transfer or payment of any such proceeds as aforesaid, pending any suit already instituted or which shall be hereafter instituted in respect thereof.

Proviso

Provision

60. If any claim shall be hereafter made to any part of the securities, monies or proceeds which shall be carried to the account or credit of the Government of India under the provisions of this Act, and if such claim shall be established to the satisfaction of the Controller General or the Accountant General to the Government of Fort St. George or Bombay, as the case may be, the Government of India shall pay to the claimant the amount of the principal so carried to the credit and account of the said Government of India, or so much thereof as shall appear to be due to the claimant. If the claim shall not be established to the satisfaction of the said Controller General or Accountant General, as the case may be, the claimant may apply by petition to the High Court at the presidency Town against the Secretary of State for India, and after taking evidence, either orally or on affidavit, in a summary way, as the said Court shall think fit the said Court shall make such order on the petition for the payment of such portion of the said principal as justice shall require, and such order shall be binding on all parties to the suit.

61. Whenever any person other than a Hindu, Muhammadan or Buddhist or a person exempted under the Indian Succession Act, 1865, Section 230, takes the execution of that Act shall be a will, or appoints an Officer under the provisions of the Indian Succession Act, 1865, Section 230, to take and keep possession of the same, until the Administrator General shall have obtained letters of administration or until some other person shall have obtained such letters or a certificate from the Administrator General under the provisions of this Act, when the property shall be delivered over to the person obtaining such letters of administration or certificate, or, in the event of a Will being discovered, to the person who may obtain probate of the Will.

62. Nothing in this Act is intended to require the Administrator General to take proceedings to obtain letters of administration to the estate or effects of any officer or soldier or other person subject to any Articles of War, unless when the Administrator General shall be duly authorized or required so to do by the Military Secretary to Government or by a Committee of Adjustment, other officers or persons acting under any law for the time being in force relating to the payment of Regimental debts; nor is anything in this Act contained intended to interfere with or alter the provisions of any Act of Parliament for regulating the payment of regimental debts, and the distribution of the effects of officers and soldiers dying in the service of Her Majesty in India, or of any Articles of War.

63. Nothing contained in the Indian Succession Act, 1865, or the Indian Companies' Act, 1886, shall be taken to supersede or affect the rights, duties and privileges of the Administrators General and Officiating Administrators General of Bengal, Madras and Bombay, respectively.

64. It shall be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council to appoint a Deputy Administrator General for all or any of the territories which are or shall for the time being be respectively under the Governments of the said Lieutenant Governors of the North-Western Provinces and the Punjab, and under the administrations of the Chief Commissioners of Oudh and the Central Provinces, and the provisions contained in this Act, as to the Administrator General of Bengal, shall apply to any Deputy Administrator General so appointed, save that in such case this Act shall be construed in the North-Western Provinces, Oudh, and the Central Provinces as if the High Court of Judicature for the North-Western Provinces of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, and in the Punjab, as if the Chief Court of the Punjab were substituted for the High Court of Judicature at Fort William.

SCHEDULE

Number of Act	Title	Extent of repeal
VIII. of 1855.	An Act to amend the law relating to the office and duties of Administrator General.	The whole Act.
XXVI of 1855	An Act to facilitate the payment of small deposits in Government Savings Banks to the representatives of the deceased depositors.	Section 4
XXVI of 1860	An Act to amend Act VIII of 1855 relating to the office and duties of Administrator General.	The whole Act.
IV. of 1865.	An Act to exempt the estates of deceased officers and soldiers delivered over to the Administrator General of Bengal, Madras or Bombay, from the operation of the 26th section of Act No. VIII of 1865.	The whole Act.
X of 1865	The Indian Succession Act, 1865	Section 330.
XXV. of 1860	An Act to transfer to the Government of India certain securities and monies deposited in the High Courts of Judicature at Fort William, Madras and Bombay, and in the Supreme Court of the Straits Settlement, and the proceeds of certain estates in the charge of the Administrator General of Bengal	So much of the Act relates to the Administrator General of Bengal.

REGULATION OF PRINTING PRESSES AND NEWSPAPERS.

ACT No. XXV OF 1867

An Act for the Regulation of Printing Presses and Newspapers, for the preservation of copies of books printed in British India, and for the registration of such books [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 22nd March 1867]

Whereas it is expedient to provide for the regulations of printing-presses and of periodicals containing news, for the preservation of three copies of every book printed or lithographed in British India, and for the registration of such books, It is hereby enacted as follows

PART I.—Preliminary.

Interpretation clause 1. In this Act—unless there shall be something repugnant in the subject or context—
 "Book" includes every volume, part or division of a volume, and pamphlet, in any language, and every sheet of music, map, chart, or plan separately printed or lithographed
 "British India" means the territories which are or shall be vested in Her Majesty or Her Successors by the Statute 21 & 22 Vic., cap. 106 (An Act for the better Government of India) other than the Settlement of Prince of Wales Island, Singapore, and Malacca.

"Magistrate"

"Magistrate" means any person exercising the full powers of a Magistrate, and includes a Magistrate of Police and a Justice of the Peace.

Number.
Gen. 101

Words in the singular include the plural and vice versa words denoting the masculine gender include females

And in every part of British India to which this Act shall extend, "Local Government" shall mean the person authorized by law to administer Executive Government in such part, and includes a Chief Commissioner.

2. Act No. XI. of 1835 is hereby repealed, (except so far as it repeals any regulations, and the plans to acts done, offences committed, and liabilities incurred, before the passing of this Act. In any territory acquired by the East India Company or Her Majesty since the passing of the said Act No. XI. of 1835, such Act shall, so far only as regards acts, punishments, and fines purporting to have been done, inflicted and levied thereunder, be deemed to have been in force from the date of such acquisition up to the date of passing this Act.

PART II—Of Printing Presses and Newspapers.

Every printed book or paper to be printed by printer and publisher

8. Every book or paper printed within British India shall have printed legibly on it the name of the printer and the place of printing, and (if the book or paper be published) of the publisher, and the title or of publication.

Keeper of printing press to make declaration

4. No person shall within British India keep in his possession any press for the printing of books or papers who shall not have made and submitted the following declaration before the Magistrate within whose local jurisdiction such press may be

"I, A. B. declare, that I have a press for printing at And this last blank shall be filled up with a true and precise description of the place where such press may be situated

Rules as to publication of printed works containing public news

5. No printed periodical work, containing public news or comments on public news shall be published in British India, except in conformity with the rules hereinafter laid down

(1) The printer and the publisher of every such periodical work shall appear before the Magistrate within whose local jurisdiction such work shall be published, and shall make and subscribe, in duplicate, the following declaration:

"I, A. B. declare, that I am the printer (or publisher, or printer and publisher) of the periodical work entitled— and printed (or published, or printed and published, as the case may be) at— And the last blank in this form of declaration shall be filled up with a true and precise account of the premises where the printing or publication is conducted

(2) As often as the place of printing or publication is changed, a new declaration shall be necessary

(3) As often as the printer or the publisher, who shall have made such declaration as is aforesaid shall leave British India, a new declaration from a printer or publisher resident within the said territories shall be necessary.

6. Each of the two originals of every declaration so made and subscribed as is aforesaid, shall be authenticated by the signature and official seal of the Magistrate before whom the said declaration shall have been made. One of the said originals shall be deposited among the records of the office of the Magistrate, and the other shall be deposited among the records of the High Court of Judicature or other Court within the local limits of whose ordinary original jurisdiction the said declaration shall have been made. The officer in charge of each original shall allow any persons to inspect that original on payment of a fee of one rupee, and shall give to any person applying a copy of the said declaration, attested by the seal of the Court which has the custody of the original, on payment of a fee of two rupees.

Inspection and copies of declaration

7. In any legal proceeding whatever, as well Civil as Criminal, the production of a copy of such declaration as is aforesaid, attested by the seal of some Court empowered by this Act to have the custody of such declarations shall be held (unless the contrary be proved) to be sufficient evidence, as against the person whose name shall be subscribed to such declaration, that the said person was printer or publisher, or printer and publisher (according as the words of the said declaration may be) of every portion of every periodical work whereof the title shall correspond with the title of the periodical work mentioned in the declaration.

8. Provided always, that any person who may have subscribed any such declaration as is aforesaid, and who may subsequently cease to be printer or publisher of the periodical work mentioned in such declaration, may appear before any Magistrate, and make and subscribe in duplicate the following declaration —

“I, A B, declare, that I have ceased to be the printer (or publisher, or printer and publisher) of the periodical work entitled

Each original of the latter declaration shall be authenticated by the signature and seal of the Magistrate before whom the said latter declaration shall have been made and one original of the said latter declaration shall be filed along with each original of the former declaration, the officer in charge of each original of the latter declaration, shall allow any person applying to inspect that original on the payment of a fee of one rupee, and shall give to any person applying a copy of the said latter declaration attested by the seal of the Court having custody of the original, on payment of the same sum. In all trials in which copy, attested as is aforesaid, of the former declaration shall have been put in evidence it shall be lawful to put in evidence a copy, attested as is aforesaid, of the latter declaration, and the former declaration shall in the latter declaration be stated that the declaration was, at any period subsequent to the date of the latter declaration printer or publisher of the periodical work therein mentioned.

PART III. *Declarations.*

9. Three printed or lithographed copies of the whole of every book which shall be printed or lithographed in British India after this Act shall come into force, together with all maps, prints, or other engravings belonging thereto, finished and coloured in the same manner as the best copies of the same shall be produced, and also of any second or subsequent edition shall be accompanied with any additions or alterations, whether the same shall be in letter press or in the maps, prints, or other engravings belonging thereto, and whether the first edition of such book shall have been produced before or after this Act shall come into force, shall within one calendar month after the day on which any such book shall first be delivered out of the press, and notwithstanding any agreement (if the book be published) between the printer and publisher thereof to be delivered by the printer bound, sewed, or stitched together, and upon the best paper on which the same shall be printed or lithographed, at such place and to such officer as the Local Government shall, by notification in the official Gazette, from time to time direct. The publisher or other person employing the printer shall at a reasonable time before the expiration of the said month, supply him with all maps, prints, and engravings, finished and coloured as aforesaid, which may be necessary to enable him to comply with the requirements aforesaid. Nothing in the former part of this Section shall apply to any periodical work published in conformity with the rules laid down in Section 5 of this Act.

10. Such officer shall thereupon give a receipt in writing for the copies so received, and, if the book is for sale to the public, shall, on the publication thereof, pay the publisher for the same copies at the rate at which the book shall be *bona fide* sold for cash to the public.

11. One of such copies shall be transmitted to the Secretary of State for India, another copy shall be disposed of as the Governor General of India in Council shall from time to time, by general or special order, direct, and the remaining copy shall, after a

memorandum containing the particulars hereinafter mentioned respecting the book shall have been registered as hereinafter provided, be deposited in such public library, or be otherwise disposed of, as the Local Government shall from time to time determine.

PART IV.—Penalties.

12. Whoever shall print or publish any book or paper otherwise than in conformity with the rule contained in Section 3 of this Act, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished by fine not exceeding five thousand rupees, or by simple imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or by both

Penalty for printing contrary to rule in section 3

13. Whoever shall keep in his possession any such press as aforesaid, without making such a declaration as is required by Section 4 of this Act, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished by fine not exceeding five thousand rupees, or by simple imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or by both.

Penalty for keeping press without making declaration required by section 4

14. Any person who shall, in making any declaration under the authority of this Act, make a statement which is false and which he either knows or believes to be false, or does not believe to be true, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished by fine not exceeding five thousand rupees, and imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years

Punishment for making false statement

15. Whoever shall print or publish any such periodical work as is hereinbefore described, without conforming to the rules hereinbefore laid down, or whoever shall print or publish, or shall cause, to be printed or published, any such periodical work, knowing that the said rules have not been observed with respect to that work, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with fine not exceeding five thousand rupees, or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or both.

Penalty for printing or publishing periodicals without conforming to rules

16. If any printer of any such book as is referred to in Section 9 of this Act, or of any second or subsequent edition of any such book, shall neglect to deliver three copies of the same pursuant to this Act, he shall for every such default, forfeit, besides the value of the copies which he ought to have delivered, a sum not exceeding fifty rupees, to be recovered by the said officer, on conviction before a person exercising any of the powers of a Magistrate. If any publisher or other person employing any such printer shall neglect to supply him in manner aforesaid with the maps, prints, or engravings, finished and coloured as aforesaid, which may be necessary to enable him to comply with the provisions of the same Section, such publisher or other person shall, for every such default, forfeit, besides the value of the said maps, prints, or engravings which he ought to have supplied, a sum not exceeding the said amount, and such sum shall be recovered in manner last aforesaid.

Penalty for non delivery of books

17. All pecuniary penalties imposed under this Act may be recovered, if for offences committed outside the local limits of the towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, in the manner prescribed by the Code of Criminal Procedure, and if for offences committed within those limits, in the manner prescribed by any Act for regulating the Police of such towns in force for the time being. All such penalties shall be disposed of as the Local Government shall from time to time direct.

Mode of recovering fines

PART V.—Registration of Books.

18. There shall be kept at such office, and by such officer as the Local Government shall appoint in this behalf, a book to be called a Catalogue of Books printed in British India, wherein shall be registered a memorandum of every book which shall have been delivered pursuant to Section 9 of this Act. Such memorandum shall (so far as may be practicable) contain the following particulars (that is to say).—

Registration of memoranda of books

(1).—The title of the book and the contents of the title-page, with a translation into English of such title and contents, when the same are not in the English language

- (2).—The language in which the book is written :
- (3).—The name of the author, translator, or editor of the book or any part thereof :
- (4).—The subject :
- (5).—The place of printing and the place of publication :
- (6).—The name or firm of the printer and the name or firm of the publisher :
- (7).—The date of issue from the press or of the publication :
- (8).—The number of sheets, leaves, or pages.
- (9).—The size :
- (10).—The first, second, or other number of the edition :
- (11).—The number of copies of which the edition consists :
- (12).—Whether the book is printed or lithographed
- (13).—The price at which the book is sold to the public, and
- (14).—The name and residence of the proprietor of the copyright or of any portion of such copyright.

Such memorandum shall be made and registered in the case of each book as soon as practicable after the delivery of the copies thereof in manner aforesaid. Every registration under this Section shall, upon payment of the sum of two rupees to the officer keeping the said Catalogue, be deemed to be an entry in the Book of Registry kept under Act No. XX. of 1847 (*for the encouragement of learning in the Territories subject to the government of the East India Company, by depositing and providing for the enforcement of the right called copyright therein*), and the provisions contained in that Act as to the said Book of Registry shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to the said Catalogue.

19. The memoranda registered during such quarter in the said Catalogue shall be published in the local *Gazette*, as soon as may be after the end of such quarter, and a copy of the memoranda so published shall be sent to the said Secretary of State, and to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department respectively.

PART VI.—Miscellaneous.

20. The Local Government shall have power to make such rules as may be necessary or desirable for carrying out the objects of this Act, and from time to time to repeal, alter, and add to such rules. All such rules, and all repeals and alterations thereof, and additions thereto, shall be published in the local *Gazette*.

21. The Governor General of India in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, exclude any class of books from the operation of the whole or any part or parts of this Act.

22. Part III., and Section 16, and part V., of this Act shall remain in force until the Governor General of India in Council shall declare to the contrary by notification in the *Gazette of India*.

23. This Act shall come into operation on the first day of July 1867.

STAMP DUTIES AMENDMENT ACT.

ACT No. XXVI OF 1867

An Act to Amend the law relating to Stamp Duties. [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 27th March 1867.]

Whereas it is expedient to amend the law relating to Stamp Duties; It is hereby enacted as follows.—

Preamble

1. In this Act—unless there be something repugnant in the subject interpretation clause or context.

“High Court” means the highest Court of appeal in every part of British India to which this Act extends.

“High Court”

"Immoveable property" includes land and every benefit to arise out of land, and things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to anything which is attached to the earth

"Moveable property" means property of every description except immoveable property.

2. The exception at the beginning of Section 30 of Act No. X. of 1862 (to consolidate and amend the law relating to stamp duties) shall not apply to the High Court of Judicature of the North-Western Provinces of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, and Section 2 of Act No. XX of 1862, as continued by Act No. XXXII. of 1868, shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to the same Court.

3. Section 2 of this Act shall be deemed to have had and to have effect as if it were part of an Act which had actually passed and received the assent of the Governor General of India on the 13th day of June 1860.

4. Section 133 and 150 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and the following words in Section 193 of the same Code—"The application may be made either orally or by writing on unstamped paper"—are hereby repealed.

5. In the said Act No. X of 1862, Schedule A shall be read as if at the end of Article 43 the following clause were added (that is to say) —

If the letter or power of attorney be made for the sole purpose of appointing or nominating a proxy to vote at any one meeting of the proprietors or shareholders of or in any Joint Stock Company, or other Company or Society whose stock of funds is or are divided into shares and transferable ..

Schedule substituted 6. In the same Act, for Schedule B, the following shall be substituted. —

SCHEDULE B

Appeal—*see* Petitions.

Application—*see* Petition.

1. Bond or other obligation, whether the money secured or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon shall be limited or unlimited, when given by the direction of any Court or Revenue Authority

EXEMPTION.

1. Bail-bonds in criminal cases, recognizances to prosecute or give evidence, and personal recognizances for appearance or otherwise.

2. Certificate granted under Act XXVII of 1860 (for facilitating the collection of debts on successions, and for the security of parties paying debts to the representatives of deceased persons), or under Regulation VIII of 1827 of the Bombay Code (to provide for the formal recognition of heirs, Executors, and Administrators, and for the appointment of Administrators and Managers of property by the Courts), or under Act XL of 1854 (for making better provision for the care of the persons and property of minors in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal), if the debt or other property in respect to which the certificate is granted is sworn not to exceed 500 Rs. in amount or value.

If the property is sworn to exceed 500 Rs. but not to exceed 1,000 Rs.

And for every additional 1,000 Rs. or fraction of 1,000 Rs.

The person to whom any such certificate is granted under the said Act XXVII of 1860, or his representative, shall, after the expiration of twelve months from the date of such certificate, and thereafter whenever the Court which granted the certificate shall require him so to do, file a statement of all moneys recovered or realized by him under such certificate, and if the moneys so recovered or realized shall exceed the amount of the debts or other property as sworn to by the

Rupces. Annas.

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Rupces Annas.

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person to whom the certificate is granted, the Court may cancel the same, and order such person to take out a fresh certificate on the stamp prescribed by this Article for such excess. In default of filing such statement within the time allowed, the Court may cancel the certificate.

8. Copy of Decree or Order having the force of a Decree—
When passed by the High Court
When passed by any Civil Court, other than a High Court,
or by any Revenue Court—

If the decree or order purports to determine a claim
which the subject-matter is 50 rupees or less than 50 rupees
in amount or value

If such amount or value exceeds 50 rupees

4. Copy or translation of a judgment or order not being,
or having the force of a decree—

When passed by High Court

When passed by any Civil Court, other than the High
Court, or by any Revenue Court, or by the Board of Revenue,
or by any Chief Commissioner or other chief Revenue or
Executive authority, or by any Commissioner of Circuit, or
any chief officer charged with the executive Administration
of a Division—

If the subject to which the judgment or orders refers is 5
rupees or less than 50 rupees in amount or value

If such amount or value exceed 50 rupees

5. Copy of any Revenue or Judicial proceeding or Order
not provided for in Articles 3 and 4, or copy of any account,
statement, report, or the like, taken out of any Civil or Crimi-
nal Court, or any Revenue Court or Office, or any office of
any Commissioner of Circuit, or any chief officer charged
with the executive administration of a Division—per sheet

Express Annas.

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(The same Stamp
as the original,
when such Stamp
does not exceed 8
annas, otherwise a
Stamp of 8 annas
per sheet. Pro-
vided that the
stamp-duty on
the copy shall
never exceed the
stamp-duty on the
original.

6. Copy of any Deed, Instrument, or Writing, stamped in
accordance with Schedule A annexed to this Act, when let
by any party to a suit or Proceedings in place of the original
withdrawn.

EXEMPTION.

Copy of any such Deed, Instrument, or Writing, when the
original does not require a Stamp under the said Schedule A

7. Mukhtarnama, Wakulatanama, and other power, filed
or presented for the conduct of any one case in any Court, or
before any Revenue or Executive Authority—

When presented to the High Court, the Board of Revenue,
the Chief Commissioner or other Chief Revenue or Execu-
tive Authority

When presented to a Commissioner of Revenue or Circuit,
or to any chief officer charged with the executive adminis-
tration of a Division, or to a Commissioner of Customs, not
being the Chief Revenue or Executive Authority

When presented to any Court, Civil, or Criminal, other
than the High Court, or to any Revenue Court, or to any
Collector or Magistrate, or other Revenue or Executive Of-
ficer, not being an authority already provided for by this
Article

Rupees. Annas.

2 0

EXEMPTIONS.

Mukhtarnamas executed by an Officer or Soldier of the
Army.

No advocate of any High Court shall be required to file or present a Mukhtarnama or Wakalatnama, or any other document empowering him to act. Rupees Annas.

8. Petition of appeal not being from an Order rejecting a plaint, or from a Decree or Order having the force of a Decree—

When presented to the High Court

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When presented to any Civil Court other than the High Court, or to any Revenue Court, other than the Board of Revenue.

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9. Petition of Appeal when presented to the Board of Revenue, or to the Chief Commissioner, or any other Chief Revenue or Executive Authority.

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10. Any other petition, and any application—

When presented to the High Court

2 0

When presented to the Board of Revenue or to the Chief Commissioner or other Chief Revenue or Executive Authority, or to the Commissioner of Revenue or Circuit, or to any chief officer charged with the executive administration of a Division

When presented to any Criminal Court when the petition or application contains a complaint of the offence of wrongful confinement or wrongful restraint, or of any offence other than an offence for which Police officers may arrest without warrant, as specified in column 3 of the Schedule annexed to the Code of Criminal Procedure

When presented to any Civil Court other than a principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction, or to any Cantonment Joint Magistrate sitting as a Court of Civil Judicature under Act III. of 1859 (for conferring Civil Jurisdiction in certain cases upon Cantonment Joint Magistrates, and for constituting those Officers, *Judges of Districts*), or to any Court of Small Causes constituted under Act XI. of 1855 (to consolidate and amend the law relating to Courts of Small Causes beyond the local limits of the ordinary original Civil jurisdiction of the High Courts of Judicature), or to a Collector or officer of revenue in relation to any suit or case in which the amount or value of the subject-matter is less than 50 Rupees

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When presented to the Collector of Customs at any Presidency town, to any Municipal Commissioner, or to any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, under Act XIV. of 1856, or any other Act for the time being in force for the conservancy and improvement of any Presidency town.

When presented to any Civil, Criminal, or Revenue Court, or any Board of Revenue, or any Commissioner of Revenue or Circuit, or any chief officer charged with the executive administration of a Division for a copy or for a translation of any judgment, decree, or order, or other document or record.

Petition or application not falling within any of the other provisions, or of the exemptions of this Schedule, presented to a Civil, Criminal, or Revenue Court, or to any Collector or other Revenue Authority, or any Magistrate in his executive capacity

0 8

EXEMPTIONS.

A first application for the summons of a witness or other person to attend either to give evidence or to produce a document, or in respect of the production or filing of any exhibit.

Petition of appeal presented to a Magistrate against the Chukidari Assessment.

Petition to a Collector or Officer making a settlement, relating to matters connected with the assessment of lands the ascertainment of rights, or to any other matters affecting the settlement of the Government Revenue on land, if presented pending the formation of such settlement.

Petition to a Board or Commissioner of Revenue relating to the same.

Any application for permission to cut timber in Government forests, or relating to such forests.

Petition, application, charge, or information respecting any offence when presented, made, or laid before an officer of Police, or before the heads of villages in the Presidency of Fort St. George, or before village Police officers in the Presidency of Bombay.

Any such petition, application, charge, or information presented, made, or laid before a Criminal Court, when such Court shall think that it ought to be exempted from stamp-duty.

Petition from any prisoner, convict, or other person in duress, or under restraint of any Court or its Officers.

11. **PLAIN OR APPEAL**, Petition if in suits and appeals not otherwise provided for, instituted in any Civil or Revenue Court outside the local limits of the ordinary original Civil jurisdiction of the Courts established by Royal Charter, for the recovery of any sum of money, or to obtain possession of any interest, matter, or thing—

If the amount or value of the property claimed does not exceed 10 Rs

If it exceeds 10 Rs and does not exceed 100 Rs

Rupees Annas.

I 0

1 Rupee plus 8 annas per 5 Rupees or fraction of 5 Rupees of the difference between 10 Rupees and the amount or value sued for.

Illustration.

Where the amount or value is Rupees 328, the duty is Rupees 3-8.

If it exceeds 100 Rs. and does not exceed 1,000 Rs.

1 Rupee per 10 Rupees or fraction of 10 Rupees.

Illustration.

Where the amount or value is Rupees 485-3, the duty is Rupees 49.

1,000

20,000

150 Rupees plus 5 Rupees per 100 Rupees or fraction of 100 Rupees of the difference between 1,000 Rupees and the amount or value sued for.

Illustration.

Where the amount or value is Rupees 1,250-8 the duty is Rupees 115.

20,000

1,00,000 "

1,050 Rupees plus 1 Rupee per 100 Rupees or fraction of 100 Rupees of the difference between 10,000 Rupees and the amount or value sued for.

Illustration.

[Where the amount or value is Rupees 43,450-8, the duty is Rupees 1 285.

If it exceeds 100 Rs and does not exceed . . . 1,00,000 Rs.] 1,850 Rupees plus 8 annas per 100 Rupees or fraction of 100 Rupees of the difference between 1,00,00 Rupees and the amount or value sued for

Illustration.

[Where the amount or value is Rupees 5,93,150 8, the duty is Rs. 4,816.

Rupees Annas.

0	4
0	8
1	0

The same Stamp as for a suit in any other Court.

A Stamp of one-fourth the value prescribed in the foregoing scale.

If the suit be instituted in a Military Court of Requests, or in the Court of a Cantonment Joint Magistrate under the said Act III of 1859, or in a Court of Small Causes established under Section 6 of Act XXII of 1861 (to make provision for the administration of military cantonments) and the amount or value claimed does not exceed 8 Rs

If it exceeds 8 Rupees, and does not exceed 16 Rupees

If it exceeds 16 Rupees and does not exceed 30 Rupees

If it exceeds 30 Rupees .

In suits for possession instituted under Section 15 Act XIV of 1819, and applications for immediate possession under Section 1, clause 2 of Act No. XVI of 1838, and Act No 5 of 1864, passed by the Governor of Bombay in Council . . .

Note—(a) In suits for immovable property whether paying or not paying revenue to Government, the amount of stamp duty payable shall be computed according to the market value of the property in suit. In suits for immovable property paying revenue to Government, where the settlement is temporary, eight times the revenue so payable, and where the settlement is permanent, ten times the revenue so payable, and in suits for immovable property not paying revenue to Government twenty times the annual net profits of such property, shall be taken to be the market-value thereof, unless and until the contrary shall be proved.

SPECIAL RULES FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

(1). In the case of lands held on a settlement for a period not exceeding thirty years and paying the full assessment to Government a sum equal to eight times the survey assessment shall be taken to be the market-value.

(2). In case of lands held on a permanent settlement or on a settlement for any period exceeding thirty years and paying the full assessment to Government, a sum equal to ten times the survey assessment shall be taken to be the market-value.

(3). When the whole or any part of the annual survey assessment is remitted, the valuation calculated by the preceding rules shall be increased by ten times the portion of assessment remitted.

(b) In all other descriptions of suits, the amount of stamp-duty payable shall be computed in the following manner—

(1) In suits for moveable property (other than money), according to the market-value of the subject matter of the suit at the date of filing the plaint, or where the subject-matter has no market-value, as, for instance, in the case of documents relating to title, or accounts, the amount at which

the subject-matter shall be estimated in the petition of plaint or appeal.

(2) In suits for money (other than suits under Act No. XV of 1865, or Act No. XXI. of 1865), in which it is not possible to estimate at a money-value the subject-matter of the suit.

Rupees Annas.

10 0

(3) In suits for money (including suits for damages and compensation), according to the amount claimed.

In order to ascertain the market-value or the annual net profits of any such property of any such property as is described in *Notes (a)* and in *Notes (b)*, the Court may either of its own motion or on the application of any party to the suit issue a commission to any proper person, directing him to make such local or other investigation as may be necessary, and to report thereon to the Court, and the decision of the Court as to market-value or annual net profits shall be final. If in the result of any such investigation, the Court shall find that the market-value or net profits has or have been erroneously estimated for the purpose of computing the stamp-duty, the Court shall either (as the case may be) refund the excess paid as such duty, or require the plaintiff to pay so much additional stamp duty as would have been payable had the said market-value or net profits been correctly estimated, and in such case the suit shall be stayed until the additional duty shall have been paid.

Section 180 of the Code of Civil Procedure shall be construed as if the words "the market-value of any property in suit or" were inserted after the word "ascertaining," and as if the words "or annual net profits" were inserted after the word "damages."

(c) In suits for mesne profits or for immoveable property and mesne profits, if the profits decreed are in excess of the profits claimed, the decree shall not be executed until the difference between the stamp duty actually paid and the stamp duty which would have been payable had the suit comprised the whole of the profits so decreed, shall have been paid to the proper officer. Such difference shall be calculated by the Court according to the rules above mentioned and shall be costs in the suit.

(d) If an appeal or plaint, which shall have been rejected by the lower Court on any of the grounds mentioned in the Code of Civil Procedure, shall be ordered to be received, or if a suit shall be remanded in appeal on any of the grounds mentioned in Section 351 of the same Code, for a second decision by the lower Court, the Appellate Court shall grant to the appellant a certificate, authorizing him to receive back from the Collector the full amount of stamp duty paid on the petition of appeal. Provided that, if, in the case of a remand in appeal, the order of remand shall not cover the whole of the subject-matter of the suit, the certificate so granted shall not authorize the appellant to receive back more than so much duty as would have been originally payable on the part or parts of such subject-matter in respect whereof the suit has been remanded.

(e) When any appeal shall be presented to a Civil Court, not against the whole of a decision, but only against so much thereof as relates to a part or parts of the subject-matter of the suit, and on the hearing of such appeal, the respondent shall take, under Section 348 of the Code of Civil Procedure, an objection to any part of the said decision other than the part appealed against, the Court shall not hear such objection, until the respondent shall have paid the additional stamp duty which would have been payable had the appeal comprised the part of the decision so objected to. Such additional stamp duty shall be calculated by the Court according to the rules abovementioned, and shall be costs in the suit.

GENERAL RULE.—If the subject-matter of any plaint, written statement, petition, or copy of a decree or order cannot be conveniently comprised within one Stamp Paper of the value prescribed by this Schedule, one or more additional pieces of paper may be used bearing a Stamp of the value required for petitions. This Rule does not apply to copies of Judgments, any additional pieces of paper required for such copies need not be stamped.

7. When the first or only examination of a person who complains of the offence of wrongful confinement, or of wrongful restraint or of any offence other than an offence for which police officers may arrest without a warrant, as specified in the 3rd column of the Schedule annexed to the Code of Criminal Procedure, and who has not already presented a petition stamped as required by Article 10 of Section 6 of this Act, shall be reduced to writing under the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, such examination shall be written upon stamp-paper of the value of one rupee to be supplied by the complainant, unless the Court shall think fit to write such examination upon plain paper.

8. Sections 1, 5, 6, and 7 of this Act shall be read with and taken as part of the said Act No. X of 1862 provided that nothing contained in these Sections shall have a retrospective operation.

9. Nothing in this Act shall affect Act No. XVIII of 1865 (to amend Act No. V of 1863) or any order passed thereunder and nothing in this Act shall affect the stamps or fees leviable under the Indian Succession Act, 1865, the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1865, the Native Converts' Marriage Dissolution Act 1866, nor any other stamp or fee leviable on any application, bond, certificate, copy, petition, power, or translation not hereinbefore expressly provided for.

THE CENTRAL PROVINCES LAW COURTS.

ACT NO. XXVII OF 1867

An Act to empower Deputy Commissioners in the Central Provinces the Punjab, Oudh and the Thana Division to distribute the business in Subordinate Courts [Received the sanction of the Governor General on the 22nd March]

PETTY SESSIONS' COURTS IN THE N. W. PROVINCES.

ACT NO. XXVIII OF 1867

An Act to remove doubts as to the legality of certain sentences passed by tribunals, called Petty Sessions' Courts in the N. W. Provinces [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 22nd March 1867]

LICENSE TAX ACT AMENDMENT.

ACT NO. XXIX. OF 1867.

An Act to explain and amend Act No. XXIX. of 1867. [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 13th June, 1867]

Whereas it is expedient to explain and amend Act No. XXI. of 1867 (for the *licensing of Professions and Trades*); It is hereby enacted as follows—

Preamble
New Section substituted for Section 10 and 11 of Act XXI of 1867

10. The Collector
Collector to determine licenses and their class

11. As soon as may be
Annual list of licenses

Such list shall state—

- (1)—The profession or trade of each of the persons therein named.
- (2)—The class under which he is assessed, and
- (3)—The sum to be paid for his license.

1. Sections 10 and 11 of the said Act are hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof respectively shall be substituted the following (that is to say) —

shall from time to time determine what persons are liable to take out licenses under this Act, and under which of the classes mentioned in Schedule A to this Act annexed every such person shall be assessed

every subsequent year, the Collector shall prepare a list of the persons to be licensed under this Act in the district or place aforesaid, and may from time to time alter and add to the said list. Such list shall state—

Such list shall be filed in the office of the Collector, and the list, or such part or parts thereof as he shall think fit, shall be filed in such other places as the Collector shall direct, and shall be open to public inspection at all reasonable times without the payment of any fee."

2. In lieu of the first sentence of Section 12 of the said Act, the following shall be substituted (that is to say) "Any person named in

Sec 17 of Act XXI of 1867 amended
such list, and objecting to the class under which he is assessed, or denying his liability to be assessed under this Act shall be at liberty, if before the 15th day of June 1867 he shall have paid the sum in which he has been assessed under this Act, within thirty days of the said 15th day of June 1867, or if he pay such sum after the said 15th of June, 1867, then within thirty days from such payment to apply by petition to the Collector in order to establish his right to have his name transferred to another class or removed from the list." And Schedule C to the said Act annexed shall be read as if, for the words "persons licensed," the words "persons to be licensed" were substituted, and as if the following words were added thereto (that is to say), "[or that his name may be removed from the said list]"

Amendment of Schedule C

New Section substituted for Sec 15 of Act XXI of 1867

"15. If the Collector shall have caused a notice to be served on any person stating the class under which he has been assessed, and requiring him within seven days from the date of the service to take out a licence and to pay for the same the sum (mentioning it) payable therefor under the provisions of this Act and if the person so served shall not within the period specified in the said notice, have taken out a licence and paid for the same as required by the said notice, he shall on conviction before a Magistrate, be subject to a penalty not exceeding Rupees five hundred, and not less than the sum mentioned in such notice. Every such notice shall be deemed to be sufficiently served if left at the residence or usual place of business of the person to whom it is addressed."

4. The first two sentences of Section 10 of the said Act are hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof the following shall be substituted (that is to say) "On and after the 1st day of May 1867 every Trading

Sec 10 of Act XXI of 1867 amended
company or Association in British India, whose stock or funds are or are divided into shares and transferable, whether such Company or Association be incorporated or not, and whether its principal place of business be situate in British India or not, shall take out a licence and pay for the same such annual sum as is mentioned in Schedule B to this Act annexed. Provided that if any such Company or Association satisfy the Collector that the payment to which it is liable under this section exceeds two per cent of its profits during the year ending on the thirtieth day of April preceding the year of assessment from its operations in British India, then the Collector shall grant a licence to such Company or Association upon payment of the sum of two per cent on such profits. Provided also that for any such licence which shall be granted between the first day of November in each year and the thirtieth day of April next ensuing, there shall be paid only one-half of such annual sum, or of such sum of two per cent on such profits."

5. The provisions of the sections respectively substituted by this Act for Sections 10, 11, and 15 of the said Act apply to Trading Companies and Associations under Sections 19 of the same Act, as amended by this Act. Provided that the maximum penalty to which a Trading Company or Association shall be subject on conviction under the Section substituted by this Act for Section 15 of the said Act, shall be Rupees two thousand.

New Sections 10 and 11 and 15 to apply to Trading Companies
This Act to be read with Act XXI of 1867
6. This Act shall be read with and taken as part of the said Act No. XXI of 1867, and shall have effect as from the eighth day of March 1867.

Whereas it is expedient to explain and amend Act No. XXI. of 1867 (for the licensing of professions and Trades), it is hereby enacted as follows —

Preamble

New Section substituted for Sections 10 and 11 of Act XXI of 1867

1. Sections 10 and 11 of the said Act are hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof respectively shall be substituted the following. (that is to say) —

10. The Collector shall from time to time determine what persons are liable to take out licenses under this Act, and under which of the classes mentioned in Schedule A to this Act annexed every such person shall be assessed.

11. As soon as may be after the first day of May 1867, and the same day in every subsequent year, the Collector shall prepare a list of the persons to be licensed under this Act in the district or place aforesaid, and may from time to time alter and add to the said list. Such list shall state—

- (1)—The profession or trade of each of the persons therein named.
- (2)—The class under which he is assessed, and
- (3)—The sum to be paid for his license.

Such list shall be filed in the office of the Collector, and the list or such part or parts thereof as he shall think fit, shall be filed in such other places as the Collector shall direct and shall be open to public inspection at all reasonable times without the payment of any fee.

2. In lieu of the first sentence of Section 12 of the said Act, the following shall be substituted (that is to say) "Any person named in such list, and objecting to the class under which he is assessed or denying his liability to be assessed under this Act shall be at liberty, if before the 15th day of June 1867 he shall have paid the sum in which he has been assessed under this Act, within thirty days of the said 15th day of June 1867, or if he pay such sum after the said 15th day of June 1867, then within thirty days from such payment, to apply by petition to the Collector in order to establish his right to have his name transferred to another class or removed from the list." And Schedule C to the said Act annexed shall be read as if, for the words "persons licensed," the words "persons to be licensed" were substituted, and as if the following words were added thereto (that is to say), "[or that his name may be removed from the said list]".

Amendment of Schedule C

Section 15 of the said Act is hereby repealed, except as to offences committed and liabilities incurred before the passing of this Act, and in lieu thereof shall be substituted the following (that is to say) —

Section 15 of the said Act is hereby repealed, except as to offences committed and liabilities incurred before the passing of this Act, and in lieu thereof shall be substituted the following (that is to say) —

15. If the Collector shall have caused a notice to be served on any person stating the class under which he has been assessed, and requiring him within seven days from the date of the service to take out a license and to pay for the same the sum (mentioning it payable therefor under the provisions of this Act, and if the person so served shall not within the period specified in the said notice, have taken out a license and paid for the same as required by the said notice, he shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be subject to a penalty not exceeding Rupees five hundred, and not less than the sum mentioned in such notice. Every such notice shall be deemed to be sufficiently served if left at the residence or usual place of business of the person to whom it is addressed."

4. The first two sentences of Section 19 of the said Act are hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof the following shall be substituted (that is to say) —

19. "On and after the 1st day of May 1867 every Trading Company or Association in British India, whose stock or funds is or are divided into shares and transferable, whether such Company or Association be incorporated or not, and whether its principal place of business be situate in British India or not, shall take out a license and pay for the same such annual sum as is mentioned in Schedule B to this Act annexed. Provided that if any such Company or Association satisfy the Collector that the payment to which it is liable under this section, exceeds two per cent of its profits during the year ending on the thirtieth day of April preceding the year of assessment from its operations in British India, then the Collector shall grant a license to such Company or Association upon payment of the sum of two per cent. on such profits. Provided also that for any such license which shall be granted between the first day of November in each year and the thirtieth day of April next ensuing, there shall be paid only one half of such annual sum, or of such sum of two per cent. on such profits."

5. The provisions of the section respectively substituted by this Act for Sections 10, 11, and 15 of the said Act apply to Trading Companies and Associations under Section 19 of the same Act, as amended by this Act. Provided that the maximum penalty to which a Trading Company or Association shall be subject

New Sections 10, 11, and 15 to apply to Trading Companies

on conviction under the Section substituted by this Act for Section 15 of the said Act, shall be Rupees two thousand.

This Act to be read with Act XXI. of 1867. 6 This Act shall be read with and taken as part of the said Act No. XXI. of 1867, and shall have effect as from the eighth day of March 1867.

PAPER CURRENCY ACT AMENDMENT.

ACT NO. XXX. OF 1867.

An Act to amend Act XIX. of 1861. [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 19th June 1867.]

Whereas under Section 8 of Act XIX. of 1861 (to provide for a Government Paper Currency), the Promissory Notes of the Government of India issued under that Act are payable only at the Office, or

Preamble
Offices, or Agencies of issue of the city or town from which they are severally issued, and at the Presidency town of the Presidency within which such city or town is situated: And whereas it is expedient to empower the Governor General of India in Council to declare that for the purposes of the said Act any such city or town, other than a Presidency town, shall be deemed to be situated within such Presidency as he shall from time to time declare by Notification in the *Gazette of India*; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. It shall be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council from time to time to declare by Notification in the *Gazette of India* that any city or town (other than a Presidency town) from which Promissory Notes of the Government of India are or shall be issued under the said Act, shall, for the purposes of such Act, be deemed to be situated within such Presidency as shall be specified in that behalf in the said Notification; and thereupon such city or town shall, for the purposes of the same Act, be deemed to be situated within the Presidency so specified.

Power to transfer for purposes of Currency Act any town from one Presidency to another

This Act to be read with Act XIX. of 1861

2. This Act shall be read with and taken as part of the said Act No. XIX. of 1861.

OFFENCES BY RAILWAY SERVANTS.

ACT NO. XXXI. OF 1867.

An Act to render penal certain offences committed by servants of Railway Companies. [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 26th June 1867.]

Whereas it is expedient to extend certain provisions of the Indian Penal Code relating to public servants to persons in the employment of Railway Companies; it is hereby enacted as follows:—

Preamble

1. In this Act "Railway Company" means the proprietors for the time being of every railway or tramway situate in the territories vested in Her Majesty or her successors under the Statute 21 & 22 Vic., Cap. 106 (an Act for the better government of India), or (so far only as regards British subjects within the dominions hereinafter mentioned) situate in the dominions of Princes and States in the East Indies in alliance with Her Majesty or her successors, and the lessees, representatives, and assigns of such proprietors.

Interpretation clause
Railway Officers and servants to be public servants within meaning of Penal Code

"Government" to include a Railway Company.

Short Title.

2. Every officer and servant of Railway Company shall be deemed a public servant within the meaning of Sections 161, 162, 163, 164, and 165 of the Indian Penal Code.

3. In the definition of legal remuneration contained in the said Section 161 the word "Government" shall for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to include a Railway Company.

4. This Act shall be called "The Railway Servants' Act, 1867."

CHIEF COMMISSIONERS' POWERS.

ACT NO. XXXII. OF 1867.

An Act to enable the Governor General in Council to delegate to a Chief Commissioner powers conferred on a Local Government. [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 18th July 1867.]

REGULATION OF THE MANUFACTURE OF SALTPETRE.

ACT NO. XXXIII. OF 1867.

An Act to amend Act No XXXI. of 1861. [Received the assent of the Governor General on the 18th July 1867.]

Whereas it is expedient to amend Act No. XXXI. of 1861 (to regulate the manufacture of Saltpetre, and the sale of Salt reduced in the representation of it) it is hereby enacted as follows —

Preamble

Amendment of Act
XXXI of 1861, section 6

1. Section 6 of the said Act shall be read as if for the words "five of Rupees five hundred," the following were substituted (that is to say), "five not exceeding Rupees five hundred."

Acts by the Government of Bombay.

REDUCTION OF THE CAPITAL OF THE BANK OF BOMBAY.

ACT No. I. OF 1867

[Received the assent of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay on the 3rd March 1867, and the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 6th April 1867.]

An Act to reduce the amount of the Capital of the Bank of Bombay, and of the Shares therein, and to amend Act X. of 1863, and Act XV. of 1866 (Bombay)

Whereas the Capital of the Bank of Bombay now nominally consists of Rupees

Preamble

2,000,000 (two crores and nine lacs), divided into 20,000

(twenty thousand) fully paid up Shares of the

nominal value of Rupees 1,000 (one thousand) each, and whereas it has been considered expedient that the amount of the said Capital and of the Shares therein should be reduced, It is enacted as follows —

I. From and after the passing of this Act the Capital of the Bank of Bombay, as re-incorporated in 1863 under Act X. of 1863,

The Capital to be divided into 1,000,000 of Rupees 500 each

shall be and shall be deemed to be of the amount of Rupees 1,000,000 (one crore four lacs and fifty thousand), and shall be and shall be deemed to be divided into shares of Rupees 500 (five hundred) each, fully paid up, and each share shall

continue to bear the same number as the shares of the said Bank bore previously to the passing of this Act, and the shares which at the time of the passing of this Act shall be registered in the name of the Governor in Council of Bombay, or of any other person or persons, shall continue so registered until transferred to some other person or persons, according to the provisions of the said recited Act, or other the provisions in force in this behalf, but each of such shares shall be deemed to be a share of the nominal value of Rupees 500 (five hundred), fully paid up, in the Capital of the said Bank, and in case the Capital of the said Bank shall at any time after the passing of this Act be increased by virtue and in pursuance of the provisions of the said recited Act, or other the provisions in force in this behalf, the new or additional Capital so created shall in like manner be divided into shares of Rupees 500 (five hundred) each, and such shares shall be numbered in continuation of the numbers of the then existing shares and no separate interest or share in or of the said Capital of less amount than Rupees 500 (five hundred) shall be created or held by any proprietor, nor shall any proprietor or other persons be entitled to claim a share of such new or additional Capital of less amount than Rupees 500 (five hundred) each.

II All certificates of shares of the said Bank, which shall be issued after the passing of this Act under the provisions of the said recited Act,

Certificate of shares

or other the provisions in force in this behalf, either in exchange or substitution for certificates so before issued, or

in respect of additional Capital, shall purport to be certificates of one or more shares of Rupees 500 (five hundred) each, fully paid up, and not of shares of Rupees 1,000 (one thousand) each, as heretofore

III. No person shall be capable of serving as a director of the said Bank by election of the proprietors who shall not be proprietors in his own right of 24 unencumbered shares of the Capital of the said Bank, or who shall be a director, provisional director, or promoter of any other Bank having or advertised as about to have a place of business within the town or island of Bombay. And in case of more than one member of any mercantile firm or company (being other than a joint-stock company) being elected directors, or where any director shall become a member of such firm or company, there being already a member of the same firm a director, only one of such members shall act as a director.

Amendment of Sec 8 of Act XV of 1866

IV. At all General Meetings of the proprietors of the said Bank, the proprietors having a right to vote at such meeting, shall vote according to the following scale —

The proprietor of

4 Shares of Rs 500 each shall be entitled to 1 vote.	
20 do. do. "	2 votes
40 do. do. "	3 votes
60 do. do. "	4 votes
80 do. do. "	5 votes
120 do. do. "	6 votes
160 do. do. "	7 votes

and no proprietor shall be entitled to more than 7 votes.

V. All moneys and assets of the said Bank which, but for this Act, would have been deemed to be part of or to belong to the Capital of the said Bank as fixed by the said recited Act, or since created, shall, after setting apart and providing for the amount of Capital as fixed by this Act, be applicable to the formation or increase of the reserve fund provided for by Section XXXVI. of the said recited Act.

DISPOSAL OF SUITS IN EDULABAD AND WARRANGAUM DISTRICTS.

ACT No. II. OF 1867.

An Act to amend (Bombay) Act. No. XIV of 1866 — [Received the assent of His Excellency the Governor on the 7th May 1867, and the assent of His Excellency the Governor-General on the 24th May 1867.]

Whereas doubts have arisen with respect to the disposal of suits and proceedings pending in the Courts of the Parganas of Edulabad and Warrangum, on the date on which those Parganas were, by Bombay Act No. XIV. of 1866, brought under the General Regulations and Acts in force in the Bombay Presidency, and whereas it is expedient that such doubts should be removed, It is enacted as follows —

I. Any suit or proceeding which, at the date on which Bombay Act No. XIV. of 1866 came into operation, was pending in any Court or before any Officer in the Parganas of Edulabad or Warrangum, shall proceed and be continued, and shall be heard and determined before the Court that would have been competent to hear and determine such suit or proceeding if it had been instituted after the date on which the said Act came into operation.

II. All appeals from Decrees or Orders passed in the said Parganas before the date on which the said Act came into operation shall be received, heard, and determined by the Court that would have had jurisdiction in such appeals had the Decrees or Orders to which they relate been passed after the date on which the said Act came into operation.

III. Any suit which had been determined before the date on which the said Act came into operation, and which shall have been or shall be remanded by any Appellate Court, shall be tried before the Court that would be competent to try such suits if instituted after the date on which the said Act came into operation.

IV. All applications for Execution, and all Decrees or Orders, which, but for the passing of the said Act, would have been made to, or executed by, any Court or Officer existing at the date on which

the said Act came into operation shall be made to or executed by the Court or Officer who would have had jurisdiction in respect of such matter, had the suit or proceeding in which the application, decree, or order was made, been instituted after the date on which the said Act came into operation.

ADMINISTRATION OF MILITARY CANTONMENTS.

ACT No III. OF 1867.

[Received the assent of the Right Honourable the Governor of Bombay on the 7th May 1867, and the assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 1st June 1867.]

Whereas it is expedient to make provision for regulating the administration of (vii) and Criminal Justice and the superintendence of Police and Conservancy, for protecting the public health within the limits of Military Cantonments, and for laying down local Rules and Regulations to be enforced within such limits. It is enacted as follows:—

Commencement of the Act I This Act shall come into operation in such Military Cantonments and from such dates as the Government shall declare by Notification in the *London Government Gazette*.

II. From and after the date at which this Act shall come into operation in any Military Cantonment and within the limits of such Cantonment, so much of *Acts III and VII of Regulation XXXI of 1827 of the Bombay Code* (a Regulation to declare and define Military authority, in its relations

Repeal of Regulation and Acts to the Civil Power and to the community at large) as are still in force, *Sections XXII to XXIII both inclusive, Sections XXV to XXVII both inclusive, Sections XLVIII to LV both inclusive, of the said Regulation XXXI of 1827 of the Bombay Code, Act No. VI of 1841 (an Act for consolidating and amending the Regulations concerning Military Courts of Requests for native Officers and Soldiers in the service of the East India Company) so far as it relates to the Bombay Presidency; Act No. XII of 1844 (an Act for the better regulation of Military Bazaars and debarring the liabilities of Camp Followers) so far as it relates to the Bombay Presidency, Act No. XXXIII of 1849 (an Act for regulating the sale of spirituous liquors, &c., in Cantonments) so far as it relates to the Bombay Presidency, and Act No. IV. of 1851 (an Act relating to the execution of sentences in petty cases by Superintendents of Bazaars in the Presidency of Bombay) shall cease to have effect to the extent in this Section above stated, except as to any act done or offence committed, or as to any fine or penalty incurred, or as to any proceeding begun before this Act shall be in force, in which cases the Cantonment Magistrate shall have and exercise the same Powers as the Superintendent of Bazaars would have had and exercised but for the passing of this Act.*

III From and after the date at which this Act shall come into operation in any Military Cantonment, the office of Superintendent of Bazaars in such Cantonment shall be abolished.

IV. When any person shall be invested by the Government under the provisions of Section XXXIII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, with the powers of a Magistrate within the limits of any Military Cantonment, such person shall be styled the Cantonment Magistrate and within the limits of such Cantonment shall, and yet to the control of the Magistrate of the District in which such Cantonment is situated, exercise the powers of a Magistrate as defined in the said Code for the purpose of disposing of all cases arising within such Cantonment which the Magistrate of the District might dispose of, and for the commitment for trial before the Court of Session of the District or place in which such Cantonment is situated, or before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, of any person charged with any offence triable before such Courts respectively, or for which the person charged shall appear to deserve a more severe sentence than a Magistrate is competent under the said Code of Criminal Procedure to award.

V. The Cantonment Magistrate shall exercise the powers of a Magistrate within the meaning and for the purposes of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and when it shall have been so notified by the Government he shall be considered to be a Magistrate in charge of a Division of a District within the meaning and for the purposes of the said Code.

VI. When any person shall be invested by the Government under the provisions of Section XXIII of the Code of Criminal Procedure with the powers of a subordinate Magistrate of the 1st or 2nd Class within the limits of any Military Cantonment, such person shall be styled the Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, and shall be subject to the Rules laid down for subordinate Magistrates in the said Code.

VII. The Police Force employed in any Military Cantonment shall be deemed to be part of the Police Force of the District in which the Cantonment is situated, and subject to all Laws and Regulations applicable to such Police Force for the time being. The administration of the Police within the limits of any Cantonment in which there shall be a Cantonment Magistrate shall be vested in the District Superintendent of Police subject to the general control and direction of the Commanding Officer of such Cantonment.

VIII. The Commanding Officer of a Cantonment may send any process requiring service or execution by any means not immediately at his disposal, to the Chief Police Officer in the Cantonment for service or execution through the Cantonment Police, and it shall be the duty of the said Chief Police Officer to serve or execute such process in the same manner as if it had been issued by the Cantonment Magistrate, and subject to the same rules.

IX. The Government shall have power to make Rules and Regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act or of any other law in force, to provide within the limits of any Military Cantonment, for matters hereinafter mentioned, and from time to time to repeal, or alter, such Rules and Regulations. The Rules and Regulations made under this Section may be general for all Military Cantonments subject to the provisions of this Act, or special for any one or more of such Cantonments, according as the Government shall direct.

X. No Rule or Regulation made or altered under the last preceding Section shall have effect until the same shall have been confirmed by the Governor General of India in Council. A copy of every such Rule and Regulation when so confirmed, in English and in the Vernacular language chiefly in use, shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the Office of the Cantonment Magistrate, or in such other place as the Government or the Commanding-Officer may direct.

XI. The Rules and Regulations made under Section IX of this Act may provide—

1st.—For regulating, in cases in which the land within the limits of the Cantonment is the property of Government, and the occupation and use of which by private persons is only permissive, the conditions under which such occupation or use shall be allowed, and under which the Government may resume possession of such land, and under which compensation shall be given to persons occupying or using the land so resumed.

2nd.—For maintaining proper registers of immoveable property within the limits of the Cantonment, and for providing for the registration of transfers of such property.

3rd.—For regulating the manner in which houses within the limits of the Cantonment shall be claimable for purchase or hire, when necessary, for the accommodation of Military Officers.

4th.—For regulating the management and expenditure of any funds made available by law, or by the Government for the purpose of public improvements within the limits of the Cantonment, or for carrying out any Rules and Regulations passed under this Section, and the appointment of the necessary servants and establishments.

5th.—For the definition and prohibition of public nuisances.

6th.—For the maintenance generally of the Cantonment in a proper sanitary condition, for the prevention and cure of disease, for the management and regulation of the public roads, of conservancy and drainage, for the regulation and inspection of public and private necessities, urinals, cess pools, drains, and all places in which filth or rubbish is deposited, of slaughter-houses, public markets, burial and burning grounds, and all offensive or dangerous trades and occupations.

7th.—For inspecting and controlling houses of ill-fame, and for preventing the spread of venereal diseases

8th.—For the supervision and regulation of public wells, tanks, springs, or other sources from which water is or may be made available for public use

9th.—For the execution and promotion of works of public utility and convenience.

10th.—For the registration of deaths, and for making and recording observations and facts important for the public health and interests

11th.—For the imposition of punishment on persons convicted of the breach of any Rule or Regulation made under Section IX of this Act, and for declaring what persons shall make preliminary inquiry into, or take cognizance of any breach of such Rules and Regulations, and the manner in which the investigation shall be conducted. Provided that no penalty so imposed shall exceed a fine of fifty Rupees, or imprisonment for eight days with or without labour

XII. Breaches of any Rule or Regulation made under Rules and Regulations made under Section IX of this Act shall be triable by the Cantonment Magistrate when there is such an officer, but the Government may invest any Assistant Cantonment Magistrate or any other person with power to try such breaches and may authorize such person to exercise such power independently of the Cantonment Magistrate. The Magistrate of the District shall have no control over the Cantonment Magistrate, or over any Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, or any other person invested with such power in respect to the exercise of such power

XIII. In every case in which an offender is sentenced to a fine for the breach of any Rule or Regulation made under Section IX of this Act, the amount may in case of non-payment be levied by distress and sale of any moveable property of the offender within the limits of the Cantonment

XIV. If no such property sufficient for satisfaction of the fine can be found, the offender shall be liable to be imprisoned without labour for any term not exceeding one calendar month

XV. Imprisonment under this Act may be in any Gaol regulated by Bombay Act No IV of 1865 (an Act for the Regulation of Municipal Gaols) and the enforcement of discipline therein) or by any other Act in force for the time being for regulation of Gaols in the Presidency of Bombay

XVI. Nothing in this Act, nor in any Rule or Regulation made under Section IX thereof, shall prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other Regulation or Act for any offence punishable under this Act, or from being liable under any other Regulation or Act to any other or higher penalty or punishment than is provided for such offence by this Act. Provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence

XVII. Whenever it shall appear necessary for the protection of the health of the troops in any Military Cantonment subject to the Provisions of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Government to extend to any place outside the limits of such Military Cantonment, and in the vicinity of such Cantonment, all or any of the Rules and Regulations made for such Cantonment under Clause 7 of Section XI of this Act, and to make any additional Rules and Regulations under the said Clause, and to define the limits around such

Cantonment within which such Rules and Regulations or additional Rules and Regulations shall be in force

XVIII. When such Rules and Regulations, or any additional Rules or Regulations made as above, shall be extended under the last preceding Section beyond the limits of such Cantonment, it shall be lawful for the Government to provide, in the manner described in Clause 11 of Section XI of this Act for the imposition of Penalties for the breach of the Rules and Regulations and for prescribing the manner in which, and the persons by whom, breaches of such Rules and Regulations shall be required into or be cognizable

XIX. All Courts and Magistrates shall take judicial notice of all Rules and Regulations made under Section IX, or Section XVII., of this Act.

Courts to take judicial notice of Rules and Regulations made under this Act

XX. Whenever, in any Military Cantonment, Rules and Regulations have been made under Section IX. of this Act, so much of any Regulation or Act as may be held to empower the Commanding Officer to make local Regulations regarding matters other than Military, shall cease to have any effect in such Cantonment, and all local Regulations for any Military Cantonment which may have been made before the promulgation of the Rules and Regulations for such Cantonment, made under the said Section IX. shall cease to have any effect. Provided that nothing in this Section shall be held to interfere with any Military authority vested in the said Commanding Officer under the Articles of War.

XXI. If within any Military Cantonment, or within any limits around such Cantonment prescribed by the Government, any person not amenable to the Articles of War, or any Butler, or Camp-follower, shall knowingly barter, sell, or supply or offer or attempt to barter, sell, or supply any spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug to, or for the use of any European soldier, or to or for the use of any European or Eurasian being a Camp follower or a Soldier's wife, without written license from the Officer Commanding, or from some person having sufficient authority from the Officer Commanding to grant such license, the person so convicted shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees, or in the discretion of the Magistrate to imprisonment with or without hard labour, for any period not exceeding three months, or in lieu of such fine or imprisonment to the punishment of whipping, as prescribed for offences under Section II of Act VI. of 1861 (to authorize the punishment of whipping in certain cases) subject to all the provisions of that Act.

XXII. If any person convicted of an offence under the last preceding Section shall be again convicted of an offence under this Section, any spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug within such Cantonment or limits, which at the time of the commission of such subsequent offence shall belong to or be in the possession of such person, shall, without further proof, be deemed to be in the possession of such person for the purpose of being supplied to European Soldiers contrary to the provisions of this Act, and shall be liable to be seized and confiscated.

XXIII. If any Camp-follower or Military Pensioner, or the wife or the widow of any Soldier, Camp-follower, or Military Pensioner shall, within such Cantonment or limits remove, convey, or have in his or her possession, any quantity of spirituous liquor or wine exceeding one quart, without a permit signed by the Officer in Command, or other Officer appointed by him to grant permits under this Act every such person shall be liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and for any subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees, or to imprisonment, with or without hard labour for any term not exceeding three calendar months provided that nothing in this Section contained shall apply to any spirituous liquor or wine brought into a Cantonment for the private use of any Commissioned Officer.

XXIV. If any person subject to the provisions of this Act shall be found committing any offence punishable under Section XXI or Section XXIII of this Act, any Police Officer may immediately, without warrant, arrest such person, and also seize any spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug, together with any vessel containing the same, and any thing used for the purpose of removing, conveying, or concealing the same, which may be found in his possession, and shall thereupon without delay take such person, together with the things so seized, before the Cantonment Magistrate or other Officer having jurisdiction to punish the offender.

XXV. In case of a conviction for any offence under Section XXI. or Section XXIII of this Act, the Cantonment Magistrate or other Officer may adjudge any liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug in respect of which the person shall have been convicted, and any other spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug which shall have been found in his possession at the time of committing the offence, and any vessel containing the same together with anything used for the purposes of conveying, removing, or concealing the same or any part thereof, to be confiscated; and such Magistrate may order the whole or any part of any fine imposed under this Act to be paid, when realized, to the person upon whose information such conviction shall have taken place, or to the Officer who shall have apprehended the offender, or seized any of the goods adjudged to be confiscated.

XXVI. Anything seized under Section XXIV. in respect of which any person shall be charged with an offence, may be detained until the person in whose possession the same shall have been seized shall be convicted or acquitted of the offence charged. If the person shall be acquitted, anything so seized shall be restored; if he shall be convicted, such of the things only as shall not be adjudged to be confiscated shall be restored.

XXVII. The foregoing Sections shall not apply to the sale or supply of any article for medicinal purposes by recognized Medical Practitioners, Chemists, or Druggists.

XXVIII. All acts done previously to the passing of this Act by Cantonment Joint Magistrates, or by persons acting under their authority or otherwise in any Military Cantonment in pursuance of an order of Government, or which shall have been or shall be ratified by the Executive Government, are hereby confirmed and made valid, and all such Officers and persons as

are named and discharged from liability in respect of such acts, date on which any Cantonment Magistrate shall begin to exercise jurisdiction under this Act in any Cantonment, so much of the Regulation and Acts for the time being in force in the Presidency of Bombay as is in any way inconsistent with or repugnant to any of the provisions of this Act shall cease to have effect in such Cantonment.

XXIX. This Act is not applicable to the City of Bombay.

XXX. Nothing in this Act shall be held to affect the jurisdiction of any Court of Requests convened under the ninety-ninth section of the Statute 29 Victoria Cap IX, or the corresponding Section in any other Statute for the time being in force for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better payment of the Army, and their Quarters, or the powers of a Commanding Officer under any such Statute to convene such Courts.

XXXI. This Act may be cited as "The Bombay Cantonment Act of 1867."

Short Title.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT AMENDMENT.

ACT No IV. OF 1867.

[Received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor of Bombay on the 7th May 1867, and assent of His Excellency the Governor General on the 4th June 1867.]

Preamble

Whereas it is expedient to amend the Bombay Municipal Act (No. 11) of 1865, it is enacted as follows:—

1. Section 47 of Act No. 11 of 1865 (Bombay Municipal Act) is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof shall be read the following:—An annual rate of five per centum, of their annual value, shall be levied upon houses, buildings, and lands in the City of Bombay, and shall be payable by the owners thereof in quarterly instalments in the following

Amended Section for House Rate

manner, that is to say, on the 1st July next one quarterly instalment in arrears shall then be due and leviable for the second quarter of 1867, and a further quarterly instalment shall be then due and leviable in advance for the third quarter of 1867, and on the 1st October next ensuing the fourth and last quarterly instalment for the year 1867 shall be then due and leviable, and on and after the 1st January next ensuing the annual rate of 5 per centum leviable upon houses, buildings, and lands in the City of Bombay under this Section, shall be payable by the owners thereof in advance in half-yearly instalments, that is to say, the first instalment for the year shall be due and leviable on the 1st January, the second instalment on the 1st July of each year.

Provision Provided that no warrant for the recovery by distraint of rates payable in advance shall be issued unless 15 days' notice shall have been previously given to the defaulter. Provided also that it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, on a Resolution passed by the Justices at a Special General Meeting, to fix from time to time in lieu of the said annual rate of five per centum, any higher rate not exceeding ten per centum. Any rate so fixed shall be published in the Government Gazette before the commencement of the year in which such rate is to have effect.

Provision **Section reported** II. Section 237 of Act. II of 1865 Bombay Municipal Act is hereby amended.

III. To provide for the annual expense of the Police of the City of Bombay, and for the prevention of mischief from fires, an annual rate of not less than 2 per cent and not more than 3 per cent upon the annual value, shall be imposed by the Justices upon the occupiers of all houses, buildings, and lands in the city, which shall be assessed and levied in the manner hereinafter provided. The Police Rate shall be due and leviable at the same time and in the same instalments as the House Rate.

IV. The annual value of all houses, buildings, and lands liable to the Police Rate, shall be the annual value as ascertained under Section 58 of Act II. of 1865 (Bombay Municipal Act), subject to the following provisions:

V. Every occupier shall be liable to the Police Rate for the time of his occupation, and when any person shall cease to be an occupier during the currency of any half-year, the Municipal Commissioner shall on application refund to him so much of the rate for that half-year as may be proportioned to the period during which he shall cease to be an occupier, provided however that no refunds shall be given for any broken period of a month.

VI. When any house, or building or any land is entirely unoccupied the owner shall be liable to pay the Police Rate.

VII. When any house, building, or land is sublet in apartments, flats, or portions of flats, the owner thereof shall furnish the Municipal Commissioner with a list of his tenants, showing the amount of rent paid by each tenant at least 15 days before the 1st January and 1st July in each year, and the Municipal Commissioner shall thereupon proceed to recover the Police rate from such tenants in proportion to the amount of rent paid by each tenant, but if the owner shall neglect to furnish the Municipal Commissioner with such list as aforesaid, the Municipal Commissioner shall proceed to recover the Police Rate from the owner instead of from the tenants of such house, building, or land sublet as aforesaid.

VIII. Whenever by reason of default of any tenant or by reason of any portion of the house, building, or land being without a tenant, the payment of Police Rate under the preceding Section shall fall short of the full amount of Police Rate leviable in respect of any house, building, or land sublet as aforesaid, the owner of such house, building, or land shall be liable to pay the amount of such deficiency on demand by the Municipal Commissioner.

IX. When any person rents any house, or building, or any land from the owner thereof, and sublets the same in apartments, flats, or portions, such person, for the purpose of the Police Rate, shall be held to be the occupier.

Sections of Act II of 1865 in it applicable to Police Rate.

Power of Municipal Commissioner under it to cover Police Rate

Proviso

XII. Whenever an owner has been compelled to pay any Municipal rate or tax ordinarily payable by the occupier of a house, building, or land, he shall have the right to recover from such occupier his proportion of the rates so paid, calculated on the rent actually paid by such occupier.

XIII. Section 52 of Act II of 1865 (Bombay Municipal Act) is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof shall be read the following:—To provide for the lighting of the public streets of the City by Gas, the Justices may levy an annual lighting rate, not exceeding 2 per cent on the annual value, upon the occupiers of all houses, buildings, and lands in the city, and such rate shall be due and payable at the same time, and in the same instalments, and in the same manner as the Police Rate, and the Sections of this Act applicable to the Police Rate shall also be applicable to the Lighting Rate.

XIV. Whenever under Section 119 of Act II of 1865 (Bombay Municipal Act) the Municipal Commissioner shall have caused any house, building, or land to be served by the Municipal Halakore, the Halakore cess shall be payable by, and levied from the occupiers at the same time, and in the same manner as the Police Rate, and the Sections of this Act applicable to the Police Rate shall also be applicable to the Halakore cess. Provided that the maximum Halakore cess payable by any private person in respect of his own residence shall not exceed Rupees seven per mensem, in other cases the Halakore cess shall not exceed three per cent of the actual rent payable by each occupier. Provided always that in no case shall less than four annas per month be paid by any family for Halakore cess payable under this Act.

XV. The Commissioner shall have the same powers in demanding and recovering the Halakore cess, as are conferred upon him by Act II. of 1865, for the recovery of any Municipal rate or tax.

XVI. All Halakores employed by the Commissioner under Section 119 of Act II. of 1865 (Bombay Municipal Act) are hereby declared to be public servants, and the Commissioner may, as provided in the said Act, make by-laws for their control and supervision.

XVII. In the case of the messengers or buildings let in flats or portions of flats it shall be lawful for the Municipal Commissioner to treat each flat as a separate property for the purpose of the House rate provided that if any portion of a flat is occupied, the owner shall be liable to pay House rate on the valuation of the whole flat.

XVIII. Whenever the occupier of any house, building or land shall vacate the same, having paid any rates in advance for the current half-year, he shall on giving the Municipal Commissioner written notice within seven days after his so vacating be entitled to a refund of the rates due for the portion of the half-year remaining.

The Municipal Commissioner shall then proceed to recover rates for the remainder of the current half year from the new occupier, if the house, building, or land be immediately let, or if otherwise, from the owner, provided however that no person shall be entitled to a refund for any broken period of a month, nor shall the Municipal Commissioner recover any rates from the new occupier, or from the owner for any such broken period.

The Municipal Commissioner shall then proceed to recover rates for the remainder of the current half year from the new occupier, if the house, building, or land be immediately let, or if otherwise, from the owner, provided however that no person shall be entitled to a refund for any broken period of a month, nor shall the Municipal Commissioner recover any rates from the new occupier, or from the owner for any such broken period.

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Question and disputes under Sections V, XII, and XVIII to be determined by the Court of Petty Sessions

XIX. All questions and disputes which may arise under Sections V, XII, and XVIII, of this Act, shall be determined by the Court of Petty Sessions.

XX. Schedule F to Act II. of 1865 (Bombay Municipal Act) is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof shall be read Schedule A to this Act, and wherever in the Bombay Municipal Act reference is made to Schedule F to that Act, it shall be held to have been made to Schedule A to this Act, and the new Schedule shall come into force on and after such date subsequent to, the coming into operation of this Act as may be notified by Government.

XI. The Municipal Commissioner shall be empowered to require the Heads of Public Offices, Joint Stock Companies and Trading Firms to furnish him with a list of their employees subject to the License Tax, and also to call upon any partner or agent of a firm to furnish a return showing the names and residences of all partners in the firm, whether resident in Bombay or elsewhere, and any partner or agent called upon to make such return shall be bound to make a true and faithful return, and Clause 2 Section 62 of the Bombay Municipal Act shall apply to any person refusing or failing to furnish such return.

XII. Section 146 of Act II. of 1865 is hereby repeated. Whenever the Health Officer shall certify to the Commissioner that any dwelling-house is so overcrowded as to be dangerous or prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants, and the inhabitants shall consist of more than one family, it shall be lawful for the Court of Petty Sessions at Bombay, upon proof of such overcrowding as aforesaid to issue an order to the owner of such house requiring him, within six weeks from the date thereof, to abate such overcrowding, by ejecting such number of lodgers or tenants as shall be stated in the order, and in case the owner of such house refuses or neglects to comply with the terms of such notice, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding 20 Rupees for every day after the expiry of the term mentioned in the order until he shall have complied with such order. And whenever such owner shall establish to the satisfaction of the said Court that it is owing to the tenant's refusal to leave that the terms of the order have not been carried out, it shall be lawful to the said Court to impose such fine on the recusant tenant and not on the owner. Provided always that if the owner of any such dwelling-house shall have sublet the same to any contractor, the contractor shall, for the purposes of this Section, be held to be the owner.

XIII. Whenever, by Act II. of 1865, or by this present Act, notices of summonses may be issued to any person, the said notices or summonses may be served by any person or persons authorized by the Commissioner in writing to serve notices and summonses.

XIV. All notices required by Act II. of 1865, or by this present Act to be given to or left with the Commissioner shall be in writing.

XV. Whenever the Commissioner, with the sanction of the Justices and of the Government, as provided in Act II. of 1865, shall have established any slaughter-houses or burial-grounds beyond the limits of the city of Bombay, for the use of the inhabitants of the said city, all by-laws for the management of slaughter-houses and burial grounds within the city of Bombay shall apply and have full force therein, and all offences against those by-laws, or against the provisions of Act II. of 1865, shall be cognizable by the Magistrate of the city of Bombay, as if such slaughter-houses or burial grounds were within the city of Bombay. Provided the limits of such slaughter-houses or burial-grounds be duly notified in the Government Gazette, and plans thereof lodged with the several Magistrates of the city of Bombay.

XVI. It shall be lawful for the Justices, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, to borrow money on the mortgage of any rents or income yielded by their real property, or any part thereof, for the purpose of executing any permanent improvement, and with the like sanction to fix such rates of interest and such periods for the repayment of the sums borrowed with

interest as they shall think fit, and for the purpose of securing the repayment of the sum so borrowed with interest as aforesaid, the Justices may mortgage and assign over to the person or persons by or on behalf of whom such sum or any part thereof may be advanced, the income or rents received or receivable from such real property, and may further supplement the same, when necessary, by payments from the Municipal Fund.

Sections of Act II of 1865 shall apply to all loans borrowed by the Justices under the preceding Section

Amendment of Section CCXI of the Bombay Municipal Act of 1865. XXVIII Section CCAL of the Bombay Municipal Act of 1865 shall be read as if between the words 'up to' and 'the' in the first line of the said Section the following had been inserted

"The Justices of the Peace for the City of Bombay or any of them or" XIX. This Act shall be read as and taken to be part of Act II of 1865.

SCHEDULE A

LICENCE TAX ON PROFESSIONS, TRADES, AND CALLINGS.

Class I.	Yearly Rs
(A) Every Joint Stock Company, whether registered or not under any English or Indian Act or Acts, and every other Company, whether incorporated or not by Royal Charter, Act of Parliament or Act of the Council of the Governor General, or of the Governor of any of the Provinces, and carrying on any trade or business lawfully for its object the nominal subscribed capital of which is 50 lakhs of Rupees and upwards	1,000
(B) Every Company of any of the descriptions mentioned in Division (A) of this class, the nominal or subscribed capital of which is 20 lakhs and below 50 lakhs of Rupees	750
(C) Every Company of any of the descriptions mentioned in Division (A) of this class, the nominal or subscribed capital of which is 10 lakhs and below 20 lakhs of Rupees	500
(D) Every Company of any of the descriptions mentioned in Division (A) of this class, the nominal or subscribed capital of which is below 10 lakhs of Rupees	350
(E) Every Merchant, Banker or Sheriff carrying on business in Bombay in person or as Agent	100

Class II

Every person in the service of Her Majesty in Bombay not being a Regimental Military Officer, and every person in the service of the Municipality, or in the service of any Joint Stock or other public Company or Trading Firm, provided the salary of such person amounts to Rupees 1,000 per mensem or upwards	
Every practising Barrister, Attorney, Proctor, Notary Public, Vakil, Pleader of the High Court, Small Cause Court, or any of the Police Courts	
Every practising Architect and Civil Engineer	
Every practising Physician and Surgeon	
Every Commission Agent and Broker employed in the wholesale purchase or sale of Bills of Exchange and Hoondees, or in the wholesale purchase or sale of Imports or Exports	50
Every Contractor	
Every owner or farmer of a private or public Market	
Every owner of Screws for the pressure of Cotton, Hide, or other things	
Every Auctioneer	
Every owner of a Printing Press, Hotel keeper, Boarding house keeper, Shop keeper, Manufacturer or Trader, the annual value of whose shop or place of business as estimated under Section LVIII of Act II of 1865 (Bombay Municipal Act) amounts to Rupees 2,400 or upwards	.. ..

Class III.

Every person in the service of Her Majesty in Bombay not being a Regimental Military Officer, and every person in the service of the Municipality, or in the service of any Joint Stock or other public Company or Trading Firm, provided the salary of such person amounts to Rs. 500 and is less than Rupees 1,000 per mensem	
Every Broker not included in Class II. employed in the sale of Government Securities or of Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, or of Shares, or in procuring Freight	25
Every practising Licentiate of Medicine, Dentist, Apothecary, Veterinary Surgeon and Native Doctor	
Every keeper of a Billiard Room	
Every owner of a Printing Press, Hotel-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, or Trader, the annual value of whose shop or place of business as estimated under Section LVII of Act II. of 1865 (Bombay Municipal Act) exceeds Rs. 900 and is less than Rupees 2,400	
Every Pawnbroker	

Class IV.

Every person in the service of Her Majesty in Bombay not being a Regimental Military Officer, and every person in the service of the Municipality, or in the service of any Joint Stock or other Public Company or Trading Firm, provided the salary of such person amounts to Rs. 250 per mensem but is less than Rupees 500 per mensem	
Every owner of a Printing Press, Hotel-keeper, Boarding-house-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, or Trader, the annual value of whose shop or place of business as estimated under Section LVIII of Act II. of 1865 (Bombay Municipal Act) exceeds Rs. 800 and is less than Rs. 900	12
Every keeper of a permanent Stall at a daily public or private Market	
Every Money-changer	

NOTE.—A person who carries on several kinds of business and may come under more than one of the descriptions in this schedule shall be chargeable only under one of such descriptions, at the discretion of the Commissioner.

RULES FOR THE GUIDANCE OF THE COLLECTORS OF LICENSE TAX.

Whether Andarooms, Beggars, Courtesans, &c., are Liable.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of Bombay, in the Financial Department, dated the 6th July 1867.

Read the following from J. W. Hadow, Esq., Revenue Commissioner, S. D., to the Acting Chief Secretary to Government, No. 2382, dated 17th July 1867.

The First Assistant Collector in charge, Poona, has applied for sanction to the payment of Rupees 20 per mensem on account of the rent of a building engaged by him in the City of Poona as an Office for the Special License Tax Officer, urging that he can find no place for it in any of the public Offices at Poona.

2. The building has been taken, Mr. Bell states, from month to month from the 1st instant, up to which date the Special Officer was permitted by the Judge to hold his Office in the Moonshiff's Court which became temporarily available in consequence of the vacation which terminated on the 31st ultimo.

3. Mr. Bell has further applied for sanction to the entertainment of a temporary Sheriff for a period of two months, on a salary of Rupees 20.50 per month, to assist the Special Officer in collecting the License Tax. Mr. Bell explains that a Sheriff was employed in the City Mamlutdar's Office for similar duty in connection with the Income Tax.

4. Under the circumstances represented by Mr. Bell, I beg for the sanction of Government to the abovementioned charges.

5. Mr. Bell has at the same time requested instructions on the following points in connection with the assessment of the tax:—

"I have been asked whether Andaroon, Cazees, Pooraneeks, Bhut, and Fu-keers should not come under exemption—*vide* Circular No. 2109, dated 24th April 1867, at page 159, of the *Government Gazette* of the 9th May 1867 [referring to Missionaries] I am inclined to think that the exemption should be extended to such of them as lead an exclusively religious life.

"5. I have also been asked whether beggars and professional courtesans should be bound to provide themselves with licenses, and I have held that, as their profession cannot be considered a legitimate one, they should not be taxed.

"6. The third question that has been put to me is whether men living on the rent of houses they own come under the Act. The point is whether they should be considered as dealers in houses and taxed accordingly, or as persons investing their cash in land, and therefore exempt."

6. As regards the first question, I may observe that Andaroon, Cazees, Pooraneeks, and Bhuts do not all of them lead exclusively religious lives, they follow certain professions more or less outwardly connected with their religion, but it does not appear to me that they are entitled to exemption on that account. Fukeers are different, but numbers are Fukeers by name only, and follow other occupations connected with religion, and this is also the case as regards Byrages and Gosavees.

7. With respect to Mr. Bell's second question, I would remark that in some countries professional courtesans have to take out licenses, and I see no reason why those who follow that profession in this country should be exempted. As regards "beggars," I do not see why persons who are able to work and to earn a livelihood but prefer to adopt or follow the profession of mendicants under the colour of religion, should not be held liable under the Act.

8. As regards Mr. Bell's third question, I am of opinion that if a man owns several houses which he has either built or purchased for the purpose of renting, and thereby making a profit, he should, I think, be required to take out a license. Lodging house keepers would also in my opinion be liable to taxation.

9. I beg to be favoured with the early orders of Government on the subject.

RESOLUTION—His Excellency the Governor in Council is of opinion that Cazees, Bhuts, and the like, in so far as the religious character of their profession is concerned, should not be subject to take out a license.

2. Persons living on the rent of their houses ought to be liable to take out licenses.

3. These opinions should be subject to the instructions that the Government of India, to whom copies should be submitted, may issue, and the Government of India should also be asked to inform this Government what ruling, if any, has been issued in the case of professional courtesans.

4. Copies of this Resolution should be circulated for information and guidance of all Collectors.

The conclusions of the Government of Bombay on points 1 and 2 are quite correct. As regards the inquiry in paragraph 3 of that Government's Resolution, the Governor General in Council is of opinion that it is impossible to recognize professional courtesans as exercising a calling within the meaning of the Act.

ORDERED, that the foregoing Resolution be communicated to the Government of Bombay, to the other Local Governments, to the several Administrations, and to the several Accountants General and Deputy Accountants General in independent charge.

Are Companies making no Profits Exempt?

Extracts from the Proceedings of the Government of Bombay, in the Financial Department, dated 22nd July 1867.

Read the following papers—

Letter from Dossabhoj Framjee, Esq., Special Officer, License Tax, to the Honorable M. J. Shaw Stewart, Acting Chief Secretary to Government, No. 178, dated July 1867.

I have the honor to bring to the notice of His Excellency the Governor in Council an important alteration effected in Act XXI. of 1867 (for Licensing of Professions and Trades) by Act XXIX. of 1867.

2. By Section 19 of the former Act every Trading Company or Association in British India, whose stock or funds is or are divided into shares, &c, was required to take out a License and pay for it the sums mentioned in Schedule B upon the

paid-up Capital of such Company, without any reference to its profits. In other words, whether the Company made profits or not, it was required to take out a License, and pay for it, on its paid-up capital.

3 But Section 4 of Act XXIX of 1867 has completely changed the principle upon which Joint Stock Companies are to be assessed, since in it there is a proviso that "if any Company or Association satisfy the Collector that the payment to which it is liable under this Section exceeds two per cent of its profits during the year ending on the 30th day of April preceding the year of assessment from its operation in British India, then the Collector shall grant a License to such Company or Association upon payment of the sum of two per cent. on such profits."

4 Under this Section, therefore, I believe I am correct in supposing that a Joint Stock Company which has made no profit during the previous year is not liable to pay the License tax.

5 There are at present several Joint Stock Companies, in Bombay, which have earned nothing during the year ending 30th of April 1867, but which nevertheless are compelled to take out Licenses on their paid up capital, according to Section 19 of Act XXI of 1867. Two of these Companies, which paid fines Rs. 2,000 each on their paid up capital, have, since the passing of Act XXIX of 1867, applied to me for the refund of those amounts, on the ground that their operations produced no profits last year. The example set by these two Companies will, I have no doubt, be shortly followed by others.

6 I beg, therefore, respectfully to request the instructions of Government as to whether a tax directly levied under the first Act is in any way affected by the amended Act, and whether I am bound to refund the money already paid.

7 While on this subject I would take the liberty to point out what seems to me a contradiction between what is enjoined in the Section referred to in the amended Act, and what the Honorable Mr. Mackay is reported to have stated on this point when he introduced the amended Bill in the Legislative Council. He said— "By Schedule B of the Act, public companies are assessed according to their paid-up capital, or declared profits. But it has been represented to me that some of these Companies have only Agencies in this country, and that their capital is an inaccurate criterion of their Indian profits. I have added a clause, therefore, providing that if any such Company shall satisfy the Collector that it is assessed on a scale exceeding two per cent on its profits in India, that no more than two per cent of such profits shall be required on payment of a License."

8 If the Honorable Mr. Mackay's speech has been correctly reported, it appears that it was his intention that the amendment should have reference to public Companies which have their Head Offices out of British India, with Agencies only in this country, the object being, instead of making Agencies pay upon the paid up capital of the company, to make them pay upon the profits of such Agencies. But the terms of the Section in the amended Act are general, applying, it appears to me, to all public companies, irrespective of whether their Head Offices are or are not in British India.

9 I think it my duty to inform Government that this change in the Law will occasion Government a loss of upwards of half a lac of Rupees, and I am, therefore, desirous of knowing their sentiments upon the subject.

Memorandum by R. V. HARRN, Esq., Solicitor to Government, No. 601, dated 11th July 1867.

I annex a copy of the opinion, No. 32, of the Honorable the Advocate General.

Opinion by the Honorable L. H. BAILLY, Advocate General, Bombay, No. 82, dated 10th July 1867.

By Section 4 of Act XXIX of 1867 every Trading Company or Association in British India is to take out a License for the annual sum mentioned in Schedule B, except the Companies or Associations, mentioned in the proviso, viz., every Company or Association, when the payment to which it is liable under that Section exceeds two per cent of its profits during the previous year from its operations in British India, in which case the Collector is to grant a License upon payment of the sum of two per cent. on such profits.

2. The proviso does not refer or extend to the case of a Company making no profits whatever, and although such omission may possibly be the result of an oversight, I have no means of judging whether it was so or not. As the Section, however, now stands, I think Companies paying no profits come within the operative part of the clause, and must pay the License Tax mentioned in Schedule B, there being no provision or exemption in favour of Companies making no profits.

3. I, therefore, think that the Companies mentioned by Mr. Dossabhy Framjee in paragraph 5 of his letter No. 178, dated July 1867, were rightly compelled to take out Licenses.

4. Moreover, a tax already levied under the first Act does not appear to be affected by the amended Act, there being no provisions in the latter Act for a refund.

5. With reference to the contradiction pointed out between the language of the Act (XXIV of 1907) and the Honorable Mr. Mawley's speech introducing it, it is clear that the Act alone can be looked at for the purpose of construing its provisions.

Resolution.—To be submitted to the Government of India, and the Special Officer informed that the result will be communicated to him.

Submitted to the Government of India.

To the Acting Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay.

SIR,—In reply to your communication No. 86, dated the 22nd July 1907, I am directed to state that although, according to the letter of the License Tax Act, 1907, Companies or Associations which made no profits during the preceding year, are liable to assessment, the Governor General in Council is willing, under such circumstances, to permit the assessment to be remitted.

2. The Local Government accordingly authorised to issue an order empowering its Officers employed in collecting the tax to remit, in the case of Companies so situated, the amount for which they may be liable, provided satisfactory proof is produced that no profits were made by the Company during the preceding year.

3. The copy may be forwarded to the Special Officer, Bombay, with intimation that the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize the tax to be remitted, or refunded, as the case may be, with regard to licenses issued to Companies situated as described by the Government of India.

2. These papers should also be printed in the *Gazette of India* for the guidance of public servants, and for the information of the public.

Regulation as to Substantive pay and Temporary Allowances.

From the Honorable M. J. SHAW STEWART,

Acting Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay.

To E. H. LUSHINGTON, Esq.,

Secretary to the Government of India.

SIR,—I am directed by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council to request that certain points in the Contingent Fund (Circular No. 70, of this year, on the subject of the levy of License tax from public servants) may be authoritatively explained.

In including the tax in the permanent pay of public servants, which is a permanent part of the salary, it is intended that the tax should be a part of the salary of public servants, and not a separate allowance. The first point about which doubt has arisen is whether the tax is to be included in the salary or not, and if not, in what manner it is to be paid.

3. The Accountant General of Bombay has in the case of Apothecary and Steward in civil employment, who are paid and allowed a salary as stated in the margin, reckoned full rate is turning out of the substantive emoluments, and is of opinion that it is subject to the tax. It seems to this Government that the rate of the tax should be included in the category of "all other allowances whatever," which are to be "thrown out of calculation." The general instructions of the Government of India as to the tax are in which this expression is to be understood as affecting any allowances whatever other than the substantive pay of permanent appointments only.

4. The second point is whether the word "allowances" in the fourth exemption, quoted in the margin, is to mean salaries payable of a permanent provision only or to mean any other emoluments or allowances. There is a marked distinction between the phraseology of the first and third exemptions, where the term "pay and allowance" is used, and that of the fourth exemption, and His Excellency the Governor in Council, having nothing to guide him as to the intentions of the Government of India, desires me to ask for instructions.

5. In doing so, I am directed to submit the opinion of this Government that it would be desirable to exempt all public servants (to whom the (regular relief) whose substantive permanent pay, exclusive of all allowances whatever, does not

Apothecary—	
Net pay	Rs. 400 0
Full batta	10 11 0
	Rs. 410 11 0
Steward—	
Pay	300 7 0
Full batta	10 14 0
	Rs. 310 21 0

4. I would beg to be informed whether carpenters, stone masons, blacksmiths, and other artisans, who may be in the employment of Government or private individuals, whose annual profits amount to Rupees 200 and upwards, are exempted from the incidence of License Tax, or whether they are liable to pay it.

5. It sometimes happens that the artisans above referred to are employed by Government or private individuals for a portion of the year only, and may carry on their trade for the remaining period on their own account.

Letter from J. Elphinstone, Esq., Acting Collector of Canara, to the Revenue Commissioner S D, No 1,512 dated Camp Yellapoor, 28th August 1867

I have the honour to forward the enclosed copy of a letter from the Special Officer for the License Tax in this Zillah, and to request your instructions on the question referred to by him

2. It appears to me that if the artisans are employed exclusively by Government for the whole year that then they would be exempted from payment of the tax by Clause 1, Section 2, of Act XXI of 1867, and that otherwise, i.e. when they are in Government employment only temporarily, or for a portion of the year, that they should be considered as other artisans who have made the best bargain they could for their services.

3. In the same way I would dispose of the case referred to in paragraphs 1 and 4 of the Special Officer's letter. Artisans employed under agreement exclusively by private parties for the whole year should, in my opinion, if the agreement was entered into previous to the passing of the Act, be exempted from payment of the tax but not otherwise.

Memorandum by J W Radow, Esq., Revenue Commissioner S D, No. 3,706, dated 6th September 1867

Submitted for the consideration and orders of Government.

2. The Revenue Commissioner is respectfully of opinion that artisans in the employment of Government, whether for a fixed period under agreement, or temporary, are liable to the tax as other artisans.

Resolution.—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council considers that all persons, including the artisans referred to by the Special Officer of Canara who are in permanent employment of Government or private individuals on fixed pay, and not engaged in any trade on their own account, should be exempt from the necessity of taking out licenses, provided their annual pay is less than Rupees 1,000.

3. Copies of these papers should be submitted to the Government of India.

Submitted to the Government of India.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to confirm the decision of the Government of Bombay, with the remark that the distinction between permanent and temporary employment is immaterial under the License Tax Act.

Regulation as to Mission Presses and Mission School Teachers.

To the Secretary to the Government, Fort St George

SIR,—In reply to your letter No 2187, dated the 17th September 1867, I am desired to state that neither Mission Presses nor Mission School teachers who get Rupees 1,000 or upwards per annum can be exempted from the operation of the License Tax Act.

Where Refund of License Tax is allowed.

The following Notifications by the Government of India are published for general information—

"From H H LUSHINGTON, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay, (No. 3173, dated Simla, the 1st November 1867)

With reference to your letters noted in the margin, regarding the regulation by precise rules, of refunds of License Tax in favour of Government Servants and of those not in Government employ, I am directed to state that it has been determined to apply the License Tax on the principle of an Income Tax to those only who are in Government employ.

2. For these classes a refund of License Tax for the unexpired part of the License Tax year, will be allowed to any who may leave the Country or die in the first half of the year, while others, who, having been absent for the first-half, return from leave to their employment in the second-half of the year, will be required to pay License Tax for only the unexpired part of the year.

3. Persons other than the preceding who are subject to the License Tax, must pay the full tax, no refund being allowed even in case of death or of departure from the country in the first half of the year.

4. Refunds under the foregoing rules may be made by orders of the Local Government, or of such Officers as that Government may authorise to order refunds.

From the Collector of Sittara,
To the Revenue Commissioner, Southern Division.

SIR,—I have the honour to inform you that Mr. Jamssetjee Manockjee, who performed the duty of Special Officer for the collection of the License Tax in this District from the 14th May to 5th August 1867, has applied for a refund of Rupees Twenty paid by him as License Tax. As his appointment has been abolished, the case would appear to be unique, such as is contemplated in Government Resolution No. 799, of the 3rd July 1867, para 2.

Submitted for the consideration and orders of Government

Submitted to the Government of India, with reference to this Government letter No. 490, dated 10th ultimo
To the Acting Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay

SIR,—In reply to your communication No. 50P, dated the 4th September 1867, I am directed to state that the sum of Rupees 20 paid as License Tax by Mr. Jamssetjee Manockjee, whose appointment of Special Officer for the collection of License Tax in the District of Sittara was abolished on the 5th August last, may be refunded to him, provided the amount of Salary drawn by him up to that date did not amount to Rupees 1,000.

Deduction of Municipal License Taxes, &c

In the exercise of the power vested in him by the fourth Section of Act No. XXV of 1867 (*for full particulars see the Act*), the Governor General in Council doth hereby authorise every person dwelling or personally working for gain or carrying on business within the limits of the Cities of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, to deduct the sum paid by such person on or before the first day of May in this and every subsequent year, under the provisions of the laws for the management of the Municipal affairs of the said towns respectively for the time being in force, as a tax, by way of charge for a licence or otherwise, in the exercise of any trade or profession, from the sum which, in the absence of this authorisation would have been payable by such person under the provisions of the said Act No. XXV of 1867.

In the exercise of the power vested in him by the fourth Section of Act No. XXV of 1867 (*for full particulars see the Act*), the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to exempt from the operation of the said Act, all persons employed as clerks or servants, and not engaged on their own account in any profession, calling, or trade, whose annual receipts shall be less than Rs. 1,000.

Under the provisions of Section 4, Act No. XXV of 1867, and in the exercise of the power and authority therein reserved, the Governor General in Council is pleased to exempt Junior Chaplains on the Ecclesiastical Establishment in British India, and Ministers of the Additional Wesley Society, from the operation of the said Act.

In the opinion of the Governor General in Council, Missionaries of all denominations are not amenable to tax under Act No. XXV of 1867, as they do not hold any office or employment of profit within the meaning of the Act.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to determine that subscriptions to Service Funds, and payments on account of insurance for the families of persons in the employment of Government, should be deducted from the income of such persons prior to deciding in what Class they should be placed for purposes of assessment under Schedule A of the License Tax, Act No. XXV of 1867.

It is requested that the necessary instructions may be issued at once for giving effect to this order.

Deduction of Subscription to Service Funds and Payment on Account of Insurance before assessment

The Governor General in Council is pleased to determine that subscriptions to Service Funds, and payments on account of insurance for the families of persons in the employment of Government, should be deducted from the income of such persons prior to deciding in what Class they should be placed for purposes of assessment under Schedule A of the License Tax Act No. XXV of 1867.

It is requested that the necessary instructions may be issued at once for giving effect to this order.

Exemption of Thurr and Parker

To the CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

SIR,—In reply to your communication No 424, dated 13th April 1867, I am directed to inform you that as a fee of four annas was imposed on every mound of Ghee exported from Thurr and Parkur in substitution of the Income Tax, and has been since maintained, although that Tax has ceased, the Governor General in Council is pleased, in the exercise of the authority reserved in Section 1 of Act XXI. of 1867, to exempt those Districts from the operation of the License Tax

Assessing Officers in Military Department.

In continuation of Circular No 37 of 20th June 1867, and with special reference to para 3 of that Circular the following instructions are, under the orders of Government, promulgated for information and guidance —

2.—In levying the License Tax upon the salaries of Officers and others in the Military Department, the fixed salaries of permanent appointments only are to be taken into account, and those for the month of May 1867 are to be adopted as the basis for calculating the year's income, on which assessments are to be made in the cases of those who were in India on the 1st of that month.

3.—Those arriving in India, whether on return from furlough, or on first appointment, after that date, but before the 1st November 1867, will be assessed in like manner for the whole year on the month's salary of whatever appointments they may hold, or be assumed to do, for the first month after arrival, whilst those

To the CHIEF SECRETARY, GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

SIR,—In reply to your communication No 1219, dated 18th October 1867, I am directed to state that the Governor General in Council is pleased to confirm the decision of the Government of Bombay that a license once issued will cover the licensee to trade, &c, for the period of the License Tax year, and that it will not be legal to require an additional payment from him for a fresh license on account of a revised assessment during the year.

B. H. LUSHINGTON.

The License tax in Bengal up to September 24th yielded Rs 10,57,391, which may be taken as very nearly the whole amount to be realized. Including officials the number of Licenses issued in Calcutta is 11,053, elsewhere 51,447.

Taxation of Companies

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for general information the following papers —

To the Special Offices, License Tax Department, Ahmedabad.

SIR,—As you have decided that the Ahmedabad Spinning and Weaving Company should pay the License Tax in accordance with the Schedule B of the Act No. XXI. of 1867, I have forwarded herewith the views of Revenue Commissioners

Revenue, and I am directed by your Excellency my observations for the consideration and orders of your superiors.

2. As our Company's paid up capital is less than five lacs of Rupees, and as it is not a registered company, it is clear that the Schedule B is not applicable to it, and I, therefore, think it should be treated under Schedule A, which is of a general nature.
3. If it were the intention of the Legislature to charge both the registered and unregistered Companies alike, they would have omitted the words "duly registered" from the Clause 3rd of the Schedule B. The fact of their having enacted that the duly registered Companies should be charged under Clause 3rd of Schedule B, clearly proves that the unregistered Companies are not to be treated under that Clause. I cannot think for a moment that any words clearly specified in an Act of Legislature can be without any meaning, and if you will treat both the registered and unregistered Companies alike such would appear to be the case in this instance.

4. It is argued by you that as Section 10 of the said Act XXI. of 1867 says every Company, whether incorporated or not should be taxed under Schedule B, you are justified in charging every Company of whatever nature under that Schedule. But in regard to this I would beg, with due deference, to observe that the intention of the Legislature appears to be that only such of the Companies as would come under the description given in the Schedule B should be charged in accordance therewith, and the rest of the Companies treated under the general Schedule A. If you will not take such a view of the matter, a great injustice may be inflicted on some of the Companies. Take, for instance, the case of a Company whose paid up capital is only Rupees 8,000, and whose earnings, amount at the rate of 6 per cent to Rupees 480. If you would charge Rupees 500 under Clause 1 of Schedule B from such a Company, would it not be a gross injustice? Could the framers of the Act have ever intended such an absurdity? I cannot think that the Legislature could have committed such a mistake. If you will take my view of the matter, every thing would appear just and proper. Their intention is that only such of the Companies as come under the description given in Schedule B can be charged at the rate therein specified, and it is, therefore, wisely enacted to prevent any injustice to the Companies whose capital is less than Rupees five lakhs, that three conditions are necessary to make the limit of Rupees 500 applicable to them. Firstly, it should be a registered Company, a secondly it should have declared a dividend at the rate of five per cent or more, and thirdly, that it should have earned more than Rupees 10,000 per annum. The object of giving this detailed description must be that those Companies whose condition does not meet the above description must be treated under Schedule A.
5. As the principle involved in this case is of some importance to this Company as well as to others similarly situated, I have taken the liberty to enter more fully in this letter, for which I trust I may be excused.

HARSHIL CHOTALAL, General Manager.

Ahmedabad Cotton Mills, 12th June 1867.

To HUNCHORLAL CHOTALAL, Esq.

Manager of the Ahmedabad Spinning and Weaving Company, Ahmedabad.
 Sir,—In reply to the communication received with your letter of the 12th inst., I beg to request the favour of your furnishing information on the points noted below—

- 1st.—Whether the Company has ever paid a dividend at or above the rate of five per cent per annum.
- 2nd.—Whether the profits of the Company for the year ending 30th April 1867, or 31st December 1866, exceed Rupees 10,000.

ADARSH JEEVJIJI,
 Special Officer, License Tax.

Ahmedabad, 13th June 1867.

To the Special Officer, License Tax, Ahmedabad.

- Sir,—In reply to your letter of 11th instant, I beg to state that we have paid the last dividend at the rate of 6 per cent per annum on the paid up capital of Rupees 8,27,000. Thus you will see that our profits have exceeded Rupees 10,000 but at the same time I beg to report that, in my humble opinion, our Company being not a " duly registered " one, it should not be taxed under Clause 3 of Schedule B, because the third condition of a Company being a registered one is as necessary as the other two conditions of the rate of dividend and the amount of the profits.

I suppose

that you will have to charge some of the Companies under Schedule A, and if such was to be the case I see no reason why our Company should not be charged under Schedule A, since the Schedule B is not applicable to it on account of its being an unregistered Company.

HUNCHORLAL CHOTALAL,

General Manager, Ahmedabad Spinning and Weaving Company.

Ahmedabad Cotton Mills, 14th June 1867.

Submitted (the above correspondence) to W. B. PRATT, Esquire, First Assistant Collector in charge, for instructions, with reference to Clause 3 of Schedule B and Section 19 of Act XXI of 1867.

2. Clause 3 of Schedule B requires three Conditions to be fulfilled, viz —

(A) — Company should be duly registered

(B) — Company shall have paid a dividend at or above the rate of 5 per cent. per annum

(C) — Profits of a Company for a year shall have exceeded Rs 10,000

3. The last two conditions have been fulfilled in the case of the "Ahmedabad Spinning and Weaving Company," as would appear from the Manager's letter dated 11th instant. The first condition (Company should be duly registered) only has not been fulfilled, as the Company is an unregistered one.

Section 19 of the Act, however makes no distinction between a registered Company and an unregistered one, and the undersigned is, therefore, humbly of opinion that the aforesaid Company is taxable at Rs 500

ADHURIT JEFFUNFF,
Special Officer, License Tax.

Ahmedabad, 18th June 1867.

The question to be considered is the amount of License Tax the above Company ought to be called upon to pay

It appears that the capital of the Company amounts to Rupees 3,27,000, that the last year's dividend was declared at 6 per cent, that the profits exceeded Rupees 10,000, also that the Company is not registered

Section 19 of Act XXI of 1867 enacts that every trading Company shall take out a License, and pay for the same such annual sum as is mentioned in Schedule B annexed to the Act

On turning to Schedule B to ascertain the amount this Company ought to pay, it appears that there are three classes of Companies, each of which classes are to be taxed different amounts—(Class No 1 and 2 comprise Companies with a capital of up to, exceeding respectively Rs ten lacs and five lacs. No 3 comprises every other such Company duly registered)

The Ahmedabad Spinning and Weaving Company does not come under either of the first two classes its capital is not sufficient to bring it under either of the first two. It is not duly registered, so cannot be taxed as coming under the third class.

It is a trading Company, and is, therefore, bound by Section 19 to take out a License. It does not appear, however, that it can be called upon to pay for its License. As Schedule B, under which all Companies are to be taxed, does not appear to provide any tax for unregistered Companies possessing a capital under five lacs, under the wording of different Sections of the Act it is difficult to say. I do not think that any tax at all can be levied, not even under Schedule A. Schedule A shows the amount of tax to be levied from persons, Schedule B the amount to be levied in Companies.

It may be remarked that, according to the reading of Section 19, Shareholders in an unlicensed Company can be treated as traders in respect of their shares held in the Company, and can be charged License Tax accordingly

W. B. PRATT,
First Assistant Collector in charge.

Ahmedabad, Collector's Office 18th June 1867

The Bombay Army List.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

LIEUT. GENL. SIR ROBERT NAPIER, G.C.S.I., K.C.B.,
Royal Engineers.

Appointed 28th March 1865.

(COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF THE ABYSSINIAN FIELD FORCE)

COMMANDING THE ARMY.

MAJOR GENERAL Hon. A. H. GORDON, C.B., British Infantry.
Appointed 21st December 1867.

STAFF AT HEAD QUARTERS.

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Appointment	Remarks.
			Military Secretary
Lieutenant G. W. Hume	Rifle Brigade		Aide-de-Camp
			Aide-de-Camp

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Colonel W. H. Kirby, 8	..	94th Foot	Adjutant General of the Army
Lieut. Col C. T. Atchison, 114		Staff Corps	Deputy Adjutant General of the Army.
			Assistant Adjt. Genl. of the Army
Lieut. Col. H. Wallace	..	Royal Art.	20 July 1864 Assistant Adjutant General Royal Art. (Comdg. Div. E. A. Abyssinian F. Force.)
Lieut. Colonel D. G. Anderson		Royal Art.	Acting Assistant Adjutant General, Royal Artillery

QUARTER MASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
Colonel R. Phayre, 64	Staff Corps	20 Feb. 1863	Qr. Master Genl of the Army (Deputy Qr Master Genl. Abyss. Field Force)
Colonel J. S. Gell, 16.. ..	Bomb. Inf.	21 July 1865	Deputy Qr Master Genl. of the Army (Actg. Qr. Master Genl.)
Major W. V. Shewell, 111	Staff Corps	20 Dec. 1865	Assistant Qr. Master Genl. of the Army (Actg. Deputy Qr. Master Genl.)

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Major Genl. P. K. McG. Skinner, C. B., 41	Staff Corps	25 June 1851	Judge Advocate Genl. of the Army
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Inspector of Artillery.

Brig. General H. Forster, 407	Royal Art.	29 Apr. 1867	Brigade Major
Captain T. N. Holborton, 451	Royal Art.	9 Jan. 1867	

Divisional Staff.

GENERAL OFFICERS COMMANDING DIVISIONS.—4.

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Appointment.	Command.
Major General T. Tapp, C.B., 5 ..	105th Foot	7 Nov. 1865	Northern Division
Major Genl. F. Adams, C.B., ..	British Army	9 Jan. 1865	Mhow Division
Major Genl G. Malcolm, C.B., 56..	Staff Corps	24 Apr. 1867	Brind Div. (Comdg. 2nd Div. Abyssinian Field Force)
Major Genl. Hon A. H. Gordon, C.B.	British Army	29 May 1867	Poona Division (Commanding the Army)

Assistant Adjutants General.—4.

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Appointment.	Division.
Major A. Carnegie, 204	Staff Corps	24 Apr. 1865	Poona (Europe, M. C.)
Lieut. Col. W. S. Hewett, 71	Staff Corps	7 July 1865	Mhow
Lieut. Col. W. L. Johnson, 81	Staff Corps	27 July 1866	Northern
Lieut. Col. E. A. H. Bacon, 126	Staff Corps	3 Dec. 1867	Brind

Lieut. Col. B. B. Moore	Staff Corps	3 Dec. 1867	Poona (Acting)
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Assistant Quartermasters General.—5.

Capt T. J. Holland, 241	Staff Corps	16 Nov. 1864	Assistant Qr. Master General Div. Abyssinian Field Force
Major R. Bugre, 224..	Staff Corps	10 Sept. 1865	Assistant Qr. Master General Abyssinian Field Force
Major R. Mallaby ..	Staff Corps	20 Dec. 1865	—

Deputy Assistant Quartermasters General.—3.

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Appointment.	Division.
Captain R. L. Campbell, 267 ..	Staff Corps	19 Sept. 1863	Sind (Acting Assistant Quarter Master General)
Captain A. G. F. Hogg, 263 ..	Staff Corps	26 Dec. 1863	Deputy Asst. Qr. Mr. Gani. Abyssinian Field Force
Captain J. C. Hobson	Staff Corps	7 Sept. 1866	Belgaum
Captain J. M. Sexton, 661..	95th Foot	21 Sept. 1867	Bombay (Acting)
Captain A. G. Hughes, 641..	40th Foot	21 Sept. 1867	N. D. A. (Acting)
Captain F. S. Iredell	10th N. I.	26 Sept. 1867	(Acting)

Deputy Judge Advocates General.—4.

Major C. O. Maude, 128	Staff Corps	7 Mar. 1855	Deputy Judge Advocate Genl. Abyssinian Field Force
Major A. B. Church, 115	Staff Corps	22 Jan. 1858	Sind (and Cantonment Magistrate)
Lieut. Col. J. D. Williams ..	Staff Corps	25 Dec. 1864	Poona
Lieut. Col. H. Shewell, 77 ..	Staff Corps	n. 1867	Mhow
Major H. M. G. Cooper, 169..	Staff Corps	27 Mar. 1866	Northern (Acting)

Brigade Staff.**BRIGADIERS GENERAL COMMANDING BRIGADES.**

1st Class—2. Second Class—5.

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Appointment.	Command.
1st CLASS. (2)			
Brigadier General R. L. Russell, 4 ..	Bombay Inf.	20 Mar. 1863	Bombay
Brigadier Genl. J. A. R. Rames, C.B., 451	95th Foot	22 June 1863	Belgaum
2ND CLASS. (5)			
Major Genl. Sir. C. W. D. Staveland, K.C.B.	British Inf.	7 Mar. 1866	Poona (Commanding 1st Div. Abyssinian Field Force)
Brigadier General G. P. Sealy, 408	Royal Arty.	19 Feb. 1867	Nusserabad
Brigadier General G. A. Montgomery, 9	Bombay Inf.	18 Feb. 1867	Nusserabad
Brigadier General J. McK. Taylor, 10	Bombay Cav.	7 May 1867	Deesa
Brigadier General T. Stock	Staff Corps	25 Dec. 1867	
Brigadier General B. R. Powell, 12..	Bombay Inf.	7 May 1867	Ahmednuggur (Acting)
Brigadier General J. W. Dornville ..	Royal Arty.	8 Nov. 1867	Poona (Acting)

Brigade Majors.—

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Appointment.	Station.
Major H. A. Green	Staff Corps	24 Apr. 1865	Ahmednuggur (Europe, M.U.)
Captain H. S. Anderson, 212..	Staff Corps	11 May 1865	Poona
Captain A. Wardrop, 238 ..	Staff Corps	7 July 1865	Nusserabad
Captain John Gordon	Staff Corps	25 Jan. 1866	Sind Field Force
Captain D. H. Hickman	Staff Corps	24 Mar. 1866	Aden (Europe M. C.)
Major T. S. Wardon, 148 ..	Staff Corps	12 Oct. 1866	Bombay
Major A. G. Plomton, 188 ..	Staff Corps	20 Nov. 1866	Belgaum
Major J. Miles, 179	Staff Corps	19 Jan. 1867	Nusserabad
Major A. Ferguson, 191	Staff Corps	17 July 1867	Europe M.C.
Captain C. J. Anderson, 238..	Staff Corps	5 Dec. 1867	Mhow
Captain N. B. Thoyts	Staff Corps	20 Apr. 1867	Ahmednuggur (Acting)
Captain T. E. A. Hall	49th Foot	2 Feb. 1867	Deesa (Acting)
Captain A. R. Wilson, 242 ..	Staff Corps	19 Oct. 1867	Aden (Acting)
Captain J. F. Forbes	Staff Corps	3 Dec. 1867	Sind Field Force (Acting)

STATION STAFF OFFICERS.

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Appointment.	Station.
<i>1st Class.</i>			
Major James Gordon	Staff Corps	28 Jan. 1861	Hydrabad
Captain W. H. Ross, 334	Staff Corps	24 Mar. 1866	Assessghur
Captain A. J. Vibart	Staff Corps	30 Nov. 1867	Sholapole
<i>2nd Class.</i>			
Major J. M. Holt	Staff Corps	4 Sept. 1863	Baroda (Europe, M. C.)
Lieutenant H. T. Christie	Genl. List	19 Oct. 1867	Rayote
Captain A. T. Reid	Staff Corps	6 Sept. 1867	Malligaum
<i>3rd Class.</i>			
Lieut. C. D. P. Payne	Staff Corps	.. ..	Surat
Captain W. H. Stockley, 403	Royal Arty.	24 Aug. 1866	Kinke
Captain C. H. H. Forbes,	Staff Corps	.. ..	Indore
<i>4th Class.</i>			
Lieutenant C. H. Coles	Staff Corps	30 Nov. 1867	Dhootin
Lieutenant S. J. Waudby	Staff Corps	24 Dec. 1868	Kolapore
Lieutenant J. Gatacre, 384	Staff Corps	19 Jan. 1869	Rhooj
Lieutenant DeL. R. F. Wooldridge	49th Foot	18 Nov. 1867	Okamundel
			Poorundhur
			Mehadpoor
			Tanna

Cantonment Magistrates.

Major A. B. Church, 115	Staff Corps	22 Jan. 1870	Kurrachee
Major G. C. Byssard	Staff Corps	10 Mar. 1858	Pooná
Lt. Colonel W. S. Jones	Staff Corps	9 May 1870	Ahmednuggur
Major J. H. Westropp,	Staff Corps	24 May 1862	Ahmednabad
Major W. H. Mason, 60	Staff Corps	9 June 1863	Bilqum
Major W. C. Lester	Staff Corps	1 July 1863	Mhow
Captain C. A. C. Hawkins, 218	Staff Corps	3 Mar. 1864	Aden (Europe, M. C.)
Lieut. Colonel W. D. Dickson, 69	Staff Corps	6 Sept. 1864	Neemuch
Captain A. T. Spence, 357	Staff Corps	6 Apr. 1867	Assistant, Pooná
Major S. J. Thorp, 173	Staff Corps	23 Oct. 1867	Sholapole
Major H. H. Hathway	Staff Corps	24 May 1867	Deesa

District Inspectors of Machinery.—2.

Captain R. C. Astley	49th Foot.	14 Dec. 1867	Chief Inspector, Army Head Quarters
Lieut. Col. A. T. Webb, 187	109th Foot	19 Aug. 1863	Junior Inspector, Mhow and Northern Division

Officers Commanding, and Staff of Depôts and Sanitaria.

Major G. F. Barry	1st Foot	.. ..	Comdt Genl. Depôt
Lieutenant M. Toole, 34	Unattached	20 Oct. 1867	Adjutant do.
Lieutenant P. Murray, 33	Unattached	29 Oct. 1867	Quartermaster do.
Burg. Major T. B. White, M.D., C.B., 893	Staff	4 Mar. 1867	Paymaster do.
Major H. Foster, 655	95th Foot	27 Sept. 1861	In Medical charge do.
Lieutenant F. B. Huntley	49th Foot	9 Dec. 1864	Commdt. Kurrachee Depôt
Lieutenant M. H. Healy	95th Foot	13 Sept. 1863	Adjutant do.
Burgess O. Barnett	Staff	6 Aug. 1867	Paymr. & Quartermr. do.
Captain G. G. Stewart	1st Foot	27 Dec. 1867	In Medical charge do.
Asst. Surgeon K. J. Fair	18 Br. R. A.	.. ..	Comdt. Colaba Sanitarium
Major F. W. Gostling, 635	49th Foot	19 Oct. 1867	In Medical charge do.
			Comdt. Mount Aboe Sanitarium
Captain J. I. Nason	49th Foot	18 Nov. 1867	Staff Officer do.
Asst. Surgeon R. Spence	Staff	19 Oct. 1867	In Medical charge do.
Capt. F. R. Gubbins	2nd Foot	27 Dec. 1867	Comdt. Ghazee Sanitarium
			In Medical charge do.
Major F. J. McFarlane	3rd Diag. Gds.	23 Sept. 1867	Comdt. Poorundhur Sanitarium
Lieutenant DeL. R. F. Wooldridge	49th Foot	18 Nov. 1867	Staff Officer do.
Asst. Surgeon R. A. Elliott	93th Foot	23 Sept. 1867	In Medical charge do.

OFFICERS QUALIFIED AS INSTRUCTORS AND ASSISTANT INSTRUCTORS OF MUSKETRY.

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Qualification (vide note,*)
<i>Instructors.</i>		
Staff Corps	Lieut. Colonel John Shaw Kimball	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Lieut. Colonel Henry Shawell	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Lieut. Colonel Winkworth Scott	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Major Charles Thomas Pitham	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Major George Davison	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Major John Frederick Lister	H. 1st (extra)
Staff Corps	Major Frederick S. Hewett	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Major Henry Bienville	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Major Charles William Walsby	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Major Robert Millaby	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Major Thomas Leitch and Piers	P. 1st
Staff Corps	Major Richard Johnston	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Captain Charles Thomas Heathcote	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Captain Devereux Henry Hickman	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Captain Alexander Fox-Penner	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Captain E. W. Tresson	P. 1st
Staff Corps	Captain Edward Hopper Ashie	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Captain William Thomas Mills	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Captain W. Beithon Preston	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Captain Lillist Edward Osherson	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Lieutenant Colonel Francis James	H. 1st (extra)
Staff Corps	Lieutenant Richard Mercer Lloyd	H. 1st (extra)
Staff Corps	Lieutenant Percival Dowling Milden	H. 1st
Staff Corps	Lieutenant William Frederick Sandwith	P. 1st
2nd Dragoon Guards	Lieutenant Arthur Brett	H. 1st
2nd Dragoon Guards	Lieutenant George Hewavood	H. 1st
2nd Dragoon Guards	Cornet H. F. Twynham	H. 1st
1st Regt. Lt. Cavalry	Captain W. Henry Frederick Sykes	H. 1st
1st Foot (2nd Batta.)	Lieutenant Richard R. Roberts	P. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Captain Henry Behar	P. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Captain F. R. Gubbins	H. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Captain Henry Waring	H. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Captain James W. Harrell	H. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Captain Henry Wood	P. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant A. H. Hillme	H. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant Robert A. Crawford	H. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant Edmund T. Owen	H. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant Jasper S. Tupple	P. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant Edward W. Broderick	P. 1st (extra)
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant Bernard A. Bode	P. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant Edward A. Hughes	P. 1st
11th Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant Colonel Edward William Bray	H. 1st
11th Foot (1st Batta.)	Captain George H. Kettle	H. 1st
11th Foot (1st Batta.)	Captain Edward Chinn	H. 1st
11th Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant Christopher B. Durrant	H. 1st
4th Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant George W. Hughes	P. 1st
4th Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant George A. Sweny	P. 1st
11th Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant Edgar M. Kemp	H. 1st
4th Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant Edward J. Long	H. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Major Charles Elgar	H. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant Henry F. Ferguson	H. 1st (extra)
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Captain Eugene M. Box	H. 1st
2nd Foot (1st Batta.)	Lieutenant William H. Adams	H. 1st (extra)
20th Foot	Major William Moss	H. 1st
26th Foot	Captain Edward Kempton	H. 1st
26th Foot	Captain Laurence A. Stegson	H. 1st
26th Foot	Lieutenant Philip G. Story	P. 1st
26th Foot	Lieutenant Oswald Crosswell	H. 1st
26th Foot	Lieutenant George Douthwaite	P. 1st
26th Foot	Lieutenant James R. G. Buchanan	H. 1st
26th Foot	Lieutenant Archibald D. Eden	P. 1st

* H. 1st, P. 1st, P. 1st, signify that the Officer holds the Certificate from His Majesty's School of Musketry, in the rank may be.

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Qualification (vide Note.*)
28th Foot	Lieutenant William D. Barton	F. 1st
28th Foot	Lieutenant Howard M. L. Brunker	H. 1st
28th Foot	Ensign Henry F. Townsend	H. 1st
33rd Foot	Major Richard Lacy	H. 1st
33rd Foot	Lieutenant George M. Douglas	H. 1st
45th Foot	Major George L. Hobbs	H. 1st
45th Foot	Captain George U. Cross	H. 1st
45th Foot	Captain Henry B. Hayward	H. 1st
45th Foot	Lieutenant Robert J. Callwell	H. 1st
45th Foot	Lieutenant George G. Parkin	F. 1st
45th Foot	Lieutenant John O. Gage	H. 1st
45th Foot	Lieutenant G. F. Chambers	H. 1st
45th Foot	Lieutenant Henry Lambert	H. 1st
45th Foot	Lieutenant Thomas Murphy	H. 1st
45th Foot	Lieutenant George H. Anderson	F. 1st
45th Foot	Captain Richard D. Atley	H. 1st
49th Foot	Captain T. R. A. Hall	H. 1st
49th Foot	Lieutenant Robert O. Aldworth	F. 1st
49th Foot	Lieutenant Edwin Olmstead	H. 1st
49th Foot	Lieutenant T. H. Lonsdale	H. 1st
49th Foot	Captain James A. Brock	H. 1st
49th Foot	Lieutenant Henry M. Parkinson	H. 1st
49th Foot	Lieutenant Lucius J. Collins	H. 1st (extra)
49th Foot	Lieutenant William A. Dixon	H. 1st (extra)
49th Foot	Colonel Hon. Frederick Augustus Thesiger	H. 1st
49th Foot	Colonel Hon. Byre O. H. Massey	H. 1st
49th Foot	Captain John N. Creadock	F. 1st
49th Foot	Lieutenant John H. M. Sperrin	F. 1st
49th Foot	Lieutenant A. C. G. Leiman	T. 1st
49th Foot	Lieutenant A. D. Broughton	F. 1st (extra)
103rd Foot	Colonel Thomas Tapp, C.B. (Major General)	H. 1st
103rd Foot	Lieutenant John T. Tennant	F. 1st
104th Foot	Major Colonel Astell T. Walsh	H. 1st
104th Foot	Lieutenant H. H. Edwards	F. 1st
104th Foot	Lieut. Colonel John William F. Sandwith	H. 1st
104th Foot	Captain Sir John Louis, Bart	F. 1st
104th Foot	Lieutenant Patrick John P. Henslowe	H. 1st

Assistant Instructors.

Staff Corps	Major Samuel Joseph Thorp	H. 2nd
Staff Corps	Major John Miles	F. 2nd
Staff Corps	Captain Thomas Lyons Fraser	H. 2nd
Staff Corps	Lieutenant George Bonister	H. 2nd
2nd Foot	Lieutenant George A. Scott	H. 2nd
4th Foot (1st Bat.)	Ensign Edward R. F. Woodgate	H. 2nd
23rd Foot 1st Bat.	Lieutenant Alexander S. Beaumont	H. 2nd
26th Foot	Lieutenant William B. Wade	H. 2nd
33rd Foot	Captain Joseph C. Smyth	F. 2nd
33rd Foot	Major Peter E. Quin	F. 2nd
45th Foot	Major Charles Lewis Griffin	H. 2nd
45th Foot	Lieutenant Henry H. Hooks	H. 2nd
45th Foot	Lieutenant Edward L. H. Kyle	F. 2nd
104th Foot	Captain George H. Knapp	H. 2nd
104th Foot	Lieutenant Richard L. W. M. Maydwell	H. 2nd
104th Foot	Captain C. F. Parkinson	F. 2nd
104th Foot	Lieutenant John F. Jordan	H. 2nd
104th Foot	Lieutenant Louis F. Gould	F. 2nd

* H. 2nd, F. 2nd, P. 2nd, signify that the Officers hold 2nd Class Certificate from Hythe, Fleetwood, or Poona, as the case may be.

Ordnance Department.

Inspector Genl. of Ord. and Magazines	Colonel W. D. Aitken, R. A., appointed 26th July 1864 (Europe Furlough)
Acting ditto.	Colonel J. Worgan, R. A., appointed 28th May 1867
Deputy Inspector Genl. of Ord. and Magazines.	Colonel J. Worgan, R. A., appointed 1st December 1867
Acting ditto.	Lieut. Col. D. J. Kinloch R.A., appointed 20th May 1867
Agent for Gun Carriages	Colonel W. M. Hatch, R.A., appointed 10th March 1863.
Agent for Gunpowder	Lieut. Colonel T. T. Haggard, R. A., appointed 10th March 1863.

Rank and Name.	Date of Appointment.	Stations.
1ST CLASS COMMISSARIES (2).		
Lieut. Col. G. B. Mellersh, R.A.	1 Dec. 1863	Hydrabad
Major C. Clarke, R.A.	11 Nov. 1864	Belgaum Brigade
2ND CLASS COMMISSARIES (2).		
Major A. A. Bayly, R.A.	1 Dec. 1863	Mhow
Capt. F. Swanson, R.A.	11 Nov. 1864	2nd Class Commissary Abyssinian Field Force
3RD CLASS COMMISSARIES (4).		
Capt. H. Purcell, Veteran Detach.	1 Dec. 1863	Neemuch
Capt. Samuel Chetham, Vet. Estab.	20 Oct. 1864	Ahmedabad
Capt. G. Napier, R.A.	24 Nov. 1866	Aden
Capt. A. R. Hoskins, R.A.	24 Nov. 1866	Poonah
Lieut. F. W. M. Spring, R. A. (Prob.) ..	4 Oct. 1868	Abyssinian Field Force

SUBORDINATE OFFICERS, ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Rank and Name.	Date of Rank.	
DEPUTY COMMISSARIES (2).		
Purcell, Henry, Capt. (Hon.) ..	26 Mar. 1870	Neemuch
Chetham, Samuel, Capt. (Hon.) ..	20 Oct. 1864	Ahmedabad
DEPUTY ASSIST. COMMISSARIES (5).		
Wilkins, J. Fred. Capt. (Hon.) ..	15 June 1861	Europe, M. C.
Coleman, Jeremiah, Capt. (Hon.) ..	1 Oct. 1861	Grand Arsenal
Shore, Thomas—Ensign (Hon.) ..	17 July 1862	Kurrachee
Osborne, John—Ensign (Hon.) ..	20 Oct. 1864	Mhow
O'Grady, James	24 May 1867	Aden
CONDUCTORS (2).		
Marr, Patrick. (Actg. Dep. Asst. Comy.)	29 Mar. 1851	Poonah
Hazelgrove, George Patrick	1 Oct. 1855	Europe, Furlough
Connell, Daniel (Actg. Dept. Asst. Comy)	14 Sept. 1856	Belgaum
Furlong, John	6 Oct. 1856	Europe, M. C.

SUBORDINATE OFFICERS, ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT. (cont.)

Rank and Name.	Date of Rank.		
CONDUCTORS (continued).			
Clarke, John	17 June	1860	Europe, M. C.
Bunyer, Francis	15 March	1861	Grand Arsenal
Wish, Patrick	"	"	Mhow
Switting, Edward	"	"	Poona
Pentock, Henry	"	"	"
Hair, John	2 May	1861	Grand Arsenal
Judd, George	15 June	1861	Hydrabad
Adair, David	8 Jan	1862	Overseer Percussion Cap Manufactory, Mhow
Vint, David	7 Jan	1862	Poona
Pearson, Peter	17 July	1862	Europe, M.C.
Ruffin, Henry	18 Dec.	1862	Grand Arsenal
Boekley, Arthur	7 June	1863	Head Clerk, Grand Arsenal
Foster, Henry Doyle	2 Aug.	1863	Belgaum
McMillan, Charles	25 Sept	1863	Grand Arsenal
Callaghan, Patrick	20 March	1864	Grand Arsenal
McNee, Henry	15 April	1864	Hydrabad
Norton, Michael	10 July	1864	Grand Arsenal
Ryan, Francis	22 July	1864	Europe, M.C.
Bingham, John	31 July	1864	Grand Arsenal
Corkery, Martin	11 Sept.	1864	Poona
Morrow, Robert	6 Oct.	1864	Europe, Fardouch
Joplin, Joseph	20 Oct.	1864	Head Overseer Gun Carriage Dept.
Lange, Thomas	20 Oct.	1864	Aden
McKenzie, Edward	18 Nov	1864	Hydrabad
Wallace, David	18 Nov	1864	Europe, M.C.
McDougal, James Edward	17 May	1865	Grand Arsenal
Barker, James	23 July	1865	Mhow
McGerald, James	6 Aug.	1865	Aden
Dwyer, Thomas	16 Sept	1865	Europe, M.C.
Hartley, James	24 Nov	1867	Mhow
SUB-CONDUCTORS (16).			
*Campbell, Mathew	10 July	1861	Ahmednuggur
*McDonald, William	31 July	1864	Powder Works, Bombay
*Orchton, George F.	11 Sept.	1864	Mohaspoor
*Jones, William	6 Oct.	1864	Ahmedabad
*Forrestell, William	20 Oct.	1864	Poona
*Nelson, Peter	22 Jan.	1865	Neemuch
*Gregory, John	1 Feb.	1865	Bombay
*Bather, William	19 Feb.	1865	Ahyaniat
Riley, Thomas	17 May	1865	"
*Murray, John	7 June	1865	Grand Arsenal
Taylor, Ephraim	23 July	1865	Mhow
*Hannan, Thomas	5 Aug.	1865	Aden
*Courtenay Thomas	18 Sept.	1865	Poona
*Frye, Edward	22 Dec.	1865	Alwarra
*McMorrow, Dennis	24 May	1867	Ahyaniat
Cunninghame, Patrick	4 Aug	1867	Belgaum
Acting Conductors			

Commissariat Department.

HEAD QUARTERS—POONA.

COMMISSARY GENERAL.

Lieut. Colonel J. B. Dunsterville, Staff Corps, appointed 1st Sept. 1863.

DEPUTY COMMISSARY GENERAL.

Lieutenant Colonel H. W. Holland, Staff Corps, appointed 1st Sept. 1863 (Controller of Supply and Transport, Abyssinian Field Force.)

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Appointment.	Station.
<i>Asst. Commissioners General 1st Class.</i>			
Col. W. B. Salmon	Staff Corps	1 Sept. 1863	Nelumbus, M. C. from 1st May 1867
Lieut. Col. A. W. Lucas ..	Staff Corps	1 Mar. 1867	Deputy Comm. Genl. Abyssinian Field Force
<i>Asst. Commissioners General 2nd Class.</i>			
Major F. P. Mignon	Staff Corps	1 Sept. 1863	Assistant Comm. Genl. 1st Class Abyssinian Field Force
Capt. C. F. Keays	Staff Corps	1 Mar. 1867	Bombay
<i>Deputy Asst. Commissioners General 1st Class.</i>			
Capt. M. W. Willoughby ..	Staff Corps	1 Sept. 1863	Asst. Comm. Genl. 2nd Class Abyssinian Field Force
Capt. G. S. Mignon	Staff Corps	1 Mar. 1867	Bombay
Major D. L. Lestrang	Staff Corps	1 Oct. 1867	Kurrachee
<i>Deputy Asst. Commissioners General 2nd Class.</i>			
Captain R. T. Clarke	Staff Corps	1 Mar. 1867	Poonah
Major J. Thacker	Staff Corps	8 Oct. 1867	Deputy Asst. Commissary Genl. 1st Class, Abyssinian Field Force
Major J. Clements	Staff Corps	8 Oct. 1867	Aden
<i>Sub-Asst. Commissioners General 1st Class.</i>			
Capt. J. B. Fenwick	Staff Corps	1 Sept. 1863	Poonah
Captain A. Phelps	11th N. I.	1 Sept. 1863	
Major L. M. Davies	Staff Corps	8 Oct. 1867	Europe, M. C. to 14th Aug. 1868
Lieut. G. B. Harris	Staff Corps	8 Oct. 1867	Mhow
Capt. D. S. Ostryhan	Staff Corps	8 Oct. 1867	Europe, M. C. to 28th Nov. 1868
Lieut. W. T. Keays	Staff Corps	8 Oct. 1867	Deputy Asst. Comm. Genl. 2nd Class Abyssinian Field Force
<i>Sub-Asst. Commissioners General 2nd Class.</i>			
Capt. H. R. M. Van Heythuysen	Staff Corps	8 Oct. 1867	Aurangpur
Lieut. A. M. Shewell	Staff Corps	8 Oct. 1867	Sub-Asst. Comm. Genl. 1st Class Abyssinian Field Force
Capt. J. S. D. Bolton	Staff Corps	9 Oct. 1867	Europe, M. C. to 28th Sept. 1868

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT (*continued*).

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Appointment	
<i>Supy. Sub-Assist. Commis. General.</i>			
Capt. C. Swinhoe ..	Staff Corps	1 Oct. 1863	Deesa (Actg. Sub-Assist 2nd Class)
Lieut. G. F. Bryant ..	Staff Corps	7 Oct. 1864	Sub-Assist Commys Genl. 1st Class Abyssinian Field Force
Lieut. F. P. Worthy ..	Staff Corps	27 Sept. 1865	Sholapure
<i>Probationers.</i>			
Lieut. W. B. Seton ..	General List	15 Mar. 1867	Bombay
Lieut. E. S. Walcott ..	General List	18 May 1867	

SUBORDINATE OFFICERS. COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

Rank and Name.	Date of Rank.	Stations.
<i>Deputy Assistant Commissary (1).</i>		
Scott, John, Capt. (Hon)	25 Nov. 1855	Kurrachee
Goslin, William, Lieut.	20 Aug. 1862	Poona
<i>Conductors (6).</i>		
Harrison, John	17 Nov. 1860	Poona
Henderson, James	30 Feb. 1862	Europe, Furlough
Budd, James	24 June 1862	Poona
Moon, James	30 Aug. 1862	Bombay
Lee, William	9 June 1863	Aden
Savage, George	17 Sept. 1863	Belgaum
Pearson, Thomas	14 Nov. 1863	Under orders for Abyssinia
Wild, William	17 Nov. 1863	Under orders for Abyssinia
<i>Sub-Conductors (10).</i>		
Bartleman, Archibald (Actg. Conductor)	3 July 1861	Nussacorabad
Crumley, John	24 June 1862	Kurrachee
D'Emden, George Louis	17 April 1863	Poona
Leonard, Patrick	25 April 1863	Europe, M. C.
Cameron, Robert	9 June 1863	Hydrabad
Crows, Charles Henry	25 May 1864	Under orders for Abyssinia
Smellie, James	23 July 1864	Deesa
Van, William Henry	23 July 1865	Europe, M. C.
Smith, Frederick	17 Nov. 1865	Under orders for Abyssinia
Maggs, Charles	16 July 1867	Under orders for Abyssinia

Public Works Department.

Appointment.	Names.	Corps.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
Secretary to Govt.	Col. M. K. Kennedy .. m.	Royal Engrs.	18 July 63	Ser. M. C. 15 months from 30th April 1867
Under Secretary to Government	Lieut. T. F. Dowden .. g.	Royal Engrs.	7 Feb. 65	
Acting ditto.	Capt. W. A. Baker .. m.	Royal Engrs.	30 April 67	
Under Secretary to Govt. for Dept.	Lieut. Colonel J. G. Life ..	Royal Engrs.	1 April 67	
Assistant Secretary to Government	M. C. L. Yank .. ..	.. ..	9 Nov. 64
Controller of Public Works Accounts.	Captain A. Davidson ..	Royal Engrs.	23 July 65	
Deputy ditto.	R. H. Trotter, Esq.	17 Mar. 66	

ENGINEERING ESTABLISHMENT.

Corps.	Date of Appointment to present rank.	Remarks.
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CHIEF ENGINEERS.

One 1st Class and one 2nd.

1st Class.

Colonel M. K. Kennedy .. m. | Royal Engrs. 18 July 1863 | Secy. to Govt. P. W. Dept.

Major Genl. C. W. Tremearc | Royal Engrs. 12 May 1863 | Chief Engineer, Presidency Division here, C B.

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEERS.

Two 1st Class and two 2nd Class; in each Class one of 1st and one of 2nd Grade.

1st Class, 1st Grade

Col. W. E. Dickinson .. . | Royal Engrs. | 18 July 1863 | Secy. Division

NOTE.—The letters m., g., s., o., and c., in Italics after the names of the Officers in the Public Works Department denote that those Officers have passed in the Vernacular of Marathi, Gujarati, Sindhi, Oriya, and Canarese, the tests prescribed in Arts. 9 and 11, Chap. V., p. 14, Public Works Code.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT (*continued*)

Name	Corps	Date of Appointment to present Rank	Remarks
SUPPLEMENTARY ENGINEERS			
<i>(Continued)</i>			
2nd Class 1st Grade			
Col C Scott . . .	Royal Engineers	7 Sept 1863	Southern Division
2nd Class 2nd Grade			
J W Playfair . . .	Royal Engineers	1 Jan 1864	Northern Division (Acting)
Junior Col J G Liff . . .	Royal Engineers	2 Oct 1864	Trinidad
Supernumerary			
1st Class 1st grade			
Colonel H W B Bell . . .	Royal Engineers	8 Sept 1864	Southern Division & Sanitary Commission
EXISTING ENGINEERS			
<i>Of which 1st Grade 7, 2nd Grade 9, 3rd Grade 9, 4th Grade 1</i>			
1st Grade			
Capt R. A. Saffron . . .	Royal Engineers	2 May 1860	Local District
Capt A U B Smith . . .	Royal Engineers	1 Dec 1860	Acting, Sudder
Maj J Beatty . . .	Civil Engineer	1 May 1861	For Civil Works Hyderabad
Maj J Jones . . .	Civil Engineer	4 Aug 1864	Acting, Civil Works Kutch
Maj J H J Hart . . .	Civil Engineer	1 May 1864	Bombay
Captain C J Maximilian . . .	Royal Engineers	3 July 1860	Acting
Capt J W Greig . . .	Royal Engineers	24 Dec 1860	Field Engineer, Mysore District
Maj A J Miller . . .	Royal Engineers	15 Mar 1861	Acting
Captain W W Goodfellow . . .	Royal Engineers	12 Oct 1864	Field Engineer, Mysore District
Captain D Thomson . . .	Royal Engineers	1 May 1864	1st Lt. Khanderesh
Supernumerary			
Junior Col J W Playfair . . .	Royal Engineers	27 Nov 1863	Acting Superintendent, Local & Civil Division
2nd Grade			
Maj R W Woodhouse . . .	Royal Engineers	28 April 1864	Ratnagerry
Capt J G J Griffiths . . .	Royal Engineers	22 April 1864	Acting Engineer
Capt J R Mansell . . .	Royal Engineers	11 Dec 1860	Northern Division
Capt A J Mander . . .	Royal Engineers	1 May 1863	Kanara
Junior Col J Smith . . .	Royal Engineers	2 May 1863	Acting Field Engineer, Abyssinian Field Force
Captain B H Mathew . . .	Royal Engineers	6 Nov 1861	Special duty, India
Maj P R Griffiths . . .	Civil Engineer	7 Aug 1863	For Irrigation, Ahmednagar and Nasik
Capt C B E Penny . . .	Royal Engineers	28 Dec 1860	For Irrigation, Ahmednagar
Capt J LeMessurier . . .	Royal Engineers	22 Jan 1867	Special duty, Sind
Capt L B Hollis . . .	Royal Engineers	22 Mar 1860	Bombay and Kolapur
Captain C A Goodfellow . . .	Royal Engineers	1 May 1863	Bombay & Mysore Royal Engineers, Abyssinian Field Force

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT (continued).

Name	Corps	Date of Appointment to present Rank	Remarks
EXECUTIVE ENGINEERS (continued) <i>2nd Grade</i>			
<i>Superannuated</i>			
(Capt W A Bal) . m	Royal Engrs	22 Dec 1885	Acting Under Secretary to Government P W Dept
(Captain C W Finch .	Royal Engrs	13 Dec. 1885	Actg Executive Engr Bombay Defences
<i>3rd Grade</i>			
Mr Khandash Muncharam	..	27 July 1880	Presidency
(Lieutenant) I Phelps .	Royal Engrs	1 Nov 1884	Acting Tower and Central Sine
(Lieutenant) K A Jopp .	Royal Engrs	1 Dec 1885	Acting and Abou (Asst Field Engineer Algebrun Field Force)
(Lieutenant) C Mintom .	Royal Engrs	..	Acting and Abou
(Lieutenant) H I I .	Royal Engrs	..	Acting, Ahmednagar
(Lieutenant) A S S .	Royal Engrs	1 May 1885	Acting, Ahmednagar
(Major) W R Houghton .	Staff Corps	12 Jan 1887	Acting Deputy and Abou
(Major) W S Howard .	..	1 Dec 1885	Nasik (In special Local charge)
(Lieut) L I M .	R. B. (Militia)	..	..
(Captain) L P I .	Royal Engrs	20 July 1886	In Ex charge of Parpoole Ghaut
<i>4th Grade</i>			
Mr. F D Campbell .	..	1 Dec 1885	Engineering Dept, Sattara
Mr. I D Little .	..	..	..
Mr. C S Luby .	..	16 Dec 1885	Acting, for Canal Sikkim
Mr. W J Luby .	..	..	..
(Lieut) J H R Crumshank .	Royal Engrs	1 Nov 1885	Acting, Canal
(Lieut) H Dorton .	Royal Engrs	12 Dec 1885	Bombay Defences
(Lieut) C I Baldwin .	Royal Engrs	1 Dec 1885	..
(Lieut) J D Crumshank .	Royal Engrs	1 Dec 1885	Acting, Mitrow Canal
<i>Superannuated</i>			
(Lieut) E L Murray .	Royal Engrs	11 Jan 1886	Europe M C, 18 months from 9th May 1887
(Lieut) A D O Crookson, m	Royal Engrs	1 Dec 1885	Acting, Upper Sind (Europe, M C, 20 months from 9th July 1886)
SPECIAL APPOINTMENTS			
Mr W H Price .	Civil Engrs	28 Jan 1886	Supt Karachi Harbour Works
(Lt-Col) J A Fuller .	Royal Engrs	28 July 1885	Architectural Ex Engr and Surveyor, Bombay
(Lieut Col) H St C Wilkin .	Royal Engrs	20 Apr 1887	Lt Engr Bombay Defences (Commanding Lt. Engrs in Field Force)
(Lieut) W M Dunt .	Royal Engrs	10 Oct 1885	Engr for Reclamations, Bombay
Mr W Iain .	..	9 May 1887	Architect to Government
Mr H De La P Murphy .	..	1 Jan 1885	Nautical Assent to Lt. Engr, Bombay Defences
ASSISTANT ENGINEERS.			
<i>Of which 1st Grade 13, the remaining may be in the 2nd, 3rd, or "Apprentice" Grade</i>			
<i>1st Grade</i>			
Mr J Gregory .	..	28 April 1884	Nasik
(Lieut) B O Selton .	Royal Engrs	20 June 1884	Ahmednagar
(Lieut) G M Crumshank .	Royal Engrs	1 Nov. 1884	Poona and Kuzee
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PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—continued.

Name.	Corps.	Date of Appointment to present rank.	Remarks.
ASSISTANT ENGINEERS (continued).			
<i>1st Grade (continued).</i>			
Lieut. A. L. Buckle .. m.	Royal Engrs.	1 Dec. 1836	Exec. Engineer for Irrigation, Poona
Lieut. T. J. Williams .. m.	Royal Engrs.	1 Apr. 1866	Asst. Field Engr. Abyssinian F. F.
Mr. F. B. Walker .. m.	Civil Engr.	1 Nov. 1864	Madras
Mr. W. C. L. Brown .. m.	.. ..	..	Irrigation Department, Khandesh (In Ex. charge)
Lieut. R. A. Sargeant ..	Royal Engrs.	15 Nov. 1866	Asst. Field Engineer Abyss. Field Force
Lieut. A. W. Baird ..	Royal Engrs.	1 April 1867	Ir. Irrigation, Bombay
Capt. (Hon.) B. Simpson ..	Unattached	1 Aug. 1867	Parpoolee Grant Road
Lieut. (Hon.) J. B. ..	Unattached	1 Aug. 1867	Poona
Lieut. F. D. Winder ..	Genl. List	28 Sept. 1867	Sumat and Borch
Lieut. C. B. Beauchamp ..	Royal Engrs.	6 Nov. 1867	Dacca and Aboe
<i> supernumeraries.</i>			
Lieut. M. J. Macartney ..	Royal Engrs.	27 Aug. 1864	Europe, M. C., 20 months from 20th Sept 1860
Lieut. J. Gierston .. m.	Staff Corps	1 Dec. 1860	Europe M. C., 20 months from 14th Oct. 1860
Mr. Geo. Tipper .. g	.. ..	..	On leave for 12 months
Lieut. H. C. Mores ..	Genl. List	1 Dec. 1860	Europe, M. C., 20 months from 9th July 1867
Lieut. H. Abney ..	Royal Engrs.	1 April 1866	Europe, M. C. from 24th July 1867
Ensign (Hon.) L. Auc ..	Unattached	1 Aug. 1866	Europe, M. C., 20 mos. from 1st March 1867
<i>2nd Grade</i>			
Lieut. C. E. Pridgen .. m.	Royal Engrs.	1 Apr. 1865	Aden
Capt. J. H. P. Macdonald ..	Staff Corps	20 Nov. 1864	Kulladghie (In Ex. charge)
Lieut. W. H. Hydon .. m.	Royal Engrs.	22 April 1865	Khandesh
Lieut. H. C. Reynolds ..	Royal Engrs.	6 Dec. 1865	Canton
Lieut. H. C. Meddham ..	Royal Engrs.	22 April 1866	Lower and Central Sind
Lieut. L. Penne ..	6th Mad. A. I.	6 Nov. 1866	Canton
Mr. W. Ashdown .. m.	Civil Engr.	10 Dec. 1866	Bellum and Kolapore
Mr. P. H. D'Sauns ..	.. ..	13 Oct. 1866	Presidency Division (Temporary)
Lieut. C. B. Stuart ..	6th N. I.	28 Sept. 1867	Poona District (Attached to Transport Corps Abyssinian Field Force)
Captain E. G. Butts-combo.	Royal Art.	28 Sept. 1867	Poona District
<i> supernumerary</i>			
Major C. W. Wabab ..	Staff Corps	17 Sept. 1864	Europe, M. C., 20 months from 14th May 1860
<i>3rd Grade</i>			
Mr. H. L. Allen .. m.	Civil Engr.	25 April 1866	Bellum and Kolapore
Lieut. F. W. Joseph ..	Staff Corps	13 July 1866	Unattached
Lieut. S. G. D. Turner ..	Staff Corps	14 Sept. 1866	Bellum and Kolapore (On probation)
Mr. H. Thomson ..	.. ..	3 Oct. 1866	Upper Sind
Mr. D. Fingle ..	.. ..	15 Oct. 1866	Northern Concan
Mr. M. S. Dooly ..	.. ..	15 Oct. 1866	Poona and Kharke
Mr. T. W. Scott ..	.. ..	29 Jan. 1867	Dacca and Aboe (on probation)
Mr. J. Kelly ..	.. ..	6 July 1867	Civil Department, Kurrachee, Sind
Mr. S. Doug ..	.. ..	24 July 1867	Sind
Mr. A. G. L. East ..	.. ..	11 Dec. 1866	Lutnagherry (Apprentice)
<i>Extra Asst. Engineers.</i>			
Lieut. W. I. LeBreton ..	Royal Art.	19 Sept. 1866	Dacca and Aboe

SUBORDINATE OFFICERS, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Rank and Name.	Date of Rank.	How or where employed.
<i>Deputy Commissary (1).</i>		
Stapleton, Edward, Capt. (Hon.) ..		Parpoolee Ghaut Road (Asst. Engineer 1st Grade)
<i>Assistant Commissary (1).</i>		
Davis, John, Lieut. (Hon.)		Poona (Asst. Engr. 1st Grade)
<i>Deputy Assistant Commissary (1).</i>		
Horton, Charles, Lieut. (Hon.) ..	31 Oct. 1864	Revenue Survey, Tanna
Nuc, Edward, Design (Hon.) ..	11 Oct. 1864	Luzon, M. C. (Asst. Engr. 1st Grade)
Hall, George, Design (Hon.) ..	3 Sept. 1863	Poona
Kelly, John	6 Aug. 1867	Sind (Assistant Engineer 3rd Grade)
<i>Conductors (5).</i>		
Chetham, William (Actg. Depy. Asst. Comy.)	10 April 1863	Dhara or
Cowper, George	10 Jan. 1864	Poona District
Ulabby, John	25 July 1864	Aden
Knight, William Frederick ..	31 Oct. 1864	Mindabad
Pain, Charles	14 Oct. 1867	Northern Concan
<i>Sub-Conductors (7).</i>		
Culhane, James (Acting Conductor)	23 July 1864	
Hunt, Philip	11 Oct. 1864	Sustain
Tait, George	1 April 1865	Poona District
Williams, John William ..	24 May 1865	Parpoolee Ghaut Road
Reed, Henry	25 Nov. 1865	Sind
Wholohan, Thomas	1 Aug. 1867	Aden
Wood, William	15 Oct. 1867	Abyssinia (with Engineer Park)

LIST of SERJEANTS in the receipt of ANNUITIES (with Silver Medal) for Distinguished or Meritorious Conduct.

Rank.	Name.	Corps or Establishment.	Amount.	From what date.	Authority.
Riding Master Serjt.	Jones, M. ..	Pension Estab. ..	£15	25 Oct. 1850	G. G. O. 16 Nov. 1850
Serjeant Major	Richardson, H. ..	Do. do.	£15		
Qr. Master Serjeant	Hend, N. ..	Do. do.	£10	16 Feb. 1856	8 Mar. 1856
"	Cooke, J. ..	Do. do.	£10	10 Jan. 1856	9 July 1856
Serjeant Major	Robottom, G. ..	Do. do.	£10	20 May 1861	10 June 1858
"	Burrell, J. ..	Do. do.	£20	28 May 1861	23 July 1861
"	Payne, J. ..	Burruck Depark..	£20	" "	" "
"	Wood, J. ..	Pension Estab. ..	£10	" "	" "
"	Brougham, H. ..	Do. do.	£10	11 Feb. 1863	8 Mar. 1863
Hospital Serjeant	Guisse, George ..	Do. do.	£15	30 Dec. 1863	21 Feb. 1863
Total..			£135		

Barrack Department.

Rank and Name.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Deputy Assistant Commissioners (2)		
Jackson, John, Ensign (Hon.) ..	22 July 1863	Head Clerk Qr. Master General's Office
McLoughlin, Patrick, Lieut. (Hon.) ..	22 July 1863	Senior Barrack Master, Poona Circle
Barnard, Joseph, Ensign (Hon.) ..	25 Sept. 1865	Senior Barrack Master, Presidency Circle
Conductors (6).		
Tarleton, Weldon C.	22 July 1863	1st Class, Sind Circle
Tofft, George H.	23 July 1863	1st Class, Mhow Circle
Edwards, Samuel	16 Oct. 1863	1st Class, Northern Circle
Knapman, Henry	5 June 1865	1st Class, Rangoon Circle
Lyons, John	25 Sept. 1865	2nd Class, Aden Circle
Mulkara, Patrick	1 Jan. 1867	Attached to Qr. Master General's Office
Sub-conductors (8).		
Hast, Eugene	22 July 1865	3rd Class (Actg. 2nd Class) Belgium Circle
Balhel, Charles	22 July 1863	3rd Class, Bombay
Wright, James	3 Aug. 1864	3rd Class, Mhow
O'Brien, David	16 Apr. 1865	3rd Class, Deesa
Payne, John	5 June 1865	3rd Class (Europe, N. C.)
Maxwell, Robert	13 Oct. 1866	Qr. Master General's Office
Schnepel, Edward	1 Jan. 1867	3rd Class, Poona

Warrant Officers attached to Departments.

Rank and Name.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
ASSISTANT COMMISSARY		
Christian, Christopher, Lieut. (Hon.)	10 Sept. 1866	Marine Department
DEPUTY ASSISTANT COMMISSARIES.		
Edginton, Alfred, Ensign (Hon.) ..	22 Dec. 1869	Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay
Norman, Alexander	27 Mar. 1867	Acting, Bazar Sergeant, Poona
Murray, John	27 Mar. 1867	Head Assistant, Adjutant General's Office
Glover, Thomas	11 June 1867	Cutler, Medical Store
SUB-CONDUCTORS.		
Newman, Thomas	28 April 1863	Warder, House of Correction
Cummins, Michael	28 April 1863	Warder, House of Correction
Tabor, Thomas C.	23 Dec. 1869	Adjutant General's Office (Europe M. C.)
Rehn, Darby	31 Aug. 1864	Acting Provost Sergeant, Mhow
Wood, John Stanley	28 Dec. 1864	Adjutant General's Office
Tyler, Cyril	15 Nov. 1865	Head Clerk, Land Transport Department
Smith, Donald M.	11 June 1867	Adjutant General's Office

Finance, Pay, and Clothing Departments.**FINANCE DEPARTMENT.**

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
Colonel H. J. Bair	Staff Corps	1 Jan 1862	Controller of Military Accounts
Colonel H. J. Vincent	Staff Corps	1 Jan 1862	Military Account (Europe M. C.)
Major W. T. Chitty	Staff Corps	11 May 1860	1st Examiner, Pay Dept (Actg. Military Accountant)
Major A. W. Graham	Staff Corps	12 Oct 1860	Actg. Examiner Pay Dept
T. Selby, Esq.	Uncovenanted	9 June 1860	2nd Examiner, Pay Dept.
Major W. Gray	Staff Corps	13 Mar. 1867	Examiner Comt, Barrack, and Clothing, Depts
Captain T. H. Turner	Staff Corps	21 Sept 1860	Examiner, Ordnance Dept.
Surgeon J. Y. Smith	Medical Dept	21 Jan. 1865	Examiner, Medical Dept.

PAY DEPARTMENT.*Paymasters and Officers in Charge of Treasure Chests.*

Major A. W. Graham	Staff Corps	6 July 1866	Poona Div. (Actg. Examiner)
Captain D. B. Young	Staff Corps	8 July 1861	Sub Division (Paymaster Div. Abyss. Field Force)
Lieut. Colonel T. Grant	Staff Corps	11 Feb 1865	Presidency (Europe, M. C.)
Lieut. Colonel H. J. Day	Staff Corps	8 July 1866	North India Division (Eur M. C.)
Major J. T. Annesley	Staff Corps	22 May 1867	Presidency (Acting)
Major W. H. Blowers	Staff Corps	9 Sept 1867	North India Division (Acting)
Major W. Rimmerman	Staff Corps	25 Sept 1867	Sub Division (Acting)
Captain C. Bourdillon	Invalids	7 Nov. 1867	Poona Division (Acting)
Mr. C. Denton	Uncovenanted	8 Mar 1864	In charge Treasure Chest Mhow

PENSION DEPARTMENT.*Paymasters.*

Major J. T. Annesley	Staff Corps	1 Oct. 1851	Superintendent Family Payments, Bombay (Acting Presidency Paymaster)
Lieut. Colonel H. B. Hodgson	Staff Corps	22 May 1867	Acting ditto
Captain O. Bourdillon	Invalids	25 Oct. 1865	Poona
Mr. R. G. Betham	Uncovenanted	25 Oct 1865	Dapoolie

ARMY CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Colonel G. A. Leckie	Staff Corps	1 May 1865	Superintendent (Eur., M. C.)
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Army Educational Department.

Lieutenant G. A. Jacob, Staff Corps	{ Appointed Superintendent August 1865
Mr. W. Chifford.....	{ Appointed Assistant Superintendent of Army Schools 4th April 1865.

Rank and Name. Date of Rank. How Employed.

1ST CLASS SCHOOLMASTERS.

Wolfe, Alfred	10 Sept. 1863	Lawrence Asylum, Mount Abu
Chifford, William	10 Sept. 1863	Assistant Superintendent of Army Schools

2ND CLASS SCHOOLMASTERS.

Carroll, Charles	5 Feb. 1863	3rd Post
Engelmann, George	10 Sept. 1863	9th Post

TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Appointment	How Employed.
Captain J. W. Young	Indian Navy.	22 Jan. 1867	Resident Transport Officer, Bombay
Lieutenant H. Worland	Indian Navy	23 Jan. 1867	Assistant Ditto
Mr. W. K. Thynne .. ..	...	23 Jan. 1867	Resident Transport Officer, Aden
Asst. Surg. A. J. Parr	British Med. Dept.		Medical Officer

CIVIL AND MILITARY COMMITTEE FOR EXAMINATION IN NATIVE LANGUAGES.

President — Mr. W. Loudon, appointed 20th April 1867.

Members. { Venayek Wassoodew, Esq., Oriental Translator to Government.
 { A. Faulkner, Esq., Unconventional Service.

Secretary. — Venayek Wassoodew, Esq., Oriental Translator to Government.

Division, Brigade, and Station Staff.

POONA DIVISION.

HEAD QUARTERS, POONA.

Gordon, Major Genl. *Hon. A. H., C. B.*, British Infantry Commanding
Hume, Lieut. C. W., Rifle Brigade Aide-du-Camp

ST

Carnegy, Major A., Staff Corps Assistant Adjutant General (Eur., M.C.)
Moore, Lieut. Col. R. B., Staff Corps Do. (Acting)
Hogg, Captain A. G. F., Staff Corps Assistant Quarter Master General (Dep.
Asst. Q. M. Genl. Abyss. Field Force)
Maude, Major C. O., Staff Corps Deputy Judge Advocate General (Dep.
Judge Adv. Genl. Abyss. Field Force)
Cooper, Major R. M. G., Staff Corps Deputy Judge Advocate Genl. (Acting)
Fuller, Colonel C. B., Royal Artillery Commanding Royal Artillery
Stockley, Captain H. W., Royal Artillery Adjutant Royal Artillery
Swanson, Capt. F., Royal Artillery Commissary of Ordnance (Commissary
of Ordnance Abyss. Field Force)
Hoskins, Captain A. R., Royal Artillery Do. (Acting)
Fenwick, Captain J. B., Staff Corps Acting Assistant Commissary General
Walcott, Lieut. E. S., Genl. List Probationer Commissariat Dept.
Bourdillon, Capt. O., Invalid Est. Pension Paymaster and Act. Paymaster,
Poona Division
Scott, Colonel C., Royal Engineers Superintending Engineer
Stewart, L. C., Esq. Deputy Insp. Genl. of Hospitals B.M.D.
Wright, A., Esq. Deputy Insp. Genl. of Hospitals, B.M.D.

3rd Dragoon Guards Head Qrs. Ahmednuggur. 2nd Regt. of Foot (1st Detachment) Asseerghur
1st Regt. Madras Light Cavalry Poona
Detachment Bangalore
II Brigade R. H. A. Head Qrs. Kuke
E Brigade R. H. A., A Battery .. Kuke
B Brigade R. H. A., B Battery .. Ahmednuggur
5th Regt. R. A. No. 1 Battery .. Kuke
18th Brigade R. A., B Battery .. Sholapore
18th Brigade R. A., B Battery .. Sholapore
21st Brigade R. A. No. 2 Battalion .. Under
Suppers & Miners No. 5 Company .. Kuke
2nd Regt. of Foot (1st Batt.) .. Poona
Detachment }
34th Regt. of Foot Poona
General Depot Poona
Sanatorium Poona
Sanatorium Salubet Khan, Tonit
Ahmednuggur

BRIGADES AND STATIONS.

POONA BRIGADE (2ND CLASS).

Staveley, Major Genl. *Sir C. W. D., K. C. B.*
British Infantry Commanding (Commdg. Division Abyss.
siman Field Force)
Domville, Brig. Genl. J. W., R.A. Ditto (Acting)
Anderson, Captain H. S., Staff Corps Brigade Major
Evezard, Major C. C., Staff Corps Cantonment Magistrate
Spens, Captain A. T., Staff Corps Assistant Magistrate

BRIGADES AND STATIONS.

POONA BRIGADE, 2ND CLASS (continued)

Mellis, Major G. J., Staff Corps ..	.. Executive Engineer
Berry, Major G. I., 1st Foot ..	.. Commanding General Depot
	.. Adjutant, General Depot
Toole, Lieut. M., Unattached ..	.. Quarter Master General Depot
Murphy, Lieut. P., Unattached ..	.. Paymaster, General Depot
White, Surgeon Major T. I., <i>M.D.C.B.</i> ..	.. In Medical Charge, General Depot
Mennie, Assistant Surgeon J. ..	.. Staff Surgeon
McLoughlin, Lieut. P. ..	.. Senior Barrack Master
Leigh-Eyre, Lieut. Gen. C. H., <i>M.I.</i> ..	.. Senior Chaplain
James, Rev. W., <i>A.B.</i> ..	.. Chaplain
Polehampton, Rev. A. ..	.. Junior Chaplain
Ross, Rev. M. M. ..	.. Senior Chaplain, Kirk of Scotland
1st Regiment Madras Light Cavalry	
3rd Battalion <i>M.I.M.</i> (Detachment)	
40th Regiment of Foot	
9th Regiment of Foot	
19th Regiment Madras N.I.	
25th Regiment N.I.	
General Depot	

AHMEDNUGUR BRIGADE (2ND CLASS)

Powell, Brig. Genl. B. R., Bombay Inf. ..	.. Commanding (Actual)
Gibson, Major L. A., Staff Corps ..	.. Brigade Major
Thoyts, Capt. N. B., Staff Corps ..	.. 1st <i>Pro. (Actual)</i>
Jones, Lieut. Col. W. S., Staff Corps ..	.. Cantonment Magistrate
Griffith, Capt. J. G. T., Royal Engineers ..	.. Executive Engineer
	.. 2nd Class Barrack Master
Watson, Rev. G. A. I. ..	.. Chaplain
3rd Dragoon Guards, Head Quarters	
18th Brigade R.A., B Battery	
10th Regt. N.I.	
Sunturum, Sulabut Khan's Tomb	

KIRAT STATION.

Fuller, Colonel C. B., Royal Artillery	.. Commanding
Stockley, Capt. H. W., Royal Artillery	.. Staff Officer
Howard, Mr. W. S. ..	.. Executive Engineer
Lasum, Rev. R., <i>M.A.</i> ..	.. Senior Chaplain
1st Brigade R.A. ..	.. Head Qrs.
Do do ..	.. A Battery
5th Brigade R.A. No. 5 Battery	.. 1st Brigade R.A. B Battery
	.. Suppers and Mess, No. 5 Company

SHOLAPUR STATION.

Barrow, Lieut. Col. C. W., Staff Corps ..	.. Commanding
Vibart, Captain A. J., Staff Corps	.. Staff Officer
Thorp, Major S. J., Staff Corps	.. Cantonment Magistrate
Worthy, Lieut. F. P., Staff Corps ..	.. Sub-Asst. Comy General
Manson, Captain W., Royal Engs	.. Executive Engineer
1st Regt. Madras Light Cavalry (Detachment)	
18th Brigade R.A., L Battery	
4th Regt. N.I. (Rifles)	

MALLIGAW STATION.

Bugh, Lt. Col. C. R., Staff Corps ..	.. .. Commanding
Rend, Captain A. T., Staff Corps ..	.. .. Staff Officer
Lang, Rev. C., <i>M.A.</i> ..	.. .. Chaplain
9th Regiment N.I. Head Quarters	

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

BARODA STATION.

Thompson, Major G. L., Staff Corps	.. Commanding
Holt, Major J. M., Staff Corps	.. Staff Officer and Supt. of Bazaars
Hughes, Rev. J. H., M.A.	.. Chaplain
D Battery 14th Brigade R. A. (Division)	26th Regt. N. I.

RAJKOT STATION.

Pogson, Lieut. Col. J., Bombay Infantry	.. Commanding
Christie, Lieut. H. T., General List	.. Staff Officer and Supt. of Bazaars
1st Regt. Lt. Cav. Squadron No. 2 Company, Native Artillery	17th Regt. N. I.

BHOOJ STATION.

Creagh, Major W., Staff Corps	.. .. Commanding
Waudby, Lieut. S. J., Staff Corps	.. .. Staff Officer

19th Regt. N. I.

SURAT STATION.

Adams, Colonel H. A., Bombay Infantry	.. Commanding
Payne, Lieut. C. D. P., Staff Corps	.. Staff Officer, & in Charge Commt. Dept.
Mant, Lieut. C., Royal Engineers	.. Executive Engineer
Hughes, Rev. J. H., M.A.	.. Chaplain

13th Regiment N. I.

AHMEDABAD.

Hathway, Major H. R.	.. .. Cantonment Magistrate
Pate, Surgeon Major J., M.D.	.. Acting Staff Surgeon and Deputy Medical Storekeeper
Leo, Lieut. H. H., Royal Engrs.	.. Executive Engineer
Scotton, Lieut. B. O., Royal Engineers	.. Assistant Ditto
Edwards, Conductor S.	.. 1st Class Barrack Master
Walford, Rev. C.	.. Chaplain
14th Brigade R. A., Head Quarters	6th Regt. N. I.
14th Brigade R. A., D Battery	15th Regt. N. I. Detachment
18th Brigade R. A., B. Battery	

SIND DIVISION.

HEAD QUARTERS, KURACHEE.

Malcolm, Major Gen. G., C. B., Staff Corps	.. Commanding (Commanding Div. Abyssinian Field Force)
Heath, Lieut. L. F., 33rd Foot	.. Aide-de-Camp.

STAFF.

Bacon, Lieut. Col. E. A. H., Staff Corps	.. Asst. Adjutant General
Campbell, Capt. R. L., Staff Corps	.. Acting Asst. Q. M. Genl.
Church, Major A. B., Staff Corps	.. Depy Judge Advocate General
Woolcombe, Col. J. D., Royal Art'y	.. Commanding Royal Artillery
Beathon, Capt. T. P., Royal Art'y	.. Adjutant Royal Artillery
Mellersh, Lieut. Col. G. B., Royal Art'y	.. Comm'y. of Ordnance, Hyderabad
Dickinson, Colonel W. R., Royal Engrs.	.. Superintending Engineer

L'Estrange, Major E, Staff Corps	..	Depy. Assist. Comry. General
Young, Capt D. B., Staff Corps	..	Paymaster (Paymr. Div Abyssinian Field Force)
Bannerman, Major W, Staff Corps	..	Acting Paymaster
Style, Surgeon Major M ..	..	Actg Depy Insp Genl of Hosp I.M.D.
Trou-dell, Staff Surg Major W.G., M.D.	..	Staff Surgeon, B.M.D.
1st Regt Sind Horse	..	Jacobabad
2nd Regt Sind Horse	..	Jacobabad
Pona Horse	..	Jacobabad
4th Brigade R.A., No 4 Battery	..	Hydrabad
18th Brigade R.A., H.I. Qrs	..	Kurrachee
18th Brigade R.A., A. Battery	..	Kurrachee
1st Regt of Foot	..	Kurrachee
2nd Regiment of Foot 1st Battn.	..	Hydrabad
(Detachment)	..	Hydrabad
17th Regt Madras N.I.	..	Kurrachee
20th Regt N.I. or 2nd Belooch	..	Hydrabad
Regt	..	Hydrabad
20th Regt N.I. or Jacob's Rifles	..	Jacobabad

STATIONS.

KURRACHEE STATION.

Church, Major A. B., Staff Corps.	..	Superintendent of Bazaars
Gilbert, Surgeon J. ..	..	Acting Staff Surgeon and Deputy Medical Store-keeper
Foster, Major H, 95th Foot	..	Comdg Kurrachee Depot
Humfrey, Lieut F. S., 49th Foot	..	Adjutant, Kurrachee Depot
Holly, Lieut M. R., 95th Foot	..	Paymaster and Qr Mr., Kurrachee Depot
Harnott, Staff Surgeon O. ..	..	In Medical Charge, Kurrachee Depot
Phelps, Lieut P, Royal Engs	..	Acting Executive Engineer
Tuleton, Conductor W. C.	..	1st Class Barrack Master
Stead, Rev S., M.A.	..	Officiating Chaplain
Jones, Rev W.	..	Officiating Joint Chaplain
18th Brigade R.A., Head Quarters	..	2nd Regiment of Foot
18th Brigade R.A., A. Battery	..	17th Regt Madras N.I.

HYDRABAD STATION.

Jacob, Lieut Col H. E., Staff Corps	..	Commanding
Macdiarmid, Lieut H. C., Royal Engs.	..	Staff Officer and Cantonment Magistrate
Blunt, Rev. J. H. T., M.A.	..	Assist Engineer
Blunt, Rev. J. H. T., M.A.	..	Chaplain
4th Brigade R.A., No 4 Battery	..	2nd Regt of Foot 1st Batt (Detachment)
	..	20th N.I. or 2nd Belooch Regiment

JACOBABAD (SIND FRONTIER FIELD FORCE).

Gleason, Lieut. Col S. W. H. R., C.B.,	..	Commandant, and Commandant in
K.C.S.I., Staff Corps	..	Chief Sind Horse
Gordon, Capt. John, Staff Corps	..	Brigade Major (Eur. M.C.)
Forbes, Capt J. I., Staff Corps	..	Acting ditto
1st Regiment Sind Horse	..	Poonah Horse
2nd do do	..	20th N.I. or Jacob's Rifle Regiment with Mount and unattached

Lawcett, Captain J. H., 1st Foot	..	Commanding (Deputy Assistant Qr Mr. General Abyssinian Field Force)
McConnell, Staff Assist Surg W., M.D.	..	In Medical Charge of Sanatorium

MHOW DIVISION.

HEAD QUARTERS, MHOW.

Adams, Major Genl. F., C.B., British Army	..	Commanding
Angelo, Captain E. F., 1st Foot	..	Aide-de-Camp

STAFF.

Hewett, Lieut. Colonel W. S., Staff Corps Assist. Adjutant General
 Mallaby, Major R., Staff Corps Assist. Qr. Mr. Genl.
 Shewell, Lieut. Col. H., Staff Corps .. Deputy Judge Advocate General
 Gibbard, Lieut. Col. T. B. Royal Artillery Commanding Royal Artillery
 Ouchterlony, Capt. T. H., Royal Art. .. Adjutant, Royal Artillery
 Bayly, Major A. A., Royal Art. Commissary of Ordnance
 Harris, Lieut. G. L., Staff Corps .. Sub-Assistant Commissary General
 Welsh, Lieut. Col. A. T., 109th Foot .. Junior District Inspector of Musketry
 Murphy, M. W. Esq. Depy. Inspector Genl. of Hospitals B.M.D.

2nd Diagoon Guards Mhow	95th Regt. of Foot Mhow
2nd Regt. Lt. Cavalry Neemuch	Detachment Indore
2nd Regt. Lt. Cav. (Squadron) Nussurabad	96th Regt. Foot (Detachment) Neemuch
D Brigade R. H. A., D Battery .. Mhow	11th Regiment N.I. Nussurabad
14th Brigade R. A., F Battery .. Nussurabad	14th Regiment N.I. Mhow
18th Brigade R. A., F Battery .. Neemuch	15th Regiment N.I. Head Qrs. Mhow
21st Brigade R. A., Hd. Qrs. .. Mhow	28th Regiment N.I. Neemuch
Do. No. 8 Battery .. Mhow	26th Regt. Punjab N.I. .. Mehidpoo
1st Regt. of Foot (2 Batt. Nussurabad	
Detachment Ajmer	

NUSSEERAHAD BRIGADE (2ND CLASS).

Sealy, Brigr. Genl. G. P., Royal Art. .. Commanding
 Miles, Major J., Staff Corps Brigade Major
 Shuttleworth, Capt. C., Bengal Staff Corps Supt. of Bazaars & Cantonment Magistrate
 Pahn, Major C. T., Staff Corps Acting Executive Commissariat Officer
 Murray, Lieut. H. Y., Bengal Inf. Executive Engineer.
 Knappman, Conductor H. 1st Class Barrack Master
 Sharpin, Rev. I. L. Chaplain (Acting)

2nd Regt. Light Cavalry, Squadron.	{	1st Regt. of Foot (2nd Battalion)
14th Brigade R. A., F Battery		11th Regiment N.I.

NEMUR (II) BRIGADE (2ND CLASS).

Montgomery, Brigr. Genl. G. S., Bomb Inf. Commanding
 Wardrop, Capt. A., Staff Corps Brigade Major & Actg. Exe. Comd. Officer
 Dickson, Lieut. Col. W. D., Staff Corps .. Supt. of Bazaars & Cantonment Magistrate
 Purcell, Capt. H., V. E. Establishment .. Commissary of Ordnance
 Ashford, Sergeant A. Actg. 3rd Class Barrack Master

2nd Regt. Light Cavalry	{	96th Regt. of Foot (Detachment)
18th Brigade R. A., F Battery		28th Regt. N.I.

MHOW STATION.

Anderson, Captain C. J., Staff Corps .. Brigade Major
 Lester, Major W. C., Staff Corps .. Superintendent of Bazaars and Cantonment Magistrate
 Bayly, Major A. A., Royal Artillery .. Commissary of Ordnance
 Falconnet, Capt. G. P. & P. (Madras R. E.) Executive Engineer
 Adey, Surgeon A. W. G. Staff Surgeon and Deputy Medical Storekeeper (Acting)
 Tofft, Conductor G. R. 1st Class Barrack Master
 Hamilton, Rev. C. D., B. A. Chaplain

2nd Diagoon Guards	96th Regt. of Foot
D Brigade R. H. A., D Battery	14th Regt. N.I.
21st Brigade R. A., Head Quarters	15th Regt. N.I.
Do. do. No. 8 Battery	

INDORE STATION.

.. .. Commanding
 Forbes, Captain C. H. H., Staff Corps .. Staff Officer
 95th Regt. Foot, Detachment { 14th Regt. N. I., Detachment

MEHIDPOOR STATION.

Commanding
 Staff Officer
 26th Regt. Punjab N.I.

SEPARATE BRIGADES AND STATIONS.

BELGAUM BRIGADE.

(1st CLASS)

Raines, Brigadier Genl J A R, C B,	
5th Foot	Commanding
Plomer, Major A G, Staff Corps ..	Brigade Major
Holmes, Captain J C, Staff Corps ..	Atty. Depy Asst Quarter Master General
Brown, Lieut Col G G, Royal Arty ..	Commanding Royal Artillery
Snodgrass, Lieut J D, Royal Arty ..	Adjutant Royal Artillery
Clarke, Major C, Royal Art ..	Commissary of Ordnance
Kettlewell, Capt I, Staff Corps ..	In charge of Commit Duties Belgaum
Mason, Major W H, Staff Corps ..	Supt. of Bazaar and Cantonment Magistrate, Belgaum
Holland, Captain E B, Royal Engin ..	Executive Engineer
Thorp, Surgeon R C, M D ..	Deputy Medical Storekeeper and Staff Surgeon (Acting)
Hart, Sub-Conductor E	Acting 2nd Class Barrack Master
Allen, Rev G I ..	Chaplain
Watson, Rev T, B A	Junior Chaplain

5th Brigade R A, No 6 Battery Belgaum
 18th Brigade R A, C Battery Belgaum
 106th Regt of Foot Belgaum

1st Grenadier Regt N I Belgaum
 13th Regt N I Dhawar
 Detachment Kulladgher

STATIONS

KOLAPUR

DHARWAR.

Piers, Major T T C, Staff Corps Commanding

12th Regt. N. I.

KULLADGHER

Browne, Lieut. C M, General List Commanding

Detachment 18th Regiment N. I.

BOMBAY BRIGADE.

(1st CLASS.)

Russell, Brigadier Genl E L, Bomb Inf.	..	Commanding
Warden, Major T S, Staff Corps	..	Brigade Major
Sexton, J M, 95th Foot	.. ..	Acting Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General
Morse, Lieut Colonel R A, Royal Art	..	In Charge Ordnance, Island of Bombay and Harbour Defences
Tremenheere, Major General C. W., C B, Chief Engineer		
Royal Engns		
Inch, Captain C W, R L	.. ..	Acting Executive do. Defences
beton, Lieut W B, Genl List	..	Probationer Commr Dept.
Giant, Lieut Colonel I, Staff Corps	..	Paymaster (Inspt, M C)
Annesley, Major J I, Staff Corps	..	Pension Paymaster (Acting Paymaster)
Hodgson, Lieut Col II B, Staff Corps	..	Acting ditto
Wetherall, Captain J E, 106th Foot	..	Commanding Colaba Sanitarium (temp)
Parr, Asst Surg K I	.. ..	In Medical Charge Sanitarium
Ward, T W, Esq	.. ..	Deputy Inspector Genl of Hospitals I M D
Currie, S, Esq, M D, C B	.. ..	Deputy Insp Genl of Hospitals, B M D (Deputy Genl of Hosp Brit Serv Army Field Force)
Ward, Surgeon A V.	.. ..	Presidency Sur, con 1st District
Rogers, Surgeon A M	.. ..	Pres Surg 2nd District (In M C)
Broughton, Surgeon Major F	..	Presidency Surgeon 3rd District
Barnard, Esq, J	..	Senior Barrack Master
Spring, Rev I J, M A	..	Actg Senior Chaplain
Reynell, Rev G C, M A	..	Chaplain (Byzulla and Panna)
Maule, Rev W, S C L	..	Chaplain (Colaba)
Wilson, Rev C T, M A	..	Chaplain

2nd Bt of Foot (1st Batt) Hd Qrs	..	Colaba
21st Regiment V I or Marine Battalion	..	Bombay
2nd Regiment N I	..	Bombay
Sanitarium	.. ..	Colaba

ADEN BRIGADE.

Addison, Lieut Col T, C B 2nd Foot	..	Commanding
Hickman, Captain D H, Staff Corps	..	Brigade Major (Europe M C)
Wilson, Captain A R, Staff Corps	..	Acting ditto
Hailes, Lieut Colonel C, Royal Artillery	..	Commanding Royal Artillery
Sexton, Lieut M J, Royal Artillery	..	Adjutant Royal Artillery
Napier, Captain G Royal Art	..	Commissioner of Ordnance
Clements, Major J, Staff Corps	..	Dep Assist. Commissary General
Hawkins, Captain C A C, Staff Corps	..	Commissioner of Ordnance and Superintendent of Bazaars (Lui M. C.)
McCruman, Captain C J Royal Engineers	..	Executive Engineer
Turner, Surgeon Major J...	..	Superintendent Medical Department, and Surgeon European General Hospital
Lyons, Conductor J.	.. ..	2nd Class Barrack Master
Cummins, Rev W. H., B A.	..	Chaplain

21st Brigade R A, No 1 Battery
 21st Brigade R A, No 4 Battery
 Native Artillery, No. 3 Company

2nd Regiment of Foot (1st Battalion)
 7th Regiment N. I

THE ABYSSINIAN FIELD FORCE

COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

LIEUTENANT GENERAL SIR ROBERT NAPIER, G C S I, & C B.

PERSONAL STAFF

Military Secretary .. ..	..	Lieutenant Colonel M. Dillon, Rifle Brigade
Parson and Arabic Interpreter .. ..	..	Captain H. Moore, Staff Corps
Local Interpreter .. ..	..	.. (Civil)
Aide-de-Camp.. ..	..	{ Lieutenant P. W. Nipon, Bengal General List
		{ Lieutenant W. W. H. Scott, Bengal Genl List
Extra Aide-de-Camp.. ..	..	.. { Cornet Lord C. Hamilton, 11th Hussars.

HEAD QUARTERS STAFF.

Deputy Adjutant General .. ..	..	Colonel W. H. Kirby, 94th Foot.
Assistant Adjutant General .. ..	..	Lieut Col W. L. Mackenzie, Bombay Staff Corps
Deputy Quarter Master General .. ..	..	Lieut Colonel R. Phryce, Bombay Staff Corps
Assistant Quarter Master General .. ..	..	Major R. Bingle, Bombay Staff Corps
Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General .. ..	..	{ Captain J. H. Sweett, 1st Royals
		{ A. G. I. Hogg, Bombay Staff Corps.
		{ B. H. Pottinger, Royal Artillery.
		{ Major A. Gamwell, 40th Foot
		{ Lieut C. M. McFarlane, Bengal Staff Corps
Controller of Supply and Transport .. ..	..	Lieut Col H. W. Holland, Bombay Staff Corps
Deputy Judge Advocate General .. ..	..	Major C. O. Maude, Bombay Staff Corps.

DIVISIONAL STAFF.

Commanding Division .. ..	..	{ Major Genl Sir C. W. D. Staveley, K C B, 1st Div
		{ Major Genl G. Malcolm, C. B., 2nd Division.
Aide-de-Camp to Major General Sir C. Staveley, K C B.	..	Lieutenant M. S. Saunders, 20th Hussars.
Aide-de-Camp to Major General G. Malcolm C. B.	..	Lieutenant L. J. Hench, 1st Foot
Extra Aide-de-Camp to Major General Sir C. Staveley, K C B.	..	Captain G. Arbuthnot, Royal Artillery
Extra Aide-de-Camp to Major General Malcolm, C. B.	..	..
2 Assistant Adjutants General .. ..	..	{ Lieut Col H. H. A. Wood, Staff Corps, 1st Div
		{ Major G. F. C. Bay, 10th Foot, 2nd Division.
2 Assistant Quarter Masters General .. ..	..	{ Major F. S. Roberts, R A., V C
		{ Captain J. J. Holland, Staff Corps.

BRIGADE STAFF

Cavalry, Brigade	{ Brig Gen.	Commanding	Foot.
		10th Regt., Bengal Cavalry.	N. I.
		15th Regt., Bengal Cavalry.	N. I.
		1st Regt., Bombay Lancers	N. I.
		3rd Regt., 2nd Horse	N. I.
1st Brigade, 1st Div.. ..	{ Brig Gen	Commanding	Foot.
		Aide-de-Camp	N. I.
		Brigade Major	N. I.
2nd Brigade, 1st Div.. ..	{ Brig Gen	Commanding	Foot.
		Aide-de-Camp	N. I.
		Brigade Major	N. I.
1st Brigade, 2nd Div.. ..	{ Brig. Gen	Commanding	Foot.
		Aide-de-Camp	N. I.
		Brigade Major	N. I.
2nd Brigade, 2nd Div.. ..	{	Commanding	Foot.
		Aide-de-Camp	N. I.
		Brigade Major	N. I.

ARTILLERY.

Commanding Royal Artillery	Colonel J. G. Pettie, Royal Artillery.
2 Divisional Commanders	Lieut. Colonel Hill Wallace, Royal Artillery
Brigade Major	T. W. Millward, Royal Artillery
	Captain H. Geary, R. A.

ENGINEERS.

Commanding Royal Engineers	Lieutenant Colonel H. St. Clair Wilkins, R.E.
Brigade Major, as Field Engineer	2nd Captain C. A. Goodfellow, R.E., V.C.
	Captain W. W. Goodfellow, R.E.
	" I. M. Greig, R.E.
4 Field Engineers	" C. J. Darnall, R.E.
	" W. Chyette, R.E.
	Captain H. W. Wood, R.E.
	Lieutenant J. J. Smith, R.E.
	" K. A. Jopp, R.E.
	" C. C. Sutton, R.E.
8 Assistant Field Engineers	" R. P. Pennefather, R.E.
	" T. J. Williams, R.E.
	" R. A. Sergeant, R.E.
	" F. W. Graham, 108th Foot

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

British Service.

Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals	S. Currie, M.D., C.B.
	Mr. C. Wakeham
2 Staff Surgeon Majors	W. Deble
	A. Sample
	C. D. Madden
4 Staff Surgeons	R. White
	S. H. Dickson
	W. Jay
	J. Collins
	H. W. Deakin
8 Staff Surgeons	R. Gillespie
	J. Martin
	W. C. Robinson
	R. Maran
	H. Townend
Sanitary Officer	Staff Surgeon S. Moorhead, M.D.

Indian Service.

2 Deputy Inspectors General of Hospitals ..	{ R. B. Pelly, F.R.C.S.
	{ H. Maloney, M.D.
2 Field Surgeons	{ Surgeon Major G. G. W. Mutton
	{ Do. do. D. Wyllie, M.D.
Sanitary Officer	{ Surgeon J. Lumsden
3 Staff Surgeons and Deputy Medical Store-keepers.	{ Surgeon H. O. Thorold
	{ " W. A. Shephard

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

2nd Class Commissary of Ordnance	Captain F. Swanson, R. A.
3rd Class Commissary of Ordnance	Lieutenant F. W. M. Spring, R. A.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

Deputy Commissary General	Lieut. Col. A. W. Lucas, Bombay Staff Corps.
2 Assistant Commissaries General, 1st Class ..	{ Major F. P. Mianon, Bombay Staff Corps
	{ " G. R. F. Baidin, Madras Staff Corps
	{ Major J. Seven, Bengal Staff Corps
3 Assistant Commissaries General, 2nd Class ..	{ Capt. M. W. Willoughby, Bombay Staff Corps
	{ " H. P. Hawker, Madras Staff Corps.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT—(continued.)

3 Deputy Asst. Commissioners General, 1st Class	{ Captain R F Heyshaw, Madras Staff Corps Major J W Stanfield-Mindin Staff Corps " J Thacker, Bombay Staff Corps
2 Deputy Asst. Commissioners General, 2nd Class	{ Captain N R Burton, Bengal Staff Corps Lieutenant W J Keays, Bombay Staff Corps
4 Sub-Asst. Commissioners General, 1st Class	{ Lieutenant A M Shewill, Bombay Staff Corps " G I Baynt, Bombay Staff Corps " W G Smith, Bengal Int Gen List " L B Smith, Madras Int Gen List

TRANSPORT CORPS.

Director of Transport ..	Major R P Whiden, Bombay Staff Corps.
2nd in Command . . .	Major T. Nuttall, Bombay Staff Corps
Staff Officer ..	

	{ Captain G C Bartholomew, 10th Foot R Annandley, 10th Foot W Blakeney, Bombay Staff Corps W L Twentyman, 18th Hussars H Waring, 2nd Queen's Royal Regt F P. Bartholomew, Bombay Staff Corps E Boys, 96th Foot
14 Captains of Divisions, each Division comprising 2,000 animals	{ " C M Griffith, Bombay Staff Corps " C W. Yonge, Bombay Staff Corps " O M. McIlroy, Madras Staff Corps " G Stewart, Bengal Staff Corps " " Dunst, Bombay Staff Corps

	{ Captain I. A M Greime, 102nd Foot " W H Beaumont " C J Tyein 94th Foot Lieut (Capt in India) T I Hodges, 76th Foot Lieutenant " R Cunnec, 18th Hussars
	" W W. Edwards, 8th Madras Cav " I J Montimer R Horse Artillery " W S Durnell 105th Foot " H Coghlin, 21st Hussars " I J Childcott R Horse Artillery " C S Stuart, 6th Bombay N I " J D Clark, Madras Cavalry " H A Holson, Bombay Genl List " A F Pease, 76th Foot " J M. Galloway, Madras General List " J B Hennell, Bombay Staff Corps " W Luckhurst 109th Foot " D duM. Gunton, 94th Foot " B W Luskness, 9th Foot " H de F Rannock, 21st Foot. " M. G. Howard R Artillery " N I Carr, 19th Foot Cornel, C A de V Jones 2nd Queen's Bays Ensign A D Streetell, 109th Foot
28 Subalterns .	

{ Vet Surg W. Lamb (In Charge Veterinary Charge)
Captain the Honorable Montagu Montagu, 21st Hussars.

10 Veterinary Surgeons

PAY DEPARTMENT.

Treasurer .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	Lieut. Col. H. T. Bartlett, Bengal Staff Corps.
Pay Masters .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	{ Captain D. B. Young, Bombay Staff Corps. Major F. W. Knight, Ditto.
Superintendent of Bazaars .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	Major E. M. Bonner, Bombay Staff Corps.
Provost Marshal .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .

INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT

Lieutenant W. Tweedie Bengal Staff Corps

CHAPLAINS.

3 Church of England. . . . .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	{ Reverend H. Conlyn, Bengal Establishment Reverend E. S. Goodhart, Madras do. Reverend W. J. Pennell, Bombay do.
Church of Scotland .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	Reverend W. Ross.
2 Church of Rome .. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .	{ The Reverend A. Guffinet Ditto Sackinger

TROOPS COMPOSING THE FIELD FORCE.

Cavalry.

A Wing 3rd Dragoon Guards
10th Regiment Bengal Native Cavalry (Lancers)
18th Regiment Bengal Native Cavalry
3rd Regiment Bombay Native Cavalry.
2nd Regiment Hind Horse.

Artillery.

C. Battery D Brigade Royal Horse Artillery
G Battery 14th Brigade Royal Artillery
No. 3 Battery 21st Brigade Royal Artillery
No. 5 Battery 21st Brigade Royal Artillery
No. 5 Battery 25th Brigade Royal Artillery.
No. 1 Company Native Artillery

Engineers.

Company, Royal Engineers.
Head Quarters Bombay Sappers and Miners, with three Companies
Three Companies Madras Sappers and Miners
Pontoon Train.

Infantry.

1st Battalion 4th Foot (King's Own).
28th Foot (Cameroniens)
33rd Foot (Duke of Wellington's).
45th Foot (Sherwood Foresters).
21st (Punjab) Bengal Native Infantry.
22nd (Punjab) ditto ditto (Pioneers).
2nd Bombay Native Infantry (Grenadiers)
3rd ditto ditto
5th ditto ditto (Light Infantry)
8th ditto ditto
10th ditto ditto
18th ditto ditto
25th ditto ditto (Light Infantry)
27th ditto ditto (1st Belouchees).

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS.

Established 18th February 1801

Lieut Colonels 71. Majors 143, Captains 161, Lieutenants 130—Total 486 Officers

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

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	Rank and Name	Late Regt	Date of First Commission	Date of present Commission		Date of Advancement on the Staff	Remarks.
				Substantive	Army		
LIEUTENANT COLONELS							
1	Quinner Philip Kearney McGregor 41 C B H	9 N I	30 Dec 24	25 April 68	19 July 68	18 Feb 61	Judge Advocate General of the Army
	Hobson John 43	Old Fusiliers	1 Mar 20 18	May 28 29	2 Sept 61	18 Sept 60	Unemployed
	Green Sir Edward K C B 43	Cd 20 N I	23 Apr 27	24 July 54	9 Dec 61	18 Feb 61	Europe
	Marrist Wm Frederick C S I 44	Engls	9 Dec 26 18	Aug 60	10 Aug 61	18 Feb 61	Secy to Govt, Wily Marine, & Recd Dep't
5	Hought Lincoln Stephen, 45	Cd 31 N I	21 Dec 24	18 Feb 61	19 Jan 61	18 Feb 61	Europe V.C. from 21st Feb 1867
	Stock Thomas, 46	Cd 3 N I	30 Nov 20 18	Feb 61	18 Feb 61	18 Feb 61	Brigadier General
	Barr Henry James 47	Cd 2 Eur	14 June 22 18	Feb 61	16 Mar 61	18 Feb 61	Controller of Military Accounts
	Salmon William Broome, 48	19 N I	30 Feb 20 18	Feb 61	19 Feb 61	18 Feb 61	1 Jan 68 1 Sept 68 Assistant Commissary General
	Vincent Henry Torrens 49	" N I	6 Mar 24 18	Feb 61	18 Feb 61	18 Feb 61	1 Jan 68 1 Sept 68 Military Accountant Bombay (Eur, M C)
10	Pelly, Henry Joseph, 50	8 N I	1 Mar 2	1 Mar 61	19 Nov 61	18 Feb 61	Unemployed
	Witchall Stephen James Keate, 51	8 N I	17 Jan 20 18	Jan 62	1 Jan 61	18 Feb 61	Unemployed
	shaw Robert James 52	Cd Fus	5 Jan 28 18	Feb 63	8 Feb 63	18 Feb 61	Commanding 23rd N I I (Eur M C)
	Harver, Charles Robert West C B 3	Cd 5 Eur	11 Dec 25 18	Feb 63	11 Dec 63	18 Feb 61	Europe M C from 1st March 1867
15	Barrow Charles Malcolm, 54	19 N I	10 Jan 2	18 Feb 63	10 Jan 63	18 Feb 61	Genl. Superintendent of the Operations for the Suppression of Rauges and Decoy
	Lackie George Alexander, 55	Cd 30 N I	10 Jan 2	18 Feb 63	7 Feb 63	18 Feb 61	Commanding 4th N I
	Malcolm George C B 56	1 N I	10 June 23 18	Feb 63	12 June 63	18 Feb 61	1st of Army Clothing
	Barr John Turley 57	" N I	17 Jan 23 18	Feb 63	17 Jan 63	18 Feb 61	Comd'g and Dir of the Army (Cong Div)
	Macloed, William Edmundson, 58	20 N I	11 Dec 2	11 Dec 63	11 Dec 63	18 Feb 61	Resident at Baroda
	Thacker, Samuel 59	9 N I	11 Dec 2	11 Dec 63	"	18 Feb 61	Assistant Adjutant General Abyssinian
20	Youngblood, Rbt Romer C B 60	20 N I	11 Dec 2	11 Dec 63	"	18 Feb 61	Fed Force
	Dunsterville James Barrow 61	19 N I	11 June 24 18	Jan 64	11 June 64	18 Feb 61	Commanding 21st N I or Marine Battalion
	Anderson George Sligo Alex 62	16 N I	12 Jan 2	12 Jan 64	12 Jan 64	18 Feb 61	Europe
	Boyd, David ..	11 N I	19 Jan 2	19 Jan 64	19 Jan 64	18 Feb 61	Comd'g 1st N I (Eur, M C from 1st May 1867)
	Richards, Robert, 63	5 N I	18 Nov 23 18	July 64	18 Nov 64	18 Sept 63	Comd'g 6th N I

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS (continued).

No.	Rank and Name.	Late Regt.	Date of First Commission.	Date of present Commission.		Date of Admission to the Staff Corps.	Date of present Appointment.	Remarks.
				Subaltern.	Army.			
LIEUT. COLONELS (continued).								
26	Lucas, Alfred William, 63	7 N. I.	1 Sept. 38	1 Sept. 64	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	1 Sept. 68	Adj. Commy. General (Depty. Commy. Genl. Apts. P. F.)
	Kemball, John Shaw .. 4 m. H.M.G.P.	26 N. I.	11 Dec. 38	11 Dec. 64	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	24 Aug. 61	Commanding 34th N. I.
	Phayre, Robert, 64	55 N. I.	26 Jan. 39	26 Jan. 65	6 Jan. 68	18 Feb. 61	23 Nov. 64	Quarter Master General of the Army (Depty. Commy. Genl. Apts. P. F.)
	Marston, Edward Charles, 65	25 N. I.	18 Feb. 39	18 Feb. 65	13 Mar. 68	18 Feb. 61	90 Feb. 61	Supdt. of Police, Kurrachee (1907)
	Green, Edward Alfred, 66	Cd. 30 N. I.	11 June 39	11 June 65	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	18 Sept. 68	Comdg. 14th N. I. (Sur. M.C. from 14th May 1907)
30	Gray, William Barry, 67	26 N. I.	18 June 39	18 June 65	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	21 Jan. 68	Commanding 16th N. I. (Sur. M.C. from 1st Mar. 1897)
	Lodwick, William, 68	12 N. I.	19 June 39	12 June 65	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	23 May 68	Commanding 18th N. I. (Sur. M.C. from 1st Mar. 1897)
	Anderson, Wm. Conzemaker, 69 m. 6.	Cd. Fus.	6 Aug. 39	6 Aug. 65	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	23 June 68	Survey and Settlement Comr. Southern Maratha Country and M. Sore, Deoras (Sur. M. C. from 16 Nov. 1907)
	Hodgson, Henry Burdon	Cd. 3 Eur.	20 Sept. 39	20 Sept. 65	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	1 June 67	Supdt. of Police Ahmedabad (Acting Paymaster of Pensioners and Supdt. of Family Payments, Bombay)
35	Champion, James Hyde, 70	24 N. I.	10 Dec. 39	10 Dec. 65	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	9 Dec. 67	General duty, Poona
	Johnstone, Robert Maxwell, 71	1 N. I.	11 Dec. 39	11 Dec. 65	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	1 Jan. 68	Commanding 1st Gr. N.I.
	Sandwich, John Pictura, 71 Sur. Eng.	1 N. I.	11 Dec. 39	11 Dec. 65	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	13 Mar. 67	Commanding 8th N.I.
	Keyle, Charles Augustus, 72	Cd. 30 N. I.	22 Dec. 39	22 Dec. 65	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	9 Sept. 67	Offg. Sur. in Command 34th N. I.
	Walker, Chamberlain William	5 N. I.	10 Mar. 40	10 Mar. 66	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	9 Apr. 68	Supdt. of Police, Saurashtra (Act. Inspector-in-Chief of Police, Poona Dept. 24th July 1908)
40	Jones, William Samuel	22 N. I.	12 June 40	12 June 66	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	9 May 59	Cant. Magistrate, Ahmednagar
	Youngusband, John Wm., C.S.I., 72 m.	8 N. I.	19 Aug. 40	19 Aug. 66	.. ..	18 Feb. 61	30 Aug. 64	Offg. Inspector Genl. Police, Hyderabad
	Dair, Henry, C.E., 73	Cd. Fus.	1 Sept. 40	1 Sept. 66	c. 24 July 64	18 Feb. 61	31 Dec. 61	Commanding Central India Horse and Pol. Agent at Nagpur, W. Malwa (Offg. Pol. Agent Swatara)
	Baugh, Charles Richard, 74	9 N. I.	12 June 39	12 Sept. 60	12 June 68	18 Sept. 68	4 Apr. 66	Commanding 9th N. I. (March 1897)
	Price, Geo. Tydale, 75 Sur. C. Eng.	Cd. 3 Eur.	10 Dec. 39	12 Sept. 60	10 Dec. 68	18 Sept. 68	.. ..	Ex. Engr. Jy. poor (Sur. M.C. from 14th May 1907)
	Thompson, Edward, 76	8 N. I.	28 Dec. 39	12 Sept. 60	28 Dec. 68	18 Sept. 68	.. ..	1st Asst. Agent, Gov. Genl. for Central India, Depty. Opium Agent in Malwa & Assam. Genl. Supdt. of the operations for Suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity
43	Shewell, Henry, 77	Cd. 3 Eur.	31 Aug. 40	12 Sept. 68	31 Aug. 68	18 Sept. 68	5 Jan. 67	Depty. Judge Advocate General Malwa Div.
	Campbell, Edmund, 78	Cd. 3 Eur.	23 Feb. 40	12 Sept. 68	23 Feb. 68	18 Sept. 68	19 Dec. 68	Depty. Judge Advocate General Malwa Div.
	Combs, James John	16 N. I.	11 June 38	12 Sept. 68	11 June 64	18 Sept. 68	7 Dec. 64	Commanding 18th N. I.
	W. Wood, John Augustus, 79	20 N. I.	0 July 39	12 Sept. 68	6 Apr. 68	18 Feb. 61	15 Mar. 67	Commanding 14th N. I.

50	Abdurazek, William, 80 ph.	19 Jan 37 12 Sept. 67	19 Jan 03 12 Sept. 70	1 Aug. 62	Commanding 1st Light Cavalry
	Chabazek, William Legda, 81 ph.	31 Mar. 40 12 Sept. 66	21 Mar. 04 12 Sept. 68	25 July 66	Asst. Adjutant General Northern Div.
	Jacob, Henry Ebenezzer H.	25 Feb. 40 12 Sept. 66	23 Feb. 60 12 Sept. 68	30 Apr. 67	General duty, Hyderabad
	Grant, Evan, 82 ph.	12 June 40 12 Sept. 66	12 June 60 12 Sept. 68	11 Feb. 65	Presidency Paymaster (Em. M. G. from 5th May 1867)
	Moore, Ross Balfour, 83 ph.	10 Feb. 39 12 Sept. 66	10 Feb. 60 12 Sept. 68	3 Dec. 67	Actg. Asst. Adjt. Genl. Poona Division
	Nedle, William Augustus, 84 ph.	29 Dec. 39 12 Sept. 66	29 Dec. 60 12 Sept. 68	5 Oct. 67	Supdt. Govt. Lattle Farm, Allypore
	Fries, William, 71 H.	12 Dec. 40 12 Dec. 66	12 Dec. 60 12 Sept. 68	27 Oct. 67	Supdt. of Police, Kollidighe
	Berrett, William Selwood H.	12 Dec. 40 12 Dec. 66	12 Dec. 60 12 Sept. 68	7 July 65	Asst. Adjutant General, Khos Damma
	Pellier, Lewis, 85 Sur. H.M.	12 Dec. 40 12 Dec. 66	12 Dec. 60 12 Sept. 68	15 June 66	Political Resident, Persian Gulf
	Day, Henry John, 86 Sur. H.M.	12 Dec. 40 12 Dec. 66	12 Dec. 60 12 Sept. 68	6 July 66	Paymaster Northern Division (Em. M. G. from 9th Aug 1867)
	Green, Sir William Henry Rodas, C.B., K.C.S.I., 87	2 Jan. 41 2 Jan. 67	5 Oct. 62 18 Feb. 61	12 Oct. 67	Pol. Res. Supdt. and Comdt. in Chief Sind Frontier Field Force
50	Panania, John Thos Sur. H.M.C.	12 Jan. 41 12 Jan. 67	12 Feb. 61 12 Sept. 68	12 Aug. 59	Supdt. Revenue Survey, Deccan
	Scott, Wacsworth, 88 H.M.C.	2 Feb. 41 2 Feb. 67	19 June 60 12 Sept. 68	20 Mar. 61	Comd. 2nd 20th N. I.
	Laurie, John Joseph, 89 H.M.	2 Feb. 41 2 Feb. 67	23 July 61 12 Sept. 68	16 Mar. 67	General Duty, Surat
	Dickson, William David, 90 H.M.C.	2 Mar. 41 2 Mar. 67	23 July 61 12 Sept. 68	10 Sept. 64	Customs Magistrate, Neemuch
	Menweher, Wm. Lockyer, C.B., 90M.	18 Mar. 41 15 Mar. 67	23 Nov. 62 18 Feb. 61	19 June 67	Comd. 2nd 20th N. I. (Acting Political Cavalry Brigade Abyssinia F.F.)
55	Muter, St. John O'Neil, 91 ph.	12 Mar. 41 12 Mar. 67	12 Sept. 68 12 Sept. 68	20 Nov. 67	Off. Commandant 2nd Br. N. I.
	Nixon, John Pigott, 92 H.M.	12 June 41 12 June 67	12 Sept. 68 12 Sept. 68	19 Jan. 67	Political Agent, Mysore
	Briggs, Howden Traupad, 93 ph.	3 July 41 2 July 67	12 Sept. 68 12 Sept. 68	19 Jan. 67	2nd in Command 6th N. I. (Europe M. G. from 29th October 1867)
	Kilbride, Alfred Thos., 94 H.M.F.C.	15 July 41 12 July 67	15 Feb. 61 12 Sept. 68	23 Nov. 67	Asst. Revenue Commissioner, Southern Division
	Williams, John Daniel H.M.	14 July 41 14 July 67	12 Sept. 68 12 Sept. 68	20 Dec. 64	Deputy Judge Advocate General, Northern Division
70	Holland, Henry William H.	25 July 41 25 July 67	19 Feb. 61 12 Sept. 68	1 Sept. 63	Deputy Commisary General (Controller of Supply and Transport, Abyssinia F.F., Europe, M.C. from 26th Jan. 1837)
	Scott, Edwin Liddington, 95 H.M.	25 July 41 25 July 67	1 Jan. 62 12 Sept. 68	14 Oct. 63	Political Supdt. Sawant Waras, and Comd. 2nd 20th N. I.
	Bain, John, 96 ph.	4 Dec. 41 4 Dec. 67	12 Sept. 68 12 Sept. 68	1 Jan. 64	Second in Command 12th N. I. (Official Commandant)
	Schneider, Frederick, 97 H.M.	10 Dec. 41 10 Dec. 67	12 Sept. 68 12 Sept. 68	4 Aug. 66	Second in Command 18th N. I.
95	Perry, Thomas Tristram Sur. H.M.	10 Dec. 41 10 Dec. 67	12 Sept. 68 12 Sept. 68	12 Dec. 67	Asst. Qr. Mr. Genl. of the Army (Adg. Dep.)
	Macgowan, Frederick, 98 H.	11 Dec. 41 11 Dec. 67	12 Sept. 68 12 Sept. 68	12 Dec. 67	second in Command 24th N. I. (Director of Land Transport Abyssinia F.F. 20th Sept. 1867)
	MAJORS.				
	Shewell, Walter Valentine, 111 H.M.	9 Jan. 42 9 Jan. 67	12 Sept. 68 12 Sept. 68	12 Dec. 67	Political Supdt., Fakharpore
	Wander, Robert Palmer, 112 H.M.	9 Mar. 42 9 Mar. 67	12 Sept. 68 12 Sept. 68	14 Dec. 67	Asst. Adjutant General of the Army and President of the Bonus Committee
	Arthur, Edw. Penfold, 113 H.M.	2 May 42 2 May 67	12 Sept. 68 12 Sept. 68	12 Dec. 67	
	Atchison, Charles Farrington, 114 H.	10 June 42 10 June 67	12 Sept. 68 12 Sept. 68	12 Dec. 67	

Colonel in Abyssinia, 25 Sept. 1867.

In Feb. 61.

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS (continued).

No.	Rank and Name.	Late Regt.	Date of present Commission.		Date of First Commission.	Date of Ad- mission to the Staff Corps.		Remarks.
			Substan- tive.	Army.		Date of present Appoint- ment.		
MAJORS (continued).								
5	Church, Anthony Benn, 115	9 N. I.	11 June 42	11 June 02	11 June 02	18 Feb. 01	23 Jan. 58	Deputy Judge Advocate General, Sind Collector and Magistrate, Hyderabad
	Phillips, Frederick, 69	Cd. Fus.	11 June 42	11 June 02	11 June 02	18 Feb. 01	23 Feb. 05	Europe, Furlough from 30 Mar. 1887
	Collins, James Alphonsus, 116	7 N. I.	11 June 42	11 June 02	11 June 02	18 Feb. 01	8 Oct. 07	Deputy Asst. Commissary Genl. Advant
	Thacker, John, 115	9 N. I.	11 June 42	11 June 02	11 June 02	18 Feb. 01	30 Dec. 00	Political Agent, Katiywar (at the disposal of the Government of India temporarily)
	Wicksteed, Richard Harle, 115	11th	11 June 42	11 June 02	11 June 02	18 Feb. 01	30 Aug. 04	Second in Command 11th N. I.
10	Palin, Charles Thomas, 117	10 N. I.	11 June 42	11 June 02	11 June 02	18 Feb. 01	9 Apr. 04	Rescue Engineer, Public Works Dept.
	Roopston, William Robert	14 N. I.	2 Apr. 42	2 Aug. 02	2 Aug. 02	18 Feb. 01	9 Apr. 04	Parasutist, and Master, and Suplt. of Family Payments, Bombay (Acting Prisoner Paymaster)
15	Amesley, John Tisdall, 118	30 N. I.	15 Oct. 42	15 Oct. 02	15 Oct. 02	18 Feb. 01	1 Oct. 01	Chief Inspector of Musketry, Poona Cantonment Magistrate, Ahmedabad.
	Davison, George	11 N. I.	4 Sept. 42	1 Nov. 02	1 Nov. 02	18 Feb. 01	17 May. 00	Collector, and Magistrate, Kutch.
	Pathway, Hamilton Robert	11 N. I.	18 July 42	18 Nov. 02	18 Nov. 02	18 Feb. 01	23 Feb. 05	Comdr. for the Settlement of the Bound- ary Dispute between Baroda and Jeon- garh States.
	Lambert, Walter Bathhurst	1 N. I.	9 Dec. 42	9 Dec. 02	9 Dec. 02	18 Feb. 01	23 July 05	Deputy Inspector General of Police, Rawul Pindir Circle
	Lester, John Frederick, 160	10 N. I.	9 Dec. 42	9 Dec. 02	9 Dec. 02	18 Feb. 01	23 July 05	Assistant Adjutant General, Sind Division
20	Miller, Henry Newdick, 119	Cd. Fus.	9 Dec. 42	9 Dec. 02	9 Dec. 02	18 Feb. 01	4 Feb. 01	Political Agent, Maboe Kasta (Eur. M. C. from 15th March 1887)
	Bacon, Edmund Antoine Henry, 120	25 N. I.	22 Dec. 42	22 Dec. 02	22 Dec. 02	18 Feb. 01	3 Dec. 07	Dr. Jundredt's General Poona Division (Aby-saman F.F.)
	Black, James, 121	2 N. I.	29 Jan. 43	29 Jan. 03	29 Jan. 03	18 Feb. 01	12 Oct. 05	Dep. Secy to Govt., Military Marine, & Ecclesiastical Dept.
	Vande, Cornelius Oswald, 123	7 N. I.	1 Feb. 43	1 Feb. 03	1 Feb. 03	18 Feb. 01	19 July 05	Comdt. 30th Regt. N. I.
	Macdonald, John Alexander Matthew, 123	Cd. 3	21 Feb. 43	21 Feb. 03	21 Feb. 03	18 Feb. 01	25 Jan. 05	Part of Police, Ahmednagar
25	Manwaring, William George, 124	Cd. Fus.	1 Mar. 43	1 Mar. 03	1 Mar. 03	18 Feb. 01	17 Mar. 08	Asst. Pol. Suplt. Sind Frontier & Comdt. 3rd Regt. Sind Horse
	Trotter, Tait, 125	11 N. I.	10 June 43	10 June 03	10 June 03	18 Feb. 01	10 May 08	Suplt. of Barracks and Cantonment Magis- trate, Poona
	Briggs, W. Douglas Lake, 126	22 N. I.	1 July 43	1 July 03	1 July 03	18 Feb. 01	12 Apr. 08	1st Asst. Collector & Magistrate, Suttur (Actg. Secy to Pol. Agent, & Officer)
	Everard, George Charles	22 N. I.	26 Aug. 43	26 Aug. 03	26 Aug. 03	18 Feb. 01	20 Mar. 07	Second in Command 4th N. I.
	Parr, William Chase	24 N. I.	1 Sept. 43	1 Sept. 03	1 Sept. 03	18 Feb. 01	20 Mar. 07	Deputy Comm. (Indwar), Nigpore D. & Shortt, Alexander Young
	Wood, Henry Hastings Aitchell, 127	4 N. I.	9 Dec. 43	9 Dec. 03	9 Dec. 03	18 Feb. 01	20 Mar. 07	Political Agent, Kutch
	Ashburner, John	18 N. I.	1 Jan. 44	1 Jan. 04	1 Jan. 04	18 Feb. 01	20 Mar. 07	Political Agent, Kutch
	Shortt, Alexander Young	12 N. I.	1 Feb. 44	1 Feb. 04	1 Feb. 04	18 Feb. 01	20 Mar. 07	Political Agent, Kutch

30	Widdicombe, William	.. .. .	7 N. I.	7 June 44	7 June 64	.. .. .	18 Feb 61	8 May 63	Juice and Session Judge of the District Court at Hyderabad
	Harrett, Fred Stifford,	128 Ser. C.	28 N. I.	9 June 44	9 June 64	.. .. .	9 June 63	.. .. .	Dur, Furlough from 20th Feb 1866
	Widdrop, James Edward...	.. .. .	.. .. .	1 Feb. 43	1 June 64	.. .. .	1 Feb. 63	24 May 62	Continent Master, Deesa
	Hender-on, Joseph Hume	.. .. .	.. .. .	10 June 44	10 June 64	.. .. .	.. .. .	22 Nov. 61	Supt. of Police, Hyderabad, Sind 'Actg. Z. N. C. from 6th Jan. 1863
	Bora, Frederick Tommaso	.. .. .	.. .. .	4 Aug. 44	4 Aug. 64	.. .. .	.. .. .	18 Feb. 61	.. .. .
	Batye, Arthur Frederick	.. .. .	.. .. .	10 Dec. 44	10 Dec. 64	.. .. .	.. .. .	18 Feb. 61	.. .. .
	Shortt, Wm. Young Humes	.. .. .	.. .. .	10 Dec. 44	10 Dec. 64	.. .. .	.. .. .	15 Nov. 62	Supt. of Police, Poona (Eur V. C. from 22nd Feb 67)
	Law, Samuel Crozier	.. .. .	.. .. .	28 Dec. 44	26 Dec. 64	.. .. .	.. .. .	1 Dec. 61	First Political Asst. Kattywar (Acting Pol Agent, Vasee Kant)
	Green, Waterloo Scrimshure,	130, C. B. S.	16 N. I.	3 Jan. 45	3 Jan. 65	.. .. .	.. .. .	12 Oct. 61	Political Agent, Kholat, Sind in Command
	Vackeeon, Frederick Laing,	69	19 N. I.	3 Jan. 45	3 Jan. 65	.. .. .	.. .. .	4 Oct. 61	Second in Command Meywar Bhel Corps and 2nd Asst. Political Agent, Meywar (Offg. Commandant)
	Thomas, George Edward	.. .. .	.. .. .	3 Feb. 45	3 Feb. 65	.. .. .	.. .. .	1 Aug. 63	Supt. of Police, Belgam (Assistant)
	Crough, William, (9. Ser. C.)	Eng. R	19 N. I.	3 Feb. 45	3 Feb. 65	.. .. .	.. .. .	13 Sept. 63	Second in Command 19th N. I. (Offg. Com-)
	Chaffy, Walter Theodore	.. .. .	.. .. .	1 Apr. 45	1 Apr. 65	.. .. .	.. .. .	30 Apr. 60	First Examine Pay Dept. (Acting Military Accountant)
	Baumgartner, Thos. Mowbray,	131	25 Foot	4 Apr. 45	4 Apr. 65	.. .. .	.. .. .	20 Sept. 67	In Charge of Comm. Det N. D. A
	Graham, Archibald William,	132	4 N. I.	14 June 45	14 June 65	.. .. .	.. .. .	6 July 66	Paymaster, Poona Div. (Acting Examiner Pay Department)
	Beville, Henry, 133	.. .. .	.. .. .	14 June 45	14 June 65	.. .. .	.. .. .	30 Oct. 60	Comdt. 7th N. I. or 1st Belooch Regt.
	Waddington, William,	134	.. .. .	14 June 45	14 June 65	.. .. .	.. .. .	3 Aug. 67	Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey Tanna, Sal- pether, Poona, and Ahmednagar
	Gray, William,	135	.. .. .	19 July 45	19 July 65	.. .. .	.. .. .	1 Mar. 67	Enl. Comm. Barrack, and Clothing Accts. and Vembes of the Bonus Committee
	Penderbush, James,	136	.. .. .	19 July 45	19 July 65	.. .. .	.. .. .	20 Apr. 60	Second in Command, 23th N. I.
	Math, Joseph,	137	.. .. .	3 Feb. 45	3 Feb. 65	.. .. .	.. .. .	12 Jan. 64	Second in Command 16th N. I.
	Prencott, Cyril Jackson	.. .. .	.. .. .	17 Jan. 46	17 Jan. 66	.. .. .	.. .. .	26 Sept. 66	Supt. Rev. N. I. & Asst. Comm. Guzerat (Actg Survey and Settlement Comr S. D.)
	Thomas, Edmund Lewis,	138	.. .. .	17 Jan. 46	17 Jan. 66	.. .. .	.. .. .	18 Feb. 61	Settlement Officer, Hyderabad, Sind
	Alexander, William R.	.. .. .	.. .. .	3 Feb. 46	3 Feb. 66	.. .. .	.. .. .	18 Feb. 61	.. .. .
	Chesbury, Augustus Philip	.. .. .	.. .. .	3 Feb. 46	3 Feb. 66	.. .. .	.. .. .	18 Feb. 61	.. .. .
	Dods, Peter,	139	.. .. .	3 Mar. 46	3 Mar. 66	.. .. .	.. .. .	18 Feb. 61	Director of Public Instruction, Central Provinces
	Maceaulay, George William,	140	.. .. .	19 June 46	19 June 66	.. .. .	.. .. .	29 Apr. 69	Comdt. 1st Regt Sind Horse (Eur. V. C. from 16th Feb. 1867)
	Bonner, Richard Maurice	.. .. .	.. .. .	13 June 46	13 June 66	.. .. .	.. .. .	10 Aug. 69	Comt. Guzerat Bhel Corps (Supt. of Bazaars Abyssinian F. R., Earl. Bona 1867)
	Halg, Malcolm Robert	.. .. .	.. .. .	13 June 46	13 June 66	.. .. .	.. .. .	7 Dec. 69	Settlement Officer, Kurrachee,
	Castell, Richard John,	141	.. .. .	13 June 46	13 June 66	.. .. .	.. .. .	10 May 64	Wing Officer 4th N. I. (Offg. 2nd in Command)
	Wiggin, Frederick Phillips,	142	.. .. .	13 June 46	13 June 66	.. .. .	.. .. .	1 Sep. 63	Asst. Commissioner General (Abyssinian F. R.)
	Gordon, James	.. .. .	.. .. .	13 June 46	13 June 66	.. .. .	.. .. .	28 Jan. 64	8th Officer, Hyderabad
	Diabrowe, Herbert Frederick,	69	.. .. .	13 June 46	13 June 66	.. .. .	.. .. .	12 Oct. 63	Political Agent at Muecar (Neigherries N. C. from 20th Apr 1867)

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS (continued).

No.	Rank and Name	Late Regt	Date of Commission		Date of Ad- mission to the Staff Corps	Date of pre- sent appoint- ment	Remarks
			First Com- mission	Subse- quent			
MAJORS (continued).							
	Bord, Moseon	11 V I	2 Apr 4	3 Apr 6	1 Jan 04	1 Jan 04	Wing Officer 11th N I (in vac F F)
	Knights, Frederick William, 181	C 11 T 18	3 Apr 4	3 Apr 6	17 Nov 01	17 Nov 01	Actg. Maj. 14th Poonah Division (Abn- Fur, M C from 18th Mar 1894)
	Hodgson, Percival, 18	23 I	10 Apr 4	10 Apr 6	24 Mar 02	24 Mar 02	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
129	Wallace, Rowland Eilat	2 I	11 June 4	11 June 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Clements, James, 187	3 N I	11 June 4	11 June 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Green, Ernest Augustus	3 N I	11 June 4	11 June 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Plover, Alfred George, 188	2 N I	11 June 4	11 June 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
130	Waddington Thomas	7 N I	12 June 4	12 June 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Hill, John Dunham, 189	4 N I	12 June 4	12 June 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Burres, Charles Payne, 189	29 N I	3 July 4	3 July 6	12 Sept 00	12 Sept 00	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Woodhouse, Hilary Alderson	7 N I	8 Aug 4	8 Aug 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Fergusson, Alexander, 191	Cd 2 Bar	10 Aug 4	10 Aug 6	31 July 02	31 July 02	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
140	Smith, James Anne lev, 193	6 N I	10 Dec 4	10 Dec 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Lewis, Charles Matthew	1 N I	23 Dec 4	23 Dec 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
CAPTAINS							
1	Carnegie, Alexander, 20	3 N I	27 July 4	27 July 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Close, Henry Pelham, 207	C 11 31	20 Dec 4	20 Dec 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Valcolumson, John Henry Porte, 207	14 N I	20 Dec 4	20 Dec 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Leath, Thomas, 210	14 N I	20 Dec 4	20 Dec 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
5	Bruce Michael Robert, 210	23 N I	20 Jan 4	20 Jan 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Williams, Robert Frederick, 211	20 N I	20 Jan 4	20 Jan 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Anderson, Robert Seale, 212	23 N I	20 Jan 4	20 Jan 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Loch, Charles Adam	21 N I	20 Jan 4	20 Jan 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Kanara, Croft Augustus Chule	21 N I	20 Jan 4	20 Jan 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
10	Vigmore, Geo Graham	15 N I	20 Jan 4	20 Jan 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	DeVaux, Alfred Anthony, 215	23 N I	20 Jan 4	20 Jan 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)
	Walsen, John, 215	23 N I	20 Jan 4	20 Jan 6	18 Feb 01	18 Feb 01	Settler Officer (Actg. Deputy Wing Officer 11th N I)

15	Barton, Lionel Charles, 217	Ser. M.M.	1 N. I.	3 Jan. 48	12 Feb. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	11 July 04	Political Agent, Rawak Kaur
	Beathrope, Charles Thomas, 219	Ser. M.M.	12 N. I.	7 Sept. 48	18 Feb. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	1 Sept. 05	On Special Duty
	Chapman, Ingram	.. ..	3 N. I.	27 May 48	18 Feb. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	1 Jan. 04	Wing Officer 3rd N. I. (Ear. M. C. from 1874 April 1900)
	Gordon, John	.. ..	1 N. I.	9 June 48	18 Feb. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	25 Jan. 06	Brigade Major, 5th Frontier Field Force (Ear. M. C. from 20th Nov. 1897)
	Hansen, George William, 219	.. ..	0 N. I.	3 Jan. 48	15 Feb. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	19 Jan. 07	Wing Officer 9th N. I.
	Connelly, Frederick Talbot	.. ..	12 N. I.	23 Jan. 48	15 Feb. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	9 Mar. 07	Ear. M. C. from 20th May 1897
	Hobson, Julian Campbell	.. ..	3 N. I.	6 Dec. 48	15 Feb. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	12 Feb. 07	Asst. Quarter Master Genl., Belgium
	Nichols, Gilbert, 220	.. ..	Cd. Fus.	27 June 48	18 Feb. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	21 Sept. 00	Commandant 23d N.I.
	Turner, Thomas Hawkins, 221	.. ..	Royal Art.	12 June 52	18 Feb. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	7 Jan. 04	Examiner at Ordnance Accounts
	Glasford, Charles Lamont	.. ..	Cd. Fus.	20 Feb. 48	20 Feb. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	7 Jan. 04	Commissioner Godavari District, Nargoor
	DeLamaze, William, 222	Ser. M.M.	8 N. I.	18 Jan. 48	10 Mar. 01	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	19 Apr. 05	Acting in Com. 2nd Sind Horse
	Willingdun, Michael Weeks, 223	.. ..	4 N. I.	9 June 48	0 June 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	1 Sept. 05	Acting. Assistant Commissary General
	Vaughan, Henry	.. ..	17 N. I.	14 June 51	17 Sept. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	1 Jan. 04	Wing Officer 17th N. I.
	Baigrie, Robert, 224	.. ..	Cd. Fus.	3 Feb. 48	4 Dec. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	10 Sept. 05	Acting. Quarter Master Genl. (Abyssinian F.F.)
	Paiker, Montagu William	.. ..	8 N. I.	11 Dec. 48	11 Dec. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	27 Mar. 07	Only Wing Officer 20th N. I.
	Pratten, Thomas Ernest	.. ..	28 N. I.	28 Dec. 48	20 Dec. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	25 Oct. 07	Superintendent of Prisoners, Chittagong
	Hills, William, 225	.. ..	Cd. Fus.	29 Dec. 48	20 Dec. 01	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	12 Apr. 08	Wing Officer, 57th N. I. Brigade Major (Abyssinian F.F.)
	Burd, Robert, 226	.. ..	10 N. I.	11 Feb. 48	1 Jan. 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	12 Sept. 08	Offg. 2nd Wing Suddin, 10th N. I. (unad- mitted)
	Nimmo, Thomas Ho-	.. ..	29 N. I.	11 Dec. 48	1 Jan. 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	20 Dec. 08	Wing Officer 20th N. I. (Offg. 2nd in Com. 2nd in Command, 98th N. I. (Ear. M. C. from 14th Mar. 1897)
	Davis, Arthur Palmer, 227	.. ..	Cd. Fus.	20 Jan. 48	1 Jan. 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	24 Mar. 08	Brigade Major, Aden (Ear. M. C. from 27th November 1896)
	Hickman, Devereux Henry, Ser. ph.	.. ..	5 N. I.	11 Dec. 48	1 Jan. 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	20 Oct. 08	Asst. Quarter Master, Khanderah (Abyssinian Transport Corps)
	Preston, William Barthol	.. ..	14 N. I.	20 Jan. 50	27 Jan. 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	10 Oct. 08	Asst. Quarter Master, Resident Persian Gulf
	W. Alfred Goston	.. ..	28 N. I.	30 Jan. 50	27 Jan. 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	12 Feb. 07	2nd in Command, 27th N. I.
	Hogg, George Forbes, 228	.. ..	Cd. Fus.	23 Mar. 48	5 Feb. 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	1 Mar. 07	Assistant Quarter Master
	Keble, Charles Frederick, 229	.. ..	14 N. I.	10 Feb. 48	20 Feb. 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	20 Apr. 07	Acting Brigade Major Ahmednagar
	Thoyla, Newman Bulfoot, Ser. C. Engr.	.. ..	Cd. 50 N. I.	9 June 48	3 Mar. 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	20 Oct. 08	Asst. Quarter Master, Khanderah (Abyssinian Transport Corps)
	Blakeney, William	.. ..	18 N. I.	24 Feb. 48	4 May 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	8 July 01	Paymaster, Sind Div. (Abyssinian F.F.)
	Young, David Butler, 230	.. ..	26 N. I.	15 June 50	15 June 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	8 July 01	Persian and Arabic Interpreter to Sir R. Napier, C. S. I. C. C. M. Com. Abyss. F.F.
	Moore, Henry, 231	.. ..	8 N. I.	15 June 50	15 June 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	19 Jan. 08	2nd in Command, Poona Horse
	LeToache, Cecil D'Urbain, 232	.. ..	14 N. I.	15 June 50	15 June 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	21 Oct. 08	Class Deputy Collector and Magistrate
	Rever, Edwin Walter, Ser. M.M.	.. ..	103rd Foot	4 Apr. 50	30 July 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	21 Oct. 08	Acting 2nd Class
	Epder, John James	.. ..	6 N. I.	29 Jan. 48	20 Sept. 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	19 Jan. 07	Wing Officer 6th N. I. (Abyssinian M. C. from 17th Oct. 1899)
	Watson, John Whaley	.. ..	10 N. I.	4 Sept. 50	30 Oct. 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	1 Dec. 08	4th Point, Asst. Quarter Master (Actg. 3rd Asst.)
	Wardrop, Alexander, 233	.. ..	Cd. 50 N. I.	10 Dec. 50	10 Dec. 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	7 July 07	Brig. Major, Nurmuch
	Bell, Thomas, 234	.. ..	14 N. I.	10 Dec. 50	10 Dec. 02	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	15 May 07	2nd in Command 30th N. I. or Jacob's
	Lunner, Henry Charles Baskerville, 235	.. ..	Royal Art.	8 June 51	2 Jan. 03	18 Feb. 01	18 Feb. 01	1 July 08	Asst. Quarter Master, Survey, Indian Left Bank

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS—(continued).

No.	Rank and Names.	Late Regt.	Date of Commission.		Date of Admission to the Staff Corps.	Date of present Appointment.	Remarks.
			First Commission.	Subsidiary.			
CAPTAINS (continued).							
50	Cutwell, John Henry, 246	4 N. I.	20 Jan 51	20 Jan. 03	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	10 July 87
	Ledger, Philip Harrison, 277 ..	8 L. Cav.	22 Feb. 51	20 Feb. 03	.. ..	13 Feb. 01	1 Dec. 83
	Westropp, George Ralph Collier, Sur.	40 N. I.	30 Dec. 50	25 Feb. 03	.. ..	18 Dec. 01	10 Oct. 86
	Clay, Charles Henry, 289	20 N. I.	24 Aug. 50	20 Nov. 03	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	26 May 89
	Dodd, Cecil David James, Sur., C. Engr.	8 N. I.	12 June 51	15 June 03	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	20 Oct. 89
55	Drammond, James Montbrooke ..	22 N. I.	14 June 51	14 June 03	.. ..	14 Feb. 01	10 Feb. 06
	Bolton, John Shand Douglas, 289 ..	11 N. I.	14 June 51	14 June 03	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	8 Oct. 17
	Forbes, Charles Henry Hunter ..	14 N. I.	31 Jan. 50	30 Sept. 03	.. ..	18 Sept. 01	11 Apr. 06
	Ducat, Claude Males, 240	17 N. I.	12 Dec. 51	12 Dec. 03	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	1 Dec. 87
	Van Herthuyten, Henry Ravett Mandeville	9 N. I.	12 Dec. 51	19 Dec. 03	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	8 Oct. 87
60	Hodson, Charles Frederic ..	31 N. I.	12 Dec. 51	12 Dec. 03	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	31 July 86
	Holland, T. even James, 241	18 N. I.	12 Dec. 51	12 Dec. 03	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	10 Nov. 04
	Wilson, Arthur Robert, 242 ..	7 N. I.	20 Dec. 51	20 Dec. 03	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	1 Jan. 04
	Deavers, Augustus Pennell ..	4 N. I.	20 Feb. 52	20 Feb. 03	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	1 Aug. 03
	Kerlew, Thomas, 243	20 N. I.	20 Feb. 52	20 Feb. 03	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	19 Sept. 87
65	Clarke, Rees Temple, 244 ..	24 N. I.	20 Mar. 52	20 Mar. 03	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	1 Mar. 87
	Brown, Francis William, 245 ..	20 N. I.	20 Jan. 50	29 Apr. 04	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	4 Sept. 05
	Jameau, Charles, 246	22 N. I.	12 June 52	12 June 04	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	11 Oct. 81
	Bannerman, Patrick Wilson, 247 ..	10 N. I.	12 June 52	12 June 04	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	27 July 84
	Gillespie, William Augustus, 248 ..	24 N. I.	12 June 52	12 June 04	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	8 May 87
70	Phillips, Alfred	24 N. I.	10 June 52	10 June 04	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	15 June 87
	Hawthorn, George Sheiden, 249 ..	24 N. I.	10 June 52	10 June 04	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	15 June 87
	Craigm, George Bell, 250	4 N. I.	20 July 52	20 July 04	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	21 Feb. 84
	Batholomew, Frederick Pelham ..	23 N. I.	20 Sept. 52	20 Sept. 04	.. ..	18 Feb. 01	10 July 07

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS—(continued).

No.	Rank and Name.	Late Regt.	Date of present Commission.		Date of previous Commission.		Remarks.
			First Commission.	Subsequent.	Army.	Date of previous Commission.	
CAPTAINS (continued).							
	Murray, John Crippin Dawson, 278	7 N. I.	10 Dec. 53	12 Sept. 56	10 Dec. 54	28 Sept. 53	30 Sept. 55
	Davies, Frank Charles, 277 Sw., H.S.	19 N. I.	30 Aug. 49	12 Sept. 56	30 Aug. 51	12 Sept. 53	37 Mar. 57
	Woodhouse, Robert Russell, ..	104. 36 N. I.	12 June 51	12 Sept. 56	12 June 53	12 Sept. 53	30 Sept. 55
	Fallon, George Graham Howe, ..	7 N. I.	4 Aug. 54	12 Sept. 56	4 Aug. 56	6 Nov. 53	30 Sept. 55
	Dunlop, Arthur, 278 ..	10 N. I.	20 Feb. 54	12 Sept. 56	30 Feb. 56	12 Sept. 53	31 Mar. 57
110	Phillips, Henry, 279 ..	10 N. I.	10 Sep. 53	12 Sept. 56	10 Sept. 55	17 July 53	1 Jan. 54
	Welsh, Thomas Vandergast Bole, ..	1 N. I.	20 Jan. 53	12 Sept. 56	20 Jan. 55	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Jones, Frederick William, ..	18 N. I.	20 Mar. 50	12 Sept. 56	20 Mar. 52	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Tanner, Orrel Vreesh, ..	18 N. I.	19 Aug. 50	12 Sept. 56	19 Aug. 52	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Milb., William Thomas, 281 4m. 28.	25 N. I.	20 Jan. 51	12 Sept. 56	20 Jan. 53	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Stobbes, George Nathaniel, 282 ..	25 N. I.	20 Jan. 51	12 Sept. 56	20 Jan. 53	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Byrd, Julius Middleton, ..	24 N. I.	20 Feb. 54	12 Sept. 56	20 Feb. 56	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Harza, Henry William, 284 ..	10 N. I.	4 Apr. 54	12 Sept. 56	4 Apr. 56	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Brown, Lewis George, 285 ..	11 N. I.	4 Dec. 51	12 Sept. 56	4 Dec. 53	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Newton, James Patrick Murray, 286 8m.	11 N. I.	4 Apr. 54	12 Sept. 56	4 Apr. 56	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Leslie, George Bartholomew, 287 ..	11 N. I.	4 Apr. 54	12 Sept. 56	4 Apr. 56	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Steele, Thomas Edmund, ..	1 N. I.	4 Jan. 54	12 Sept. 56	4 Jan. 56	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Fenkin, Edward Gordon, 288 ..	1 N. I.	20 Sept. 54	12 Sept. 56	20 Sept. 56	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Blew, George Ernest ..	17 N. I.	9 Dec. 54	12 Sept. 56	9 Dec. 56	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
125	Vibart, Alexander John, 289 ..	14 N. I.	19 Dec. 54	12 Sept. 56	19 Dec. 56	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Young, Charles William ..	14 N. I.	10 Dec. 54	12 Sept. 56	10 Dec. 56	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Fenwick, John Bourne, ..	15 N. I.	30 Dec. 54	12 Sept. 56	30 Dec. 56	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Goodfellow, George Bates ..	15 N. I.	3 Dec. 54	12 Sept. 56	3 Dec. 56	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Karrach, Edmund ..	15 N. I.	30 Jan. 55	12 Sept. 56	30 Jan. 57	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Anderson, John Watson ..	15 N. I.	28 Jan. 55	12 Sept. 56	28 Jan. 57	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Belk, 290 ..	15 N. I.	30 Jan. 55	12 Sept. 56	30 Jan. 57	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	Jacob, William, 291 ..	15 N. I.	30 Jan. 55	12 Sept. 56	30 Jan. 57	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57
	O'Brien, Elliot Seward, 292 ..	15 N. I.	30 Jan. 55	12 Sept. 56	30 Jan. 57	12 Sept. 53	11 Nov. 57

133	Fallington, Henry Monteth	1 N. I.	20 Feb. 55 20 Feb. 67	19 Feb. 60	15 Feb. 67	Attached to 1st (Gra.) N. I.
	Kennedy, Gerald Hume, 288	3 N. I.	20 Feb. 55 20 Feb. 67	21 Sept. 61	21 Sept. 61	Adjutant 2nd N. I.
	Raines, Edmund, 298	11 N. I.	7 Mar. 55 7 Mar. 67	19 Apr. 61	28 Sept. 64	Sec. Squad. Officer 10th Bussal Cavalry
	Ross, Edward Charles, 284	Cd. 3 Eur.	7 Mar. 55 7 Mar. 67	19 Apr. 61	17 Oct. 67	Asst. Pol. Agent, Gaudar, Muscat
	Fisher, Charles Edward, 295	95 Foot	28 Mar. 55 28 Mar. 67	27 Jan. 62	17 Oct. 67	Dr. Sett. Officer Left Bank Survey Sund
	Smith, Sydney Amstead, 298	17 N. I.	10 Apr. 55 10 Apr. 67	27 Aug. 62	5 Jan. 67	Asst. to Pol. Resident Persian Gulf
140	Phillips, Augustus Marshall, 297	Cd. 2 Eur.	8 June 55 6 June 67	18 Feb. 61	30 Jan. 67	Asst. to the Pol. Agent, Mahes Kasta
	Jacob, John	22 N. I.	8 June 55 6 June 67	19 Feb. 61	3 July 65	Adj. Perspore Irregular Force
	Hebbell, Henry Thomas, 298	17 N. I.	9 June 55 9 June 67	1 Mar. 62	1 Dec. 65	1st Pol. Asst. to Pol. Agent, Katiwar
	Sanders, Thomas Weeding	7 N. I.	16 July 55 16 July 67	18 Feb. 61	19 Feb. 61	Europe, N. O. from 8th June 1867
	Doss, Arthur John	15 N. I.	16 July 55 16 July 67	19 Feb. 61	26 July 65	Dep. Sett. Off. Right Bank Sur. Sund
145	Swanboe, Charles	56 Foot.	27 July 55 27 July 67	1 Oct. 63	8 Apr. 67	Acting Sub-Asst. Comm. war Generals
	Segrave, Fred. Harbord	10 N. I.	7 Aug. 55 7 Aug. 67	12 Sept. 66	15 Sept. 65	Asst. Supt. of Police, Ahmedabad (Acting)
	Berville, George Francis, 289	12 N. I.	4 Sept. 55 4 Sept. 67	18 Feb. 61	27 Sept. 65	Q. Master 21st N. I. (Brigade Major)
	Grant, Murray Doctor T. T., 200 N. M. G.	33d Foot	21 Sept. 55 21 Sept. 67	4 Apr. 66	4 Apr. 66	Brigade Asst. Comm. 17th N. I.
	Byrhill, Reginald	56 Foot	2 Oct. 55 2 Oct. 67	18 Feb. 61	12 Sept. 66	Europe, N. O. from 14th May 1867
150	Russell, Lechnere	15 N. I.	4 Oct. 55 4 Oct. 67	12 Sept. 66	12 Sept. 66	Special Asst. to the Political Agent, Katiwar (Acting 4th Asst.)
	Ranister, George	10 N. I.	4 Oct. 55 4 Oct. 67	12 Sept. 66	1 Jan. 64	Europe, N. O. from 8th July 1867
	Newport, William Henry, 301 Sur. 2d.	Cd. 3 Eur.	7 Dec. 55 7 Dec. 67	12 Sept. 66	1 Jan. 64	Off. Wing Subaltern and Q. M. 18th N. I.
	James, Edmund Marcus Yiret, 302 2d.	10 N. I.	7 Dec. 55 7 Dec. 67	12 Sept. 66	1 Dec. 66	Europe, N. O. from 8th June 1867
	Atkinson, George Andrew, 303 2d. &c.	28 N. I.	8 Dec. 55 8 Dec. 67	13 Feb. 61	1 Dec. 66	Asst. Pol. Agent, Katiwar (Acting)
155	Eden, William Thomas	Cd. 25 N. I.	20 Dec. 55 20 Dec. 67	16 Aug. 62	16 Aug. 62	Pol. Agent, Vancat
	LIEUTENANTS.					Europe, East. from 4th Oct. 1866
1	Cunningham, Edward	7 N. I.	20 Mar. 55 20 Nov. 66	19 Nov. 63	25 Dec. 63	Adjutant 7th N. I.
	West, Edward William, 313	28 N. I.	17 Feb. 56 14 Feb. 57	19 Feb. 61	19 Dec. 66	Asst. Pol. Agent Kallapoor and Southern
	Woodcock, Rihorough Martin	Cd. 3 Eur.	4 Feb. 56 23 May 57	18 Feb. 61	1 Apr. 63	Maratha Country.
	James, Cornelius Francis, 313 1st.	20 N. I.	12 Dec. 56 5 July 67	18 Feb. 61	1 Apr. 63	Dist. Supt. of Police, Seestapore, Oude
2	Bruce, Arthur Neil, 316	56 Foot.	10 Dec. 56 10 Aug. 57	19 Feb. 61	14 Dec. 65	Political Agent, Hurrooas
	Shawell, Arthur Mark	Cd. 3 Eur.	12 Dec. 56 3 Sept. 57	17 July 64	8 Oct. 67	Sub-Asst. Comy. General Abyssinian
	Hallatt, Walter Leckie	1 N. I.	20 Sept. 56 9 Sept. 57	18 Sept. 66	1 Jan. 64	Adj. 14 N. I.

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS—(continued).

No.	Rank and Name.	Late Regt	Date of First Commission	Date of present commission.		Date of admission to the Staff Corps	Date of present Appointment.	Remarks.
				Subsidiary	Army			
LIEUTENANTS (continued)								
	Burwood, Gordon Forbes, 317	R M	70 Sept 56	4 Oct 57	..	..	19 Feb 61	27 Dec 62 Asst Magist in Charge of Pona. Chabergum, in Khan G. h. (Supt of Railway Police G. P. Railway, 9th Oct 1865) (S. M. C. from 30th Feb 1867)
10	Brown, John	H	4 July '60	2 Nov 57	..	..	1 Jan 64	Wing Supt. altern. 7th V I
	Hunter, Alexander Chambers, 318	H	17 Dec 61	1 Dec 57	..	..	12 Sept 66	Europe M. C. from 29th November 1864
	Hogg, Adam	Cd 31 V I	16 May 57	4 Dec 57	..	..	12 Apr 61	Or Master 4th V I
	Codrington, George Henry Forbes, 314	H L.	13 Jan 57	19 Jan 58	..	..	18 Feb 61	Asst. Supt. of Police, Sholapoor (Acting Asst. Supt., Ahmednagar)
	Cuthbert, Hugh David	H G	19 June 57	23 Jan 58	..	..	23 June 61	Asst. Supt. Guverat Revenue Survey
	Iredell, James Shrubbs	.. 2A	13 Dec 56	31 Jan 58	..	..	1 Jan 64	Adjutant 1st V I (Europe, M. C. from 14th April 1867)
15	Brown, William Thomas, 319	R M	90 Feb. 56	3 Feb 57	..	..	2 Mar 64	Asst. Supt. independent Thana and Sub-divisionary Survey (Acting Assistant Superintendent of Pol., Ahmednagar)
	Brumwell, George, 320	..	20 Jan 56	22 Feb 58	..	..	12 Oct 66	Attached to 8th V I
	Grant, John Pease	..	4 Jan 56	24 Mar 58	..	..	12 Sept 66	Asst. Revenue Survey
	Alcock, James	..	13 June 57	31 May 58	..	..	12 Sept 66	Quartermaster, 1st V I
	Blowers, George Francis, 321	..	6 Mar 57	1 Apr 58	..	..	18 Feb 61	Adj. Malwa District Corps (Offg. Supt. in Command and Repair School Agent and Pol. Asst. at Mampore, 10th Nov. 1866)
20	Breck, Valentine 323	..	30 Aug 57	4 Apr 59	..	..	19 Mar 63	Adjutant 9th V I
	Jacob, Geo Adolphus, 324	H V	11 Dec 56	30 Mar 58	..	..	27 May 61	Superintendent of Army Schools
	Walker, Hubert Latton	..	20 Dec 57	30 Mar 58	..	..	12 Sept 66	Wing Subaltern 28th L. I.
	W. G. Waller, Wm Francis Freuerich, 324	..	20 Feb 57	3 June 58	..	..	6 Jan 61	Adj. and Mampore Infantry (Acting Asst. Supt. of Sawant Warree and the Pol. Supt. of the W. S. Local Corps)
	Lloyd, Richard Mercer 325	..	4 Mar 56	12 June 59	..	..	18 Feb 61	2nd Lin. Co. and of the W. S. Local Corps
25	Montrose, Francis Austin, 326	H	5 Mar 57	2 July 59	..	..	12 Feb 63	Adjutant 7th Bengal V. I. and Station
	Treeman, Thomas, 327	Cd 3 En	20 Oct 56	20 July 58	..	..	29 June 61	Staff Officer Gorsepore
	Simpton, George Bruce	..	11 Mar 57	30 Aug 58	..	..	12 Nov 62	Asst. Supt. of Police Supt.
	Grisson, John	.. 2A	12 Dec 57	27 Aug 58	..	..	10 Feb 64	Asst. Supt. Public Works Dept. (En. M. C. from 14th Oct 1868)

[illegible]

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS—(continued).

No	Rank and Name.	Late Regt.	Date of present Commission.		Date of Ad- mission to the Staff Corps.	Date of present Appoint- ment.	Remarks.
			First Com- mission.	Substi- tute.			
LIEUTENANTS (continued).							
63	Tyndall, Edward Horne Townsend, R. Worthy, Frederick Pratt	7 N. I.	20 Oct. 57	4 May 60		16 Feb 61	29 May 65
	Hartigan, John McNight	13 N. I.	18 June 58	4 May 60		9 Jan 62	27 Sept 65
	Waring, Francis John, 14	5 N. I.	21 July 58	22 May 60		12 Sept 62	23 Oct. 65
			26 N. I.	13 June 57	20 May 60		1 Dec. 61	15 Sept. 65
70	Seton, William Samuel	Cd 2 Eur	20 July 57	9 June 60		19 Mar 63	9 Nov. 64
	Pantherman, Arthur Johnston	9 N. I.	11 June 59	2 June 60		8 Nov 64	23 May 65
	Cumming, Francis Hastings	22 N. I.	10 June 59	6 June 60		31 May 64	19 June 65
	Gordon						
	Turner, Samuel George Drury	Ror. Art.	8 June 10	8 June 60		14 Sept 66	14 Sept 66
	Burke, Sidney Holmes	26 N. I.	21 July 58	9 June 60		13 Sept 65	10 May 67
	Trevethin, Walter Raleigh	16 N. I.	4 Oct 57	13 June 60		10 May 64	10 May 67
	Goodrich, William Frederick, 348 ..	Cd 2 En	20 July 57	19 June 60		12 Sept. 66	27 May 67
	Parry, Charles-Dummond Pasmore ..	13 N. I.	12 Jan. 59	1 July 60		22 June 64	28 June 64
	75	Looper, John, 340	Cd 20 N. I.	20 Oct 59	4 Aug 60		7 May 63	7 May 63
Stock, Henry John		6 N. I.	4 Jan 59	19 Aug 60		17 Mar 63	22 Dec. 65
Yates, William H. Wall,		3 N. I.	4 Mar. 57	29 Aug 60		25 Nov 61	20 May 67
Coles, Charles Henry		9 N. I.	30 June 58	30 Aug 60		12 Sept 66	21 Sept 67
Poole, Arthur		9 N. I.	11 Nov. 58	11 Sept 60		12 Sept 66	9 Nov. 67
Withers, Joseph		25 N. I.	4 June 58	2 Oct. 60		7 Feb 63	7 Feb 63
Hay, Stafford Morrison, 347		Cd, 31 N. I.	11 Dec 58	11 Dec 60		12 Sept 66	31 July 66
Metcalfe, William		19 N. I.	12 Jan 60	18 Dec. 60		9 May 61	11 Oct. 65
Ducat, James		17 N. I.	13 June 57	1 Jan. 61		18 Feb. 61	2 Nov. 65
80		Miles, Samuel Bayliff	7 N. I.	19 Aug 57	2 Jan. 61		1 Jan 64	5 Feb 64
	Wray, Cecil FitzHenry Lewis	24 N. I.	11 Dec. 58	10 Jan. 61		12 Sept 66	1 Jan. 64
85	Westonport, Richard, 348	16 N. I.	19 Mar. 59	20 Feb 61		18 Feb. 63	13 Dec. 63
	Griffiths, John Gilbert Mathias .. R. M.	16 N. I.	9 Mar. 59	2 Mar. 61		18 Sept. 66	7 Nov. 66

100	Herland, Arthur Rowley	108 Foot	31 Dec. 66	7 Mar. 67	20 May 67	19 Oct. 65	Squadron 9th Cavalry
	W. Shaw, William Henry	18 N. I.	20 Dec. 66	9 May 67	18 Feb. 67	15 Sept. 65	Assistant Supt. of Police, Borst (Europe, M. C. from 29th Apr. 1866)
	Grimes, John Greenwood	40 N. I.	12 June 57	10 May 61	9 June 62	4 Mar. 67	Adjutant 20th N. I.
	Salmon, William Arthur	40 N. I.	12 June 57	10 May 61	9 June 62	4 Mar. 67	Adjutant 20th N. I.
	Greenfield, James Henry Latham .. .	40 N. I.	12 June 57	10 May 61	9 June 62	4 Mar. 67	Adjutant 20th N. I.
	Phillips, James	28 Foot	27 Nov. 57	3 July 61	23 May 64	23 May 64	Squadron Subaltern and Officiating 2nd Squadron Officer Poonah Horse
	Bencke, George Herman, 349 .. .	38 N. I.	18 Dec. 56	4 July 61	18 Sept. 66	.. .. .	Europe and Australia, Forfeited from 14th April 1867
	Pagan, James Lawrence	General	11 June 59	9 July 61	9 Nov. 62	17 Oct. 63	Asst. Revenue Survey, S. M. C.
	Cunningham, Charles Alexander .. .	38 N. I.	20 June 58	26 July 61	19 Nov. 62	14 Sept. 63	Adjutant and Offg. Qr. Master 80th N. I.
	Bryant, George Frederick	General	14 June 58	22 Aug. 61	27 Jan. 63	7 Oct. 61	Sub-Assistant Commissary General (Sub-Assistant Abyssinian S. F.)
	Paul, Charles Coombes	50 N. I.	12 Dec. 57	2 Sept. 61	18 Sept. 66	1 May 65	Wing 2nd and Offg. Qr. Master 20th N. I.
	Wood, Alexander	General	12 July 59	17 Sept. 61	13 Sept. 62	9 Apr. 63	Adjutant 20th N. I.
	Beau, Felix Walker	General	27 July 59	24 Nov. 61	1 Jan. 64	25 Oct. 66	Adjutant 6th N. I.
	Lawrence, Julian Robinson	Royal Art.	18 Dec. 61	18 Dec. 61	13 July 66	15 July 66	1st Engr. Public Works Dept.
	Harvey, George Edward	Cd. Eng.	30 Dec. 57	1 Jan. 62	2 May 65	.. .. .	Asst. Supt. Rev. Survey Southern Mahratta County
	Marshall, Walter	General	11 Aug. 59	1 Jan. 62	20 Feb. 62	1 Sept. 63	Sub-Assistant Commissary General
	Pearce, George Richard	General	19 Aug. 59	1 Jan. 62	1 Jan. 64	10 July 67	Wing Subaltern & Offg. Qr. Master 4th N. I.
	Brown, Percival Almonst	General	14 Aug. 59	1 Jan. 62	31 May 62	28 May 66	Adjutant 27th N. I.
	Stewart, Alexander Fraser	General	12 Sept. 58	1 Jan. 62	13 Sept. 62	2 June 63	Adjutant 27th N. I.
	Rennolds, Edward Swatman	General	27 Oct. 59	1 Jan. 62	21 Mar. 63	7 Oct. 63	Quarter Master 27th N. I. (Europe, M. C.)
	French, Henry	General	27 Oct. 59	1 Jan. 62	22 Apr. 63	2 Apr. 66	2nd Squadron Officer 1st Sind Horse
	Hennell, James Bruce	General	9 Dec. 59	1 Jan. 62	1 Jan. 64	19 Sept. 63	Wing Subaltern 20th N. I. (Europe, M. C. from 24th June 1867)
	Longdon, Francis Corbett	General	9 Dec. 59	1 Jan. 62	1 Jan. 64	1 Jan. 64	Quarter Master 18th N. I. (Abyssinian Transport Corps)
	Frederick, William Francis	General	9 Dec. 59	1 Jan. 62	17 Sept. 67	3 July 67	Adjutant 28th N. I.
	Pedder, Digby Colles	General	12 Mar. 60	10 May 62	22 Mar. 67	11 Apr. 64	Asst. Political Resident, Aden
	Scott, Walter	General	12 Mar. 60	10 May 62	27 Oct. 63	.. .. .	Asst. Supt. Rev. Survey Gujarat
	Esau, Charles Mountebank	General	12 Mar. 60	10 May 62	1 Jan. 64	16 Feb. 67	Adjutant 12th N. I. Poonah Horse
	Hay, Charles	General	12 Mar. 60	10 May 62	4 Aug. 66	4 Aug. 66	Squadron Subaltern
	Heath, John Woodfield	General	12 Oct. 60	30 July 62	21 Oct. 67	16 Nov. 67	Asst. Supt. of Police, Calcutta
	Bulker, Harry Trevor	General	12 Oct. 60	30 July 62	1 Jan. 64	17 July 67	Adj. 20th N. I. (Eur., M. C. from 24th July 1867)
	Greenlaw, Robert William Walsh .. .	General	12 Oct. 60	30 July 62	1 Jan. 64	1 Jan. 64	Wing Subaltern and N. I. (Eur., M. C. from 29th April 1867)
	Eden, Francis Thomas	General	12 Oct. 60	30 July 62	1 Jan. 64	1 Jan. 64	Wing Sub. 17th N. I.
	Hughes, Charles Frederick	General	12 Oct. 60	30 July 62	14 Apr. 64	6 Mar. 65	Qr. Master 22nd N. I. (Europe, M. C. from 16 Dec. 1866)
		General	12 Oct. 60	30 July 62	21 Jan. 64	1 Jan. 64	Wing Sub. 1st G. N. I.

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS---(continued).

No.	Rank and Name.	Late Regt.	Date of First Commission.	Date of present Commission.		Date of Admission to the Staff Corps.	Date of present Appointment.	Remarks.
				Substantive.	Army.			
LIEUTENANTS (continued).								
	Hogg, Arthur Melville ph.	103 Foot	13 Dec. 01	14 June 04	.. ..	3 May 05	28 Aug. 06	2nd Squadron Officer 2nd Sind Horse (Officiating 2nd Squadron Officer Adjt.)
	Taady, Henry Strathford ph.	General List	19 June 01	4 Oct. 03	.. ..	17 Sept. 07	16 Mar. 07	Quarter Master 10th N. I.
	Plummer, Francis ph.	4 Foot	4 July 00	19 Oct. 04	.. ..	19 Oct. 04	.. ..	Asst. Supt. Barr. Rev. Survey.
181	McNair, Alfred Lionel ph.	103 Foot	27 Aug. 01	26 Oct. 04	.. ..	26 Oct. 04	9 Aug. 05	2nd Squadron Officer 2nd Sind Horse
	Oulton, George John ph.	103 Foot	21 Dec. 01	15 Mar. 05	.. ..	15 Mar. 05	30 Oct. 06	3rd Squadron Officer 1st Sind Horse
126	Ward, Alfred Hercules ph.	106 Foot	8 June 01	23 May 05	.. ..	23 May 05	.. ..	Asst. Supt. Post, Supt. Light & Postur

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS. — (continued.)

PROBATIONERS.

No.	Rank and Name.	Regiment.	Date of First Commission.	Date of present Commission.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
1	Sarbanus, George Conrad Su. ph. M.	Royal Arty.	1 Oct. 57	1 Oct. 57	4 Apr. 64	Asst. Superintendent Rev. Survey and Accountant 8 M. Country
	Murphy, C. W. E. L. S.	Royal Arty.	25 June 69	1 26 June 69	24 Sept. 67	15 Nov. 67 Squadron Subaltern 2nd Sind Horse
	Ray, Edward Robert ph.	Genl. List	9 June 60	1 30 July 62	20 Feb. 67	22 Dec. 60 Wing Subaltern 6th N. I.
	Rail, Henry Lowther ph.	103 Foot	11 Dec. 58	1 30 July 62	27 Nov. 66	17 July 67 Acting Lt. Asst. to Pol. Resident at Aden
5	Reinisch, Edward ph. M.	100 Foot	27 June 60	1 30 July 62	17 July 67	17 July 67 Special Officer, Railway Local Battalion
	Abbott, Henry Byam ph.	100 Foot	7 June 61	1 20 July 62	17 May 65	17 May 65 Actg. Asst. to the Pol. Resident at Aden (Offg. Resident)
	Prideaux, Robert Ansler ph.	Genl. List	27 Mar. 61	1 3 Dec. 62	21 May 67	26 Mar. 67 Quarter Master 20th N. I. (Officiating Adjutant 28th N. I.)
	Balington, Stephen Sur C. Engr. ph.	Genl. List	27 Apr. 61	1 14 Dec. 63	7 Mar. 67	.. .. Acting Superintendent G. I. P. Railway Police
	Hensell, Reginald N. S.	Genl. List	23 July 61	1 30 Oct. 64	15 Dec. 66	24 Oct. 66 Wing Subaltern and Officiating Quarter Master 25th N. L. I.
10	Hunter, Frederick Warner Sur ph. M.	100 Foot	6 June 61	1 23 July 63	.. ..	3 June 67 Wing Subaltern 24th N. I. (Offg. Adjutant)
	MacLennan, Donald William L.	100 Foot	27 July 61	1 23 Var 64	28 Oct. 67	22 Oct. 67 Wing Subaltern 23th N. L. I.
	Rodgman, George Robert N	3 Div. Gds.	23 June 62	1 23 June 63	26 Apr. 67	26 Apr. 67 Wing Subaltern 14th N. I.

2ND (THE QUEEN'S) REGIMENT OF DRAGON GUARDS

The Royal Cypher within the Garter

"LUCANOW".

SCARLET. *Farings*—Buff.

Transferred from the Bengal to the Bombay Establishment from

[Head Quarters, *Mhow*—Depôt, *Canterbury*]

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
COLONEL.				
Osceendish, <i>Honourable</i> Henry F. Compton, 351	3 June 1853	g 9 Nov. 63	.. ..	Europe
LIEUTENANT COLONEL.				
Seymour, William Henry, <i>C.B.</i> , 339	7 July 1858	r. 7 July 63		
MAJORS.				
Hutchinson, Coote Rynga, 303 ..	7 July 1858	10 Nov 60		
Fawcett, Anthony Molloy, 314 ..	26 June 1860	1 May 1860	.. ..	Europe, Furlough
CAPTAINS.				
Steward, Henry Holden, 353 ..	7 Aug. 1857	11 July 1858	.. ..	Eur., Furlough to 27th June 1863
Alfred, Goodrich H., 356 ..	7 Mar. 1856			
Gough, George Thomas, 357 ..	15 Apr. 1856	7 July 1857	m. 4 Apr. 60	
Logan, George Eugene, 358 ..	29 Feb. 1860			
Burcy, Thomas William, 360 ..	10 May 1861			
Ormsby, George Frederick, 360 ..	2 Dec. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Europe Furlough
Tock, William Thomas, 361 ..	16 Jan. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Thomas, William Jones, 361A ..	30 Dec. 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Lur Furlough to 10th April 1868
O'Behne, Francis, 362 ..	21 Mar. 1865	.. ..	
LIEUTENANTS.				
Betty, Rowland Vetch ..	24 Jan. 1860			
Vaudclaux, Edward ..	3 Mar. 1860	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Greatorax, Frederick, 363 ..	8 Feb. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	Eur., Furlough to 4th July 1868
Brett, Arthur ..	4 Oct. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, Furlough
Craigie, Edmund Warren ..	20 Dec. 1864			
Edmonds, Benjamin, 364 ..	21 Mar. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	Adjutant
Knight, William Broadnax, 365 ..	29 May 1866	11 Nov 1868	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry Cavalry Depot
Heavside, George Hamilton ..	14 Aug. 1866	22 Sept 1867	.. ..	O.E., A.D.C. to H.E. the Gov. General
Burnett, Arthur Julian ..	1 Oct. 1867	21 Aug 1869		
CORNETS.				
Rattledge, John Knox ..	8 Aug 1862			
Todd, Thomas ..	31 Mar. 1868	.. ..	.. ..	Probationer for Bengal Staff Corps
Macpherson, John D. ..	8 Sept. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Eur., Furlough to 6th July 1868
Barrow, Frank ..	8 Nov 1868	.. ..	.. ..	Probationer for Bengal Staff Corps

2ND DRAGOON GUARDS.—(continued.)

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank	Local Rank	Remarks.
CORNELS.—(continued)				
Menteth, James Fred Stuart ..	4 Oct 1864	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Lucas, Henry Frank Egbert L.S.	29 Nov 1864	.. ..	.. ..
Ord, Thomas ..	30 Dec 1864	.. ..	.. ..
Lucas, Chas Arthur de Neuville R.S.	21 Mar 1865	.. ..	.. ..	Attached to Land Transport Corps & by a human Field Force
Newill, Joseph Henry .. L.S.	4 July 1865	.. ..	.. ..	Interpreter
STAFF				
Lakin, Frederick Windham, 300	27 Mar. 57	9 Dec 1858 Major (Hon.) 16 May 1860	.. ..	Paymaster
Fidmunde, B, 304	10 May 1860	21 Mar 65	.. ..	Adjutant
Russell, James, 307	24 Sept 1860	.. ..	.. ..	Deputy Master
Holloway Benjamin	18 May 1860	5 Oct 1858	.. ..	Quartermaster
Moore, Frederick William ..	17 Apr 1860	5 May 1861	.. ..	Surgeon
Shipton, John Noble, 308 ..	8 Mar 1860	21 Mar 1855	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon
Chippell, John James, M.D.	19 Aug 1861	19 Jun 1860	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon
Gudgin, Tom Gunder, 309 ..	22 Feb. 1867	13 Oct. 1864	.. ..	Veterinary Surgeon

3RD (THE PRINCE OF WALES'S) REGIMENT OF DRAGOON GUARDS

The Prince's Plume.—The Rising Sun and Red Dragon.

"TALAVERA"—"ALBUQUERCA"—"VITTORIA"—"PENINSULA."

Scarlet. Facing—Yellow.

Arrived in India, 11th November 1857.

[Head Quarters, Ahmednuggur—Wing, Ahyasia.—Depôt, Cantt. bary.]

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
COLONEL.				
Robertson, R. Richardson, C.B., 379	17 June 1866	m.g. 14 May 50	.. ..	Europe
LIEUTENANT COLONEL.				
Tower, Conyers, 380	4 Aug. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M.C. to 28th Jan. 1868
MAJORS.				
Miller, John, 381	4 Aug. 1863	.. ..	8 Nov. 1869	
Landmay, Fred. John Sundys, 381a.	30 Jan. 1866	31 July 1865		
CAPTAINS.				
M'Farlane, Francis John, 382.	17 June 1857	6 July 1855	m. 6 Jan. 63	Commanding [Sanitarium Poorandlum]
Barkley, Henry W.	28 Oct. 1858			
Rawlinson, George Romney ..	17 May 1861	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depôt
Richmond, Henry Fullerton, 383	27 Aug. 1864			
Kirkpatrick, Thomas Sutton, 384	30 Aug. 1864	17 Sept. 1864	.. ..	Europe, M. C.
Blenkinsop, William	7 Jan. 1866	.. ..	23 Dec. 1865	Europe, Furlough to 15th Oct. 1867
FitzGerald, Joseph Wm. ...	12 Jan. 1866	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M.C.
Dawson, Thomas, 384a... ..	9 Nov. 1865			
LIEUTENANTS.				
Mannock Francis A. S. ..	5 Nov. 1861			
Rocher, Winship Percival ..	25 June 1863			
Eglington, John Lord	4 Aug. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depôt
Robinson, George Francis ..	6 Nov. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	Adjutant [1867]
Davies, J. Bayley Addison ..	12 July 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M. C. to 1st Oct
Langtry, Henry	24 Jan. 1865			
Arthur, Henry Howard	12 Jan. 1865			
Lwynn, Henry Frederick Llew	9 Nov. 1865			
Jones, Charles Rainer	20 Feb. 1872	22 Jan. 1872	.. ..	Europe, M.C.
CORNETS.				
Collette, Charles Henry ..	5 Nov. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depôt
Hudson, George Hubert ..	23 June 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Wing Subaltern 14th N. L.
Grant, David Alexander ..	24 Jan. 1864	.. ..	.. ..
C. de, Arthur John H. A. L.S.	24 Jan. 1864	15 Nov. 1864		
Moss, George Peter	3 Apr. 1866			
Hudson, Gustav Lds	9 Nov. 1866			
William Grant				
McKen, William Rowland ..	8 May 1867			
M'Farlane, James Francis	30 July 1867	8 May 1867		
Lennox				

3RD DRAGOON GUARDS—(continued).

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
STAFF.				
Vesey, George Waller	20 Feb. 1807	8 Dec 1858 (Capt (hon) 8 Dec 1863)	.. ..	Paymaster
Robertson, G. F.	22 May 1800	11, 6 Nov 08	.. ..	Adjutant
Ward, Robert	1 May 1858	.. ..	.. ..	Riding Master
Dean, Samuel	9 Oct 1869	.. ..	.. ..	Quartermaster
Stewart, Neil Henry, M.D. ..	13 Mar. 1866	22 June 1855	.. ..	Surgeon
Robinson, A. B.	9 Mar 1867	30 Sept 1864	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon
Vallance, B.	9 Mar 1867	30 Sept 1864	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon
Byrne, Michael D. .. ..	.. ..	17 Mar 1863	.. ..	Veterinary Surgeon (Em V C)

Agents, Messrs HOPKINSON and Co.

Agent at Bombay, EBDULJEE NUSSEFWANJEE, Colaba Walla.

[Note—The Effective Establishment of a British Cavalry Regiment consists of 7 Service Troops, and of 1 Colonel, 1 Lieutenant Colonel, 4 Majors, 7 Captains, 7 Lieutenants, 7 Cornets, 1 Pay Master, 1 Adjutant, 1 Riding Master, 1 Quartermaster, 1 Surgeon, 3 Assistant Surgeons, 1 Veterinary Surgeon, 1 Regimental Sergeant Major, 1 Band Master, 1 Quartermaster Sergeant, 1 Pay Master Sergeant, 1 Sergeant Instructor of Musketry, 1 Sergeant Instructor in Fencing, 1 Armourer Sergeant, 1 Farrier Sergeant, 1 Saddler Sergeant, 1 Hospital Sergeant, 1 Trumpet Major, 1 Sergeant Cook, 1 Ordinary Room Clerk, 2 Troop Sergeant Majors, 31 Sergeants, 7 Farriers, 7 Trumpeters, 15 Corporals, 378 Privates, and 442 Horses.]

Each Regimental Depot consists of 1 Troop and of 1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant, 1 Cornet, 1 Troop Sergeant Major, 6 Sergeants, 4 Trumpeters, 6 Corporals, and 40 Privates.]

Distribution of the Royal Artillery serving in the Bombay Presidency.

STAFF.

Lieutenant Colonel H. Wallace Assistant Adjutant General (Commanding Division of Artillery, Ahmednagar Field Force)
 Lieutenant Colonel D. G. Anderson, 411 Assistant Adjutant General
 Brigadier General H. Foster, 400 Inspector of Artillery
 Captain J. N. Holberton, 150 Brigade Major to the Inspector of Artillery

OFFICERS COMMANDING ARTILLERY IN THE SEVERAL DIVISIONS OF THE ARMY.

Division.	Head Quarters.	Commandant.	Artillery in the Division.		
			Brigade.	Battery.	Station.
POONA.	Kutkee	Colonel C. B. Fuller	E. R. H. A.	Head Quarters	Kutkee
			.. .. .	A	Kutkee
			.. .. .	B	Ahmednagar
			5th R. A.	No. 6	Kutkee
			19th R. A.	D	Kutkee
NORTH- LAW.	Ahmedabad	Lieut. Colonel I. G. Boothby	.. .. .	1	Sholapoor
			14th R. A.	Head Quarters	Ahmedabad
			.. .. .	D	Ahmedabad
			.. .. .	E	Dessa
			16th R. A.	B	Ahmedabad
SIND.	Kurrachee	Colonel J. D. Woolcombe, C. B.	Native	No. 2 Company	Rajpoot
			5th R. A.	No. 4	Hydrabad
			18th R. A.	Head Quarters	Kurrachee
			.. .. .	A	Kurrachee
		
MHOW.	Mhow	Lieut. Colonel I. B. Gibbald	E. R. H. A.	D	Mhow
			14th R. A.	F	Ahmedabad
			19th R. A.	F	Secunder
			21st R. A.	Head Quarters	Mhow
			.. .. .	No. 5	Mhow
BELGAUM	Belgaum	Lieut. Colonel G. G. Brown	18th R. A.	C	Belgaum
			5th R. A.	No. 6	Belgaum
ADEN	Aden	Lieut. Colonel J. C. Butler	.. .. .	No. 1	Aden
			.. .. .	No. 4	Aden
			Native	No. 3 Company	Aden

OFFICERS COMMANDING BRIGADES, &c, OF ARTILLERY.

Colonel C B Fuller, 1st Brigade Royal Horse Artillery	Kutkee
Lieut Colonel I G Boothby, 14th Brigade Royal Artillery	Ahmedabad
Colonel J D Woolcombe, C B, 18th Brigade Royal Artillery	Kurrachee
Captain C. Lucas, 21st Brigade Royal Artillery	Mhow

DISTRIBUTION OF BRIGADES AND BATTERIES.

<i>2nd Brigade Royal Horse Artillery</i>		<i>14th Brigade Royal Artillery</i>	
HEAD QUARTERS, KUTKEE		HEAD QUARTERS, AHMEDABAD	
Arrived 2nd March 1861		Arrived 14th Feb 1863	
A Battery, Kutkee	13th Feb 1863	D Battery, Ahmedabad	1st Jan, 1863
B " Ahmednuggur	2nd Jan 1863	E " Deesa	18th Nov 1863
C " Ahyansa		F " Nussarnabad	1st Dec 1863
D " Mhow	9th Dec 1864	G " Ahyansa	
<i>5th Brigade Royal Artillery.</i>			
No 4 Battery, Hydabad			
No 5 " Kutkee			
No 6 " Belgum			
<i>18th Brigade Royal Artillery</i>		<i>21st Brigade Royal Artillery</i>	
HEAD QUARTERS, KURRACHEE		HEAD QUARTERS, MHOW	
Arrived 20th Feb 1863		Arrived 9th April 1863	
A Battery, Kurrachee	18th Dec 1864	No 1 Battery, Aden	21st Jan 1867
B Battery, Ahmedabad	13th Aug 1865	" 2 " England	
C Battery, Belgum	24th Dec 1865	No 3 Battery, Ahyansa	
D " Kutkee	8th Mar 1866	No 4 Battery, Aden	5th Dec 1865
E " Sholapoor	18th Dec 1866	" 5 " Ahyansa	
F " Nussarnabad	10th Jan 1866	No 6 Battery, Mhow	14th Dec 1866

Native Artillery

- No 1 Company, Ahyansa, with Khanderish Mountain Train Attached
 No 2 Company, Rajkote, with Gonsat Mountain Train Attached, arrived Mar. 31st 1863
 No 3 Company, Aden, arrived 17th Jan 1865.

ESTABLISHMENT OF BRIGADES AND BATTERIES SERVING IN INDIA

- Establishment of a Brigade of Royal Horse Artillery serving in India*—1 Colonel-Commandant, 2 Colonels, 4 Lieutenants Colonel, 8 Captains, 1 Second Captain, 18 Lieutenants, 1 Surgeon, 6 Assistant Surgeons, 6 Veterinary Surgeons, 1 Riding Master, 1 Adjutant, 1 Quarter Master, 1 Sergeant Major, 1 Quarter Master Sergeant, 5 Battery Quarter Masters, 5 Battery Quarter Master Sergeants, 2 Staff Sergeant Instructors of Gunnery, 1 Trumpet Major, 30 Sergeants, 1 Armourer Sergeant, 1 Hospital Sergeant, 1 Orderly Room Sergeant, 2 Farriers, 10 Drummers, 30 Corporals, 30 Bombardiers, 10 Shoemakers, 5 Collar-makers, 5 Wheelers, 340 Gunners, 310 Drivers. Total number 790 Horses, 83.
- Detail of a Battery of Royal Horse Artillery serving in India*—1 Captain, 1 Second Captain, 3 Lieutenants, 1 Assistant Surgeon, 2 Staff Sergeants, 6 Sergeants, 6 Corporals, 6 Bombardiers, 70 Gunners, 42 Drivers, 2 Trumpeters, 1 Farrier, 2 Shoemakers, 1 Collar-maker, 1 Wheeler. Total number 151 Horses, 178.
- Establishment of a Field Brigade of Royal Artillery serving in India*—1 Colonel-Commandant, 4 Colonels, 4 Lieutenants Colonel, 8 Captains, 8 Second Captains, 24 Lieutenants, 1 Surgeon, 8 Assistant Surgeons, 4 Veterinary Surgeons, 1 Riding Master, 1 Adjutant, 1 Quarter Master, 1 Sergeant Major, 1 Quarter Master Sergeant, 7 Battery Sergeant Majors, 7 Battery Quarter Master Sergeants, 8 Sergeant Assistant Instructors of Gunnery, 1 Trumpet Major, 42 Sergeants, 1 Armourer Sergeant, 1 Hospital Sergeant, 1 Orderly Room Sergeant, 7 Farriers, 14 Drummers, 44 Corporals, 42 Bombardiers, 14 Shoemakers, 7 Collar-makers, 7 Wheelers, 32 Gunners, 294 Drivers. Total number 1,046 Horses, 775.
- Detail of a Field Battery of Royal Artillery serving in India*—1 Captain, 1 Second Captain, 3 Lieutenants, 1 Assistant Surgeon, 2 Staff Sergeants, 6 Sergeants, 6 Corporals, 6 Bombardiers, 70 Gunners, 42 Drivers, 2 Trumpeters, 1 Farrier, 2 Shoemakers, 1 Collar-maker, 1 Wheeler. Total number 151 Horses, 170.
- Detail of a Heavy Field Battery of Royal Artillery serving in India*—1 Captain, 1 Second Captain, 3 Lieutenants, 1 Assistant Surgeon, 2 Staff Sergeants, 6 Sergeants, 6 Corporals, 6 Bombardiers, 70 Gunners, 42 Drivers, 2 Trumpeters. Total number 83 Horses, 6.
- Detail of a Garrison Battery of Royal Artillery serving in India*—1 Captain, 1 Second Captain, 3 Lieutenants, 1 Staff Sergeant, 4 Sergeants, 4 Corporals, 4 Bombardiers, 60 Gunners, 2 Trumpeters. Total number 80.

ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY

The Royal Arms and Supporters, with a Cannon — "Ubique" over the Gun, and
"Quo Fas et Gloria ducunt" below it.

Cloth—Blue, Facings—Scarlet.

Colonel—His Royal Highness George V. F. C. Duke of Cambridge, K. G., K. P., G. C. B., & C. M. G.,
 Field Marshal, Commanding in Chief

Battery	Rank and Name	Regimental Rank	Army Rank	Local Rank	Remarks
	COLONEL, COMMANDANT				
14	Chesner, Francis Rawdon, 207	27 June 1804	Lt 28 July 64	.. ..	Europe
	COLONELS				
14	Smythe, William James ..	8 Aug 1904	1 Apr 1856	.. ..	Europe, M. C. to 3rd July 1867
14	Dornville, James William ..	20 Sept. 1855	2 Nov. 1850	.. ..	Commanding, Poona Brigade
	LIEUTENANT COLONELS				
14	O'Connell, Richard ..	28 July 1801	c 28 July 60	.. ..	Europe, M. C.
14	Hawkins, Alexander Oswald, 408	1 June 1802	1 June 67	.. ..	Europe, M. C. to 31st Mar. 1868
14	Biddulph, Michael Anthony 410A ..	10 Aug 1904	c 14 Aug 63	.. ..	Bengal
14	Boothby, John George, 410 ..	24 Aug 1808	14 Mar. 1862	.. ..
	CAPTAINS				
R 14	Oldershaw, Charles Edward, 411	25 Sept 1859	c 20 Jan 60	.. ..
S 14	Waicott, Charles Edmund, 418	1 Apr 1800	c 10 Nov. 66	.. ..
D 14	Winclair, James, 419 ..	20 Apr 1860	c 6 Jan 67	.. ..
S 14	Fenn, Lewis William, 410A ..	15 July 1860	c 20 Jan 67	.. ..
F 14	Campbell, John M'Candl, 420	28 Sept. 1861	c 26 Apr 69	.. ..
G 14	Murray, Alexander Henry, 421	21 June 1862	16 Sept. 18 50	.. ..
	2ND CAPTAINS				
R 14	Holdsworth John Kelly ..	20 Mar 1860	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M. C. to 15th Nov. 1867
G 14	Luellyn, William Raymond.	4 May 1860	.. ..	.. ..	Not joined
.. 14	Geary, Henry LeGuay, 430 ..	12 May 1862	.. ..	.. ..	Adjutant (Brigade Major of Artillery, Abyssinia in F. I. force)
F 14	Hunter, Arthur Stewart 410	19 Oct. 1862	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M. C. to 28th Dec 1867
S 14	Van Straubere, Lurser, ph	12 Feb 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Depot
B 14	Tremlett, Edmund John ..	28 Nov. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Gunnery Instructor (Europe, M. C. from 24th July 1867)
D 14	Secombe, Thomas Strong ..	3 Apr 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Not joined
	LIEUTENANTS				
1 31	Coxton, Michael John .. ph	30 Dec 1850	.. ..	.. ..	Adjutant R. A., Aden
B 18	Bonner, Benjamin John ..	16 May 1857	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M. C. to 7th Sept. 1867
E 18	Thornhill, Charles .. ph	15 May 1857	.. ..	.. ..	Gunnery Instructor
.. 21	Lockburn, Joseph Hewton, 450	15 May 1857	.. ..	.. ..	In Bengal
C 18	Deedes, Granville .. 1 s	1 Oct. 1857	.. ..	.. ..	Europe Foulough to 6th Jan 1860
.. 18	Bartorin, George Const d Sns	1 Oct 1857	.. ..	.. ..	Asst. Supt Rev Ser and Am .. S M Country, 8th June 1867
4 31	Burgess, Harry Miles .. ph	1 Oct. 1857	.. ..	.. ..	Gunnery Instructor
A 18	Murray, John Charles Urban	1 Oct. 1857	.. ..	.. ..
A 18	Gooders, Henry Hills ..	1 Oct 1858	.. ..	.. ..	Not joined
E 18	Leacock, Charles E. Baker ..	31 Dec 1858	.. ..	.. ..
A 18	Sticks, William Reynolds ph	28 Dec. 1858	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, Foulough to 31st Dec 1867
F 14	Gardiner, Spencer ..	1 Nov 1860	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M. C.
D 14	Stace, Edward Vincent ..	1 July 1861	.. ..	.. ..
.. 14	Heil, Henry ..	15 Oct. 1861	.. ..	.. ..
.. 14	Joseph, Frederick William ..	18 Dec. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	Staff Corps
B 18	Sands, Claude Bernard ..	18 Dec. 1861	.. ..	.. ..
.. 18	Day, John ..	18 Dec 1861	.. ..	.. ..	Depot
1 31	Blackmopp, Edwin Henry	18 Dec. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M. C.
	Beaton ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..

ROYAL ARTILLERY (*continued*).

Battery.	Brigade.	Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
		LIEUTENANTS (<i>continued</i> .)				
D	14	Keith, James	18 Dec. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	Acting Adjutant
F	14	Auchincloss, William Henry ..	25 June 1862	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M.C. to 18th Aug. 1867
G	14	Lingley, William Savage ..	1 May 1863	.. ..	.. ..
F	14	Giles, Charles Francis Baring ..	1 May 1863	.. ..	.. ..
S	21	Sorrell, William Henry Pic ..	24 June 1863	.. ..	.. ..	With No. 1 Comp. Native Art. detach
G	21	Barker, Francis William ..	24 June 1863	.. ..	.. ..
G	14	Rawle, Henry John	24 June 1867	.. ..	.. ..
T	18	Cumie, William Frederick de ..	6 July 1869	.. ..	.. ..
S	21	Price, Robert Locke	16 July 1869	.. ..	.. ..
F	14	Murphy, Cecil H. Leonard ..	12 Jan 1869	2, June 1869	.. ..	Squadron Subaltern and Regt band House
F	14	Hunter, John Mun	12 April 1869	.. ..	.. ..	With H Battery
S	21	Lyles, Frederick Henry ..	12 April 1869	.. ..	.. ..	With No. 6 Battery
S	21	Gettin, Montague Gilbert ..	19 Apr. 1869	.. ..	.. ..	Attached to Land Transport Corps Abyssinian Field Force
C	18	Corbin, Joseph Albert	16 Aug. 1864	.. ..	.. ..
7	19	Willet, Daniel Thomas ..	23 Dec. 1864	.. ..	.. ..
..	21	Colborton, William Inglis ..	23 Dec. 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Public Works Dept.
..	21	Quayle, James Spradling ..	23 Dec. 1864	.. ..	.. ..
..	21	Woodland, V. Reynolds ..	10 Feb. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M.C. to 28th Dec. 1867
D	18	Gritten, John Arthur	18 July 1865	.. ..	.. ..
C	18	Saunders, John Douglas ..	19 July 1865	.. ..	.. ..
7	18	Black, William Campbell ..	12 Jan. 1866	.. ..	.. ..	Adjutant R. A. Belgium
A	18	Custance, H. Arthur Fyler ..	12 Jan 1866	.. ..	.. ..	With D Battery
..	14	Stoddard, Arthur Bouvaine ..	12 Jan 1866	.. ..	.. ..
B	18	Hammam, James Frederick ..	17 July 1866	.. ..	.. ..
A	18	Martin, George Blake Napier ..	17 July 1866	.. ..	.. ..
E	18	Penry, Charles William Henry ..	17 July 1866	.. ..	.. ..
F	18	Bulker, Charles Lyles ..	17 July 1866	.. ..	.. ..	With D Battery
E	21	Jones, Douglas David ..	17 July 1866	.. ..	.. ..
D	18	Mackinnon, Archibald Thomas ..	17 July 1866	.. ..	.. ..
7	18	Gordon, William Lindsay ..	17 July 1866	.. ..	.. ..
S	21	Downing, Cameron Macartney ..	17 July 1866	.. ..	.. ..
1	21	Lloyd, Graham Moore	15 Jan. 1867	.. ..	.. ..
D	14	Blake, Charles John	15 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..
..	18	Crauford, H. R. Gegan ..	15 Jan. 1867	.. ..	.. ..
S	21	Skinner, Philip Lighton ..	15 Jan. 1867	.. ..	.. ..
..	18	Wainwright, Charles Brownrigg ..	15 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Not joined
..	18	Maitre, William	15 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..
S	14	Riddell, Walter	15 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Not joined
..	18	Caulkshank, Fletcher Hayes ..	15 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Not joined
..	21	Crofton, Henry	10 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Not joined
..	21	York, Fred Augustus	10 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..
..	18	Blandy, William Poyntz ..	10 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..
..	21	Stevenson, Edward	10 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..
..	14	Knox, William George	10 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..
..	18	Buckle, Edmund	10 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Not joined
..	14	Leah, Francis Meredith ..	10 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..
..	21	Hay, Edward Owen	10 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY

(CADETS OF THE LATE BOMBAY ARTILLERY)

Year of Appointment	Batt.	Brigade	Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Particulars	Remarks.
COLONELS								
COMMANDANT (d)								
1810	..	21	Griffith, Julius George, 395	3 July 1841	17 Sept. 46	.. ..	..	Europe
1810	..	21	Schultz, Frederick, 306	26 Apr. 1861	17 Sept. 61	.. ..	..	Europe
1810	..	21	Rowland, Andrew	4 July 1868	17 Sept. 68	.. ..	..	Europe
COLONEL HAVING RANK OF COLONEL								
COMMANDANT								
1830	..	18	Ogilby, Sir William Marcus, 398 A.C.B.	8 May 1850	14 May 60	.. ..	x	Europe
COLONELS .. 5)								
UNATTACHED 2)								
RECORDED .. 4)								
1820	Lucas, Charles	18 Feb. 1861	25 May 60	.. ..	..	Europe
1830	Trevilian, Henry Wilmoughby, 308 C.B.	18 Feb. 1861	25 May 60	.. ..	w	Europe
1829	..	21	Forster, Henry, 400	18 Feb. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	..	Inspector of Artillery
1830	..	21	Sealy, George Prince, 400A	1 Sept. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	..	Comdg. Nizamabad Brigd.
1838	..	21	Kemball, Sir Arnold Russell, 401, K. C. I., C.B.	1 Sept. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	..	Political Agent, Turkish Arabia, Bagdad
1840	..	21	Atken, William Davidson, 401A	3 Aug. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	..	Inspector Genl of Ordnance and Magazines (Europe M. C.)
1840	..	21	Fuller, Charles Boudier, 402	1 Aug. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	..	Comdg. Art. Poona Div.
1840	..	21	Worgan, John, 403	30 Apr. 1866	18 Feb. 1866	.. ..	..	Deputy Inspector Genl of Ordnance and Magazines (Acting Inspector Genl)
1840	..	21	Wray, Edward, 404 C.B.	20 Apr. 1866	18 Feb. 1866	.. ..	..	Acting Committee, Woolwich
1841	..	21	Petrie, John Gordon, 305	30 Apr. 1866	18 Feb. 1866	.. ..	..	Comdg. Royal Art. Hyderabad
1841	..	18	Woolcombe, John Dobson, 406	25 May 1867	16 Feb. 1866	.. ..	..	Acting
LIEUT. COLONELS								
RECORDED .. 5)								
1841	..	21	Hatch, William Sparkes, 407	18 Feb. 1861	18 Feb. 60	.. ..	x	Agent for Gun Carriages
1841	..	21	Gaye, Douglas, 408	2 Oct. 1861	2 Oct. 66	.. ..	..	..
1842	..	21	Murray, Anthony Maxton	24 July 1863	24 July 1867	.. ..	..	..
1843	..	21	Wallace, Hill	1 Sept. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	..	..
1844	..	21	Brown, George Gleig, 410	1 Sept. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	..	..
1844	..	18	Covey, Frederick	29 Feb. 1864	.. ..	.. ..	..	..
1844	..	21	Kinloch, David James	27 May 1864	.. ..	.. ..	..	..
1845	..	21	Hailes, John Clements	2 Aug. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	..	..
1845	..	18	Haggard, Thomas Tyrwhitt, 411	2 Aug. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	..	..
1845	..	18	Morse, Robert Alexander, 412	3 Aug. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	..	..
1845	..	18	Anderson, David Greenhill, 414	14 Sept. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	..	..
1845	..	18	Shakleton, Joseph, 415	16 Mar. 1866	.. ..	.. ..	..	..
1845	..	21	Barton, Charles James	26 Apr. 1866	.. ..	.. ..	..	..
1845	..	18	Mellersh George Brown, 416	26 Mar. 1867	.. ..	.. ..	..	..
1845	..	18	Gibbard, Thomas Bayly, 417	26 Mar. 1867	.. ..	.. ..	x	..

ROYAL ARTILLERY
(CADRE OF THE LATE BOMBAY ARTILLERY)
(continued).

Season of Appointment	Battery	Brigade	Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank	Army Rank	Local Rank.	Full Rates	Remarks.
			CAPTAINS .. 94 } 80 SECOND LIEUTENANTS .. 6 }					
1845 ..	21		Masett, Peter Daniel, 122 ..	18 Feb 1861	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	Comdt. 1st Co. Native Artillery
1845 7	18		Gault, William Henry ..	18 Feb 1861	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	1st M C to 14th May 1866
1845 11	11		Blunt, Arthur 411 ..	18 Feb 1861	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	
1845 2	21		Baltiscombe, Robert Charles, 423 ..	18 Feb 1861	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	With No 2 Battery England
1845 21			Bayly, Abington Augustus, 422 ..	18 Feb 1861	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	Comms of Ord, Mhow
1845 7	21		Henderson, James Henry, 123A ..	18 Feb 1861	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	1st M C to 24th May 1848
1845 18			Hamish, Edward Spence, 421 ..	18 Feb 1861	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	1st M C to 31st May 1868
1846 21			Claret, Charles ..	18 Feb 1861	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	Comms of Ord, Belgium
1846 18			Reid, James Henry, 422 ..	18 Feb 1861	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	
1846 11			Stevenson, Walter James, 110 ..	27 June 1862	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	
1847 11			Fraser, Thomas M. 111, 421 ..	31 Oct 1862	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	
1847 11			Napier, George ..	2 Jan 1863	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	1st M C to 26th Nov 1867
1847 11			MacLellan, James 425 ..	15 Feb 1863	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	
1847 4			Stone, Thomas Currie, 420 ..	18 May 1863	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	O Toronto
1848 0			Lewis, Charles Shaw, 421 ..	1 Sept 1863	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	
1848 21			Hardy, John Brewster, 422 ..	20 Feb 1864	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	Europe, M. C. to 10 April 1868
1848 11			Denrich, Victor, 429 ..	24 May 1864	27 Aug 1858	18 Dec 65	..	Mhow
1849 5			James Godfrey, 420 ..	21 May 1865	14 Feb 1860	..	..
1849 1			Scott, George Henry, 430 ..	8 Aug 1865	8 May 1860	..	..
1849 18			Swanson, James, 411 ..	8 Aug 1865	18 May 1860	..	..	Comms of Ordnance, Poona (Comms of Ord, Abyssinia 1st Force)
1851 2			McCoy, Hubert, 432 ..	14 Sept 1866	30 Mar 1860	..	..
1851 21			Horsley, Arthur Reynolds, 433 ..	10 Mar 1867	30 Mar 1860	..	..	Comms of Ord Adm
1851 18			Shepperd, Francis, 434 ..	20 Apr 1866	11 April 1860	..	..	1st M C to 20 June 1868
1851 11			Roberts, Charles Percy, 435 ..	17 Aug 1866	20 June 1860	..	..
1852 ..			Holleston, Thomas Nelson, 436 ..	24 Nov 1866	19 Dec 1860	..	..	1st M C to the Inspector of Artillery
1852 ..			Furness, Thomas Hamlyn, 437 ..	24 Nov 1866	18 Feb 1861	..	..	1st M C to
1852 1			Stevenson, Russell Alexander, 438 ..	24 Nov 1866	18 Feb 1861	..	..	1st M C to
1852 21			Woodward, Walter William, 439 ..	1 Jan 1867	18 Feb 1861	..	..	1st M C to 13th Dec 1867
1852 18			Worsley, George Francis, 440 ..	14 Jan 1867	18 Feb 1861	..	..
1852 11			Ritchie, John, 441 ..	25 Mar 1867	18 Feb 1861	..	..	Europe, M. C. to 4 Sept 1867
			2ND CAPTAINS (27)					
1853 ..			Bartholomew, Thomas Porter, 442 ..	21 Dec 1861	..	..	..	Adjutant
1853 18			Hartcourt, Philip Hammett, 443 ..	21 Oct 1862	..	..	..

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST,

ROYAL ARTILLERY (CADRE OF THE LATE BOMBAY ARTILLERY)

(continued).

Season of Appointment	Battery.	Brigade.	Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank	Army Rank	Local Rank.	Post Held.	Remarks.
2ND CAPTAINS								
(continued).								
1854	(1)	Y	Carey, Arthur, 441A .. ph	19 Feb 1863	.. ..	.. ..	n	
1854	(1)	18	Newport, Christopher Edward 442 ph	1 July 1863	.. ..	.. ..	n	
1854	(1)	18	Nashall, Henry 443	1 Sept 1863	.. ..	.. ..	n	
1854	(1)	21	Walker Edward Henry .. ph	15 Dec 1863	.. ..	.. ..	n	Comdng No 3 Co N Art
1855	(1)	18	Lawman, John Thomas .. g	29 Feb 1864	.. ..	.. ..	n	
1855	(1)	18	Jacobson, Charles .. ph	1 July 1864	.. ..	.. ..	n	Europe M.C to 21st May 1864
1855	(1)	18	Brown, Charles Edward, 444	11 Nov 1864	.. ..	.. ..	n	Comdng. Mountain Train and Frontier Field Force
1855	(1)	18	Stockley, Henry Watts, 445	25 Feb. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	n	Adjutant and S. & O. Office
1857	(1)	21	Benson, Wallace William .. ph	21 Mar. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	n	Comdng No 2 Co N Art
1857	(1)	21	Fletcher, Thomas Carr .. R	21 Mar 1865	.. ..	.. ..	n	
1857	(1)	21	Brown, Henry Cowley ..	24 Mar 1865	.. ..	.. ..	n	Europe, Furlough
1857	(1)	21	Finch, Walter John ..	21 Mar. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	n	India
1857	(1)	19	Bondall, George William ..	3 Aug. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	n	
1857	(1)	21	Pottinger, Alfred Thomas .. 446 R	3 Aug. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	n	With No. 2 Battery, India
1857	(1)	21	Pottinger, Sirabaron Henry ..	14 Sep 1865	.. ..	.. ..	n	Deputy Assistant Qr. Master Adjutant India
1857	(1)	21	Lloyd, John Henry ..	15 Feb 1866	.. ..	.. ..	n	Europe Furl to 11 Oct. 1866
1857	(1)	18	Battiscombe, Edward George .. 447 R	20 Apr 1866	.. ..	.. ..	n	Public Works Dept
1857	(1)	21	Ouchterlony, Thomas Heath .. R	1 May 1866	.. ..	.. ..	n	Adjutant
1857	(1)	18	Gibb, Henry Francis, 448 ..	17 Aug 1866	.. ..	.. ..	n	Europe Furl to 23 June 1867
1857	(1)	18	Roberts, Frederick Boyd ..	24 Nov 1866	.. ..	.. ..	n	Woolwich
1857	(1)	19	Gaug, Philip Henry ..	24 Nov 1866	.. ..	.. ..	n	Europe Furl to 28 Dec 1867
1857	(1)	21	Sandham, William Henry .. g	6 Dec. 1866	.. ..	.. ..	n	Leave to 31st July 1867
1858	(1)	18	Candy, George Henry .. R	1 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..	n	
1858	(1)	21	Emmerton, Christopher .. ph, R.	14 Jan. 1867	.. ..	.. ..	n	Staff Corps
1858	(1)	18	Lempriere, Percy Reid ..	25 Mar. 1867	.. ..	.. ..	n	Woolwich
LIEUTENANTS (73)								
1858	(1)	7	Newall, Maurice Charles ..	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	.. ..	n	Plymouth
1858	(1)	18	LeMasurier, Robert ..	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	.. ..	n	
1858	(1)	18	Ward, William ..	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	.. ..	n	
1858	(1)	18	Walker, John Bridgen, 451 R.	27 Aug 1858	.. ..	.. ..	n	
1858	(1)	18	Edwardes, James Graham ..	27 Aug 1858	.. ..	.. ..	n	Woolwich
1858	(1)	18	Chaldercott, Mark Algernon ..	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	.. ..	n	Woolwich
1858	(1)	18	Stevenson, Henry .. ..ph.	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	.. ..	n	Woolwich
1858	(1)	18	Campbell, Corawall Henry .. g.	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	.. ..	n	Gunnery Instructor

ROYAL ARTILLERY.

(CADRE OF THE LATE BOMBAY ARTILLERY)

(continued).

Service of Appointment	Batt.	Brigade.	Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Port. Rules.	Remarks.
LIEUTENANTS								
(continued).								
1858	B	II	Hanbury, Charles Edward	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	.. ..	N	
1858	..	18	Spring, Frederic W. Mac- kenzie	14 Feb. 1858	11 Dec. 1858	.. ..	N	Commissary of Ordnance, Abyssinia
1858	..	18	Godfrey, Charles Willis	11 Apr. 1858	11 Dec. 1858	.. ..	N	Staff Corps
1858	D	I	Montmer, Edmund James	18 May 1858	11 Dec. 1858	.. ..	N	Attached to Land Transport Corps Abyssinian Field Force
1859	..	18	Walker, Thomas	10 June 1859	.. ..	.. ..	N	Cur, M. C. from 9 July 1867
1859	I	18	Clark, F. C. H. (junior), ph.	9 Dec. 1859	.. ..	.. ..	N	Dover
1859	B	21	Portman, Augustus Berkeley ph.	9 Dec. 1859	.. ..	.. ..	N	Assistant Superintendent of Police, Battaria
1859	..	18	Ward, Theodore Methven ph. N.	18 Jan. 1860	9 Dec. 1859	.. ..	N	Staff Corps
1859	D	18	Glass, Charles Faulkner	9 Mar. 1860	9 Dec. 1859	.. ..	N	
1860	B	I	Caldcott, Francis James 1.8. 40.	8 June 1860	.. ..	.. ..	N	Attached to Land Transport Corps Abyssinian Field Force
1860	C	18	Lodge, Frank	8 June 1860	.. ..	.. ..	N	
1860	B	11	Newton, Henry Carleton	8 June 1860	.. ..	.. ..	N	
1860	..	21	Turner, Samuel George Drury	8 June 1860	.. ..	.. ..	N	Staff Corps
1860	B	7	Montefiore, Emmanuel	8 June 1860	.. ..	.. ..	N	Devonport
LIEUTENANT.								
(Bengal Establishment.)								
1858	C	I	Dewar, James Raymond Johnstone.	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	.. ..	..	Leave in India to 1st Sept. 1867
ADJUTANTS.								
14			Geary, H. LeG., 490, 2nd Captain.	21 June 1869	.. ..	.. ..		Brigade Major of Art. Abyssinian Field Force
18			Berthou, T. P., 439, 2nd Capt.	1 Oct. 1864				
11			Stockley, H. W., 445, 2nd Captain.	1 Jan. 1867				
21			Oughterson, T. H., 2nd Capt.	14 Jan. 1867				
RIDING MASTER.								
14			Stoyell, Richard	22 June 1860	.. ..	.. ..	..	Europe M. C. from 9 June 1867

ROYAL ARTILLERY.

(continued).

Battery	Brigade	Rank and Name	Regimental Rank	Army Rank	Local Rank	Remarks.
		QUARTER MASTERS				
		18 Robinson Matthew ..	1 May 1862			
		21 Parkes, Henry ..	1 May 1861			
		L New Bowler 1 Hill, 101A	1 May 1862			
		14 McCallum, Robert	2 May 1862	.. ..	.. ..	Europe M C to 17th Feb 1868
		SURGEON'S MAJOR				
		21 Mac, James, 432	28 May 1862			
		SURGEONS				
		14 Macleay, Alexander 4 5	20 June 1865	.. ..		Europe M C from 9 June 1867
		18 Chipple, Robert Augustus 4 5	0 June 1865			
		L Kallie James, 4 5	17 Apr 1867	2 Oct 1867		
		ASSISTANT SURGEONS				
		16 Dalphin S H, M D	4 May 1865			
B		L Huntingford, Edward	18 Aug 1865	10 Mar 1868	..	Europe, M C
C		L Mackey James, M D	1 Jun 1866	18 Feb 1868		
E		14 Kilroy Alexander Robert	1 June 1864	14 Apr 1865	.. ..	Europe Fuz to 3rd Oct 1867
D		F O'Brien 1h 1st Victoria 1	17 Feb 1864	1 Jun 1865		
L		18 Parr King John	17 Mar 1864	1 Mar 1865		With C Battery
D		18 Drew Edwin	17 Mar 1864	13 June 1865	.. ..	Europe M C to 20th Sept 1867
O		18 Watt James, M D	1 Aug 1864	1 Apr 1865		
A		E Gage, A L	1 June 1864	11 Oct 1865		
G		14 Greenhill, Joseph Ridge	4 Sept 1865	20 Sept 1865		
		VETERINARY SURGEONS				
D		14 Macleay, Daniel	8 Aug 1865			
A		E Boulton Fredrick O	11 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..	On special duty
B		E Jones, Alfred	11 Jan 1867			
C		18 Pile, John	11 Jan 1867			
		ATTACHED				
		RIDING MASTERS				
		<i>(Bombay Establishment)</i>				
		21 Moore, Arthur, 25 .. H	..	24 Nov 1865	.. ..	Lieut Unattached
		STAFF ASSISTANT SURGEONS				
		21 Paleologus W Thomas	.. ..	1 Sept 1864	.. ..	Aden
P		14 Spence, Robert	.. ..	26 Nov 1868	.. ..	Deesa
P		18 Murtagh, Thomas	.. ..	14 Dec 1868	.. ..	Nasirah
		10bn, Richard, ..	.. ..	21 Mar 1865		

ROYAL ENGINEERS

The Royal Arms and Supporters, with a Cannon—"Ubique" over the Gun, and

"Quo Fas et Gloria ducunt" below it.

Cloth—Scalet, Facing—Blue Velvet.

COLONEL—His Royal Highness George W. F. G. Duke of CAMBRIDGE, K.G., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., Field Marshal, Commanding in Chief.

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Rank in the		Full Rank.	Remarks.
		Regiment.	Army.		
COLONELS COMDT. (3)					
1825	Goodfellow, Wm. Barclay, 1758	28 Nov. 1854	m.g. 6 Apr. 68	..	Europe
1825	Scott, Walter, 175A	28 Nov. 1856	L.g. 1 Mar. 67	m	Europe
SUPERNUMERARY COL. COMMANDANT. (1)					
1825	Turner, Henry Dion, 175 .. .	15 June 1860	m.g. 21 Dec. 05	m	Europe
COLONELS. (4) } (6) Unattached (1) }					
1830	Tremaine, Chas. Wm, 176 (H.)	18 Feb. 1861	m.g. 1 Mar. 67	m	Chief Engineer Presidency Division
1830	Bell, Harry Wainwright Bar.	20 Feb. 1864	.. ..	..	Supdtg. Engr., Northern Div. (Actg. President of the Sanitary Comm.)
1841	Kendall, William, 177	14 Apr. 1865	.. ..	o	Europe
1841	Kennedy, Alex. H. Lavanagh, m	1 Mar. 1867	18 Feb. 1868	m	Secy. to Govt., Public Works Dept.
1841	DeLank, Alfred	1 Mar. 1867	18 Feb. 1866	o	Consulting Engr. for Reclamations
LIEUT. COLONELS. (10)					
1843	Dickinson, Wm. Rice, 174	18 Feb. 1861	c. 18 Feb. 1860	..	Supdtg. Engr., Sind Division
1843	Scott, Charles	18 Feb. 1861	c. 18 Feb. 1860	m	Supdtg. Engr., Southern Division
1843	Frie, James George	1 Sept. 1863	.. ..	m	Chief Engr. for Irrigation Bombay Presidency and Under Secy. to Govt., Public Works (Irrigation) Department
1844	Jones, Jenkin	1 Sept. 1863	.. ..	o	Europe, M.C. from 30th Sept. 66
1844	Walker, James Thomas, 173 .. .	27 Feb. 1861	.. ..	..	Supdt. Great Trigonometrical Survey (Off. Surveyor General of India)
1845	Cowper, Alexander, m. v. c. c.	20 Feb. 1861	.. ..	m	Exec. Engr., Patsubungh, Oudh
1845	Playfair, John William, 180	24 Oct. 1861	.. ..	o	Supdt. Engr. for Irr. in Sind (Actg. Supdt. Engr. Northern Division)
1846	Fuller, John Augustus, 180A .. .	20 June 1863	.. ..	..	Architectural Executive Engineer and Surveyor at the Presidency
1847	Trevor, John Salisbury .. .	1 Mar. 1867	.. ..	..	Special duty, Irr. Dept. (Dept. Cons. Engr. for Railways, temporarily)
1847	Wilkins, Henry St. Clair, 181 .. .	1 Mar. 1867	.. ..	m	Commanding Engineer, Abyssinian Field Force
CAPTAINS. (18)					
1847	Southey, Edmund	16 Aug. 1860	27 Aug. 1854	..	Returning on the Home Establishment
1847	Nasmith, David J., 181A	18 Feb. 1861	27 Aug. 1858	o	Great Trigonometrical Survey of India (Europe M. C. from 15th April 1867)
1848	Davidson, Alexander	18 Feb. 1861	27 Aug. 1858	m	Controller of P. W. Accts.
1848	Ballard, John Archibald, 182 C.H.	18 Feb. 1861	c. 7 Dec. 60	m	Mint Master, Bombay (Acting Mint Master, Calcutta)
1849	Cotgrave, Ed. Edwd. Forbes, m.	18 Feb. 1861	27 Aug. 1858	..	Asst. Chief Engr. in Sind
1850	Marshall, Charles James, 183	3 May 1861	27 Aug. 1858	..	Exec. Engineer Aden
1850	Sellon, Robert Sellon	15 April 1862	27 Aug. 1858	m	Exec. Engineer, Poona District
1851	Finch, A. Urquhart H.	1 Sept. 1863	27 Aug. 1858	o	Acting Exec. Engr., Sattara (Europe, M.C. from 30th Jan. 1866)
1851	Thomson, David	27 Feb. 1864	27 Aug. 1858	m	Acting Executive Engr., Candalah
1851	Goodfellow, William West, 183A	29 Feb. 1864	27 Aug. 1858	..	Field Engineer, Abyssinian Field Force

ROYAL ENGINEERS (continued).

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Rank in the		Furl. Rule.	Remarks.
		Regiment.	Army.		
CAPTAINS—(continued.)					
1852	Hancock, Henry Francis, 484	2 Sept. 1864	27 Aug. 1858	..	Depty. Commg. Engr., Railway Dept (Offg. Commg. Engr., Vchal Water Works)
1852	Griffith, Julius Geo. Thomas.	24 Oct. 1864	27 Aug. 1858	..	Exec Engr., Ahmednuggur
1852	Finch, Outthwest Walter, 185..	4 Apr. 1866	27 Aug. 1858	..	Acting Exec. Engineer Bombay Detachment
1852	Greig, Edwin Montgomery, 181	20 June 1866	28 Nov. 1859	..	Field Engr. (in charge of Engr. Park) Abyssinian Field Force
1852	Mausell, John Richardson ..	1 Mar. 1867	15 June 1860	..	Exec Engr. Northern Cone in
1852	Pym, Harry, 185	1 Mar. 1867	28 July 1860	..	Europe, from 18th May 1866.
2ND CAPTAINS. (16)					
1852	Holland, Edward Burnes ..	16 Aug. 1860	.. ..	..	Exec Engr. Belgaum and Kolapur
1852	LeMaurier, John, 185 ..	18 Feb. 1861	.. ..	..	On Special Duty, Sind
1852	Baker, William Adolphus ..	18 Feb. 1861	.. ..	..	Actg. Under-Sec. to Gov. Public Works Depart.
1852	White, John Hubbard ..	18 Feb. 1861	.. ..	..	Deputy Consulting Engineer Railway Department
1854	Browne, Clement Metcalfe ..	2 May 1861	.. ..	..	Exec Engr., Jullundur Division, Punjab
1854	Haug, Charles Thomas, 186 ..	12 April 1862	.. ..	..	1st Asst. Great Trigonometrical Survey
1854	Hills, John, 181	1 Sept. 1862	.. ..	..	Europe, M. C.
1854	Penny, Charles Brodie Forster	1 Sept. 1862	.. ..	..	Exec Engr. for Irrigation, Ahmednuggur (Actg. ditto Sholapur (Collectorate))
1854	Mytton, Frederick Colvin, 187	27 Feb. 1864	.. ..	..	Europe, M. C. from 20 Jan. 64.
1857	Bonus, Joseph, 188.. ..	20 Feb. 1864	1st Mar. 1864	..	Deputy Consulting Engr. for Railways, Sind
1855	W. Goodfellow, Charles Augustus, 189	2 Sept. 1864	.. ..	..	Engr. de Major Royal Engrs. Abyssinian Field Force
1855	Marlow, Brownlow Hugh ..	24 Oct. 1864	.. ..	..	Special Duty, Poona
1855	Gambier, Edward Paury, 190 ..	14 Apr. 1865	.. ..	..	Europe, Sholapur
1855	Wanion, Walter	20 June 1866	.. ..	..	Engr., Engineer Sholapur
1855	Mander, Alfred Thomas ..	1 Mar. 1867	.. ..	..	Exec Engineer Kaira
1856	Bedford, Joseph Herbert, 400A ..	1 Mar. 1867	.. ..	..	Asst. Secy. to Chief Commr. P.W.D. Central Provinces
LIEUTENANTS. (46)					
1856	Ducat, Walter Mardon ..	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	..	Executive Engr., Reclamations, Bombay
1856	Merewether, George L. C., 401	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	..	Adjutant Sappers & Miners
1856	Phelps, Peyton	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	..	Exec Engr., Lower & Central Sind
1856	Smith, Frederick James, 191..	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	..	Exec Engr. for Irrigation, Belgaum and Dharwar (Asst. Field Engr. Abyssinian Field Force)
1856	Dowden, Thomas Freeman ..	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	..	Under Secretary to Government, Public Works Depart. (Europe M. C. from 20th April 1867)
1856	LeMaurier, Augustus, 401..	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	..	Deputy, Chatham from 9 April 66
1856	McKerran, William	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	..	Exec Engr., Deesa and Abco (Asst. Field Engr. Abyssinian Field Force)
1857	Jopp, Keith Alexander ..	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	..	Exec Engr., Surat and Branch
1857	Mant, Charles	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	..	Exec Engr., Ahmednuggur
1857	Ston, Alexander Reginald ..	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	..	Acting Exec. Engr., Deesa and Abco
1856	Campbell, Wm. Maxwell ..	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	..	First Asst. Great Trigonometrical Survey

ROYAL ENGINEERS (continued).

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Rank in the		Furl Rules.	Remarks.
		Regiment.	Army.		
LIEUTENANTS (continued)					
1858	Crutchshank, James H. R. JR.	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	N	Acting. Exec. Engineer, Canara
1858	Oldham, George Wingate	27 Aug. 1858	.. ..	N	Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways
1858	Doveilan, Henry.. .. .	28 Nov. 1858	10 Dec. 1858	N	Bombay Defences.
1859	Murray st, Ernest Lindsay	15 June 1859	10 June 1859	N	Europe, M. C. from 20th Feb. 1867
1859	Baldwin, Charles Frederick, Esq.	28 July 1859	10 June 1859	N	Executive Engr Katra (Europe) Enslough from 20th April 1867
1859	Macartney, Maxwell James..	10 Aug. 1859	10 June 1859	N	Europe, M C from 20 Sept. 60
1859	Solon, Bruce Outram	18 Feb. 1861	9 Dec. 1859	N	Asst Engr. Ahmedabad
1859	Inemlow, Edward D'Oyley ..	18 Feb. 1861	9 Dec. 1859	N	Executive Engr, Upper Sind (Europe M C from 9th July 1867)
1859	Crutchshank, John Donaldson	18 Feb. 1861	9 Dec. 1859	N	Exec. Engr., Nisnow Canal
1859	Skinner, Corliss Alexander McGregor	18 Feb. 1861	9 Dec. 1859	N	Serving on the Home Establishment
1860	Crutchshank, Geo. Macdonald	18 Feb. 1861	8 June 1860	N	Asst. Engr., Poona and Bulke

OFFICERS ON THE HOME ESTABLISHMENT SERVING IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

VED CAPTAIN.					
MacDonnell, Arthur Robert	1 Apr. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Commanding Sappers and Miners
LIEUTENANTS.					
Sturt, Victor George	1 Oct. 1857	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Sappers and Miners
Pole, George Henry Law	31 Dec. 1858	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Executive Engineer, Mysore
Bigsby, George Gordon Chamberlain	31 Dec. 1859	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Asst. Engineer, 1st Grade Central Province (Europe M. C.)
Morgan, John Widdett	1 Apr. 1859	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Europe M. C. from 20 Jan. 1868
Buckle, Archibald Lewis	21 Dec. 1859	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Asst. Engineer, Irrigation Depart. Poona
Williams Thomas Joseph	1 July 1861	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Assistant Field Engr. Abyssinian Field Force
Abney, William de W.	1 July 1861	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Assistant Engineer, Ahmednuggur (Europe, M. C. from 24 July 1867)
Sargeant, Richard Arthur	18 Dec. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Asst. Field Engr. (with Light Rail) Abyssinian Field Force
Dummler, Albert Eugene	18 Dec. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Great Trip Survey
Beauchamp, Clayton Audemore	18 Dec. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Assistant Engineer, Mount Abu
Osborn, William	18 Dec. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Sappers and Miners
Boileau, Leslie Francis	18 Dec. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Pridden, Charles Edward	18 Dec. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Assistant Engineer, Aden
Baird, Andrew Wilson	18 Dec. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Asst. Engr. Reconstructions, Bombay
Haydon, William Henry	17 Dec. 1862	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Kandish
Reynolds, Henry Charles	17 Dec. 1862	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Asst. Engr. Canara
Macdonald, Henry Campbell	17 Dec. 1862	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Asst. Engr. Lower and Central Sind

1ST (THE ROYAL) REGIMENT OF FOOT.

(2ND BATTALION).

The *Royal Cypher* within the Collar of *St. Andrew*, and the *Crown* over it. "ST. LUCIA"
 "EDMONT-OR-ETL." The *Sphinx*, "L'YFI"—"CORUNNA"—"BUVACO"—"SALAMANCA"—
 "VICTORIA"—"ST. SEBASTIAN"—"NIVE"—"PENINSULA"—"NIAGARA"—"WATER-
 LOO"—"KAGPORE"—"MAHLEPOOR"—"AVA"—"ALMA"—"LAHERNA"—
 "SIVA-JOPOH"—"TAKU TONIA"—"PILAK."

Facings—Blue.

Arrived in India 25th December 1860.

[Head Quarters, *Nusavabad*—*Depôt, Chithani.*]

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
COLONEL.				
P. Mackenzey, <i>Right Hon. Sir</i> Edward, <i>G.C.B.</i> ; <i>G.C.H.</i> , 502	21 Dec 1854	1st Lt. 9 Nov. 62	.. ..	Europe
LIEUT. COLONEL.				
Colas, Richard George, 502A	0 Feb 1867			
MAJORS.				
Rowland, George, 503	8 Aug. 1860			
Hart, George Frederick, 503A	14 Dec. 1860	20 Sept 1861		
CAPTAINS.				
Rudd, Wm. Fred. John, 504	25 June 1856	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depôt
O'Connell, Morgan Jas., 505	8 Sept. 1855	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depôt
Stuart, Edward Andrew, 506	30 Mar. 1855	.. ..	.. ..	Detachment Ajmer
White, Henry George, 506A	30 Mar. 1855	.. ..	.. ..
Fawcett, Joseph Hodgson	6 Aug. 1860	.. ..	.. ..	Depy. Asst. Qr. Mast. Genl. Abyssinian Field Force
Angelo, Edward Fox, 507	3 Apr. 1860	0 Feb. 1864	.. ..	A.B.C. to Major General Adams, C. B., Command- ing Mhow Division
Stewart, George Gilbert, 508	8 May 1860			
Frederick, William, 509	30 July 1860			
Gray, St. George	27 July 1860			
Crowther, Richard William				
Barnardiston	8 Oct. 1860	5 Feb. 1860		
Brown, William George	9 Feb. 1867			

1st FOOT—(continued).

Rank and Name	Regimental Rank	Army Rank	Local Rank	Remarks
LIEUTENANTS.				
Roberts, Richard, Lieut. Col. 101st	20 Jan 1856	.. ..	11 May 67	Instructor of Musketry
Thomson Henry George, 101st	1 May 1856	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Wheeler, John Richard, 101st	20 June 1857	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
J. J., Emanuel, 11	14 Aug. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	Adjutant
Scott, Luke Frederic, 101st	8 May 1864	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Morant, Laurence Alexander, 101st	20 May 1864	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Paterson, George, 101st	14 June 1864	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Turnbull, John White, 101st	5 July 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Leave in India to 31st Oct [1867]
Miller, Luke E. Monro, 101st	11 July 1864	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Dudgeon Robert Charles, 101st	15 May 1866	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Brooks, E. (Captain Henry)	27 July 1866	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Weir, J. Fred Young, 101st	14 Sept 1866	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Pitt, Joseph, 101st	23 Dec 1866	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Watts, John Bruce, 101st	10 Feb 1867	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Deane, Allan, 101st	1 Oct. 1867	30 Dec 1864	.. ..	.. ..
ENSIGNS				
Hughes, John William, 101st	8 Mar. 1864	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Gill, Edward Gordon, 101st	14 June 1864	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
McDonald, William Bell, 101st	11 July 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Detachment, Ajmere
Kennedy, Walter Crawford, 101st	23 Aug. 1864	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Yarde, Hugh Henry, 101st	23 Aug. 1864	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Bonchis, Richard E. St. John, 101st	15 May 1866	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Nixon, Edward Byrnes, 101st	21 Aug 1866	.. ..	.. ..	Acting Interpreter
Yaldwin Alfred George, 101st	14 Sept 1866	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Shaw, William Drury, 101st	11 Dec 1866	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
SIAM				
Brumfield, William John, 101st	30 June 1848	Major (hon.)	1 Jan 60	Paymaster
Robert, E. L., 510	27 July 1860	.. ..	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry
Leitch, J., 511	18 April 1860	.. ..	.. ..	Adjutant
Moore, James, 512	1 July 1860	.. ..	.. ..	Quarter Master
Grant, William M. B., 513	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Surgeon
Beale, Robert Henry, 514	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon
Powell, Frederick, 515	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon

Agents, Messrs. COX AND CO.

[NOTE.—The effective Establishment of a British Infantry Regiment consists of 10 Service Companies, and of 1 Colonel, 1 Lieut Colonel, 3 Majors, 10 Captains, 12 Lieutenants, 8 Ensigns, 1 Paymaster, 1 Adjutant, 1 Quarter Master, 1 Surgeon, 2 Assistant Surgeons, 1 Sergeant Major, 1 Trained Band Master, 1 Quarter Master Sergeant, 1 Paymaster Sergeant, 1 Sergeant Instructor of Musketry, 1 Armourer Sergeant, 1 Hospital Sergeant, 1 Drum Major, 1 Sergeant Cook, 1 Orderly Room Clerk, 10 Colour Sergeants, 20 Sergeants, 20 Drummers, 40 Corporals and 700 Privates.

Each Regimental Depot consists of 2 Companies, and of 3 Captains, 2 Lieutenants, 2 Ensigns, 2 Colour Sergeants, 8 Sergeants, 1 Drummer, 10 Corporals, and 90 Privates.]

2ND (THE QUEEN'S ROYAL) REGIMENT OF FOOT

(1ST BATTALION.)

"The Paschal Lamb," with the motto—"Præstare virtutis memos," and "Vot cruxis triumphant." The Queen's Cupper, within the Garter, having the Crown over it. The King's Coat the Sphinx—"DEVI"—"VIRITIA"—"COMITIA"—"SARAVANCA"—"VICTORIA"—"PUNITION"—"AMITY"—"TOUTOU"—"PUNITION"—"ALL CHAMBER"—"CHURCH"—"KATLAT"—"TANU KORT"—"PAIN"

Parings—Blue

Arrived in India 24th October 1861

[Head Quarters, Aden—Detachment, Hyderabad—Depôt, (Kathlam)]

Rank and Name	Regimental Rank	Army Rank	Total Rank
COLONEL			
Spill, John, A. H., 542	38 May 1857	12 Jan 61	Europe
LIEUT COLONEL			
Addison, Thomas, C. B., 34	31 May 1861	10 Feb 62	Commanding (temporarily)
MAJORS			
Roche, Richard Hill, 28A	34 May 1901		Commanding Hyderabad
Wau, John Charles, 594 p. c.	10 Jan. 1864		
CAPTAINS			
Conner, Frederick, 6...	10 Sept 1851		At 20 Sept 61 At Regimental Depot
Gibbs, Charles...	24 Oct 1851		
Helyar, Edward Hawke...	24 Jan 1861		Detachment Hyderabad Europe, M. C. to 11th Jan. 1868
Tucker, Helen Bruce, 5...	12 June 1861		
Pichler, Henry, 5...	10 Jan 1864		Detachment of Musketry, Depot Battalion Detachment Hyderabad
Gubbins, Francis Roche,	1 Mar 1865		
Hosset, Arthur Wilkley,	22 Nov 1865		Detachment Hyderabad
Warren, Henry...	8 May 1865		
Hartel, James Whitson...	1 Jan 1866		
Kelly, Thomas, 529	20 July 1866		Leave in England to
Beamish, Thomas Francis	27 July 1866	10 Mar 1866	
Stevens, William, 529A...	28 Dec. 1866	25 Jan 1866	
LIEUTENANTS			
Flood, Henry...			At 21 July 66 At Regimental Depot
Haldane, Alexander Henry,	12 Feb 1858		Inspector, School of Musketry, Fildwood
Squire, Frederick	31 May 1859		Detachment Hyderabad
Cawford, Robert Ains,	12 June 1860		Europe, M. C. to 28th Oct 1867
O'Ready, George Francis			At Regimental Depot
Gwyn, Reginald Anthony,	12 June 1868		Adjutant (Europe, Fildwood to 20th April 1868)

2ND FOOT—(continued).

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
LIEUT 14. (continued)				
Mackie, William	5 May 1864	.. ..	.. ..
Scott, George Arthur ..	9 Sept 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Detachment Hyderabad
Tupper, Jasper Edwin ..	4 Oct 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Inst of Musketry (Detachment Hyderabad)
Webster, David Frank Esq	29 Nov 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Staff Officer Detachment Hyderabad
Broderick Edward Warren	1 May 1866	.. ..	.. ..	Acting Inst of Musketry
Shirley, Robert	29 May 1866	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Adams, Augustus Fred Esq	14 May 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Detachment Hyderabad
Trench, Henry Walter ..	31 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Boulton, William Esq	14 Sept 1867	17 Nov 1867	.. ..
Oliphant				
INSIGNS				
Bell, Bernard Arthur ..	29 May 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Acting Adjutant
Hughes, Edward Ashton ..	14 June 1864	.. ..	.. ..
Ischer, Arthur Thomas ..	9 Sept 1864	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Herman, Thomas Edwards ..	4 Oct 1864	.. ..	.. ..
Ferguson, John	18 Oct 1864	.. ..	.. ..
Armstrong, Andrew Charles	31 Jan 1865	.. ..	.. ..
Simpson, Richard Galsbury	10 Apr 1866	.. ..	.. ..
Montgomery, William ..	22 May 1866	14 Nov 1866	.. ..
Marsh, William Hutchinson	20 July 1866	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
STAFF				
Blanton, George, 530 ..	12 June 1866	capt (hon) 12 June 1865	.. ..	Paymaster
Tupper, J S	24 Aug 1866	12 Oct 64	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry
Gwyn, R F	4 May 1864	12 June 63	.. ..	Adjutant in Furlough
Mackie, William, 571 ..	10 April 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Quarter Master
DuLison, Stephen Henry ..	9 Nov 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Surgeon
Tomlinson, William Windsor	.. ..	30 Sept 1864	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon
Hopkins, Edward .. ..	.. ..	22 April 1868	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon (Detachment Hyderabad)

4TH (KING'S OWN) ROYAL REGIMENT OF FOOT

(1ST BATTALION.)

The Lion of England.—The Royal Cypher within the Garter.—“COMUNDA”—“BADAJOZ”

“SALAMANCA”—“VICTORIA”—“St. SEBASTIAN”—“NIVE”—“PELAISSA”—

“BLADENBURG”—“WATERLOO”—“ALVA”—“INKERMAN”—“SILVIAPOOL.”

Facings—Blue.

Arrived in India—Head Quarters 4th January 1860, Left Wing 17th September 1867.

[Head Quarters, *Abysinnia*—Depot *Pailhurst*—Indian Depot, *Sattara*]

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank	Army Rank	Field Rank.
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COLONEL.

Pell, Sir John, G.C.B., &c.	q. 17 June 60	..	Europe
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LIEUTENANT COLONEL.

Wilby, William, 517	..	15 Feb 1850	Commanding 2nd Bde <i>Abysinnia</i> Field Force
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Cameron, William Gordon	518	Oct 1847	8 Feb 1861
518A, m. c. r. p.			
Gray, Edward William, 512		4 Aug. 1863	2 May 1864
512, m. c. r.			

CAPTAINS.

Howley, John, 512A p.	15 Jan. 1854	Instructor of Musketry Depot Battalion At Regimental Depot
Jillot, John M'D., 517	..	m.	29 July 1858	
Wilson, Augustus Nicholas, 514			15 Jan. 1861	
Clay, Daniel Gerard, 514		p.	5 Nov. 1861	
Kittar, George H., 514		m.	25 Feb. 1862	
Twentyman, Aug. Charles, 514			9 Oct. 1863	
Fulling, Charles Edward, 514			8 Jan. 1864	
Roberts, Edward, 514			25 Nov. 1864	
Burridge, Thomas, 514			7 Apr. 1865	
Chinn, Edward, 514			30 June 1865	
Harrison, Edward, 514			5 Mar. 1867	
Marlin, John James, 514			2 Feb. 1867	
			9 Sept. 1861	
			30 Dec. 1866	

4TH FOOT—(continued).

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
LIEUTENANTS.				
Todd, Henry A. Greer	25 Oct. 1857	.. ..	1 May 67	Adjutant (Europe, M. C.)
Hammond, Charles Robin ..	1 Oct. 1858	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Hult, William John	15 Feb. 1859	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Durant, Christopher R. Esq. ..	2 Aug. 1860	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Brown, Walter S.	9 Apr. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Hughes, Geo. Wm. Esq. ph	18 June 1861	.. ..	.. ..	Act. Instructor of Musketry
Sweny, George A. Esq. ph	25 Feb. 1862	.. ..	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry
Bonnett, Herbert C. Esq. ..	7 Dec. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Kemp, Edgar Montagu Esq. ..	22 Dec. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Hopper, Charles Fred	8 Jan. 1864	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Vidal, Benjamin Henry	3 Mar. 1864	16 Aug. 1864	.. ..	.. ..
Simpson, Robert	5 Jan. 1866	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Davison, Christopher M. ph	19 Mar. 1866	.. ..	.. ..	Acting Adjutant
Lagard, Edw. John	11 Jan. 1866	.. ..	.. ..	Left for to 6th Nov. 1868.
Mackay, John	2 Feb. 1866	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
ENSIGNS.				
Living, John H. Esq.	Jan. 1864	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Curran, John Thomas	29 Mar. 1864	2 Feb. 1864	.. ..	Interpreter
Woodgate, Edw. Rob. Esq. ..	7 Apr. 1864	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Coxe-Scott, John	2 June 1864	16 May 1864	.. ..	.. ..
Dunn, Alexander Wm. Esq. ..	10 June 1864	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Turner, Fredrick Cooper ..	23 Aug. 1864	5 Aug. 1864	.. ..	.. ..
Harrison, William (contingent)	1 Jan. 1864	12 Dec. 1864	.. ..	.. ..
Adams, William Ormond ..	30 Mar. 1866	5 Jan. 1866	.. ..	Europe, M. C. 6 Nov. 1867
Webb, Thomas Bulkeley Esq. ..	8 May 1866	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Whittuck, John Stanley	31 July 1866	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
STAFF.				
Mannell, T. E., 545.	13 Sept. 1851	Maj. (hon.) ..	.. ..	Paymaster
Sweny G. A.	3 July 1862	13 Sept. 1862	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry
Todd, H. A. G.	31 May 1860	25 Feb. 62	.. ..	Adjutant (Europe, M. C.)
Stokes, John Edward	11 Oct. 1860	23 Oct. 57	1 May 67	Quartermaster
Stanley, St. John, 515a	23 June 1867	5 Aug. 1864	.. ..	Surgeon
Lane, Joseph Vassour, 40 ..	4 Mar. 1867	1 Oct. 1858	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon
Collins, Hopetoun Curran, M.D.	.. ..	30 Sept. 1853	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon
Attached				
Gibson, George John, M.D. ..	.. ..	2 Nov. 1867	.. ..	Staff Asst. Surgeon

23rd (ROYAL WELSH FUSILIERS) REGIMENT OF FOOT.

(1ST BATTALION.)

The Prince of Wales's Plume—"Ich Dien"—The Rising Sun—The Red Dragon—
 The White Horse—"Nec Aspera Terrent"—"VINDEN"—The Sphinx "EGYPT," "CORUMBA".
 "MARTINIQUE"—"ALBUFRA"—"BADAJOS"—"BALANCA"—"VICTORIA"—"FRENCH"
 "NIVELY"—"ORINI"—"TOPOUS"—"PARKS"—"WILBROO"—"ALVI"—
 "INERMAN"—"DIVISION"—"LULANOW"—(Relief and Captain)

Facings—Blue

Transferred from the Bengal to the Bombay Establishment from
 [Head Quarters, *Bombay*—Detachments, *Poona* and *Asserghur*—Depôt, *Bombay*]

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
COLONEL				
Codrington, Sir William John, G C B, 535	27 Dec 1830	27 July 67	.. ..	Europe

LIEUTENANT COLONEL.

Wells, Samuel C B, 535 16 Jan 1877 Europe, M C.
 Pratt, Robert, C B, 535 A 27 Mar 1877 23 Jan 61

Turcott, Henry D'Oyley, C B 537 18 Oct 1836 .. 27 Apr 64
 Elliot, Charles 534 6 May 1862 .. 10 Apr 60

CAPTAINS.

W. Hackett, Thomas B, 535 26 Jan 1841
 Moncrieff, Charles, 535 A 26 Mar 1841
 Tilly, John, 535 31 July 1850
 Jackson, Robert 30 Nov 1860 .. 28 Oct 1850
 Williamson, James, 560 A 7 May 1861
 Twyford, William Toliffe, 561 .. 11 Aug 1863
 Graham, Alan, 561 A 26 Mar 1864
 Henderson, John Keate .. 12 .. 20 Mar 1864
 Winstanley, Archibald Robert, 561 .. 5 May 1865
 Gray, Annalee, 564 21 Nov 1865
 (Coch), John W. W., 564 30 Mar 1866
 Tulloch, John Henry, 565 A 29 Apr 1867
 Europe, M. C.
 District Inspector of
 Murketry, Bangalore
 At Regimental Depot
 Europe, M. C.
 At Regimental Depot
 Europe, M. C. to Ad
 J. W. 1864

LIEUTENANTS.

Seagram, Henry Frederick, 565 21 Feb 1860 Europe M. C.
 Jones, Francis Palmer .. ph 8 Oct 1861 .. Probationer Bengal Staff
 Clayton, James Martin, 566 .. 29 Oct 1867 .. Corps
 Hay, Robert Albert Evans .. 30 Oct 1867 .. Adjutant

23RD FOOT—(continued).

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
LIEUTENANTS—(continued).				
Roe, Eugene Merwin	7 Jan. 1862	.. ..	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry
Hutton, Henry Francis	2 Dec 1862	.. ..	.. ..
Hoad, Henry Oliver	8 Feb 1863	.. ..	.. ..
Hutchinson, Anthony Richard	11 Aug 1863	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Adams, William Herbert	11 Aug 1863	.. ..	.. ..
Hadden, Louis James W	18 Sept 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Sur, Furlough to 16th April 1868
Beaumont, Alexander Spink ..	3 June 1864	.. ..	.. ..
Bridgman, John Charles	8 May 1865	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Knox, Howe James	2 June 1865	.. ..	.. ..
Leslie, Archibald Young	21 Nov 1865	1 Jan 1862	.. ..	Acting Quarter Master
Norman, Compton	12 Jan. 1866	.. ..	.. ..
Stringer, Frederick	11 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..
Treid, Charles Arden	29 Apr 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Probationer Beng. Staff Corps
ENSIGNS.				
Dunlop, Samuel John	8 Jan 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Permitted to Study at Thomason College Bombay till 1st Nov 1874
Hutchinson, Arthur John	24 Jan 1865	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M. C
Anderson, John Grant	12 Jan 1866	31 Nov 1865	.. ..
Ward, Arthur Edward	6 Feb 1866	21 Nov. 1865	.. ..
Griffith, Henry Worlgar	30 Mar 1866	2 Mar. 1866	.. ..
Mullen, John Addison	11 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..
Hodden, Arthur Indor	15 May 1867	.. ..	.. ..
Mayhew, Charles George Adams	9 Nov. 1867	.. ..	.. ..
STAFF				
Young, Thomas Newton, 517	7 Dec 68	1 Jan. 1858 Major (hon.) 1 Jan 1867	.. ..	Paymaster
Roe, R M.	15 Feb. 1861	17 Jan 1862	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry
Clifton, J M., 568	3 June 1869	29 Oct 61	.. ..	Adjutant
O'Donnell, Michael, 567 A ..	26 Jan. 1870	2 Nov 50	.. ..	Quarter Master (Sur Furlough to 6th Jan. 1866)
Webb, Stephen Missett, M D 566	1 Sept 186	22 Aug. 1865	.. ..	Surgeon (Europe, M C)
M'Carthy, Florence Imroband	10 Dec 1862	20 Apr. 1869	.. ..	Asst. Sur. (Europe, M C)
Dunbar, Frederick Hirsch, M D	1 Dec 1865	1 Oct 1862	.. ..	Asst. Surgeon (Eur., M. C)

28TH (THE CAMERONIAN) REGIMENT OF FOOT.

The Sphinx—"BATTE," "COMUNTA," The Dragon—"CHINA."

Facings—Yellow

Arrived in India 27th and 29th October 1861

{Head Quarters, Abyssinia—Diput, Preston—Indian Depôt, Bangalore }

Rank and Name	Regimental	Army	Local Rank
MacKinnon, George H., C. B.	21 Dec 1861 / 10 Feb 1862		Major
LIEUTENANT COLONEL			
Henning, Shurlock, M.A.	23 July 1865		
MAJORS			
Moss, William	1 Apr 1904		
Hickitt, Simpson, J. T.	27 July 1866 / 2 June 1866		
CAPTAINS			
Collins, David A.	28 Jan 1879		
Hill, Matthew H.	3 June 1880		
Frost, George F. Phipps	12 June 1860		At Regimental Depôt
Armstrong, James	30 Nov 1860		At Regimental Depôt
Rees, William	18 Sept 1863		Acting Interpreter
Rampson, Edward	4 Apr 1864		
Sidway, William H.	23 Dec 1864		
Turner, Thomas	3 Jan 1867		
Hamilton, George John, M.A.	24 Jan 1867 / 28 Dec 1867		
Lawson, Thomas William	2 June 1867 / 11 May 1867		Europe, M.C.
Coutts, Thomas Guthrie, M.A.	12 Sept 1867 / 2 May 1867		
Gregson, Lancelot A.	4 Sept 1867		Returned India to 10th Nov 1867
LIEUTENANTS			
Storr, Philip C.	3 June 1879		At Staff College
Hubbitt, Lewis	26 Oct 1860 / 16 Dec 1860		
Cheswell, Oswald	20 Oct 1860		At Regimental Depôt
Wollaston, Henry P.	10 Nov 1860		
Sharp, Henry O.	8 Oct 1861		
Wade, William B.	14 Jan 1862		
Douthwaite, George	28 Jan 1862		At Regimental Depôt
Buchanan, James R. G.	30 Mar 1862		At Regimental Depôt
John Archibald D.	8 July 1862		
Burton, William Binkley	4 Apr 1863		
Brunker, Howard M. B.	23 Dec 1864		Instructor of Musketry
Greer, James Samuel	4 Jan 1865		Adjutant
Doughterty, Charles H.	11 Apr 1865		
Davenport, Vivian	23 July 1865		
Hempill, Charles William	1 Sept 1867		

26TH FOOT—(continued).

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
ENSIGNS.				
Wilson, George H.	8 July 1862			
Clarke, Livingstone. . . .	18 Sept. 1863			
Townsend, Henry P.	21 June 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Asst. Instr. of Musketry
Alexander, Frederick R. . .	23 Aug. 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Europe M. C.
Clairat, James Bond. . . .	3 Jan. 1867			
Dougherty, Edward M. . . .	2 June 1865			
Higgin, William	4 July 1865	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Gilchrist, Robert A.	4 Aug. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Jebb, John de Witt.	14 Sept. 1867			
STAFF.				
Berry, Henry A., 580	11 July 1865	14 Dec. 1855 capt. (hon.) 14 Dec. 1860	.. ..	Paymaster
Burton, W. B.	7 Aug. 1865	14 Apr. 61	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry
Bunker, H. M. E.	14 Feb. 1865	14 Dec. 64	.. ..	Adjutant
Topp, William Henry	5 July 1864	8 July 1860	.. ..	Quarter Master
Mouthad, Thos., M. D., 560A	.. ..	24 Oct. 63	.. ..	Surgeon (Sanitary Officer R. F. Abyssinian Field 1 st)
Carpenter, William, M. D. . .	.. ..	30 Sept. 1864	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon (Detach. Ruree)
Gray, John, M. D.	23 Oct. 1867	31 Mar. 1864	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon
<i>Attached</i>				
Davis, John Norman, M. D. . .	.. ..	14 Apr. 1863	.. ..	Staff Asst Surgeon

Agents, Messrs. Cox and Co.

Agents at Bombay, Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM, and Co.

33RD (DUKE OF WELLINGTON'S) REGIMENT OF FOOT

'SARINGAPATAM'—"WATIMULO"—The Crest and Motto of the late Duke of Wellington

—"ALMA"—"INKHARAIN"—"SLAVAGIOPOL."

Facing—Red.

Arrived in India 6th August 1857.

[Head Quarter, Abyssinia—Depot, Sheffield—Indian Depot, Kurrachee.]

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank	Army	Local Rank.
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COLONEL.

Hutchinson, William Nelson	1 Apr. 1863	19.17 Aug 65	Europe
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LIEUTENANT COLONELS

Collings, John L., 580	17 Nov 1857	21 Dec 1861	..	Comdg Bde, Abyssinian Field Force
VB Dunn, Alexander Robert, 590A	30 Dec. 1864	25 June 66		

MAJORS.

Cooper, Arthur Simon	10 Aug 186		Europe, M. C. to 1st Nov
Farnshaw, Thomas Basil, 591	18 Apr. 1865		

CAPTAINS.

Lacy, Richard	6 June 1854	11 Mar. 62	
Greenwood, John J., 601A	10 Sept. 1851		
Trent, John, 592	28 May 1859		Eur. M.C. to 8th Dec. 1867
Badgley, Alexander James, 593	22 Sept. 1861	23 Feb. 1861	At Regimental Depot
Johnstone, John D., 594..	22 Jun. 1863		
Smyth, Joseph C., 594A.. ph.	4 Feb. 1863		
Quinn, Peter Edward, 595.. ph.	34 Mar. 1863	20 Mar. 1868	22 May 68
Campbell, John Henry	23 Aug. 1864		Brigade Major Abyssinian Field Force
Graham, Birchall G.	20 Dec. 1864		At Regimental Depot
Bully, William	18 Apr. 1865		Europe, M. C.
Shipton, James M.	30 Oct. 1866		
Fawcett, Rowland Hill	25 Sept. 1867		At Staff College

LIEUTENANTS.

Grani, Murray D. F. T., M.O.M.	17 Apr. 1860
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Captain in Staff Corps

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

33RD FOOT—(continued).

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank	Army Rank	Local Rank.	Remarks.
LIEUTS. (continued).				
Jervis, Edwin	23 Jan. 1862			
Douglas, George M. R.	11 Feb 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry
Wason, Edwin Sandy	26 Feb 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Adjutant 1867
Goring, Cliven Charles	14 June 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M. C. to 26th Nov.
Wilmet, Francis	25 July 1864	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Dumont, Frederick William ..	18 Oct 1864	.. ..	.. ..
Carthage, Charles Alfred ..	18 Apr. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	Bengal Staff Corps
Miller, Richard Mait	25 July 1865			
Tidmarsh, Ferdinand J	29 June 1866			
Green, Richard Spurgeon ..	7 Aug 1866	1 Feb 1862		
Arthur, George Ltd	30 Oct 1866	.. ..	.. ..	Europe M. C.
Quinn, Edwin	8 Nov 1866	.. ..	.. ..
Livett, William	11 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Heath, Lewis Forbes	11 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..	A.D.C. to Major General Malcolm, C.B., Comdg 2nd Division Adys F.F.
Eden, William Alex. Delacelle ..	20 May 1867			
Downes Wutlyn Litwellin ..				
Lloyd	8 Apr 1867	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Nesbit, Edward	13 July 1867			
Richards, Urban Vignos	20 Sept 1867	8 July 1862		
ENSIGNS.				
Mallins, Howard	15 July 1867	30 June 1865	.. ..	Acting Interpreter
Wynter, Walter Andrew	9 Aug 1865			
Barr, David W Keith	20 June 1866	20 Sep 1864		
Barton, Baptist Johnston ..	30 Oct 1866			
Vincent, Henry Alex.	4 Dec 1866	9 Nov 1860		
Fraser, Alex Henry	11 Jan 1867			
Conor, Cecil	9 Mar 1867	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Robbins, Alexander Osborne ..	23 June 1867			
John				
Bower, John William Nott ..	13 July 1867			
STAFF.				
Thompson, John, Wia	26 May 1865	capt (hon) 20 May 1860	.. ..	Pymaster
Douglas, G M.	27 Dec. 1865	11 Feb 63	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry
Wason, F S	30 Dec 1864	16 Feb 04	.. ..	Adjutant
Vyse, Edward, Wia	14 July 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Quartermaster
Sinclair, James, M.D. .. ..	.. ..	28 July 1862	.. ..	Surgeon
Ball, John Joseph, M.D. .. ..	.. ..	1 Mar 1864	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon
Kemp, Robert Davidson, M.B.	23 Oct. 1864	30 Sept 1864	.. ..	Assist. Surgeon

Agents, Messrs. COY AND CO.

Agent at Bombay, HENDRA NUNDEWANJI, Colaba Walla.

45TH (THE NOTTINGHAMSHIRE) REGIMENT OF FOOT (SHERWOOD FORESTERS)

"ROLNIA"—"VIMINRA"—"TALAVERA"—"BURAGO"—"FUENTES D'ONOR"—

"CIUDAD RODRIGO"—"BADAJOZ"—"SALAMANCA"—"VICTORIA"—

"PYRENEES"—"NIVELLE"—"ORIHES"—"TOULOUSE"—

"PENINSULA"—"AVA."

Facings— Lincoln Green.

Arrived in India 1st November 1884.

[Head Quarters, Abyssinia—Depôt, Chatham—Indian Depôt Poona.]

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
COLONEL.				
Drought, Thomas Armstrong, 601	25 June 1866	11 Jan. 80	.. ..	Europe
LIEUTENANT COLONEL.				
Parish, Henry Woodbine, 601A	31 July 1867	.. ..	1st 9 Mar. 65	
MAJORS.				
Hobbs, George Lamon, 602A	1 May 1863	.. ..	19 Mar. 1867	
Griffin, Charles Lewis, 602A	31 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..
CAPTAINS.				
Closs, George Chatapagne, i.m.	18 June 1861	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depôt
Preston, John Ingle	30 Nov. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Beamish, Caulfield Fra.. ..	17 Mar. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Hayward, Henry Blakeney, i.m.	14 June 1864	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Barlow, Peter i.m.	8 Dec. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Mathew, William Henry	11 Oct. 1864	28 Sept. 1862	.. ..	Europe M. C.
Atkinson, Francis Forbes	28 Oct. 1864	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depôt
Adams, Thomas Edmund, 603	29 Nov. 1864	14 June 1866	.. ..	Europe M. C. to 26th Dec. 1867
Tennant, James Hett.	1 May 1866	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depôt
Gillwell, Rob. J. i.m.	2 Nov. 1866	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Grey, Richard	31 July 1866	.. ..	23 Apr. 1865	Europe, M. C. to 20 Apr. 1868
Hook, H. Hodson i.m.	28 Oct. 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M. C.

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

45TH FOOT—(continued).

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
LIEUTENANTS.				
Johnson, Francis Dixon ..	9 Dec 1862			
DePhoren, Owen William ..	30 Jan. 1861			
Leirov, Augustine Hugh ..	12 June 1861			
Hyle, Edmund Lomb Ballan ..	3 June 1864	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Petrakis, George Grant .. m	14 June 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Adjutant M C
Diary John Olphert .. m	18 Sept 1861	.. ..	.. ..	Adjutant
Chambers, George Frederick ..	9 Oct 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Assistant Superintendent
Walling, John Thomas .. x s	26 July 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Person Telegraph
Bayly, Henry Nicholas ..	24 Jan 1865	28 Oct. 1864	.. ..	Acting Interpreter
Poluid, Albert Augustus .. s	21 Feb 1865	21 June 1864		
Gosli, Frederick Theophilus .. x	30 Oct 1865	10 June 1865	.. ..	Ensign, Furlough
Townley, William Penny ..	1 May 1866			
Reeve, Nevill Henry ..	10 July 1866			
Lambard, Henry .. x s m	29 Dec 1866	4 Jan 1861	.. ..	Actg Instructor of Musketry
Curtis, John Egerton	1 July 1867			
Budge, Walter	31 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M C
Brown, William Fred ..	23 Oct 1867	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
ENSIGNS.				
Deverell, William Thomas ..	29 July 1862		.. ..	Europe, M C to 29th Dec 67
Humfrey, John .. x s	2 June 1863			
Grub, Thomas Alcock ..	1 May 1863			
Bagenal, Edmund F ..	14 Sept 1863			
Hath, Percy Charles .. x s	2 Nov 1866	9 Oct 1866		
Wright, Alexander ..	20 Apr 1867	12 Feb 1867	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Smith, John Sabin	13 July 1867			
Hawkinson, Spencer Richard ..	1 Aug 1867	10 July 1867		
Port, George Housham ..	23 Oct 1867			
STAFF.				
Nightingale, Henry D., 604 ..	26 July 1864	capt 6 May 61	.. ..	Paymaster (Europe, M C)
Hooker, H H	10 May 1861	17 Sept 61	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry (Europe, M.C.)
Gill, J O	2 Nov 1866	14 Sept 65	.. ..	Adjutant
Gunning, L. W., 604A ..	1 Nov 1866	6 Aug 58	.. ..	Quarter Master
Emmerson, James Horridge, 826 ..	9 Nov 1867	11 Jan 1867	.. ..	Surgeon
Wood, Thomas, M D .. ..	.. ..	11 Oct 60	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon
Carew, Richard Hugh .. L 9	.. ..	31 March 60	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon

40TH (THE SOUTH DEVONSHIRE) REGIMENT OF FOOT

"DOMINICA"—"SEVASTOPOL"

Facings—YELLOW

Transferred from the Bengal to the Bombay Establishment from

[Head Quarter, Poona—Depôt, Pembroke]

Rank and Name	Regimental Rank	Army Rank	Local Rank	Remarks
COLONEL				
William George Charles Ash A.C.B., 610	17 June 1861	19 Feb 61		Europe
LIEUTENANT COLONEL				
Vosey Arthur George 611	31 Aug 1866	31 Aug 67		
MAJOR				
Campbell Colin Frederick 611	11 May 18	23 Jan 63		
Cutty Charles 611, 612	9 Nov 1860	30 July 1866		
CAPTAIN				
Clark James George 613	20 Jan 184	12 May 61	15 Apr 64	
Nicholas Albert 614	8 Apr 184		6 Dec 64	At Regimental Depot
Side Thomas Douglas 614	118 18			At Regimental Depot
St George Henry 614 A	9 May 187			
Hammond Henry 614 William 615	6 June 18			
Richardson William Stewart John Thomas	9 Nov 14	24 Aug 18 8		Europe Furlough
Leach William 615	9 Dec 186	4 May 1861		
St Charles Benjamin 615	10 Jan 1863	6 Oct 1867		Europe Furlough
Gunnell Arthur 615	29 Aug 1864			
C. & J. 615	29 Dec 16	1 July 64		Deputy Asst Qr Master Genl Abyssinian F.F.
Hewitt Richard F. Army 615	8 Apr 18 6			Europe M.C.
St William Francis 615	10 May 1861			Europe M.C.
LIEUTENANT				
Brooke Richard Edward 616	3 Mar 19		10 Sept 61	
Whitcomb Alfred 616	9 May 18 5		Nov 6	At Regimental Depot
Greene Frank 616	4 July 18		20 Feb 67	Adj. Lt.
Murphy Thomas 616 A	6 Aug 18 9			Instructor of Musketry
Lew Henry Patton 616	8 Aug 186			1111e M.C.
Clarke Philip Percy Dove 616	2 Nov 1862			At Regimental Depot
Irish William 616	19 Dec 186			Europe Furlough
Maydwell Richard L. William 616	18 Jan 1864			Europe M.C.
Van Walter de Winton 616	1 Aug 1864			Europe M.C.
Bryan George Berkeley 616	20 June 186			Europe M.C.
Anderson George Henry 616	20 Aug 186	1 Apr 1863		
Lowe John Maxwell 616	28 Sept 1865			
Bretton Robert 616	17 May 1866			Europe M.C.
Joselin James Magennis 616	4 Dec 1869	1 Oct 18 8	7 June 67	1111 nationer Bengal Staff Corps
Verl Edward Gambusi 616	8 Feb 186			Europe M.C.
Newman Henry Horatio 616	16 Oct 1867			

46TH FOOT—(continued).

Rank and Name	Regimental Rank	Army Rank	Local Rank
ENSIGNS.			
Blanchard, Frederick Hardy	0 Feb 1864		
Low, Robert	10 July 1864		
Prinson, Charles Christian	1 Nov 1864	1 Mar 1864	
Grant, James	0 June 1865		
Farwell, William	10 Sept 1865		
Thorppe, Gerald William	0 Apr 1866		
Kitchener, Henry Adolph C.	0 July 1866		At Regimental Depot
Shooting, Henry Francis	8 June 1867		At Regimental Depot
STAFF			
Barclay, John	3 Nov. 1887	(Capt. (hon.) 17 May 1867)	
Murphy, T	0 Jan 1867	17 May 1867	
	4 Dec 1861	17 May 1867	
Dwyer, John	0 May 1861	17 May 1867	
Blackley, Thomas Michou			
Gill, M B 617	2 Sept 1865	22 Sept 1865	
Peggs, Matthew James			
Edward, M D	0 Mar 1861	10 Jan 1860	
Fleket, William, 617 A.	5 June 1860	4 May 1865	
			Paymaster
			Inspector of Ammunition
			Adjutant
			Quarter Master
			Surgeon (next to Inspector Genl of Hospitals Bengal)
			Assistant Surgeon
Attached.			
Loth, J, M.D.			In Medical Charge

**48TH (THE PRINCESS CHARLOTTE OF WALES'S, OR THE HERTFORDSHIRE)
REGIMENT OF FOOT**

"BOMBAY," "COPENHAGEN," "QUEENSTOWN," "The Dragon—" "CHINA," "ALMA,"

"INKERMAN," "SPYASSIOTOL."

Facings—Lincoln Green.

Arrived in India—Head Quarters 28th December 1865, Left Wink 12th October 1866.

[Head Quarters, Deesa—Detachment, Mount Abou—Depôt, Colchester.]

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.
COLONEL.			
Morris, Sir Edmund Finucane, 625 A. C. R. 625	15 Dec. 1861	17 July 00	.. .. Europe
LIEUTENANT COLONEL.			
Adams, Oswaldader, 620 ..	4 Aug. 1863	17 Nov. 1863	.. ..
MAJORS.			
Gosling, Panahawa William, 624	21 Feb. 1860	.. ..	.. .. Commanding Mount Abou Sanitarium
FitzGerald, Charles, 627 ..	18 Oct. 1864	.. ..	.. .. Detachment, Mount Abou
CAPTAINS.			
Atley, Richard D., 627A ..	29 Dec. 1854	.. ..	.. .. Europe, Furlough
Corban, William Watt, 627A	29 Dec. 1854	.. ..	.. ..
Young, William, 627 ..	10 Aug. 1864	.. ..	.. ..
Madan, William, 628 ..	31 Feb. 1860	.. ..	.. .. At Regimental Depôt
Hall, Thomas, Drakins Aithin p. 6 H. 628	11 May 1860	.. ..	.. .. Actg. Brigade Major, Deesa
Taylor, Graham, 628A ..	27 Sept. 1861	6 Aug. 1859	.. .. Detachment, Mount Abou
Cresswell, Edward John ..	4 Aug. 1861	.. ..	.. ..
Huyche, Alfred George, 629	5 Apr. 1864	9 Aug. 1861	.. .. Offg. Dy. Asst. Q. Mr. Genl. N. D. A.
Harley, George ..	18 Oct. 1864	.. ..	.. .. Detachment, Mount Abou
Hinch, Thomas C. ..	4 July 1861	.. ..	.. ..
Gillespie, William John ..	10 Oct. 1863	.. ..	.. .. At Regimental Depôt
French, Thomas Charles, 628A	11 Jan. 1867	28 Dec. 1862	.. ..
Gatagan, Francis Charles, 630	8 June 1867	21 Sept. 1862	.. ..
LIEUTENANTS.			
Rogers, Henry Gordon, 630A	9 Mar. 1855	.. ..	.. .. 1 Dec. 66/1st of Cadets, Sanitarium
Nason, John Isaac ..	4 June 1858	.. ..	.. .. 14 Sep 67/Staff Officer Mount Abou Sanitarium
Aldworth, Robert Oliver, 630A	21 Feb. 1860	.. ..	.. .. Instructor of Musketry
Fenn, Edwin Glass ..	11 Feb. 1862	.. ..	.. .. At Regimental Depôt
Burvenson, William ..	1 Aug. 1862	.. ..	.. .. Acting Instructor
Lundale, Edgar ..	21 Oct. 1862	.. ..	.. .. At Regimental Depôt
Thomas, William Hugh ..	14 Mar. 1863	10 Sept. 1859	.. .. 14 Sep 67/Adjutant
Gilbert, Edward Foot ..	14 Apr. 1863	.. ..	.. .. Detachment, Mount Abou
Lonsdale, Frederick Edward, 630A ..	23 Dec. 1864	6 Oct. 1864	.. .. Asst. Instructor of Musketry
Temple, Charles Piche ..	14 Mar. 1865	.. ..	.. .. Europe, M. C.
Woodbridge, DeLacy R. F. ..	18 May 1865	8 Oct. 1862	.. .. 1st Officer Poornadhu Sanitarium
Smith, Thomas Sidney St. Clair	4 July 1865	.. ..	.. ..
Bozue, Charles Baxter ..	10 Nov. 1865	.. ..	.. ..
Williams, Henry Board ..	10 Oct. 1866	.. ..	.. ..
Humphreys, Fredk. Thos. ..	1 May 1867	22 Mar. 1864	.. .. Adjutant, Kurnachan Depôt
Sticheler, Edward Logan ..	24 June 1867	30 Mar. 1863	.. .. Bengal Staff Corps
Cary, Byron Plantagenet ..	9 Aug. 1867	.. ..	.. .. Detachment, Mount Abou

19TH FOOT—(continued).

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
ENSIGNS.				
Guyon, Gardner Frederick ..	31 Jan. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Watford, William Langmoir ..	14 Mar. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	Detachment, Mount Abu
Majne, Mookj	4 July 1865	.. ..	.. ..
Thomson, Edward B.	5 July 1865	.. ..	.. ..
Wilson, Edward Hales	10 Oct. 1865	25 July 1865	.. ..
Humbert, Benjamin George ..	10 Nov. 1865	6 Nov. 1865	.. ..	Leave in India
Wetherall, William Alex. ..	30 Jan. 1866	.. ..	.. ..
Jones, William Henry	18 Oct. 1866	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Lyle, Vincent George Lawrence	19 Feb. 1867	22 Jan. 1867	.. ..
Ensign .. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Yate, Charles Edward	9 Nov. 1867	.. ..	.. ..
STAFF.				
Dring, William, Gtl	1 Apr. 1865	7 Sept. 1855 } Capt. (hon.) 7 Sept. 1860 }	.. ..	Paymaster
Aldworth R. O.	4 Apr. 1865	11.31 Feb. 60	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry
Thomas, W. H.	4 July 1865	11.10 Sept. 58	.. ..	Adjutant
Knudsen, Charles James ..	31 Nov. 1856	.. ..	.. ..	Quarter Master
Hannan, James, (314) .. ..	.. ..	4 Nov. 1864	.. ..	Surgeon (Europe, M.C. to 12 Jan. 1868)
Orwin, Thomas William .. ..	.. ..	31 Mar. 1864	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon
Corban, Laurence, M.D. ..	.. ..	30 Sept. 1864	.. ..	Assistant Surgeon

Agents, Messrs. COX AND CO.

Agents at Bombay, Messrs. GUINDEY, GROOM AND CO.

82ND (THE PRINCE OF WALES'S VOLUNTEERS) REGIMENT OF FOOT

The Prince of Wales's Plume—"ROSEJA"—"VINTHRA"—"VICTORIA"—"PRINCELY"—
 "NIVALLI"—"ORCHER"—"PRINCESS"—"MAGURA"—"SEVASIGOR"—

"LUCKNOW" (Relief)

Facings—Yellow.

Transferred from the Bengal to the Bombay Establishment on the
 [Head Quarters, Kurrachee—Depot, Chatham]

Rank and Name	Regimental Rank	Army Rank	Local Rank	Remarks.
COLONEL				
Ashburnham, Hon Thomas, C.B., 637	13 Dec. 1859	1 g 3 Aug 60	.. ..	Europe
LIEUTENANT COLONEL				
Watson, David, 638	16 Nov. 1860	.. 21 July 64		
MAJOR				
Bunbury, Charles Thomas, 639	19 Mar 1857	.. ..	1 c 30 Oct 64	
Wilkinson, Henry Chandler, 640	8 May 1867			
CAPTAIN				
Hunter, Patrick	18 Feb 1859	20 Dec 1877		
Flood, Frederick Richard, 641	17 July 1860	.. 1 Oct 60	.. ..	Military Secretary to the Commandant in Chief in India
Hand, John Sidney, 642 A. L.	16 Nov 1860		.. ..	Interpreter
Briggs, John, 641	27 May 1861	18 Mar 1862	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Marsh, Henry Dyle, 642	17 Mar 1861	.. ..	.. ..	Brigade Major Allahabad
Brock, James Athol, 643 A. L.	21 June 1864			
beton, William Carden, 643 ..	16 May 1864			
Tant, Henry James	30 June 1865	3 Mar 1865		
Leck, Henry Jennings, 644 A	9 Aug 1866	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Thompson Henry M. 644	13 Aug 1866	11 June 1867		
Seymour, John Robert, 644	17 Apr 1867	2 Dec 1867		
Cardew, Frederick	6 May 1867			
LIEUTENANTS				
Manneil, Charles Studdart, 645	21 Sept 185	..	18 Feb 65	Europe M. L.
Ryan, Thomas	30 Nov 1857	.. ..	24 Apr 67	
Cumberband, Bantel I. 646	11 Jan 1860	7 Sept 1860		
Parkinson, Henry Mount, 646	21 Nov 1862	10 June 1863	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry
O'Brien, John Leonard O., 647	24 Mar 1863	18 May 1864	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Neville, Charles, 648	27 May 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, Lucknow
Reambottom, Alfred	21 June 1864			
Nash, William Russell	3 Apr 1865	5 Aug 1865		
Nicholson, Henry Whalley ..	20 Aug 1865	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Grant, William I. Forsyth ..	14 Dec 1865			
Collins, Lucius Joseph, 649	3 Oct 1866	.. ..	.. ..	Acting Quarter Master
Inyon, William Anderson, 649	29 Dec 1866	.. ..	.. ..	Adjutant
Lloyd, Neaham Yredu	26 Feb 1867			
Rayne, Robert Robertson ..	15 May 1867			
Bellus, Robert George	18 June 1867			

82ND FOOT—(continued).

Rank and Name	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank	Remarks.
ENSIGNS.				
Thompson, William Oliver, R	18 Mar 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Probationer Bengal Staff Corps
Abbott, George Masson R	31 Mar. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Probationer Bengal Staff
Roberts, Arthur, Edward	21 Nov 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, M C [Corps]
Simmonds				
M'Dougall, James Brown	.. 7 Aug. 1866	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Sawyer, Herbert Anthony	.. 2 Oct 1866			
Underwood, Sydney Leir	.. 24 Dec 1866	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Nicholson, Henry Armit	.. 11 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Dalbenny, Giles Andrew	.. 18 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Bailey, William Harold	.. 26 Feb 1867	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depot
Forsyth, James Noel Muller	.. 11 May 1867			
Ward, Joseph Wright	.. 25 June 1867			
STAFF.				
		<i>Majr (hon)</i>		
Hughes, William, 614 A.	.. 20 May 1857	1 Apr 1864	.. ..	<i>Paymaster</i>
Parkinson, H M.	.. 15 Apr 1863	10 June 64	.. ..	<i>Inspector of Musketry</i>
Dixon, W A	.. 7 Oct 1867	28 Dec 68	.. ..	<i>Adjutant</i>
Green, Owen, 649	.. 4 Aug 1863	7 June 1864	.. ..	<i>Quartermaster (Bul Tur. to 7th March 1868)</i>
Fowler, Henry Day, 640 A.	.. 20 July 1857	10 Dec 63	.. ..	<i>Surgeon</i>
Waters, John Mangin	.. 1 Mar 1864	1 Oct 186	.. ..	<i>Assistant Surgeon</i>
Barry, James, M D	.. 1 Dec 1865	30 Sept. 1865	.. ..	<i>Assistant Surgeon</i>

95TH (THE DERBYSHIRE) REGIMENT OF FOOT

"ALMA"—"INKERMAN"—"SEVASTOPOL"—"CENTRAL INDIA."

Facings—Yellow.

As fixed in India—Head Quarters 14th November 1857; Left Wing 16th September 1857.

[Head Quarters, *Mhow* Detachment, *Indore*—Depot, *Pembroke*.]

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank	Army Rank	Local Rank.
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COLONELS.

P Cockburn, Sir Francis, (55, St Dec. 1853) & 12 Nov. 6

Europe

LIEUTENANT COLONELS

Rimes, Julius Augustus Robert (H. W. A.) 17 Nov. 1857 & 30 July
Thackeray, Hon. Frederick Augustus, 650 . . . 30 Apr. 1858 & 30 April 59

Brigadier Genl Commandg.
Belgaum Brigade
 Europe, Furloughed 28th April 1868

MAJORS.

Vials, George Compton, 654 29 May 1857 & 30 Sept 57
Mason, Hon. Eysa Challoner, 17 Nov 1857 & 3 Apr. 58
Henry, 657 . . . 17 Nov 1857

Europe & C to 6th Aug. 1868

CAPTAINS.

Foster, Henry, 658 . . . 31 Sept. 1854 & 20 July 58
Curmichael, George Linadoch, 20 Dec. 1854 & 18 Nov. 56

[Depot
 Commandant *Kuirachia*
Europe, Furloughed, 6 Feb
 May 1868
 Director of *Gymnastics*
 in *India*

Stockwell, John William Ingham, 659 29 May 1857

Parkinson, Charles Fred, 660 20 Nov. 1859

Creslock, John North, 660A 6 May 1859

Knatchbull, Norton, 661 10 Nov 1860

Sexton, John, 661A 13 Sept. 1861

& Staff College

& Regimental Depot
 Reg. Dy. Asst. Q. Genl.
 at *Bombay*

Mulock, Hen Hurd, 662 1 Oct 1862 & 15 Oct 1861

Bell, Archibald Maedon- 663A

Paske, Henry Graham, 663 20 Apr. 1861

Blennig, William, 664 5 Jan 1860

Gibbitt, Joseph, 665A 15 Nov 1860

McDonson, Alexander, 666 11 Jan 1867

Europe, Furloughed
 Detachment, *Indore*

Europe & C to 10 Jan 1868

LIEUTENANTS.

Hurd, Wm George Bentley, 27 Sept. 1861
 Golding, Ed Warren, 24 Mar 1862
 Faulkner, Bolton Waller, 30 Jan. 1863

Regimental Depot
 Detachment
 Attached to Land Transport Corps
 Abyssinian Field Force

95TH FOOT—(continued).

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
LIEUTS. (continued)				
De Sales, William Henry ..	14 Feb 1905	26 Apr. 1864	.. ..	<i>En route to Regt Depot</i>
Spurrin, John Edmund Monro ..	4 July 1865	.. ..	.. ..	<i>Inspector of Musketry</i>
Bevan, Henry	8 Sept 1865	.. ..	.. ..
Spontak, Arnold David ..	10 Nov 1865	.. ..	.. ..
Haily, Michael Ryan ..	1 Apr 1866	.. ..	.. ..	<i>Paymaster Quarter Master Dept</i>
Seagram, John H. S. ..	3 May 1866	.. ..	.. ..	<i>En route to Regt Depot</i>
Aldridge, Henry ..	10 June 1866	.. ..	.. ..	<i>Leave, Furlough to 8th</i>
Perry, Herbert Edwyn ..	10 July 1866	.. ..	.. ..	<i>Mar 1869</i>
Shaw, Ponsonby ..	13 Nov. 1866	.. ..	.. ..
Aukwood, James Nicholson ..	11 Jan. 1867	.. ..	.. ..	<i>Detachment, Indore</i>
St. John, Oliver Henry Beauchamp ..	1 Feb 1867	.. ..	.. ..
Wholes, Charles Lytle ..	18 April 1867	.. ..	.. ..	<i>Actg. Interpreter</i>
ENLISTED.				
Cotton, Robert Orkman ..	30 Apr. 1866	.. ..	.. ..
Mullind, Pelham James ..	3 June 1866	4 May 1866	.. ..
Burnett, Lindsay Robert ..	15 June 1866	3 Apr. 1866	.. ..
Campbell, Sir Archibald ..	15 June 1866	.. ..	.. ..
Alex. Barr	15 June 1866	.. ..	.. ..	<i>Asst. Instr. of Musketry</i>
Tower, Arthur	10 July 1866	.. ..	.. ..	<i>At Regimental Depot</i>
Crough, O'Moore	2 Oct. 1866	.. ..	.. ..
Showers, Edward Maclean ..	8 Dec. 1866	.. ..	.. ..
Salis, Alfred Geo. Sandham ..	31 Jan 1867	.. ..	.. ..	<i>Detachment Indore</i>
Aalsheld, William	11 Feb 1867	.. ..	.. ..
Lynch, John De Burgh ..	19 Oct. 1867	or 14 Mar 62	.. ..
STAFF.				
Morris, Maxwell K. Esq. ..	10 Mar. 1857	capt. (hon) 10 Mar 1862	.. ..	<i>Paymaster</i>
Spurrin, J. E. M.	14 Feb. 1868	lt 4 Jun 1865	.. ..	<i>Inspector of Musketry</i>
Golding, T. W.	20 Apr 1866	lt. 2. Mar 62	.. ..	<i>Adjutant</i>
Campbell, John, Esq. ..	7 Apr. 1854	.. ..	.. ..	<i>Quarter Master</i>
Murphy, Thomas John, M.D.	.. ..	20 Jun 1861	.. ..	<i>Surgeon</i>
Lilbott, Robert Arthur ..	.. ..	30 May 1857	.. ..	<i>Assistant Surgeon (In Medical charge Poona Sanatorium)</i>
Forsyth, Richard Wm Esq. ..	.. ..	30 Sept 1863	.. ..	<i>Assistant Surgeon</i>
attached				
Innoc, William Henry ..	.. ..	30 Sept 1864	.. ..	<i>Staff Asst. Surgeon</i>

96TH REGIMENT OF FOOT

*Facing—Yellow.**Arrived in India 28th November 1865.**[Head Quarters, Poona—Detachment, Nasirvud—Depôt, Colchester.]*

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks.
COLONEL.				
Spencer, Hon. Sir A. A., K.C.B. 676	28 Oct. 1866	Major. 13 Feb 1860	.. ..	Europe.
LIEUTENANT COLONEL.				
Barnard, William Andrew M. 871	29 Nov. 1864	19 June 1860	.. ..
MAJOR.				
Bray, George Frederick Campbell .. N.P.O., <i>Sur., C. Eng.</i>	9 Dec. 1862	.. ..	.. ..	Asst. Adj. Genl. 2nd Div. Abyssinian Field Force
Briggs, James 2. 6	30 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..
CAPTAINS.				
Brovell, Edmund John	7 Oct. 1859	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depôt
Barnard, William Osborne ..	18 Nov. 1859	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, Furlough to 31st Nov. 1867
Kirkwood, James M.	5 Nov. 1861	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depôt
Wright, Charles E.	8 July 1862	.. ..	.. ..
Mosely, Robert Algeo	3 Mar. 1863	.. ..	.. ..
Joselyn, Frederic John	22 Mar. 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Europe Furlough to 25th Mar. 1868
Galwey, St. John D.	11 July 1865	29 Nov. 1864	.. ..
Boyle, Edward	30 Apr. 1866	18 July 1865	.. ..	Attached to Land Transport Corps, Abyssinian Force
Whitty, John	28 Apr. 1866	.. ..	15 Oct. 1864	
Mackie, William George	20 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, Furlough to 5th May 1868
Houghton, Henry	4 Oct. 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Europe M.C.
Church, Arthur George H. ..	31 Oct. 1867	.. ..	.. ..
LIEUTENANTS.				
Laman, Arthur C. G.	18 July 1862	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, Furlough to 8th June 1864
Lambe, Arthur F.	17 Mar. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, Furlough to 9th June 1868
Gould, Louis P.	24 Mar. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depôt
Ginton, Dennis duM.	21 Apr. 1863	.. ..	.. ..	Attached to Land Transport Corps, Abyssinian Force
Powell, Charles Folliott	23 Mar. 1864	.. ..	.. ..	At Regimental Depôt
Gillespie, John	14 June 1864	.. ..	.. ..	Actg. Quarter Master
Lothhouse, Thomas E.	21 Feb. 1865	.. ..	.. ..
Broughton, Aubrey Deves	2 Oct. 1865	.. ..	.. ..	Instructor of Musketry (Surgeon, M.C.)
Newbigging, William	8 June 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Adjutant
Mosenthal, Alfred	8 June 1867	.. ..	.. ..
O'Neal, John Carter	20 July 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Europe, Furlough to 31st Dec 1867
Duward, Edward Law	21 Oct. 1867	.. ..	.. ..	Interpreter

96TH FOOT.—(continued).

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank.	Army Rank.	Local Rank.	Remarks
ENSIGNS				
Diveney, Puhim B ..	21 Feb 1805			
Willoughby, Charles Stuart Percival	12 June 1806	.. ..	.. ..	<i>Asst Inst of Musketry</i>
Dunlop, Tristram James Blair	2 Oct 1806	.. ..	
Harrison, Cecil Edmund Smyth	1 May 1807	13 Feb 1807		
Scott, John ..	8 June 1807			
Hobbs, Thomas Hobbs	9 June 1807			
Phillips, Edward Augustus	10 June 1807			
Hamilton, Edward Chetwood	14 Aug 1807	13 Feb 1807		
SLAFT				
Thompson, William ..	27 July 1807	27 July 1807 Major (Hon)	.. ..	<i>Paymaster (Europe Fur. to 15th May 1807)</i>
Broughton, A. D ..	5 Mar. 1807	2 Oct 1806	.. ..	<i>Instructor of Musketry</i>
Newberrington, W ..	14 Oct 1807	17.6 June 1807	.. ..	<i>Adjutant</i>
Jamieson, James, 674 ..	22 Apr. 1809	28 Aug 1807	.. ..	<i>Quartermaster (En route to Europe, pending retirement)</i>
Mitchell, Hamilton, 173 A ..	.. ..	9 Mar 1807	.. ..	<i>Surgeon</i>
O'Sullivan, Edward ..	.. ..	30 Sept 1804	.. ..	<i>Assistant Surgeon</i>
O'Brien, Eugene Robert, M D	.. ..	30 Sept 1804	.. ..	<i>Assistant Surgeon (In Medical charge Detachment and 2nd Bn 1st Foot, Mysore)</i>

Agent, Messrs. LAY, & Co.

Agents at Bombay, Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.

108TH REGIMENT OF FOOT (MADRAS INFANTRY.)

"CENTRAL INDIA"

Fascings—Pale Yellow.

Transferred from the Madras to the Bombay Establishment from the

{Head Quarters, Belgium—Dépôt Gosport,}

Rank and Name.	Regimental Rank	Army Rank	
COLONEL			
Whitlock, Sir George Cornish, K C B, GSO	10 Sept. 1862	1 g	Europe
LIEUTENANT COLONEL			
Moore, Charles Wilson, GSI ph	2 Nov. 1863		
MAJORS.			
Shuldham, Arthur James, GSI ph sur	1 Jan. 1863	14 Mar. 1863	
Williams, Henry Ernest Thoma- son, GSI ph	2 Nov. 1863		
CAPTAINS			
Lock, Henry, GSI, p 1 .. . n	10 Feb. 1861		At Staff College
Bradford, William Hamilton Kindersley, GSI	1 Jan. 1861		Europe Furlough
McDonald, Herbert Chambers, GSI	30 July 1861	31 Jan. 1862	
Way, Thomas Henry, GSI ph	30 July 1861		Probationer Madras Staff Colly
Gordon, James Rolleston, ph	30 July 1863		At Regimental Depot
Stokes, George Barratt	30 July 1861		
Nicholson, James Stephen, GSI	30 July 1861		
Cavifield, St. George, GSI	30 July 1861		Probationer Madras Staff Colly
Crier, Leslie, GSI	1 Jan. 1861		At Regimental Depot
Pest, Alfred Henry, GSI	2 Nov. 1861		Europe M C.
Hunt, Charles Owen, GSI	17 Jan. 1861		
Shaw, John Hay, GSI .. . ph	18 Jan. 1867		
Wellman, John Edward, GSI	4 Sept. 1861		Commanding Colly San- itarium
LIEUTENANTS			
Worster, William Fraser, GSI	29 Oct. 1860		
Laurie, Arthur Henry, GSI ..	31 Aug. 1860		At Regimental Depot
Tennant, John Trencard, GSI, i m.	20 Apr. 1861		
Tollemaache, Algernon St. J. mour	1 Jan. 1861		
Dyke, Charles James	14 Apr. 1867		Acting Quarter Master
Erskine, Augustus L S	2 Nov. 1861		
Urquhart, Ives M'Lean ..	18 Sept. 1860		At Regimental Depot
Graham, Frederick William, Sur. C Fag ph.	19 Jan. 1867		Assistant Field Engineer Abyssinian Field Force
Taylor, Albert Fitz William, L S	21 Nov. 1861	18 Aug. 1861	Probationer Madras Staff Colly
Justice, Philip	30 Nov. 1860		Instructor of Musketry Europe M. C.
Bonsard, Sydneyham	16 Dec.		

108TH FOOT—(continued)

Rank and Name	Regimental Army Rank	Remarks
LIEUTENANTS (contd)		
Munro, Albert	11 Jan 1867	Assistant Instructor of Musketry At Regimental Depot Europe, M. C.
Apthorp, Frederick James .. .	18 Jan, 1867	
Shepherd, Frederick Edward .. .	4 Sept 1867	
Muthus, Vincent Lewis .. .	4 Sept 1867	
INSIGNS		
Neil, Harrison Frane	20 Apr 1867	At Regimental Depot At Regimental Depot
Spencer	30 Mar 1866	
Crawford, Henry	18 Oct 1866	
Lloyd, Edward	18 Oct 1866	
Jacobs, Thomas Alexander .. .	11 Jan 1867	At Regimental Depot
Frederick	12 Feb 1867	
Greenaway, Thomas	19 Feb 1867	
Anderson, Edward Brooke .. .	20 Apr 1867	
Wells, Frederick Osborne .. .	20 Apr 1867	
Joyell	24 Aug 1867	
Gompertz, Bowers John .. .		
Montague		
STAFF		
Mitchell, Richard Hambro .. .	17 Sept 1863	Paymaster Instructor of Musketry Adjutant Quartermaster (Europe, M. C.) Surgeon
Justice, P.	5 Feb 1864 // 30 Nov 60	
Hammond, Henry	14 Jan 1866	
Caldes, William Menzies, 660 .. .	13 Feb 1866	
O'Donnell, Thomas McDonough .. .	17 Nov 1863	Assistant Surgeon Assistant Surgeon
Johnson, Francis, M. D. .. .	2 May 1866	

CADRE OF OFFICERS 1ST EUROPEAN REGT. (FUSILIERS)

Raised 23rd September 1818.

Appoint.	Name.	Rank in the		Furl. hols.	Remarks.
		Regiment	Army.		
MAJORS.					
1839	Kempt, Francis Seton	16 July 1864	1 c. 8 July 65	0	103rd Foot
1840	Anderson, Wm. Cousmaker ..	18 Mar 1867	7 c. 8 Aug. 65	2	Lieut. Col in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS					
1810	Daly, Hen. O R	25 Dec 1834	col 24 July 61	2	Lt Col in Staff Corps
1810	Hayne, George Edward .. .	4 Aug 1835	1 c. 11 Dec 61	0	Major 103rd Foot
1842	Phillips, Frederick .. .	11 Dec 1855	m. 11 June 62	2	Major in Staff Corps
1812	Miller, Henry Wendell .. .	27 Nov 1856	m. 9 Dec 62	2	Major in Staff Corps
1843	Munkarinn, Wm. George ..	18 May 1860	m. 1 Mar 65	2	Major in Staff Corps
1845	Gray, William	3 Nov 1859	m. 4 Nov 69	2	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Taylor, Robert Alexander ..	17 Jan 1862	m. 7 Mar 66	2	103rd Foot
1846	Lun, Edward Augustine .. .	17 Jan 1862	m. 12 June 66	2	103rd Foot
1846	Diabon, Herbert Fred .. .	12 Oct 1862	m. 13 June 66	2	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Knight, Frederick Wm .. .	11 June 1861	m. 3 Apr 67	2	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Boja, George Forbes .. .	16 July 1864	1 c. 7 b. 1861	2	Staff Corps
1848	Denis, David, John .. .	28 Sept 1865	30 July 1862	2	103rd Foot
1848	Brandt, Edward	9 Jan 1866	30 July 1862	0	103rd Foot
1849	Glasford, O Lament Hobbs-son	18 Mar 1867	20 Feb. 1861	2	Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS.					
1848	Nichollet, Gilbert	31 Dec 1855	c. 18 Feb. 61	2	Captain in Staff Corps
1849	Williams, William	23 Nov 1856	c. 30 July 62	2	Captain, 103rd Foot
1849	Hutch, William	23 Nov 1856	c. 29 Dec. 61	2	Captain in Staff Corps
1852	Smith, Connors William ..	23 Nov 1856	c. 30 July 62	2	Captain in Staff Corps
1853	Garth, John Samuel .. .	20 Nov 1857	c. 30 July 62	2	Captain, 103rd Foot
1857	Treavor, Ed. Wallis .. .	18 May 1858	c. 30 July 62	2	Captain in Staff Corps
1857	Bay, Thomas Stanley .. .	1 Sept 1858	c. 22 Mar 64	2	Captain, 103rd Foot
1857	Hopkins, Hon. Henry Miles	17 Jan 1859	c. 14 June 64	2	Captain 103rd Foot
1857	Amstutz, Robert	4 Nov 1859	c. 1 June 67	2	103rd Foot
1857	Riches, Frederick	1 Oct 1860	.. ..	2	103rd Foot
1857	Bridges, Geo Henry .. .	1 Jan 1862	.. ..	2	103rd Foot
1857	Hutch, George Edward .. .	1 Jan 1862	.. ..	2	Staff Corps
1857	Boyle, George John .. .	28 Feb 1862	.. ..	2	103rd Foot
1858	Davidson, Wyndham Henry	1 Feb 1861	c. 30 July 1862	2	103rd Foot
1859	Nutt, Henry Lanthier .. .	18 May 1863	c. 30 July 1862	2	103rd Foot

CADRE OF OFFICERS 2ND EUROPEAN REGT. LIGHT INFANTRY

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Rank in the		Furl. Rules.	Remarks.
		Regiment.	Army.		
MAJORS.					
1840	Shemell, Henry	10 July 1804	10 31 Aug. 60	M	Lt. Col. in Staff Corps
1840	Tyacke, Henry Philip ..	12 Sept. 1806	10 29 May 60	O	Lt. Col. 106th Foot
CAPTAINS.					
1812	Aitchison, Chas. Torrington.	10 Jan. 1855	10 16 Jan. 61	M	Major in Staff Corps
1842	Thompson, Charles	8 July 1855	10 18 June 62	M	Major in Staff Corps
1813	Westropp, James Edm'd.	21 Nov. 1851	10 1 Feb. 61	M	Major in Staff Corps
1813	Wittaker, Benjamin Robt.	4 July 1857	10 5 Sept. 63	M	Major in Staff Corps
1811	Hassard, Robert DeCy ..	12 Oct. 1857	10 1 Jan. 64	M	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Laughton, Geo. Arnold ..	3 July 1859	10 3 July 66	M	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Scott, Stanley	25 Feb. 1860	10 11 Dec. 66	M	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Hutchison, David	19 Dec. 1860	10 17 Feb. 67	M	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Ferguson, Alexander ..	1 Jan. 1862	10 10 Aug. 67	M	Major in Staff Corps
1849	Gillespie, Robert Rollo ..	10 July 1861	10 1 July 1863	M	106th Foot
1850	Gavin, James Arthur ..	4 Dec. 1861	10 Dec. 1862	M	Staff Corps
1851	Utterson, Alfred	2 Feb. 1866	12 Dec. 1861	M	Staff Corps
1852	Gillespie, William Augustus	12 Sept. 1861	13 June 1863	M	Staff Corps
1853	Gardyne, Evan Bruce ..	24 Apr. 1867	10 July 1862	O	106th Foot
LIEUTENANTS.					
1853	Robertson, Elliot La'rie ..	29 Nov. 1856	10 July 61	O	Captain, 106th Foot
1855	Phillips, Aug. Marshall ..	27 Dec. 1856	8 June 67	M	Captain in Staff Corps
1853	Wardle, Francis	8 Feb. 1857	10 July 62	M	Captain, 106th Foot
1854	Woodcock, Lilian Hugh Martin	23 May 1857	.. ..	M	Staff Corps
1856	Edwards, H. Bennett, Junr ph	10 Aug. 1857	.. ..	M	1st Wm. Subaltern 27th N. I. (Europe M. C.)
1856	Sherrill, Arthur May	2 Sept. 1857	.. ..	M	Staff Corps
1856	Deat, Alfred William ..	12 Oct. 1857	10 July 62	M	Captain, 106th Foot
1857	Burnett, Francis Redfern ..	3 July 1857	29 May 64	M	Captain, 106th Foot
1857	MacKenzie, George	2 Feb. 1860	.. ..	M	Staff Corps
1857	Ston, William Samuel ..	2 June 1860	.. ..	M	Staff Corps
1857	Gordon, Wm. George Balcer	27 Oct. 1860	.. ..	M	10th Foot
1857	Caldwell, Cathbert	19 Dec. 1860	10 Oct. 66	M	Captain, 106th Foot
1858	Davis, Arthur Henry .. ph	26 Mar. 1861	.. ..	M	Wm. Subaltern 7th N. I.
1858	Gastrell, John Henry ..	1 Jan. 1862	.. ..	M	106th Foot
1859	Elliot, Mowbray Lettson ..	1 Jan. 1862	.. ..	M	106th Foot

CADRE OF OFFICERS 3RD EUROPEAN REGIMENT

Raised 15th November 1854.

Season of Appointment	Name.	Rank in the		Furl Rules	Remarks.
		Regiment	Army.		
MAJORS					
1840	Pruitt, George Frederick ..	10 July 1841	10 Dec 60	N	Lt Col in Staff Corps
1840	Campbell, Edmund ..	10 July 1841	23 Feb 60	N	Lt Col in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS					
1840	Hodgson Henry Burdon ..	13 Nov 1841	29 Sept 61	N	Lt Col in Staff Corps
1841	Wrentham, Wm L. C. B. ..	23 Nov 1841	11 Nov 62	N	Lt Col in Staff Corps
1841	Theridax, Alfred Thomas ..	23 Nov 1841	13 July 62	N	Lt Col in Staff Corps
1841	Schumacher Frederick ..	30 July 1842	10 Dec 47	N	Lt Col in Staff Corps
1841	Robinson, Hugh George ..	1 Sept 1840	31 Jan 61	N	Major in Staff Corps
1841	Murdonald, John Alexander Mathew ..	30 July 1840	12 Oct 60	N	Major in Staff Corps
1841	Wiles, John ..	13 April 1841	3 Feb 61	N	Major in Staff Corps
1840	Thorp, Samuel Joseph ..	11 May 1841	3 Mar 61	N	Major in Staff Corps
1841	Davis, Arthur Palmer ..	1 Jan 1841	19 Feb 1861	N	Staff Corps
1841	Hargreave, Robt ..	1 Jan 1841	19 Jan 61	N	Staff Corps
1849	Park, William Atherton, 701 st ..	10 July 1841	11 Dec 1861	N	Wing Officer 23rd N. L.
1841	Doune, Fred. Clench, ..	10 July 1841	10 July 1862	N	100th Foot
1841	Macintosh, James Luton ..	2 May 1841	30 July 1862	N	100th Foot
1854	Louis, Sir John, Bart, 701 st ..	2 Nov 1841	..	N	Attache to Gth N. L.
LIEUTENANTS					
1841	Boose, Edward Charles ..	20 July 1841	7 Mar 47	N	Captain in Staff Corps
1841	Verpoort, William Henry ..	4 Oct 1841	7 Dec 67	N	Captain in Staff Corps
1841	Leeman, Thomas ..	20 July 1841	..	N	Staff Corps
1841	Wright, Dennis ..	2 Jan 1841	8 July 62	N	Captain, 100th Foot
1841	Wendover, Patrick John Francis ..	2 Jan 1841	..	N	Quartermaster, 7th N.L.
1841	Sandwith, William T. ..	10 June 1841	..	N	Staff Corps
1841	Coaghan, Charles Hay ..	20 Nov 1841	13 Oct 14	N	Captain 100th Foot
1841	Lybbe, Charles Pulleney ..	8 Oct 1841	27 Nov 65	N	Captain 100th Foot
1841	Murray, Patrick ..	8 Feb 1841	21 Nov 67	N	Captain, 100th Foot

1ST REGIMENT LIGHT CAVALRY

Raised 5th November 1817

"AIFZHANISHI"—"PUSPAUR"—"MOOI RAN"—"CENTRAL INDIA."

Jackets—Grey, Tackings—White.

DESPA. SQUADRON, RAJKOTL.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Season of Appointment	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment	Remarks
1937	Leut Col W Ashburner, 86 .. ph	Staff Corps	18 Jun 69	1 Aug 02	Commandant
1848	Captain O A Toth ph	Staff Corps	4 Apr 60	14 June 6	Second in Command
28 4	Captain F G Jenkins, 288 .. ph	Staff Corps	20 Sept 60	14 June 6	Second Squadron Officer
1844	Captain H W. Harris, 284 .. ph	Staff Corps	4 Apr 60	8 May 60	Third Squadron Officer
1848	Leutenant A Smith ph	2nd Cavalry	21 Dec 60	1 Jan 64	Adjutant
1861	Leutenant M W Stevens .. ph	General List	16 July 64	9 May 6	Second Subaltern (Surgeon, M (from 10th Aug 1866)
18 ..	Leutenant A R Heyland .. ph	Staff Corps	8 Mar 61	13 Oct 6	Squadron Subaltern
1860	Captain S W O Stevens, 22 .. ph	2nd Cavalry	1 Sept 61	17 1 1	Attached
1862	Surgeon L L P Martin M	Med. Det	14 Dec 61	26 Nov 01	In Medical Charge

CADRL.

Season of Appointment	Names	Rank in the Regiment	Army	Full Rates	Remarks
MAJORS					
1842	Arthur, Edmd Penfold	30 July 186	10 May 61	Staff Corps	
CAPTAINS					
1944	Dennis, John Hy Blomfield	28 May 1847	2 Dec 60	Major in Staff Corps	
444	Toth, Frank Adam Little ..	13 May 1857	18 Jan 67	Major in Staff Corps	
444	Toth, Charles Adam	4 April 1861		Staff Corps	
441	Stuck, Chas Edward, 701 ph	30 July 1862	20 May 1861	Attached to 2nd Cavalry	
441	Anderman, Charles John ..	30 July 1862	20 May 1861	Staff Corps	
441	Mayne, Ashton George	30 July 1862	20 Sept 1866	Staff Corps	
864	Jenkins, Edward Gordon ..	12 Oct 1864	20 Sep 1866	Staff Corps	

LIEUTENANTS.

1850	Hill, Charles Willoughby, 701	29 May 1857		Attached to 2nd and 3rd Horse
1857	Liskine, Geo. Liphinstone, 706	4 April 1860		Adjutant, Settlement Officer, Hyderabad, Oude (O.R. Agent to the Financial Commissioner)
1855	Mayne, Robert Graham	20 Nov 2		Adj. Comdt Governor's Body Guard

Notes.—The effective Establishment of a Native Cavalry Regiment consists of 6 Troops, and of 1 Commandant, 1 Second in Command, 1 Second Squadron Officer, 1 Third Squadron Officer, 1 Adjutant, 2 Doing Duty Officers, 1 Medical Officer, 1 Revenue Major, 2 Revenue Riders, 1 Woods Major, 3 Revenue Riders, 8 Amb Revenue Riders, 6 Jemadaris, 1 Kote Duffadar Major, 1 Furrier Major, 6 Kote Duffadars, 30 Duffadars, 6 Ashra Bards, 6 Tambourines, 30 Rifles, and 400 Sowars. Total 400 Annamese.

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

2ND REGIMENT LIGHT CAVALRY

Raised 25th November 1817

"CENTRAL INDIA"

Fascia—White, Jacket—Grey.

NEEMUCH. SQUADRON, AUSSILLERABAD

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Season of Appointment	Rank and Name.	Corps	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment	Remarks
1840	Lieut. Col L. M. Mac Gregor, 210 ^{ph}	2nd Cavalry	1. Apr 60	11 July 60	Commandant (in M. C. in 20th March 1867)
1841	Major J. Dunn, 711 ph	2nd Cavalry	10 June 61	1 Jan 64	2nd in Command (Officer in Command)
1846	Captain H. P. Sykes ph	2nd Cavalry	2. Dec 60	1 Jan 61	Second Squadron Officer (Off. Second in Command)
1847	Captain W. I. Lacey, 711 ph	2nd Cavalry	11 Apr 61	12 Dec 62	Officer in the Second Squadron
1848	Captain H. Phillips, 271 ph	Staff Corps	10 Sept 61	1 Jan 64	1st Squadron Officer
1849	Lieutenant J. L. G. ph	General List	10 June 61	1 Jan 64	Adjutant
1849	Lieutenant W. S. Peat ph	General List	6 Feb 61	1 Jan 64	Squadron Subaltern
1849	Lieutenant W. G. G. ph	General List	16 Sept 60	...	Squadron Subaltern
1849	Lieutenant S. Bruce, 714 ph	Med. Det	8 May 60	8 Oct 62	1st Medical Company

CADRE.

Rank in the		
Regiment	Army	Field Reg.

MAJOR

1846	MacGregor, Evan Murray ph	10	10 Apr 60	Commanding 2nd Cavalry (Europe, M. C.)
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CAPTAINS

1844	MacGregor, James, 711 ph	23 Oct. 1857	10 June 60	2nd in Command 2nd Cavalry (Off. Commandant)
1847	Pargubhai, J. Casamajor, 711 ph	22 June 1857	3 Dec. 61	Europe, M. C.
1848	Sykes, Henry Peter ph	25 Dec 1860		Second Squadron Officer 2nd Cavalry (Officiating 2nd in Command)
1849	Le Geyt, Walker Elliot, 711 ph	11 Apr 1860		Off. 2nd Squadron Officer 2nd Cavalry
1849	Macnaghten, Arthur Wm ph	1 Jan 1860		Second Squadron Officer 2nd Cavalry
1850	Stevenson, Rodrick George Thomas, 714	8 Dec 1862		2nd Squadron Officer Poona Horse
1850	Moore, Charles Alfred, 714 ph	6 May 1860		Off. 3rd Squad. Officer 3rd Cavalry

LIEUTENANTS.

1857	Grant, Charles ph	16 Dec 1856		Off. 2nd Squad Officer 3rd Cavalry
1858	Owen, Henry H. Drake Drury ph	22 June 1858		1st Squadron Officer Poona Horse (Europe, M. C.)
1858	Hogg, George Crawford	10 Oct. 1860		Adjutant Poona Horse
1858	Carr, Algonson ph	2. Dec. 1860		Adjutant 1st Cavalry

3RD REGIMENT LIGHT CAVALRY

Raised 4th May 1820.

"CABOOL, 1842"—"HINDRABAD"—"PERHIA"—"RUSHIEL"—"KHOOSKAR"—

"BUSHIRE"—"CENTRAL INDIA"

Talangs—White, Jackal—Grey.

ABYSSINIA

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Rank and Name.	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment
1816|Lieut Colonel J C Grew, 21	Bombay Cav 27 Nov 62	1 Jan 68 Commandant
184|Lieut Colonel I A F Joch 1	Staff Corps 18 Jan 67	1 Oct 67 2nd in Command
1854|Captain A W Macnaghten	ph 2nd Cavalry 1 Jan 67	1 Feb 67 2nd Squadron Officer
1857|Lieutenant C Groat	ph 2nd Cavalry 16 Dec 61	1 Dec 61 2nd Squadron Officer
1850|Captain, C. A Moore, "15	2nd Cavalry, 6 May 64	4 Apr 66 2nd Squadron Officer
1861|Lieutenant J T Wall n 15	ph General List 30 Oct 62	5 May 63 1st Squadron Adjutant
1861|Lieutenant H D McNeill	ph General List 30 July 62	2 July 64 2nd Squadron Subaltern (Sur, M C from 1st 1864)
1861|Lieutenant J P Gordon	ph General List 27 Nov 63	4 Apr 64 1st Squadron Subaltern
1851|Captain F Stark 704	ph 1st Cavalry 30 July 62	2 Aug 67 Attached
1861|Lieutenant C A Owen	ph General List 2 Oct 62	2 Nov 67 Attached
1860|1st Surg C F McDowall	810 Med 1st 1 Aug 67	4 Aug 67 1st Medical Company
1866|1st Surg J Simpson, M B	1st Med 1st 1 Oct 66	2 Sept 66 Attached

CADRE.

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Rank in the		Remarks.
		Regiment	Army	
MAJOR.				
1837	Ashburner, William	24 May 1800	10 Jan 69	Lieut Colonel in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS.				
1830	Moore, Ross Half m	19 May 1801	10 Feb 69	Lieut Colonel in Staff Corps
1843	Oldfield, Francis John	3 Oct 1806	18 Dec 69	Asst Political Agent Kalyan and Southern Maratha Country
LIEUTENANTS.				
1848	Stokes, W Henry 1st ph m 12	1 July 1861	..	6 June 61 M C
1850	Stevens, Stephen William	5 Sep 1861	..	6 Oct 61 Attached to 1st Cavalry
1850	Moore Arthur Thomas	24 Nov 1864	21 July 1872	Staff Corps
1851	Le Gent, Philip Harrison	24 May 1866	20 Feb 1881	Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS.				
1863	Spence, Arundel Thomas	29 Nov 1864	20 Mar 65	Captain in Staff Corps
1863	Currie, Albert Purcell, 723	16 Sept 1865	..	8 February 65 M C
1863	Daniell, Henry Smith, 724	2 Nov 1869	..	1st Asst Supdt of Police, Khandish (Acting, Supdt, Kan)
1863	Stepford, Wm Henry James,	25 July 1860	..	Acting Adjutant Kolapore Local Inf and ex officio Assistant to the P B at Kolapore and Southern Maratha Country

POONA HORSE

"GHUZNEI"—"AFFGHANISTAN"—"CHANDAN"—"MPPAN"—"HYDRABAD"
—"PERSIA"—"RICHTR"—"KHOOSAN"—"RUSSIA."

Uniforms—Red, Jacket—Dark Green, Laces—Gold.

4) ROOF

DETACHMENTS, SHOLAPUR AND KHANDEISH

Under orders for 12 Cavalry.

Season of Appointment	Rank and Name	Office	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment	Remarks
1861	Lieut Col R M Westropp	11	10 July 61	1 Feb 60	Commandant
1861	Captain C D Lefebvre	12	1 June 61	2 Jan 58	2nd in Command
1861	Captain R G J Stevenson	13	21 July 61	1 Feb 67	Second Squadron Officer
1861	Lieutenant H. H. D. Owen	14	22 June 61	17 Nov 64	3rd Squadron Officer (Till 1 Nov 25th July 1867)
1861	Lieutenant C. Hogg	15	16 Oct 61	1 Jan 61	Adjutant
1861	Lieutenant J. Phillips	16	2 July 61	23 May 61	Squad Subaltern and Offg. 3rd Squadron Officer
1861	Lieutenant M. F. Lane	17	30 July 61	1 Aug 61	Squad Subaltern
1861	Asst Surg. D. Simpson, A. M. D.	18	10 Feb 61	10 Feb 61	In Medical Charge

1ST REGIMENT SIND HORSE

"GHUZNEI"—"MPPAN"—"HYDRABAD"—"PUNJAB"—"MOOLIAN"—"GOOFRAT"—
—"PERSIA"—"CHINA"—"INDIA"

Jackets—Dark Green

JACONABAD			(from 5th Feb 67)		
1846	Major G W Macintyre	140	12 June 61	27 Apr 50	Commandant (Till 11 Oct 61)
1846	Captain C. H. Harrison	11	20 Mar 61	25 Jan 66	2nd in Command (Offg. Commandant)
1846	Lieutenant M. M. Crispin	12	2 June 61	15 Nov 57	Offg. 2nd in Command
1846	Lieutenant I. S. Haynolds	13	1 Jan 61	1 Apr 66	Second Squadron Officer
1861	Lieutenant G. J. Coulson	14	1 Mar 61	30 Oct 61	3rd Squadron Officer
1861	Lieutenant C. H. Myers	15	7 Dec 61	31 Aug 61	Adjutant
1861	Asst Surg. H. K. L. McDougall, M. D.	16	28 May 61	21 June 61	In Medical Charge

2ND REGIMENT SIND HORSE

"GHUZNEI"—"MPPAN"—"HYDRABAD"—"PUNJAB"—"MOOLIAN"—"GOOFRAT."

Jackets—Dark Green.

JACONABAD.

1844	Lieut Colonel J. H. B. Dennis	159	Staff Corps	23 Dec 61	5 June 61	Commandant
1844	Major W. A. Dick	165	Staff Corps	20 July 58	1 Jan 61	2nd in Command
1861	Captain J. T. Forbes	206	Staff Corps	4 Jan 61	1 Apr 66	2nd Squadron Officer (Offg. Major and F.F.I.)
1861	Lieutenant A. M. Hogg	11	Staff Corps	14 June 61	28 Aug 66	3rd Squadron Officer (Offg. 2nd Squadron Officer and Adj.)
1861	Lieutenant M. M. Crispin	12	Staff Corps	2 June 58	8 July 66	Adj. (Offg. 2nd in Command)
1861	Lieutenant C. W. Hill	13	1st Cavalry	29 May 61	12 Oct 66	Attached
1861	Asst Surg. P. W. Cockrell	14	Med. Sub	23 July 61	11 Apr 67	In Medical Charge

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

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3RD REGIMENT SIND HORSE

Raised 4th November 1857, G. G. O. 1035.

"CENTRAL INDIA."

Jackot—Dark Green.

ABYSSINIA.

Person Appd.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank.	Date of Appointment.
1845	Major W. J. Bridges, 121 ..	Staff Corps	1 July 63	1 Dec. 57 Commandant
1849	Captain W. Dickinson, 222 ..	Staff Corps	14 Feb. 61	9 Apr. 59 2nd in Command
1857	Lieut. Col. V. Malden, 331 ..	Staff Corps	16 Jan. 51	8 July 48 Second Squadron Officer
1861	Lieut. Col. J. McNeill ..	Staff Corps	2 Oct. 41	23 May 36 Third Squadron Officer
40	Lieut. Col. W. Reynolds ..	Staff Corps	18 Dec. 60	11 Oct. 55 Adjutant
40	Lieut. Col. W. S. A. Lechmere ..	11 Bn. Co.	10 June 60	9 Dec. 57 Squadron Subaltern
1861	Lieut. Col. W. J. Murphy ..	1st Art.	25 June 61	15 Nov. 57 Squadron Sub.
	Lieut. Col. B. A. Comd ..	1st Hussars	6 May 61	9 Dec. 57 Squadron Subaltern
	Surgeon B. Howland ..	Med. 1st Bn.	31 Mar. 1861	11 Apr. 57 In Medical Charge
	Surg. M. A. Macdonald, M.B.	Med. 1st Bn.	1 Apr. 67	1 Nov. 67 Attached

NATIVE ARTILLERY.

No 1 Company—"PUNJAB"—"MORILLAB."

No. 1 COMPANY IN-BRIGADE TO ABYSSINIA
 No. 2 COMPANY RAJPOOT
 No. 3 COMPANY ALBA.

Rank and Name	Corps	Date of Army Rank.	Remarks.
Captain (Major) P. D. Wicket	Royal Art.	13 Dec. 61	Commanding No. 1 Comp.
2nd Captain J. H. Baker	Royal Art.	15 Dec. 61	Commanding No. 2 Comp.
2nd Captain W. W. Benson	Royal Art.	24 Mar. 61	Commanding No. 3 Comp.
Lieutenant H. C. Seton	Royal Art.	8 Jan. 60	With No. 1 Company
Asst. Surgeon P. S. Turnbull	Med. 1st Bn.	1 Oct. 60	In Med. Charge No. 1 Comp.

MOUNTAIN TRAINS.

Khandeish Attached to No. 1 Company Native Artillery, Malligum
 Gootam Attached to No. 2 Company Native Artillery, Bhopal
 Sind Frontic Attached to 3rd Regiment Native Infantry, Jacobabad

NOTE—The Effective Establishment of a Company of Native Artillery consists of 1 Subedar, 2 Jemadar, 6 Havildars, 6 Naikes, 2 Buglers, 70 Privates, 1 Boy, 2 Bhutias. Total 90.

CORPS OF SAPPERS AND MINERS

HEAD QUARTERS, ABYSSINIA

Cloth—White, Fittings—Dark Blue

"PUNJAB"—"MOGUL"—"GOOSEY"—"PERSIA"—"RESERVE"

"KHOOHAN"—"BUSHIR"—"CENTRAL INDIA"

1st COMPANY, ABYSSINIA
2nd COMPANY, ABYSSINIA
3rd COMPANY, ABYSSINIA4th COMPANY, ABYSSINIA.
5th COMPANY, KIRATI

Service of Ayton	Rank and Name	Corps	Date of Entry Rank	Date of Ap- pointment	Remarks
18	Capt A R MacDonnell	Royal Engineers	1 Apr 01	3 Oct 1897	Commanding
18	Lieut G L C Mowbray	Royal Engineers	27 Aug 8	7 Oct 1897	Adjutant
185	Capt F I M Newell	Staff Corps	20 Dec 1873	Mar 18	Commanding No 3 Comp
16	Captain C B J. Jones	Staff Corps	4 Apr 01	14 Sept 1900	Commanding No 1 Comp
18	Lieut C I Newell	Staff Corps	28 Nov 8	23 Aug 1900	Commanding No 1 Comp
19	Lieut F S. Leitch	General List	1 Jan 01	5 May 1904	Commanding No 4 Comp.
19	Asst Surg R C M. Collins	Medical	20 Feb 01	17 Oct 1897	In Medical Charge

NOTE.—The Effective Establishment of the Corps of Sappers and Miners consists of 5 Companies with 1 Commandant, 3 Officers Commanding Companies, 1 Adjutant, 1 Sergeant Major, 1 Quarter Master Sergeant, 4 Sergeants, 4 First Corporals, 4 Second Corporals, 1 Subedar Major, 1 Subedar, 1 Junior 5 Staff Havildars, 15 Havildars, 1 Bugle Major, 9 Buglers, 40 Naikes, and 500 Privates.

1ST REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY (GRENADIERS)

Raised 1st June 1796

"MANGATORS" — "HYDRABAD" — 2ND DECEMBER 1805

BRIGADIER Arrived 6th December 1900

Facings—White.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Season of Appointment	Rank and Name	Corps	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment	Remarks.
1830	Lieut Col R M Johnstone, 71st	Staff Corps	11 Dec 1802	1 Jan 1802	Commandant
1813	Majr W Walker 149	ph Staff Corps	9 Dec 1803	1 Jan 1804	Second in Command
1840	Captain R. I. Williams 211	ph Staff Corps	2 June 1830	1 Jan 1864	Wing Officer,
1840	Lieutenant W I Hallett	ph Staff Corps	18 Sept 1830	1 Jan 1864	Adjutant
1837	Lieutenant J Affleck	ph Staff Corps	31 Mar 1835	9 Jan 1840	Quarter Master
1861	Lieutenant C I Hughes	ph Staff Corps	31 Jan 1863	1 Jan 1864	Wing Subaltern
1859	Lieut L Mochles ..	ph General List	1 Jan 1860	1 July 1900	Wing Subaltern (Acting Agent to the Pol Resident Adm and on special duty Abyssinia)
1855	Captain H M Fullerton	Staff Corps	20 Feb 1847	15 Feb 1867	Attached
1844	Surgeon Major H Pittman	ph Med List	17 Jan 1844	27 Sept 1860	In Medical Charge.

(ADRL.

Season of Appointment	Name	Rank in the Regiment	Army	Full Rate	Remarks.
MAJOR					
1840	Sandesh, John Pittman	13 Feb 1807	11 Dec 63	n	Lt Colonel in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS					
1840	Pitt William	20 Nov 1834	13 Dec 66	n	Lt Colonel in Staff Corps
1842	Fandesh, W Rathborne	21 Feb 1856	9 Dec 63	n	Major in Staff Corps
1843	Waller, William	15 Oct 18 6, m	9 Dec 63	n	Major in Staff Corps
1840	Gordon, James	4 Jan 1842	11 Jan 60	n	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Fandesh, Charles Matthew	22 Feb 1864	23 Dec 67	n	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Barton, Lionel Chase	2 June 1865	18 Feb 1861	n	Staff Corps
1848	Gordon, John	19 Feb 1867	18 Feb 1861	n	Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS					
1830	Walsh, Elton Prendergast	15 Oct 1836	20 Jan 65	n	Captain in Staff Corps
1834	Guthrie, Charles Matthew	23 Nov 1830	8 June 60	n	Captain in Staff Corps
1853	Fullerton, Henry Montagu	23 Nov 1846	20 Feb 67	n	Captain in Staff Corps
1850	Hallett, Walter Leckie	8 Sept 1837	.. ..	n	Staff Corps
1857	Affleck, James	31 Mar 1854	.. ..	n	Staff Corps

NOTE.—The Effective Establishment of a Native Infantry Regiment consists of Eight Companies with 1 Commandant, 1 Second in Command, 1 Wing Officer, 1 Adjutant, 1 Quarter Master, 2 Doing duty Officers, 1 Medical Officer, 8 Subedars, 8 Jemadars, 40 Havildars, 40 Naiks, 18 Drummers, 600 Sepoys, or 712 of all Ranks (Native) Non-effective Native Staff, 1 Subedar Major, 1 Native Adjutant, 1 Drill Havildar, 1 Drill Naik, 8 Color Havildars, 8 Pay Havildars, 1 Drum Major, 1 File Major

2ND REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY (GRENADIERS)

Raised 1st June 1706.

1ST—"KORGAUM"—"KIRK": "Left Blank Company, "PERSIA,"

AHMEDNIA

Dj 61—Ahmednabad.

Faango—White.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Rank and Name	Corps	Date of Army Rank	Date Appoi
1840 Colonel J W Schneider, 14th M G	Bomb Inf	1 Jan 67	30 Jan 62
1841 Lieut Col St J O'N. Muter, 11th M G	Staff Corps	18 Mar 67	20 Nov 67
1840 Major J L Shppard 14	Staff Corps	1 July 67	27 Mar 67
187 Captain S De B. Lawrence, 11th M G	2nd N J	28 Aug 67	12 Oct 67
1800 Lieutenant C M Rives	General List	12 Aug 67	8 May 67
1834 Captain J M R. yd	Staff Corps	9 Oct 66	8 Apr 67
1800 Lieutenant H J Bulkeley	Staff Corps	30 July 67	1 Jan 67
1875 Lieutenant J G McRae 11th M G	Staff Corps	30 Apr 67	20 Nov 67
1840 Lieutenant J J. Outhorp	1st Med Lt	1 Jan 67	9 Nov 67
1801 Lieutenant J J. Fisher	1st Med Lt	29 Sept 67	9 Nov 67
1856 Asst Surgeon J P Burrows	Med Lt	20 Feb 67	17 Oct 67
1860 Asst Surgeon W Nolan, 11th M G	Med Lt	1 Oct 66	17 Oct 67
		Comdt (Bayer Genl Comd) Bn. Ahmednabad	
		Offg Lt	
		2nd in Comd	
		Wing Officer	
		Adjut int	
		Offg Quarter Master	
		Wing Subalt in (1st M G)	
		from 30th Apr 1872	
		Wing Subalt in	
		Wing Subalt in	
		Wing Subalt in	
		In Medical Charge	
		Attached	

CADRL.

		Regiment	Army.	Remarks.
MAJOR				
1841	Muter, St John O'Neill	10 July 1861	10 Mar 67	Major in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS				
1848	Black, James	31 Aug 1857	20 Jan 67	Major in Staff Corps
1844	Lowe, Samuel (rozier)	30 Oct 1859	28 Dec 61	Major in Staff Corps
1840	Lowe, William Charles	30 July 1861	11 June 67	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Wallace, Rowland Robt.	26 Apr 1861	11 June 67	Major in Staff Corps
1860	Blau, Charles Henry	18 July 1864	.. ..	Asst to the Governor General's Agent, Bhopoona, 14th Dec 1865 and Asst Genl Supt of Bhugoo and Duroty
1857	Edwards, Stanley De Baugh	23 Aug 1861	.. ..	Wing Officer
LIEUTENANTS.				
1857	Egan, George Henry Wm	31 May 1860	.. ..	Quarter Master 3th N. I

3RD REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 1st June 1796.

SIDDASHER—"SARINGAPATAN"—"BENT-BOO-AIT"—"PUNJAB"—"MOOLMAN"—

"GOOJHAI" Light Company, "PRASIA."

ADJUTANT

D post—Mulligann

Facing—Sky Blue.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Season of Appointment	Rank and Name.	Corps	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment	Remarks.
1840	Lieut. Col. E. Campbell, 78 .. ph	Staff Corps	24 Feb. 60	13 Dec. 60	Commandant
1844	Major W. T. Boyen, 147 n	Staff Corps	28 May 64	13 Dec. 66	Second in Command
1848	Captain I. T. Chapman n & c	Staff Corps	18 Feb. 61	1 Jan. 64	Wing Officer (Europe, V. C. from 27th April 1860)
1851	Captain J. R. Strutt n	Staff Corps	20 Dec. 61	27 June 68	OR, Wing Officer
1853	Captain G. H. Kennedy, 292 .. ph	Staff Corps	20 Feb. 67	31 Sept. 67	Adjutant
1857	Lieutenant W. H. Yates ph	Staff Corps	20 Aug. 60	26 Mar. 67	Quarter Master
1857	Lieutenant P. H. Tyrell n & c	Staff Corps	11 Jan. 61	9 Nov. 67	Wing Subaltern
1857	Lieutenant I. R. Lubbock n & c	Staff Corps	1 Jan. 62	9 Nov. 67	Wing Subaltern
1860	Lieutenant J. A. Howlandson n	General List	30 July 62	4 July 67	Wing Subaltern and Station Staff Officer, India
1860	Ensign J. T. Parsons n & c	2nd Foot	21 Sept. 62	9 Nov. 67	Wing Subaltern
1860	Asst. Surgeon R. A. Alleyne n	Med. Bds	20 Jan. 60	14 Feb. 67	In Medical Charge
1860	Assistant Surgeon P. H. Briggs n	Med. Bds	1 Apr. 67	1 Nov. 67	Attached

CADRE.

Season of Appointment	Name.	Rank in the		Purt. Rule.	Remarks.
		Regiment	Army		
MAJOR.					
1870	Grant, Ewen	9 Jan. 1866	12 June 67	n	Lieut. Col. in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS.					
1840	Neale, Wm. Augustus	9 Oct. 1852	20 Dec. 60	n	Lieut. Col. in Staff Corps
1843	Dickson, Wm. David	23 Nov. 1846	4 Mar. 67	n	Lieut. Col. in Staff Corps
1840	Bennettman, William	19 Aug. 1861	8 Feb. 68	n	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Mason, William Henry	1 Jan. 1862	11 June 68	n	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Climent, James	12 Aug. 1862	11 June 67	n	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Chapman, Thomas Fr.	16 July 1864	18 Feb. 67	n	Staff Corps
1848	Hobson, Julian Campbell	9 Jan. 1866	28 Feb. 67	n	Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS.					
1851	Strutt, John Rooley	28 Nov. 1856	20 Dec. 67	n	Captain in Staff Corps
1854	Strong, Tho. Edmond	8 Dec. 1868	4 Jun. 68	n	Captain in Staff Corps
1855	Arncliffe, Gerald Bruce	21 Jan. 1860	20 Feb. 67	n	Captain in Staff Corps
1857	Fates, William Russell	26 Aug. 1860	.. ..	n	Staff Corps

4TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY (OR RIFLE CORPS).

Raised 1st June 1796

"SERINGAPATAN"—"DEPR-BOO-AIT"—"BOURBOON"—"PUNJAB"—"MOOLTAN"

—"PERSIA"—"REKHIE"—"KHOOSHAB"—"BUSHIRE"

SHOLAPUR. Dissolved 2nd November 1805

Jacket—Rifle Green, Facings—Red

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Season of Appointment	Rank and Name	Corps	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment	Remarks
1837	Lieut Colonel C M Barrow, 488 n	Staff Corps	19 Jan 63	7 Dec 64	Commandant
1843	Lieut Colonel R H A Wood, 1,7 n	Staff Corps	12 June 68	20 Mar 67	Second in Command
1846	Major R J Castell, 141 . . . ph	Staff Corps	13 June 6	10 May 64	Wing Officer (Offg 2nd in Command)
1847	Major W A Glaspool, 180 . . . ph	Staff Corps	3 Jan 67	27 Nov 67	Offg Wing Officer
1857	Lieutenant W S Selon ph	Staff Corps	2 June 60	5 Nov 64	Adjutant
1859	Lieutenant F F Comyn ph	General List	30 Sept 60	3 Oct 64	Quarter Master (Tur M L from 14th Apr 1867)
1860	Lieutenant W Marshall ph	Staff Corps	1 Jan 62	10 July 67	Wing Subaltern and Offg Quarter Master
1866	Surgeon J Miller, M D, 811	Med Ent	19 Nov 56	26 Sept 56	In Medical Charge

CADRE

Season of Appointment	Name	Rank in the		Full Rank	Remarks.
		Regiment	Army		
MAJOR.					
1848	Wood, H Hastings Affleck	6 Jan 1867	10 21 June 66	x	Major in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS					
1843	Warden, Thomas Smith	10 Dec 1875	at 25 June 63	x	Major in Staff Corps
1845	Graham, Archibald Wm	25 Nov 1856	at 13 June 62	x	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Castell, Richard John	7 Oct 1860	at 13 June 66	x	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Sheppard, John Edwin	30 July 1862	at 4 July 66	x	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Glaspool, William Alfred	3 Oct 1862	at 9 Jan 67	x	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Hall John Durham	30 Oct 1863	at 12 Jan 67	x	Major in Staff Corps
1849	W Sloughby, Mulk Weekes	6 Jan 1867	9 June 1861	x	Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS					
1841	Castell, John Henry	18 Mar 1855	at 20 Jan 63	x	Captain in Staff Corps
1842	Craven, George Bell	10 Dec 1855	at 20 July 64	x	Captain in Staff Corps
1856	Bruce, Arthur Neil	25 Aug 1857	.. ..	x	Staff Corps

6TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 1st June 1798.
 "SYRINGAPATAM."
 AMULDAAD Arrived
 Earnings—Black.

NEW ORGANIZATION

Season of Appointment.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
1885	Colonel R. Richards, (2	Staff Corps	18 Nov 80	21 July 81	Commandant
1841	Lieut. Col. H. T. Briggs, 63. . . ph	Staff Corps	2 July 67	19 Jan 67	Second in Command (Lut. M. from 9 Oct 1867)
1848	Major W. Rice, 164	Staff Corps	30 Aug. 68	6 Nov 67	Off. 2nd in Command
1846	Captain J. J. Elder	Staff Corps	18 Feb 61	19 Jan 67	Wing Officer (Australia M. from 18th Oct 19, 66)
1861	Captain L. H. Stithorpe, 282 .. ph	Staff Corps	20 Jan 63	31 May 67	Off. Wing Officer
1880	Lieutenant F. W. Bean	Staff Corps	24 Nov. 61	23 Oct 60	Adjutant
1857	Lieutenant G. H. W. Fagan .. . ph	2nd Lt N	31 Mar 60	17 Sept 67	Quarter Master
1860	Lieutenant L. B. Reay	General List	30 July 62	23 Dec 61	Wing Subaltern
1856	Captain Sir I. Louis, Bart, 701 .. .	Cad. Inf. ur	27 Nov 65	12 Oct 67	Attached
1865	Surgeon E. F. W. Heathy, 802 .. .	Med. Det.	4 Aug. 67	17 Mar 68	In Medical Charge.

CADRE.

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Regiment	Army	Full Rank	Remarks.
MAJOR.					
1841	Briggs, Howard Tinsaud ..	6 Nov. 1860	6 Nov. 1860	2 July 67	Lieut. Col. in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS.					
1842	Ken, Thomas Darling, 751 ..	28 June 1856	30 Jan 63	0	India, Furlough
1842	Jones, Chas. M. Wallace ..	23 Nov. 1856	11 June 62	0	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Milford, Arthur Charles ..	20 Aug. 1860	4 July 68	0	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Harpur, James	8 Sept 1860	17 Feb 67	0	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Smith, James Annesley ..	30 Sept 1860	10 Dec 67	0	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Pick, John James	30 Sept 1860	18 Feb 1861	0	Staff Corps
1860	Moore, Henry	6 Nov. 1860	15 June 1861	0	Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS.					
1853	Grant, Gregory Colquhoun ..	6 Dec 1856	4 Oct 65	0	Captain in Staff Corps
1857	Reeves, Henry Nicholas ..	24 May 1859	.. ..	0	Staff Corps
1859	Maidin, Percival Donatton ..	1 Mar 1860	.. ..	0	Staff Corps
1858	Stool, Henry John	19 Aug 1860	.. ..	0	Staff Corps
1860	Sturt, Charles Sheppey Esq. M.	8 Sept 1860	.. ..	0	Assistant Engineer and Grade (Aboriginal Transport Corps)

7TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 1st June 1796.

'BREDAKHER'—'SRINGHARAN'—'BRIHMO-AJI.'

ADRN. Attached November 1886

Facings -White.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Rank and Name.	Corp	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
1430 Lieut. Colonel H H S Bowdich, 24pt	Bombay Inf	10 Mar. 64	1 Jun 64	Commandant
1844 Major A F Battye	Staff Corps		12 Feb 67	Second in Command
1851 Captain A. E. Wilson, 242	Staff Corps			Wing Officer
1854 Lieutenant L Cunningham ..	Staff Corps	23 Nov 56	25 Dec 65	Adjutant
1957 Lieutenant S B Miles	Staff Corps	2 Jun 61	5 Feb 64	Quarter Master
1858 Lieutenant J Brown	Staff Corps	2 Nov 57	1 Jan 64	Wm. Subaltern
1858 Lieutenant A H Davis	Ord. and L.I.	20 Mar 61	15 Nov 67	Wm. Subaltern
1900 Lieutenant S S Dalmahoy	Genl. List	30 July 62	2 Oct 66	Attached
1890 Asst Surgeon H. A. Lewis	Med. Dept.	1 Oct 60	29 Sept 66	In Medical Charge

CADRE.

Season of Appointment	Name	Rank in the		Date of Appointment	Remarks.
		Regiment	Army		
1816	MAJOR Lucas, Alfred W m .. .	10 Jun 71	1 Sept 64		Lieut. Col. in Staff Corps
1842	Captain, James Alphonse	11 June 1841	21 Oct 64		Major in Staff Corps
1844	Mundy, Cornelius Oswald	23 Nov 1840	1 Feb 64		Major in Staff Corps
1844	Waddington, William ..	2 Nov. 1847	7 Jun 64		Major in Staff Corps
1844	Bonner, Richard Mansel ..	4 May 1860	19 June 66		Major in Staff Corps
1846	Waddington, Thomas	2 Jun 1861	12 Dec 66		Major in Staff Corps
1847	Waddington, Thomas	20 Jun 1861	12 Jan 67		Major in Staff Corps
1847	Waddington, Thomas	6 Jun 1867	3 Aug 67		Major in Staff Corps
1851	LIEUTENANTS Wilson, Arthur Robert ..	30 Dec. 1850	20 Dec 63		Captain in Staff Corps
1852	Murray John Clippell Dawson	3 Aug 1855	10 Dec 64		Captain in Staff Corps
1851	Campbell, Ronald Lawrence	12 May 1858	20 Jan 66		Captain in Staff Corps
1854	Waddington, Thomas	21 June 1858	4 Aug 66		Captain in Staff Corps
1855	Waddington, Thomas	21 Nov. 1856	16 July 67		Captain in Staff Corps
1856	Waddington, Edward	23 Nov 1856	.. ..		Staff Corps
1856	Waddington, John	2 Nov 1857	.. ..		Staff Corps
1856	Waddington, John	4 May 1860	.. ..		Staff Corps
1857	Waddington, John	2 Jun 1861	.. ..		Staff Corps

8TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 1st June 1794.

"HYDERABAD" Light Company, "PILGRIM."

UNIFORM.

Dress — khaki and

Facing — White.

NEW ORGANIZATION

Rank and Name	Corps	Date of Army Rank.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks
	Staff Corps	11 Dec 11	11 Mar 11	Commandant
Major A. Becker	Staff Corps	11 Dec 11	1 Jan 11	Second in Command
1847 Major H. A. Woolhouse	Staff Corps	3 Aug 67	1 Jan 61	Wing Officer
185 Lieutenant R. M. Lloyd, J25... ..	Staff Corps	12 Jan 54	1 July 59	Adjutant
186 Lieutenant A. E. J. McKee... ..	General Staff	30 Jul 62	1 Mar 67	Quarter Master
1857 Lieutenant H. Gerdner	Staff Corps	1 May 50	1 Mar 67	Wing Subaltern
1858 Lieutenant C. G. Butler	7th Field	31 Mar 11	1 Nov 67	Wing Subaltern
1859 Lieutenant G. Hume H. 120	Staff Corps	21 Feb 58	1 Aug 66	Attached
1859 Assistant Surgeon H. I. M. Giff				
1860 Assistant Surgeon J. Holme	Medical Staff	31 Mar 66	17 Oct 67	Attached

Rank in the

Regiment | Army.

MAJOR

Thompson, Edward 16 July 1864 to 23 Dec 65 as Lieutenant Colonel in Staff Corps

CAPTAINS.

1840 Younghusband, John W.	9 Mar 1841 to 19 Aug 61	Colonel in Staff Corps
1841 Bates, John	23 Nov 1840 to 4 Dec 61	Colonel in Staff Corps
1842 Becker, Alfred	25 Feb 1850 to 22 Dec 61	in Staff Corps
1843 Beetham, Henry	1 Jan 1862 to 14 June 67	in Staff Corps
1846 Ellis, George Julius	6 May 1842 to 11 June 67	Staff Corps
1848 Dickinson, William	20 Dec 1861 to 18 Feb 11	Staff Corps
1849 Parker, William	18 Aug 1865 to 11 Dec 18	Staff Corps

LIEUTENANTS

1851 Dodd, Cecil David James	30 June 1850 to 19 June 61	Captain in Staff Corps
1852 Ashe, Ed. Hopper	23 Nov 1846 to 20 Dec 61	Captain in Staff Corps
1853 Bramwell, George	25 Feb 1848	Staff Corps
1854 Lloyd, Richard Mercer	19 June 1848	Staff Corps
1857 Gerdner, Henry	1 May 1850	Staff Corps
1858 Moore, Henry Charles	1 Oct 1859	Staff Corps

9TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 6th September 1797.

"SHAKINGAPILLAY"—"PUNYAUP"—"MOOLIAN."

MALLIGAUW. Attached 25th November 1807.

DETACHMENT, ASSERENGUR.

Faringa—Black.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Rank and Name.		Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment.
1840 Lieut Colonel C. H. Brough	.. .. ph	Staff Corps 13 June 55	4 Apr. 66 Commandant
1842 Major C. Thompson, 146..	.. .. ph	Staff Corps 18 June 62	5 Dec. 66 Second in Command
1844 Captain G. W. Hanson, 211.	.. .. ph	Staff Corps 14 Feb. 61	10 Jan. 67 Wing Officer
1847 Lieutenant V. Birch, 183	.. .. ph	Staff Corps 23 Apr. 55	3 July 63 Adjutant
1848 Lieutenant H. C. Morse	.. .. n	Staff Corps 1 Oct. 62	24 Oct. 63 Quarter Master
1849 Lieutenant P. H. Greig	.. .. n	General List 6 Dec. 61	11 Mar. 67 Wing Subaltern
1848 Lieutenant G. H. C. Lee	.. .. n	Staff Corps 30 Aug. 61	21 Sept. 67 Wing Subaltern and 91 Staff Officer, District.
1848 Surgeon J. Miles, 741	.. .. m	Med. List 3 June 63	18 Nov. 67 In Medical Charge

CAPTAIN

	Rank in the		Remarks.
	Regiment.	Army.	
MAJOR.			
Bangl, Charles Richard	10 July 1861	12 June 66	Major in Staff Corps
CAPTAIN.			
1843 Church, Anthony Dean	10 Feb. 1853	11 June 61	Major in Staff Corps
1842 Thwaites, John	25 Nov. 1856	11 June 62	Major in Staff Corps
1846 Dods, Peter	12 July 1859	3 Mar. 66	Major in Staff Corps
1846 Stewart, Fred George	3 June 1860	11 Dec. 66	Major in Staff Corps
1847 L'Estrange, Edmund	11 Sept. 1860	17 Feb. 67	Major in Staff Corps
1848 Hanson George William	1 Jan. 1861	14 Feb. 67	Staff Corps
1851 Robertson, Lester Horatio	2 Sept. 1867	20 Jan. 1863	Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS			
1851 Van-Huythuyzen, Henry Richard Mandeville	20 July 1851	12 Dec. 65	Captain in Staff Corps
1853 Watts, John Hermann	17 Aug. 1857	10 Dec. 61	Captain in Staff Corps
1852 Birch, Valentine	25 Apr. 1858	.. ..	Staff Corps
1852 Watts, Hubert Langdon	30 May 1854	.. ..	Staff Corps
1856 Ramsden, A. Johnston	3 June 1860	.. ..	Staff Corps
1856 Coles, Charles Henry	30 Aug. 1860	.. ..	Staff Corps
1858 Paoli, Arthur	11 Sept. 1860	.. ..	Staff Corps

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

107th REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 6th September 1797.

"GREAT INDIA"

BOMBAY

Depot Mulligawm

Language—Hind.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Person Appointed	Rank and Name	Corps	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment	Remarks
1839	Lieutenant Col J. Field, 20 ..	Bombay Inf	0 Sept 64	1 July 6	Commandant
1844	Major H. H. Jones ..	Staff Corps	10 Dec 64	1 Jan 64	Second in Command
1846	Major J. W. W. Packer, 174 ..	Staff Corps	9 Dec 65	25 Nov 64	Wing Officer
1851	Captain A. Durrant, 27 ..	Staff Corps	20 Feb 63	1 Mar 63	Adjutant and Staff Officer
1857	Lieutenant Col L. Blowers, 93 ..	Staff Corps	2 April 63	23 Feb 6	Quartermaster
1866	Captain B. Baird, 224 ..	Staff Corps	14 Feb 61	18 Nov 65	Offg. Wing Subaltern
1869	Lieutenant B. Wilson ..	Med. & Lst.	1 Jan 62	9 Nov 67	Wing Subaltern
1868	Lieutenant J. B. Glendon ..	Staff Corps	21 Sept 60	20 Sept 67	Attached
1869	Surgeon Major J. Murray, 77 ..	Med. Lst.	7 Mar 66	10 Sept 57	In Medical Charge
1869	Assistant Surgeon J. Laine ..	Med. Lst.	31 Mar 66	31 Sept 57	Attached

CADRE.

Service & Appointment	Name.	Rank in the		Full Rank	Remarks.
		Regiment	Army		
MAJOR					
1841	Macquellan, Frederick ..	16 July 1801	11 Dec. 67	Major in Staff Corps	
CAPTAINS					
1842	Lester, John Fred ..	26 Aug 1840	9 Dec 62	Major in Staff Corps	
1844	James Herbert Henderon ..	18 Dec 1837	10 Dec 64	Major in Staff Corps	
1845	Richard, Richard William ..	26 Nov 1838	3 Dec 62	Major in Staff Corps	
1846	Roome, Frederick ..	11 Sept 1838	1 Sept 59	Major in Staff Corps	
1846	Petrie, John Wm B. ..	13 Jan 1860	29 Dec 6	Major in Staff Corps	
1847	and Robert ..	1 Jan 1861	15 Feb 1861	Staff Corps	
1862	Baumgarten, Patrick Wilson ..	16 July 1864	18 June 1864	Staff Corps	
LIEUTENANTS.					
1853	Test Alexander Thompson ..	30 Oct 1844	0 Dec 64	Captain in Staff Corps	
1854	Dun and Anthony ..	26 Aug 1846	20 Feb 67	Captain in Staff Corps	
1854	Petrie, Henry William ..	11 Nov 1846	4 Apr 66	Captain in Staff Corps	
1855	and Edmund Marcus T ..	18 Apr 1848	7 Dec 67	Captain in Staff Corps	
1857	Venport, Charles Peter ..	28 Nov 1848	..	Staff Corps	
1857	Hutchins, Charles Edward ..	1 Apr 1850	..	Staff Corps	
1858	Noyes, Edmund Butler ..	14 Sept 1851	..	Staff Corps	

11th REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 15th January 1790.

Light Company, "Prasara."

MUMBAI. Assisted 12th December 1860

Payments—Palt. Buff.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment
1897 Lieut Colonel D. Boyd.	Staff Corps	10 Jan 61	10 Mar 64 Comdant (1st Lt. M. C. in 20th April 1866)
1898 Lieut Colonel W. I. Anderson, 20	Bombay Inf	11 Dec 60	10 May 66 6th Comm. Commandant (20th April 1866)
Major C. J. Phipps, 117	Staff Corps	11 June 62	20 Apr 64
1894 Major M. Boyd	Staff Corps	3 Apr 61	1 Jan 64 Wing Officer
1897 Lieutenant W. H. Pys	Staff Corps	28 Feb 50	28 Apr 60 Adjutant
1890 Lieutenant W. H. Woodward	Genl List	28 Mar 60	1 Nov 60 Quarter Master
1891 Lieutenant W. T. Hume	Genl List	20 April 61	10 Jan 62 Wing Subaltern
1899 Lieutenant G. L. J. D. Glasgow, 20	Genl List	1 Jan 62	11 Jan 62 Wing Subaltern (1st Lt. in 10th May 1867) in M. C. in Charge

CADRE.

Rank in the

Regiment | Army.

MAJOR

1810 Lakshar, William Leigh .. 18 Mar 1867 to 31 Mar 60 in Lt. Col. in Staff Corps

CAPTAINS

1840 Hewett, William Colwood	28 Nov 1856	12 Dec 60	1st Lt. Col. Staff Corps
1842 Hathway, Hamilton Robert	27 June 1857	16 July 62	1st Lt.
1842 Dawson, George	10 Sept 1857	4 Sept 62	1st Lt.
1843 Fletcher, T. W.	18 July 1859	10 June 63	1st Lt.
1847 Boyd, Thomas	17 Sept 1861	8 Apr 67	1st Lt.
1847 Green, Ernest Augustus	16 July 1864	21 June 67	1st Lt.
1851 Bolton, John Shand Douglas	18 Jul 1867	14 June 1868	1st Lt. Staff Corps

LIEUTENANTS

1851 Newton, James Patrick	27 June 1857	20 Dec 63	1st Lt. in Staff Corps
Murray			
1853 Phelps, Arthur, C. Lag. 301	10 Sept 1857	20 Dec 63	Sub-Lieutenant Commissary General
1857 Cathcart, Hugh David	28 Jan 1858		1st Lt. Staff Corps

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

12TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 15th January 1700

"KIRKEE"—"MILANTEE"—"HYDRABAD"—"CENTRAL INDIA"

DHAKWAR Arrived 21st December 1801

DILCHUMINI, KILLADGHILL.

Futrogs—Deep Buff

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Season of Appointment.	Rank and Name.	Corps	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment	Remarks.
1830	Lieut Colonel W Lodwick, CB	Staff Corps	12 June 61	2 May 63	Comdt (Europe, M. C. from 1st March 1866)
1841	Lieut Col I I Pickett	Staff Corps	10 Dec. 67	1 Jan 68	Second in Command (Offg Comdt)
1847	Wym D Hutcheon, 162	Staff Corps	17 Feb 67	1 Jan 68	Wing Officer (Off. and in Command)
1848	Captain E. N. Maitland, 274	Staff Corps	18 Feb. 61	29 Oct 66	Offg Wing Officer
1860	Lieutenant W Scott	Staff Corps	27 May 62	18 Feb. 67	Adjutant
1864	Captain G G H Tilton	Staff Corps	4 Aug 66	30 Sept 66	Quarter Master
1858	Lieutenant A. W. Godson	12th N. I	2 May 59	4 Nov 67	Attached
1861	Lieutenant C. M. Browne	Genl List	19 Sept 61	12 Aug. 67	Wing Subaltern
1862	Surgeon M. V. Mackenzie	Med. Lt	14 Dec. 64	9 Oct 67	In Medical Charge

CADRE.

Rank in the

Regiment. | Army.

1841 Beak, Henry, 101, 20 July 1865, 10 Dec. 1866, 0, Europe, M. C.

CAPTAINS

1844	Short, Alexander Young ..	3 Mar 1837	11 Feb 1844	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Chandry, Augustus Phillips ..	9 Dec 1848	5 Feb 1860	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Bolton, Hely Frederick ..	1 Mar 1860	3 Aug 1860	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Heathcote, Chas. Thos ..	1 Jan 1842	18 Feb 1861	Staff Corps
1845	Cornwall, Fred. Talbot ..	30 July 1862	19 Feb 1861	Staff Corps
1853	Forrest, Fred. Prescott ..	2 Nov 1861	20 Feb 1861	Staff Corps
1857	Hutchinson, Charles ..	30 July 1865	19 Dec. 1868	Lieutenant in Staff Corps

LIEUTENANTS.

1858 Godson, Algernon William, L.S. 2 May 1850 ..

13th REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 6th March 1860

"Payee," with the Sphinx—KARKET—RUMI BO' ARI—'CHIVRAI INDIA'

SUBLAL. Assisted 27th Nov 1877

Insignia—Buff

NEW ORGANIZATION

Serial	Rank and Name	Corps	Date of Appointment		Remarks
			Army List	Staff List	
1836	Colonel H. A. Allen, Bt.	Staff Corps	1 Feb 77	.. ..	Commandant
1841	Colonel C. L. Munn, Bt.	Staff Corps	11 Dec 77	4 Aug 78	Second in Command
1844	Major J. M. G. (1871, 1872)	Staff Corps	1 May 70	1 Jan 74	Wing Officer
1845	Lieutenant C. D. P. (1871)	Staff Corps	1 July 60	23 June 71	Adjutant (Staff) Staff Officer (1871, 1872) Quarter Master
1847	Lieutenant W. Loun, ..	Staff Corps	30 Mar 71	1 Jan 74	Wing Subaltern and Quartermaster
1848	Colonel G. R. H. (1871, 1872)	Staff Corps	1 June 71	4 Apr 78	Wing Subaltern
1849	Captain J. A. Gayer	Staff Corps	10 Dec 72	.. ..	Attached
1850	Surgeon H. J. Ginn	Medical	6 Mar 77	9 Oct 78	In Medical Charge

CADRE

Serial of Appointment	Name	Rank in the		Remarks
		Regiment	Army	
MAJOR				
1841	Scott, Winifred	1 Sept 1860	15 June 66	Lieut. Colonel in Staff Corp
CAPTAINS				
1843	Holland, Henry W. H. (1871)	1 June 1860	1 July 71	Staff Officer in Staff Corps
1844	Thomas, George (1871)	17 May 1860	31 Dec 71	Major in Staff Corps
1845	Chitty, Walter (1871)	3 Oct 71	1 Apr 78	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Croft, Edward (1871)	4 May 1860	13 Dec 71	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Walters, John (1871)	1 July 1860	3 Aug 78	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Lord, Charles (1871)	1 Sept 1860	11 Dec 71	Staff Officer
1850	Holland, Frederick James	31 Aug 1860	13 Dec 71	Staff Officer
LIEUTENANTS				
1855	Gallaway, James	2 Nov 1860	11 June 71	Captain in Staff Corps
1856	Barnes, Oswald	2 Nov 1860	3 Mar 78	Captain in Staff Corps
1857	Brindle, George (1871)	4 Jan 1860	1 Sept 71	Captain in Staff Corps
1858	Encliffe, Maurice	17 May 1860	.. ..	Staff Officer
1859	Cannford, Richard (1871)	2 Oct 1860	.. ..	Staff Officer
1860	Worthy, Charles (1871)	1 May 1860	.. ..	Staff Officer
1861	Payne, Charles (1871)	1 July 1860	.. ..	Staff Officer

14TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Formed 6th March 1800

MCHIDPOOR Arrived 25th February 1807

WING AT GUR.

Under orders for Mhow

Footings—1st Buff.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Rank and Name	Date of Appointment	Remarks.
1841 VC Inuit Col w/ L. A. Wood, 70	Staff Corps 6 Apr 03	15 Mar 03 Commandant
1842 Major T. L. Francis ..	ph 14th N I 1st June 03	1st Jun, 03 Second in Command
1843 Major J. J. Hill, R	ph Staff Corps 13 Jul 03	1st Jun, 03 Wing Officer
1844 Captain H. J. Blew	ph Staff Corps 9 Dec. 03	6 Mar 04 Offg. Adjutant and St. Lt. Officer, Mchidpoor
1845 Lieutenant I. H. J. Lindell	Staff Corps 1 May 03	21 May 03 Quarter Master
1846 Captain C. H. H. P. P. ..	ph Staff Corps 31 Jan 04	11 Apr 04 Offg. Wing Subaltern
1847 Asst Surgeon D. I. H. H. ..	Med 1 31 Mar 03	1 Nov 03 In Medical Charge

CAPTAINS.

Remarks.

MAJOR.

and in Command

CAPTAINS

1848 Houghton, Wm. Kohl	26 Mar 1848	2 Apr 03	Staff Corps
1849 Bell, James ..	13 Feb 03	11 Feb 03	Staff Corps
1846 Mahab, L. L. ..	24 Mar 1848	13 June 03	Staff Corps
1848 Leath, Thomas ..	21 Feb 03		Staff Corps
1849 Preston, Wm. Berthe	13 Feb 1849	20 Jan 1849	Staff Corps
1849 Forbes, Charles H. Hunter ..	08 Feb 1849	11 Feb 1849	Staff Corps
1849 Kaye, Charles Frederick	10 July 1804	20 Feb 1804	Staff Corps

LIEUTENANTS

1848 La Touche, Cecil D'Urban	29 Nov 1848	17 June 03	Staff Corps
1849 Bell, Thomas ..	23 Nov 1848	10 Dec 03	Staff Corps
1849 Lister, Thomas Lyon ..	4 Oct 1847	10 Dec 03	Staff Corps
1849 Lister, Alexander John			Staff Corps
1849 Lister, John ..	19 Jan 1848		Staff Corps
1849 Lister, Wm. ..	4 Feb 1848		Staff Corps
1849 Lister, Wm. ..	1 Feb 1848		Staff Corps

15TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

It was 5th March 1800.

Light Company, "PIRELLA"

YHOF 4/22/64 1914 April

Gaspar—John Bush

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Rank and Name.

[illegible]

CADRE.

1. m	in the
Regiment	Army

BEFORE

Maleman, Win Croughton, Jr., 16 July 1961

CAPTAINS.

1840	Carrut, James	25 Feb	1861	12 Dec	C	M	Mon	Suff	Eng
1841	Cole, Thomas Gordon	20 Aug	1879	1 May	N	M	J	St	Comp
1842	Worrie, Gordon Sutherland, 73, 13, m	1860 ..					Hep	Aus	Quetta Minder tent in Egypt
1851	Wignam, George Starchan		1861						
1852	Burton, Julius	1 Jan	1862	14 Mar	1863	S	Staff		
1854	Harrison, Charles Henry	16 July	1861	20 Mar	1863	A	Staff	C	m

LIEUTENANTS

1854	Lloyd, John Hayes	..	12 Nov. 1857	1 Apr. 1861	1	Capt in Staff Corps
1854	Goodfellow, G. Rice	..	2 Nov. 1861	21 Oct. 1864	1	Capt in Staff Corps
1855	Wign, Arthur John	..	1 Feb. 1857	11 July 1861	1	Capt in Staff Corps
1856	Higgin, May Johnson J.	..	25 Feb. 1861	..	1	Staff Corps
1857	Beithon, Willoughby J.	..	24 Nov. 1861	..	1	Staff Corps
1857	Freeman, Walter Malloch	..	13 June 1860	..	1	Staff Corps

Serial or Appt.	Name.	Rank in the		Full Rate	Remarks.
		1	2		
MAJOR					
1842	Ward, Lott Palmer ..	10 July 1864	2 Mar 1862	Staff Corps	
CAPTAINS					
1844	Powers, William Thomas ..	20 Sept 1864	28 May 64	Major in Staff Corps	
1845	Garrison, Malcolm Desmarest, C. H.	3 Nov 1864	21 Jan 65	Major in Staff Corps	
1846	Wiley, Joseph ..	26 Nov 1864	3 Feb 65	Major in Staff Corps	
1847	Macaulay, George William ..	21 Sept 1864	12 Jan 65	Major in Staff Corps	
1848	Boss, Francis James Esq ..	1 Jul 1865	13 June 1864	Staff Corps	
1849	Watson, John Wesley ..	30 Oct 1865	4 Oct 1867	Staff Corps	
1850	Frederick, George Hubert, Esq ..	16 July 1864	4 Oct 1867	Acting Deputy Asst Qr General	
LIEUTENANTS					
1851	Tonge, Charles William ..	23 Nov 1864	10 Dec 66	Captain in Staff Corps	
1852	Spencer, Fred. Harbord ..	23 Nov 1864	7 Aug 1867	Captain in Staff Corps	
1853	Kennell, Thomas ..	31 July 1868	4 Oct 1867	Captain in Staff Corps	
1854	Bannister, George ..	28 Nov. 1868	4 Oct. 1867	Captain in Staff Corps	
1855	Goodrich, Edmund Roger ..	21 Sept. 1869	.. ..	Staff Corps	
1856	Wiley, Christopher ..	7 Dec. 1869	.. ..	Staff Corps	
1857	Weston, Richard ..	20 Feb 1861	.. ..	Staff Corps	

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST

17TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 18th December 1801.

KAJKOLLE Arrived 7th October 1867

Regiments—Pale Yellow.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

		Date of Army Link	Date of Appointment to it	
1831 Lieut Col J Pugh, 27	.. ..	Don't know	11 Jan 61	Commandant
1842 Major J H Reynolds ..	.. ph	Staff Coy	2 July 61	1 Jan 64 Second in Command
1852 Capt M H A. C. L. ..	.. ph	Staff Coy	17 Sept 61	1 Jan 66 War Office
1853 Lieutenant H L. Chief	.. ph	Don't know	11 May 62	1 Apr 67 Adjutant & Staff Officer
1861 Lieutenant J T. L. ..	.. ph	Don't know	11 July 62	1 May 67 Quarter Master
1861 Lieutenant W. W. ..	.. ph	Staff Coy	18 Jan 63	1 Jan 64
1861 Capt M. A. C. L. ..	.. ..	Don't know	21 Sept 63	1 Apr 64 1st Wagon Subaltern
1861 Asst Surgeon A. N. F. L. L. ..	.. ..	Med. Lt	1 Aug 67	8 Nov 67 In Medical Charge

Remarks.

1840 Pelly, Lant.

18 Dec 61 1st Lieut Colonel in Staff Corps

1841 Reynolds, John Henry .. 29 May 1847 in 9 July 62 & M

1842 Reynolds, John Henry .. 1 Dec 1847 in 11 June 66 & M

1843 Reynolds, W. London London 10 Sept 1848 in 7 Dec

1844 ..

1845 ..

1846 Charles Blount .. 27 July 1863 4 Dec 64 8 Nov

1847 George Loder ..

Staff Corps

Staff Corps

Staff Corps

LIEUTENANTS

1841 Blount, George Ernest .. 29 Nov. 1846 5 Dec 1846 8 Nov

1842 Smith, Sidney Armstrong .. 23 Nov. 1846 19 Jan 67 8 Nov

1843 Herbert, Henry Thomas .. 29 May 1847 8 June 67 8 Nov

1844 Hunt, Alexander Chambers 1 Dec. 1847 8 Nov

1845 Ducat, James .. 1 Jan. 1861 8 Nov

18TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 18th December 1803.

"BLW-DOO-ALL."

ABYSSINIA.

Depôt—Ahmedabad.

Facing—Yellow.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Season of Appointment.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
1838	Lieut. Col. J. J. Combe.. .. ph.	Staff Corps	11 June 64	7 Dec. 64	Commandant
1840	Major W. R. Alexander ph.	Staff Corps	8 Feb. 66	15 Jan. 67	Second in Command
1847	Major J. A. Smith, 192.. .. ph.	Staff Corps	10 Dec. 67	16 Jan. 67	Wing Officer
1850	Lieutenant J. Jopp, 346 n.	Staff Corps	4 Aug. 69	7 May 65	Adjutant
1850	Lieutenant J. B. Hennell .. Sur., n.	Staff Corps	1 Jan. 63	1 Jan. 64	Quartermaster (Abyssinian Transport Corps)
1857	Captain W. H. Newport, 301 Sur., ph.	Staff Corps	7 Dec. 67	1 Jan. 64	Offg. Wing Subaltern and Q. Mr.
1856	Lieutenant J. G. H. Griffith.. .. n.n.	Staff Corps	8 Mar. 61	7 Nov. 65	Wing Subaltern
1859	Lieut. C. S. Lechmere L. b.	Genl. Lst.	1 Mar. 63	10 Oct. 67	Wing Subaltern
1861	Lieutenant W. D. Simpson L. b.	General Lst.	30 Oct. 62	9 Nov. 67	Wing Subaltern
1850	Assistant Surgeon F. Joynt, M.D., 904	Med. Est.	10 Feb. 56	15 Nov. 66	In Medical Charge
1867	Asst Surgeon H. DeTatham	Med. Est.	1 Apr. 67	1 Nov. 67	Attached

CADRE.

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Rank in the		Full Rate.	Remarks.
		Regiment.	Army.		
MAJOR.					
1836	Combe, James John	30 Jan. 1836	Lt. 11 June 64	x	Lieut. Colonel in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS.					
1839	Anderson, George Sligo Alexander	17 Feb. 1839	Lt. 12 June 64	..	Lieut. Colonel in Staff Corps
1840	Jacob, Henry Eusebio	5 Mar. 1854	Lt. 25 Feb. 66	x	Lieut. Colonel in Staff Corps
1844	Ashburner, John	2 May 1807	n. 1 Jan. 64	x	Major in Staff Corps
1844	Ross, Fred. Torrance	28 Oct. 1861	n. 4 Aug. 64	x	Major in Staff Corps
1845	Borthon, John Frederic	1 Jan. 1845	n. 8 Sept. 65	x	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Johnstone, Richard	16 July 1864	n. 30 Jan. 67	x	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Elphinstone, Percy Augustus	30 Jan. 1848	n. 3 Feb. 67	x	Major in Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS.					
1848	Marsh, Edward Newham	17 Feb. 1852	c. 18 Feb. 61	x	Captain in Staff Corps
1849	Blackney, William	5 Mar. 1854	a. 24 Feb. 61	x	Captain in Staff Corps
1850	Jones, Frederick William	28 Nov. 1850	c. 20 Mar. 62	x	Captain in Staff Corps
1850	Tanner, Gust. Vossach	28 Nov. 1856	c. 19 Aug. 62	x	Captain in Staff Corps
1856	Grant, John Pops	24 Mar. 1856	.. ..	x	Staff Corps
1856	Griffith, John Gilbert Erskine.	3 Mar. 1867	x	Staff Corps
1856	Wilson, William Henry	2 May 1861	x	Staff Corps

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

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15TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 5th November 1817.

"GHUSNER"—"APPOHANIAN"—"PUNJAB"—"MOOLIAN"—"GOOHRAT."

PHOOJ. Arrived 26th November 1866.

Facings—Deep Yellow.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Season of Appointment	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment	Remarks.
1940	Lieut. Col. L. A. Green, 70	II Staff Corps	11 June 65	9 Apr 66	Commandant (Eur. M. G. from 14th May 1867)
184	Major W. Creagh, 60 Sur, C Engr, II	Staff Corps	8 Feb 65	13 Sept 66	Second in Command (Offg. Commandant)
1840	Captain F. C. Davidson, 277 Sur, II	Staff Corps	20 Aug. 61	27 Mar. 67	Wing Officer (Offg. 2nd in Command)
1955	Captain W. Jacob, 291	II Staff Corps	20 Jan. 67	20 Apr. 67	Offg. Wing Officer
1858	Lieutenant S. J. Waudby	Staff Corps	12 May 60	20 May 63	Adjutant and Staff Officer (Inch)
1949	Lieutenant H. J. L.P. Tranch,	Genl. Lrd.	1 Jan. 63	27 May 67	Quartermaster
185	Surgeon H. W. Whitefield	Med. Det.	14 Feb. 67	4 Apr. 66	In Medical Charge

CADRE.

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Rank in the		Full Rate	Remarks.
		Regiment.	Army.		
MAJOR.					
1838	Dunsterville, J. Barnes ..	6 Jan 1807	1st 11 June 64	x	Lieut. Col. in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS.					
1840	Day, Hen. John	18 Mar. 1850	1st 12 Dec. 66	x	Lieut. Col. in Staff Corps
1841	Green, W Hon Rodis, C B	24 Nov. 1850	1st 5 Oct. 66	x	Lieut. Col. in Staff Corps
1843	Palan, Charles Thos. ..	16 Jan. 1850	1st 11 June 62	..	Major in Staff Corps
1845	MacKesson, Fred. Laing ..	27 Oct. 1860	1st 5 Jan 63	..	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Creagh, William	18 Dec. 1860	1st 8 Feb. 67	x	Major in Staff Corps
1845	Fau brother, James ..	28 Apr. 1861	1st 10 July 63	..	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Naylor, Chas. Edward ..	8 Jan. 1867	1st 13 June 66	x	Major in Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS.					
1840	Davidson, Frank Charteris ..	18 Mar. 1850	1st 20 Aug. 61	o	Captain in Staff Corps
1850	Jacob, William	31 Mar. 1858	1st 20 Jan. 67	x	Captain in Staff Corps
1857	Malden, Robert Vaughan ..	16 Jan. 1858	.. ..	x	Staff Corps
1857	Scott, William	16 Feb. 1859	.. ..	y	Staff Corps
1858	Waudby, Sidney James ..	14 May 1859	.. ..	x	Staff Corps
1860	Reynolds, William	16 Dec. 1860	.. ..	x	Staff Corps

THE LOMDAY ARMY LIST.

30TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 5th November 1817

"PANSIA"—"BLAHEIR"—"KHOOSHAR"—"BUSHIR"

DLEMA Arrived 8th February 1868

Facing—Yellow

NEW ORGANIZATION

Season of Appointment	Rank and Name	Corps	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment	Remarks
1841	Lieut Colonel W Scott, 88 m, n w g	Staff Corps	19 June 61	10 Mar 64	Commandant
1848	Major G W B B Tanguarson, 154 m v	Staff Corps	30 Jan 63	1 Jan 64	Second in Command
1850	Captain F. W Brown, 34, ph	Staff Corps	20 Jan 61	4 Sept 63	Wing Officer (1st M.C. from 1st April 1867)
1849	Captain M W Parker n m	Staff Corps	11 Dec 61	14 Mar 67	Offr. Wing Officer
1857	Lieutenant J G Gillmor .. n	Staff Corps	10 May 61	4 Mar. 67	Adjutant
1861	Lieutenant R A. Frideaux .. ph	General List	1 Dec 64	28 Mar 67	Quarter Master (Officiating 1st 28th N.I.)
1857	Lieutenant G (Paul) .. ph	Staff Corps	2 Sept 61	1 May 65	Wing Subaltern and Offr. Qr. Mr
1853	Surgeon T P P Martin .. s n	Med. Est	14 Dec 64	9 Oct 67	In Medical Charge

CADRE

Season of Appointment	Name	Rank in the		Full Rate	Remarks.
		Regiment	Army		
MAJOR					
1880	Wood, John Augustus	6 Dec. 1880	10 Apr 69	n	Lieut Col in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS					
1842	Thornell, Walter Valentius	27 Nov 1858	m 6 Jan 69	n	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Tanguarson, George William Barnes	5 Jul; 1857	m 30 Jan 63	n	Major in Staff Corps
1844	Hall, John Mingeys	31 Jan 1858	m 26 Dec 64	n	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Waddington William	10 May 1861	m 14 June 69	n	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Townsend, Edm. Lewis	9 Sept 1861	m 17 Jan 66	n	Major in Staff Corps
1850	Brown, Francis William	27 Mar 1846	m 20 Jan 1861	n	Staff Corps
1858	Kettleswell, Thomas	6 Dec 1866	m 20 Jan 1884	n	Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS.					
1859	Greene, George Shepherd ..	10 Dec 1856	m 10 Dec 68	n	Captain in Staff Corps
1856	James, Cornelius Francis ..	5 July 1857	.. ..	n	Staff Corps
1858	Iredell, James Thrudd	31 Jan 1858	.. ..	n	Staff Corps
1857	Gillmor, John Greenwood ..	10 May 1861	.. ..	n	Staff Corps
1857	Paul, Charles Thomas	2 Sept. 1861	.. ..	n	Staff Corps

21ST REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY, OR MARINE BATTALION

Raised 3rd January 1777.

An Anchor and Laurel Wreath, with Motto in Hindoostanee corresponding with
 "Per Mare, per Terram."

"PERSIAN GULF"—"BENI-SOO-ALI"—"BURMAN"—"ADEN"—"HYDERABAD"—"POUNJAVE."

BOMBAY.

Facings—Dark Green; Laces—Gold.

Season of Appointment.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
1887	Lieut. Colonel S. Thacker, 60 n.	Staff Corps	11 Dec. 68	18 Oct. 81	Commandant
1844	Major R. D. Hasard, 161 pk.	Staff Corps	1 Jan. 84	20 Mar. 07	Second in Command
1838	Captain G. M. Lyons, 265 pk.	Staff Corps	20 Jan. 65	4 Apr. 67	Wing Officer
1858	Lieutenant H. J. Stock pk.	Staff Corps	10 Aug. 80	23 Dec. 85	Adjutant
1855	Captain G. F. Beville, 295 Sur. M.	Staff Corps	4 Sept. 07	27 Dec. 00	Quar. Mns. (Brig. Major Brigade Abyssinian F.F.)
1860	Lieutenant J. Bocke pk.	General Lst	30 July 82	31 Feb. 67	Wing Subaltern
1812	Surgeon Major J. G. Nicolson, M.D. ..	Med. Est.	2 Dec. 65	22 June 63	In Medical Charge

22ND REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 1st January 1818.
Light Company, "Penzance."

BOMBAY

Fascings—Dark Green

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Season of Appointment.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment	Remarks.
1822	Colonel H. C. Beale, 18 <i>Sur</i> H	Bombay Inf	11 Dec 55	.. ..	Commandant
1843	Major J. Campbell <i>H M</i>	Staff Corps	9 June 53	1 Jan. 54	Wing Officer (Offg Second in Command)
1854	Captain L. G. Brown, 225 <i>H</i>	Staff Corps	9 June 55	10 Aug 57	Offg Wing Officer
1855	Lieutenant F. J. S. Adam .. <i>Sur</i> , H M	Staff Corps	5 Sept 55	25 Nov 55	Adjutant
1855	Lieut. H. A. Hobson .. <i>Sur</i> , H M	Genl. List	13 Apr 51	27 Oct. 55	Quarter M. (Abyssinian Transport Corps)
1855	Lieut. J. Ketchen, 740 <i>ph</i> Surgon	Genl. List Med. List	24 Sept 51	1 Dec 55	Wing Subaltern and Offg Quarter Master In Medical Charge

CADRE.

Season of Appointment.	Name	Rank in the		Pay Rates	Remarks.
		Regiment.	Army		
MAJOR					
1840	Jones, William Samuel ..	13 Feb 1857	13 June 55	x	Lieut. Col in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS.					
1849	Campbell, James	30 May 1855	9 June 53	x	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Briggs, Willoughby Lake ..	4 June 1855	1 July 53	x	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Howard, George Charles ..	23 Feb 1855	26 Aug 51	x	Major in Staff Corps
1844	Sharrt, Wm. Young Herries ..	20 July 1853	10 Dec 54	x	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Alexander, Wm. Norris ..	26 Aug 1855	3 Feb 55	x	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Hodgson, Percival	27 Mar 1854	10 Apr 52	x	Major in Staff Corps
1851	Drummond, J. Haulbrooke..	13 Feb. 1857	14 June 1855	x	Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS.					
1854	La Touche, William Paget ..	23 Nov 1855	5 Sept 55	x	Captain in Staff Corps
1855	Jacob, John	13 June 1857	5 June 57	x	Captain in Staff Corps
1855	Jacob, Geo. Adolphus	20 May 1855	.. ..	x	Staff Corps
1855	Adam, Frederick John Stuart	5 Sept 1855	.. ..	x	Staff Corps
1855	Channing, F. H. T. Gordon ..	5 June 1855	.. ..	x	Staff Corps

23rd REGIMENT NATIVE (LIGHT) INFANTRY

Raised 4th May 1880.

"KIRKUR"—"PRASIA."

DWARKA. Arrived October 1883.

LEFT WING FOREBUNDER.

Facing—Dark Green.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Season of Appointment.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
1880	Colonel E. J. K. Whitehill, 61	Staff Corps	17 Jan. 87	.. ..	Commandant (Eur. M. C. from 29th April 1887)
1848	Major E. Waddington, 153	Staff Corps.	9 Dec. 68	30 Oct. 68	Second in Command (Officiating Commandant
1869	Captain M. R. Bruce, 210.. ..	Staff Corps	9 Mar. 59	14 Aug. 57	Offy. 2nd in Command (Wing Officer, 20th N. I.)
1840	Captain W. A. Park, 701.. ..	Cad. 3rd Bur.	11 Dec. 61	1 Oct. 47	Offy. Wing Officer
1857	Lieutenant J. Gatacre, 334	Staff Corps	9 Mar. 59	6 Mar. 55	Adjutant, and Staff Office Dwarka
1860	Lieutenant F. T. Edden	Staff Corps	5 Oct. 68	8 Mar. 65	Quarter Master (Eur. M. C. from 14th Dec. 1865)
1858	Lieutenant E. H. Noyes Sur. L. M. ph.	Staff Corps	14 Sept. 59	30 Nov. 64	Wing Subaltern & Offg. Quarter Master
1853	Lieutenant J. W. Holland, 787	24th N. I.	4 Nov. 59	15 Sept. 65	Attached
1852	Lieutenant C. J. A. Yates	Genl. List	16 July 64	15 Sept. 68	Attached
		Med. Est.			In Medical Charge

CADRE.

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Rank in the		Remarks.
		Regiment.	Army.	
1848	MAJOR. Waddington, Evelyn	18 Sept. 1860	9 Dec. 1862	x Staff Corps
1849	CAPTAIN. Bruce, Michael Robert	9 Mar. 1859	.. ..	x Staff Corps
1850	Anderson, Horne. Beattie	29 Nov. 1859	.. ..	x Staff Corps
1851	Boushara, Croft Augustus	30 Apr. 1860	.. ..	x Staff Corps
1852	Ross, William Henry	13 Dec. 1862	30 Dec. 1864	x Staff Corps
1854	Adams, Wm. Redmond, 734 ph.	16 June 1865	.. ..	x Europe, M. C.
1854	Paul, Francis, 785	13 Sept. 1860	.. ..	x Europe, Furlough
1854	Fensholt, John Boushara	6 Aug. 1867	10 Dec. 1866	x Staff Corps
1850	LIEUTENANTS. Birdwood, Gordon Forbes	4 Oct. 1857	.. ..	x Staff Corps
1857	Blowers, George Francis	1 Apr. 1858	.. ..	x Staff Corps
1857	Gatacre, John	9 Mar. 1859	.. ..	x Staff Corps
1858	Cousmaker, George	29 Nov. 1859	.. ..	x Staff Corps
1858	McRae, John Graham	30 Apr. 1860	.. ..	x Staff Corps

34TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 4th May 1820.

"ADEN"—"CENTRAL INDIA"

POONA. Arrived 30th November 1866.

Facing—Dark Green.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Service of Appointment	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank	Date of Appointment	Remarks.
1868	Lieut Col J B Kemball, 118	Staff Corps	11 Dec 64	29 Aug 66	Commandant
1848	Major R P. Warden, 118	Staff Corps	2 Mar 62	30 Oct 66	2nd in Command (Director of Land Transport with Alwarin Force, 30th Sept 1867,
1849	Lieut Col C A Moyle 51	Staff Corps	22 Dec 6	9 Sept 67	Offy 2nd in Command
1845	Major J H S Pierce, 160	51st Corps	14 June 65	1 Jan 64	Wing Officer (hon), M C from 24th June 1867.
1839	Captain G S Hawthorn, 249	Staff Corps	20 Feb 64	19 June 67	Officiating Wing Officer
1857	Lieutenant H B Jacob, 310	Staff Corps	18 Dec 58	1 Jan 64	Adjutant
1858	Lieutenant C Fitz L Way	Staff Corps	20 Jan 61	1 Jan 64	Quartermaster
1861	Lieutenant F W Hunter, 501	100th Foot	25 July 61	3 June 61	Wing Subaltern (Europe M C from 24th June 1867)
1853	Captain G L Wallen	Staff Corps	9 Dec 6	11 Dec 61	Attached
1859	Lieutenant A H Wadsworth	General List	1 Dec 61	17 Oct 61	Attached
1856	Asst Surgeon D H R Langley, B A	Med 1st	23 July 61	25 Nov 64	In Medical Charge

CADRE.

Service of Appointment.	Name	Rank in the		Particulars	Remarks.
		Regiment	Army		
MAJOR					
1880	Wanklon, Walter 730	16 July 1880	1st 10 Dec 6	v	General duty, Belgium
CAPTAINS.					
1849	Chawpion, Jas Hyde	9 Dec. 1851	1st 1 Dec 6	n	Lieut Colonel in Staff Corps
1843	Parr, William (Hon)	23 Nov 185	n 1 Sept 6	n	Major in Staff Corps
1845	Parr, Joseph (Hon) Spry ..	12 Sept 1857	n 11 Jan 8	n	Major in Staff Corps
1841	Prencott, Cyril J.	18 Jan 1858	n 17 Jan 8	v	Major in Staff Corps
1842	Hawthorn George Sheddin ..	16 July 1864	0 1st 1861	n	Staff Corps
1843	Ward, Henry Campbell	3 Sept 1863	20 Mar 61	n	Staff Corps
1843	Lynn, George (Hon)	2 June 18	20 Jan 1861	n	Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS.					
1854	Letin George Bartholomew ..	19 Sept 1857	4 Apr 60	n	Captain in Staff Corps
1857	Jacob, Herbert Bruce	18 Dec. 1858	.. ..	n	Staff Corps
1858	Holland, John William 78" 2nd.	4 Nov 1859	.. ..	n	Attached to 2nd N.L.I.
1856	Way, Cecil Fitz Henry Lewis	10 Jan. 1861	.. ..	n	Staff Corps

85th REGIMENT NATIVE (LIGHT) INFANTRY

Raised 30th May 1890.

"MURRAY"—"HYDERABAD." Light Company, "PERSIA"—"CENTRAL INDIA."

ABISINIA

Depôt—Bombay

Facing—Pale Yellow.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Season of Appointment.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
1842	Lieut Colonel A. B. Little, 150 .. ph	Staff Corps	1 Mar. 67	24 Mar. 68	Commandant
1846	Major J. Fairbrother, 136 ph	Staff Corps	19 July 66	20 Apr. 68	2nd in Command
1847	Major G. D. Hales, 179 n	Staff Corps	3 Jan. 67	1 Jan. 68	Wing Officer (Furl. M.C. from 1867)
1859	Lieutenant J. Withers, ph	Staff Corps	2 Oct. 60	7 Feb. 62	Adjutant
1859	Lieutenant A. F. Stewart n	Staff Corps	1 Jan. 62	7 Oct. 65	Quartermaster (Europe, M.C. from 1867)
1877	Lieutenant H. L. Walter n	Staff Corps	20 May 58	9 Nov. 67	Wing Subaltern
1858	Lieut A. Poole n	Staff Corps	11 Sept. 60	9 Nov. 67	Wing Subaltern
1861	Lieutenant R. Hennell n	General List	30 Oct. 63	24 Oct. 68	Wing Subaltern and Officiating Quartermaster
1861	Lieutenant D. W. McKinnon n	109th Foot	28 Mar. 64	22 Oct. 67	Wing Subaltern
1859	Surgeon J. F. Staker	Med. Det.	14 Nov. 67	28 Sept. 67	In Medical Charge
1867	Asst. Surgeon W. F. Knapp	Med. Det.	1 Apr. 67	1 Nov. 67	Attached

CADRE.

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Rank in the		Furl. Rules.	Remarks.
		Regiment	Army.		
MAJOR					
1839	Mason, Ed Charles	125th pt	1840 12 Mar 63.		Lieut Colonel in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS					
1841	Nason, John Pigott	28 Nov 1840	12 June 67.		Lieut Colonel in Staff Corps
1842	Little, Alfred Butler	20 July 1841	12 Mar 67		Major in Staff Corps
1842	Bacon, John Antoine Hy. ..	6 Sept 1842	12 Mar 67		Major in Staff Corps
1848	Kate, William	1 June 1848	26 Aug 63		Major in Staff Corps
1844	Butler, Arthur David	2 Oct 1844	19 Dec 61		Major in Staff Corps
1847	Plomer, Alfred George	11 Jan. 1847	11 June 67		Major in Staff Corps
1848	Young, David Butler	12 Sept 1848	15 June 1862		Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS					
1841	Wills, William Thomas	29 Nov 1841	20 Jan 67		Captain in Staff Corps
1842	Jurison, Charles	23 Nov 1842	12 Jan 61		Captain in Staff Corps
1843	Forbes, John Peter	30 July 1843	1 Jan 61		Captain in Staff Corps
1843	Griffiths, Elliott	8 Sept 1843	31 Jan 67		Captain in Staff Corps
1847	Waller, William Fred.	8 June 1847			Staff Corps
1847	Hoskins, James Austin	5 July 1847			Staff Corps
1847	Simpson, George Bruce	25 Aug 1847			Staff Corps
1849	Bathurst, Joseph	2 Oct 1849			Staff Corps

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

26TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 6th March 1825,

"PRIMA"—"KNOWHAW."

BARODA. Attached 11th December 1863.

Facing—Light Buff,

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Season of Appointment.	Rank and Names.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
1825	Colonel B. R. Powell, 19	Bombay Inf.	13 Feb. 66	30 Jan. 62	Commandant (Actg Brig. Genl. Commanding at Ahmednuggur)
1846	Major G. L. Thomson, 170 ph	Staff Corps	15 Feb. 64	27 Sept. 65	Second in Command (Offg. Commandant)
1849	Captain M. E. Bruce, 210 ph	Staff Corps	9 Mar. 59	27 Sept. 67	Wing Officer (Offg. 2nd in Command 2d N. I.)
1854	Captain C. D. Macleod ph	Ed. 31st N. I.	30 July 64	27 June 67	Offg. Wing Officer and 2nd in Command
1860	Lieutenant J. M. Heath ph	Staff Corps	30 July 62	17 July 67	Adjutant (Europe, M. C. from 14th July 1867)
1861	Lieutenant H. A. Pridoux ph	Genl. List	1 Dec. 69	11 Sept. 67	Offg. Adjutant (Q. Mr 30th N. I.)
1878	Lieutenant S. M. Hay, 247 ph	Staff Corps	11 Dec. 00	31 July 08	Wing Subaltern and Offg. Quarter Master
1858	Lieutenant C. H. Buines ph	Staff Corps	9 June 60	.. ..	Attached
1854	Surgeon T. B. W. P. Johnston, 705	Med. Lst.	7 Nov. 66	10 Jan. 67	In Medical Charge

CADRE.

Season of Appointment.	Name	Rank in the		Remarks.
		Regiment.	Army.	
MAJOR.				
1830	Kemball, John Shaw	16 July 1864	12. 11 Dec. 81	Lieutenant Colonel in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS				
1830	Gray, Wm. Barry	6 Feb. 1812	12. 13 June 81	Lieut. -Colonel in Staff Corps
1843	Annasley, Jno. Tisdall	29 Nov. 1856	12. 15 Oct. 62	Major in Staff Corps
1844	Simms, Alexander Young, 738	19 May 1858	12. 1 Feb. 64	Europe, M.C.
1844	Thomson, George Leslie	9 June 1860	12. 1 Feb. 81	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Magnon, Franklin Phillips	19 Oct. 1860	12. 13 June 60	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Fuller, Clarence Augustus	1 Jan. 1863	12. 3 Aug. 66	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Chamberlain, Chas. Francis Falcon	16 July 1861	12. 19 Jan. 64	Major in Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS.				
1847	Davies, Lewis Matthew	15 Nov. 1858	12. 17 Feb. 67	Major in Staff Corps
1854	McWilliam, Simon Fraser	12 Dec. 1856	12. 4 Feb. 61	Captain in Staff Corps
1857	Amlerson, John Watson Huchinsford	23 Feb. 1857	12. 20 Jan. 67	Captain in Staff Corps
1857	Wise, Francis John	30 May 1860	.. ..	Staff Corps
1858	Burnes, Sidney Holmes	9 June 1860	.. ..	Staff Corps
1858	Martin, Henry ph.	10 Oct. 1860	Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Narsingpore Central Provinces

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

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27TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY OR 1st BELUCH
REGIMENT.

"DELHI."

ABYSSINIA.

Depôt—Hydrabad.

Facings—Red.

Reason of Appoint.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank.	Date of Appoint- ment.	Remarks.
1845	Major H. Beville, 185 1st Lt.	Staff Corps	14 June 65	30 Oct. 66	Commandant
1848	Captain G. F. Hogg, 228 Lt.	Staff Corps	18 Feb. 67	12 Feb. 67	2nd in Command
1849	Captain W. Hicks, 225 Lt.	Staff Corps	20 Dec. 67	13 Apr. 68	Wing Officer (Brigd. Major Brigade Abyssinian F.F.)
1851	Captain J. H. Custell, 230 Lt.	Staff Corps	20 Jan. 68	10 July 67	Offg. Wing Officer
1858	Lieutenant P. A. Browne pl.	Staff Corps	1 Jan. 62	23 June 63	Adjutant
1857	Lieutenant P. J. T. Henslowe pl.	Cd. 2nd E. R.	2 Jan. 59	8 Oct. 64	Quarter Master
1860	Lieutenant H. B. Edwards 1st Lt. pl.	Cd. 2nd E. R.	10 Aug. 57	25 Nov. 64	Wing Subaltern (Ka- rope, M.C. from 25th June 1866)
1858	Lieutenant M. H. Nicolson Lt.	General List	4 Jan. 62	26 July 66	Wing Subaltern
1860	Lieutenant L. A. Boville Lt.	General List	30 July 66	9 Oct. 67	Wing Subaltern
1858	Assistant Surgeon R. Houstead, 614 F.R.C.S.	Med. Est.	23 July 66	24 Sept. 64	In Medical Charge
1860	Assistant Surgeon S. O'B. Banks 1st Lt.	Med. Est.	1 Oct. 66	17 Oct. 67	Attached

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

28TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Raised 21st January 1846.

Light Company, "PERSIA."

SHEWCH. Arrived—17th December 1866.

Facings—Pale Yellow.

NEW ORGANIZATION.

Season of Appointment.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
1839	Lieut Colonel W. F. Anderson, 29 ..	Bombay Inf	11 Dec. 66	19 Apr. 67	Commandant (Offg. Commandant 11th A.I.)
1840	Major J. F. Robertson, 184	ph. Staff Corps	9 Oct. 6	20 Dec. 64	Second in Command (Offg. Commandant)
1849	Captain T. R. Nimmo	ph. Staff Corps	11 Dec. 61	20 Dec. 64	Wing Officer (Offg. 2nd in Command)
1850	Lieutenant F. O. Singleton	W.A. Staff Corps	1 Jan. 62	3 July '67	Adjutant
1859	Captain J. C. D. S. Mouzy, 276	ph. Staff Corps	10 Dec. 64	30 Sept. 66	Quarter Master and Offg. Wing Officer Wing Subaltern
1854	Surgeon L. S. Bruce, 704	ph. Med. Est.	6 May 66	9 Oct. 67	In Medical Charge

CADRE.

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Rank in the		Remarks.
		Regiment.	Army.	
MAJOR.				
1841	Williams, John Daniel	21 Nov. 1804	17 July 67	Lieut. Colonel in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS.				
1843	Hewitt, Frederick Stafford	18 Apr. 1855	9 June 63	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Robertson, James Forbes ..	23 Nov. 1850	9 Oct. 63	Major in Staff Corps
1846	Dunsterville, Lionel D'Arey	5 Feb. 1837	29 Apr. 66	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Lyons, Edm. Wyloughby ..	14 Feb. 1837	3 May 68	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Watson, John, C.B.	4 July 1851	19 Feb. 61	Staff Corps
1849	Nimmo, Thomas Ross ..	1 Jan. 1853	11 Dec. 1851	Staff Corps
1850	Wey, Alfred Cotton ..	31 Nov. 1864	20 Jan. 1862	Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS.				
1846	Britton, Thomas Ernest ..	24 Mar. 1856	20 Dec. 61	Captain in Staff Corps
1856	Bartholomew, F. Polham ..	28 Nov. 1856	20 Sept. 64	Captain in Staff Corps
1856	Atherton, G. Andrew ..	5 Feb. 1857	8 Dec. 67	Captain in Staff Corps
1856	West, Edward William ..	14 Feb. 1857	.. ..	Staff Corps
1856	Reincker, George Herman ..	4 July 1861	.. ..	Staff Corps
1856	Cunningham, C. Alexander ..	16 July 1861	.. ..	Staff Corps

**29TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY OR 2ND BELDOCH
REGIMENT**

"PERSIA"—"RESHIA"—"KHOSHAB"—"BUSHIA."

HYDRABAD. Arrived 23rd September 1866.

Facings—Red.

Season of Appointment.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
1844	Captain G. Nichollett, 220	n. Staff Corps..	14 Feb. 61	12 Feb. 67	Commandant
1846	Captain A. P. Davis, 227	ph. Staff Corps..	18 Feb. 61	12 Feb. 67	2nd in Command (Europe, V C from 14 Mar. 1877) Offg. 2nd in Command
1853	Captain J. Galloway, 259	ph. Staff Corps..	11 June 63	12 Feb. 67	Wing Officer
1859	Lieutenant A. Wood	n. Staff Corps..	17 Sep. 61	9 Apr. 68	Adjutant
1867	Lieutenant A. Hogg	n. Staff Corps..	4 Dec. 67	12 Apr. 68	Quarter Master
1869	Lieutenant H. French	ph. Staff Corps..	1 Jan. 68	19 Sept. 68	Wing Subaltern (Ret B. C. from 24th June 1867)
1868	Twist. Surgeon D. Morton	Med. Est.	28 May 55	10 April 68	In Medical Charge

CADRE.

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Rank in the		First Rank.	Remarks.
		Regiment.	Army.		
MAJOR.					
1841	Perris, Thomas T. M.	8 Oct. 1845	17.10 Dec. 67	..	Lieutenant Colonel in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS.					
1844	Henderson, Joseph Isaac	10 Oct. 1855	m. 10 June 64	..	Major in Staff Corps
1845	Nuttall, Thomas	23 Nov. 1855	m. 5 June 66	..	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Edke, George Daniel	4 Aug. 1859	m. 6 Jan. 67	..	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Blount, Wm. Henry	21 Feb. 1861	m. 17 Feb. 67	..	Major in Staff Corps
1847	Barnes, Charles Payne	1 Jan. 1862	m. 5 July 67	..	Major in Staff Corps
1849	Phillips, Alfred	10 July 1864	18 Feb. 1861	..	Staff Corps
1850	Wardrop, Alexander	8 Oct. 1865	10 Dec. 1868	..	Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS.					
1858	Phillips, Henry	10 Oct. 1858	c. 10 Sept. 65	..	Captain in Staff Corps
1858	Kerrich, Edmund	23 Nov. 1858	c. 20 Jan. 67	..	Captain in Staff Corps
1855	Eden, William Thomas	28 May 1859	c. 30 Dec. 67	..	Captain in Staff Corps
1856	Jebb, John	4 Aug. 1860	.. ..	..	Staff Corps

30TH REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY OR JACOB'S BIFLES

JACOBABAD.

Season of Appointment.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Date of Army Rank.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
1848	Major W. G. Mainwaring, 184, <i>Sur., ph.</i>	Staff Corps	1 Mar. 68	2 Sept. 58	Commandant
1850	Captain T. Bell, 284 .. <i>Sur., ph.</i>	Staff Corps	10 Dec. 68	15 May 65	Second in Command
1851	Captain W. T. Mills, 281 .. <i>L.M., ph.</i>	Staff Corps	20 Jan. 68	1 July 65	Wing Officer
1858	Lieutenant C. A. Cunningham .. <i>x</i>	Staff Corps	26 July 61	14 Sept. 65	Adjutant and Offg. Quarter Master Quarter Master Wing Subaltern
1858	Asst. Surgeon H. A. Lawrence	Med. Est.	25 July 68	6 May 65	In Medical Charge

CADRE.

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Rank in the		Purl. Rule.	Remarks.
		Regiment.	Army.		
MAJOR.					
1839	Groom, Edward Alfred ..	16 July 1861	Lt. 11 June '65	x	Lieut. Colonel, Staff Corps
CAPTAINS.					
1840	Moyle, Charles Augustus ..	25 June 1858	Lt. 22 Dec. 63	x	Lieut. Colonel in Staff Corps
1841	Lewis, John Joseph	2 Aug. 1859	Lt. 23 July 65	x	Lieut. Colonel in Staff Corps
1841	Scott, Robert Liddington ..	1 Mar. 1864	Lt. 25 July 67	x	Lieut. Colonel in Staff Corps
1846	Boydson, Wm. Howell	18 July 1858	.. 20 Dec. 60	..	Major in Staff Corps
1848	Williams, Robert Frederick ..	2 June 1859	.. ..	x	Staff Corps
1849	Thayer, N. Burfoot	1 Jan. 1863	9 June 1861	x	Staff Corps
1850	Cloy, Charles Henry	16 July 1864	24 Aug. 1862	x	Staff Corps
LIEUTENANTS.					
1850	Westropp, Geo. R. Collier ..	16 Nov. 1853	c. 20 Dec. 68	x	Captain in Staff Corps
1851	Woodhouse, Robert Russell ..	24 Mar. 1856	c. 18 June 63	x	Captain in Staff Corps
1852	Smith, Edward Mitchell ..	23 Nov. 1856	c. 20 Dec. 64	x	Captain in Staff Corps
1854	Boyd, Julius Middleton ..	28 Nov. 1856	c. 20 Feb. 60	x	Captain in Staff Corps
1856	Corpendale, Montagu Mansell ..	2 June 1859	.. ..	x	Staff Corps

CADRE OF OFFICERS LATE 31st REGIMENT NATIVE INFANTRY

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Rank in the		Furl. Rule.	Remarks.
		Regiment.	Army.		
MAJOR.					
1848	Canneggy, Alexander	17 Dec. 1805	7 Dec. 1856	x	Captain in Staff Corps
CAPTAINS.					
1850	Closs, Henry Pelham	4 Dec. 1857	20. 1 Nov. 57	x	Staff Corps
1851	Houlton, Charles F. d. ..	1 Jan. 1804	13 Dec. 1843	x	Staff Corps
1854	Macleod, Charles Donald, Esq. ph.	30 July 1809	.. ..	x	Offg. Wing Officer and 2nd in Command 30th N. I.
1854	Remington, Spencer .. .	17 Dec. 1806	20 July 1806	x	Staff Corps
1855	Buines, Hamilton Fairquhar Holmes		.. ..	x	Attached to 14th N. I.
LIEUTENANTS.					
1857	Hogg, Adam	4 Dec. 1857	.. ..	x	Staff Corps
1857	I ye, William Henry .. .	23 Feb. 1858	.. ..	x	Staff Corps
1858	Hay, Stratford Morrison ..	11 Dec. 1860	.. ..	x	Staff Corps

Invalid Establishment.

Season of Appointment.	Name.	Date of Rank.	When Invalided.	Furl Rules.	Remarks.
MAJORS.					
1880	Grady, Thomas .. X.M.	2 Nov. 1840	21 May 1880		Commandant Lion Fort
1826	Reynolds, William .. X.M.	17 June 1831	26 Mar. 1862	x	Residing at the Nelgherries
1837	Symons, Christopher Je- linger 751	25 May 1837	20 Aug. 1859	2	Europe, M. O.
1827	Jones, Henry Charles, 752	30 June 1854	24 Feb. 1880		Residing at Belgaum
1835	Maugel, Charles, 753	26 Nov. 1854	13 May 1861	o	Residing at Kurrachee
CAPTAINS.					
1828	Godfrey, T. H.	25 Apr. 1844	19 Sept. 1845	..	Residing at the Nelgherries
1823	Fraswell, Chas. Nicholas	7 Jan. 1844	4 Aug. 1853	..	Residing at the Nelgherries
1879	Boudillon, Osmyn, 754 p/h	31 Sept. 1853	8 Sept. 1857	o	Paymaster of Pensioners, Poona and Acting Paymaster, P.D.A.
1844	Oliver, Thomas	23 Nov. 1856	3 Feb. 1858	o	Residing in the Decern
1843	Osborne, Hugh Stacy, p/h	13 Sept. 1855	13 Aug. 1860	o	Acting, 1858, Furlough to
1844	Gleag, DeLacy McD. ..	10 Nov. 1858	29 Oct. 1859	o	Residing at Raykote
1840	Groube, Frederick James	2 Mar. 1851	3 May 1860	x	Europe, Furlough to March 1862
1845	Jardine, F. Raleigh.. p/h	25 May 1857	9 May 1860	o	In charge Transit Chest, Dapoolie
1843	Probyn, Oliver, 755, p/h	28 Mar. 1860	25 Feb. 1857	o	Supt. of Police, and Comdt. Khan- desh Bheel Corps
1846	Rees, Thomas Hedger ..	6 Dec. 1861	20 Oct. 1863	o	Residing at Bombay and Surat
1855	*Cowley, Patrick	15 Nov. 1864	19 Oct. 1864	o	Residing at Baulkote (Bengal Presidency)
LIEUTENANTS.					
1841	Nichol, Geo. Aug. Fred.	1 Sept. 1843	10 Jan. 1853	o	Europe M. C.
1851	Lockitt, Robert Charles..	26 Nov. 1854	30 Mar. 1858	o	Residing at Ramhaz and the South- ern Maratha Country
1848	Smith, Danvers James, 756	20 Feb. 1853	25 May 1860	o	Residing in the Deccan
	Mabbott, Jeremiah.. ..	2 July 1851	.. ..	..	Residing in the Deccan

* Rank Honorary only.

Invalid Pension List.

Season of Appointment.	Rank and Name.	Date of Rank.	When Invalided.	Furl Rules.	Remarks.
1847	Captain .. John Wauchope	1 Jan. 1864	30 Jan. 1869	o	

Unattached.

Rank and Name.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Captain .. John Bennett	1 Dec. 1865	
Lieutenant .. Patrick Murray, 33 .. .	11 Apr. 1865	Paymaster, General Depot
Lieutenant .. Arthur Steers, 33 .. .	20 Dec. 1865	Riding Master, 18th Reg. Royal Arty.
Lieutenant .. Michael Loebe, 34 .. .	20 Dec. 1865	Quartermaster General Depot

Veteran Establishment.

Rank and Name.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
Lieutenant .. Jeremiah Coloman (capt hon)	1 Jan. 1858	Deputy Asst. Commy. of Ordnance
Lieutenant .. James F Wilkins (capt hon)	23 June 1858	Deputy Asst. Commy. of Ordnance (Lun, M & C)
Lieutenant .. John Scott (capt hon) .. .	12 Dec. 1858	Deputy Asst. Commy. Commissariat Dept.
Lieutenant .. Samuel Chelham (capt hon)	15 Dec. 1858	Deputy Commissary of Ordnance
Lieutenant .. Henry Purcell (capt hon) ..	20 Sept. 1858	Deputy Commissary of Ordnance
Lieutenant .. William Go lip	21 Apr. 1861	Deputy Asst. Commy. Commissariat Dept.

Officers holding Honorary Commissions.

Name.	Date of Rank.	Remarks.
CAPTAINS.		
Coloman, Jeremiah	1 Nov. 1864	Ordnance Department
Wilkins, James Frederick .. .	20 May 1866	Ordnance Department
Chelham, Samuel	20 May 1866	Ordnance Department
Purcell, Henry	10 Nov. 1866	Ordnance Department
Stapleton, Edward	16 Nov. 1866	Public Works Department
Scott, John	13 July 1867	Commissariat Department
LIEUTENANTS.		
McLoughlin, Patrick	15 Nov. 1864	Barrack Department
Hexton, Charles	20 Oct. 1865	Public Works Department
Davis, John	10 Nov. 1866	Public Works Department
Christian, Christopher	6 July 1867	Navies Department
ENSIGNS.		
Shore, Thomas	1 Nov. 1866	Ordnance Department
Osborn, John	16 Nov. 1866	Ordnance Department
Nur, Edward	16 Nov. 1866	Public Works Department
Jackson, John	16 Nov. 1866	Quartermaster General's Department
Burnard, Joseph	1 Nov. 1866	Barrack Department
Edginton, Alfred	16 Nov. 1866	Police Department
Hall, George	6 July 1867	Public Works Department

DISTRIBUTION OF THE ARMY IN THE BENGAL PRESIDENCY

On the 20th December 1867.

British Cavalry.

4th Hussars—Meerut	19th Hussars—Benares & Cawnpore
5th Lancers—Lucknow	20th ditto Campbellpore
7th H. sars—Peshawur	21st ditto Umballa
11th ditto Muttra	

Native Cavalry.

1st Bengal Cavalry—Morar, Gwahor	11th Bengal Cavalry—Umballa
2nd ditto Deolih, Rajpootana	12th ditto Abyssinian Field Force
3rd ditto Peshawur	13th ditto Lucknow
4th ditto Birmelly	14th ditto Meerut
5th ditto Scetapore	15th ditto Moulton
6th ditto Sealkote	16th ditto Rawul Pindoe
7th ditto Nowgong	17th ditto Barrackpore
8th ditto Segowlie	18th ditto Peshawur
9th ditto Meran Meer	19th ditto Peshawur
10th ditto Abyssinian Field Force	

British Infantry.

1st Bat. 3rd Regt—Meerut	2nd Battalion 60th Rifles—Fyzabad
1st do 5th do—Ferozepore	77th Regiment—Nowshera
1st do 6th do Under orders to Punjab	79th ditto Delhi and Roorkhee
1st do 7th do Sangar	88th ditto Peshawur
1st do 11th do Dum Dum & Barrackpore	90th ditto Subathoo
1st do 12th do Jubbulpore	92nd ditto Jullundar
1st do 19th do Rawul Pindoe	93rd ditto Jhansi
2nd do 23rd do Fort William	101st ditto Cawnpore
36th Regiment—Peshawur	1 2nd ditto Lucknow
37th ditto Birmelly	103rd ditto Morar Gwahor
38th ditto Sealkote	104th ditto Dugshue
41st ditto Agra	105th ditto Dinapore
45th ditto Lucknow	106th ditto Meran Meer
50th ditto Benares	107th ditto Allahabad
	109th ditto Mooltan

Native Infantry.

1st Regt N I—Morar Gwahor	26th Regt N I—Lullitpore
2nd ditto Allipore	27th ditto Birmelly
3rd ditto Pealwar	28th ditto Peshawur
4th ditto Allahabad	29th ditto Moradabad
5th ditto Benares	30th ditto Cawnpore
6th ditto Julpigoree	31st ditto Umballa
7th ditto Dacca and Cachar	32nd ditto Khonin
8th ditto Jhansi	33rd ditto Lucknow
9th ditto Fort William	34th ditto Barrackpore
10th ditto Mooltan	35th ditto Saugor
11th ditto Dinapore	36th ditto Meerut
12th ditto Jubbulpore	37th ditto Gorakhpore
13th ditto Jullundar	38th ditto Ung de
14th ditto Barrackpore	39th ditto Barrackpore
15th ditto Ferozepore	40th ditto Banda
16th ditto Fyzabad	41st ditto Agra
17th ditto Delhi	42nd ditto Assam
18th ditto Bhaugulpore	43rd ditto Assam
19th ditto Allahur	44th ditto Cheernapoonjee
20th ditto Meran Meer	45th ditto Peshawur
21st ditto Peshawur	1st Goorka Regt.—Dharmasalla
22nd ditto Morar	2nd ditto Attock
23rd ditto Abyssinian Field Force	3rd ditto Almorah
24th ditto Meran Meer	4th ditto Dalhousie
25th ditto Peshawur	

Medical Department.

Inspector General, Indian Medical Department
Inspector General British Medical Department
Secretary to Inspector General, Indian Medical Department
Secretary to Inspector General British Medical Department

..T. E. Arnott, *M.D., C.B.* (Hon. Surg. to the Queen)
 ..A. Girdon, *M.D., C.B.*
 ..Surgeon Major T. B. Johnstone, *M.D., Indian Medical Department*
 ..Assistant Surgeon H. E. L. Cole, *M.D., British Medical Department*

SANITARY COMMISSION.

[Appointed 1st March 1864.—Re-constituted 5th June 1867]

Sanitary Commissioners—A. H. Leith, Esq., *M.D.*, Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, *Indian Medical Department* (Europe, M. G.)
Acting Sanitary Commissioner.—Colonel H. W. B. Bell, *Royal Engineers*
Secretary.—Surgeon J. G. Asher, *M.D., Indian Medical Department*

MEDICAL RETIRING FUND.**MANAGERS.**

Arnott, T. E., *C.B.*, Inspector General.—Elected June 1864
 Wald, T. W., Deputy Insp. Genl.—Elected September 1864
 Johnstone, T. B., *M.D.*, Surg. Major.—Elected June 1862

Nicolson, J. G., *M.D.*, Surgeon Major.—Elected 1865
 Broughton, F., Surgeon Major.—Elected June 1866
 Rogers, A., *M.D.*, Surgeon.—Elected June 1866

Secretary, Surgeon Major T. B. Johnstone, *M.D.*

PRESIDENCY STANDING MEDICAL COMMITTEE.

Meets when required at noon on Mondays and Thursdays, at the Office of the Inspector General Indian Medical Department.

Ex-officio President.—Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals (Indian Med. Dept), Presidency Division and Bombay Marine.

Members.

The Surgeon, European General Hospital
 The 1st Physician, Jambhetee Jeejeebhoy Hospital
 The Surgeon Jambhetee Jeejeebhoy Hospital
 The Medical Storekeeper
 The Surgeon, Lunatic Asylum

The Civil Oculist
 The 2nd Physician Jambhetee Jeejeebhoy Hospital.
 The 2nd Surgeon Jambhetee Jeejeebhoy Hospital.
 The Asst. Surg. of the Eur. General Hospital

Two being available for the duty, for periods to be fixed by the Inspector General Indian Medical Department.

VISITORS OF THE LUNATIC ASYLUM, COLABA.

[G. O. No. 361 of 1860]

The Commissioner of Police, Bombay
 The Senior Magistrate of Police, Bombay
 The Second Magistrate of Police, Bombay
 The Third Magistrate of Police, Bombay
 The Officer Commanding the European Regiment at Colaba
 The Officer Commanding the Colaba Sanitarium

The Officer Commanding the Marine Battalion
 The Brigade Major, Bombay
 The Deputy Insp. Genl of Hospitals, (Ind. Med. Dept.) Presidency Division
 The Senior Executive Medical Offr. in Bombay
 The Med. Officer of the European Regt., Colaba
 The Secy. to the Inspector Genl. Ind. Med. Dept.

Circles of Medical Superintendence of the British and Indian Medical Services.

[G G O No. 412 of 1867.]

BRITISH MEDICAL SERVICE

<i>Presidency Division</i>	<i>Poona Division</i>	<i>Mhow Division</i>	<i>Sind Division.</i>
Bombay	Poona	Mhow.	Kurrachee
Ishtul	Kirkee	Neemuch	Hydrabad
Husoda	Ahmednuggur	Nussersabad	Chunab
Ahmedabad	Sholapur	Indore	
Dhule	Pandharpur	Ajmer	
Mount Abu	Satara	Aurangabad	
Aden	Ahmednuggur	Tarapur	
	Belgaum		
	Bairat		

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

<i>Presidency Division</i>	<i>Northern Division—continue</i>
Bombay	Mandavoo
Tanna	Mhow
Alibagh	Neemuch
Calcutta	Nussersabad
Vingoria	Indore
Rutnagerry	Mehadpoore
Sawant Wase	Augur
Dapoolie	
Bhosh	
Bulwer	
Sunt	
And the whole of the Bombay Marine and Port	

<i>Poona Division</i>	<i>Sind Division</i>
Poona	Kurrachee
Kirkee	Hydrabad.
Neemuch	Shikapur
Ahmednuggur	Jalpur
Nasik	Rohit
Mallapur	Thun and Panku
Dhule	Districts
Ahmednuggur	Kotree
Satara	Munora
Mahabuleswar	Parkhan
Sholapur	Mhow
Belgaum	Indore
Udhwa	Shikapur
Kulladghee	Neemuch
Kolapore	Oomroote
	Ruggur Parkur.
	Hilla.
	Mahomed Khan's
	Indu
	Roohi Khan's Land
	Misore Butta
	Alwar ka-Landa
	Khetee
	Jarocha
	Mitter
	Indu
	Aden falls under the Superintendent Medical Department at that Station and Port

GRADATION LIST OF THE MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT—(cont.)

Season of App't	Name.	Corps or Medical Service.	Assistant Surgeon.	Surgeon.	Surgeon Major.
<i>Surgeons Major—(continued)</i>					
1846	Knap, J. M.	Bomb Med. Dept.	7 Mar. 64	27 Aug. 64	7 Mar. 66
1846	Murray, T.	"	7 Mar. 64	13 Feb. 64	7 Mar. 66
1846	Sylvester, C. J., M.D.	"	3 May 64	18 Feb. 64	3 May 66
1846	Wright, J., M.D.	"	19 Aug. 40	1 Mar. 64	10 Aug. 66
1847	Daubeny, J.	"	16 Sept. 40	31 Mar. 64	16 Sept. 66
1847	Rean, J.	"	17 Feb. 47	31 Mar. 64	17 Feb. 67
1847	Pauch, W., M.D.	"	20 Mar. 67	1 Apr. 61	20 Mar. 67
<i>Surgeons. (Relative Rank, Major.)</i>					
	Stewart, R. H., M.D.	9th Div. Gid	1 Dec. 48	22 June 55	
	Kellie, James, M.D.	10th Div. B. H. A.	2 May 48	2 Oct. 57	
	Spence, R.	14th Foot	11 Mar. 61	14 Jan. 63	
	Smith, J., M.D.	13rd Foot	5 Aug. 59	29 July 62	
	Moore, F. W.	2nd Div. Gid.	28 Oct. 59	5 May 63	
	Blackley, J. M., M.D.	16th Foot	6 Jan. 61	2 Sept. 63	
	Brown, G. T. H.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	1 Feb. 48	10 June 61	
	Gilbert J.	"	23 Mar. 48	15 June 64	
1844	Wills, J.	"	3 Apr. 49	10 June 64	
1848	Livingston, J. S.	"	20 July 46	10 June 64	
1848	Hunter, W. G.	"	21 Feb. 50	15 June 64	
1848	Hain, J., M.D.	"	20 Mar. 51	15 June 64	
1850	Smith, L. B., A. B., M.D.	"	20 May 51	15 June 64	
1851	Joynt, F. G.	"	19 Aug. 51	15 June 64	
1851	Wood, W. E.	"	20 Oct. 51	15 June 64	
1851	Tor, A.	"	20 Dec. 51	15 June 64	
1851	Stanley, St. J.	4th Foot	24 Feb. 54	5 Aug. 64	
1851	Ward, A. V.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	20 Dec. 51	12 Oct. 64	
1851	Hannan, James	40th Foot	7 Apr. 51	4 Nov. 61	
	Thomson, C., M.D.	"	29 Dec. 51	14 Dec. 64	
1851	Glen, J.	"	20 Jan. 52	14 Dec. 64	
1852	James, R. W., M.D.	"	20 Feb. 52	14 Dec. 64	
1852	Lowndes, J. M., M.D.	"	20 Feb. 52	14 Dec. 64	
1852	Thomson, H. O.	"	21 Mar. 52	14 Dec. 64	
1852	Mackenzie, M. M.	"	20 June 52	14 Dec. 64	
1852	Rogers, A. M.	"	24 June 52	14 Dec. 64	
1852	Martin, T. D. P.	"	9 Oct. 52	14 Dec. 64	
1852	Stratton, J. P., M.D.	"	20 Oct. 52	14 Dec. 64	
1852	Lumsden, J.	"	10 Nov. 52	14 Dec. 64	
1852	Moore, W. J.	"	20 Nov. 52	14 Dec. 64	
1852	Shepherd, W. A.	"	9 Dec. 52	14 Dec. 64	
1852	Gane, H. J.	"	20 Mar. 53	20 Mar. 65	
1852	Barnett, J. M., M.D.	"	20 Apr. 53	20 Apr. 65	
1852	Macleod, A.	14th Brig R. Art.	7 Apr. 54	20 June 65	
	Chapple, R. L.	18th Brig R. Art.	23 Apr. 54	20 June 65	
	Murphy, J. J., M.D.	14th Foot	28 Apr. 54	20 June 65	
	Row, C. G. H.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	7 July 58	7 July 65	
	Webb, S. M., M.D.	2nd Foot	10 May 51	23 Aug. 61	
1853	Medman, F. S.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	10 Sept. 53	19 Sept. 65	
	Galder, W. M.	108th Foot	26 May 61	31 Nov. 63	
1853	Sylvester, J. H.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	4 Dec. 53	1 Dec. 63	
1853	Thorp, R. C., M.D.	"	4 Jan. 54	4 Jan. 66	
1854	Hewlett, T. G.	"	20 Jan. 54	20 Jan. 66	
1854	Bruce, L. S.	"	6 Mar. 54	6 May 66	
1854	Adey, A. W. G.	"	9 May 54	9 May 66	
1854	Grant, W. M. B.	1st Foot	"	9 May 66	
	Partridge, W. P.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	3 July 54	3 July 66	
1854	Butler, B. H., M.D.	"	4 Oct. 54	4 Oct. 66	
1854	Johnston, T. H. W. P.	"	7 Nov. 54	7 Nov. 66	
1854	Nichols, W. T. D.	"	31 Dec. 54	31 Dec. 66	
1854	Flannery, J. H.	Brit. Med. Dept.	23 June 54	11 Jan. 67	
	Niven, W., M.D.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	24 Jan. 55	24 Jan. 67	

GRADATION LIST OF THE MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT—(cont.)

Season of Appt.	Name.	Corps or Medical Service.	Assistant Surgeon.	Surgeon.
<i>Surgeons—continued.</i>				
1834	Cook, H., <i>M.D.</i>	Bomb. Med. Dept.	24 Jan. 55	24 Jan. 67
1835	Duck, R., <i>M.D.</i>	"	24 Jan. 55	24 Jan. 67
1854	Athins, H., ..	"	24 Jan. 55	24 Jan. 67
1856	Day II., <i>M.D.</i>	"	31 Jan. 55	31 Jan. 67
1855	Wickfield, H., ..	"	14 Feb. 55	14 Feb. 67
1856	Mitchell, H., ..	95th Foot	21 July 54	9 Mar. 67
	Barnett, O., ..	British Med. Dept.	24 Nov. 51	6 June 67
1855	Tumple, F. H., ..	Bomb. Med. Dept.	4 Aug. 55	4 Aug. 67
1855	Seward, S. E., <i>M.D.</i>	"	"	"
1855	Waher, J. G., <i>M.D.</i>	"	"	"
1855	Pinkerton, J., <i>M.D.</i>	"	"	"
1855	Whalley, E. F., ..	"	"	"
1855	Bell, G. C., <i>M.D.</i>	Bomb. Med. Dept.	17 Oct. 55	17 Oct. 67
	Johnston, J., <i>M.D.</i>	British Med. Dept.	27 Oct. 54	23 Oct. 67
	Dickerson, Stephen Henry	2nd Foot	1 Dec. 54	9 Nov. 67
1855	Straker, J. F., ..	Bomb. Med. Dept.	14 Nov. 55	11 Nov. 67
<i>Assistant Surgeons.</i> [Relative rank, <i>Lieutenant</i> .—After 5 years' service, <i>Captain</i> .]				
	Pacholcus, W. T., ..	British Med. Dept.	1 Sept. 54	
	Sherlock, H., ..	British Med. Dept.	1 Dec. 54	
	Beale, R. H., ..	1st Foot	23 Feb. 55	
	Kibby, A. R., ..	11 Bde. R. Art.	12 Apr. 55	
	Halahan, S. H., <i>M.D.</i>	18 Bde. R. Art.	4 May 55	
	Peckher, W., ..	16th Foot	1 May	
	Shipton, J. N., ..	2nd Div. Gds.	23 May	
	Veale, H. R. L., <i>M.D.</i>	British Med. Dept.	14 Aug. 55	
1855	Munroe, J., ..	Bomb. Med. Dept.	20 Feb. 56	
1855	Joynt, C., <i>M.D.</i>	"	"	
1856	Cole, W. E., ..	"	"	
1856	Blomfield, A. M., ..	"	"	
1856	Cruckshank, J., <i>M.D.</i>	"	"	
1856	Kingstone, H. C., <i>A.B., M.B.</i>	"	"	
1856	McConnell, R. C., ..	"	"	
1856	Coulton, G. K., ..	"	"	
1856	Ogilvie, C. F., <i>M.D.</i>	"	"	
1856	Burrows, E. P., ..	"	"	
1856	Colvill, W. H., ..	"	"	
1856	Johnson, C., ..	"	16 July 56	
1856	McDowall, C. J. F., ..	"	4 Aug. 56	
1856	Kearney, J., ..	"	"	
1856	Miller, T., <i>M.D.</i>	"	19 Nov. 56	
1856	Loder, J., <i>A.B.</i>	"	20 Jan. 57	
1857	Rustomjee Byramjee, <i>M.D.</i>	"	"	
	Elliott, R. A., ..	95th Foot	30 May 57	
1857	Riddell, A. N. D., ..	Bomb. Med. Dept.	4 Aug. 57	
1858	Carter, H. V., <i>M.D.</i>	"	27 Jan. 58	
	Mackay, J., <i>M.D.</i>	11 Bde. M.H. Art.	14 Feb. 58	
	Hardinge, L., ..	"	10 Mar. 58	
	Spence, R., ..	British Med. Dept.	24 Mar. 58	
	Hopkins, R., ..	2nd Foot	23 Apr. 58	
1859	McDougal, H. R. L., <i>M.D.</i>	Bomb. Med. Dept.	28 May 58	
1858	Hopkins, N., ..	"	"	
1858	Morton, B., ..	"	"	
	O'Brien, T. M., ..	11 Bde. R. H. Art.	22 June 58	
1858	Mackenzie, J. T., <i>M.B.</i>	Bomb. Med. Dept.	23 July 58	
1858	Dunn, H. T., <i>B.A.</i>	"	"	
1858	Langley, R. H. R., <i>B.A.</i>	"	"	
1858	Corkell, P. W., ..	"	"	
1858	Hunter, G. Y., ..	"	"	
1858	McGrath, M. F., ..	"	"	
1858	Lawrance, R. A., ..	"	"	

GRADATION LIST OF THE MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT—(cont.)

Senior at Appn.	Name.	Corps or Medical Service.	Assistant Surgeon.
<i>Assistant Surgeons—continued.</i>			
1856	Bountead, R.	Bomb. Med. Dep.	25 July 58
1856	Smith, F. H.	"	19 Oct. 58
	Lane, J. V.	4th Foot	"
	Murtagh, T.	British Med. Dept.	14 Dec. 58
1859	Simpson, D., M.D., A.M.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	10 Feb. 59
1859	Blanc, H. J., M.D.	"	10 Feb. 59
1859	Davies, J.	"	"
1859	Dymock, W., B.A.	"	"
1859	Scotton, R., M.D.	"	"
	Saunter, J. D.	109th Foot	1 Mar. 59
	Parr, K. J.	18th Bde. R. Art.	1 Mar. 59
	M'Carthy, F. T.	25th Foot	20 Apr. 59
	Drew, E.	18th Bde. R. Art.	18 June 59
1859	Hajji, A. N.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	27 July 59
	Gaye, A. U.	E Brig. R.H. Art.	11 Oct. 59
	Wood, T., M.D.	45th Foot	11 Oct. 59
	Stewart, John B., M.D.	British Med. Dept.	11 Oct. 59
	Chappell, J. J., M.D.	2nd. Drug. Gds.	18 Jan. 60
	Fagan, M. J. B., M.D.	40th Foot	10 Jan. 60
1860	Fullcloth, J.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	29 Jan. 60
1860	Taylor, H.	"	20 Jan. 60
1860	Alleyne, R. A.	"	20 Jan. 60
1860	Turnbull, P. B., M.D.	"	1 Oct. 60
1860	O'Kearney, F. R., M.D.	"	1 Oct. 60
1860	Lewis, H. A.	"	1 Oct. 60
	Watt, J., M.D.	18th Bde. R. Art.	1 Apr. 61
	Waters, J. M.	2nd Foot	1 Oct. 61
	Dunbar, F. H., M.D.	23rd Foot	1 Oct. 61
	Hall, R., M.D.	23rd Foot	1 Oct. 62
	O'Farrell, J., M.D.	108th Foot	1 Oct. 62
	Davis, J. N.	British Med. Dept.	14 Apr. 63
	Martin, W. T., M.D.	British Med. Dept.	14 Apr. 63
	Collier, H. C.	4th Foot	20 Sept. 63
	Greenhill, J. R.	British Med. Dept.	20 Sept. 63
	Forangeth, R. W.	55th Foot	20 Sept. 63
	Barry, J., M.D.	2nd Foot	20 Sept. 63
	Gray, J., M.D.	British Med. Dept.	21 Mar. 64
	Ball, J. J., M.D.	33rd Foot	21 Mar. 64
	Orwin, T. W.	40th Foot	21 Mar. 64
	Johnson, F., M.B.	108th Foot	21 Mar. 64
	Kemp, R. D.	British Med. Dept.	20 Sept. 64
	M'Connell, W., M.D.	"	20 Sept. 64
	Robinson, A. B.	3rd Drag. Gds.	20 Sept. 64
	O'Brien, E. R., M.D.	68th Foot	20 Sept. 64
	Jagoe, W. H.	British Med. Dept.	20 Sept. 64
	Vallance, E.	3rd Drag. Gds.	20 Sept. 64
	Tomlinson, W. W.	2nd Foot	20 Sept. 64
	Carpenter, W., M.D.	20th Foot	20 Sept. 64
	Corban, L., M.D.	48th Foot	20 Sept. 64
	O'Sullivan, E.	96th Foot	20 Sept. 64
	Tobin, Richard F.	Royal Art.	21 Mar. 65
	Carew, R. H.	45th Foot	21 Mar. 65
	Waghara, H.	British Med. Dept.	21 Mar. 65
	Powell, F.	1st Foot	21 Mar. 65
1865	Cook, H., M.D.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	21 Mar. 65
1865	Lyons, I. B.	"	21 Mar. 65
1865	Duckering, S.	"	21 Mar. 65
1865	Welsh, J. T., M.D.	"	21 Mar. 65
1865	Williams, J., M.D.	"	21 Mar. 65
1865	Barrie, A., M.D.	"	21 Mar. 65
	McCutchan, J. B., M.B.	British Med. Dept.	21 Mar. 65
	Hannagan, J. H.	"	21 Mar. 65

GRADATION LIST OF THE MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT—(cont.)

	Name	Corps or Medical Service.	Assistant Surgeon
<i>Assistant Surgeons—continued</i>			
1800	Gray, W.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	31 Mar. 00
1806	Hughes, D. E., M. D.	"	31 Mar. 06
1808	Holmstedt, T.	"	31 Mar. 08
1860	Rowman, H.	"	31 Mar. 06
1886	Laird, A., M. D.	"	31 Mar. 86
1888	Malici, A. H.	"	31 Mar. 88
1890	Cody, T.	"	31 Mar. 90
1900	Baby, J.	"	31 Mar. 00
1898	Adair, W., M. B.	"	1 Oct. 98
1900	Cowell, A. R.	"	1 Oct. 00
1890	Hoffmann, M.	"	1 Oct. 90
1891	Simpson, J., M. B.	"	1 Oct. 91
1895	Banks, E. O. B.	"	1 Oct. 95
1896	Lewis, J. R. C., M. B.	"	1 Oct. 96
	Gibson, G. I., M. B.	British Med. Dept.	2 Oct. 06
	Williamson, J., M. B.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	2 Oct. 06
	Stuart, W. H., M. B.	British Med. Dept.	2 Oct. 06
	Archdall, I. G.	British Med. Dept.	2 Oct. 06
1897	Macanach, G. A., M. B.	Bomb. Med. Dept.	1 Apr. 97
1897	Hambridge, G.	"	1 Apr. 97
1907	Innot, J., M. D.	"	1 Apr. 07
1907	Atty, R. A.	"	1 Apr. 07
1897	Knap, W. T.	"	1 Apr. 97
1897	Leggatt, A. T.	"	1 Apr. 97
1907	Latham, H. D.	"	1 Apr. 07
1897	McAlister, J., M. B.	"	1 Apr. 97
1897	Madhraj, S. H.	"	1 Apr. 97
1897	Meclau, D.	"	1 Apr. 97

BOMBAY MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Name.	Date of present Rank	Remarks.
<i>Inspector General.</i>		
Arnott, Francis Shortt, M.D., C.B., 760..	.. 13 Feb. 64	
<i>(Honorary Surgeon to the Queen)</i>		
<i>Deputy Inspectors General of Hospitals.</i>		
<i>Leak, Andrew H., M.D., 761</i>	.. 4 June 62	Sanitary Commissioner (Europe, M.C. from 3rd Feb. 1867)
Wright, Alexander, 762	.. 1 July 63	Poona Division
Ward, Thomas William, F.R.C.S., 763..	.. 2 Apr 66	Presidency Division
Thom, William	.. 31 Mar 67	Northern Division
Pelly, Saville Marriott, F.R.C.S., 764	.. 4 Apr 67	Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals Abysman Field Force
<i>Surgeon Majors.</i>		
Impey, Elijah, F.R.C.S.	.. 4 Dec 60	Postmaster General, Bombay (Europe) Furlough from 2nd May 1867)
Shaw, George James, M.D., 765	.. 2 Jan 61	Asst. Master, Madras (Europe) M.C. from 14th March 1864)
Forbes, George Feddes	.. 6 Mar 61	Asst. Master, Bombay
Collins, William, 767	.. 9 Mar 61	Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Abysman Field Force
Mabey, Edward, M.D., 768	.. 2 Dec 61	Europe M.C. from 3rd March 1866
Miller, John Robert, M.D., 769	.. 3 Jan 62	Asst. Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Sind Division
Campbell, William, M.D., 770	.. 24 Feb 62	Field Surgeon Abysman Field Force
Stytle, Mark, 769	.. 13 Mar 62	Europe, M.C. from 20th November 1866
Marshall, G. G. W., F.R.C.S.L.	.. 2 Dec 62	Europe, M.C. from 10 Oct 1865
Treadwell, John C.	.. 2 Dec 62	
Gurnea, Herbert John, M.D.	.. 2 Dec 62	

Johannes, Thomas Blackadder, M.D., 770	..	..	..	..	28 Dec. 63	Secretary to the Inspector General Indian Medical Department
Turner, John, F.R.C.S., 771	..	..	..	..	3 Jan. 63	Superintendent Medical Department and Surgeon European Genl. Hospital, Aven
Broughton, Francis, F.R.C.S., 772	..	..	..	..	31 Mar. 63	President Surgeon 3rd District, In Medical charge of County Jail, House of Correction, and B. Public Schools
Wyllie, David, M.D., 773	..	..	..	..	1 Jan. 64	Field Surgeon Abyssinian Field Force
Primas, Henry,	..	..	..	..	17 Jan. 64	1st Lt. Regt. N. I., and Superintendent of Vaccination Southern Circle
Gairth, John Young, M.D., ..	..	..	..	..	3 Jan. 63	Examiner of Medical Accounts
Nicholson, Robert, M.D., ..	..	..	..	..	1 Mar. 63	Europe, M.C. from 28th Jan. 1863
Coles, William Carey, W.D., M.B.C.P., 774	..	..	..	..	1 Mar. 63	Europe, M.C. from 14th Jan. 1865
Shelton, Joseph Foulque, A.B., M.B., 775	..	..	..	..	1 Mar. 63	Army Medical Officer, Calcutta Mint
Travers, James George, M.D., 776	..	..	..	..	7 June 63	Europe, M.C. from 14th Jan. 1835
Harris, Frederick William, 777	..	..	..	..	31 July 63	Europe, M.C. from 16th Sept. 1865
Lord, R. Gillman, M.D., ..	..	..	..	..	20 Nov. 63	Civil Surgeon, Poona
Nicolson, John Grant, M.D., ..	..	..	..	..	8 Dec. 63	21st Regt. N. I., at Varnar Battalion, and Aclg. Presdy. Surg. and District Inspector General of Prison
Wheeler, Charles George, M.D., ..	..	..	..	..	20 Jan. 64	Principal Medical Storekeeper, and Professor of Materia Medica & M. C.
Darby, William	..	..	..	..	5 Feb. 64	Europe, M.C. from 24th Sept. 1867
Knappe, James Michael, 778	..	..	..	..	7 Mar. 64	16th Regt. N. I.
Murray, Thomas, 779	..	..	..	..	7 Mar. 64	Europe, Enlisted from 11th Feb. 1866
Skinner, Charles James, M.D., ..	..	..	..	..	8 Nov. 63	Actg. Civil Surgeon Ahmedabad
Price, John, M.D., ..	..	..	..	..	19 Aug. 63	Cape of Good Hope, and Europe, M.C. from 20th Jan. 1866
Radcliff, James	..	..	..	..	18 Sept. 63	Civil Surgeon, Kurrachee (Bar. M.C. from 21 Feb. 1867)
Beane, John, 780	..	..	..	..	17 Feb. 67	Actg. M.C. from 5th August 1867
Peach, William, M.D., ..	..	..	..	..	20 Mar. 67	
<i>Surgeons.</i>						
Brown, George Frederick Hughes	..	..	..	..	15 June 64	Europe, M.C. from 14th Jan. 1863
Gibbert, James	..	..	..	..	18 June 64	Actg. Sind Sur. and Deputy Med. Storekeeper Kurrachee
Mills, John, 781	..	..	..	..	15 June 64	9th Regiment N. I.
Bumington, Joseph Salter, 782	..	..	..	..	15 June 64	Reviser of Grants and in Medical charge of Troops Baroda
Hunter, William Gwyer, F.R.C.S. (Edin.), 783	..	..	..	..	15 June 64	Principal of Grant Med. College, and Ophthalmic Surgeon, Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery, and First Physician to the J. J. Hosp. (Europe, M.C. from 30th March 1867)
Bain, James, 784	..	..	..	..	16 June 64	Europe, M.C. from 4th May 1867
Beatty, Thomas Barley, A.B., M.D., F.R.C.S., (Ir.), 785	..	..	..	..	15 June 64	Superintendent Netherin
Joynt, Francis George	..	..	..	..	15 June 64	Surgeon European General Hospital, Bombay
Wood, William Edwald	..	..	..	..	15 June 64	Civil Surgeon, Bandula (Eur., M.C. from 30th April 1867)
Fox, Alexander	..	..	..	..	15 June 64	Europe, M.C. from 6th Sept. 1865
Ward, Alexander Valentine	..	..	..	..	15 June 64	President Surgeon 1st District, and Professor of Midwifery, Grant Medical College
Thomson, Charles, M.D., 784	..	..	..	..	18 Oct. 64	Biopol. Contingent (Europe, M.C. from 14th April 1867)
Glan, James	..	..	..	..	14 Dec. 64	Europe, M.C. from 29th Jan. 1867
James, Robert Walker, M.D., 785	..	..	..	..	14 Dec. 64	Actg. Civil Surgeon, Aden
Lowndes, Thomas Mackford	..	..	..	..	14 Dec. 64	Superintendent Agency (Europe, M.C. from 24th July 1867)
Tharold, Harry Octavius	..	..	..	..	14 Dec. 64	Civil Surgeon and Deputy Medical Storekeeper, Abyssinian Field Force
Mackenzie, Malcolm Munro	..	..	..	..	14 Dec. 64	Civil Surg., and Supd. of the Jail, Dharran, and in Med. charge of the 12th N.I.
Rogers, Adam Macdougall, M.D., 786	..	..	..	..	14 Dec. 64	President Surgeon 2nd District, Professor of Medical Jurisprudence, Grant Medical College (Europe, M.C. from ..)

BOMBAY MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT—(continued).

Name.	Date of Promotion	Rank	Remarks.
<i>Surgeons—continued</i>			
Marlin, Thomas Edward Pences ..	9 Nov. 64	Dec. 64	1st Regt. Light Cavalry, and Medical charge 50 h N. I.
Stratton, John Proudfoot, M.D. ..	14 Dec. 64	Dec. 64	Political Agent, Bunderbund
Lamdasan, John, 767 ..	14 Dec. 64	Dec. 64	Superintendent Vatheran (Sanitary Officer (I T) Abyssinian Field Force)
Moore, William Jean- ⁴ , Z.K.C.P., Edin., 786 ..	14 Dec. 64	Dec. 64	Acting Surgeon Rajpootana Agency, and Superintendent Raj Dispensaries
Shepherd, William Ashton, 789 ..	14 Dec. 64	Dec. 64	Acting Surgeon and Deputy Medical Storekeeper Abyssinian Field Force
Gaud, Henry James ..	20 Jan. 65	Jan. 65	Acting Civil Surgeon, Surat, and in Medical charge 13th N. I.
Barnett, John Milford, M.D., 790 ..	20 Apr. 65	Apr. 65	Europe, M.C. from 14th Feb. 1866.
Bo- ⁴ , Charles Grant Hope ..	7 July 65	July 65	Europe, M.C. from 9th July 1867
Stedman, Frederick Savignas ..	10 Sept. 65	Sept. 65	Prof of Medicine G.M.C. and 2nd Physician to the J.J. Hospital
Sylvester, John Henry, F.G.S., 791 ..	4 Dec. 65	Dec. 65	Med Col & Ac'g. First Phyc. to the J.J. Hospital
Thorpe, Robert Crossing, M.D., F.R.C.S., 792 ..	4 Jan. 66	Jan. 66	Acting Prof. of Physiology and Acting Second Physician to the J.J. Hospital
Hewlett, Thomas Gillin, 793 ..	20 Jan. 66	Jan. 66	Acting Staff and Civil Surg. and Ac'g. Ophthalmic Surgeon
Brace, Lewis Stanhope, 794 ..	6 May 66	May 66	Con- ⁴ ing Officer of Health, and Dept M.C. Storekeeper Belgium
Ader, Arthur Weller- ⁴ George ..	9 May 66	May 66	2nd Regt. Light Cavalry, and in Medical charge 24th N. I.
Partridge, William Paton, 795 ..	9 July 66	July 66	13th Regt. N. I. (Ac'g. staff surg. and Dep't Med. Storekeeper Xhosa)
Butler, Ebenezer Robert, M.D., 796 ..	4 Oct. 66	Oct. 66	Special duty Ab- ⁴ com's
Johnson, Theophilus Bolton Wright Plunkett, 795 ..	7 Nov. 66	Nov. 66	Civil Surgeon, Rajpoota, and Superintendent of Vaccination, Kattywar (Europe, M.C. from 9th August 1866)
Tschunk, William Duke Todd, 797 ..	31 Dec. 66	Dec. 66	Acting Civil Surgeon, Brouch
Walsfield, H. ..	14 Jan. 67	Jan. 67	Europe, M.C. from 29th March 1866
Kiven, William, M.D., 798 ..	24 Jan. 67	Jan. 67	8th Regt. N. I. Superintendent Lunatic Asylum, Calcutta, and Marine Surgeon (Europe, M.C. from 14th April 1866)
Cool, Henry, M.D., 799 ..	24 Jan. 67	Jan. 67	Europe, M.C. from 10th September 1865
Dick, Robert, M.D. ..	24 Jan. 67	Jan. 67	Civil Surgeon Tanna, Secretary to the Rustomjee Wadud's Dispensary, and Superintendent Jail Finns
Atkins, Henry ..	24 Jan. 67	Jan. 67	Medical charge 13th N. I.
Day, Horace, M.D. ..	31 Jan. 67	Jan. 67	Europe, Fallowch from 3rd March 1866
Plunkett, Francis Henry, 800 ..	4 Aug. 67	Aug. 67	23rd Regiment N. I.
Seward, George Edwin, M.D. ..	"	"	Secretary to the Sanitary Commissioner
Asker, John Gordon, M.D., 801 ..	"	"	Superintendent of Vaccination, Sind
Plunkett, John, M.D. ..	"	"	8th Regt. N. I.
Whistley, Edmund Ferdinand, 802 ..	"	"	Europe M.C. from 14th March 1867
Bell, George Coyle, M.D., 803 ..	17 Oct. 67	Oct. 67	N. I.
Straker, John Fortnam ..	14 Nov. 67	Nov. 67	N. I.

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THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

BOMBAY MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT--(continued).

Name.	Date of Present Rank.	Remarks.
<i>Assistant Surgeons—continued.</i>		
O'Keefe, Francis Bernards, M D	M Medical Charge Details, Asseychur
Lewis, Henry Alfred	Civil Surgeon Kan's and Superintendent of the Jail
Cook, Henry, M D	Professor of Chemistry and 1st Physician James Jeebhoy Hospital, Grant
Lyon Isidore Bernadotte	Acting Civil Surgeon, and Chemical Analyst to Government
Ducheneux Samuel	General Bheel Corps, and Superintendent of Vaccination, Rewa Kanta
Wells, John Thomson, M D	Acting Civil Surgeon, Kotice
Williams, John, M D	European, V O I, from 28th July 1897
Burrie, Andrew, M D	Professor of Anatomy Curator of Museum Grant Medical College and 2nd
Gray, Wellington, M D	Surgeon to the Jamesjee Jeebhoy Hospital (Acting Professor, Botany)
Higgins David Fiske, M D	General Medical College
Holmes-Red Thomas	Attached to 16th Regiment N I
Bowman, Robert	Attached to 8th Regiment N I
Laung, Alexander M D	3rd Sind Horse
Miller, Alexander Hamilton	..	Attached to 10th Regiment N I
Codr, Thomas	General duty North in Division (Attached to 11th Regiment N I)
Baby, John	General duty, Northern Division (Attached to 33rd Regiment N I Left Wing)
Solan, William M D	Attached to 20th N I
Cowell, Andrew Richard	..	Attached to 2nd N I
Hedderman, Michael	Europe M C from 18th Oct 1897
Simpson, John, M D	General duty, Northern Division (Attached to 33rd N I)
Baskin, Samuel O'Brien	Attached to 2nd Light Cavalry
Lower, John Robert Colville, M D	attached to 27th N I
Macquachie, George Archibald, M D	General duty, Abyssinia
Fennelbrooke, George	2nd Regt Sind Horse
Annot, James, W D	Field Hospital, Dhoolia
Batty, Richard Hamilton	3rd N I
Knappe, William Frederick	with N I
Leggett, Alfred John	General duty Abyssinia
Trehem, Hamilton De	14th N I
McAlister, James, M D	General duty Southern Malakka Gurels
Long, David Henley	Detail of Land Transport Corps for Abyssinia
Halsidar, Saunders Barton	General duty Abyssinia
Kesdan, Barnard

MEDICAL OFFICERS OF H. M.'S BRITISH FORCES.

Name.	Date of present Rank.	Corps.	Remarks.
<i>Inspector General</i>			
Gordon, Archibald, M.D., C.B., &c.	9 Mar. 07	Staff	
<i>Deputy Inspectors General of Hospitals.</i>			
Gairns, Samuel, M.D., C.B., &c.	18 Jan. 06	Staff	
Pearson, Ludovick Charles, &c.	9 Mar. 07	Staff	
Murphy, Nath. William, &c.	9 Mar. 07	Staff	
Poe, Henry Clinton, &c.	9 Nov. 07	Staff	
<i>Surgeon Majors.</i>			
Trousdale, William Green, M.D., &c.	8 Apr. 03	Staff	
Ree, James, &c.	28 Mar. 05	2nd Lt. R.A.	
White, Thomas Ramonide, M.D., C.B., &c.	20 Sept. 05	Staff	
Stonhead, Thomas, M.D., &c.	14 Oct. 05	2nd Lt. Foot	
Fowler, Henry Day, &c.	10 Dec. 05	2nd Lt. Foot	
<i>Surgeons.</i>			
Stewart, Neil Henry, M.D.	22 June 55	2nd Lt. Gds.	
Kellie, James, M.D., &c.	8 Oct. 57	E.R. R.A.	
Spence, Robert	14 Jan. 61	4th Foot	
Spence, James, M.D.	20 Feb. 62	3rd Foot	
Morr, Frederick William	5 May 63	2nd Lt. Gds.	
Burdley, Thomas McDougall, M.B., &c.	22 Sept. 63	4th Foot	
Stanley, St. John, &c.	5 Aug. 64	4th Foot	
Hammes, James, &c.	4 Nov. 64	4th Foot	
Maclean, Alexander S.	20 June 65	14th Br B.A.	
Murphy, Thomas John, M.D.	30 June 65	9th Foot	
Principal Medical Officers (British Forces), Presidency Division (Dagp. Insp.).			
Genl. of Hospitals B. T. Abyssinian Field Force)			
Principal Medical Officer (British Forces) Poona Division			
Principal Medical Officer (British Forces) Mhow Division			
Sind Division			
Poona Division			
Sanitary Officer (British Forces) Abyssinian Field Force			
Europe, M.C.			
Secretary to Inspector Genl. of Hospitals, Bengal			
Europe, M.C. to 15th Jan. 1908			
Europe, M.C. to Jan. 2nd 1908			

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Inspecting Veterinary Surgeon James Collins.

Appointed { 24th Nov. 1894
17th Oct. 1895

Name	Full Rank	Date of Rank as			Remarks.
		Vet. Surg.	1st Class. Vet. Surg.	Staff Vet. Surgeon.	
Post, A. J., 540	h	24 May 44	.. ..	5 June 60	Staff Veterinary Surgeon Sind Division
Hallen, J. H. B.	w	25 May 50	.. ..	5 June 60	General Duty, Bombay
Collins, James	Lt.	33 June 54	29 July 63	17 Oct. 60	Insptg. Veterinary Surg.
Lamb, William, 541	o	10 Mar. 58	9 Aug. 60	.. ..	Land Transport Corps Abyssinia Field Force
Gudgin, Tom Parinder, 509 .. ..	..	31 Oct. 61	29 July 63	.. ..	2nd Dragoon Guards
Barton, Charles Edward	o	11 Dec. 49	.. ..	.. ..	Sur M.C. from 1st Mar. 1895
Constant, F. P. B. .. ..	..	11 June 59	.. ..	.. ..	Very charge, Ahmednuggur Brigade
Maclean, David .. ..	..	8 Aug. 62	.. ..	.. ..	14th Brigade Royal Art.
Byrne, Michael Drummond .. ..	..	17 Mar. 63	.. ..	.. ..	3rd Dragoon Guards (Sur., M. C.)
Percevall, Charles .. ..	..	20 June 65	.. ..	.. ..	11th Hussars
Boulter, Frederick C. .. ..	..	11 Jan. 67	.. ..	.. ..	E Brigade, R. H. Art. (on special duty, Sur.)
Jones, Alfred A. .. ..	..	11 Jan. 67	.. ..	.. ..	E Brigade R. H. Art.
Pile, John .. ..	..	11 Jan. 67	.. ..	.. ..	18th Brigade R. Art.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEONS.

Name.	Date of Rank.			Station.
	3rd Class	2nd Class.	1st Class.	
Ananta Chundroba, G.G.M.C.....	14 May 1851	29 Apr. 1856	30 Apr. 1858	Local Supt. of Vaccination, Bombay
Balcrustina Chintoba do.	10 May 1852	12 Mar. 1858		Charitable Dispensary, Poona
Rutonjee Hormuzjee do.	29 Apr. 1854	30 Apr. 1861		Healds Dispensary
Burjanjee Aidassier do.	15 Apr. 1856	17 Apr. 1863		Civil Station, Sawant Wasseer
Govarjee Dorabjee do.	16 Apr. 1856	18 Apr. 1864		Charitable Dispensary, Cochin
DeSouza, A.	16 Apr. 1856	17 Apr. 1863		Charitable Dispensary, Bandora
Shicjee Amoot	4 May 1859	19 Feb. 1864		Teacher of Anatomy in Vernacular, Grant Medical College
Wamon Wansoodas do.	4 May 1859	14 Apr. 1865		Charitable Disp. near, Shikarpour
Pestonjee Bonwanjee do.	4 May 1859	14 Apr. 1865		Charitable Dispensary, Bulsar
Dassaboy Pestonjee do.	15 Apr. 1860	9 Apr. 1867		Paruk Dispensary, Surat
Nusserwanjee Dhunjeebhy	15 May 1861	.. ..		Political Agency, Mahoe Kanta
Abdool Kurreem Lookman	15 May 1861	.. ..		Charitable Dispensary, Kurrachee
Jamsetjee Byranjee, do.	6 May 1862	.. ..		Victoria Dispensary, Nowaare
Rantaram Vitul	6 May 1862	.. ..		Teacher of Chemistry and Materia Medica in the Vernacular Class, Grant Medical College
Succaram Aijoon .. L. M.	15 May 1863	.. ..		Teacher of Medicine and Surgery in Vernacular, G. M. College
Rhaik Abdool Kurim do.	15 May 1863	.. ..		Charitable Dispensary, Oorun
Gopal Shirrao	27 Apr. 1864	.. ..		Teacher in the Vernacular Class, Grant Medical College
Shah Sultan	8 Apr. 1863	.. ..		Rookmoneestree Dispensary, Cailian
Shanrao Jagganath do.	8 Apr. 1863	.. ..		Shivwady Dispensary
Baptista, P. M.	9 Jan. 1865	.. ..		Yellow & Jail
Pandurang Gopal	9 Jan. 1865	.. ..		Dispensary, Punderpore
Balkrishna Sudamjee	9 Jan. 1865	.. ..		Lunatic Asylum, Larkhans
Narayan Ananta	9 Jan. 1865	.. ..		Medical Charge Mehur Dispensary
Ciwawjee Pestonjee	9 Jan. 1865	.. ..		Phoolnake Jail
Kankushrow B. Vilejee, L.M. ..	17 Apr. 1867	.. ..		Asst-t. to the Chemical Analyser to Government

WARRANT MEDICAL OFFICERS.

General Number	Name.	Date of Rank.	Station.
SENIOR APOTHECARIES.			
1	Summers, Augustus	30 Jan. 1846	Medical Charge, Nasick
2	Hearn, Michael	24 Sept. 1846	Medical Charge, Dapoolie
3	Hanson, S.	18 June 1860	Medical Charge, Vingoria
APOTHECARIES.			
4	Anding, C.	15 Aug. 1835	Medical Charge, Kolapore Agency
5	Burn, B.	13 Sept. 1840	11 Buz. R. H. A.
6	McGuire, T.	1 Aug. 1848	Commander in Chief's Establishment
10	George, L.	27 Dec. 1848	Allypore Tandi Dispensary
11	Waite, W.	7 July 1849	Khandeish Bheel Corps
13	De Souza, J. M.	28 Oct. 1852	David Nasson Hospital
14	Pollard, A., <i>Pass.</i>	30 Oct. 1855	Schwam, Sind
15	Anderson, Joseph, <i>K. L. S., Pass.</i>	3 Mar. 1856	Jamwajee Jajeebhoo Hospital
17	Wilson, Alexander, <i>Pass.</i>	4 Sept. 1850	Bukkur Dispensary
16	Lawrence, James, <i>Pass.</i>	7 May 1857	20th Foot
17	Lawrence, Ignatio, <i>Qu.</i>	1 July 1860	Native General Hospital, Ahmednagar
18	Hyatt, David, <i>Qu.</i>	"	General duty Abyssinia Field Force, S. T.
19	Munday, D., <i>Qu.</i>	"	European General Hospital, Bombay
20	Crow, James, <i>Qu.</i>	"	21st Brigade Royal Artillery
21	McDonald, J., <i>Qu.</i>	"	40th Foot
22	Crichton, John, <i>Qu.</i>	"	40th Foot
23	Hudson, R., <i>Pass.</i>	"	11th Hussars
24	Brooks, B., <i>Pass.</i>	"	"
25	Rouch, Joseph, <i>Qu.</i>	"	1st Foot
26	Angel, R., <i>Qu.</i>	23 Sept. 1860	45th Foot
27	Pinto, J. W., <i>Qu.</i>	11 June 1863	20th Foot
28	Thompson, John David, <i>Qu.</i>	6 Nov. 1865	100th Foot (Leave in India)
29	Minguel, M., <i>Qu.</i>	24 Dec. 1865	3rd Dragoon Guards
30	Havard W.	29 Dec. 1866	Residency at Bushus
31	Georgian W.	19 Jan. 1867	2nd Foot
STEWARDS.			
32	Robinson, T.	3 Mar. 1856	4th Foot (Actg. Apoth.)
33	McMorris, Charles, <i>Qu.</i>	1 July 1860	General duty Abyss (Acting Apothecary)
34	DeSouza, J. M., <i>Qu.</i>	1 July 1860	16th Foot
35	Aiken, John, <i>Qu.</i>	1 July 1860	Genl. Hosp. Masowah (Actg. Apoth.)
36	Rodrigues, A., <i>Qu.</i>	1 July 1860	2nd Depot Hosp. Abyss. (Actg. Apoth.)
37	Mukony, Thomas, <i>Qu.</i>	1 July 1860	Europe, Furlough from 20th Aug. 1867
38	Lawrence, Thomas, <i>Qu.</i>	1 July 1860	1st Foot
39	Cordeira, F.	11 June 1863	1st Depot Hosp. Abyss. (Actg. Apoth.)
40	Rodrigues, J. C.	18 Aug. 1864	1st Field Hosp. Abyssinia (Actg. Apoth.)
41	Woods, J.	28 Nov. 1864	3rd Dragoon Guards
42	Rindler, G., <i>Pass.</i>	18 Mar. 1865	Field Hosp. Abyssinia (Actg. Apoth.)
43	Cumler, A.	15 Aug. 1865	11th Brigade R. H. A.
44	Underwood, John Henry <i>Qu.</i>	17 Sept. 1865	Genl. Duty. Abyss. F. F. (Actg. Apoth.)
45	Crawford, Robert, <i>Qu.</i>	24 Dec. 1865	2nd Depot Hosp. Abyss. (Actg. Apoth.)
46	Leach, John, <i>Pass.</i>	24 Dec. 1865	Europe, M. C. to 15th January 1868
47	Thorley, M.	19 Jan. 1867	14th Brigade R. A.
48	Conway, William, <i>Pass.</i>	4 Mar. 1867	33rd Foot
ASSISTANT APOTHECARIES.			
49	Lobo, V. F. <i>Qu.</i>	3 June 1851	"
50	Higgs, George, <i>Qu.</i>	22 Sept. 1852	"
51	Bryce, James, <i>Qu.</i>	1 Oct. 1852	"
52	Lafond, A., <i>Pass.</i>	28 Oct. 1853	"
53	Nagapah, <i>Pass.</i>	28 Oct. 1853	"
54	DeRosario, D. G., <i>Pass.</i>	28 Dec. 1853	"

(Apothecary)

* Rank as Honorary Sub-Assistant Surgeon, dated 29th Jan. 1868

WARRANT MEDICAL OFFICERS—(continued).

Genl No	Name.	Date of Rank.	Station.
ASSISTANT ATTENDING (continued)			
61	Shreeput Sheahidree, <i>Pas.</i>	15 June 1853	26th Foot (Acting Steward)
62	Cooke, Edward, <i>Pas.</i>	12 July 1853	18th Brig R A (Acting Steward)
63	DeSouza, Vincent, <i>Pas.</i>	24 Apr 1854	2nd Foot (Acting Steward)
64	Drum, Patrick, <i>Pas.</i>	24 Apr 1854	49th Foot (Acting Steward)
65	Sylvester, J., <i>Pas.</i>	17 July 1858	9th Foot (Acting Steward)
66	Kinloch, J., <i>Pas.</i>	24 Jan. 1857	General Depot, Poona
67	Pandoo Chowan, <i>Pas.</i>	9 Mar. 1857	Meerpoor, Buttna
68	Neil, J., <i>Pas.</i>	6 June 1857	General Duty Abyss. P I, B. F. (Acting Steward)
69	Wright, W., <i>Pas.</i>	14 Jan 1858	European General Hospital, Bombay (Acting Steward)
70	Sheik (asum), <i>Pas.</i>	30 Jan. 1858	Bombay Dockyard
71	Waram Ramjee Ghollay, <i>Pas.</i> ..	12 Mar. 1858	Surgeon Jajeebhoy Hospital
74	Ahmed Khan, <i>Qu.</i>	1 July 1860	General duty Abyssinian Field Force (Acting Steward)
76	Rama Saccaram, <i>Qu.</i>	"	Acting Steward
77	Cooper, D., <i>Qu.</i>	"	Depot 4th Foot
79	Cabril, I., <i>Qu.</i>	"	6 Battery 14th Brigade, Royal Art
81	Rodrigues, M., <i>Qu.</i>	"	Lunatic Asylum, Colaba
82	DeMello, B., <i>Qu.</i>	"	Governor's Establishment
84	Pais A C., <i>Qu.</i>	"	1 Battery 14th Brigade Royal Artillery
85	Amor, V., <i>Qu.</i>	"	1 Battery 14th Brigade Rl. Art
86	DeRosario, J., <i>Qu.</i>	"	1 Battery 14th Brigade Royal Artillery
87	Tewin, C. I., <i>Qu.</i>	"	No 4 Battery, 21st Brigade Royal Art.
88	Punjah, W., <i>Qu.</i>	"	Poorundhur Sanatorium, B I
89	De Cunha, D. J., <i>Qu.</i>	"	Lunatic Asylum
90	Rangai, J., <i>Qu.</i>	"	European General Hospital, Aden
91	Pinto, I., <i>Qu.</i>	"	Genl Duty, Abyssinian Field Force, B I
92	Ranchur di Shriachhur, <i>Pas.</i> ..	17 May 1861	6 Battery 14th Brigade Royal Artillery
93	Rhodes, A. B., <i>Pas.</i>	16 Apr 1902	General Depot Poona
94	Tearn, W., <i>Pas.</i>	"	Colaba Sanatorium
95	Campbell, J. J., <i>Pas.</i>	"	Civil Dep. Kurichie (at Mysore)
96	DeSouza, A. S., <i>Pas.</i>	"	General duty, Mhow Division, B I
97	Ross, W., <i>Pas.</i>	"	Hospital ship "Indian Chief" Abyssinia
101	Cordeiro, L., <i>Pas.</i>	15 Apr 1861	General duty, Poona Division, B I.
102	Maloney, J., <i>Pas.</i>	31 Dec 1868	European General Hospital Bombay
103	DeLima, D. S., <i>Pas.</i>	"	General duty, Mhow Division, B I.
104	Fernandez, F., <i>Pas.</i>	"	Abco Sanatorium
105	Shank Amici, <i>Pas.</i>	"	7 Battery 18th Brigade, R A.
106	Vallen, A., <i>Pas.</i>	"	General duty, Sind, 1 M D
109	O'Leary, W., <i>Pas.</i>	31 Dec. 1864	11 Battery 18th Brigade, Royal Artillery
108	Serogee, W., <i>Pas.</i>	"	Bombay Marine
111	DeSouza, A., <i>Pas.</i>	"	General duty, Mhow, B.T
112	Santos, T., <i>Pas.</i>	"	23rd Foot
113	Hamilton, H., <i>Pas.</i>	"	Kaurachee Depot
114	Pais, J. A., <i>Pas.</i>	"	Genl duty, Southern Maratha Circle B.T
115	McKenzie, Edward	22 Dec. 1863	Bombay Marine
124	Cunningham, William	23 Dec. 1863	Medical (large Gogo)
125	Gullagher, John, <i>Pas.</i>	22 Dec 1865	Bombay Marine
128	Rebeiro Sebastian, <i>Pas.</i>	22 Dec. 1865	General duty, Sind Division, B.T.
126	Rossato, Caetano, <i>Pas.</i>	22 Dec. 1865	Bombay Marine
129	Mc Intyre, John, <i>Pas.</i>	23 Dec. 1865	General duty, Abyss. Field Force, B. F.
115	DeSouza, Lawrence, <i>Pas.</i>	23 Dec. 1865	General duty, Mhow Division, B.I.
122	Gordon, Rices, <i>Pas.</i>	24 Nov. 1866	Bombay Marine
131	Radson, Charles, <i>Pas.</i>	"	Field Hospital Abyssinia, I.M.D.
130	Gurt, Edward, <i>Pas.</i>	"	General duty, Mhow Division, B.T
128	McGillough, Henry, <i>Pas.</i>	"	Bombay Marine
132	Shea, Thomas, <i>Pas.</i>	"	Attached to Ghazree Sanatorium
121	West, William, <i>Pas.</i>	"	No 3rd Battery 21st Brigade Royal Artillery
147	Prem, John	19 Jan 1867	"
141	Hanson, Albert	10 Feb. 1867	4th Foot
144	Haire, William	4 Mar. 1867	No. 5 Battery 2nd Brigade Royal Art.

THE BOMBAY ARMY LIST.

401

MEDICAL STORE DEPARTMENT.

General
Number

Date of
Appointment.

Station.

APOTHECARY.

Edwards, C.	21 July 1860	Bombay
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SECOND APOTHECARIES.

DeMello, Miguel	21 July 1860	Bombay
	24 Jan 1861	Bombay

ASSISTANT APOTHECARIES.

De Souza, J. S. . . .	28 May 1859	Belgaum
Fernandes, F. . . .	18 Nov. 1860	Bombay
Fernandes, D. . . .	16 Feb 1861	Bombay
Dias, J. A. . . .	10 Mar. 1861	Aden
Fernandes, M. F. . .		Field Med. Store Dep't Abyssinia (Actg. 2nd Apothy)
Dias, P. A. . . .	11 Jan. 1868	Field Med. Store Dep't Abyssinia (Actg. 2nd Apothy)
De Miranda, M. F. .	24 Mar 1867	Mhow

OFFICE.

Deputy Assistant Commissary.

Glover, Thomas	27 Aug. 1861	Presidency Medical Stores
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**GRADATION ROLL of the WARRANT OFFICERS on
the BOMBAY ESTABLISHMENT.**

No.	Name.	Department	Date of present Rank.	Remarks.
<i>Deputy Commissioners.</i>				
1	Purcell, H.	Ordinance	26 Mar. 1850	
	Chatham, R.	"	20 Oct. 1864	
3	Stapleton, E.	Public Work	9 Nov. 1865	
<i>Assistant Commissioners</i>				
1	Davis, J.	Public Works	15 Nov. 1864	
2	Christian, C.	Minion	10 Sept. 1866	
<i>Depty. Assistant Commissioners.</i>				
1	Scott, J.	Commissionariat	25 Nov. 1866	
	Wilkins, J. F.	Ordinance	15 June 1861	
	Coleman, J.	"	1 Oct. 1861	
	Shore, T.	"	17 July 1862	
5	Goslin, W.	Commissionariat	20 Aug. 1862	
	Jackson, F.	Barack	22 July 1868	
	McLoughlin, P.	"	"	
	Edginton, A.	Police	22 Dec. 1869	
	Gibbons, J.	Ordinance	20 Oct. 1861	
10	Horton, O.	Public Works	31 Oct. 1864	
	Nut, E.	"	"	
	Bainard, J.	Barack	25 Sept. 1861	
	Hall, G.	Public Works	11 Sept. 1866	
	Norman, A.	Barack	27 Mar. 1867	
15	Murray, J.	Adj. General's	27 Mar. 1867	
	O'Grady, J.	Ordinance	14 Mar. 1867	
	Glover, T.	Field Store	11 June 1867	
18	Kelly, J.	Public Works	6 Aug. 1867	
<i>Conductors.</i>				
1	Mauk, P.	Ordinance	28 Mar. 1851	
	Hampgrove, G. F.	"	1 Oct. 1875	
	Connaught, D.	"	14 Sept. 1856	
	Furlong, J.	"	6 Oct. 1856	
5	Clarke, J.	Ordinance	17 June 1860	
	Harrison, J.	Commissionariat	17 Nov. 1860	
	Runyeat, F.	Ordinance	15 Mar. 1861	
	Walsh, P.	"	"	
	Sweeting, E.	"	"	
10	Penrose, H.	"	"	
	Blair, J.	"	2 May 1861	
	Judd, G.	Ordinance	15 June 1861	
	Sadler, D.	Ordinance	8 Jan. 1862	
	Vint, D.	"	7 Jan. 1862	
15	Henderson, J.	Commissionariat	20 Feb. 1862	
	Budd, J.	"	24 June 1862	

No.	Name.	Department.	Date of present Rank	Remarks.
<i>Conductors (continued)</i>				
	Pearson, P.	Ordnance	17 July 1892	
	Peon, I.	Commissariat	20 Aug 1892	
	Sutton, H.	Ordnance	11 Dec 1892	
20	Chatham, W.	Public Works	18 Apr. 1893	
	Rockley, A.	Ordnance	7 June 1893	
	Lee, W.	Commissariat	9 June 1893	
	Furber, W. C.	Barack	22 July 1893	
	Jeff, G. R.	"	22 July 1893	
21	Fode, H. D.	Ordnance	2 Aug 1893	
	Swage, G.	Commissariat	17 Sept 1893	
	McMillan, G.	Ordnance	25 Sept 1893	
	Edwards, A.	Barack	16 Oct 1893	
	Cowper, G.	Public Works	10 Jan 1894	
30	Oallaghan, P.	Ordnance	20 Mar 1894	
	McVee, H.	"	15 Apr. 1894	
	Norton, A.	"	10 July 1894	
	Ryan, F.	"	28 July 1894	
	Clabby, J.	Public Works	31 July 1894	
35	Bingham, J.	Ordnance	31 July 1894	
	Orkery, M.	Ordnance	11 Sept 1894	
	Morrow, E.	"	6 Oct 1894	
	Joplin, J.	"	20 Oct 1894	
	Lang, I.	"	20 Oct 1894	
40	Knight, W. F.	Public Works	31 Oct 1894	
	McKearie, E.	Ordnance	13 Nov. 1894	
	Wallace, D.	"	18 Nov 1894	
	McDonnell, J. E.	"	17 May 1895	
	Kuypman, H.	Barack	5 June 1895	
45	Barker, J.	Ordnance	21 July 1895	
	Jones, J.	Barack	25 Sept 1895	
	Pain, C.	Public Works	14 Oct 1895	
	Lawson, T.	Commissariat	14 Nov 1895	
	Wild, W.	"	17 Nov. 1895	
50	McGillivray, J.	Ordnance	5 Aug 1896	
	Dixon, I.	"	10 Sept 1896	
	Mulholland, P.	Barack	1 Jan 1897	
53	Hudley, J.	Ordnance	24 May 1897	
<i>Sub-Conductors.</i>				
1	Hartleman, A.	Commissariat	8 July 1891	
	Cumby, J.	Commissariat	24 June 1892	
	Dalmen, G. L.	"	17 Apr 1893	
	Leonard, P.	"	21 Apr. 1893	
5	Newman, T.	Prison	28 Apr. 1893	
	Linnum, M.	"	"	
	Camelton, H.	Commissariat	8 June 1893	
	Hart, E.	Barack	29 July 1893	
	Bather, C.	"	"	
10	Libor, T. C.	Adj. General's	28 Dec 1893	
	Howe, O. H.	Commissariat	25 May 1894	
	Cambell, W.	Ordnance	10 July 1894	
	Smellie, J.	Commissariat	22 July 1894	
	Cuthana, J.	Public Works	29 July 1894	
15	McDonald, W.	Ordnance	31 July 1894	
	Wright, J.	Barack	5 Aug. 1894	

No.	Name.	Department.	Date of present Rank	Remarks.
<i>Sub-Conductors (continued).</i>				
	Behan, D.	Bazaar	31 Aug. 1864	
	Orrington, G. F.	Ordnance	11 Sept. 1864	
	Jones, W.	"	6 Oct. 1864	
80	Forrestell, W.	"	30 Oct. 1864	
	Hunt, P.	Public Works	31 Oct. 1864	
	Wood, J. S.	Adj. General's	28 Dec. 1864	
	Nelson, J.	Ordnance	22 Jan. 1865	
85	Diagon, J.	"	1 Feb. 1865	
	Baithen, W.	"	19 Feb. 1865	
	Fait, G.	Public Works	1 Apr. 1865	
	O'Brien, D.	Barrack	16 Apr. 1865	
	Ellis, T.	Ordnance	17 May 1865	
80	Williams, J. W.	Public Works	28 May 1865	
	Payne, J.	Barrack	5 June 1865	
	Waters, J.	Ordnance	7 June 1865	
	Vian, W. H.	Commissariat	22 July 1865	
	Paylor, E.	Ordnance	23 July 1865	
	Taylor, C.	Adj. General's	15 Nov. 1865	
85	Smith, F.	Commissariat	17 Nov. 1865	
	Reed, H.	Public Works	25 Nov. 1865	
	Hannan, T.	Ordnance	5 Aug. 1866	
	Coutenay, T.	"	16 Sept. 1866	
	Maxwell, R.	Barrack	13 Oct. 1866	
40	Frye, H.	Ordnance	28 Dec. 1866	
	Schnepl, H.	Barrack	1 Jan. 1867	
	McMorrow, D.	Ordnance	24 May 1867	
	Smith, D. M.	Adj. General's	11 June 1867	
	Wagge, C.	Commissariat	16 July 1867	
45	Wholohan, T.	Public Works	1 Aug. 1867	
	Uunninghams, P.	Ordnance	4 Aug. 1867	
	Wood, W.	Public Works	15 Oct. 1867	

Distribution of the Bombay Army.

CAVALRY.

2nd (The Queen's) Dragoon Guards	..	..	Mhow
3rd (The Prince of Wales's) Dragoon Guards	..	..	Abyssinia, Wing Ahmednuggur
1st Regt. Light Cavalry (Lancers)	..	..	Deesa
Squadron	..	..	Itakhote
2nd Regt Lt Cavalry	..	..	Nasimuch
Squadron	..	..	Nasimuch
3rd Lt Cavalry	..	..	Abyssinia
Poona Horse	..	..	Jacobabad
1st Regt Sand Horse	..	..	Do
2nd do. do.	..	..	Do
3rd do. do.	..	..	Abyssinia

18th BRIGADE ROYAL ARTILLERY.

Head Quarters, Kurrachee.

A Battery	..	..	Kurrachee.
B Battery	..	..	Ahmedabad.
C Battery	..	..	Balkum
D Battery	..	..	Kukle
E Battery	..	..	Sholapore
F Battery	..	..	Nasimuch

21st BRIGADE ROYAL ARTILLERY.

Head Quarters, Mhow.

1 Battery	..	..	Aden
3 Battery	..	..	Abyssinia
4 Battery	..	..	Aden
5 Battery	..	..	Abyssinia
6 Battery	..	..	Mhow

E BRIGADE ROYAL HORSE ARTILLERY.

Head Quarters, Kukle

A Battery	..	..	Kukle
B Battery	..	..	Ahmednuggur
C Battery	..	..	Abyssinia
D Battery	..	..	Mhow

NATIVE ARTILLERY.

1 Company	..	..	Abyssinia
2 Company	..	..	Itakhote
3 Company	..	..	Aden.

14th BRIGADE ROYAL ARTILLERY.

Head Quarters, Ahmedabad.

D Battery	..	..	Ahmedabad
Detachment	..	..	Baroda
E Battery	..	..	Deesa
F Battery	..	..	Nasimuch
G Battery	..	..	Abyssinia

SAPPERS AND MINERS.

Head Quarters, Poona

1st Company	..	..	Abyssinia
2nd Company	..	..	Abyssinia
3rd Company	..	..	Abyssinia
4th Company	..	..	Abyssinia
5th Company	..	..	Poona

DISTRIBUTION OF THE BOMBAY ARMY

(continued).

INFANTRY.

1st (The Royal) Regt.	
2nd Battalion ..	Nasrabad.
Detachment ..	Ajmer.
2nd (The Queen's Royal)	
Regt 1st Battalion ..	Aden.
Detachment ..	Hydrabad
4th (King's Own) Royal	
Regt 1st Battalion ..	Abyssinia
23rd (Royal Welsh Fus-	
iliers Regt 1st Battn	Bombay
Detachment ..	Poona
Detachment ..	Amoyghur
26th (The Lancashire)	
Regiment ..	Abyssinia
33rd (Duke of Wellington's)	
Regt. ..	Abyssinia
45th (The Nottingham-	
shire) Regt ..	Abyssinia
46th (The South Devon-	
shire) Regt ..	Poona
49th (The Princess Char-	
lotte of Wales's) Regt	Deesa
Detachment ..	Aboo
52nd (The Prince of Wales	
Volunteers) Regt ..	Karnachee
95th (The Derbyshire) Regt	Whow
Detachment ..	Indore
96th Regiment of Foot ..	Poona
Detachment ..	Namuch
108th Regt of Foot (Ma-	
rida Infantry) ..	Belgaum

10th Regt. ..	..	Abyssinia
11th Regt. ..	..	Nasrabad
12th Regt. ..	..	Dharwar
Detachment ..	..	Kullidghce
13th Regiment ..	..	Surat
14th ..	..	Whow
Detachment ..	..	Indore
15th Regt ..	..	Whow
Detachment ..	..	Akmedabad
16th Regt. ..	..	Akmednagar
17th Regt. ..	..	Bijokot
18th Regt. ..	..	Abyssinia
19th Regt. ..	..	Bhoj
Detachment ..	..	Dwarika
20th Regt. ..	..	Deesa
21st Regt. or	..	Machine
Battalion ..	..	Bombay
22nd Regt. ..	..	Bombay
23rd Regt (Light) ..	..	Dwarika
Wing ..	..	Porebunder
24th Regt. ..	..	Poona
25th Regt (Light) ..	..	Abyssinia
26th Regt. ..	..	Bhoda
27th Regt. or 1st Belooch	..	
Regiment ..	..	Abyssinia
28th Regt. ..	..	Namuch
29th Regt. or 2nd Belooch	..	
Regt ..	..	Hydrabad
30th Regt. or Jacob's	..	
Rifle Regt ..	..	Jacobabad
Detachment ..	..	Sand Loutia

SANITARIA.

Colaba.
 Poorendhun.
 Giza.
 Mount Abo.
 Salabat Khan's Tomb Akmednagar.

NATIVE.

1st Regt (Grenadiers) ..	Belgaum
2nd Regt (Grenadiers) ..	Abyssinia
3rd Regt. ..	Abyssinia
4th Regt. (Rifles) ..	Bholapoor
5th do. (Light) ..	Abyssinia
6th Regt. ..	Akmedabad
7th Regt. ..	Aden
Detachment ..	Perim
8th Regt. ..	Abyssinia
9th do. ..	Malgaum
Detachment ..	Dhoolia

LIST OF VESSELS CHARTERED FOR THE ABYSSINIAN EXPEDITION

CHARTERED IN BOMBAY

STEAMERS

Names	Tons	Rate p ton	Per month	Names	Tons	Rate p ton	Per month
Arabia	807	21	193.8	Madras	1155	22	26.170
Asia	1,209	24	25.332	Nornia	903	22	21.818
Bombay Castle	63	21½	15.000	Ottawa	1,274	22	28.024
Bosphorus	650	24	15.60	Salsotte	1,191	22	32.82
General Hawlock	281	21	5,880	Satlatia	941	24	20.154
Great Victoria	2,195	14	32,572	Sir Lucile Frere	536	21	11.256
India	712	24	19,008	Saltina	1,124	22	24.74
Indora	673	26	18.674	Sunila	1,270	23	27.140
John Bught	1,022	26½	26.572	Tanika	1,111	26	30.064
Lord Clyde	374	21	7,554	Tilly	456	21	9,576

SAILING VESSELS

Adriatic	1,905	9½	12.397	Kinabalu	1,208	9	10,873
Atmosphere	1,78	9	13.402	Kuoria Mooria	1,112	7½	8,040
Agamemnon	1,151	11	1,741	Lord Palmerston	1,07	8½	8.451
Altair	1,253	11	14.113	Louisa	939	9	8.941
Amund	1,211	1½	11.865	Mabel	1,252	11	13,641
Albatross	1,522	10	1,220	Maggie Lander	97	9½	8.271
Balkrishna	1,377	9½	13.081	Mar Blume	1,183	10	11,830
Bombay Castle	1,010	10	10,400	Maulia	711	7½	6.290
Berence	1,155	11	16.065	Mary Fay	950	9	8.874
British Monarch	1,211	10	12.610	Maryam Dayaram	114	7½	5.295
British Princess	1,111	10	12,310	Motacilla	1,000	11	11,000
Bruce	1,110	10	11,100	Nelson	1,238	10	12,180
Buccanar	1,067	11	11,757	Nicholas Carvin	540	9	1,941
Burmah	1,175	9½	1,163	Nimrod	833	9½	8,155
Calcutta	1,472	10	13,720	North Wind	783	7	7.017
Carora	1,253	10	12,830	Olivia	950	9	8,500
Castle Eden	930	9	8,730	Oliver Cornwall	1,112	9½	10,594
City of Adelaide	1,073	11	11,403	Orinoco	1,363	10½	14.371
City of Dundee	1,063	10½	11.92	Percy Donohue	781	9	7.021
Clyde	1,078	11	11.85	Packington Castle	1,083	8	8,704
C N	915	6½	8,202	Pelagos	105	10	1,050
Cometa	1,007	11	11.891	Pelagos	1,050	11	11,641
David Malcolmson	1,312	10	12.120	Queen of Australia	1,223	10½	13.871
Decision	1,203	9½	11.425	Lowen	1,174	10	11.740
Defiance	951	10	9,510	Lyall Saxon	1,101	9½	10.135
Despatch	1,417	8½	1,008	Sunbeam	1,472	9½	13.590
Elizabeth Pearson	237	11	9.267	Scylla	1,170	10	11.700
Empire of Peace	1,510	9	18.860	Star of India	1,045	9	9.401
Europa	1,254	6½	10.072	Star of the North	935	9½	8.852
Flying Venus	1,333	11	15,323	St. John's	1,000	9	9,000
Fort George	1,122	11	8,052	St. John's	893	9	8.263
Ganges	1,134	10½	11.175	Sydney Dacres	1,373	9	12,111
Gatty Sultan	310	8	2.180	Tarjore	951	8	7,912
Gavin Steel	1,072	11	11,792	Vanda	1,111	71	8.557
Hahnemann	1,333	10	13.290	Victor & Cross	1,262	14	13.852
Hippogriffe	728	8½	6,195	Western Star	891	9	8.019
Howden	1,318	9	10.962	Yorik	1,112	71	10,515
Hummer	1,011	8½	11.925	Zobor	1,145	9½	10,877
Hydra	260	9½	2.105	Zoroaster	2,301	10	12,070
Indian Chief	1,785	8½	15,645	Zuleika	765	3	6.912
Irwell	1,508	11	16.538				

CHARTERED AT CALCUTTA

STAMERS

Names	Tons	Rate	Per	Names	Tons	Rate	Per
		1 ton	month			1 ton	month
		Rs	Rs			Rs	Rs
Alexandra (tug)			12 000	T A Cobb	1 080	2½	27 000
Angal	2,185	27	60 0 7	Golconda	1 000	27½	5,117
Bombay (tug)			1 00	Ilmal ya	1,341	27½	41,547
Catherine Apoor	1 010	20	25 17½	Howard u (tug)			13 000
Challenge (tug)			13 000	Mauritius (tug)			12 000
Curtis Harg (tug)			13 000	Orient	1,180	33	47 300
Delfinco (tug)			13 000	Paris (tug)			12 000
Electric (tug)			13,000	Queen of India	1,044	17	17 748

(Of course the above is approximate)

SAILING VESSELS

Atlanta	920	13½	13 555	Legion of Honor	1,260	17	21 420
Callenboe	1 255	15	18 435	Malabar	1,210	17	20,7 3
Challenge	1 2 1	14	17 0 0	Middlesex	1 101	15	17 800
Chittenden	1,404	15	20,152	Nile	1,136	15	16 890
Dallas Lower	1 100	14½	26,232	Ophir	847	11	0 317
Durham	1 250	17	21,802	St Albans	1,203	14	17 640
Early Moon	1,067	13	14 131	Guando	1,210	17	20 723
Henry Shah Allam	810	14	11,166	Lynmouth	1,112	26	31 000
Genl	975	16	14 14	Onion	1,292	17	21 001
Ellen Stewart	1 013	16	26,245	Vernon	1,310	17	22 1 1
Howell	1 008	17	15 000	Water Witch	1,140	14	16 044
India	913	16	15 402	Winchester	1 157	15	17 56

STEAM VESSELS CHARTERED IN ENGLAND

American	1 831	17	18 23 734	Kanawoo	1 100	10½	27 000
California	1,831	17	18 23 731	Mauritius	2 1 4	15	20 000
City of Dublin	1 000	17	14 0 0	Peruvian	2 245	16½	20 000
City of Manchester	1 000	17½	14 0 0	Queen	3,711	18½	20 000
England	107	17½	17 572	Queen of the South	2,000	16	31 000
Golden Gate	1 000	15	11 000	West Indian	1 801	13	23,453

Regulations for B. M.'s Troop Ships.

THE following extract, paras. 3rd, 9th, 10th, and 13th from a Despatch from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India, dated 9th July 1867, No 84, with accompaniments referred to therein, is published for the information of those concerned —

"I forward herewith for your information two copies of Regulations for Her Majesty's Troop Ships, also two copies of Addenda to those Regulations, which I have received from the Admiralty, and which will be applicable to the Indian Troop Ships

REGULATIONS, &c.

1—Immediately on the embarkation of the Troops, the following returns are to be rendered by the Officer in command of them, to the Captain or Commanding Officer of the ship —

1st Nominal list of officers, according to seniority, showing the appropriation of the cabins, as allotted to the force embarked. No change in the appropriation is to take place without the permission of the Captain being previously obtained through the Military Commanding Officer.

2nd Nominal list of officers' wives and the number of their children, with their sexes and ages.

3rd Numerical list of Staff Sergeants, and of their wives, and children, with the sexes and ages of the latter.

4th Numerical list of Non-commissioned Officers and Privates.

5th Numerical list of women and children above 10 years of age, with their sexes and ages.

6th Numerical list of children under 10—both male and female, with their ages.

7th List of temperance men, noting those who are desirous of receiving tea and sugar in lieu of spirits.

8th Report of all ammunition or loose shell which may accompany the troops embarked.

2.—*Infantry Matches are prohibited*—Any ammunition (public or private) brought on board is to be delivered into the charge of the Gunner, on the Quarter deck, who is ordered to receive the same for safe custody, none being allowed in the cabins or amongst the baggage.

3—The troops on arrival on board will be marched off by companies to their Mess-deck where they will place their arms in the racks, and their packs on the battens, under the direction of their officers and Non-commissioned Officers, the way being shown to them by an Officer of the Ship and the Sergeant-Major of Royal Marines. As each company completes this operation, the men will return to the Upper-deck, and fall in until the whole Regiment shall have performed it.

4—The troops are to be divided into three watches, and to be so told off to the messes, one watch is to be constantly on deck under the command of an officer, and of a portion of the Non-commissioned Officers, who are not to leave the deck until relieved, except with the permission of the Naval Officer of the Watch. The watches are to be divided into four parts, each part to be mustered separately.

5—The Military Officers of the Night Watches are to visit the sentries every hour during their watches, to see that they are on the alert, that there is no smoking, nor any lights except those allowed, and they are to report the same to the Naval Officer of the Watch, the Non-Commissioned Officer of the Watch will visit the sentries every half-hour.

The Military Officer of the Watch will be required to be present with his Watch, and to see the men correctly mustered at five minutes after they are called during the day, and 10 minutes after wards during the night, and he will be required to assist with the Non Commissioned Officer and Privates of his Watch in carrying out the order of the Naval Officer of the Watch. He is on no account to allow any of his Watch to go below, nor is he to give any order to them without first obtaining the sanction of the Naval Officer of the Watch. He is to remain on the quarter-deck.

Quartermaster 6—The quarter deck is appropriated solely for officers.

7—Decks being specially appropriated for the use of the troops they are never to go into that part of the Ship allotted to the Ship's Company, nor are the Ship's Company to go on the Troop-Decks unless duty requires it.

8—Officers and ladies are strictly enjoined not to loiter on the ladders, or in the vicinity of the companions as they are intended for passage only.

Note—A copy of this Regulation is to be posted up in the ladder way.

9—The after ladder leading below from the quarter deck, is to be understood as belonging to the officers in general (Naval and Military), and no dirt, dirty water, or other offensive articles are to be carried up or down it.

10—The Saloon is not the place for the investigation of complaints, this should be done under the half deck on the quarter deck, between the hours of 11 and 12 A.M.

No Children or Infants are to be allowed in the Saloon, except at their meal hours viz, 8 A.M., 1 P.M., and 5 P.M.

No communication is to be carried on from the Saloon to the deck by means of the skylight.

The Military Servants are not to be allowed to remain in the Lower Saloon after their masters' cabins have been cleared up, which are to be finished by 10 A.M. A Bell has been placed to call an Orderly, who alone is to be employed to summon Officers' Servants.

The Subalterns are strictly prohibited from performing this duty.

Decks are to be strictly confined to the upper deck they are not to be taken into the cabins or saloons, but are to be kept tied up between the beams.

In the morning watch, when the decks are being washed, they may be let loose, but they are to be tied up immediately after the decks are finished.

They are never to be brought on board without the permission of the Captain being first obtained.

Note—A copy of this Regulation is to be posted up in one or two conspicuous places in the Saloon.

11—Nothing is to be thrown overboard through the cabin ports, but all slops are to be taken to the proper place.

The cabin fittings are on no account to be disturbed. Officers occupying a cabin will be held responsible that it is left in the same state as when they took possession of it.

No candle is to be left alight unless there is some one in the cabin, nor are the lights ever to be removed from the light boxes if the cabins be so fitted. Damp or wet clothes are not to be hung up in the cabins, as a line for that purpose will be provided on deck every morning at 10 o'clock.

No cloaks, swords, or baggage of any description, are to be allowed out of the cabins.

The ports in the cabins on the main deck, and the scuttles in those on the lower deck, are never to be opened without the permission of the Commanding Officer of the ship, and then only by the proper persons, viz, the ship's carpenters.

No nails are to be driven into the bulkheads.

The cabins will be inspected frequently and any injury will be reported, and required to be made good at the expense of the officer who may have committed it.

Note—A copy of this Regulation is to be posted in a conspicuous part of each cabin.

12.—The main deck Galley is solely for the use of the troops, and is under the direction of the cook, assisted by the requisite number of troops.

13.—The supply of fuel for the Troops' Galley is to be regulated by the cook, and every practicable economy is to be observed in its expenditure.

14.—The Hospitals being intended for the use of the sick, they are to be kept entirely clear of boxes or of any luggage. Great attention must be paid to the water closets in the Hospitals, as well as to their general cleanliness.

Note—A copy of the Regulations is to be posted up in each of the Hospitals.

15.—If there be only one wash house, it may be used by the soldiers from 4 a.m. to 4.30 a.m. It is to be cleaned and ready for inspection at 10 a.m. It may be used by the women and children from 10-15 a.m., till 3 p.m. The soldiers may again use it from 3.30 p.m. until 7.30 p.m., when it is to be cleaned for inspection, and to be closed for the night.

If there be two distinct wash-houses, one is to be appropriated for the use of the men,—the other for the use of women, between 10 a.m. and 7.30 p.m., except at such periods as they may be ordered for cleaning and inspection.—Soldiers are not to wash their clothes in the wash houses.

16.—The Water Tank will be filled as required. No water is to be taken from the Tank, unless the Surgeon or Corporal of Mines, or a Naval Officer be present to sanction it.

Great care is to be taken that the tub be not allowed to run over, nor dirty water or slops of any description thrown into it.

Officers and men are strictly enjoined to be very careful of the water, as any waste might be attended with serious consequences.

17.—The tween decks are to be swept clean as soon as the hammocks are up, and before and after every meal. When directed to be washed or holystoned the necessary requisites will be furnished, and in all cases an officer is to attend to see that it is performed in a proper manner, and to report to the Senior Lieutenant of the Ship when it is completed. The women's compartment is to be cleaned with hot water and soap at least twice a week, and oftener if requisite, being well dried with firing stoves afterwards. It is to be swept as frequently during the day as may be necessary.

18.—When the Decks are reported clean, the Commanding Officer of the Troops will inspect or exercise his men on the quarter deck, as he thinks necessary, provided the duties of the ship will admit of it. No person whatever will be allowed to remain on the Lower deck after it has been cleaned, until 11 a.m., unless the weather should be unfavourable for them to remain on the Upper deck. Ten o'clock will be the time for inspection. The women are to be mustered on deck once every day, weather permitting.

19.—Beds are to be rolled up and carried on deck as directed in the "Routine for the Military," at page 11. They are to be stowed under the superintendence of one or more Non-Commissioned Officers, in such place as may be ordered, whence they are never to be removed before the appointed hour without permission having been obtained from the Naval Officer of the Watch, through the Military Officer of the Watch.

20.—Troops may wash their clothes every evening between 5 and 8 p.m. Mondays and Fridays are to be the washing days for the ship's company. No wet clothes nor other wet articles are on any account to be hung up between decks, or towed overboard, nor are they to be secured to any part of the rigging or bows. Lines will always be ready for wet articles, and will be pointed out to the soldiers.

21.—All lights on the Decks are to be out at 8 p.m. at sea, and at 9 p.m. in harbour, and an officer is to see and report the lights being out to the Senior Officer.

to be reported by the Officer

Officer of the Watch, and to the Officers commanding the Troops, after which no lights are allowed.

Trimmings of the
vessels, &c.

32.—No dirt nor fragments of provisions are ever to be thrown about the decks, or out of the ports or scuttles, but are to be carefully swept up after each meal, and thrown overboard from the proper place on deck.

23.—Military Officers are strictly enjoined not to hold any conversation with the Officers of the Watch, the Quartermaster at "the Conn," or the man at the wheel, nor to crowd on the weather side of the quarterdeck or round the compasses, nor to go on the bridge at any time, those being the places where the duties of the ship are carried on.

Smoking

24.—The Regulations are strictly to be attended to with regard to smoking. Soldiers are only to smoke during the hours the ship's company are permitted to do so.

Clothes

25.—The Soldiers are strictly forbidden to traffic in grog with the seamen, or to purchase or exchange clothes.

Boats

They are never to go into the boats without permission.

Loitering

They are not to lounge or loiter in the channels, nor to lean over the gangways, or hammock nettings, and on no account are they to put their heads out of the ports.

26.—Any Soldier who shall be drunk, or shall quarrel, or fight, or be guilty of any offence, will be punished according to the nature or degree of the crime in accordance with the "Naval Discipline Act." No Military Officer or Soldier is to be placed in confinement without the sanction of the Captain of the ship, or in his absence, that of the Commanding Officer of the Ship.

Drunkenness

27.—If any soldier should have any cause of complaint of the quantity or quality of the provisions, he is not to create any disturbance on that account, but to represent the same to the proper Military Authority, who is to report it to the Senior Lieutenant, when the complaint is to be strictly inquired into, and if found just, redressed.

Complaints
in the
mess

28.—It is absolutely necessary that silence be observed on all occasions, whilst the duties of the ship are being carried on. The Commanding Officer of the Troops is requested to have this fully impressed on the minds of the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Privates, as well as of the women and children, and to cause Non-commissioned Officers to be stationed at different points to give effect to this order.

Silence to be observed

Liberty tickets

29.—All liberty tickets for troops are to be countersigned by the Commanding Officer of the ship, to prevent mistakes.

Lanterns

30.—The Sentinels are on no account to give lights from their lanterns.

31.—The Medical Officer in charge of the troops is required to enter in a book kept for that purpose the names of all sick persons, the disease, date of entry, and discharge (reporting the same daily to the Captain). All Births and Deaths are to be reported as soon as possible after the occurrence, in writing, for insertion in the ship's Log, &c. &c.

Military Medical Officer

On the appearance of any contagious disease, it is to be immediately reported to the Captain, that such steps may be taken as may be by him deemed requisite.

The Medical Officer is to demand daily, before 11 a.m., on a temporary note, the medical comforts, &c., required for the sick, and he is to give the Paymaster of the ship a receipt for the same either at the end of the voyage or when requested to do so.

ROUTINE FOR THE MILITARY

Rutin 32—The troops are to be divided into three Watches, exclusive of the Guard

The Watch is to be divided into four subdivisions for work—one to be stationed on the Forecastle, two on the Quarter deck, and one near the Mainmast

Bells Time
sounded denoted
ing by Bells

h	m	
6	0	All the Troops are to roll up and stow the hammocks—two Sergeants and eight Men will be told off to stow and unstow the hammocks, and the bugle for Cooks or Orderly Men of the Messes
		Breakfast
		The Watch will go on deck clean, and the troop decks will be cleared of all persons except those employed cleaning the decks—the Watch below will clean their messes, then themselves, and will then leave the deck, which is to be kept clear until the morning parade is over
10	0	Morning Inspection—All the Troops will fall in on the upper deck, except the Cooks, who will attend at their messes while the Senior Lieutenant and Captain of the day inspect them to see that they are clean, and that everything is in order
11	15	Sound the call for the Cooks
		Noon Dinner
12	45	Sound the bugle call for grog—when a Commissioned Officer of each Company will attend to see every man drink his allowance, and on no account to take it away, or let any other person have it, and who is also to see all surplus thrown overboard
1	30	The Watch is to go on deck and fall in for muster—the troop decks are to be cleared for cleaning, when this has been done, the bugle will sound permission for the men to go below
4	0	Relieve the Watch and Muster
1	15	Sound the call for the Cooks
4	30	Supper
	0	Sweep the troop decks
	30	Evening inspection
	0	Relieve the Watch.
6	30	Down Troops' hammocks
7	15	Out pipes—Clean up decks for the night.
8	0	Out lights—Relieve the Watch
8	30	Sound by the proper Officers and Police.
11	0	Lights to be put out in Saloon
11	15	A Commissioned Officer will go the rounds and see that all lights are out, and report the same to the Naval Officer of the Watch
		Midnight Relieve the Watch

These times will be occasionally altered to suit the time and year

33—A Non commissioned Officer with a party of six Men will have charge of the Water Closets—Troop water closets and wash houses, to see that they are clean and in order—Married men are to keep the women's water closets clean

34 The smoking hours for troops are to be the same as for the ship's company, i.e., at meal hours, viz.—Breakfast, dinner, and supper, and after evening inspection to 7 15 p.m. Smoking is to be allowed on the upper deck before the mainmast, and nowhere else

Officers are to smoke near the mainmast, either on the poop or immediately forward of it

No person is to spit upon the deck.

FIRE.

FIRE

35. On the alarm of fire being given, the first and most important thing to be impressed on all is—silence.

Officers and Men will fall in as quickly as possible in their respective stations and wait for orders.

The Troops of the Watch on deck will shorten sail, and will then repair to await to their respective stations. The watch below will get their hammocks stowed in their proper place as quickly as possible, before going to their stations. The hammock stowage will be in their places to stow or hand out, as may be required.

The Non-commissioned Officers in each mess will see the ports and scuttles closed before going to their stations.

All Sentries' posts are to be doubled and two extra sentries to be placed over the spirit room.

The Officer in command of the troops embarked (with such officers as he may think proper to select) will be on the quarter-deck, and he is requested to direct that the remainder of the officers shall attend with their respective companies.

Company 1—Under arms will form a chain of sentries round the upper deck, to prevent any person from getting into the boats or leaving the ship.

2—Will man the fire pump on the upper deck.

3—Ditto the pump in the starboard wash-house.

4—Ditto port ditto.

5—Ditto foremast main deck

6—Ditto after ditto.

7—Starboard } Will fall in on the main deck to pass water, or to act as required

8—Port } Will fall in on the upper deck gangway, to pass water, or to act as required

9—Starboard

10—Port

FIRE QUARTERS

36.—Any person discovering fire, or having reasonable grounds for supposing it to exist, though not discernible, is to make the same known immediately and quietly to the Naval Officer of the Watch, who

FIRE QUARTERS

will order the Marine Sentry or Quarter master to ring the fire bell, will call the Captain, and will keep charge of the deck until relieved. He will also give orders to ease or stop the engine according to circumstances. The watch on deck are immediately to lead in the hose, to man the pumps, &c., according to their stations, the watch below are to repair to the Upper Deck and to shorten sail (if required), and to see that the boats are clear. The Marines stationed in the boats are to repair to them, and to load with ball cartridge to prevent their boats being lowered except by orders from the Captain. The Officers and Ship's Company are to repair to their stations as quickly and quietly as possible. All the troops embarked are to be assembled at their parading stations without noise or confusion, with the exception of those parties told off to man the pumps. The mess orderlies and the guard, the sick, invalids, women and children are to be assembled at their stations as may be directed.

STATIONS AND DUTIES IN CASE OF FIRE

Naval Officer's Stations in case of Fire.

37.—The Captain and Second Lieutenant are to be on the Upper Deck, the First Lieutenant and Master at the fire, the Third Lieutenant on

the Main Deck, the Second Master is to attend Store-rooms and spirit room, the Paymaster is to await orders from the Captain, the Assistant Paymaster is to attend with the Captain, and

the Clerk with the Senior Lieutenant, the Chief Engineer and the Engineer of the watch are to remain in the Engine room, the other Engineers on the Upper Deck, the Gunner at the fire, the Boatwain on the Forecastle, the Carpenter is to attend the pumps, engines, and hose, and then is to attend at the fire, the Master-at-Arms will report and will keep the Mess Deck clear, the Sergeant-Major, after placing his sentries will assist the Third Lieutenant on the Main Deck.

Stations of Ship's Company in case of Fire

38.—The Watch on deck at the time the fire bell is rung, are always to attend the pump, hose, &c., the Stokers on watch are to remain in the

Engine-room and stoke hole. The watches below will repair to the Upper Deck, will shorten sail (if required), and see the boats clear for lowering. The Cooks will man the pumps and fill the fire buckets. The stewards will attend with keys at their store-

rooms. The Captain of the hold will attend the Second Mower, the Mine sentry will be stationed on the bows, the Quarter master at the wheel will attend, if at sea, at the fire, if in harbour, the Senior Boatman's Mate will attend at the fire, the Second will attend the pumps, the Third will be with the watch stationed on deck, the Carpenters and Plumbers, after the pumps are rigged, will attend at the fire.

Note—All Supernumeraries (Officers and men) are to assemble round the mainmast and await orders. Prisoners of all descriptions are to be assembled abaft the mainmast by the Master-at arms, and a Guard is to be placed over them.

The sailmaker is to attend on deck with the starting hose ready for use. The pumps are to be rigged every day at 5 p. m. at the evening muster, and are to be kept prepared until after washing decks at 8 a. m. The Carpenter and his crew are to be prepared to scuttle the deck, to cover hatchways, and to close the ports and scuttles. The Plumber, Painter, and Blacksmith are to assist the Carpenters. The Carpenter is to report all ready at evening muster. If at night, the bedding on the Ship's Company's Mess Deck is to remain there, unless contrary orders are given. The tin buckets are never to be removed from their hooks, except for the purpose of being cleaned, or for exercise. The Gunner is to report them in proper order and ready for use at evening muster. The Senior Lieutenant will send the clerk stationed with him to acquaint the Captain with the nature and extent of the fire as soon as possible, and keep him informed of its progress. He is to use every endeavour to keep it in check by means of the hose, wet blankets, water from the fire buckets, &c., and is, if necessary, to scuttle the deck over the fire, taking especial care to have all loose combustibles removed as quickly as possible from its vicinity. The Master will assist the Senior Lieutenant in the above duties.

* Note The blacksmith should be ready with punches and mauls in case it should be necessary to ship the callosities (if anchor)

39 — The Commanding Officer of the Troop embarked as to assemble his men at their trading station, in as expeditious and as silently as possible to report to the Captain when all are present at the various stations west of the town, and is to remain near him

The Adjutant is to see that in the above duties

The Captain and Subaltern of the 1st are to see the bedding cleared off the Troop decks, and stowed on the upper deck as quickly as possible, they are then to attend on the troop deck with the mess or berths, and to wait orders.

The Medical Officers are to assemble the sick and invalids where they may be ordered to place them.

The Quarter Master is to see that the saloon cabins are clear of passengers, and is to attend in the saloon to assist in preventing irregularities.

The (n)ud are to repay to their posts, to preserve order, and to fill the fire buckets hung near their posts.

Planting parties are to man the pumps which they are stationed at.

Those men stationed at the gangway will be prepared to assist in passing fire buckets according to the orders that may be given.

How, pausing on the forest side, not stationed at the pumps, will be prepared to fill and put the fire back to him, up under the bridge when ordered

I have painting on the quarter deck will be prepared to wet the blankets, and to pass them to the fire when ordered.

The Officers, wives, children, and those females occupying the after part of the ship, are to assemble in the school

All women and children on voyaging the fore part of the ship, are to be assembled on the main troop deck, a Non Commissioned Officer is to be placed in charge of them to prevent noise and confusion.

SENTENCES

10 — The following ventures will be required

Upper Deck

1 on each side of Forecastle
1 on each watch house
1 on each side of Quarter deck

Total for Upper Deck

Man Deck.

1 on each side of Trilky	..	2
1 on each side of Water Tank	..	2
1 on each side of after Main Deck	..	2
1 on Fore Cockpit	---	1
1 orderly at foot of Baloon ladder	---	1

Total for Main Deck .. 8

Total number of Sentries	14
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Fatigue parties are to be appointed to pump fresh or salt water, and to sweep the lower, upper, and main decks.

List of Troops to be employed on Troop Deck.

Women's Apartments.

1 Non-commissioned Officer and 4 Privates, under the direction of one Private Royal Marines. All are to be married men.

Officers' Water Closets.

1 Non-commissioned Officer and 2 Privates for saloon water closets.

Soldiers' Water Closets.

1 Non-commissioned Officer and 6 Privates.

After Steerage.

1 Non-commissioned Officer and 2 Privates.

Wash-house.

1 Non-commissioned Officer and 4 Privates to each.

Main and Lower Decks.

1 Private to each Mess; the whole to be under the orders of a Non-commissioned Officer per Company.

ORDERS FOR THE SENTRIES ON THE AFTER PART OF THE MAIN DECK.

41.—They are to have charge of the space from the Galley to the Bulkheads of the Saloon.

The Sentry is to keep the ladders clear, to allow no clothes, bedding, or accoutrements, to be hung up or laid about, nor to allow smoking, noise, irregularities, spitting or upsetting slops or dirt about the decks. He is not to interfere needlessly with Naval Officers, Seamen, Non-commissioned Officers or Privates of Marines.

No luggage of any description is to be allowed on his Post. Nothing is to be thrown out of the Ports, or placed in them. None but servants are to be permitted to enter the Port-side, and no one is to enter the Starboard-side.

He is to report all persons acting contrary to his orders.

Should he discover "fire" on or near his post, he is to make the same *quietly* but *immediately* known to the Naval Officer of the Watch on the Bridge.

ORDERS FOR THE SENTRIES ON THE GALLERY AND HOSPITALS.

42.—They are to have charge of the space abreast the Galley.

The Sentry is to allow no lounging about his post. He is to allow no clothes, bedding, or accoutrements, to be hung up or laid about, nor any smoking, noise, irregularities, spitting, or upsetting slops or dirt about the Deck. He is to have charge of the Police Lamps.

ORDERS FOR SENTRIES ON THE FORECASTLE.

(One on each side.)

43.—They are to have charge of the Forecastle and Fore-ladder.

The Sentry is to allow no persons on the boats. He is to keep the ladders clear, to allow no clothes, bedding, or accoutrements to be hung up or laid about, nor any noise, irregularities, spitting, nor upsetting slops or dirt about the decks. He is not to interfere needlessly with Naval Officers, Seamen, Non-commissioned Officers, or Privates of Marines.

He is to report all persons acting contrary to his orders.

He is to allow nothing to be thrown out of the Ports, or to be placed in them.

Should he discover "fire" on or near his post, he is to make the same *quietly* but *immediately* known to the Naval Officer of the Watch on the Bridge.

ORDERS FOR SENTRIES ON THE TANK.

44.—They are to have charge of the Tank.

The Sentry is to allow no waste of Water, nor any to be taken from the Tank unless authorized by a Non-commissioned Officer. No clothes, bedding, or accoutrements, are to be hung up or laid about. No smoking, noise, irregularities, spitting, or upsetting slops or dirt about the Deck is to be permitted.

He is not to interfere needlessly with Naval Officers, Seamen, Non-commissioned Officers, or Privates of Marines.

Should he discover "Fire" on or near his post, he is to make the same quietly but immediately known to the Naval Officer of the Watch on the Bridge. He is to have charge of the Police Lamps.

45.—ORDERS FOR THE ORDERLY AT THE SALOON LADDER.

He is to answer the bell in the Saloon, to allow no person to loiter on or near the space at the foot of the ladder, or in the vicinity of the door.

He is not to interfere needlessly with Naval Officers, Seamen, Non-commissioned Officers, or Privates of Marines.

46.—ORDERS FOR THE SENTRY IN THE FORE COCKPIT OVER THE TROOPS' BAGGAGE.

They are to have charge of the Fore Cockpit and of the Troops' Baggage.

The Sentry is to allow no clothes, bedding, or accoutrements to be hung up or laid about, nor any smoking, noise, irregularities, spitting, or upsetting slops or dirt about the Deck. He is to allow no one to enter the Condensing Room but those authorized.

He is not to interfere needlessly with Naval Officers, Seamen, Non-commissioned Officers, or Privates of Marines.

He is to report all persons acting contrary to his orders.

Should he discover "Fire" on or near his post, he is to make the same quietly and immediately known to the Naval Officer of the Watch on the Bridge.

47.—ORDERS FOR THE SENTRY ON THE QUARTER DECK.

They are to have charge of the space from the Mainmast to the Fore Bridge.

The Sentry is to keep the Bridge ladders and midship part of Deck clear. He is to allow no clothes, bedding, or accoutrements to be hung up or laid about.

He is not to interfere needlessly with Naval Officers, Seamen, Non-commissioned Officers, or Privates of Marines.

He is to report all persons acting contrary to his orders.

No Troops are to be allowed in the Boats.

Should he discover "Fire" on or near his post, he is to make the same quietly but immediately known to the Naval Officer of the Watch on the Bridge.

He is to allow no lounging about the paint work, nor to permit any dirt to remain about the Ash shoots.

He is to allow no Troops, Women, or Children, to be about the Mainmast.

48.—ORDERS FOR THE MARINE SENTRY ON THE BRIDGE.

He is to prevent any Shore Boats coming to the Ship except by permission.

He is to hail all Boats after dark.

He is to keep the Bridge and Chart-house clear of everybody except the Captain and Officers of the Ship.

49.—ORDERS FOR THE SENTRY ON THE WASH-HOUSES AND LATRINE DOORS.

They are to have charge of the space from the Mess deck doors to the Bridge.

The Sentry is to allow no loitering, nor any Troops to go into the Seamen's Mess Deck or Galley. He is to keep the ladders clear. He is to allow no clothes, bedding, or accoutrements to be hung up or laid about, no lounging about the paint work, no smoking out of regulated hours, nor any noise, irregularities, spitting, or upsetting slops or dirt about the decks. He is to report all persons acting contrary to his orders.

Should he discover "Fire" on or near his post, he is to make the same quietly but immediately known to the Naval Officer of the Watch on the Bridge.

He is to allow no one but Women and Children to go into the Wash-house appropriated for the use of the Women and Children, except those stationed to keep it clean. He is to allow no one to take water from the pump, unless a Non-commissioned Officer be present, nor any person to go into the Wash house out of regulated hours. He is to keep the ladder clear, and to allow no person in the boats.

50.—ORDERS FOR THE CAPTAIN'S AND OFFICERS' ORDERLY.

Such orders are to be given in each case, as the Captain may consider desirable.

51.—The Commanding Officer of the Troops, and another Military Officer, are, before quitting the Ship to sign a Certificate in the following form, and to deliver it to the Captain or Commanding Officer of the Ship, viz,—

Certificate required.

Form of Certificate.

This is to certify that I have been round the ship with
 , and that no baggage, arms, nor accoutrements of any description are left on board, belonging to the
 Military Officer. Regiment.

I have made full inquiry respecting the baggage, &c., of the
 Regiment disembarked from this ship,
 and find no complaints, and that there was always a Sentry over the same during
 the time it was on board.

Lieut.-Colonel,
 or Officer in Command of Troops.

Dated on Board H. M.'s Troop
 Ship , at
 on the day of ,

186 .

ADDENDA TO THE REGULATIONS FOR H. M.'s TROOP SHIPS.

GENERAL.

Mess Articles not to be taken into
 the Cabin
 Invalids alone allowed to have
 their meals in their Cabin

Bed Linen when changed
 Towels not provided.

Smoking in Saloon and Cabins pro-
 hibited

Places and hours for smoking

Dogs.

1.—Articles belonging to the Saloon Mess are not
 to be taken into the Cabin, except for the use of In-
 valids, who alone will be allowed to have refresh-
 ments sent there.

2.—Bed Linen for Military Officers and their
 Families will be changed every eight days. Towels
 for washing are not provided.

3.—Smoking is strictly prohibited in the Sa-
 loon or Cabins between decks. Officers are per-
 mitted to smoke either on such part of the Poop
 as may be determined by the Captain, or on the
 Upper Deck, from 6 a. m. to 11 p. m., except
 during Parades, Divine Service, and Muster, or
 during the performance of any duties, with the
 due execution of which the Captain may con-
 sider smoking would interfere.

4.—Six dogs may be taken on board with each
 Regiment, or in the proportion of one dog per
 hundred men for smaller numbers.

MESS.

Military Officers servants to assist
 during meals as required

Wardroom Officers servants
 A certain number may be messed
 in Saloon Servants Mess

Style of mess to be provided when
 Troops are not on board

5.—Such a proportion of the Military Offi-
 cers' servants as may be required by the Mess
 Steward will be directed to assist in the Saloon
 during meals
 6.—Such of the Ward Room Officers' servants,
 as the Captain may approve of, may be messed
 at the Saloon Servants' Mess, as a reward for
 smartness and good conduct
 7.—The style of mess for Naval Officers in har-
 bour, without Troops, is to be the same as for the
 general mess with Troops on board; due regard
 being had to the smaller number to be provid-
 ed for.

8.—Mess bills, charges for breakages, for damage of Mess or Cabin articles by
 Officers or their families, or for extras, &c., are
 to be paid in cash, to the paymaster, monthly,
 or before the Officer leaves the ship, if embarked for
 a short period. Bills are not to be tendered
 as payment
 9.—A supply of extra wines, ales, spirits,
 sardines, jams, &c., will be kept in stock, and
 charged to persons requiring them, at such an
 amount over the cost prices as the Paymaster
 may deem necessary to cover losses.

10.—The mess contribution, or charge, is to commence on the day on which the first dinner meal is taken on board, and to terminate on that on which the last dinner meal is taken on board.

Mess contribution, or charge.

Naval and Military Officers when not to be charged

11.—Naval or Military Officers, if absent on duty for twenty-four hours or upwards, are not to be charged for the period of absence.

Naval Officers on special leave

12.—Naval Officers, if absent with leave from the Admiralty, or the Commander-in-Chief, for 24 hours or upwards, and checked on the ship's books, are not to be charged.

Other leave

13.—No other leave is to confer this privilege.

Military Officers to determine what they will require wine and beer throughout the voyage

14.—Military Officers and others, must determine, on embarkation, whether they wish wine and beer to be included in their mess, or not, throughout the voyage.

Messing charges.—Guests

15.—The following are to be the messing charges, viz.—

For guests of Naval or Military Officers—

	s.	d.
Dinner including wine and beer	...	6 0
Luncheon, with meat	...	1 0
Ditto with bread and cheese	...	0 6
Breakfast	...	2 0

Messing charges.—Families of Military Officers and others entitled to passage

16.—For the families of Military Officers, or others, entitled to passage at the public expense—

	s.	d.
Ladies (of 16 or upwards)	5	0 per day.
Children, of 7 and under 16	2	6 "
Ditto of 1 and under 7	0	0 "
Infants under 1 year ..	nil	"
Female or civilian servants .	2	0

Messing charges.—Military Officers not entitled to passage and their families

17.—For Military Officers, not entitled to passage at the public expense, and their families—

	s.	d.
Officers (including wine and beer) ..	10	0 per day.
Ditto (without " ")	7	6 "
Ladies (of 16 or upwards) ..	6	8 "
Children of 7 and under 16 ..	3	4 "
Ditto of 1 and under 7 ..	2	6 "
Infants under 1 year ..	nil.	"
Female or civilian servants ...	2	0 "

These rates comprehend the use of mess articles, linen, washing, &c., &c.

Messing Charges
Naval Officers entitled to passage at public expense

18.—Naval Officers, entitled to passage at the public expense, will be charged for messing at the rates specified in the Queen's Regulations and Admiralty Instructions

Messing Charges
Naval Officers not entitled to passage

19.—Naval Officers not entitled to passage at the public expense, but who are permitted to embark, on the understanding that the public is not put to any expense for themselves or their families, will be charged at the rates specified in Article 17.

Messing Charges
Members of the Civil Service, or private individuals, not entitled to passage

20.—Members of the Civil Service, or private individuals, not entitled to passage at the public expense, but to whom permission may be given to embark, will be charged the same as Officers similarly circumstanced (see Art 17)

- Dinner Dress** 21—All officers are to appear at dinner in uniform jackets—Private individuals are to wear morning or evening cloth coats, but ordinary morning costume, such as tweeds or shooting coats, will not be allowed.
- Meal Hours**
In Harbour, without Troops 22—In harbour, without troops—Breakfast 8-10, cloth removed 9-15, Lunch 12-0 (cold meats), Dinner 6-0, Tea (plain), 8-0.
- Meal Hours with Troops** 23—With Troops on board—Officers and Ladies,—Breakfast 8-30, cloth removed 9-15, Lunch (light), 12-0, cloth removed, 12-30. Dinner 8-30, Tea (plain), 7-0.
- Meal Hours—Children and Female Servants** 24—Children and Female Servants,—Breakfast 8-0 A M, Dinner 12-30 P M, Tea 5-0 P M.
- Children's Table** 25—In ships that are fitted with four tables, children will take their meals at the one nearest to the pantry, except in special cases where other accommodation is provided.
- Children not allowed in Saloon during Officers' meal hours** 26—Children are not allowed in the Saloon during the Officers' meal hours.
- Hours not to be altered** 27—Meal hours are never to be altered, except under special circumstances, and then only with the express sanction of the Captain.
- Meals taken out of hours will be charged as extras** 28—All meals taken out of hours will be charged for as extras excepting those supplied to invalids.
- Breakages** 29—Members of the Saloon Mess are to pay for all articles broken or damaged by them.
- 30.—The allowance of wine will be,—During dinner—sherry as required After dinner—port and sherry (together) in temperate latitudes, or in the Mediterranean or in Tropical climates, light claret and sherry,—to be passed round twice before coffee, and once after. The total quantity consumed by each person, is not to exceed the pint sanctioned by Article 12, page 182, of the Queen's Regulations and Admiralty Instructions, as well as by the Regulations for H. M.'s Transport Service.**
- Extra Wines** All wine subsequently consumed will be charged for extra.
- Wine allowed to Children not to be charged for wine or beer consumed at Saloon Mess** 31—No charge will be made for wine or beer consumed by ladies or children at the Saloon Mess, the rates charged for their mess being inclusive of a reasonable quantity of those articles.
- Ale and Porter** 32—The allowance of beer, or ale or porter, viz, one reputed pint for each person daily—can be had out of meal hours, if preferred.
- Substitution of liquors not permitted. No payment for not drinking wine or beer** 33—The substitution of one liquor for another is not allowed, and no payment will be made to any person on account of not drinking wine or beer.
- Steward's Pantry and Bar—when closed** 34—The Steward's Pantry and Bar will be closed at 10-30 P M, and nothing will be issued after that hour.
- Fresh hot dishes for breakfast, not to be supplied Exception.** 35—No fresh hot dishes will be supplied to any member of the Saloon Mess, arriving late for breakfast, excepting in the case of Officers detained on duty.
- 9th "I request that all requisitions for the service of Her Majesty's Indian troop ships when at your Presidency, may be conveyed to the Captains in command of these ships through the Resident Transport Officer at Bombay, and that when at any of the other ports, the requisitions may be addressed to the Captains direct by the Secretary to Government, I having agreed with the Admiralty upon the adoption of that course.

10th. "It has been decided that water proof coats and hats should be provided on the 'Serapis' and 'Crocodile' for the use of the troops on board those ships. Three hundred of each of these articles will therefore be furnished for each vessel, to the Paymaster of the ship, and the price of 10s. for a coat and 2s. 6d. for a hat is to be charged against the troops, who may be on board at the time any of those articles that may be lost.

18th. "Having approved (in communication with the Admiralty) of the adoption of a scale of rations for the troops, for women and children, who will be conveyed in the five troop ships, and who are to be victualled in accordance therewith, I enclose a copy of the scale for your information:—

SCALE OF RATIONS PER MAN.

Troops or Third Class Passengers.

DAYS OF THE WEEK.	DAILY.														WEEKLY.				
	Salt Beef.	Flour.	Suet.	Raisins.	Salt Pork.	Split Peas.	Preserved Meat.	Compressed mix- ed Vegetables.	Biscuit.	Fresh Bread.	Rice.	Porter.	Preserved Potatoes uncooked.	Sugar (unrefined).	Tea.	Vinegar.	Mustard.	Pickles (of various descriptions).	Pepper, ground.
	oz	oz	oz	oz	oz	pint	oz	oz	oz	lb	oz	pt	oz	oz.	oz	pt.	oz	oz.	oz
Sunday ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	1	...	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	...
Monday ...	12	6	1	2	...	...	...	1	12	...	...	1	...	4	4	...	...	...	...
Tuesday ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	1	4	1	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
Wednesday	...	...	...	...	12	2/3	...	1	12	...	...	1	...	2	2	...	...	6	...
Thursday	12	6	1	2	...	...	...	1	12	1	...	1	...	4	4	...	...	...	...
Friday ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	12	...	...	1	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
Saturday	...	...	...	...	12	2/3	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...

SCALE OF RATIONS PER WOMAN.

DAYS OF THE WEEK.	DAILY.														WEEKLY.				
	Salt Beef.	Flour.	Suet.	Raisins.	Salt Pork.	Split Peas.	Preserved Meat.	Compressed mixed Vegetables.	Biscuit.	Fresh Bread.	Rice.	Porter.	Preserved Potatoes (uncooked)	Sugar (unrefined)	Tea.	Vinegar.	Mustard.	Pickles (of various descriptions.)	Pepper, ground.
	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	pint.	oz.	oz.	oz.	lb.	oz.	pt.	oz.	oz.	oz.	pt.	oz.	oz.	oz.
Sunday ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...
Monday ..	8	6	1	2	...	...	...	1	8	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...
Tuesday ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Wednesday	...	...	...	...	8	2/3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	6	...
Thursday	8	6	1	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...
Friday .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Saturday ..	...	...	...	...	8	2/3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—Spirit is not to be issued except in special cases on Certificate of the Medical Officer in charge.

SCALE OF RATIONS PER CHILD UNDER 5 YEARS OF AGE.

DAYS OF THE WEEK.	DAILY.						
	Biscuit powder, or Buns.	Sugar (unrefined)	Fresh Milk.*	Soup and Brouh, Essence of Beef,† or Mutton Broth.†	Rice.	Oatmeal.	Fresh Bread.
	oz.	oz.	pint.	pint.	oz.	oz.	lb.
Sunday	4	2	1	Sufficient to make.	2	10	4
Monday	4	2	1	1	2	10	4
Tuesday	4	2	1	1	2	10	4
Wednesday	4	2	1	1	2	10	4
Thursday	4	2	1	1	2	10	4
Friday	4	2	1	1	2	10	4
Saturday	4	2	1	1	2	10	4

SCALE OF RATIONS PER CHILD OF 5 YEARS AND UNDER 10 YEARS OF AGE

DAYS OF THE WEEK.	DAILY.														WELL.
	Salt Pork, or Salt Beef †	Flour.	Suet.	Beans.	Soup and Broull.	Rice.	Preserved Meat.	Biscuit.	Fresh Bread.	Preserved Potatoes (uncooked)	Sugar (unrefined)	Tea.	Fresh Milk ‡	Salt.	
	oz.	oz.	oz.	oz.	pt.	oz.	oz.	oz.	lb.	oz.	oz.	oz.	pts.	oz.	
Sunday.....	4	..	1	2	2	4	1	1	
Monday ...	6	3	1	2	...	2	...	6	...	...	3	4	1
Tuesday ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	1	2	2	4	1
Wednesday.	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	6	...	...	2	4	1
Thursday...	6	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	4	1
Friday .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	6	...	2	2	4	1
Saturday ...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	1	..	2	4	1

* If dedicated Milk is used, sufficient to make 1 pint

† These Articles are to be provided in equal quantities, and are to be issued alternately Soup and Brouh of ounces, cooked with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of water, —Essence of Beef $\frac{1}{2}$ of quarter pint canister, cooked with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of water, —and Mutton Broth 4 ounces, with a sufficient quantity of boiling water, —will make the half-pint required

‡ Either Salt Pork or Salt Beef is to be issued at the discretion of the Medical Officer in charge

§ If dedicated Milk is used, sufficient to make half a pint

SCALE OF MEDICAL COMFORTS FOR TROOPS AND THIRD CLASS PASSENGERS, calculated for 1,000 Persons for 1 day (to be provided in addition to the ordinary Rations.)

Rum, Gills *	Port Wine, Bottles	White Wine, Bottles	Preserved Meat, lbs.	Prepared Soup Pints	Essence of Beef, Tins (½ Pints)	Sago, lbs	Arrowroot, lbs	Rice, lbs	Preserved Milk, pints (in small Tins)	Lime Juice, pint †	Sugar (unrefined) for Lime Juice, lbs †	Sugar (refined) lbs	Tea, lbs (best black)	Vinegar, pints	Soup, lbs	Pearl Barley, lbs	Preserved Potatoes (uncooked), lbs	Compressed mixed Vegetables, lbs	Pickles (of various descriptions) bottle	Carbolic Acid and Condy's Patent Fluid	Ale or Porter (bottled), pints ‡
8	8	4	8	12	30	2	4	8	20	6	20	15	2	2	2	2	12	3	1	5	25

NOTES

Boys of 10 years and under 14 years of age, to receive the Woman's ration, but without Porter Boys of 14 years of age, or upwards, to receive the man's ration, but without Porter Girls of 10 years of age or upwards, to receive the Woman's ration, but without porter.

Boys and Girls, of 17 years of age or upwards, are to be considered in all respects as Adults

Temperance Men not receiving Porter (or Spirit, as a substitute) are each to be allowed, daily, one ounce of Sugar, and a quarter of an-ounce of Tea, in addition to the quantities of those articles specified in the scale of rations,—those men who do not receive these additional quantities will be credited in office with a penny a day

Temperance Women not receiving Porter, and other Women to whom it may not be practicable to supply Porter, are to be granted a similar additional allowance of Sugar and Tea.

Neither Porter nor Spirit is to be issued to prisoners or "Punishment Men," except under Medical advice, and with the sanction of the Military Commanding Officer

Preserved Meats to consist of Beef and Mutton, which are to be provided in equal quantities, and to be issued alternately

Fresh Meat and Fresh Vegetables, are to be issued, *whenever practicable*, 1 lb Fresh Meat being considered equal to 1 lb Salt Meat, but 8 ozs of Fresh Vegetables are to be the Ration for Men, Women, or Children When Fresh Vegetables are not procurable, Preserved Potatoes (uncooked) 2 ozs. or compressed Mixed Vegetables 1 oz are to be issued in lieu

Fresh Vegetables are to be issued, whenever procurable, with Salt or Preserved Meat, in lieu of the Flour, Sugar, Raisins, Peas, compressed Vegetables, Preserved Potatoes or Rice, specified in the Scales

Fresh Meat and Fresh Vegetables are also to be obtained for 3 days' consumption after leaving Port, should the weather admit of their keep up sweet.

In cases in which it may be impossible to provide Fresh Bread, Biscuit is to be issued as the Ration, in the proportions shown in the respective Scales for Men, Women, and Children The Commanding officer of the Troops will report to the Military authorities, on his arrival in Port, if he should consider that Biscuit has at any time been improperly or unnecessarily substituted for Fresh Bread

Any Articles in the foregoing Scales of Rations may be stopped or changed, but only in individual cases, upon the special requisition of the Medical Officer.

* For occasional issue at the discretion of the Surgeon

† Lime Juice with sugar is to be issued only on the recommendation of the Surgeon

‡ A supply of Carbolic Acid pure, (in stoppered Bottles picked securely in small cases), is to be provided viz 2 pints per diem for each 1 000 individuals embarked and being inflammable is to be placed in the charge of the Medical Officer should one embark Condy's Patent Fluid (Ammonia) in quarter pint bottles with printed directions for use, is also to be provided in the proportion of 4 pints per diem for each 1 000 in individuals embarked

‡ This quantity is to be increased at the discretion of the authorities at the Port, in the event of Porter not being procurable in sufficient quantity as an article of Ration

The Scales of Rations are to be regarded as generally applicable to Invalids as well as to persons in health; Invalids are, however, to be provided with Fresh Bread every day. In Ships engaged for the conveyance of Invalids, there is also to be provided a liberal proportion of Live-stock (Oxen, Sheep, and Poultry, but not Pigs), with provender and water for their subsistence. The extent and nature of these supplies are to be, in each case, at the discretion of the Naval or other Government Authorities at the Port; and they are to be replenished, as far as may be practicable, at any Ports at which the Ship may touch. Issues of Poultry are to be made at the discretion of the Surgeon.

WATER.

When there is a Distilling Apparatus on board, Water is to be issued on the most liberal scale possible; but the minimum daily allowance of Water (distilled or filtered), is to be for each individual embarked, including the Crew of the Ship, 6 pints when out of the Tropics, and 1 gallon when within the Tropics, which quantities are to suffice them for all purposes.

SCALE OF SUBSTITUTES.

The above Scales of Rations being sufficiently varied for health, are to be adhered to, except as regards the substitution of fresh for salted or preserved Provisions, when practicable, in the proportions shown below. In order, however, to meet cases in which it may be actually necessary to depart from the scale, a list of equivalents is appended:—

Fresh Bread	...	...	...	...	1 lb.	} To be esteemed equal to
Flour	...	...	...	...	$\frac{2}{3}$ lb.	
Rice	...	...	...	...	$\frac{1}{3}$ lb.	
Fresh Meat	...	...	...	...	1 lb.	" " 1 lb. Salt Meat.
Spirit	...	...	...	...	$\frac{1}{2}$ gill.	" " 1 pint Porter.
Coffee (roasted and ground)	...	...	...	...	1 oz.	" " 1 oz. Tea.
Chocolate	...	...	...	...	1 oz.	" " 1 oz. Tea.
Fresh Vegetable	...	...	...	...	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	} 2 oz. Preserved Potato (uncooked,) or, 1 oz. Compressed mixed Vegetables.
Flour					$\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	
Spl't Peas					$\frac{2}{3}$ pint	} May be issued in lieu of each other.
Calavances					pint	
Dholl					pint	
Rice					lb.	
Oatmeal					pint	" " " $\frac{2}{3}$ pint of Spl't Peas.

SCALE OF FORAGE, &c., FOR HORSES.

	Oats.	Hay.*	Bran.†	Water.	Vinegar.	Nitre.
For each Horse daily	6 lbs.	10 lbs.	$\frac{1}{2}$ pack or 2½ lbs	6 gallons.	Such Quantities as may be required for daily use.	

The above scales are not applicable to Coastwise Services between ports in the United Kingdom.

All the articles are to be served out by full Imperial Weights or Measures.

A copy of this scale is to be hung up in a conspicuous situation between Decks, and contiguous to where the provisions may be served out, in order that all Troops or Passengers embarked may be aware of the Rations to which they are entitled.

* Compressed Hay, of good quality, in iron bound bales, is to be supplied, whenever procurable, in preference to fresh Hay; the ration in either case to be 10 lbs per diem.

† An increased quantity of Bran, not exceeding an additional quarter peck per day, may be issued in lieu of a portion of the Oats or Hay, whenever it may be deemed expedient by the Military Commanding Officer. The full quantities of the daily Ration should not be issued, unless in the opinion of the Military Commanding Officer they are actually required. — Admiralty, April 1867.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR TROOPS PASSING THROUGH EGYPT.

The following instructions for troops passing through Egypt, are issued. Their object is that all persons should know their proper place and duty, so as to avoid confusion or delay —

On the arrival of a troopship at Alexandria or Suez no person is to land unless under special authority till arrangements have been made by the proper officer for the disembarkation of the troops.

No persons to be allowed to bathe, on account of the danger of sharks.

As soon as the troopship is anchored, an officer of the Quartermaster General's department will come on board with a view to arrange for the troops landing.

The troops will generally land in three detachments. One will consist of heavy baggage guard, fatigue party and all married non-commissioned officers and men, with their wives and children, under the second senior officer. The quartermaster to accompany them and a proportion of officers.

Two other detachments will consist of all the single men.

Field officers and staff, and ladies and children, to land in the tender. Other officers in the barges with the troops. Their light baggage to go with them. Officers' families in every case to accompany the officers in the railway carriage.

Band, drums, and pioneers (single) to go with their companies.

Great coats should be carried ready to wear in the trains. Packs in the hands, not on the back.

Every man, woman, and child over five years of age, will be supplied before leaving the ship with a ration consisting of half-a-pound of cooked preserved meat, and half-a-pound of biscuit, for consumption on the journey through Egypt, and before re-embarking they will each be provided with a cup of coffee. Each child under five years of age will be supplied with a quarter of a pound of fresh bread, and before re-embarking with hot milk or tea.

Officers and their families can obtain coffee before re-embarking on payment of 4d a cup.

On landing, the detachments will proceed by separate trains. The baggage will be taken out of the barges and loaded on the trains by railway porters, but a baggage guard and small fatigue party must superintend and assist. The officer in charge must be watchful that the baggage is not damaged or allowed to go astray.

Married men to accompany their wives to and in the trains.

The officers must see that each carriage is filled, two children under fourteen years of age to count as one adult. In no case, however, should more than eight men be carried in a compartment.

Orders for the disposal of knapsacks and sea bags will be given on the spot by an officer of the Quartermaster General's department.

The arms to be carried in the men's hands. The detachments of single men must fall in on landing, the officers to see the men with their great coats, arms, and accoutrements, into the carriages. The officers must be careful of their light baggage while the men are getting into the trains. A man from each company should remain in charge of it till the officer returns for it. The railway porters will put it into the trains.

A trumpeter or bugler to attend the senior officer in charge of each detachment, and to sit in the second class carriage next to him. The non-commissioned officer must see that no other bugle calls are sounded on the journey but those ordered by the senior officer.

The trains will generally leave about sunset and arrive about sunrise. They will stop five times, for fifteen minutes each time, at stations where there will be lights, and where the men can get drinking water. No man to leave the carriages at any other stations. At three of the stations there are ladies' waiting rooms. On the trumpet or bugle sounding every man to take his place, and officers to see that all are present.

The officers can obtain refreshments at _____, charge for supper 4s. each. As the men and women will carry their own provisions, they are not to be allowed to enter the refreshment rooms, and non-commissioned officers should

be placed at the doors to prevent their doing so. Before re-entering the carriages the men to fall in and the roll to be called.

If any sick are left in Egypt, their great coats, sea bags, if any, and complete kit are to be left with them, but no arms or accoutrements, and a No. 1 report is to be given to the officer of the Quartermaster-General's department. The medical officer to give a statement of their cases to the surgeon of Suez hospital.

The officer in command of the troops will be required to furnish, in duplicate, on a form which has been prepared for the purpose, a "transit return," which he will hand to the officer of the Quartermaster-General's department in Egypt, for transmission to his headquarters.

The officers must see that the utmost quiet and order is observed in landing, entering the trains, at the stopping-places on the journey, and on re-boarding.

Supply of 800 waterproof coats and 800 waterproof caps, each fitted with a strong becket for hanging up, will be kept on board for the use of troops embarking in the two vessels to be employed between the United Kingdom and Alexandria. They will be placed in charge of the paymaster of the ship, and the value of any which may be lost—viz., 10s a coat and 2s 2d each cap—is to be paid to the paymaster of the ship by the troops who may be on board before disembarkation.

By order of H. R. H. the Field-Marshal Commanding-in-Chief,

J. HOPE GRANT, Quartermaster-General.

Horse Guards, Sept. 6, 1867.

BAGGAGE OF TROOPS PASSING THROUGH EGYPT.

1. No baggage in excess of the regulated allowance, either by cubic measurement or by weight, is to be taken with the troops. Any extra quantity should be sent via the Cape of Good Hope under arrangements made by the troops.

2. It is necessary that all packages taken overland should be carefully packed, and be of moderate size, the utmost limit in this respect being a company's arm chest. It is desirable that the cases should be of strong material, and that the parts should be fastened together with screws, (especially the lids, which ought never to depend solely on the locks for security, even though they be of the best description.

They should be fitted with iron handles, rope becketts, or grommets worked into cleats of sufficient strength to bear the case without risk, should the entire weight fall upon one handle or becket. These precautions are recommended, as the Arabs employed as porters at the railway depots work in gangs, and handle all articles quickly and roughly, in spite of the utmost vigilance on the part of their overlookers, or such as could be exercised by a baggage guard, occasioning, frequently, considerable damage to property.

Any frangible articles should be packed with the greatest care, so as to admit of the packages being rolled over without breakage, and it is recommended that rope or leather straps for securing packages, portmanteau, &c., should be avoided, as the Arab porters are sure to cut them off and appropriate them.

3. All packages to be stowed in the ship's baggage rooms should, before being forwarded to the port of shipment, bear a large printed label showing the corps to which they belong, and marked "Baggage Room."

A list should be kept by each corps of all packages, with their weight and measurement, forwarded for embarkation and actually put on board, from which a return in duplicate of the total number of packages and the Corps to which they belong, is to be prepared on board under the approval of the officer in command of the troops, one to be handed to the principal transport officer or his deputy, on arrival either at Alexandria or at Suez, and one to the deputy quartermaster-general in Egypt or to his assistant.

This return should also show the total weight and measurement of the baggage on board, and should, when practicable, be signed by the quartermaster or other officer who has seen it weighed or measured in this country or in India.

Baggage stowed in the baggage-room will not be accessible to the owners until the troops are disembarked in India or in the United Kingdom.

Baggage for use on the voyage should bear the names or initials of the owners in clear characters, and be labelled with the word "Cabin" reasonable accommodation having been provided for such baggage in each officer's cabin and further space in a baggage-room for the use of married officers with their wives and families. A clear depth of sixteen inches has been allowed under the bed places in the cabins to admit a trunk of the regulation size for India, viz., thirty-six inches long, fifteen inches wide, and fourteen inches deep, which size should not be exceeded in any package taken into the cabins.

A depth of sixteen inches has also been left under the lower tier of bunks in the compartments appropriated to the wives of the staff sergeants and soldiers for their articles in daily use, but the baggage belonging to those persons will require special attention and vigilance on the part of commanding officers, for should it not be carefully packed and directed, very great inconvenience, with discomfort to the families, may ensue, and serious complication and trouble arise with the railway authorities and officers of the Egyptian Transit Administration, who will be in charge of the baggage through from port to port in Egypt.

All cabin baggage landing or embarking in Egypt should go with the troops in the barge, and on no account should it be mixed up even for a moment with the baggage intended for the baggage-room, as great delay would be caused in again dividing it.

The railway porters will take the baggage out of the barge and load it on the train, but a guard and small fatigued party under an officer will have to attend and superintend.

4. As medicine chests would be liable to great risk of injury in the transit through Egypt, a special dispensary for the use of the troops has been provided and fitted in each of Her Majesty's Indian troop-ships; all articles specially required for hospital purposes having been supplied. On this side of the Isthmus it will be placed in the charge of a sergeant, who will act as compounder of medicines, and on the other side it will be in the care of an apothecary or an assistant belonging to the Indian service. The requisite supply of medicines will be put on board by the army medical department.

By command,

J. HOPKINS GRANT, Quartermaster-General.

Horse Guards, September 5, 1867.

ENLISTMENT IN THE ARMY.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Act of Parliament for information and guidance —

Anno Tricesimo & Tricesimo Primo Victoria Regina Cap XXXIV

An Act for limiting the period of Enlistment in Her Majesty's Army [30th June 1867.]

Whereas it is expedient to alter the periods of Enlistment now in use in Her Majesty's Land Forces:

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, as follows:—

1. From and after the passing of this Act no person shall be enlisted for the First Term of his engagement to serve Her Majesty as a Soldier for a longer period than Twelve Years, to be reckoned from the day on which the recruit shall have been attested for Service.

Twelve Years the Limit of Enlistment

2. Any Person who now has or may hereafter have completed at least Two-Thirds of the First Term of his Enlistment, may at any time thereafter, with the approbation of his Commanding Officer or other competent Military Authority, be engaged for such a period as shall complete a total period of Twenty-one Years in Her Majesty's Service.

3. Any Soldier who shall have completed a total period of Twenty-one Years Service may give notice to his Commanding Officer of his desire to continue in Her Majesty's Service, and if his Commanding Officer or other competent Military Authority approves of such application, he may be continued as a Soldier, subject in all respects to the Provisions of this Act and of the Mutiny Act and Articles of War, as if his Term of Service were still unexpired, until he shall have given three Calendar months' notice to his Commanding Officer of his wish to be discharged, and the expiration of such notice.

4. Any Soldier whose period of Enlistment or of total service shall expire while he is serving on any Foreign, Colonial, or Indian Station, may be detained, and his Service may be prolonged, for such further period as shall be directed by the Commanding Officer at the Station there, not exceeding twelve months, but at the Expiration of such prolonged Service, or sooner, if the said Commanding Officer shall see fit the Soldier shall, unless he desires to remain there, be sent home at the Public Charge as in the case of Soldiers invalided, with all convenient speed and after his arrival he shall be discharged.

5. If any such Soldier being in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad desires to remain and to claim his Discharge there, he shall, if such be his desire, give notice thereof to the Governor through the Commanding Officer, whereon it shall be lawful for such Governor, if he sees fit, with the consent of the Commanding Officer, to permit such Soldier to remain in such Colony as a discharged Soldier, and such Soldier shall have no Claim thereafter to be conveyed to his Home in the United Kingdom or elsewhere.

6. In reckoning the Service of a Soldier for Discharge under the provisions of this Act there shall be excluded therefrom such periods of time during which he has been absent from his duty for any of the following causes—Imprisonment for any Cause, save that of detention awaiting any trial which results in the acquittal and discharge of the prisoner from custody, Desertion or Absence without Leave, exceeding Five Days, or as a Prisoner of War, unless in the latter instance it shall appear for the satisfaction of a Court-martial to be summoned on his rejoining Her Majesty's Service, that he was not taken Prisoner through his own wilful Neglect of Duty, and that he rejoined as soon as he could and ought to have done.

7. Every Soldier who shall have completed his period of Service according to the Provisions of this Act shall be entitled to his Discharge, unless at the time of the expiration of such period of service he stands charged with the commission of any offence, in which case his period of service shall be prolonged, and his discharge deferred, until he shall have undergone his trial by Court-martial, and any punishment awarded against him. Every Soldier, until he has received his discharge, shall remain subject to all the provisions of any Act that may be in force for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and any Articles of War made in pursuance thereof.

8. After the passing of this Act every person enlisting or re-enlisting or any Soldiers re-engaging into Her Majesty's Service shall be subject to the provisions of this Act, and the provisions of the Act of the Session holden in the tenth and eleventh years of Her Majesty's reign, Chapter Thirty-seven, intitled *An Act for limiting the Term of Service in the Army*, and of the Act of the Session holden in the twelfth and Thirteenth Victoria, Chapter Seventy-three, intitled *An Act to limit the Enlistment in the Artillery and other Ordnance Corps*, shall be then wholly repealed as to such Persons and Soldiers.

9. The Forms to be used on the Attestation of a Soldier, and on renewing his Service, or on re-engaging, under this Act, shall be such as are set forth in the Schedule hereto, or as are prescribed in the Mutiny Act for the time being in force.

Forms of Attestation

Repeal of 10 & 11 Vic cap 37 and 12 and 13 Vic cap 73 as to soldiers enlisted under this Act

Discharge on completion of Service

Rules in reckoning Service

Unless he desires to remain in the Colony or Possession

On Expiration of Enlistment Soldiers on Foreign Stations to be sent home

Renewal of Enlistment

10. Every Person enlisting under this Act shall be enlisted for some particular Arm or Branch of Service, and if he shall enlist for Cavalry or Infantry he shall be at liberty to declare and state the particular Regiment of Cavalry or Infantry into which he desires to enlist, and he shall be attested for the same and be sent thereto with all convenient speed, but if no such Statement or Declaration be made by such person at the time of his Attestation as aforesaid, then he shall be attested for general service, and it shall be lawful for the Military Authorities at any time within twelve months after his Attestation, to attach him to such Regiment as to them shall seem to be most fitting and convenient for Her Majesty's service, provided always that after the Recruit shall have been attached to any Regiment he shall not be removed or transferred therefrom save and except under the Provisions of the Mutiny Act in force for the time being.

Short title

11. This Act shall be cited as the Army Enlistment Act, 1867.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING ACT.

Declaration to be made by Recruit on Attestation.

I now residing in the Parish of
in the County of, do
solemnly and sincerely declare, that to the best of my knowledge and belief I
was born in the Parish of (a) in or near the town of (b)
in the County of (c) , and am
years of age, that I am of the Trade or Calling of [or
of no Trade or Calling, as the case may be], that I am not an Apprentice; that I
am not married, that I do not belong to the Militia, or to the Naval Coast Volun-
teers, or to any portion of Her Majesty's Land or Sea Forces, that I have never
served Her Majesty by Land or Sea in any Military or Naval employment whatso-
ever, except, , that I have never been marked with the Letter D;
that I have never been rejected as unfit for Her Majesty's service on any previous
Enlistment, that I was enlisted at
on the day of
186, at o'clock
M by of
and that I have read [or had read to me] the Notice then given to me, and under-
stood its meaning, that I enlisted for a County of and a free list, and
have no objection to make to the manner of my Enlistment, that I am willing to
be attested to serve in the Regiment of [instead of
the 14th "in the Regiment," any words may be substituted
which are applicable to the Case as in or for special Service in that Command or
Branch of the Service for which the Enlistment may be made] for the term of
twelve years, provided Her Majesty should so long require my services, and also
for such further Term, not exceeding twelve months, as shall be directed by the
Commanding Officer on any Foreign Station.

Signature of Recruit.

Signature of Witness.

Note (a) (b) (c) These Blanks need not be filled up if the Recruit is unable to give the requisite information.

Declaration to be made by a Soldier, or person having been a Soldier on renewing his service

I do declare, that I am at present [or was as the case may be,]
in Captain Company in the Regiment [the
for a portion of this Declaration may be altered to suit each particular case],
that I enlisted on the day of for a term of
years, that I am of the age of
years, and that I will serve Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors for a further
term of years [to be filled up with such number of years as shall be
required to complete a total Service of twenty-one years in the Army], provided
my services should so long be required, and also for such further term, not exceed-
ing twelve months, as shall be directed by the Commanding Officer on any Foreign
Station.

Declared before me

Signature of Soldier.

Signature of Witness.

Military Pay and Allowances.

STAFF SALARIES.

Table of Monthly Salaries to be allowed for the Staff Officers and Departments of the several Presidencies in India.

	CONSOLIDATED SALARIES.		
	Bombay.	Bengal	Madras
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Secretary to Government of India Military Department ..	2 500	2 500	2 500
Secretary to Government Military Department ..	2 700	3 500	3 000
Major General Commanding Divisions	1 300	2 000	1 200
Adjutant General	2 200	2 000	2 000
Quarter Master General	2 200	2 000	2 200
Commissionary General	2 200	2 000	2 000
Controller of the Military Finance Department ..	2 000	2 400	2 000
Public Advocate General	1 000	1 000	1 000
Military Secretary and Aide de Camp to the Governor General	1 000	1 200	1 000
Military Secretary and Aide de Camp to Governor ..	1 000	1 200	1 000
Military Secretary to the Commander in Chief in India ..	1 000	1 200	1 000
Military Secretary to the Commander in Chief ..	1 000	1 200	1 000
Staff Salaries in addition to Staff Corps Pay.			
Brigadiers of the First Class	1 400	1 400	1 400
Brigadiers of the Second Class	1 200	1 200	1 200
Superintendent Army Clothing	700	1 000	700
Superintendent of Stables	700	1 000	700
Honorary Agent	1 000	1 000	1 000
Military Accountant	800	1 000	800
Deputy Secretary to the Govt of India Military Department ..	800	1 000	800
Deputy Secretary to the Government Military Department ..	800	1 000	800
Deputy Adjutant General	800	1 000	800
Deputy Quarter Master General	900	1 000	900
Deputy Commissionary General	800	1 000	800
Deputy Judge Advocate General at Head Quarters ..	700	800	700
Military Secretary Punjab Government	700	800	700
1st Examiner Pay Department	800	800	800
Examiner Pay Department	700	800	700
2nd Examiner Pay Department	700	800	700
Deputy Superintendent of Stables	800	1 000	800
Examiner, Commisariat Accounts	700	800	700
Presidency Pay Master	700	800	700
First Assistant Secretary to Govt of India Military Dept ..	700	800	700
Second Assistant Secretary to Govt of India Military Dept ..	600	700	600
First Assistant Adjutant General at Head Quarters ..	600	700	600
Assistant Adjutant General at Head Quarters ..	600	700	600
Other Assistant Adjutants General at Head Quarters or of Divisions and Deputy Assistant Adjutant General at Head Quarters ..	600	700	600
First Assistant Quarter Master General	500	600	500
Assistant Quarter Master General	400	500	400
Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General	400	500	400
Deputy Judge Advocate General of Division	400	500	400
Chief Inspector of Musketry	400	500	400
Assistant Commissaries General, First Class	400	500	400
Assistant Commissaries General, Second Class	300	400	300
Deputy Assistant Commissaries General, First Class ..	400	500	400
Ditto ditto Second Class	300	400	300
Sub Assistant Commissaries General, First Class ..	300	400	300
Ditto ditto Second Class	200	300	200

	CONSOLIDATED SALARIES.		
	Bombay	Bengal	Madras
	Rs	Rs	Rs
Assistant Examiner, Commercial Accounts	500	500	500
Examiner of Ordnance Accounts	500	500	500
Pay Masters of Divisions of Circles	600	600	600
Staff Officer Punjab Irregular Force	600	600	600
Brigade Major Hyderabad Contingent	700	700	700
Brigade Major	400	400	400
Fort Adjutant Fort William	400	400	400
Aide de Camp to the Governor General	300	300	300
" to the Governor	300	300	300
" to a Lieutenant Governor	250	250	250
" to the Commander in Chief	250	250	250
" Ditto General Officers	250	250	250
Private Secretary and Aide de Camp to a Lt Governor	250	250	250
Assistant Staff Department First Class	40	40	40
" Do Second Class	300	300	300
Sub Assistant Staff Department	200	200	200
District Inspectors of Musketry	200	200	200
Musketry Instructors with Pay and Regimental allowances if held by Officers not of the Staff Corps	150	150	150
Commandant of Forts (where all ranks is already mentioned)	250	250	250
Commandant of Ammunition Depots First Class with Pay and Regimental allowances if held by Officers not of the Staff Corps	200	200	200
Commandant Second Class with Pay and Regimental allowances if held by Officers not of the Staff Corps	100	100	100
Station Staff Officers First Class (including all other charges) with Pay and Regimental allowances if held by Officers not of the Staff Corps	150	150	150
Station Staff Officers Second Class Ditto with Pay and Regimental allowances	100	100	100
Ditto Third Class ditto ditto	50	50	50

The following scale of staff salaries for the undermentioned appointments is directed, but in cases where an Officer draws more than the pay now fixed no reduction will take place —

Central India Horse.				Rs	p
Commandant in addition to his Staff Corps pay of rank .. ..	..	..	..	500	0
Second in Command (in charge of Corps) .. ..	..	..	..	400	0
Deccan and Erinpoora Forces.					
Squadron Officers .. ..	..	..	..	300	0

The Right Hon ble the Governor (General in Council) is pleased to fix the following as the Establishment and Staff Pay of Officers for the Corps of Guides, consisting of four troops of Cavalry and eight Companies of Infantry, exclusive of the Medical Officers

	Staff Pay per man-month	Contingent Allowances per man-month
1 Commandant	Pay already fixed	
2 Second in Command and Wing Officer	Rs 370	30 per Company
3 Commandant of Cavalry and Squadron Officer	350	30 for Command of Squadron
4 Junior Squadron Officers	250	30 for Command of Squadron.
5 Junior Wing Officer	250	30 for each Company
6 Adjutant	275	60 Office Allowance
7 Quarter Master	200	The Quarter Master will draw the authorized allowance for repair of tents, &c
8 Doing duty Officer		

The Second in Command of the Corps will always rank, regimentally, next to the Commandant, and the Commandant of Cavalry next to the Second in Command. The other officers will rank in the Corps according to the dates of their commissions.

CONSOLIDATED SALARIES

Ordnance Departments.

Bombay Bengal

	Rs	Rs	Rs
Inspector General of Ordnance	2,200	2,200	2,200
Deputy Inspector General	800	1,000	800
Superintendent Gun Foundry	...	1,000	...
Gun Carriage Agent	800	1,000	800
Gunpowder Agent	800	1,000	800
1st Class Commissary	500	500	500
2nd	400	400	400
3rd	250	250	250

Cavalry Regiments.*

STAFF SALARY.
118 MENSSEM

To be paid in monthly instalments are not entitled to full allowance	Commandant entitled to full salary while enroute to join on transfer from one Command to another including all Horse allowance	Rs 700
	Rs 10 for 3 chargers	...
	Second in Command (also commanding a Squadron) Ditto Rs 60 for 3 chargers	...
	Senior Squadron Officer Ditto Rs 60 for 2 chargers	210
	Junior Squadron Officer Ditto Rs 40 for 2 chargers	180
	Adjutant Ditto Rs 60 for 2 chargers	210
	Deputy Duty Officer Ditto Rs 60 for 2 chargers	180

Infantry Regiments.

To be paid in monthly instalments	Commandant entitled to full salary while enroute to join on transfer from one Command to another including all Horse allowance	Rs 80
	for one charger	...
	Senior Wing Commandant Do Rs 90 do do	270
	Junior Wing Commandant Do Rs 8 do do	210
	Adjutant Do Rs 10 do do	200
	Quartermaster Do Rs 10 do do	170
	Deputy Duty Officer Do Rs 10 do do	100

N.B.—The Commandant of the Guide Corps will receive Rupees 400 per mensem of the Body Guard Rs. 700 per mensem, and of the Deollee and Purnpoorah forces Rupees 600 each, per mensem

RATES OF PAY.

Rank	Years Service	Relative Rank	Unemployed Pay	Full Pay
Surgeon Major	25	Lieutenant Colonel	R 895 12 0	R 1,003 2 0
Ditto	20	Ditto	852 9 7	1,003 9 7
Surgeon	15	Major	877 0 11	825 11 5
Ditto	10	Ditto	640 14 0	789 1 0
Ditto	12	Ditto	...	...
Assistant Surgeon	10	Captain	410 9 7	471 14 5
Ditto	8	Ditto	392 5 2	433 10 8
Ditto	5	Lieutenant	344 14 2	375 12 2
Ditto	under	Ditto	280 10 0	317 8 0

Officers of the British Medical Department attached to Brigades of Horse Artillery and Regiments of British Cavalry, will draw in addition to the rate of pay above laid down, horse allowance at the following rates

Rank	Years Service	Relative Rank	Additional Horse allowance when attached to a British Cavalry Regiment
Surgeon Major	25	Lieutenant Colonel	Rupees 90 per mensem.
Ditto	20	Ditto	
Surgeon	15	Major	
Ditto	10	Ditto	
Assistant Surgeon	10	Captain	Rupees 60 per mensem
Ditto	8	Ditto	
Ditto	5	Lieutenant	
Ditto	under	Ditto	

On Furlough in Europe

		6 8 1		Surgeon Major after 2 years service on				
Inspector General after 20 years service on		2	5	0	full pay	1	5	0
Ditto	25	2	5	0	Ditto	1	5	0
Ditto	30	2	5	0	Ditto	1	5	0
Deputy Ditt	30	1	11	0	Ditto	0	11	0
Ditto	35	1	10	0	Ditto	0	11	0
Ditto	40	1	10	0	Ditto	0	11	0
						0	10	0

The salaries of the principal administrative and military appointments are fixed at the following consolidated sums:

Inspector General	Rs. 2,500	whether of the British or Indian Medical Service
Deputy Inspector General	1,500	
Surgeon Major in charge of Native Regiments	1,000	
Surgeon in charge of Native Regiments	500	
Assistant Surgeon above 5 years full pay service in charge of Native Regiments	600	
Assistant Surgeon under 5 years full pay service in charge of Native Regiments	400	with Rs. 60 horse allowance in Cavalry Regiments
but Officers who the Indian Service will receive the pay due to them until is paid down in 1910, up to 10 1/2 pence each day 1 1/2 pence May 1901, when such pay is in excess of the consolidated salaries above mentioned.		

Unemployed Pay in India.

Rank	Years Service	Unemployed Pay
Surgeon Major	25	Rs. 862 12 0
Ditto	20	552 3 7
Surgeon	15	677 6 11
Ditto	12	410 14 0
Assistant Surgeon	10	410 9 5
Ditto	6	392 5 2
Ditto	5	301 7 1 3
Ditto	5	286 10 0

Retiring Scale.

After 20 years service in India	... £ 500
27	4 6
34	15
41	29 1/2
47	2-0

An Inspector General after five years active employment in India in that grade, will be entitled to retire upon a pension of £ 50 per annum in addition to that to which he may be entitled under the above scale.

A Deputy Inspector General will after five years active employment in India in that grade be entitled to retire upon a pension of £ 50 per annum, in addition to the pension to which he may be entitled under the above scale.

In each of the above cases, six months' absence on medical certificate will be allowed to count towards actual service in those grades.

Officers now in the Indian Medical Service will, on retirement, have the option of pension according to the above rules, or according to those now in force.

Veterinary Surgeons.

	SERVICE ON FULL PAY						On appointment
	After 25 years	After 20 years	After 15 years	After 10 years	After 5 years		
Staff Veterinary Surgeons ..	81s	72s	61s	51s	42s		....
Veterinary Surgeons 1st Class	80s	71s	60s	50s	41s		....
Veterinary Surgeons	71s	62s	51s	41s	32s		10s
Veterinary Surgeons who entered the Service prior to the date of this War ..	17s 6d	1s	14s	13s	11s 6d		10s

Invalid Half Pay.

	After 25 years	After 20 years	After 15 years	After 10 years	After 5 years	
Staff Veterinary Surgeon	15s	11s	The half pay of his former rank.			
Veterinary Surgeon 1st Class	13s 6d	11s 6d	10s 6d	9s 6d	The half pay of his former rank.	
Veterinary Surgeon			9s 6d	8s 6d	7s	
Veterinary Surgeons who entered the Service prior to the date of this War ..	10s	8s 6d	8s 6d	7s 6d	7s	

Temporary half pay at 1s a day, for a period equal to that for which the officer has served on full pay.

Pay of Veterinary Surgeons.

	Years Service	Relative Rank	Full Pay.	Butts.
Staff Veterinary Surgeon	25	Major	976	9 6
Ditto	20	"	863	5 8
Ditto	15	"	868	3 10
Veterinary Surgeon, 1st Class	25	Captain	867	3 0
Ditto	20	"	800	9 7
Ditto	15	"	573	5 5
Ditto	10	"	500	3 7
Ditto	5	"	515	12 11
Veterinary Surgeon	25	Lieutenant	426	3 2
Ditto	20	"	426	3 3
Ditto	15	"	420	3 3
Ditto	10	"	411	0 4
Ditto	5	"	395	12 8
Ditto	Under 5	"	377	8 0

Veterinary Surgeons of the Indian Service on Furlough.

Rank.	After 25 years' Service on Full Pay	After 20 years' Service on Full Pay	After 15 years' Service on Full Pay	After 10 years' Service on Full Pay	After 5 years' Service on Full Pay	On appointment.
Staff Veterinary Surgeons ..	88 0	82 0	71 0	61 0	52 0	10 0
Veterinary Surgeons, 1st class	80 0	71 0	60 0	50 0	41 0	10 0
Veterinary Surgeons ..	71 0	62 0	51 0	41 0	32 0	10 0

PAY AND ALLOWANCES TO MILITARY OFFICERS.

Table of Pay and Allowances of the Indian Army, (Office of H. M. & Treas.)
at the end of 1891.

CORPS AND RANK	IN ANNUITY	TOTAL
BRITISH CAVALRY		
Colonel	1 0 0 0	1 478 7 0
Lieutenant Colonel	1 0 0 0	1 177 0 0
Major	120 0 0	921 6 4
Captain Surgeon Major or Surgeon	90 0 0	530 4 0
Lieutenant Assistant Surgeon	100 0 0	305 4 0
Captain	60 0 0	10 10 4
Staff Veterinary Surgeon 25 years Service		976 9 6
Do do 20 years Service		961 6 8
Do do 15 years Service		942 3 10
Veterinary Surgeon 1st Class 25 years Service		1 7 2 0
Do do 20 years Service		850 9 7
Do do 15 years Service		572 5 5
Do do 10 years Service		560 2 7
Do do 5 years Service		5 5 12 11
Veterinary Surgeon 25 years Service		436 3 2
Do do 20 years Service		4 6 3 2
Do do 15 years Service		4 6 3 2
Do do 10 years Service		414 0 4
Do do 5 years Service		115 12 3
Do do under 5 years Service		577 8 0
Riding Master (under 10 years)	10 0 0	10 10 4
Do do 10 years	10 0 0	15 4 0
Pay Master on superior pay	90 0 0	5 5 13 0
Do after 10 years	90 0 0	5 6 4 0
Do " 10 " ...	90 0 0	5 6 11 0
Do " 15 " ...	90 0 0	6 7 2 0
Do " 20 " ...	90 0 0	17 9 0
Quartermaster on superior pay	10 0 0	1 9 10
Do after 10 years	10 0 0	8 9 5
Do " 15 " ...	10 0 0	401 13 7
BRIGADE OR ROYAL HORSE ARTILLERY AND BATTERY		
Colonel	120 0 0	1 478 7 0
Lieutenant Colonel	1 0 0 0	1 177 0 0
Ditto on Major's pay	1 0 0 0	1 1 6 4
Captain Surgeon Major or Surgeon	90 0 0	530 4 0
Second Captain	80 0 0	13 0 4
Lieutenant on superior pay Assistant Surgeon	60 0 0	305 4 0
Ditto on inferior pay	10 0 0	10 10 4
Veterinary Surgeon, the same as British Cavalry		
Riding Master ditto ditto		
Quartermaster under 10 years	10 0 0	757 10 4
Quartermaster after 10 years	10 0 0	1 11 9
Ditto " 15 " ...	60 0 0	491 13 7
ROYAL ARTILLERY FIELD BATTERY		
Colonel	90 0 0	1 235 5 0
Lieutenant Colonel	0 0 0	1 032 4 0
Ditto on Major's pay	1 0 0 0	781 3 0
Captain Surgeon Major or Surgeon	10 0 0	413 10 0
Second Captain	10 0 0	477 7 8
Lieutenant on superior pay Assistant Surgeon	0 0 0	235 12 0
Do on inferior pay	10 0 0	243 5 0
Veterinary Surgeon, the same as British Cavalry		
Riding Master do do		
Quartermaster under 10 years	0 0 0	821 1 11
Do after 10 " ...	10 0 0	839 6 2
Do " 15 " ...	10 0 0	947 8 0

Table of Monthly Queen's Pay to Commissioned Officers—continued.

King's pay.	Exchange 2s 0, d		British Pay of Officers of H. M. Artillery and Light Artillery and Engineers	Eng. pay	Exchange 2s 0, d.	
	per diem	30 days			per diem	30 days
s. d.	R. s. p.	R. s. p.		s. d.	R. s. p.	R. s. p.
...	...	...	Lieutenant on inferior pay.	5 7	2 11 8	62 0 8
10 10	5 4 11	159 2 11	Quar. Master on appointment	7 10	3 13 5	115 1 8
11 4	5 8 10	166 8 6	Quar. Master after 10 years' service	9 4	4 9 2	127 2 3
12 0	5 14 0	176 5 2	Do. after 15 years' service	10 0	4 14 4	146 15 0
			Veterinary Surgeon ..	...	...	...
			British Pay of Officers of H. M.'s Cavalry and Infantry.			
			CAVALRY.			INFANTRY.
23 0	11 14 0	337 15 4	Senior Regimental Lieutenant Colonel with Non-Effective Allowance of £20 per annum ...	17 0	8 5 3	249 12 9
23 0	11 4 3	337 15 4	Junior Regimental Lieutenant Colonel ...	17 0	8 5 3	249 12 9
19 3	9 6 10	263 13 9	Senior Regimental Major with Non-Effective Allowance of £20 per annum ...	16 0	7 13 5	335 1 8
19 3	9 6 10	262 13 9	Junior Regimental Major ...	16 0	7 13 5	235 1 8
...	...	...	Major, having the Brevet rank of Lieut.-Colonel.	17 0	8 5 3	249 12 9
11 7	7 2 3	214 4 7	Captain and Brevet Major ...	13 7	6 10 5	199 9 5
2 5	1 2 11	35 8 2	Captain ...	11 7	5 10 9	170 3 8
9 0	4 6 6	132 3 11	Captain, having the Brevet rank of Field Officer ...	4 5	2 2 8	64 11 8
...	...	...	Lieutenant above 7 years ...	7 6	3 10 9	110 3 3
8 0	3 14 8	117 8 10	Lieutenant under 7 years ...	6 6	3 2 11	45 8 2
2 6	1 3 7	30 11 9	Cornet ...	...	...	...
9 0	4 6 6	132 3 11	Adjutant, in addition to pay of rank ...	3 6	1 11 5	51 0 10
...	...	...	Ensign ...	5 3	2 9 2	77 2 8
10 6	5 2 3	54 4 6	Bidding Master under 10 years ...	...	...	...
12 0	5 11 0	176 5 2	Do. after 10 years ...	...	...	...
8 6	4 2 7	124 11 4	Do. " 15 " ...	...	...	...
10 6	5 2 3	54 4 6	Quar. Master on appointment	8 6	4 2 7	124 14 4
12 0	5 11 0	176 5 2	Do. after 10 years ...	10 0	4 14 4	146 15 0
12 6	6 1 11	183 10 9	Do. " 15 " ...	12 6	6 1 11	183 10 9
15 0	7 5 6	220 6 6	Pay Master on appointment	15 0	7 5 6	220 6 6
17 0	8 9 1	257 2 3	Do. after 5 years ...	17 6	8 9 1	257 2 3
20 0	9 12 8	293 14 0	Do. " 10 " ...	20 0	9 12 8	293 14 0
22 6	11 0 3	310 9 9	Do. " 15 " ...	22 6	11 0 3	310 9 9
1 11	0 8 9	16 8 5	Do. " 20 " ...	...	...	...
			Non-Effective Allowance of £20 per annum to the Senior Lieutenant-Colonel and Major ...	1 11	0 8 7	16 1 7
10 0	4 14 4	146 15 0	Veterinary Surgeon on appointment ...	...	...	...
11 6	5 10 1	168 15 8	Who entered Do. after 5 years ...	...	...	...
13 0	6 5 10	191 0 3	ed the Do. " 10 " ...	...	...	...
14 0	6 12 9	205 11 5	service Do. " 15 " ...	...	...	...
15 0	7 5 6	220 6 6	prior to Do. " 20 " ...	...	...	...
17 6	8 9 1	257 2 3	1st July Do. " 25 " ...	...	...	...
			Veterinary Surgeons up to 15 years who entered the Service since 1st July 1859, the same rates as those who entered prior to that day.			

Table of Monthly Queen's Pay to Commissioned Officers—continued.

Eng. pay.			Exchange ss. 4d.			British Pay of H. M.'s Army Medical Officers.	Eng. pay.	Exchange ss. 6d.		
p diem.			30 days.					p diem.		
s. d.	R. s. p.	R. s. p.	s. d.	R. s. p.	R. s. p.		s. d.	R. s. p.	R. s. p.	
12 6	6 1 11	183 10 9				Veterinary Surgeon 1st Class, after 5 years' service ...	...	...	...
14 6	7 1 8	213 1 0				Do. after 10 years' service ...	...	...	...
15 6	7 9 6	227 13 1				Do. " 15 " " ...	...	...	...
17 0	8 8 8	249 12 9				Do. " 20 " " ...	...	...	...
20 0	9 12 8	293 14 0				Do. " 25 " " ...	...	...	...
21 0	10 4 7	308 9 2				Staff Veterinary Surgeon after 15 years' service ...	...	...	...
22 0	10 12 5	323 4 2				Do. after 20 years' service ...	...	...	...
23 0	11 4 0	337 15 4				Do. " 25 " " ...	...	...	...
...	...	...				Ins. Genl. of Hqs., after 25 years and upwards ...	45 0	23 0 8	601 3 7
...	...	...				Do. do. " 20 years* ...	40 0	19 9 6	587 12 11
...	...	...				Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, after 30 years ...	34 0	16 10 8	409 9 6
...	...	...				Do. do. " 25 years ...	30 0	14 11 1	440 13 1
...	...	...				Do. do. " 20 years ...	28 0	13 11 5	411 6 10
...	...	...				Surgeon-Maj. after 25 years ...	25 0	12 8 11	367 5 7
...	...	...				Surgeon-Maj. after 20 years ...	22 0	10 12 5	323 4 2
...	...	...				Surgeon after 15 years ...	18 0	8 18 1	264 7 10
...	...	...				Do. " 10 years* ...	15 0	7 5 6	220 6 8
...	...	...				Asst.-Surgeon after 10 years ...	13 0	6 5 10	191 0 8
...	...	...				Do. " 5 years ...	11 6	5 10 1	168 15 0
...	...	...				Do. under 5 years ...	10 0	4 14 4	116 15 0
CAVALRY.						Local Service (late Indian Army.)	ARTILLERY AND ENGINEERS.			
38 0	18 9 10	558 5 10				General ...	38 0	18 9 10	558 5 10	
32 6	15 14 8	477 8 10				Lieutenant General ...	32 6	15 14 8	477 8 10	
25 0	12 8 11	387 5 7				Major General ...	23 0	11 4 8	337 15 4	
32 7	15 15 10	479 11 1				Colonel ...	25 0	12 8 11	367 5 7	
23 0	11 4 3	337 15 4				Lieutenant Colonel ...	20 0	9 12 9	293 14 0	
...	...	...				Lieut.-Col. on Major's Pay	16 11	8 4 7	248 9 0
19 3	9 6 10	282 13 8				Major ...	...	...	...
14 7	7 2 8	211 4 7				Captain and 2nd Captain of Engineers and Veterinary Surgeon above 20 years ...	11 1	5 6 10	162 13 9	
...	...	...				Second Captain of Artillery.	10 0	4 14 4	146 15 0
9 0	4 6 6	132 8 11				Lieutenant and Veterinary Surgeon above 10 years ...	6 10	3 5 7	160 6 6	
8 0	3 14 8	117 8 10				Cornet & Veterinary Surgeon under 10 years ...	...	...	...
...	...	...				Lieutenant on inferior pay	5 7	2 11 9	82 0 8
10 0	4 14 4	146 15 0				Vt. Sur. under 10 yrs.	...	...	...
12 0	5 14 0	176 5 8				Do. above 10 yrs.	...	...	...
15 0	7 5 7	220 6 6				Do. " 20 yrs.	...	...	...
17 6	8 9 1	257 2 3				Do. " 25 yrs.	...	...	...
MEDICAL OFFICERS.						Local Service (late Indian Army).	INFANTRY.			
...	...	...				General ...	38 0	18 9 10	558 5 10
...	...	...				Lieutenant General ...	32 6	15 14 8	477 8 10
...	...	...				Major General ...	23 0	11 4 8	337 15 4
...	...	...				Colonel ...	25 0	12 8 11	367 5 7
...	...	...				Lieutenant Colonel ...	20 0	9 12 9	293 14 0
...	...	...				Major ...	16 0	7 13 5	235 1 8
10 6	5 2 8	154 4 7				Surgeon Major or Surgeon ...	...	...	...
...	...	...				Captain ...	10 6	5 2 3	154 4 7
...	...	...				Lieutenant ...	6 8	3 2 11	95 8 2
6 6	3 2 11	93 8 2				Assistant Surgeon ...	...	...	...
...	...	...				Ensign ...	5 3	2 9 2	77 2 8

* Or on promotion should this period of service not have been already completed.

Table of Monthly Pay and Allowances to the Staff of the Bombay Army

APPOINTMENT.	Salary	Horse Allowance.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	
Assistant Adjutant General, Royal Artillery }	500 0 0	.	With Pay and Field allowances
Adjutant and Quarter Master of Artillery, Divisional .. . }	181 5 0	..	{ Staff Pay Rs. 91 5 Office Total Furnishment Rs. 30 Office rent Rs. 30 Horse allowance Rs. 30 with Pay and allowances of Regimental Rank
Adjutant to Wings of European Corps }	91 5 9	.	{ And Rs. 10 for Writer and Stationary Rs. 10 is also drawn when marching as horse and Tent al- lowances
Artillery Inspector ..	1000 0 0	30	{ With Pay and Field allowances and Stationary allowances Rs. 40
Rigad Major	124 0 0	60	{ With Pay and Field allowances and Rs. 30 Office rentage
Contr. Hq. of Public Works Accounts }	1228 10 0		{ Staff Pay and all wages and Net Pay only in Military Department
Senior Barrack Master	275 10 6		{ Pay and allowances of Rank included therein. Draws Travelling al- lowances 8 annas a mile by hawk 3 annas a mile by rail, and Rs. 5 a day if marching.
Barrack Master, 1st class	250 14 0	..	
Ditto 2nd do	215 14 0		
Ditto 3rd do	111 1 4		
Brigadier General Commanding a Division in the Field }	2000 0 0	30	{ With net Pay, and Rs. 40 as Sta- tionary allowances.
Cantonment Surgeon General }	250 0 2	...	
Commander in Chief	5833 5 4		{ Inclusive of Pay House Rent, and all other allowances.
Commander of the Forces not being in Council }	1000 0 0		{ In addition to the allowances, as a General Officer on the Staff Rs. 3500 if on field service, Rs. 600 Tent allowance and Commissariat allowance Rs. 456 5 2 if entitled thereto
Commanding Aden	750 0 0	30	{ And Rs. 20 Stationary.
" Amoyghur Garrison	500 0 0	30	{ Ditto ditto.
" a Infantry Brigade	500 0 0	30	{ Ditto ditto.
" a Division of Artillery (if Field Officer) }	800 0 0	30	{ With Pay and Field allowances when Commanding three Batte- ries
" Ditto do	200 0 0	...	{ Ditto ditto two Batteries.
Commanding the Station of Hyderabad }	250 0 0		
Commissariat Officer temporarily in charge of a Divisional Office }	120 0 0		With Pay and Field allowances.
Commissariat Officer in charge of inferior Office }	60 0 0		{ In addition to pay and allowances as a Regimental or Staff Officer.
Commissariat Officer on probation	90 8 0		With Pay and Field allowances.
Field Engineer	240 0 0	30	{ With Pay and Field allowances.
Do Assistant	112 0 0	30	

APPOINTMENT	Salary	House Allowance	REMARKS
FINANCE DEPARTMENT.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	
Examiner Medical Dept. . .	650 0 0	...	{ With Pay and Indian allowances, and Presidency House rent.
Staff Officer 1st Class . .	150 0 0	...	{ With Pay and Field allowances.
Ditto 2nd Class . . .	100 0 0	...	
Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Home Establishment	1718 0 0	...	{ And Rs. 312 for establishment, and Rs. 30 Office rent. Is also allowed the half Batta of Major when travelling, and Peons.
DISTRICT SURGEON AT THE PRESIDENCY.			
1st District, if a Surgeon . .	900 0 0	...	{ 1st District payable in the Civil Department, the other two in the Military, the allowances of the whole governed by Military rules.
2nd do. { if an Assistant	700 0 0	...	
3rd do. } Surgeon	700 0 0	...	
Interpreter to Com-in-Chief	500 0 0	..	With net pay.
Keeper of Fire Engines . .	60 0 0	..	{ Rs. 2 per diem. This office is annexed to that of the Brigade Major, Bombay
Paymaster Pensioners, } Bombay	350 0 0	..	{ With Staff Corps Pay and Presidency House rent
Paymaster, Poona	250 0 0	...	{ With Pay and Garrison allowances and Tentage, and full Batta when marching
Private Sec. to Governor . .	1500 0 0	...	{ Inclusive of all pay and allowances. Paid in the Civil Department.
Secretary to the Principal Inspector General. }	600 0 0	...	{ With Pay, Indian allowances, and Presidency House rent.
Staff Officer in charge of Ordnance, Bombay }	100 0 0	...	{
Fortifications	100 0 0	..	
Ditto ditto at Aden	100 0 0	..	
Superintdt. of Army Schools	415 6 0	...	{ When travelling en tour Rs. 5 per diem With Office allowance Rs. 10 for Native Schools.
Do. Assistant Native Branch	150 0 0	...	
Superintdt at Mahabaleshwar.	300 0 0	...	{ With Pay and Garrison allowances
Superintendent at Matheran	300 0 0	...	
Deputy Medical Store-keeper at Aden	120 0 0	..	{ Godown Rent Rs. 30, Stationery Rs. 15.
Superintdt. of Bazaars, Poona.	181 0 0	...	{ With Pay and Field allowances
Assistant ditto ditto . .	120 0 0	...	{ With Pay, half Batta, Gratuity, House rent, and Tent allowances.
Superintdt. 1st Class Bazaar	100 0 0	...	{ This situation is annexed to that of Staff Officer at the Station, when there is no Commissariat officer there
Ditto 2nd ditto	100 0 0	...	
Ditto 3rd ditto	50 0 0	...	
Surgeon European General Hospital	600 0 0	...	{ With Pay, half Batta, Gratuity, and Presidency House rent.

APPOINTMENTS	Salary.	Remarks
Surgeon to the Governor	Rs 600 0 0	{ Includes Pay and Allowances paid in Civil Department
Surgeon Lunatic Asylum	300 0 0	{ With Pay, half Batta, Gratuity, House rent, and public quarters, paid in Civil Department.
Surgeon Native General Hospital, Kurrachee	100 0 0	{ With Pay and Field allowance
Surgeon European General Hospital, Aden	500 0 0	
Surgeon Native General Hospital, Aden	100 0 0	{ Also Deputy Medical Storekeeper
(b) Ditto Mahabulshwar	300 0 0	
Asst. Surg. at Multan	200 0 0	{ With Pay and Field allowance.
Staff Surgeon, Belgaum	100 0 0	{ Ditto ditto.
Ditto Kurrachee	100 0 0	{ Are Deputy Medical Storekeepers.
Ditto Ahmedabad	100 0 0	
Ditto Staff Station	30 0 0	
Asst. Surg. in Medical charge of Sanatorium at Poonindhur	150 0 0	
Ditto at Mount Abu		
Ditto at Ghazeeabad		
Treasure Chest, Charge of (including Office allowance)	60 0 0	{ If holding no other appointment, is allowed Rs 90, which includes Office allowance
First Assistant to the Grand Trigonometrical Survey on the Bombay Longitudinal Series	618 0 0	{ With Pay and Field allowances, charged to the Government of India.

Monthly Rates of Subscription to the General Military Fund for the Benefit of Widows and Children of Officers

	Rs	St f.
Commander-in-Chief	30	Deputy Assistant General, Deputy Quarter Master General, Deputy Inspector of Hospitals, and Military Secretary Madras and Bombay.
General Officers	20	Assistant Adjutant General and Quarter Master General
Adjutant General, Quarter Master General, Inspector General of Hospitals, Military Secretary Bengal		8
		6
Lieutenant Colonel (if Commanding Station or Corps, 2 extra)		
Major ditto ditto		
Captains		
Paymasters, Surgeons, and Adjutants		

Regimental.

(1) These Officers if at Bombay, and if in the Presidency House rent (which includes Regimental House rent) and if not at Bombay, the allowance is paid by the Officer Rs 100 per annum (Captain and Surgeon Rs 12, Subaltern and Assistant Surgeon Rs 50). Commissioned Officers stationed at Bombay, and the Regimental Agent receive half tentage in addition to Regimental House rent.

Field Officers on the Staff at the Presidency who draw only half Batta with tentage and Regimental House rent, and who are allowed a small allowance in lieu of tentage by them being placed on superannuation continue to draw their full allowance when they are placed on superannuation.

(2) These Officers receive a Military House rent in lieu of Regimental House rent or Tentage of Rs 100 per annum (Captains and Surgeons Rs 12, Subalterns and Assistant Surgeons Rs 50). These increments on that date who would otherwise have continued to draw Regimental House rent, with Tentage.

On leave they receive Tentage of Rs 100 per annum, Captain and Surgeon, Rs 20 Subaltern and Assistant Surgeon, Rs 60.

Regimental Pay and Allowances.

COMBATANT OFFICERS.

Rank		His. Artil. Lvy. mil. Cavalry	Royal Artillery	Royal Engineers	Infantry
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Colonel and Colonel Com- mandant	...	1,368 7 0	1,265 5 0	1,265 5 0	1,265 5 0
Lieutenant Colonel	...	1,007 0 0	1,002 4 0	1,002 4 0	1,002 4 0
Major and Lieutenant Co- lonel on Major's Pay	...	609 6 1	759 3 0	759 3 0	759 3 0
Captain	...	471 0 1	433 10 0	433 10 0	415 6 0
2nd Captain	...	471 0 1	417 7 9	433 10 0	...
Lieutenant	...	501 4 0	265 12 0	265 12 0	266 10 0
Junior Lieutenant	...	250 10 4	211 5 0	211 5 0	...
Coronel	...	250 10 1	.....	...	202 12 5
Quartermaster	...	...	His. Artil. Lvy. mil. Cavalry	Royal Artillery	Infantry
Quarter Master	Above 15 years' service	...	331 13 7	317 8 0	341 13 7
	10 "	...	331 11 9	309 6 2	323 9 5
Pay Master	Under 10 "	...	27 10 4	21 11 2	29 3 10
	Above 20 "	...	.....	...	567 9 0
Pay Master	15 "	...	...	...	547 2 0
	10 "	...	...	...	506 11 0
Master	5 "	...	...	...	476 4 0
	Under 5 "	...	...	...	415 13 0
Riding Master	After 15 "	...	...	...	374 10 4
	10 "	...	...	...	352 4 7
Master	5 "	...	...	...	329 14 9
	Under 2 "	...	...	...	267 7 9

Medical Officers.

		Under 5 years' service	Old rate.
Surgeon Major, above 25 years' service	...	1,093 2 0	As Capt in branch in which serving.
Ditto " 20 "	...	1,056 9 7	
Surgeon " 15 "	...	825 11 5	
Ditto " 12 "	...	789 8 0	
Assistant Surgeon " 10 "	...	1,114 5	As Lieutenant in branch in which serving.
Ditto " 6 "	...	1,110 2	
Ditto " 5 "	...	805 12 2	
Ditto Under 5 "	...	317 8 0	

Veterinary Surgeons

Staff Veterinary Surgeon above 25 years' service	...	Rs. a. p.
Do. ditto " 20 "	...	976 9 6
Do. ditto " 15 "	...	904 6 8
Do. ditto " 12 "	...	912 3 10
Veterinary Surgeon, 1st class, above 25	...	617 2 0
Ditto " 20 "	...	500 9 7
Ditto " 15 "	...	572 5 5
Ditto " 10 "	...	560 2 7
Ditto " 5 "	...	835 12 11
Veterinary Surgeon " 15 "	...	126 8 2
Ditto " 10 "	...	414 0 4
Ditto " 5 "	...	495 12 3
Ditto under 5 "	...	377 8 0

The following sums under the head of Tentage are included in the above rates of Regimental pay and Allowances —

Colonel and Colonel Commandant	...	200 0 0
Lieutenant Colonel, Surgeon Major	...	160 0 0
Major, Junior Lieutenant-Colonel of Royal Artillery and Engineers, Surgeon	...	120 0 0

Captain, 2nd Captain, Pay Master, Assistant Surgeon of 6 years' service, Veterinary Surgeon, 1st class	75 0 0
Lieutenant, Quarter Master, Assistant Surgeon under 6 years' service, Veterinary Surgeon, Riding Master, Cornet, Junior Lieutenant Ensign	70 0 0
Horse Allowance	
For each authorized Changer.	50 0 0

Not to file & authorized for a claim

Royal Horse Artillery and Cavalry	1st Officer	4
	Captain, 2nd Captain, Pay Master, Subaltern, and Surgeon	5
	Subaltern, Assistant Surgeon, Riding Master, and Quarter Master	2
Field Brigades, Field Brigade Batteries, Heavy Field Batteries, and Siege Train Batteries	1st Officer	1
	Captain and 1st Captain	2
	Subaltern, Quarter Master	1
	Surgeon and Assistant Surgeon	1
Subaltern Officers in service are allowed a second charger		
Garrison Brigades, Infantry	1st Officer	1
	Officers of whatever rank Commanding a Battalion or Regiment, Quarter Master, when marching	
Infantry.	Officers of junior rank acting as 1st Officers during absence of the 1st Officers, under circumstances which involve a forfeiture of Horse Allowance	

Adjutants of Garrison Battalions and of Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry, draw the allowance for one Horse in the establishment all want of their appointments. When the Adjutancy of a Horse or Field Brigade is held temporarily only by a Subaltern Officer, the allowance for one additional Horse is given.

Regimental Command, and Staff Allowances

Officers in actual Command of a Brigade of Artillery or Regiment of Cavalry and Infantry	400
Ditto of a Wing Regiment Head Quarters not being in India	00
Ditto of a Heavy Field Battery	20
Ditto of a Battery of Royal Artillery or Company of Infantry	30
Ditto of a Troop of Cavalry (Light or Arms, &c.)	70
Ditto doing duty with Mountain Troop	10
Ditto ditto with Native Artillery	100

ADJUTANTS

Aims of Service	Staff	Horse,	Office	Total
	Rm a p	Rs a p	Rs a p	Rs a p
Royal Horse Artillery	32 7 0		90 0 0	122 7 0
Field Artillery	123 0 0		100 0 0	223 0 0
Garrison Artillery	1 3 0 0	0 0 0	100 0 0	101 3 0
Cavalry	13 7 0	0 0 0	50 0 0	63 7 0
Infantry	123 0 0	0 0 0	100 0 0	223 0 0
For a Wing	31 5 0	30 0 0	100 0 0	161 5 0

PAY MASTER

Office Allowance, Cavalry (including Office rent Rs 70)	15 5 4
Ditto Infantry	75 10 8
Staff Pay to Quarter Master and Payment of Wages & Indemnity	50 0 0

QUARTER MASTER

Artillery, Cavalry and Infantry (including Office rent Rs 50)	85 0 0
Riding Horse Allowance for each Regiment of Cavalry	40 0 0
Interpreter of Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry	70 0 0
Officer Instructor of Gunnery	130 0 0

Additional when mounted

Regimental Instruction of Musketry (including allowance for Horse)	150	0	0
Ditto for Stationary per annum	20	0	0
Assistant Instructor for Musketry (Temporary)	100	0	0
Smiths Majors and Surgeons drawing old rate of Pay	300	0	0
Head money per 100 men for ditto	2	0	0
Assistant Surgeon in medical charge of a Brigade or Regiment	150	0	0
Mass Allowance for a Regiment	100	0	0
Ditto for a Battery of Artillery	40	0	0
Ditto for each detached Troop or Company	20	0	0

Pay of Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File

HORSE ARTILLERY	11 S 11	11 S 11	11 S 11	11 S 11
Sergeant Major	58 3 2	60 10 9	62 12 1	64 13 7
Quarter Master Sergeant	51 11 5	53 9 0	55 6 6	57 3 1
Orderly room Clerk and Serjt As	48 13 9	40 3 11	41 10 1	43 0 4
Assistant Instructor of Gunnery	45 11 6	47 5 7	48 15 8	50 9 10
Hos Sergeant after 7 years' service	34 13 9	40 3 11	41 10 1	43 0 4
Armourer Serjt, Trumpet Major, and	13 6 11	11 3 1	12 15 1	14 12 7
Hospital Sergeant on appointment	35 13 9	40 3 11	41 10 1	43 0 4
Staff Sergeant	35 13 9	40 3 11	41 10 1	43 0 4
Sergeant	35 13 9	40 3 11	41 10 1	43 0 4
Farrier Sergeant and Carriage Smith	14 4 7	15 13 11	17 7 2	19 0 6
Corporal	11 11 5	10 13 5	11 13 1	12 14 0
Bombardier and 1st Trumpeter	27 6 10	25 6 7	26 6 3	28 5 11
Shoing and Carriage Smiths	24 13 9	23 13 1	24 14 8	25 15 2
Collar Maker and Wheeler	20 0 0	26 13 11	27 13 6	28 13 7
Trumpeter (on Bombardier's pay)	27 6 10	25 6 7	26 6 2	28 5 11
Drivers	15 2 1	15 11 0	16 3 7	16 12 3
INFANTRY ARTILLERY	11 S 11	11 S 11	11 S 11	11 S 11
Sergeant Major	58 3 2	60 10 9	62 12 1	64 13 7
Quarter Master Sergeant	51 11 5	53 9 0	55 6 6	57 3 1
Orderly room Clerk and Sergeant As	48 13 9	40 3 11	41 10 1	43 0 4
Assistant Instructor of Gunnery	45 11 6	47 5 7	48 15 8	50 9 10
Hos Sergeant after 7 years' service	34 13 9	40 3 11	41 10 1	43 0 4
Armourer Sergeant, Trumpet Major, and	13 6 11	11 3 1	12 15 1	14 12 7
Hospital Sergeant, on appointment	35 13 9	40 3 11	41 10 1	43 0 4
Battery Serjt Major and Quarter	58 3 2	60 10 9	62 12 1	64 13 7
Master Sergeant	51 11 5	53 9 0	55 6 6	57 3 1
Sergeant	35 13 9	40 3 11	41 10 1	43 0 4
Farrier Sergeant and Carriage-Smith	14 4 7	15 13 11	17 7 2	19 0 6
Corporal	11 11 5	10 13 5	11 13 1	12 14 0
Bombardier and 1st Trumpeter	27 6 10	25 6 7	26 6 3	28 5 11
Shoing and Carriage Smiths	24 13 9	23 13 1	24 14 8	25 15 2
Collar Maker and Wheeler	20 0 0	26 13 11	27 13 6	28 13 7
Gunner, Driver, & 2nd Trumpeter	15 2 4	15 11 0	16 3 7	16 12 3
CAVALRY	11 S 11	11 S 11	11 S 11	11 S 11
Sergeant Major and Sergeant Band	58 3 2	60 10 9	62 12 1	64 13 7
Master	51 11 5	53 9 0	55 6 6	57 3 1
Quarter Master Sergeant	48 13 9	40 3 11	41 10 1	43 0 4
Farrier Major	48 0 0	41 11 5	51 6 10	53 2 3
Farriers	43 0 0	3 2 4	1 1 7	35 6 10
Hospital Serjt. under 7 years' service	33 11 8	34 13 11	35 15 11	37 2 0
Ditto after Ditto	40 9 5	41 15 6	43 5 5	44 11 5
Trained Armourer Sergeant	70 0 0	72 8 0	75 0 0	77 8 0
Serjt Instructor of Musketry (See In)	36 0 1	37 3 10	38 7 2	39 10 6
Pay Master Serjt and Orderly room	36 0 1	37 3 10	38 7 2	39 10 6
Clerk after 3 years' service	36 0 1	37 3 10	38 7 2	39 10 6
Ditto on appointment also Saddlery	36 0 1	37 3 10	38 7 2	39 10 6
Sergeant, Trumpet Major, Sergeant	36 0 1	37 3 10	38 7 2	39 10 6
Cook, Sergeant Master Tailor, Ser	36 0 1	37 3 10	38 7 2	39 10 6
geant Instructor of Fencing	36 0 1	37 3 10	38 7 2	39 10 6

Non-Commissioned Officers, Band and File.—continued.

CAVALRY	15 days		20 days		30 days		31 days	
	R.	s. p.	R.	s. p.	R.	s. p.	R.	s. p.
Troop Sergeant Major	12	3	11	11	8	45	2	6
Farriers	12	0	13	2	4	34	4	7
Shoing Smith or Farrier qualified as a Shoing Smith only	21	11	22	7	10	23	4	8
Sergeant	20	2	20	2	21	1	0	1
Trumpeters	17	13	18	5	9	15	11	10
Corporals	20	0	20	11	4	21	6	0
Privates	15	9	16	1	10	14	10	1
Boy	5	11	5	14	9	6	2	0
* Additional pay to Rough Riders at 6d per diem.	6	13	7	1	8	7	5	7
Ditto at ad. ditto	3	6	10	8	8	10	3	10

INFANTRY

Sergeant Major	8	0	19	11	10	51	5	6
Sergeant Band Master	8	5	47	8	11	19	14	4
Quartermaster Sergeant	2	11	13	2	0	43	1	0
Sergeant Instructor of Musketry, 2nd class	10	6	4	11	12	1	2	0
Ditto ditto 3rd class	26	3	0	27	1	0	27	15
Trained Armourer Sergeant	72	8	0	75	0	0	7	0
Hospital Sergeant after 7 years' service	40	6	4	11	13	1	13	2
Pay Master Sergeant and Orderly-room Clerk under 3 years' service	9	2	7	10	2	2	31	1
Ditto after ditto Orderly-room Clerk or appointment, Drum or Bugle Major, Sergeant Cook and Sergeant Master Tailor	26	3	1	27	1	0	5	1
Colonel Sergeants	31	1	5	14	6	7	8	7
Sergeants	6	3	1	27	1	0	27	15
Corporals	16	15	17	9	4	18	2	10
Drummer, Bugler, Lifer, appointed before 1st September 1910	8	15	8	15	8	15	0	2
Ditto after ditto	17	13	10	5	13	1	2	13
Private	2	13	9	5	12	1	2	14
Boy—(See Cavalry)								

LEADER OR SENIOR PAY FOR ARTILLERY, CAVALRY

PROVOST SERGEANT	3	0	2	3	10	1	11
Ditto 1s. 2d.	0	16	1	16	0	0	17

BAPTISTS OF ARTILLERY,

Cattle Sergeant	20	0	0
Acting Conductor of Stores on Field Service only	15	0	0
Hough Rider	7	8	0
Hospital Sergeant	7	0	0
Pay Sergeant	7	0	0
Pay Sergeant and Savings Bank Clerk	7	0	0
Savings Bank Clerk	5	0	0

CAVALRY

Allowance for Rough Riders per Regiment	18	10	0
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CAVALRY AND INFANTRY.

	R.	s.	p.		R.	s.	p.
Sergeant Cook	7	5	0	Savings Bank Clerk—			
Drill Sergeant	14	0	0	If the depositors are under 100	8	0	0
Drill Corporal	6	4	0	If 100 and under 150	10	0	0
Pay Sergeant	7	0	0	If 150 and under 200	15	0	0
Sergeant Assistant Instructor of Musketry	7	7	3	If 200 and upwards	20	0	0
Station Butcher	20	0	0	Gun Drill Instructors for Infantry	5	0	0
Camp Colourman on the march	6	0	0				

* Similar sums payable also by Riding Master.

Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File—continued.

Educational Establishment.

TRAINED SCHOOL MASTER.

	House Rent.	Staff Pay	For 24 days.	For 29 days.	For 30 days.	For 31 days.
1st Class	30	Rs. a. p. 59 10	Rs. a. p. 190 4 7	Rs. a. p. 93 8 2	Rs. a. p. 93 11 9	Rs. a. p. 99 15 4
2nd Class	20	57 4	469 11 5	72 3 3	71 11 1	77 2 11
3rd Class	20	29 13	149 2 3	50 14 4	52 10 5	54 6 6
4th or Assistant School Master ... ..	...	22 5	9 21 11 5	22 7 10	23 4 3	24 0 0

SCHOOL MASTER SERGEANT.

CAVALRY.						
After ten years' service ...	...	...	33 11 9	34 13 11	36 0 0	37 2 0
Under ditto ...	...	20 0 0	26 11 0	27 12 3	28 10 4	29 8 5
INFANTRY.						
After ten years' service ...	...	...	29 11 2	30 14 9	31 15 5	53 0 1
Under ditto ...	...	...	23 0 5	23 13 2	24 9 10	25 6 7

	Per mensem	Per mensem.	Rs. a. p.
Trained School Mistress, 1st Class	40 0 0	Soldier Assistant	6 0 0
Ditto ditto 2nd Class ...	30 0 0	Monitors	5 0 0
Ditto ditto 3rd " ...	25 0 0	Librarian	3 0 0
Untrained School Mistress ...	14 11 1	Moonshoe	30 0 0
Assistant School Master ...	10 0 0	Ditto for instructing Him- doostani School	10 0 0

BATTERIES OF ARTILLERY.

Assistant School Master if above 25 pupils	Rs. a. p. 15 0 0
Ditto if under ditto	10 0 0
School Mistress if above 15 children in school, or 10 qualified to learn sewing	10 0 0
School Mistress if under ditto, or 6 ditto	6 0 0

Subordinate Medical and Fixed Hospital Establishment.

RANK.	Pay.	Full Batta.	Tentage.	Total.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Apothecary	55 0 0	60 14 0	35 0 0	145 14 0
Steward	30 7 0	60 14 0	35 0 0	126 5 0
Assistant Apothecary or Assistant Steward	25 0 0	30 0 0	15 0 0	70 0 0
Apprentice	13 0 0	5 0 0	15 0 0	33 0 0
Native Writer	25 0 0	Batta when marching		
Writer (soldier)	10 0 0			
Nurse	15 0 0			
Assistant Nurse	8 0 0			
Head Compounder	10 0 0	1 0 0		
Assistant Compounder	8 0 0	1 0 0		
Head Dresser	9 0 0	1 0 0		
Assistant Dresser	6 0 0	1 0 0		
Shop Coolie	5 0 0	1 0 0		
	Pay.	Batta when marching	Pay.	Batta when marching
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Steward's Servant	6 0 0	1 0 0	Ordinary Cook	5 0 0
Sirdar Bheestie	6 0 0	1 0 0	Head Washerman	7 0 0
Bheestie	5 0 0	1 0 0	Ordinary Washerman	5 0 0
Sirdar Sweeper	6 0 0	1 0 0	Clothier	8 0 0
Sweeper	4 0 0	1 0 0	Tailor	6 0 0
Sirdar Ward Coolie	6 0 0	1 0 0	Barber	6 0 0
Ward Coolie	4 0 0	1 0 0	Mate Bearer	5 0 0
Female Sweeper	4 0 0	1 0 0	Bearer	4 0 0
Head Cook	6 0 0	1 0 0		

* When occupying quarters, forfeit,

*Subordinate Medical and Fixed Hospital Establishment—continued.***Native Artificers and followers****COMMON TO ALL ARMS OF THE SERVICE.**

EXPENDITURE ON THE SERVICES																	
			Pay			Batta when marching						Pay			Batta when unaching.		
			Rs.	s.	p.	Rs.	s.	p.				Rs.	s.	p.	Rs.	s.	p.
Chowdry	...	...	16	0	0	5	0	0	Puckallias	...	...	10	0	0	3	0	0
Peons	...	...	5	0	0	2	0	0	Bheestie	...	...	7	8	0	1	8	0
CAVALRY.																	
Jemadar Syce	7	8	0	3	0	0	Hospital Syce	6	0	0	2	0	0

CAVALRY.

Jemadar Syce... ..	7	8	0	2	0	0	Hospital Syce... ..	6	0	0	2	0	0
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CAVALRY AND ARTILLERY

Syce { Muccadums*	10	0	0	2	0	0	Muccadum of Grass cutters... ..	10	0	0	2	8	0
Syce	6	0	0	2	0	0	Grass-cutters	5	0	0	2	8	0

ARTILLERY.

Tindal { under 10 yrs	0	0	0	3	0	0	Store Lascar { above 10 yrs	8	0	0	2	0	0
as such	11	0	0	3	0	0	Bullock Driver	6	0	0	2	0	0
above 10 do	7	0	0	2	0	0	Mistry Smith	17	8	0	3	0	0
Store Lascar { under 10 yr.	7	0	0	2	0	0	Fireman	12	8	0	3	0	0
10 yr.	17	8	0	5	0	0	Fireman	9	0	0	3	0	0
Hammerman	9	0	0	3	0	0	Carpenter	12	8	0	3	0	0
Mistry Carpenter	17	8	0	5	0	0	Moochee... ..	10	8	0	3	0	0

HEAVY FIELD BATTERIES.

Jemadar Driver... ..	12	0	0	2	8	0	Jemadar Mahout... ..	9	0	0	2	8	0
Havildar Driver	9	0	0	2	8	0	Mahout	8	0	0	1	8	0
Driver... ..	7	0	0	2	0	0	Coolie	5	0	0	2	0	0

CONSERVANCY ESTABLISHMENT.

Bheestie, Station Rates.
Sweeper ditto.

Bildar, Station Rates.
Allowances for a Filth Cart ... 15 0 0

Contract Allowances.

	Rate per month	Rs.	s.	p.
Repair of Arms per Battery	30	0	0	
Ditto per Company	20	0	0	
Ditto Gun Carriage and Waggon	15	0	0	
Ditto ditto Mountain Train	7	8	0	
Ditto spare Waggon, Forge Cart, Store Cart, spare Howitzer Carriages, Store Limber Waggon, or Hospital Cart	5	0	0	
Allowance for Shoeing Horses, Mules and Stable Gear	2	0	0	
Ditto repair of Harness Horse Battery	2	0	0	
Ditto ditto Field Battery	1	8	0	
Ditto ditto Saddles	1	0	0	
Ditto Crampnets for Horse and Field Batteries	20	0	0	
Ditto Cavesons for Horse and Field Batteries... ..	5	0	0	
Ditto Butts and Targets, Cavalry and Infantry... ..	4	0	0	
Ditto Petty Stores, do do	1	8	0	
Ditto Supply of Straw for tents while marching per Battery, Troop, or Company... ..	15	0	0	

Rs. 3 for
Cavalry

Family Allowances.

European Woman	8	0	0
Country-born ditto	6	8	0
Child	2	8	0

* Rs. 2-8 for Cavalry.

Good Conduct Pay

Service	D	Per diem.		28 days		29 days		30 days		31 days.	
		Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p
After 3 years service	1	0	7 41/4	1	2 3 1 2 11	1	3 7 1 4				
Ditto 8		1	3 1 13	2	4 7 2 5 11	2	7 2 2 9				
Ditto 13		1	11 49	3	6 10 3 8 10	10	4 3 12				
Ditto 18		2	7 17/49	4	9 4	4	14 1 5 1				
Ditto 23		3	3 13 11 5	5	8 6 1 11 6 5						
Ditto 28		3	11 1/13	6	13 8 7			7	5 0 7 9		

Hutting Money

	T H H H		H H H H	
	R	A	R	A
Farriers, Drivers Mahonis	3		1	8
Permanent Native Establishment				0

Working Pay

Non Commissioned Officers as Observers, one to every 20 men	1 1/2 or 8 annas a day
Non Commissioned Officers or Privates as Artificers	1 1/2 or 10 annas a day
Privates, as Labourers	9/16 or 6 annas a day
Men of Horse Artillery, 3/4 paise less than the above	
Compensation for wear and tear of Clothing, and Boots to Soldiers employed in throwing up Field Works in Camps of Instruction	4d or 2 annas 8 pie a day

Bounty Money

	R A		C v d y		Infantry	
	Rs	a p	Rs	a p	Rs	a p
Bounty Money on enlistment (including kit)	95	0 4	74	5 2	102	4 7
Bounty money on re engagement	13	10 1	129	11 5	112	19 7
Bounty money to Volunteers to Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry in India —						
Unlimited service men not exceeding 40 years					30	0 0
Limited service men having 6 years to complete					40	0 0
5					50	0 0
4					40	0 0
3					30	0 0
2					20	0 0
1					10	0 0

Artillery Division

Artillery Command of a Division or District not being the Head Quarters of a Brigade and consisting of 3 Batteries and 1 mole	300	0 0
Ditto ditto 2 Batteries	200	0 0
Station Command, consisting of two or more Batteries not of the same Brigade	200	0 0
Adjutant of a Division—		
Staff	91	5 0
Office	60	0 0
Horse	30	0 0
Adjutant of a Station—	181	5 0
Staff	60	0 0
Office	80	0 0
Also Horse Allowance at Rs 30 if not already in receipt of horse allowance	90	0 0

For Adjutants of Brigades performing the duties of Divisions and Districts	20	0 0
Sergeant Major if of the rank of Staff Sergeant	7	7 3
Quarter Master Sergeant if of a lower rank	11	14 6
School Moonshes if the number of pupils be 10 or more	30	0 0
Ditto if the number of pupils average 10	20	0 0

Adjutant's grant for recruits extended to India

His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to declare the provisions of the following Horse Guards' Circular No. 338, dated 20th April 1861, which sanctions the grant of three shillings to Adjutants of British Regiments for each recruit enlisted at Regimental Head Quarters, to be applicable to India.

2 The allowance of three shillings, or the equivalent, one rupee and eight annas, will accordingly be paid, but on conditions of enlistment only.

This Order is applicable to the three Presidencies.

Admissibility of Officers of the Line to the Staff Corps

The following Military Letter from the Right Honorable Secretary of State for India, No. 250, dated 9th November 1860, is published for general information —

To His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council: "Par 1. Sir, — Having had under my consideration in Council your Excellency's Despatch No. 250, I addressed to you, on the 9th instant, the following telegraphic message —

"Your letter of the 21st September, No. 250, received.

"I mentioned, in my recent Despatch, to enter Staff Corps was given only to Officers of Indian Army. Officers of Line Regiments have ceased to be Officers of the Indian Army, therefore they are not to be admitted to Staff Corps, but bonus compensation should be given them under the terms of the Despatch.

"More by letter."

3 With regard to the first inquiry, the measures proposed had reference to the Officers of the Indian Army, and to no others, and were, therefore, not intended to apply to Officers of Artillery and Engineers, or those of the new Line Regiments, whose connection with that service had ceased.

4 With regard to your second inquiry, it was stated, in para 11 of Despatch No. 160, that a committee will be formed to enquire into the propriety of increasing the number of staff officers of this nature, on the part of Officers borne on the strength of the Indian Army on the 15th January 1861.

5 The terms of the letter clearly embrace not only Officers who joined the new Line Regiments from the Indian Army, subsequent to the 15th January 1861, but also the whole of the Officers of the Artillery and Engineers, etc. of the Indian Army, and they were intended to do so.

C. ANSON, Secy.

Staff Officers and Colonels' Allowances.

The following paragraphs of a Military Letter from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, No. 261 of the 26th November 1860, are published for general information —

1 By my despatch No. 159, dated the 5th August last, you were informed, para 61, clause 5, that "all Officers now in the several Staff Corps, and all who may join them under the terms of this despatch, will be entitled to the Colonel's allowance after 12 years' service in the grade of substantive Lieutenant-Colonel, without reference to any fixed establishment of Colonels with Colonel's allowance," and further that "the Brevet rank attained to under the regulations published in General Order by your Government, No. 652 dated 11th August 1861, would be considered a substantive rank for this purpose, and allowed to count towards the above period."

2 I have now to inform your Excellency that it has been determined to extend the privilege expressed in the last part of the above clause to those Officers joining the Staff Corps under the terms of this despatch who had attained to the rank of Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel prior to 15th January 1861, but who, had they not so done, would have been entitled by the terms of the General Order above referred to, to promotion to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel from the 15th January 1861, from which date, therefore, they will reckon the 12 years qualifying for the Colonel's allowance.

4 I take this opportunity also of informing your Excellency, with reference to the scale of pay laid down for Staff Corps Officers in the Royal Warrant of 16th January 1861, that Her Majesty's Government have determined that an Officer of the Staff Corps, attaining to the Colonel's allowance before promotion to the rank of Major-General, will receive out of India the same aggregate amount of pay and allowance that is drawn by Officers of Infantry of the Indian Army holding the rank of Regimental Colonel with the Colonel's allowance."

The Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that Officers of the class affected by the provisions of paragraph 2 of the above despatch will be allowed an extension of time, within which to consider the question of joining the Staff Corps under the terms of Lord Stanborne's despatch No. 105, of the 8th August 1866.

If in India, they will be required to submit their applications to the Adjutant General's Office at their respective Presidencies by the 1st March 1867, or if out of India by the 1st June 1867.

H. K. BURN, Lieutenant Colonel.

Warrants authorizing distribution of Booty captured at Banda, Kirwee Jhansi and Kotah.

The following are the Warrants authorizing the distribution of the Booty captured by the Sagar and Nerbudda Field Force, the Central India Field Force, and the Bhopotannah Field Force, under the respective commands of Major General, now Lieutenant General, Sir George Cornwallis Whitlock, K. C. B., Major General Sir H. Rose, now General Lord Strathnairn, K. C. B., and Major General Sir Henry Roberts.

BANDA AND KIRWE PRIZE MONLY.

Victory, by the grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, to all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting: Whereas, it has been represented unto Us, by the Commissioners of Our Treasury, that in the year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, a Rebellion took place within Central India. That land forces consisting of Our Troops and of Troops of the East India Company, were, for the suppression of the same, organized in three columns, named respectively the "Central India Field Force," the "Sagar and Nerbudda Field Force," and the "Bhopotannah Field Force," under the respective commands of Major General Sir Hugh Rose, now General Lord Strathnairn, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Major General Whitlock, now Lieutenant General Sir George Cornwallis Whitlock, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, and Major General Sir Henry Roberts (since deceased), the whole being under the command of General Sir Colin Campbell, Commander in Chief. And whereas, it has been further represented unto Us by the said Commissioners of Our Treasury, that the Columns or Divisions under the command of Major General Sir George Cornwallis Whitlock, on the nineteenth day of April, One thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, captured the Town of Bandah, and on the sixth day of June following the Town of Kirwe. That on the occupation of the aforesaid Towns by the said Troops, property was then captured, which has been since duly sold, and the proceeds have been paid by the said Agents employed for collection, selling, and realizing the said Booty, or have been otherwise realized, or are about to be realized amounting or amounting to or amount, with interest, after deducting costs, to the sum of fifty five lakhs, fifty thousand rupees, or thereabouts. And whereas, the said Commissioners of Our Treasury have further represented unto Us that a humble memorial had been presented unto them by Major General Lord Clifton, Prize Agent to Major General Whitlock's Division, praying that the whole of the Booty aforesaid, captured, might be granted to Major General Whitlock and the force under his command exclusively. And whereas it has been further represented unto Us, that claims to participate in the said Booty had been preferred by the late Lord Clyde, Commander in Chief, on behalf of himself and his personal Staff, by Major General Sir Hugh Rose, on the ground of his force having co-operated in the actions or movement of the Troops which led to the capture, also by Major General Smith, and by Colonel Milbourn, and that other claims might be preferred by or on behalf of the same or other persons to the property or some part thereof captured during the aforesaid operations. And whereas difficulties having arisen as to the distribution of the aforesaid Booty, we deemed it advisable that a reference, under the authority of a certain statute made and passed in session of Parliament held in the fourth year of Our reign intitled "An Act to improve the Practice and jurisdiction of the High Court of Admiralty of England," should be made to the Judge of Our High Court of Admiralty, and accordingly We were graciously pleased, on the tenth day of June, in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, to meet Our Order in Council in the following terms:—

"Now therefore Her Majesty is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that the claims of all parties whomsoever, to the property captured during the aforesaid operations, and to the proceeds thereof be referred to the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty of England, who shall take

into his consideration, if it shall appear to him to be necessary for the purposes of justice, any capture that may have been made of any property during the said operations by any of the claimants, and shall make such Order as to him shall seem right, both in regard to the persons who are, and the proportions in which such persons are entitled to share therein, and to the costs and expenses incurred in relation thereto by the respective claimants, whether before or subsequent to this Order, reserving however to Her Majesty the right to direct the rates or scale of distribution according to which the said property or the proceeds thereof shall be paid to the several ranks of the force or forces to which property shall be adjudged."

And whereas on the thirtieth day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, the Right Honorable the Judge of Our High Court of Admiralty of England pronounced that the personal representatives of the late General Lord Clyde, and the Officers of his Staff, Personal as well as General, who were in the Field at the time, are entitled to share in the Booty captured at Bandah and Kirwee, in April and June One thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and subject to this right he awarded the whole of the said Booty to Lieutenant General Sir George Cornish Whitlock, and the force under his command called the Saugor and Nerbuddah Field Force, including amongst the latter the Officers and Troops under Lieutenant Colonel Keatinge and any other Troops left by General Whitlock on his march, who at the time of the capture formed a portion of his division and were still under his command, and he disallowed all other claims, and in pursuance of the power given to him by the said Order in Council, directed that the costs of the various parties be paid out of the Fund. And whereas it has been further represented unto Us, by the Commissioners of Our Treasury, that, regard being had to the unusual character of the whole of the operations in Central India on this occasion, and the responsibility which under the particular circumstances must have been imposed upon the Officers in command of the several columns, who were engaged in those operations, although acting under the orders of the Commander-in-Chief, the services of those Officers will not be sufficiently remunerated by the amount of shares to which they will be entitled under the scale hereinafter mentioned, and have recommended unto Us, that some addition should be made to the amount aforesaid, to which We are graciously pleased to condescend.

Now We do hereby give and grant to Our Secretary of State for India in Council for the time being, all the aforesaid Booty mentioned to have been captured at or in the said Towns of Bandah and Kirwee, and the proceeds thereof as aforesaid, in trust for the use of the personal representative or representatives of the late Lord Clyde, formerly Sir Colin Campbell, the Commander-in-Chief and his Staff, Personal as well as General, who were in the Field at the time, and the said Major General Sir George Cornish Whitlock, and the Officers and Men belonging to the Forces engaged in the said captures as aforesaid, including the Troops under Lieutenant Colonel Keatinge, and any other Troops left by General Whitlock on his march, and who at the time of the captures, formed a portion of his division and was still under his command, such Booty and proceeds to be distributed by Our Secretary of State for India in Council for the time being, or by any other person or persons he may appoint, as follows, (that is to say)—

One-twentieth part of the whole of the aforesaid Booty and proceeds to the said Lord Clyde and the officer actually in command of the said Saugor and Nerbudda Field Force, to be distributed in the proportion of four-fifths of the same to the legal personal representative or representatives of the late Lord Clyde, the Commander-in-Chief, and one-fifth to the Officer actually in command, over and above the number of the shares to which he will be entitled as aforesaid, and all the remainder of the said Booty and proceeds to be distributed to and divided amongst the general and other Officers and Men belonging to the Forces which took part in the aforesaid operations, as specified in the decree aforesaid, according to the following scale, and in the following proportions, as far as the same may be applicable to the several ranks of Officers and Men so engaged in the same, such scale and proportions being settled and determined and fixed by and according to a calculation of the day's pay of each rank, and being in the proportion of one share for each shilling of day's pay (that is to say)—

Major Generals, seventy-six shares each.

Brigadiers, fifty-one shares each.

Colonels and Lieutenant Colonels, seventeen shares each.

Majors, sixteen shares each.

Captains, twelve shares each.

Lieutenants, First Class; after seven years' service, seven and a half shares each.

Lieutenants, Second Class; under seven years' service, six and a half shares each.

Ensigns, five and a half shares each.

The shares of Officers in command of Regiments to be double the amount of the shares attached or accruing to them according to the day's pay of their regimental rank only.

Staff Sergeants, three shares each.

Colour Sergeants, two and a half shares each.

Sergeants, two shares each.

Corporals, one and a half shares each.

Privates, one share each.

All Officers on the Divisional, Personal, and General Staff to be allowed shares according to their Staff Pay, added to the half pay of their respective ranks.

Regimental Staff.

Adjutants, ten shares each.

Quartermasters, six and a half shares each.

Paymasters, twelve and a half shares each.

Riding Masters, nine shares each.

Surgeons, fifteen shares each.

Assistant Surgeons, ten shares each

together with any additional shares to which they or any of them may be entitled in virtue of additional pay for length of service.

The shares of the Native Troops to be fixed in proportion to their day's pay, but no such shares to be less than one-half of the share of a British Private Soldier of the Infantry of the Line in Our Service. Such classes of Native Indian non-combatants as Water Carriers, Bullock Drivers, Doolee Bearers, as have been accustomed to share according to the usage of the Army in India, are to share in the same manner and in the same proportions in relation to the shares of fighting ranks, as they have hitherto been accustomed to share according to such usage.

And We are graciously pleased to order and direct that in case any doubt shall arise in respect of the distribution of the Booty or proceeds hereby granted as aforesaid, or respecting any claim or demand on the said Booty or proceeds, the same shall be determined by Our Secretary of State for India in Council for the time being, or by such person or persons to whom he shall refer the same, which determination thereupon made, shall with all convenient speed be notified in writing to the Commissioners of Our Treasury, and the same shall be final and conclusive to all intents and purposes, unless within three months after the receipt thereof at the Office of the Commissioners of Our Treasury, We shall be pleased otherwise to order, hereby reserving to Ourselves to make such other order therein as to Us shall seem fit.

Given at Our Court at Windsor this twentieth day of November in the thirtieth year of Our reign, and in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

By His Majesty's Command,

HENRY WHITMORE.

GLEAD NOEL.

THE INDI.

Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. In all our most Presents shall come; Greeting, Whereas, it has been represented unto Us by the Commissioners of Our Treasury, that in the year One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, a Rebellion took place within Central India. That Land Forces consisting of Our Troops and of Troops of the East India Company, were, for the suppression of the same, organised in three Columns termed respectively the "Central India Field Force," the "Bangor and Nerbudda Field Force," and the "Rajpootanah Field Force," under the respective commands of Major General Sir Hugh Rose, now General Lord Strathnairn, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Major Whitlock, now Lieutenant General Sir George Cornish Whitlock, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, and Major General Sir Henry Roberts (since deceased), the whole being under the command of General Sir Colin Campbell, Commander-in-Chief. And whereas it has been further represented unto Us by the said Commissioners of Our Treasury that the Column or Division under the command of the said Major General Sir Hugh Rose (now Lord Strathnairn) fought the action on the Betwa, with the so-called Army of the Peshwa, which attempted to relieve Jhansi, on the 1st of April in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and stormed Jhansi, on the second of that month and subsequent operations of the said force eventuated in the capture of Calpee on the twenty-second of May, and the recapture of Gwalior from the Rebels on the

nineteenth of June following. That property was captured during the aforesaid operations, the sale proceeds of which have been realised by the Prize Agents employed for collecting, selling, and realising the said Booty, or have been otherwise realized, or are about to be realized, amounting or computed to amount, with interest, and after deducting the costs incurred in connexion therewith, to the sum of five lakhs twenty two thousand one hundred and twenty-five rupees and eight pice, or thereabouts. And whereas it has been further represented unto Us by our said Commissioners, that an application had been made to them by our Secretary of State for India that the aforesaid Booty might be granted for the use of the Commander, Officers, and Men belonging to the force employed in the said operations, subject to the rights of the Commander-in-Chief and Officers of his Staff, Personal as well as General, in accordance with the judgment delivered by the Judge of Our High Court of Admiralty in the case of the Booty captured at Bandah and Kiwee, referred to him by Our Order in Council of the tenth of June One thousand eight hundred and sixty four, under the provisions of the Statute made and passed in a Session of Parliament held in the fourth year of Our reign intitled "An Act to improve the practice and jurisdiction of the High Court of Admiralty of England," to which We are graciously pleased to condescend. And whereas, it has been further represented unto Us by the Commissioners of our Treasury, that regard being had to the unusual character of the whole of the operations in Central India on this occasion, and the responsibility which, under the particular circumstances, must have been imposed upon the Officers in Command of the several Columns who were engaged in those operations, although acting under the Orders of the Commander-in-Chief, the services of those Officers will not be sufficiently remunerated by the amount of shares to which they will be entitled under the scale hereinafter mentioned, and have recommended unto Us that some addition should be made to the amount aforesaid, to which We are graciously pleased to assent. Now, We do hereby give and grant to Our Secretary of State for India in Council for the time being, all the aforesaid Booty heretofore mentioned to have been captured, and the proceeds thereof as amount in trust for the use of the personal representative or representatives of the late Lord Clyde, formerly Sir Colin Campbell, Commander-in-Chief and his Staff, Personal as well as General, who were in the field at the time, and the Commander, Officers, and Men belonging to the force engaged in the said operations, to be distributed by Our Secretary of State for India in Council for the time being, or by any other person or persons he may appoint as follows (that is to say)—one-twentieth part of the whole of the aforesaid Booty and proceeds to the said Lord Clyde and the Officer actually in command of the aforesaid Central Indian force, to be distributed in the proportion of four fifths of the same to the legal personal representative or representatives of the late Lord Clyde the Commander-in-Chief, and one fifth to the Officer actually in command over and above the number of shares to which he will be entitled as aforesaid, and all the remainder of the said Booty and proceeds to be distributed to and divided amongst the General and other Officers and Men engaged in the said operations, according to the following scale and in the following proportions, as far as the same may be applicable to the several ranks of Officers and Men so engaged in the same, such scale and proportion being settled and determined and fixed by and according to a calculation of the day's pay of each rank, and being in the proportion of one share for each shilling of such day's pay (that is to say)—

- Major General, seventy-six shares each.
- Brigadiers, fifty one shares each.
- Colonels and Lieutenant Colonels, seventeen shares each.
- Majors, sixteen shares each.
- Captains, twelve shares each.
- Lieutenants, First Class, after seven years' service, seven and a half shares each.
- Lieutenants, Second Class, under seven years' service, six and a half shares each.
- Ensigns, five and a half shares each.
- The shares of Officers in command of Regiments to be double the amount of the shares attached or accruing to them according to the day's pay of their Regimental rank only.
- Staff Sergeants three shares each.
- Colour Sergeants, two and a half shares each.
- Sergeants, two shares each.
- Corporals, one and a half shares each.
- Privates, one share each.
- All officers on the Divisional, Personal, and General Staff to be allowed shares according to their staff pay added to the half pay of their respective ranks.

Rajmatal Staff.

Adjutants, ten shares each.
 Quarter Masters, six and a half shares each.
 Paymasters, twelve and a half shares each.
 Riding Masters, nine shares each.
 Surgeons, fifteen shares each.
 Assistant Surgeons, ten shares each

together with any additional shares to which they or any of them may be entitled in virtue of additional pay for length of service.

The shares of the Native Troops to be fixed in proportion to their day's pay, but no such share to be less than one half of the share of a British Private Soldier of the Infantry of the Line in Our Service. Such classes of Native Indian non-combatants as Water Carriers, Bullock Drivers, Dock Benars, &c. have been accustomed to share according to the usage of the Army in India, and to share in the same manner, and in the same proportions in relation to the shares of the fighting ranks as they have hitherto been accustomed to share according to such usage. And We are graciously pleased to order and direct, that in case any doubt shall arise in respect of the distribution of the Booty or proceeds hereby granted as aforesaid, or respecting any claim or demand on the said Booty or proceeds, the same shall be determined by Our Secretary of State for India in Council for the time being, or by such person or persons to whom he shall refer the same, which determination thereupon made, shall with all convenient speed be notified in writing to the Commissioners of Our Treasury, and the same shall be final and conclusive to all intents and purposes, unless within three months after the receipt thereof at the Office of the Commissioners of Our Treasury, we shall be pleased otherwise to order, hereby reserving to Ourselves to make such other Order thereon as to Us shall seem fit.

Given at Our Court at Windsor this twenty-second day of November in the thirtieth year of Our reign, and in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

By His Majesty's Command,
 HENRY WHILLOCK,
 Clerk of the Board.

KOLAH.

Victory, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting. Whereas it has been represented unto Us, by the Commissioners of Our Treasury, that in the year One thousand eight hundred and fifty, even a rebellion took place within Central India. That Land Forces consisting of our Troops and of Troops of the First India Company were, for the suppression of the same, organized in three Columns termed respectively the "Central Indian Field Force," the "Saugor and Nerbudda Field Force," and the "Rajpootana Field Force," under the respective commands of Major General Sir Hugh Rose, now General Lord Strathnairn, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Major General Whitlock, now Lieutenant General Sir George Cornwall Whitlock, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, and Major General Sir Henry Roberts (since deceased), the whole being under the command of General Sir Colin Campbell, Commander-in-Chief. And whereas it has been further represented unto Us by the said Commissioners of Our Treasury, that the Column or Division under the command of the late Sir Henry Roberts stormed and captured the town of Kotah, on the thirtieth of March One thousand eight hundred and fifty eight, and was actively employed against the Rebels under Lantia Topka, defeated them at Sangianee on the eighth of August, and fought the general action on the Burra's River on the fourteenth of the said month of August. That property was captured during the aforesaid operations, the sale proceeds of which have been realized by the Prize Agents employed for collecting, selling, and realizing the said Booty, or have been otherwise realized, or are about to be realized, amounting or computed to amount with interest and after deducting the costs incurred in connection therewith, to the sum of one lakh, twenty four thousand nine hundred and eighty-four Rupees, eleven annas and seven pice or thereabouts. And whereas it has been further represented unto Us by Our said Commissioners, that an application had been made to them by Our Secretary of State for India, that the aforesaid Booty might be granted for the

by the Judge of our High Court of Admiralty in the case of the Booty captured in Bandah and Kirwee, referred to him by Our Order in Council of the tenth day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, under the provisions of the Statute

made and passed in a Session of Parliament held in the fourth year of Our reign, intituled "An Act to improve the practice and jurisdiction of the High Court of Admiralty of England," to which We are graciously pleased to condescend. And whereas it has been Further represented unto Us by the Commissioners of Our Treasury, that regard being had to the unusual character of the whole of the operations in Central India on this occasion, and the responsibility, which under the particular circumstances must have been imposed upon the Officers in command of the several Columns, who were engaged in those operations, although Acting under the Orders of the Commander-in-Chief, the services of those Officers will not be sufficiently remunerated by the amount of shares to which they will be entitled under the scale hereinafter mentioned, and have recommended unto Us, that some addition should be made to the amount aforesaid, to which We are graciously pleased to assent. Now We do hereby give and grant to Our Secretary of State for India in Council for the time being all the aforesaid Booty hereinbefore mentioned to have been captured, and the proceeds thereof as aforesaid in trust for the use of the personal representative or representatives of the late Lord Clyde, formerly Sir Colin Campbell, Commander-in-Chief, and his Staff, both Personal as well as General, who were in the field at the time, and the legal personal representative or representatives of the late Major General Sir Henry Roberts, and the Officers and Men belonging to the force engaged in the said operations, to be distributed by our Secretary of State for India in Council for the time being, or by any other person or persons he may appoint, as follows, (that is to say) one-twentieth part of the whole of the aforesaid Booty and proceeds to the said Lord Clyde, and the Officer actually in command of the aforesaid Rajpootanaah Field Force, to be distributed in the proportion of four-fifths of the same to the legal personal representative or representatives of the late Lord Clyde, the Commander-in-Chief, and one-fifth to the legal personal representative or representatives of the late Major General Sir Henry Roberts (the Officer actually in command), over and above the number of shares to which he would have been entitled as aforesaid, and all the remainder of the said Booty and proceeds to be distributed to and divided amongst the General and other Officers and Men engaged in the said operations according to the following scale, and in the following proportions, as far as the same may be applicable to the several ranks of Officers and Men so engaged in the same, such scale and proportions being settled and determined and fixed by and according to a calculation of the day's pay of each rank, and being in the proportion of one share for each shilling of such day's pay, (that is to say)---

Major General, seventy-six shares each.

Brigadiers, fifty-one shares each.

Colonels and Lieutenant Colonels seventeen shares each.

Majors, sixteen shares each.

Captains, twelve shares each.

Lieutenants, First Class, after seven years' service, seven and a half shares each.

Lieutenant, Second Class, under seven years' service, six and a half shares each.

Rumgus, five and a half shares each.

The shares of Officers in command of Regiments to be double the amount of the shares attached or accruing to them according to the day's pay of their Regimental rank only.

Staff Sergeants, three shares each.

Colour Sergeants, two and a half shares each.

Sergeants, two shares each.

Corporals, one and a half shares each.

Privates, one share each.

All Officers on the Divisional, Personal, and General Staff to be allowed shares according to their Staff Pay added to the half pay of their respective ranks.

Regimental Staff.

Adjutants, ten shares each.

Quarter Masters, six and a half shares each.

Pay Masters, twelve and a half shares each.

Riding Masters, nine shares each.

Surgeons, fifteen shares each.

Assistant Surgeons, ten shares each.

together with any additional shares to which they or any of them may be entitled in virtue of additional pay for length of service.

The shares of the Native Troops to be fixed in proportion to their day's pay but no such share to be less than one half of the share of a British Private Soldier of the Infantry of the line in Our Service. Such classes of Native Indian non-combatants as Wate Cutlers, Bullock Drivers, Dooke Bearers, have been accustomed to share according to the usage of the Army in India, are to share in the same manner and in the same proportions in relation to the shares of the fighting ranks as they have hitherto been accustomed to share according to such usage.

And We are graciously pleased to order and direct, that in case any doubt shall arise in respect of the distribution of the Booty or proceeds hereby granted as aforesaid, or respecting any claim or demand on the said Booty or proceeds, the same shall be determined by our Secretary of State for India in Council for the time being, or by such person or persons to whom he shall refer the same, which determination thereupon made shall with all convenient speed be notified in writing to the Commissioners of Our Infantry, and the same shall be final and conclusive to all intents and purposes, in less than three months after the receipt thereof at the Office of the Commissioners of Our Infantry. We shall be pleased otherwise to order, hereby reserving to Ourselves to make such other Orders therein as to Us shall seem fit.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall the twenty second day of November in the thirtieth year of Our reign, and in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

By His Majesty's Command,
HENRY WHITMORE,
Clerk and Seal.

First Instalment of Kotah Prize Money

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorise a first payment of the Kotah Prize Money at the rate of Rupees 12 (twelve) per share.

1 The Kotah Prize Money is payable to the Commanders-in-Chief, Lord Clyde, and Head Quarters Staff, who were in the Field between the 30th March and 1st August 1858, and to the troops of the Rajpootana Hill Force, under the command of the late Major General Sir Henry Roberts between those dates.

2 The payment of this Prize will be carried out, in all respects, under the Rules* applied in the distribution of the India and Kirwee Prize Money, and the Rôle of claimants whose shares will be payable in England will be made up on the 1st July next.

3 As far as our attention be attracted, the troops noted below served with the Rajpootana Hill Force between the dates specified above.

4th July

2nd Troop, Bombay Horse Artillery.

3rd Troop, ditto ditto

1st Company, 2nd Battalion, Bombay Artillery, and No. 3 Light Field Battery

Detachment, 1st Company, 4th Bombay Artillery (Golundaze).

Detachment 1st and 2nd Company late 3rd Battalion, Bombay Artillery (Golundaze)

4th Company, 3rd Battalion, and No. 8 Light Field Battery (Golundaze).

Detachment 4th Battalion, Bombay Artillery (Golundaze).

6th July

Her Majesty's 8th Hussars.

1st Regiment, Bombay Light Cavalry.

2nd ditto ditto

Detachment, 2nd Regiment, Hind Horse

3rd Regiment, Hind (Bakochce) Horse.

Guzerat Irregular Horse

1st August

Her Majesty's 72nd Highlanders.

Ditto 83rd Regiment

Ditto 9th ditto.

10th Regiment, Bombay Native Infantry.

12th ditto ditto

14th ditto ditto

11th Company, Royal Engineers

3rd Company, Bombay Sappers and Miners

H. W. NORMAN, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India."

First Instalment of Banda and Kirwee Prize Money

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the immediate issue of a first payment on account of the Banda and Kirwee Prize Money, at the rate of Rs. (500) five hundred per share.

2. The Banda and Kirwee Prize Money is payable to the Commander-in-Chief, Lord Clyde, and Head Quarters Staff who were in the Field between the 10th April and 6th June 1858, and to the Troops of the Saugor and Nerbudda Field Force who were under the immediate orders of Major General Sir G. C. Whitlock, K. C. B., between those dates.

3. All Bills and Abstracts of individual claimants, of Corps, or of Departments, are to be prepared in duplicate according to the annexed Forms 1 and 2, and submitted without delay to the General Prize Committee of the Presidency to which the Regiment to which the claimant belonged at the time was attached, or to which the claimant's appointment appointed.

4. In order to enable the payments to claimants in England to be commenced at the earliest practicable date, it is absolutely necessary that all claims of persons in this country should be submitted at once. The Rolls of claimants payable in England will be prepared on the 1st May, and will include all entitled to share whose claims to payment in India have not been included in Bills and Abstracts received up to that date. Commanding Officers, and others are therefore required to send in, on receipt of this order, Bills and Abstracts, to include the names of all entitled to share who may be serving with them in India.

(Claims of Infant Children, husband and by Special Privilege.)

5. Prize Money being admissible only in the actual rank in which service was performed, with the exception noted, promotion with back rank gives no title to extra shares.

6. Bills when passed will be returned to the drawers for presentation for payment to the nearest Circle Pay Office. The amounts passed on Abstracts on account of men serving with Batteries of Royal Artillery and British Cavalry and Infantry Regiment, will be paid by the Battery Commanding Officer or Regimental Pay Master and charged in his next General Statement of Accounts. The share due to the estates of deceased Officers will be paid to Executors and others upon presentation of Probates and Letters of Administration.

7. Officers and others who may have volunteered or exchanged into Regiments or Batteries now serving in this country, will submit their claims through their present Commanding Officer.

8. Pensioners, discharged Soldiers, and others residing in India, who have ceased to be borne upon the strength of the Army, will apply to the nearest Station Prize Committee, whose duty it will be to investigate and transmit the claims (according to Forms 3 and 4) to the General Prize Committee, preserving a careful record of the same.

9. Claims advanced by Agents or others for the shares of absent Officers must be supported by Powers of Attorney.

10. As far as it can at present be ascertained, the Troops noted below served in the Saugor and Nerbudda Field Force within the qualifying dates.—

Artillery Brigade.

A. Troop Madras Horse Artillery.

J. Troop 1st Madras Horse Artillery.

N. 6 Company 15th Brigade Royal Artillery.

D. Company 3rd Battalion Madras Artillery (No. 5 Bullock Battery.)

A. Company 15th Battalion Madras Artillery (No. 1 Horse Battery.)

B. Company 4th Battalion Madras Artillery

Madras Supply and Mines.

I. Company and Detachment A. and L. Company.

Cavalry Brigade.

H. M.'s 12th Lancers (Left Wing).

1st Squadron, 2nd Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent.

1st Infantry Brigade.

3rd Madras European Regiment.

1st Regiment Madras Native Infantry.

56th Regiment Madras Native Infantry.

2nd Infantry Brigade.

Her Majesty's 43rd Regiment Light Infantry.

19th Regiment Madras Native Infantry.

11 Annexed is a scale of salaries payable to all ranks —
 SCALE OF SALARIES

STAFF OFFICERS	
<i>Staff Officers shall be accorded the following scale of pay according to the half year of their service</i>	
Colonel	144
Lieutenant Colonel	11
Major	93
Captain	7
<i>Ditto having superior service and provided he shall have served on full pay as Captain for at least two years</i>	
Lieutenant	5
<i>Ditto if commissioned seven years as Lieutenant in the Regular Army</i>	
2nd Lieutenant and Ensign	4
Adjutant, if not commissioned as Lieutenant	4
ADJUTANT GENERAL	
Adjutant General and Quarter Master General	29
Deputy Adjutant General and Deputy Quarter Master General	13
Assistant Adjutant General and Assistant Quarter Master General	12
Deputy Assistant Adjutant General and Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General	9
Commissioners of Ordnance	11
Deputy Commissioners of Ordnance	3
Commissary General	38
Assistant Commissary General	13
Deputy Assistant Commissary General	9
First Assistant Commissary General	11
Public Advocate General	23
Deputy Public Advocate General	11
Military Secretary to the Commander in Chief	11
Interpreter to the ditto	11
Brigade Majors and Aides de Camp	9
Pay Master	14
Deputy Pay Master	11
Provost Marshal	9
Deputy Provost Marshal	4
<i>Surgeon to the Commander in Chief, according to War Office Regulations</i>	
Mental Surgeon	
Officer in charge of Licence Chest as Captain	
Regimental Master as Captain	
Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals according to standing	
Field Engineer	91
Assistant Field Engineer	5
MAJOR GENERAL	
Brigadier	76
Colonel or Lieutenant Colonel	51
Major	17
Captain	16
Lieutenant, 1st Class, after seven years service	12
Ditto 2nd ditto, under do	7 1/2
Ensign	6 1/2
OFFICERS IN COMMAND OF REGIMENTS	
<i>Officers in Command of Regiments shall be paid the following scale of pay according to the half year of their service</i>	
Adjutant	10
Quarter Master	1 1/2
Pay Master	1 1/2
Riding Master	9
Surgeon	15
Assistant Surgeon	10
<i>Regimental Surgeon with a full time service shall be paid the following scale of pay according to the half year of their service</i>	

EUROPEAN TROOPS.

Staff Sergeants	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Brigade and Color Sergeants	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24
Sergeants	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Corporals and Bombardiers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
Gunners, Privates, Drummers and Buglers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1

WARRANT OFFICERS.

Commissary of Ordnance	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
Deputy Ditto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
Assistant and Deputy Assistant Commissary of Ordnance, Conductor and Apothecary	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Sub-Conductor and Hospital Steward	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24
Assistant Apothecary and Assistant Steward	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Hospital Apprentice	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1

NATIVE TROOPS.

Subedar, Ressaldar Ressaldar, and Woodho Major	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
Jemadar and Nuth Ressaldar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Havildar Kote Duffadar, and Native Doctor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Nuk, Duffadar, and Nishambaidar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Private, Nagurchee, Trumpeter, Drummer, and Non-Combatants	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1

Second Instalment of Banda and Kirwee Prize Money.

The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 18th September 1867, No. 900, is republished —

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the distribution of a second instalment of the Banda and Kirwee Prize, at Rupees 130 per share.

2. The payment of this Prize will be carried out in all respects under the rules applied in the first distribution.

3. Attention is called to paragraph 3 of G. G. O. No. 310, dated 29th March 1867, and the shares of those claimants who do not submit their bills within three months from the date of this General Order, will be included in the rolls of shares payable in England.

The Prize Money taken by the Central India Field Force

With reference to G. G. O. No. 713, dated 17th July 1867, the following letter from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, is published for general information. —

INDIA OFFICE, London, the 24th June 1867.

To His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

SIR,—I have received and considered in Council the Military letter from your Government, dated 8th April 1867, No. 88, transmitting, for the decision of Her Majesty's Government, a communication from the General Prize Committee at Calcutta regarding the claims of Colonel Maxwell's column in the Doab, and Brigadier Smith's force at Gwalior, to share in the Prize Money taken by the Central India Field Force.

2. I concur in the opinion arrived at by the General Prize Committee in the case of the claim of Colonel Maxwell's column.

3. The property captured by the Central India Field Force at Jhansi, Calpee, and Gwalior, having been incorporated by the Royal Warrant into one General Fund, to be distributed to the Commander, Officers, and Men engaged in the operations, that portion of Colonel Maxwell's column, and that portion only, which crossed the Jumna and took part in the reduction of Calpee, must be held to have established a right to share in the United Prize Fund.

4 For the same reasons I am of opinion that the brigade of General Smith, which was despatched from the Rhyppoonah Field Force under the command of Major General Roberts to the assistance of Sir Hugh Low, and not only co-operated with his division but took a very active part in the capture of Gwalior, must also be held to be entitled to share in the Central India Prize Money which includes the property captured at Gwalior.

5 This decision has been communicated to the India Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury as required by the Royal Warrant authorizing the distribution of the Prize Money.

STANLEY H. NOBLE, Secy.

Officers' Rates of Passage to and from England.

In continuation of Government General Order No 171 of the 11th May 1865 the following extract from a Military letter from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, No 5, dated 9th January 1867, is published for general information —

"The Lords of the Admiralty have decided that the following rates of passage allowance by steamer from England to India be adopted, —

Officers	£11
Servants	£37

3. These rates have met with my concurrence.

4 With respect to the allowances for passage from Bombay, Madras, and Calcutta, to Aden, it is desirable that they should be left, as in the case of all other passage allowances between foreign stations, to be determined by the Local Authorities in the manner laid down at paragraph 12 of the Royal Warrant.

H. K. BURKE, Lieutenant Colonel,

Officiating Secretary to the Government of India."

Officers' remittances to England

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that Officers who are eligible to make remittances to England through the Government, will be allowed to do so, by paying the amount of remittance into a Public Treasury, whenever it suits their convenience, instead of being restricted to the one form of having the sum deducted from their Pay Bills.

2 The payment of the amount into the Civil Treasury must, in every instance, be accompanied by authority from a Circle Pay Master for the reception of the amount into such treasury.

H. K. BURKE, Lieutenant Colonel,

Officiating Secretary to the Government of India."

Extension of Privilege leave of 60 days

"With reference to Government General Order No 40 of the 17th April 1865, and to previous orders of the same subject, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that the indulgence of privilege leave for sixty days consecutively, now granted to Officers generally, will be specially extended to twenty days in the case of Officers serving at Stations in Assam, including Laxi and the Western Doorgs, Cherrapoonjee and Shillong—Thyat Mye, Lengba, Nermuch, Namsaidi, Lijmpoi, Diolai, Khonwara, Klotia, Bunnoo, Dera Ishmael Khan, Dera Ghazee Khan, Rajmoure, Jacotabad and Aden.

This cancels Government General Order No 904, of the 19th October 1866.

H. K. BURKE, Lieutenant Colonel,

Officiating Secretary to the Government of India."

Free Residences to Officers of the P W D

With reference to paragraph 3 of the Rules published under G. O. No 599, of 31st October 1866, the following extract of Regulations of the Public Works Department is published —

"No Officers of the Government are allowed residences free of rent, unless under the sanction of some general regulation or special order of the Government. When a public functionary, not entitled to free quarters, occupies a portion of his public office as a dwelling, the Executive Engineer shall be authorized to claim a fair rent, and the fact of the occupant having made additions or alterations at his own expense, is not to be considered as giving him any claim to a set-off or diminution of payment.

Rent to be paid for
of houses occupying
public buildings

The practice of allowing public Officers and others to occupy Government buildings rent-free on condition of keeping them in repair is prohibited. A rent fixed by the Executive Engineer with reference to the value of the property shall, in all cases, be demanded, and the repairs shall be made by the agency of the Public Works Department."

Occupation of Public Quarters by Officers

"In continuation of G. O. No. 53, dat 11th October 1866, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify, under instructions from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, that whenever State Officers, for whom public quarters are not generally provided, and who, when stationed at Presidency Towns are entitled to the superior or Presidency rate of house-rent, may occupy public quarters (which, when available, they shall be required to do), they are to forfeit Presidency house-rent in full payment of the rent of such quarters."

Indian Officers who have joined the Staff Corps under Lord Cranborne's Despatch of 8th August 1866

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish, for general information, the following extract from a Despatch from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, No. 15, dat 20th March 1867, paragraphs 1, 2, 3, and 4—

1. My attention has been drawn to the large number of Officers of all grades belonging to the Indian Army who have availed themselves of the opportunity offered them to join the several Staff Corps under Lord Cranborne's Despatch No. 15, dat 8th August 1866, and to the probable effect which will result from the continued operation of the rule laid down in paragraphs 79 and 80 of Midway letter to India, No. 14, of 17th June 1864, by excluding the Regimental promotion of the comparatively small number who may have preferred to remain on the list of the Indian Army, and of the Officers of the General List, who have hitherto had considerable advantages in promotion.
2. It seems certain that the promotion of both these classes of Officers will be now greatly accelerated by the operation of the rule in question, so that they will probably gain an advantage in their career over the Officers who have joined the Staff Corps. In probability of such a result it was not lost sight of in the preparation of the Despatch of the 8th August last, but it was not thought desirable in giving to the Officers of the Indian Army the choice of either remaining on the list of that Army or of joining the Staff Corps, to interfere with the free exercise of that option between the two lines of promotion. It is raining, by the withdrawal of a concession which had been deliberately granted to the Officers of the Indian Army.
3. It was, therefore, not proposed in that Despatch to interfere with the rule under which the names of Officers of the several Staff Corps, on being brought up to the position of Lieutenant-Colonel on the regimental list of the Arm of the service to which they formerly belonged, are removed from that list, and promotions made in their place.
4. Whatever may be the effect of the continued operation of this rule upon the relative rate of promotion among the Officers who have and those who have not joined the Staff Corps, under the conditions of Lord Cranborne's Despatch No. 15, of the 8th August 1866, the choice on both sides has been freely made, and I do not propose to make any alteration.

The foregoing decision does not apply to the Officers of the General List, regarding whose promotion a special sentence has been made by Her Majesty's Government, the result of which will be hereafter promulgated.

H. W. NOKWAN, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Time served by Officers in the Depots in England

With the sanction of the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to notify that all Officers of the late Indian Brigades of Artillery, who may have served or who may hereafter serve at the depots in England, shall be allowed to count as service for pension, the whole time they may have so served, provided they are not in excess of the authorized Establishment of those depots.

Qualifying Service for Promotion of Majors, &c

The following Despatch from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India is published for general information —

To His Excellency the Hon. all the Members of Council
SIR,—Para. 1. With your Military letter No. 1, dated 23rd February, paragraph 2, you transmit correspondence relative to the qualifying service for promotion of Majors and Brevet Lieutenant Colonels under the Royal Warrant of 31st January 1859.

2. As the Commander in Chief considers the point raised open to question, you state you are desirous of being informed whether the decision contained in your Offsetting Secretary letter No. 39 dated 11th February, is accurate, viz., that no portion of the time passed on leave by a Major and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel (for field service) Commanding a Regiment, can count as qualifying service of promotion to Colonel, under the provisions of Clause 10 of the Royal Warrant of 31st January 1859.

3. The clause referred to is as follows —

‘That the rank of Colonel be given to Officers who obtain the rank of Brevet Lieutenant Colonel for services in the field at a right years of actual service with that rank.’

1. When the period qualifying the Lieutenant-Colonel for the rank of Colonel which had been fixed by the Royal Warrant of 1811 at three and six years respectively, was raised by the Warrant of 1858 to the periods of five and eight years, it was understood that no deduction is from the extended periods were to be made on account of leave of absence. It was subsequently determined (July 1860) that in respect of Lieutenant Colonels in India, a limit should be placed on the period of absence to be reckoned as part of the five years qualifying for promotion to Colonel, and that this limit, being one-fourth of the whole period of five years, will be the time allowed, or leave obtained on medical certificate in consequence of wounds received in action.

5. This legislation was to apply both to Her Majesty's British and Indian forces serving in India.

6. Very shortly afterwards your Government were informed that, on a reference to the General Command-in-Chief, it had been ruled that leave of absence taken by a Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, who had obtained that rank for service in the field, was to be reckoned as part of the five years service required, under the Warrant of 31st January 1859, to qualify for the rank of Colonel. This decision was published in orders by your Government on the 31st September 1860.

7. You were informed recently that the practice under which leave of absence had been deducted from the five years' qualifying period, was to cease, and that the Field Marshal Command-in-Chief had seen the necessity of rectifying the position of all Colonels promoted since October 1854, who might have had their promotion retarded by the practice of limiting the leave of absence to fifteen months in the five years.

8. Your Government were directed to adopt a similar course in respect to the Colonels of Her Majesty's Indian forces.

9. Your Government will thus observe that, although a limit was at one time placed on the leave of absence to be taken by a Lieutenant Colonel qualifying under the five years' rule, it has at no time been intended that any deduction on account of leave of absence should be made from the service of the Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel qualifying under the eight years' rule, under Clause 10 of the Royal Warrant. The only qualification required under this clause is that an Officer should continue to serve on full pay for the period of eight years from the date on which he obtained the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel for service in the field.

10. The questions put by Sir William Mansfield to your Government, were as follows —

1st.—Whether the period passed on leave by a Major and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Commanding a Native Regiment, is to be reckoned under Clause 10 of the Royal Warrant of 31st January 1859?

2d.—Whether leave of absence, which has been allowed to count as service for pension, is to be deducted from the qualifying service of Captains and Majors holding command of regiments with the army rank of Lieutenant Colonel?

11. With regard to these questions I have to remark as follows —

12. Under the decision communicated to your Government on the dates noted in the margin, the command of Native Regiments held by substantive Majors being Brevet Lieutenant Colonels, is to qualify for promotion to the rank of Colonel under the five years' rule, in accordance with the provisions of Clause 9 of the Royal Warrant. Under the rulings of the Secretary of State for War, published in Orders in India on 13th January 1867, in respect of Clause 9, a regimental Major being a Brevet Lieutenant Colonel, can only count the period he actually held command of a regiment towards the five years. On ceasing to exercise the command, he would, if a Brevet Lieutenant Colonel for service in action, be in the same position as the Captain and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel referred to in Sir Charles Wooler's Despatch of 17th November 1864, No. 456, paragraph 5 that is, he would revert to the 10th Clause of the Warrant whilst on leave. The decision of the Delhi Mahal Commissioning-in-Chief to this effect was communicated to you in Lord de Grey's Despatch dated 31st May 1867, No. 115. In this Despatch you were informed that, by the rules which govern the promotion of Officers of the British Service, the period during which an Officer, not a substantive Lieutenant Colonel, is absent from his command on any account whatever, can only be allowed to reckon as qualifying for the rank of Colonel under the eight years' rule.

13. The privilege under which leave of absence is, in certain cases, allowed to count as service for pension, subject to retirement on full pay only, and has no bearing on promotion under the Royal Warrant.

STAFFORD H. NORMANCOFF
H. W. NORMAN.

Transference of Marine business to the Military Department

With reference to the accompanying copy of a Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department, by which all the Marine business of the Government of India is transferred from the Home to the Military Department, it is announced that the Secretary, Deputy Secretary, and Assistant Secretaries in the Military Department, will hold the same positions as Officers in the Marine Department, and that the Marine Orders and Notifications will be published, as such, entirely separate from those of the Military Department —

I enclose in this Despatch a copy of the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department — dated 18th July, the 27th Nov. 1867.

Read the undementioned papers regarding the new Troop Transport system between India and India, in Egypt —

From the Secretary of State, No. 26, dated 31st August 1866, with enclosures.

Forwarded to Military Department, No. 530, dated 11th October 1866.

From the Secretary of State, No. 2, dated 17th January 1867, with enclosures.

Endorsements to Military and Financial Departments, Nos. 3,021 and 3,022 dated 22nd March 1867.

REMARKS — The result of the introduction of the new Troop Transport system will be, that the most numerous and most important references to the Government of India, on Marine subjects, will be of a purely Military character. On this account and also with a view to relieve the Home Department, in some degree, from its present great pressure of work, His Excellency in Council determines that from and after the 1st proximo, all Marine business coming before the Government of India shall be conducted in the Military, instead of in the Home Department.

Compensation for Loss of Money for Purchasing Retirement of Service.

In G. O. No. 312 dated the 24th February 1867, rules were laid down for the grant of Compensation for loss of sums subscribed by Officers of the late Indian Army for the purpose of assisting their seniors to retire.

2. These rules were issued under the authority of Lord Cranborne's Despatch No. 160 of the 8th August 1866, published in G. O. No. 808 of the 26th September 1866, but inasmuch as it appeared to the Government of India that a literal adherence to the terms of paragraphs 12 to 17 of that Despatch would be contrary to the spirit of the Despatch, and in fact lead, save in very rare cases, to no payments at all, a departure from the precise letter of the instructions was decided on, and without going into minute and often almost impracticable investigations as to all the payments made by Officers in each rank and grade, and as to the benefits

received in consequence of those payments, the Government settled to pay in full whatever sum an Officer had disbursed towards the purchase of steps in the rank he held on the 14th February 1851, subject only to the deductions ordered in paragraphs 13 and 17 of Lord Canning's Despatch No. 160 of the 8th August 1856.

3 The Government of India was advised that 'it was more to the interests of the Officers concerned to give them the full benefit of any sums they may have paid in the grade they held at the date of their resignation, than to investigate the claim of each from the date of his entering into the service, and accord him the balance in his favour on the general account, and that 'a very few could submit the requisite details or substantiate their claims,' and further, that 'it is believed that of the few a very small percentage would be able to show any balance in their favour.'

4 The Government of India acted on this view in the General Order of the 25th February 1857, in the 6th paragraph of which, the terms on which payment was to be made were laid down, but it was also notified, in the same paragraph, that 'very exceptional cases' (in which, in fact, a claim might not be met by the rule then laid down) 'would be specially considered.'

5 Copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for India, No. 124 of the 2nd May 1857, is published for general information, from which it will be seen that Her Majesty's Government, while not objecting to the rule laid down in paragraph 6 of the General Order by which an actual payment can, under certain circumstances, be received by an Officer without reference to what yet remains to be gained, still deems that the payments in previous grades be also calculated, as well as the advantages gained by such payments.

a lower rank will be more than the full advance appears in his favour after the deductions made under paragraphs 13 and 17 of the Despatch of 8th August, No. 160, it will be creditable to him, but in no case will a debit, that may appear as against him in consequence of such investigation, be deducted from a payment due under the preceding paragraph.

6 The burden of proof of payment must, in each case, rest with the Officer preferring a claim, and it will remain with the committee already appointed in each Presidency, to decide on the sufficiency of the evidence brought forward by Officers as to the different payments they may have made for the purpose of assisting them when about to retire and to carry out the provisions of paragraph 7 of this order, the money gained by each step so purchased will be debited against the sums proved to have been paid in ranks lower than that held on the 14th February 1851.

For instance, a Lieutenant who purchased one step, and by this became a Captain ten months earlier than he otherwise would have attained the rank, will be debited with a sum equal to ten months difference of pay between Lieutenant and Captain, while an Officer who had sailed in purchasing three steps while in the rank of Lieutenant, and thereby became a Captain three years earlier, would have to be debited with three years' difference of pay between Lieutenant and Captain.

9 In making these calculations the committee will not take into account any deaths of Officers, and consequent retirement, as affording a claim to a credit on the ground that the purchase of the step had not produced the full benefit anticipated, but will simply estimate the money value of each step purchased, according to the entire promotion to which it entitled him, and thus gained.

11 Applications for compensation will continue to be submitted as directed in G. O. No. 212 of the 25th February last, but amended forms of application will now be used—copies of which will be supplied on application to the Secretaries of the several Compensation Committees.

13 The Governments of Madras and Bombay, and the President of the Compensation Committee in Bengal, will forward to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Military Department, on the 1st of each month, a statement of claims submitted, and of the decisions thereon which have been arrived at.

Issue of Pay in Advance to Officers and Covenantant Civil Servants Returning from Europe.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to publish for general information the following letters from the Government of India —

From L. H. LUSHINGTON, Esquire, Secretary to the Government of India, to the COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF ACCOUNTS (No. 1007, dated Simla, the 24th June 1867.)

The Governor General in Council having had under consideration the frequent applications for special grants of advances to Military, Uncovenanted, and other Officers in Civil employ to enable them to join their appointments on return from Europe, and having considered the regulations on this head which obtain in the Military Department, is pleased to authorize you to issue to any such officer an advance of pay to the end of the month in which he may arrive from Europe, or to the end of the ensuing month, provided that, in the latter case, the amount payable to him shall not exceed Rupees 1000.

From L. H. LUSHINGTON, Esquire, Secretary to the Government of India, to the ACTING CHIEF SECRETARY to the GOVERNMENT of BOMBAY (No. 2130, dated Simla, the 21st August 1867.)

In reply to your letter No. 171, dated 1st August 1867, I am directed to inform you that the instructions regarding the grant of advances of pay to officers returning from Europe, apply to Covenantant Civil servants, along with Military, Uncovenanted, and other Officers in Civil employ.

M. J. SHAW STEWART,
Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

Removal of Regimental Colonels R. A. and R. E. to Pensionsary Lists

The following Despatch from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India is published for general information —

To His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council

SIR,—Para. 1. Having learned from the Secretary of State for War that it has been decided, with the concurrence of His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commander-in-Chief, to discontinue the practice of removing regimental Colonels of the old Royal Artillery and Engineers to the supernumerary list when employed in the manufacturing departments of the Army, or holding other quasi-military appointments, I have

* Rule 1 of the 1st 1863. to inform your Excellency that the same arrangement will be carried out in the Indian Brigades of Royal Artillery, and that the existing supernumerary regimental Colonels thus employed will be absorbed in the manner provided for in Sir Charles Wood's Despatch* of 16th May 1864, No. 153, at the rate of one absorption for every three vacancies.

2. This arrangement, it is stated, is not intended to interfere with regimental Colonels of the Royal Artillery or Royal Engineers accepting re-employment, who, as heretofore, will continue to be seconded under the special regulations applicable to Officers so circumstanced.

STAFFORD H. NORTHCOOT.

Mode of Succession to Colonels Allowance

The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 20th August 1867 No. 815 is republished —

To His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

SIR,—Para. 1. In Sir Charles Wood's Despatch to the Government of India, No. 407, dated the 31st December 1861, it was stated

* Paragraph 12. that Her Majesty's Government had decided that Colonel's allowance should at once be assigned to the several Staff Corps, in the proportion of one to every thirty Officers who had actually joined the Staff Corps.

2. In Lord Cranborne's Despatch No. 159, dated 18th August 1866 in which certain measures were authorized with a view to meeting the complaints of Officers of the Indian Army, the following rule* was laid down — "All Officers now in the several Staff Corps, and all who may join them under the terms of this Despatch, will be entitled to the Colonel's allowance after twelve years' service in the grade of substantive Lieutenant-Colonel without reference to any fixed establishment of Colonels with Colonel's allowance, the brevet rank of Lieutenant-Colonel

* Para 61 Clause 5.

attained to under the Regulations published in General Order by your Government, No. 632, dated 4th August 1864, being however considered a substantive rank for this purpose, and allowed to count towards the above period.

3 Now that the admission of Officers to the several Staff Corps under the terms of the latter Despatch has terminated, I consider it right that the mode of succession to the Colonel's allowance applicable to Officers joining the Staff Corps subsequent to the date of that Despatch, and not under its conditions, should be repeated and clearly defined.

4 I desire, therefore, that it may be notified to the service that the proper establishment of Colonels with Colonel's allowance, is to be fixed at a strength equal to one in every thirty Officers of the aggregate strength of the corps when brought to its normal condition.

5 On the last Officer succeeding to the Colonel's allowance, who is entitled thereto under clause 5 paragraph 61 of the Despatch of the 4th August 1864,* an establishment of Colonels with Colonel's allowance will be at once fixed in each Presidency, and thenceforward promotion to the allowance will be made in succession to vacancies only.

6 As there can be no doubt of there being at that time a number of Officers in receipt of Colonel's allowance considerably in excess of the establishment as then fixed it will be necessary to take such measures as may then seem expedient for the gradual absorption of such numbers.

STANFOLD H. NORTHOTT.

The Grant of Furlough

The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 20th August 1867, No. 821 is published:

To His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council

SIR,—PAR 1. I learn by a letter from the Government of —, dated 11th April last, No. 91, that Lieutenant — of the — Native Infantry, who entered the service in 1857, and has had leave of absence to the extent of four and a half years, has been granted an ordinary furlough for two years under the new Regulations, being considered

entitled to the indulgence under the spirit of the ruling contained in Sir Charles Wood's Despatch dated 6th December 1865, No. 362.*

2 In this Despatch it was stated that absence to Europe on private affairs for six months, and all extensions of such leave granted in this country under special circumstances and without pay, might be permitted to reckon as part of the six years returned under Clause 7 of the Furlough Regulations of 1854, to be served after return from leave on medical certificate to entitle an Officer to his furlough on private affairs.

3 This ruling did not apply to the case of Lieutenant —, because this was not a question of the six years required to elapse between absence by medical certificate on medical certificate, and the regular furlough in that it had been such a question, the admission of the extensions granted to him in England on medical certificate, would have been irregular.

4 The grant of furlough to Lieutenant — has been, therefore, altogether irregular, as that Officer had not served in India the prescribed period of ten years required before he became entitled to such furlough.

5 As some of the decisions upon the grant of furlough on private affairs appear liable to misapprehension, I have considered it proper to address your Government upon the subject.

6. Although it may be admitted that there is some degree of ambiguity in the terms of the communication* of the Court of Directors referred to in Sir Charles Wood's Despatch of 8th December 1865, yet it is clear from the correspondence forwarded by your Government on which the decisions of the Court were passed, that they were intended to apply to short furloughs with pay, and therefore to the cases of those Officers only who had earned a right by completing the requisite period of service in India to the grant of a furlough on private affairs, but had chosen to take only a part of such furlough.

* Dtd 12th June 1867 N 8
1st 8 months April 1866,
N 58 1st 1st

7. On the other hand, as stated in Sir Charles Wood's Despatch dated 9th

February 1863, No 61,* Officers have been allowed under the Regulations of 1796 and 1864, in certain urgent cases, to return to this country on private

affairs for short periods without pay, without reference to their length of service.

† This advantage was extended by that Despatch, and by question and answer No 121 to Officers of the Staff

Corps and others holding stiff appointments with the privilege, during six months of their leave, of retaining their appointments †

8. It should however, be clearly understood that all officers, whether holding stiff appointments or not, to whom such special leave is granted on their return to duty, are not to be held to be entitled to a furlough with the benefit of full pay, until they have completed the full period of service in India prescribed by the Regulations for that advantage.

9. The only exception to the Regulations which has been sanctioned, is that allowed under Sir Charles Wood's Despatch of 8th December 1865, under which absence to Europe on private affairs for six months, and all extensions of such leave granted in this country under special circumstances, and without pay,—short extensions on urgent affairs being alone contemplated—are permitted to reckon as part of the qualifying period of six years which an Officer is required to serve after return to duty from such leave, to enable him to avail himself of the ordinary furlough to Europe with pay which the new Furlough Regulations grant, under paragraph 6, to all Officers who may have completed a service in India of ten years, or twenty years, as the case may be.

STANFORD H. NOLINGHAM.

Retention of Appointments by Officers Appointed to the Staff in a Presidency.

The following Order by the Government of India is published —

The Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to decide that Officers already appointed to the Staff in a Presidency, may continue to hold their appointments until their tenure has expired, notwithstanding that their corps have been subsequently brought on the strength of another Presidency.

It is however to be clearly understood that this concession is only to apply to appointments under fixed tenures of five, or in the case of Convalescent Depots, two years. Appointments tenable for a longer period than five years are to be relinquished, as soon as the retirement of the Officer who may be holding it is removed from the strength of the establishment. No appointments can be held by Regimental Officers in Bengal for a longer term than five years, and this is believed to be the case in Bombay, but in India, it is understood that the Command of a Depot has been held for a longer period, and in such a case the Officer should certainly, in the opinion of the Governor General in Council, relinquish his situation on the departure of his corps from the Presidency.

As it is not considered itself desirable that Officers of British Regiments should be serving on the Army Staff of another Presidency, the Governor General trusts that in making new appointments, the probability or the stay of regiments in the Presidency may be considered.

Advances to Officers to erect or purchase Houses in new Cantonments

With the sanction of the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that, in future, on the formation of new Cantonments, or when suitable accommodation is not obtainable in existing Military Stations at reasonable rents, advances will be made by Government to enable Officers to erect or purchase houses for their own accommodation, under the following conditions —

2. All such advances must be bona fide required for the purpose of building or purchasing suitable houses for the personal residence of the Officers concerned, and if more is advanced than shall be actually expended for the purpose, the surplus shall be refunded to Government.

3. The limits of such advances will not exceed three years' tentage of regimental rank, i.e. —

	Rupees.		Rupees.
For a Colonel	7,200	For a Captain	2,700
„ Lieutenant Colonel ..	5,400	„ Subaltern	1,800
„ Major	4,320		

Medical and other Commissioned Officers, according to their relative rank
 4 The payment of such advances will be made by Regimental or Circle Paymasters, deducting monthly instalments equal to the amount of the Officer's wage, the higher rate being deducted on promotion, such instalments to commence from the second issue of pay after the receipt of the advance.

5 In order to secure Government from loss consequent on an Officer dying or quitting the service prior to complete payment of the advance, the house so built or purchased must be mortgaged to Government, by whom the mortgage will be released when the full amount of the advance has been liquidated.

6 In the event of an Officer quitting the service, or of his decease, before the whole advance has been liquidated, the house so built or purchased will become the property of Government, except in the cases following.—The Officer may, within one month after his retirement in India, or within six months after his retirement in Europe, or his Executive or Administrative, in the event of his decease in the service, may, within six months after his death, submit a request that the house may be put up for sale at an upset price sufficient to cover the balance due. Thereupon the house will be put up for sale, the amount required being specified in the advertisement of sale. The Officer or his representatives must undertake to bear all the expenses of sale, advertisement, &c. Any proceeds realized over the amount remaining due, will be paid to the officer or his representatives.

7 Any Officer quitting, or removing from the station where he has built or purchased a house before the whole amount of the advance has been liquidated, will continue liable to the deduction of his monthly instalment until the advance has been repaid, but with the special sanction of Government, he may be allowed to dispose of the house, provided he is thereby enabled to clear off the whole amount due at once, or to transfer it to any Officer of his own or of higher rank. The future instalments will be made from the instalment of such Officer.

8. No Officer will, under any circumstances, be allowed a second advance whilst any amount remains due on a previous one.

9 All applications for such advances must be made through the Officer commanding the station, who will record his opinion as to the necessity for the advance submitted. The Officer must certify that the sum is to be expended in building or purchasing only, and that, should there be any surplus fund after the house is completed or purchased, they will be at once refunded to Government, and the application must be countersigned by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, or the Head of the Department to which the applicant may belong.

10 Two Officers of the grade of Captain or Subaltern may each obtain the advance of their rank for the purpose of building, or purchasing, a house for their joint occupation, on condition of the building jointly and severally responsible to Government for the whole amount of their joint advances.

11 The last is certificate printed to Officers under advance must specify the original amount of such advance, the amount repaid, and the balance remaining due.

12 A Form of mortgage bond, with necessary instructions for executing it, will be issued to Officers who may wish to avail themselves of the advance.

H. W. NORRIS, Colonel,
 Secretary to the Government of India.

Expenses of Officers Returning Home to appear before a Medical Board.

The following Despatch from the Secretary of State to the Government of India, No. 66, dated 26th February 1877, is published for general information.—

The Government of Madras has referred to me the case of an Officer who had been recommended by a board of medical officers to proceed to England by the overland route to leaving India by the first opportunity, and inquires, with reference to paragraph 9 of Lord Grey's Despatch of 9th June 1866, No. 37, whether in future similar cases the steamer rate of passage money, at the lower rate for sailing vessels, be granted.

I referred the question to the Secretary of State for War, with the view of ascertaining the practice in like cases under his department, and I have been informed that, in case of an officer coming home from the colonies to appear before a medical board, the route by which his passage would be provided would depend on the recommendation of the medical officers on the spot. It therefore appears to me desirable that only in those special cases where the overland route is expressly sanctioned by a medical board, or the exigencies of the service require it, should the higher or steamer rate of passage be granted. In all other cases of officers entitled to passage, the sailing allowances only should be granted.

3. I request that you will communicate the subject of this despatch to the Government of Madras and Bombay, respectively, for their guidance in all such cases."

Extension of Wound Pension Regulations to Warrant Officers.

With the sanction of the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India,

Deputy Commissioner, Assistant and Deputy Assistant Commissioners, the pensions of their honorary or relative ranks, of Conductors, Apothecaries, and Messengers £15 per annum (half a pound more than a pension).

Sub-Conductors, Assistant Apothecaries, and Assistant Messengers £25 per annum (half an English's pension).

His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to notify the extension of the provisions of the Wound Pension Regulations to Officers of the Warrant grades, the scale of pensions admissible to the several grades being specified in the margin, and the admission to, and continuance of, such pensions being regulated by the rules applicable to Commissioned

Officers, as laid down in Articles 1 to 9, and 11 of the Regulations annexed to the Royal Warrant of the 28th May 1861, published in G. O. G. G. No. 797 of 6th September following.

2. Wounded Warrant Officers who may be permitted to continue on the Effective Establishment, will be entitled to draw the Wound Pensions now sanctioned, in addition to the pay and allowances of their rank.

Vacation of Appointments on Succession to Colonel's allowance.

The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 9th July 1867, No. 711 is published:—

Extract, paragraph 15 of a letter from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India to the Governor General of India, dated 18th June 1867.

PARA 1.—Her Majesty's Government have further resolved, that upon succession to Colonel's allowance, Officers of the Staff Corps shall vacate the appointment if they then hold a position eligible for re-appointment or employment in any other position at the discretion of their respective Governments, and with the sanction of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council.

NOTE.—Originally published in General Order No. 36 dated 10th January 1868.

Extract paragraph 8 of a letter from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India to the Governor General of India, dated 31st October 1867.

PARA 3.—It appears to me that the best course to be adopted as to Military Officers, will be to make the rule laid down as affecting Staff Corps Officers in my General Order dated the 10th January 1862, henceforward applicable also to Officers of the Indian Army generally viz. that all such Officers shall upon succession to Colonel's allowance vacate the appointment if they then hold a position eligible for re-appointment or employment in that or any other position at the discretion of their respective Governments, and with the sanction of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council.

The order requiring appointments to be vacated on succession to Colonel's allowance, does not apply to General Officers in command of Divisions or Brigades.

H. W. NORMAN, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The following letter from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, is published for general information:—

To His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

SIR,—PARA. 1. With reference to paragraph 12 of your Despatch No 78, dated 8th April 1867, your decision that an Officer on succession to the Colonel's allowance should vacate the command of a Native Regiment, is approved.

2. I consider the position of an officer in receipt of that allowance to be incompatible with the command of a regiment.

STATIONER H. NORMAN.
H. W. NORMAN, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Promotion of Officers of the General List.

The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 6th September 1867, No. 486, is published:—

In continuation of G. O. G. G. No. 516, dated 15th May 1867, the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish, for general information, the following extract from a Despatch from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, No. 222, dated 2nd August 1867.

Para. 1 I have received and considered in Council your letter dated 16th May last, No. 128, forwarding copy of a General Order which you have issued in accordance with the instructions contained in my Despatch No. 95 of the 30th March 1867, regarding the line promotion of Officers of the Indian Army, belonging to cadres, who have decided not to join the Staff Corps.

2 In that Despatch I referred to the position of the younger Officers on the General Lists of the three Presidencies, in I expressed an opinion, although I did not desire to interfere with the immediate prospects of these Officers in the matter of promotion, that it would be fair and reasonable to introduce some rule with a view to regulating their rise to the higher grades in such manner as to secure the officers of other branches of the service from any exception to any serious extent.

4 I have determined that the Officers of the General Lists of Cavalry and Infantry in the three Presidencies shall remain on the General List, and shall rise to the substantive grade of Captain under present regulations, but that their promotion to the higher grade shall be regulated by length of service under the Staff Corps Rules without reference to any special staff service. These Officers, however, will continue to be eligible for appointment to the Staff Corps under ordinary rules.

H. W. NORMAN, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India.

W. F. MARRIOTT, Colonel, Secretary to Government

Pensions of Soldiers on Unattached List

The following letter from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India is published for general information:—

To His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor General of India in Council

SIR,—I have received and considered in Council your Military letter No. 119, dated the 7th June last.

2 In the second paragraph of that letter you have correctly interpreted the meaning of paragraph 23 of the Military Despatch No. 126, dated the 9th June 1866 relative to the pensions of Soldiers of Her Majesty's British Regiments, who are borne on the Unattached List, viz., that the pensions of such of these men as may become Warrant Officers and entitled to pension in that grade, are alone to be granted according to Indian regulations.

STATIONED H. NORMAN.

H. W. NORMAN, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Ships Employed in Conveyance of Troops to be called H. M. S. Troop Ships

Under the orders of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, the ships to be employed on the Overseas Transport Service between England and India, via Egypt and Red Sea, shall be designated "Her Majesty's Indian Troop Ship."

All requisitions for the service of Her Majesty's Indian Troop Ships when at this Presidency, shall be conveyed to the Captains in Command of those ships, through Resident Transport Officer at Bombay, when at other ports, the requisitions will be addressed to the Captains direct by the Secretary to Government.

Increase of Pay to Her Majesty's Troops

The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 1st November 1867, is published:—

A Royal Warrant having been issued by Her Majesty on the 20th June last, granting an increase of pay to the Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of Her Majesty's British Army, the Right Honourable the Governor General in Council has much satisfaction in directing that the following extracts of that Warrant, which are applicable to India, be published for general information:—

Whereas We have been pleased to take into Our consideration the best means of improving the condition of the Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of those Regiments and Corps of Our Army which are liable to service in all parts of the world, and also of encouraging Recruiting for Our Regiments of the Line, and whereas it has been represented to Us that this end may most effectually be attained by the grant of an increase to the existing rates of pay as fixed by Our Royal Warrant of the 1st February 1866,

Our Will and Pleasure, therefore, is, that the pay of all ranks of Non-Commissioned Officers and of the Private men of Our Regiments and Corps after-mentioned, that is to say,—

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 Foot Guards, | 6 Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment, |
| 2 Cavalry and Infantry of the Line. | 7 Cav. Depots and Depot Battalions, |
| 3 Royal Artillery, | 8 Recruiting Districts, |
| 4 Royal Engineers, | 9 Schools of Gunnery and Musketry, |
| 5 Military Train. | 10. Departmental Corps, |

be, from and after the first day of April last, increased by an addition of two pence a-day to the several rates of daily pay assigned to them by Our said Warrant,

It is Our further Will and Pleasure that, as a special inducement to Soldiers to re-enlist for a second period of service in Our Army, a further addition of one penny a day be, from and after the first day of April last, made to the pay of all men who have completed, or who shall have completed a first period of limited service, and shall now or hereafter be serving in any Corps or Regiment in Our Service, except in Colonial Corps other than the Canadian Rifles.

Given at Our Court at St. James's the Twenty-ninth day of June in the Thirty-first year of Our Reign

JOHN S. PARKINGTON.

2. With reference to the foregoing extracts from the Royal Warrant, and their applicability in their fullest extent to Her Majesty's British Troops serving in India His Excellency the Governor General in Council, under instructions from Her Majesty's Government, is pleased to publish the following revised Pay Tables for the several Arms of the Service, which are to be held to have effect from the 1st April 1867, in supersession of all previous orders on this subject.

3. In these revised Tables all permanently sanctioned existing rates of personal pay have been increased by the equivalent of two pence per diem for all ranks of Non-Commissioned Officers and men during their first period of service, at the rate of exchange of 2s. 6d. per rupee.

4. All men who are in the performance of their second period of service will receive the following monthly amounts, in addition to those allowed in the subjoined Tables.—

	Rs.	p.
For a month of 28 days	1	2 3
„ „ 29 „	1	2 11
„ „ 30 „	8	7
„ „ 31 „	1	4 3

Pay of Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of Royal Horse Artillery serving in India, after deducting 5d. per diem for Rations.

HORSE ARTILLERY.	for 28 days.		for 29 days		for 30 days		for 31 days	
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.
Sergeant Major	55	9 2	60	10 8	62	12 1	64	13 7
Quarter Master Sergeant ..	51	11 5	53	9 0	55	6 6	57	4 1
Armourer Sergeant	38	13 0	40	3 11	41	10 1	43	0 4
Sergt. Assistant Instructor of Gunnery	38	13 0	40	3 11	41	10 1	43	0 4
Orderly-room Sergeant	38	13 0	40	3 11	41	10 1	43	0 4
Hosp. Sergeant under 7 years' service	35	13 0	41	3 11	41	10 1	43	0 4
Do. after 7 do.	45	11 6	47	5 7	48	15 8	50	9 10
Trumpet-Major	38	13 0	40	3 11	41	10 1	43	0 4
Battery Sergeant-Major	51	11 5	53	9 0	55	6 6	57	4 1
Do. Quarter-Master Sergeant	51	11 5	53	9 0	55	6 6	57	4 1
Farrier Sergeant and Carriage-smith ..	44	4 7	45	13 11	47	7 2	49	0 6
Sergeants	38	13 0	40	3 11	41	10 1	43	0 4
Corporal	20	11 5	30	12 5	31	13 4	32	14 5
Shoosing and Carriage-smith	28	13 9	29	14 8	30	14 8	31	15 2
Bombardiers	27	6 10	28	6 7	29	6 2	30	5 11
Trumpeter (on Bombardier's pay)	27	6 10	28	6 7	29	6 2	30	5 11
Ditto (on Gunner's pay)	17	6 10	18	0 10	18	10 0	19	4 9
Collar Maker and Wheeler	28	0 0	28	14 11	27	13 8	28	12 7
Gunners	17	6 10	18	0 10	18	10 9	19	4 9
Drivers	15	2 4	15	11 0	16	8 7	16	12 3

NON-EFFECTIVE STAFF

For a division of Artillery.—Serjeant-Major, Quarter-Master Serjeant, Hospital-Serjeant, one shilling a-day, or Rupees 14-14-6, for any month if the appointments are held by Serjeants; and 6d. a-day, or Rupees 7-7-3, for any month if the appointments are held by Staff Serjeants.

For Brigade Head-Quarters.—Serjeant Assistant Instructors of Gunnery, Orderly-Room Serjeant, one shilling a-day or Rupees 14-14-6, for any month, in addition to pay of rank. Librarian, Rupees 8 per mensem.

For each Battery.

Per mensem.				Per mensem.				
Rs. s. p.				Rs. s. p.				
Acting Conductor of Stores (on Field Service only)...	15	0	0	Savings Banks Clerk....		5	0	0
Rough Rider	7	8	0	School Master Serjt. ..	B.	10	0	0
Pay-Serjeant	7	0	0	School Mistress	C.	6	0	0
Hospital-Serjeant	A.	7	8			10	0	0

A.—Pay for broken periods of a month to be calculated at 4 annas per diem.

B.—The lower rate of pay only is admissible when the number of each attending School is less than 25, and the higher rate when the number exceeds or equals 25.

C.—The lower rate of pay only is admissible if under 15 children attend school, or are qualified to learn sewing, and the higher if above 15 attend school, or are qualified to learn sewing.

NOTE.—A non-effective Hospital Serjeant is only allowed for one or more Batteries detached at Stations not the Head-quarters of a Brigade.

Pay of Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of Royal Artillery serving in India after deducting 5L. per diem for Rations.

GRADES.	For 26 days			For 29 days			For 30 days			For 31 days			
	Rs.	s.	p.	Rs.	s.	p.	Rs.	s.	p.	Rs.	s.	p.	
Sergeant Major	56	4	7	58	4	6	60	4	11	62	5	1	
Quarter Master Sergeant	49	6	10	51	3	2	52	15	1	54	11	7	
Armourer Sergeant	38	9	2	37	14	1	39	2	11	40	7	10	
Serjt. Ast. Instructors of Gunnery	38	9	2	37	14	1	39	2	11	40	7	10	
Orderly-room Sergeant	36	9	2	37	14	1	39	2	11	40	7	10	
Hospital Serjt. under 7 years' service	38	9	2	37	14	1	39	2	11	40	7	10	
Hospital Serjt. after 7 years' service.	43	6	11	41	16	9	46	8	6	48	1	4	
Trumpet-Major	36	9	2	37	14	1	39	2	11	40	7	10	
Battery Serjt. Major...	40	6	10	51	3	2	52	15	4	54	11	7	
Ditto Quarter Master Serjeant...	A	49	6	10	51	3	2	52	15	4	54	11	7
Farrier Serjeant and Carriage-smith.	B	42	0	0	43	8	0	45	0	0	46	8	0
Sergeants	36	9	2	37	14	1	39	2	11	40	7	10	
Corporals	27	6	10	28	6	7	29	6	2	30	6	11	
Shoing and Carriage-smiths	B	26	9	2	27	8	4	28	7	6	29	6	8
Bombardiers	23	2	4	26	0	8	26	15	0	27	18	5	
Trumpeter (on Bombardier's pay)	25	2	4	26	0	8	26	15	0	27	18	5	
Ditto (on Gunner's pay)...	15	2	4	15	11	0	16	3	7	16	12	3	
Collar Maker and Wheeler	B	23	11	5	21	0	0	23	6	6	26	4	1
Gunners	15	2	4	15	11	0	16	3	7	16	12	3	
Drivers	B	15	2	4	15	11	0	16	3	7	16	12	3

NON-EFFECTIVE STAFF.

For a division of Artillery.—Serjeant-Major, Quarter-Master Serjeant, Hospital-Serjeant, one shilling a-day, or Rupees 14-14-6, for any month if the appointments are held by Serjeants; and 6d. a-day, or Rs. 7-7-3, for any month if the appointments are held by Staff Serjeants.

For Brigade Head-Quarters.—Serjeant Assistant Instructors of Gunnery, Orderly-Room Serjeant, one shilling a-day, or Rupees 14-14-6, for any month, in addition to pay of rank. Librarian, Rupees 8 per mensem.

A.—Not allowed in Garrison Batteries.

B.—These grades are not allowed in Heavy Field and Garrison Batteries.

For Light Field Batteries.

	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Acting Conductor of Stores (on Field Service only) ..	15 0 0	Savings' Banks Clerk.....	5 0 0
Rough Rider ..	7 8 0	School Master Sergeant ..	D 10 0 0
Pay-Sergeant.....	7 0 0	School Mistress ..	E 6 0 0
Hospital Sergeant.....	0 7 8 0		10 0 0

For Heavy Field Batteries.

	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Acting Conductor of Stores (on Field Service only) ..	15 0 0	School Master, Sergeant ..	D 10 0 0
Cartle-Sergeant ..	20 0 0	School Mistress ..	E 6 0 0
Pay-Sergeant and Savings' Banks Clerk in one person	7 0 0		10 0 0

For Garrison Batteries.

	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Pay Sergeant and Savings' Banks clerk in one person.	7 0 0	School Mistress ..	E 0 0 0
School Master Sergeant ..	D 10 0 0		10 0 0
	15 0 0		

C—Pay for broken periods of a month is to be calculated at 4 annas per diem.

D.—The lower rate of pay only is admissible when the number of men attend School is less than 25, and the higher rate when the number exceeds or equals 25.

E.—The lower rate of pay only is admissible if under 10 children attend school, or 6 qualified to learn sewing, and the higher rate if above 10 attend school, or 10 qualified to learn sewing.

Note.—A non-effective Hospital Sergeant is only allowed for one or more Batteries detached at Stations not the Head quarters of a Division.

Note.—The allowance for school for Heavy Field and Garrison Batteries is authorised only when such Batteries are detached or when the men or children cannot attend the school of any other Battery of European Regiment at the Station.

Pay of Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of British Cavalry serving in India, after deducting 6d per diem for Rations.

GRADES.	For 28 days.	For 29 days.	For 30 days.	For 31 days.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Regt Sergeant Major ...	50 8 10	52 8 7	53 14 2	55 8 10
Band-Master Sergeant ...	50 8 10	52 8 7	53 14 2	55 8 10
Quarter Master Sergeant ...	41 11 7	45 6 2	47 14 6	49 8 3
Troop Sergeant Major ...	12 3 1	43 10 6	45 2 0	46 9 6
Serjt. Instructor of Musketry ...	39 0 5	40 6 4	41 12 1	43 2 0
Pay-master Serjt. under 3 years' service...	20 2 7	30 2 2	31 1 6	32 1 0
Ditto after ditto	36 0 4	37 3 10	38 7 2	39 10 6
Orderly-room Clerk, under ditto	19 2 7	30 2 2	31 1 6	32 1 0
Ditto after ditto	36 0 4	37 3 10	38 7 2	39 10 6
Hospital Serjt. under 7 years' service...	33 11 6	34 13 11	35 15 11	37 2 0
Ditto after ditto	40 9 6	41 15 6	43 5 5	44 11 5
Saddler-Sergeant...	20 2 7	30 2 2	31 1 6	32 1 0
Farrier-Major ...	48 0 0	19 11 6	51 6 10	53 2 4
Farriers ...	32 0 0	33 2 4	34 4 7	35 6 10
Trumpet-Major, ...	29 2 7	30 2 2	31 1 6	32 1 0
Sergeants ...	29 2 7	30 2 2	31 1 6	32 1 0
Trumpeters ...	17 12 7	19 5 9	18 14 10	19 7 11
Corporals ...	20 0 7	20 11 4	21 6 0	22 0 9
Privates ..	15 9 6	16 1 10	16 10 1	17 2 5

A—Not allowed to Lancer Regiments.

NON-EFFECTIVE STAFF.

	Per mensem.				Per mensem.		
	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.
Drill-Sergeant	14	0	0	Trained School Mis- } As laid down in			
Drill-Corporal	7	0	0	tress. } G. O. P. O.			
Savings' Banks Clerk	B. 8	0	0	Assistant School Mas- } No. 303, of 7th			
Pay-Sergeant	7	0	0	ter. } March 1858.			
Rough Riders	C. 15	10	0	Librarian	8	0	0
Cook-Sergeant	7	8	0				

B.—If the number of depots are 100 and under 150, Rupees 10, if 150 and under 200 Rupees 15, and if 200 or upwards Rupees 20.

C.—Allowance per Regiment

Pay of Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of British Infantry serving in India after deducting 54 p. per diem for Rations.

GRADDS.	For 28 days.		For 29 days.		For 30 days.		For 31 days.	
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.
Sergeant Major	14	5	0	14	5	0	15	5
Band Master Sergeant	10	3	5	10	3	5	11	3
Quarter Master Sergeant	11	2	11	11	2	11	12	2
Sergeant Instructor of Musketry	30	0	5	30	0	5	31	0
Pay Master Sergeant under 13 years' service	25	5	0	25	5	0	27	1
Ditto after ditto	12	2	9	12	2	9	13	2
Orderly-room Clerk under 7 years' service	5	5	0	5	5	0	6	3
Ditto after ditto	32	2	9	32	2	9	33	4
Hospital Sergeant under 7 years' service	32	2	9	32	2	9	33	4
Ditto after ditto	39	0	10	39	0	10	41	12
Color Sergeants	12	2	9	12	2	9	13	4
Sergeants	25	5	0	25	5	0	27	1
Drum-Major	15	5	0	15	5	0	17	1
Drummers	14	8	0	14	8	0	15	8
Corporals	16	15	10	16	15	10	17	15
Privates	11	2	1	11	2	1	12	4

NON-EFFECTIVE STAFF.

	Per mensem.				Per mensem.		
	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.
Drill-Sergeant	14			Cook-Sergeant	7	8	0
Drill-Corporal	7			Trained School Mis- } As laid down in			
Sergeant Assistant Instructor of Musketry	7	8		tress. } G. O. P. O.			
Savings' Banks Clerk	A. 8	0		Assistant School Mas- } No. 303 of 7th			
Pay-Sergeant	7	0		ter. } March 1858.			
				Librarian	8	0	0

A.—If the number of depots are 100 and under 150, Rupees 10, if 150 and under 200 Rupees 15, and if 200 or upwards Rupees 20.

Pay of Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of Royal Engineers serving in India after deducting 54 p. per diem for Rations.

GRADDS.	For 28 days.		For 29 days.		For 30 days.		For 31 days.	
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.
Sergeant-Major	61	4	7	61	8	2	62	11
Quarter Master Sergeant	55	6	10	57	6	7	59	6
Color-Sergeants	44	0	0	45	9	2	47	3
Sergeants	37	2	4	38	7	7	39	12
Corporals	18	0	0	20	0	0	21	0
Second Corporals	31	11	5	24	9	0	25	6
Buglers	14	4	7	14	12	9	15	4
Sappers	14	4	7	14	13	9	15	4

NOTE.—Staff allowances to Savings' Banks Clerk and Librarian, as in the Infantry Corps.

H. W. NORMAN, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India.

(Issued as a special Army Circular on 6th August 1867.)

General Instruction no.

"All ranks of Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of the Regiments and Corps specified in the Warrant of 29th June 1867 (as detailed in the tables of pay for those Corps laid down in the Royal Warrant of the 3rd February 1866) are entitled to the additional pay granted under the said Warrant, with the following exceptions —

Army School Masters.

Boys under 15 years of age, and drawing pay at 10d a day only

"3 Civilian Armourers and Assistant Armourers employed under the Military Store Department are not entitled to the advantages of the Warrant

"3 Military Staff Clerks are only entitled to the advantages of the Warrant if they are in receipt of regimental pay, but no increase to their pay as Clerks is admissible

"4 The Departmental Corps referred to in the Warrant are the—

Army Hospital Corps	Military Store Staff Corps.
Communicable Staff Corps.	Corps of Armourer Sergeants.

"5 The grant of the additional penny a day on re-engagement is admissible for Soldiers who enlisted for unlimited service prior to the passing of the Army Service Act of 1847, provided that they have served continuously, and have completed the following periods of approved service towards discharge, namely —

1. 10 years Artillery, Engineers, Cavalry,
10 years Infantry

"6 Soldiers who enlisted for unlimited service, but have taken their discharge, and have subsequently enlisted under the Army Service Act of 1847, will not be entitled to the additional penny a day until they can claim it in virtue of a re-engagement to complete 21 or 24 years' service under the Army Service Act of 1847, or the Army Enlistment Act of 1867

"7 Soldiers enlisted under the Army Service Act of 1867, who have taken their discharge on the completion of their first term of service, and re-engaged within one year of such discharge to complete a total period of 21 or 24 years' service, are entitled to the additional penny a day

"8 Soldiers who have purchased their discharge, or who have obtained a free discharge before the completion of their first term of service cannot, on subsequently enlisting, claim their former service towards the grant of the additional penny a day, but will be entitled to claim the additional penny a day on re-engaging at the proper time to complete a total period of 21 years' service

"9 Soldiers who having re-engaged to complete a total period of 21 years, take their discharge before the completion of such period, and subsequently re-enter the Army, will not reckon their former service, and will have no claim to resume the additional penny a day which they were in receipt of under their former re-engagement.

"10 The additional penny a day granted to men who have re-engaged for a second period of service since 1st April 1867, or who shall hereafter so re-engage is payable from the date on which they severally have engaged or shall engage to complete a total period of 21 years' service. Men serving on the 1st April 1867, who on that date had already re-engaged to complete a total period of 21 years' service, will receive the additional penny from the 1st April."

The provisions of this order is also of Government General Order No 1095 of the 1st instant are to be considered equally applicable to European Soldiers of the Indian Army, whether serving with Corps or on the unattached list, and to all men in Departmental employ, who are in receipt of regimental pay.

Retirement of Veterinary Surgeons

The following Despatch from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 272, dated 30th September 1867, is published for general information —

Military.

No 272.

India Office,

London, 30th September 1867.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council

SIR,—I have considered in Council your letter dated the 2nd of July last, No 164, regarding the retirement of Veterinary Surgeons of the Indian Service, who have attained a certain age, on a plan similar to that provided by the Royal Warrant of the 1st of July 1859, for Veterinary Surgeons of the British Troops, and I approve of your proposition that Officers of that grade, now in the Indian Service, who have attained the age of 55, should be called upon to retire within a period of five years unless, in the mean time, they attain the rank of Staff Veterinary Surgeon.

Revised scale of Salaries for the Medical Service.

The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 4th April 1867,
No 370, is published —

In continuation of Government General Order No 1030 of 23rd December 1864, and in accordance with instructions received from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to lay down the following revised scale of consolidated salaries for Officers of His Majesty's Indian Medical Service

2 The number of Medical Officers allowed for each Presidency town with its immediate suburbs, and the allotment of duties amongst them, are based on the recommendations of the Commission appointed to take this subject into consideration; but it will be open to the local Governments to modify the proposed allotment of duties in such manner as from time to time may seem most desirable, with reference to the convenience of the service, provided the prescribed number of Officers and the aggregate of salaries is not exceeded.

3 The appointments of Presidency Surgeons in Calcutta will eventually cease to exist, the duties being performed by the several Medical Officers holding appointments in the Presidency who are not debarred from private practice. These Officers will be required to attend those servants of Government entitled to Gratuitous aid, who may seek their services, and also to serve in rotation as Members of Standing and other Medical Committees.

4. Present incumbents of these or other appointments which it is proposed to abolish or absorb, will not necessarily be affected at present, and during the gradual introduction of the new arrangements, the cases of any Medical Officers who are unable to take up the whole of the duties assigned to them, will be individually and specially considered.

5. Officers holding the appointments marginally noted are barred from private practice.

This rule will not, however, be enforced in the case of any present incumbents who may have received authoritative permission to engage in such practice.

6. Medical Officers holding appointments at the Presidency, and not provided with public quarters, will be granted Presidency house-rent according to relative rank, and on the scale granted to Officers of the Staff Corps holding appointments at the Presidency towns.

The grant of Presidency house rent is limited, however, to salaries not exceeding Rs 1,400 per mensem.

7 The allotment of Civil Stations and Residency charges to their respective classes will be notified her after

8 In order to render this scale of Indian Medical salaries more complete, the salaries of the administrative appointments and regimental charges already provided for in Government General Orders No 1060 of 1884 and No 901 of 1886, have been included.

9 Officers of the Indian Medical Service will be on the same footing as Military Staff Officers as regards pay and allowances to be drawn while absent on leave,—the pay if their rank as laid down in paragraph 29 of Government General Order No 1060 of 23rd December 1901, being in all cases taken as the basis of the calculation of the moiety due to the absentee and to the Officer officiating,—present incumbents being allowed the privilege of receiving, during such absence, either the allowance thus due to them under the Military Regulations under the revised scale of Regimental pay and Staff salary, or that to which they would have been entitled under the old scale both of pay and Staff allowance.

10 The scale of salaries now sanctioned will be brought into operation from the 13th of November 1866, the date of the receipt of the instructions of the Right Honorable the Secretary of State, and be made to apply in all cases where there is no reduction in the present aggregate salary.

11 Present incumbents whether drawing the old regimental rate of pay with, or the new regimental rates of pay with or without Staff salary, will have the option of retaining such rates, if more beneficial than those now ordered, except in cases where the salaries have been specially fixed, pending the revision now brought into effect:—

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

APPOINTMENTS	RESIDENCES	SALARIES			
		Surgeon Major	Surgeon	Asst Surgeon above 5 years	Asst Surgeon under 5 years
Inspector General	Bengal		Rs 2 700		..
Ditto ditto	N W Prov		Rs 2 500		
Ditto ditto	Madras		Rs 2,500		
Ditto ditto	Bombay		Rs 2 500		
Deputy Inspector General	All Presidencies		Rs 1,800		
Secretary to the Inspector General	Bengal	1,400	1,200	1,000	850
Secretary and Statistical Officer to the Inspector General	Madras	1,400	1,200	1,000	850
Ditto ditto	Bombay	1 10	1 00	1,000	8 0
Statistical Officer to the Inspector General	Bengal	1,200	1 000	800	700
Secretary to the Sanitary Commissioner	Bombay	1,400	1,200	1,000	8 0
Ditto ditto	Madras	1,200	1,000	800	700
Ditto ditto	Bombay	1,200	1,000	800	700

MILITARY APPOINTMENTS

Principal Medical Store-keeper and Professor of Materia Medica in the Medical College	Bengal	1,400	1,200		
Ditto ditto	Madras	1,250	1,050	850	700
Ditto ditto	Bombay	1,200	1,000	800	700
Garrison Surgeon, Fort William	Bengal	1 2 0			..
Ditto ditto Allahabad		1,200	1,000		
Garrison Surgeons at other stations	All Presidencies	1,000	800	600	500
Garrison Assistant Surgeons when in substantive charge	"			650	500
Garrison Assistant Surgeons when under a Surgeon	"			600	450
Staff Surgeon and Medical Storekeeper	"	1,200	1,000	800	600
Medical charge of a Native Regiment, with Horse allowance in Cavalry Regiments of Rs 90 for a Surgeon Major or Surgeon and Rs 60 for an Assistant Surgeon	"	1,000	800	600	450
Charge of a Stud Depot or Remount Agency when a substantive charge	"				
Examiner of Medical Accounts	"				
Surgeon to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India with Medical charge of Head Quarters Staff and Establishments					
					Rs 1,000

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS

Principal of Medical College, Professor of Medicine and 1st Physician of College Hospital	Bengal	Rs 1,800
Principal of Medical College, Professor of Medicine, and Physician to General Hospital	Madras	Rs 1,600
Principal of Medical College, Professor of Medicine and Physician Jangsetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital	Bombay	Rs 1,000

Civil Appointments—continued.

APPOINTMENTS.	Presidencies	SALARIES			
		Surgeon Major	Surgeon	Asst. Sur above 5 years	Asst. Sur un der 5 years
Full Professorships in Medical Colleges with conjoint Presidency duties, viz. —					
Second Physician College Hospital, Profes- sor of Medical Jurisprudence, Surgeon to the Mint and Customs	Bengal ...	1,350	1,050	850	700
Senior Surgeon College Hospital, Professor of Surgery	" ..	1,250	1,050	850	700
Second Surgeon College Hospital and Pro- fessor of Anatomy	" ..	1,250	1,050	850	700
Ophthalmic Surgeon, Marine Surgeon, and Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery ...	" ..	1,250	1,050	850	700
Obstetric Physician, Professor of Midwifery, and Superintendent of Vaccination ..	" ...	1,250	1,050	850	700
Chemical Examiner and Professor of Che- mistry	" ...	1,250	1,050	850	700
Surgeon of the General Hospital and Pro- fessor of Surgery in the Medical College.	Madras ..	1,250	1,050	850	700
Fort Surgeon, with Port and Marine duties, and Professor of Anatomy in the Medical College	" ..	1,350	1,050	850	700
Ophthalmic Surgeon, Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery and Physiology	" ...	1,250	1,050	850	700
Superintendent of Lying-in-Hospital, Pro- fessor of Midwifery, and Surgeon to the Penitentiary	" ...	1,250	1,050	850	700
Second Physician to Jamssetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital and Professor of Physiology in Medical College	Bombay ...	1,250	1,050	850	700
Senior Surgeon to Jamssetjee Jejeebhoy Hos- pital, with Medical charge of Hyacinth Schools, and Professor of Surgery in the Medical College	" ..	1,250	1,050	850	700
Second Surgeon to Jamssetjee Jejeebhoy Hos- pital, Surgeon to the Coroner, and Profes- sor of Anatomy	" ...	1,250	1,050	850	700
Chemical Analyzer to Government and Pro- fessor of Chemistry	" ...	1,250	1,050	850	700
Oculist, Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery, with Medical charge of the Jail and House of Correction	" ...	1,250	1,050	850	700
Minor Professorships, viz. Botany, Hygiene, Dental Surgery, Medical Jurisprudence, and Comparative Anatomy. Provided the aggregate salary of the officers holding the post as an extra charge does not exceed that of a full Professorship with attached duties	All Presides.	Rs. 200 Staff salary.			
Resident Physician College Hospital, and Professor of Pathology	Bengal ...	...	...	Rs. 800	
Resident Surgeon College Hospital and Pro- fessor of Physiology ... ..	" ..	...	...	Rs. 800	
Surgeon of the General Hospital	" ...	1,250	1,050	...	...
Ditto ditto ditto	Bombay	1,250	1,050	...	...

Civil Appointments—continued.

APPOINTMENTS	Provincies	SALARIES			
		Surgeon Major	surgeon	Asst. Surg. above 5 years	Asst. Surg. under 5 years
Senior Assistant Surgeon General Hospital, with attached duties...	Bengal	...	...	Rs 900	
Junior ditto ditto	"	...	...	Rs. 800	
Asst. Surgeon General Hospital, in charge of out-patients, and Professor of Pathology, Medical College ..	Madras	...	...	Rs. 800	
Assistant Surgeon General Hospital and Professor of Pathology in the Medical College ..	Bombay	...	...	Rs 800	
Principal Lahore Medical School and Professor of Surgery and Medicine	Bengal	1,400	1,200	...	...
Professor of Chemistry and Botany in Lahore Medical School, and Chemical Examiner, Punjab ..	"	1,250	1,050	850	700
Chemical Examiner, N. W. Provinces	"	1,050	850	650	500
District Surgeons with attached duties, viz —					
1st District.—Inspector of Emigrants, Surgeon to Native Infirmary, Leprosy Hospital, Idiot Asylum, and Black Town Dispensary	Madras	1,050	850	650	500
2nd District.—Surgeon to Female Orphan & Lunatic Asylums, Gunpowder and Gun-Carriage Factories, and Vepsey Dispensary	"	1,050	850	650	500
3rd District.—Surgeon to Male Orphan Asylum and Chintardupet Dispensary	"	1,050	850	650	500
4th District.—With charge of Triplican Dispensary ..	"	1,050	850	650	500
Presidency Surgeons with Professorships and attached duties, viz —					
1st Presidency Surgeon and Professor of Medical Jurisprudence	Bombay	1,050	850	650	500
2nd Presidency Surgeon and Professor of Midwifery ..	"	1,050	850	650	500
3rd Presidency Surgeon Garrison and Marine Surgeon with charge of Officers's Hospital.	"	1,050	850	650	500
Medical Superintendent at Aden	"	Rs 1,200			
" " at Port Blair.	Madras	Rs 1,200			
Surgeon of the Lunatic Asylum ..	Bombay	10,50	850	650	500
Surgeon to the Viceroy and Governor General ..	Bengal	Rs 1,200			
" to the Governor with Medical charge of the Body Guard ..	Madras	Rs 1,000			
" to the Governor with Medical charge of the Body Guard ..	Bombay	Rs. 1,000			
Superintendents General of Vaccination ..	All Presidcy.	1,250	1,050	850	700
Superintendents of Vaccination ..	"	950	750	550	400
Medical charge of 1st class Civil Stations, with an extra allowance for charge of Lunatic Asylums, Colleges, or Administrative charge of Jails, which will be fixed in the Civil Department ..	"	1,050	850	650	500
Medical charge of 2nd Class do. do. do	"	950	750	550	400
Residency Surgeons ..	"	* 1st and 2nd class Civil Surgeons			

Civil Appointment:—continued.

APPOINTMENT	PREVIDENCES	SALARIES
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Allowances for additional charges.

In cases where no portion of the Staff salaries of the absentee is available.

Medical charge of an extra Native Regiment	All Presides	Rs. 100
Medical charge of an extra Wing of a Native Regiment or of a detachment consisting numerically of not less than a Wing	"	75
Medical charge of a Civil Station by a Regimental Medical Officer, or of Regiment by a Civil Surgeon, in addition to his own duty	"	100

Allowances for Extra charges.

Payable wholly to the Officer in actual performance of the duty.

Medical charge of a Store Depot	All Presides	Rs. 100
Medical charge of a Stud Depot	"	50
Medical charge of Divisional Staff, at Stations where there is no "Garrison Surgeon," or "Garrison Assistant Surgeon," or "Staff Surgeon and Medical Store-keeper"	"	100
Medical charge of Brigade or Station Staff,	"	30
Medical charge of a Lock Hospital, 1st class	"	100
" " " 2nd class	"	50

Consolidated Salaries for Medical Officers

Read the unmentioned papers —

Notification No 2294 issued from this Department on the 35th April 1867, publishing a General Order of the Military Department, No 470, of the 4th idem, prescribing a scale of consolidated salaries for Medical Officers.

Letter from the Controller General of Accounts, No 243 dated the 6th June 1867, suggesting, with reference to the above "that the pay of Civil Assistant Surgeons should during transfer from one appointment to another, be charged to the Civil Department."

Letter from the Deputy Accountant General, Bengal, No 753, dated the 27th June 1867 inquiring whether during the journey of a Medical Officer from one civil appointment to another, his allowances should be treated as a civil charge and so limited to the amount of the unattached pay of his rank "or be regulated by the salary attached to the station in which he has last served

Endorsement from the Military Department, No 322, dated the 12th ultimo, forwarding a copy of correspondence regarding an inquiry whether the allowances of a Medical Officer in civil employ should be debited to the Civil or the Military Departments during his absence on leave, or while he is in transit from one civil appointment to another

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council observes that, under the orders of the 4th and 25th April 1857 mentioned above, the salaries of Military Medical Officers in medical charge of Civil Stations are consolidated, and is accordingly pleased to rule that in common with Military and other Medical Officers in civil employ on consolidated salaries they shall, during periods of transit from one civil appointment to another which are to be limited by the civil rules for joining time, draw the salary of the lower paid appointments of the two, and that such salary as well as the allowances admissible to these Officers during absence on leave, shall be disbursed in and charged to the Civil Department.

No.	NAMES	% of Appt. (Amount of P. Vile)	Length of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Artific. Re. (Mdn. in P. Vile)	Enrolments	How Employed.
HMC 1	Samuel Mansfield, C.S.I.	1834 15 Jan. 1835	32 11 17	7 Oct. 1834	30 3 18 23	Rs. 5,333 5 4	Fourth Member of Council. Took his seat 14th May 1867.
HM 2	John William Hadow...	1836 8 Jan. 1837	31 5 22	20 Aug. 1836	27 9 5 29	Rs. 3,500 0 0	Revenue and Police Commissioner S.D., 14th January 1867, priv. leave for three months 1st Dec.)
SPHAM 3	Arthur St. John Richardson.	1837 18 Jan. 1837	30 3 17	3 Oct. 1837	25 10 20	Rs. 2,333 5 4	Judge and Session Judge of Ahmednuggur, 31st March 1863, (on Medical Certificate for 15 months from 4th May 1867.)
HM 4	Arnold David Robertson.	1841 28 July 1841	25 5 8	12 Dec. 1841	21 9 15 11	Rs. 3,000 0 0	Comr. of Customs, Salt and Opium, and Reporter General of External Commerce, 22nd April 1865.
HM 5	The Honorable Angus Brooke Warden.	1842 21 July 1842	24 11 4	12 Oct. 1842	21 8 26 12	Rs. 3,750 0 0	Judge of the High Court of Judicature, 8th December 1865.
HM 6	The Honorable Fortunate Bellens.	1842 27 " 1842	24 11 4	14 Feb. 1843	17 10 20 13	Rs. 2,500 0 0	Collector of Bombay, Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery, 8th March 1865, (Acting Rev. and Pol. Com. S.D.)
HG 7	The Honorable Henry Paddock St. G. Tucker Barrister-at-Law.	1843 30 " 1843	24 6 1	14 Apr. 1843	19 4 19 14	Rs. 3,750 0 0	Judge of the High Court of Judicature, Bombay, 29th May 1863.
HMS 8	The Honorable Barrow Helbert Alha.	1843 26 " 1843	24 5 5	11 Dec. 1843	21 2 8 14	Rs. 5,333 5 4	Third Member of Council. Took his seat 3rd April 1865.
HM 9	The Honorable Henry Newton.	1843 26 July 1844	23 11 6	24 May 1844	30 10 14	Rs. 3,750 0 0	Judge of the High Court of Judicature, Bombay, 27th Aug. 1863
HM 10	Francis Lloyd	1844 31 July 1844	22 7 0	11 Jan. 1845	30 4 13	Rs. 2,300 0 0	Judge and Session Judge of Poona 19th February 1866, and Agent for Orders in the Deccan.
HM 11	Alexander Ronald Grant	1845 5 Feb. 1845	22 4 26	9 July 1845	19 11 20	Rs. 2,333 5 4	Judge and Session Judge, Ahmednagar, 16th May and 31st July 1866, (On Medical Certificate for 18 months, from 15th Sept. 1866.)

No.	NAME.	% of App't	Length of Service	Date of Arrival	Actual Residence in India	Date of Posting to present post	Amount of Salary	How Employed.
HM 8P 12	Alexander Rogers ..	1846	1845 6 Aug. 21 10 25	9 Nov 1845 22 Jan 1847	1845 21 8 9	9 July 1845	Rs. 3,500 0 0 TA 250 0 0 T 85 8 11	0 Revenue and Police Commissioner, N. D., 3rd and 27th April 1865.
HM 18	Leacock Reid.....	"	6 " 21 10 25	29 Dec 1-45 12 Mar. 1860	21 9 28	"	Rs. 2,353 5 4 DA 650 0 0 T 250 0 0 T 55 8 11	4 Collector and Magistrate of Dharwar, 2nd May 1865, Acting Revenue Commissioner, N. D.
M 14	Charles James Davies..	"	29 July 31 0 19	24 Nov. 1845 28 Sept. 1840	13 11 15	"	Rs. 800 0 0 TA 200 0 0 T 22 8 6	0 First Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Surat.
HM 15	Edward Philip Down..	1846	1846 14 Jan. 21 5 10	10 May 1846 12 Jan. 1864	16 8 10 12	Mar.	Rs. 2,353 5 4 TA 125 0 0 T 44 7 0	4 Collector and Magistrate of Poona, 14th May 1866, (On sick leave to Europe for 15 months from 20th April 1867)
HG 16	The Honorable James Gibbs, Barrister-at-law.	"	29 July 29 11 2	7 Dec. 1846 2 Jan. 1850	15 5 20	"	Rs. 3,750 0 0	0 Judge of the High Court of Judicature, Bombay, 14th Feb. 1866.
M 17	William Henry Havelock.	1847	1847 6 Jan. 20 5 25	27 May 18-7 30 Oct. 1865	19 5 10 14	Feb	Rs. 2,353 5 4 TA 616 10 8 TA 250 0 0 T 500 0 0	4 Collector and Magistrate of Tanjore, 14th May 1866, Acting Commissioner in Sind
HM 18	George Scott	"	6 " 20 2 25	13 Mar 1847 2 July 1851	14 9 13 14	"	Rs. 500 0 0	0 On furlough to Europe for three years, from 23rd November 1864.
HG 19	James Walker Robertson.	"	1 July 8 11 15	26 Jan. 1848 0 Feb. 1848	13 1 16 14	"	Rs. 833 5 4 AA 833 5 4	4 Collector and Magistrate, Karaikal, 25th March 1867, and Acting Collector of Tanjore, 3rd October 1867.
CLASS III, OF 12 YEARS' STANDING.								
HG 20	Lionel Robert Ashburton (S).	1847	1847 20 Dec. 19 6 11	26 Feb. 1848 14 Nov. 1860	17 10 9 9	Feb.	Rs. 833 5 4 AA 833 5 4	4 Col. and Mag. of Khandesh, 12th Mar 1862. Agent for the Hon. the Gov. for the Districts, excluded from the operation of the Regulations under Act XI. of 1846 (On sick leave to Eur. for 15 months from 9th August 1867.)

H M	21	Charles Henry Compton	1848	23 Dec. 1847	18	6	9	9	Feb. 1849	17	6	21	9 Feb. 1860	On sick leave to England for 26 weeks from 14th Dec. 1857 to 14th Jan. 1858	4	2,333	5	4	Collector and Magistrate of Ahmedabad, 21st October 1862, Acting Collector of Poona, 4th June 1867.
H M	22	James Erskine Oliphant (2)	"	23 "	10	6	8	9	Feb. 1849	18	4	28	"	Collector and Magistrate of Kuldighi, 22nd November 1861.	4	2,333	5	4	Collector and Magistrate of Kuldighi, 22nd November 1861.
H M	23	John Fredric Armstrong (2)	"	0 July 1848	18	11	25	27	Sept. 1849	15	11	16	"	Collector and Magistrate of Kanara, 24th December 1863. Also additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations only, 27th Aug. 1866.	4	2,333	5	4	Collector and Magistrate of Kanara, 24th December 1863. Also additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations only, 27th Aug. 1866.
H M	24	The Honorable Michael John Maxwell Shaw Stewart (2)	"	10 "	18	11	12	26	Jan. 1849	17	8	18	"	Collector and Magistrate of Ahmedabad, 30th April, 1863. On leave for 18 months on Medical Certificate from 29th March 1867.	4	2,333	5	4	Collector and Magistrate of Ahmedabad, 30th April, 1863. On leave for 18 months on Medical Certificate from 29th March 1867.
H M	25	William D'Oyley	"	"	18	11	12	27	Sept. 1848	17	10	25	"	Judge and Session Judge, Sattara, 21st March 1863.	4	2,333	5	4	Judge and Session Judge, Sattara, 21st March 1863.
H M	26	Robert Ferguson Macfarlane	"	1849	18	4	19	28	Dec. 1849	17	1	12	1861	On sick leave to Europe for one year from 14th May 1867.	4	833	5	4	On sick leave to Europe for one year from 14th May 1867.
H M	27	Francis Stuart Chapman (2)	"	1849	18	8	23	8	Mar. 1849	15	2	25	5 Mar. 1861	Judge and Session Judge of Khandesh, 19th February 1866.	4	2,333	5	4	Judge and Session Judge of Khandesh, 19th February 1866.
M	28	The Honorable George Augustus Hobart (2)	"	24 "	18	5	7	8	Mar. 1849	16	9	9	"	On sick leave to Europe for 26 weeks from 14th Dec. 1857 to 14th Jan. 1858	4	2,333	5	4	On sick leave to Europe for 26 weeks from 14th Dec. 1857 to 14th Jan. 1858
H M	29	Richard Whit (2)	"	15 Aug. "	17	7	6	3	Jan. 1850	15	0	10	"	Collector and Magistrate, Ruma-gueiry, 3rd May 1865.	4	2,333	5	4	Collector and Magistrate, Ruma-gueiry, 3rd May 1865.
M	30	Henry Bruce B. H. (2)	"	15 "	17	10	16	29	Dec. 1850	18	8	1	"	Judge and Session Judge of Dharwar, 19th February 1866.	4	2,333	5	4	Judge and Session Judge of Dharwar, 19th February 1866.
H M	31	Charles Forbes Hodon (2)	"	3 July 1850	16	11	15	1	Jan. 1850	18	10	11	21 June 1863	Judge and Session Judge of Surat, 20th March 1867.	4	2,333	5	4	Judge and Session Judge of Surat, 20th March 1867.
H M	32	Charles Gordon Kimball (2)	"	14 Aug. 1851	16	10	17	25	Nov. 1850	13	7	1	1863	Judge and Session Judge of Khandesh, 19th February 1866.	4	2,333	5	4	Judge and Session Judge of Khandesh, 19th February 1866.
H M	33	Robert Hill-Priestley (2)	"	14 Jan. 1851	16	5	17	3	Feb. 1851	14	10	24	23 Feb. 1863	Collector and Magistrate of Satara, 2nd April 1865.	4	2,333	5	4	Collector and Magistrate of Satara, 2nd April 1865.
H M	34	John Raynor Arthur (2)	"	15 "	16	5	16	4	May 1851	14	0	27	"	Collector and Magistrate of Satara, 2nd April 1865.	4	2,333	5	4	Collector and Magistrate of Satara, 2nd April 1865.

Nos	NAMES.	Amount of Commission of Appointment	Length of Service	Date of Arrival	Actual Revenue in India	Amount of Salary	How Employed
H M	35 Arthur Boesquet (2)...	1851 15 Jan.	16 5 10 24	Apr. 1851 9 Nov. 1864 P.	Rs. 13 7 24 23 Feb.	Rs. 2,000 0 0	Judge and Session Judge of Calcutta, 24th March 1867. Acting Judge and Session Judge of Ahmednagar, 20th May 1867.
H C	36 Edward William Renscroft (2)	"	15 7 16 25	May 1851 4 Nov. 1851 P. 1 Dec 1859 M.C. 10 Feb. 1862 M.C. without pay	Rs. 12 0 29	Rs. 325 9 0 Rs. 1,566 10 8	Acting Chief Secretary to Government 13th Nov. 1867.
H	37 Ephraïme Pourtales Robinson (2)	"	16 1 16 27	Oct. 1867 P. 23 Nov. 1851 M.C.	Rs. 10 4 17	Rs. 800 0 0	1st Asst. Collector and Magistrate of Ahmedabad, 16th Nov. 1867.
M C	38 Arthur Egypt Donoughmore Grey (2)	10 Sept.	15 9 21 25	Nov 1851 1 Mar. 1865 P.	Rs. 12 6 23	Rs. 2,333 5 4 Rs. 125 0 0 Rs. 44 7 0	Collector and Magistrate of Belgaum, 11th May 1866.
H C	39 Robert William Lodwick James Adam Gordon Fyfe (2)	"	15 8 8 23	Sept. 1851 31 Dec 1859 M.C.	Rs. 12 8 18	Rs. 500 pr. an.	On furlough to Europe, for three years, from 18th January 1865
H C	40 James Adam Gordon Fyfe (2)	1852 26 Dec.	19 6 5 23	Mar. 1852 28 Jan. 1861 M.C.	Rs. 13 7 19	Rs. 500 pr. an.	On furlough to Europe, for three years, from 14th Nov. 1866.
H C	41 William Sandwith (2)	" 14 Jan.	15 5 17 23	Mar. 1852 28 Jan. 1861 M.C.	Rs. 15 0 0	Rs. 1,200 0 0 Rs. 433 5 4	Senior Asst. Judge and Session Judge of Surat, for the detached Station of Broach, 4th March 1867.
H M	42 Theodore Trevellick Hope Barrister-at-Law (2)	1853 5 Jan.	14 5 27	June 1853 5 Oct. 1857 P.	Rs. 11 0 27 23 Feb.	Rs. 2,333 5 4 Rs. 125 0 0 Rs. 44 7 0	Actg. Judge and Session Judge of Kolledger, 20th May 1867.
C	43 Henry Yape Bruce Erskine (2)	" 5 "	14 2 28 23	Sept 1853 8 Apr. 1867 P.	Rs. 10 9 13	Rs. 1,400 0 0 Rs. 433 5 4 Rs. 125 0 0	Sub-Collector of Sholapur, from 4th October 1867. Acting Collector of Ahmednagar, 20th April 1867.
H	44 James George White (2)	1852 20 Dec.	14 3 2 23	Feb. 1853 11 Apr. 1863 M.C.	Rs. 11 1 8	Rs. 500 pr. an.	On furlough to Europe, for three years, from 14th March 1866
H	45 Foster Fitzgerald Arbuthnot (2)	" 20 Dec.	14 3 11 10	Mar. 1853 11 May 1860 M.C.	Rs. 12 0 25	Rs. 2,000 0 0	Registrar General of Assurances.

No.	NAME.	Date of Birth.	Length of Service.	Date of Appointment.	Amount of Salary.	How Employed.
657	Alex. Alfred Borradaile (2)	1855	11 9 13	10 Dec 1855 11 Feb. 1856	Rs. 1,400 0 0	Sub-Collector and Magistrate of Breach, 7th March 1856. Act as Collector and Magistrate, Ahmedabad 8th September 1857.
M 58	Charles Robertson (2)	"	11 10 23	7 Nov 1855	Rs. 500 pr an	Deputy Commissioner of Customs, Salt, and Opium, Presidency of Bombay, Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery, and Director of the Bank of Bombay.
C M 59	Gérard Norman (2)	"	10 6 24	10 Jan 1856 12 April 1856	Rs. 1,500 0 0 Rs. 450 0 0	

CLASS IV. OF 8 YEARS' STANDING.

C 60	Francis Dawes Melville (2)	1840	31 Dec	11 6 0	22 Feb 1856	11 4 8	21 Feb. 1856	Rs. 1,200 0 0	Acting Judge of Ahmedabad.
M 61	William Maynor S. Innes (2)	"	31 "	11 6 0	22 Feb 1856	8 2 3	"	Rs. 800 0 0	First Assistant Collector and Magistrate, Belgium. Act as Sub-Collector and Magistrate, Colaba, 14th November 1856.
M 62	Edward Hope (2)	"	27 "	11 6 4	22 Feb. 1856	10 8 7	"	Rs. 500 0 0	On furlough for three years.
M 63	Archibald Lockhart (2)	"	1 Jan. 1856	10 7 4	"	9 10 29	"	Rs. 500 0 0	Senior Assistant Judge and Session Judge of Ahmedabad for the detached Station of Kara, 18th April 1856.
M 64	Arthur Ramsay Macdonald (2)	"	8 Feb.	11 4 23	22nd May 1856	10 7 10	"	Rs. 416 10 8	On furlough for 3 years from 14th February 1857.
C M 65	William Henry Probert (2)	"	7 Aug.	10 2 20	6th Nov. 1856	10 0 28	"	Rs. 800 0 0	Extra First Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kara, for Panch Mahals, 17th May 1856, and Collector of Stamp Revenue, 8th August 1856.

No.	NAME.	% Amount of Salary.	Length of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Comm. d.	Amount of Salary.	How Employed.
H M 82	John MacFarlan (2)	1857, 15 Oct.	9 8 10 21	Dec 1857	9 6 11	800 0 0	Extra First Assistant Collector and Magistrate of Ahmednuggur 27th Nov 1858
H M 83	George Waddington (2)	" 3 Nov.	9 7 28 31	Dec. 1857	9 6 11	200 0 0	First Assistant Collector 4th June 1867
H M 84	Arthur Hume Esq (2)	" 7 Sept	9 9 24 22	Oct. 1857	9 8 9	200 0 0	First Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Surat.
H M 85	Andrews William Esq (2)	1858 10 Feb.	8 7 24 16	Mar. 1858	8 6 18 24	800 0 0	First Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Poona 4th June 1867.
H M 86	Francis Robert Esq (2)	1857 19 Dec	8 7 5 11	Nov. 1858	8 7 5	200 0 0	First Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Candesh, 4th June 1867.
H C 87	Charles Bradley Esq. (2)	" 9 "	9 0 22 24	Jan 1858	8 11 7	550 0 0	First Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Candesh, 4th June 1867.
M 88	Nugent Murray Whitmore Esq (2)	1858 5 Feb.	8 10 20 20	Mar. 1859	7 8 15	700 0 0	Assistant Judge and Session Judge of Poona, 19th Feb 1858
H M 89	James Hunter (1)	" 15 Dec	8 0 16 16	Mar 1858	5 7 11	200 0 0	Senior Assistant Judge and Session Judge of the Konkan, for the detached station of Rutnegher, 7th May 1867. Acting Registrar, Appellate Side High Court, 18th March 1867.
H M C 90	Herbert Mills Esq (2)	1858 24 Dec	8 6 7 26	Jan 1859	18 5 5 23	1,200 0 0	Under-Secretary to Government in the Judicial and Political Department, 28th May 1861.
H M 91	William Wedderburn Esq (2)	1860 2 Oct	6 9 0 25	Nov 1860	6 7 6 10	1,250 0 0	Joint Judge and Session Judge, Rutnegher, 22nd May 1866
H M 92	Clarence Borell Esq (2)	" 19 Sept.	6 9 0 12	"	6 7 6	1,800 0 0	

CLASS IV. OF 4 YEARS' STANDING.

H M 93	William Wedderburn Esq (2)	1860 2 Oct	6 9 0 25	Nov 1860	6 7 6 10	1,250 0 0	Under-Secretary to Government in the Judicial and Political Department, 28th May 1861.
H M 94	Clarence Borell Esq (2)	" 19 Sept.	6 9 0 12	"	6 7 6	1,800 0 0	Joint Judge and Session Judge, Rutnegher, 22nd May 1866

H M 98	George Morison Macpherson, M. A. (2)	"	10 Aug. 1860	6 10 21	10 Oct. 1860	6 8 22	10 Oct. 1861	DA 2,000 0 0	0	Judge of the Small Cause Court, Kurrachee, 7th May 1867.
H C 94	Joshua King, M. A. (2)	"	"	6 10 21 26	"	6 8 6	"	TA 300 0 0	0	Acting Judge and Session Judge, Kurrachee, 27th March 1867.
H M 95	Edgar Hutchinson Little, B. A. (2)	"	"	6 10 21	"	6 8 6	"	TA 200 0 0	0	First Assistant Collector of Dharwar, from November 1867.
H C 96	Arthur C. Trevor (2)	1861	1861 28 Aug.	5 10 8 28	Oct. 1861	5 8 4 28	Oct. 1861	TA 200 0 0	0	Second Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Satara, 21st June 1867.
H M 97	Francis Thelwall (2)	"	"	5 10 9	"	5 4 4	"	TA 200 0 0	0	First Assistant Collector, Tanana.
H C 98	Theodore Henry Stewart (2)	1863	1862 17 Sept.	4 10 14 28	Oct. 1862	4 8 4 28	Oct. 1862	TA 200 0 0	0	Second Assistant Collector and Magistrate of Kulladghes Acting First Assistant Collector Kulladghes, 21st June 1867.
H M 99	William Eury Mulock (2)	"	8 Oct.	4 5 23 28	Nov. 1862	4 7 80	"	TA 200 0 0	0	Second Assistant Collector and Magistrate, Ahmedabad. Acting First Assistant Collector and Magistrate of Kara, 10th July 1867.
H C 100	James Richard Naylor (2)	"	20 Aug.	4 10 11 28	Oct. 1862	4 3 4	"	TA 200 0 0	0	Second Assistant Collector and Magistrate Khandesh, 7th March 1866, Acting 1st Assistant Surat.
H M 101	Bertie Howard Phillips (2)	"	5 Sept.	4 9 26 28	"	4 8 4	"	TA 200 0 0	0	Assistant Judge and Session Judge, Dharwar, Acting Senior Assistant Judge, Bulgherry, 7th July 1867.
H M 102	George Hickman Johns, B. A. (2)	1863	7 Oct.	3 8 24 10	Nov. 1863	3 7 1 10	Nov. 1863	TA 400 0 0	0	Assistant Judge and Session Judge, of Ahmedabad, Acting Senior Assistant Judge of Surat, for the detached station of Broach, 27th June 1867.
H M 103	George Herbert Dashwood Wilson (2)	"	7 Aug. 1863	3 10 24 28	Nov. 1863	3 5 10	Nov. 1863	TA 160 0 0	0	Second Assistant Collector and Magistrate of Tannah, 3rd September 1863. On sick leave for 1st Nov.
								TA 11 1 9	1865.	Second Assistant Collector and Magistrate of Satara, 19th July 1865.

No.	NAMES	Length of Service	Date of Birth	Kind of Service	Rate of Pay	Amount of Salary	Length of Service	Amount of Salary	Remarks
M H 104	William Albert East, B.A. (L.)	10 "	3 10 21 26 Nov. 1863	"	5 8 5 10 Nov. 187	Rs 550 0 0	0	0	Second Asst. Collector and Magistrate Poona, 4th June 1867.
G H 105	Mathew Henry Scott (L.) (J. D.)	6 "	3 10 25 10 Dec. 1863	"	5 6 16 "	Rs 400 0 0	0	0	Third Asst. Collector and Magistrate, Surat, 8th July 1865. Act. 100 Third Asst. at Kara.
106	Joseph Eugene Andrieux	31 Oct.	2 7 0 4 April 1864	"	1 10 5 "	Rs 200 0 0	0	0	On sick leave for three years, and three months from 29th October 1864.
G H 107	Williamby Woodward, B.A. (S)	14 Sept.	3 9 17 26 Nov. 1863	"	3 1 5 "	Rs 550 0 0	0	0	Second Assistant Collector, Kaira, 29th April 1867.
H G 108	Arthur Charley Watt (3)	28 "	3 9 3 "	"	3 1 5 "	Rs 700 0 0	0	0	Assistant Judge and Session Judge of Sarat, Acting Asst. Judge, Poona, 19th Feb. 1865, and Acting Asst. Agent for Sardars in the Deccan.

CLASS VI. OF 4 YEARS STANDING.

G H 109	Satyendra Nath Tagore (S)	1864 30 July	2 11 0 12 Dec 1864	"	2 6 20 12 Oct. 1864	Rs 400 0 0	0	0	Super. 8rd Asst. Col. and Mag. Ahmedabad, 21st Nov. 1865. On leave on medical certificate from 18th Oct 1867.
H M 110	Andrew Lyon (J.D.) (3)	2 Sept.	2 9 28 12 Oct. 1864	"	2 8 20 "	Rs 700 0 0	0	0	Assistant Judge and Session Judge, Tanos, 16th May 1867.
H G 111	John Jardine (J.D.) (2)	30 July	2 11 0 30 "	"	2 8 2 "	Rs 700 0 0	0	0	Do. Do. Sattara, 8th May 1867.
H G 112	G. G. Blathwayt (L.)...	30 July	2 11 0 2 Jan. 1865	"	2 5 25 "	Rs 400 0 0	0	0	Superintending Third Asst. Col. and Magistrate of Kull.
H M 113	John Nugent (S) ...	5 Sept.	2 9 25 29 Nov. 1864	"	2 7 2 "	Rs 550 0 0	0	0	Second Asst. Collector of Canara, and Acting Second Asst. Collector of Tanos.
H M 114	Edward Cordeaux (S)...	2 Aug.	2 0 25 "	"	2 6 2 "	Rs 550 0 0	0	0	Second Assistant Collector and Magistrate of Rutnagerry, 21st June 1867.

M H 115	Montague B. Baker (2)	"	30 July	2 11 0	"	3 7 2	550 0 0	Extra Do. of Candesh, 4th June 1867.
							TA 100 0 0	
							T 11 1 9	
H C 116	George F. M. Grant (2)	"	11 Aug.	2 10 19 12	Oct. 1864	3 8 18	400 0 0	Third Assistant Collector of Ahmedabad, Acting Second Do. Do. from 10th July 1867.
							TA 300 0 0	
							DA 200 0 0	
							T 11 1 9	
M H 117	George Ayerst (2) ..	"	30 July	2 11 0	8 Oct. 1864	2 8 28	400 0 0	Third Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Surat 4th June 1867 and Acting Assistant Judge and Session Judge of Surat, 31st August 1866.
							DA 200 0 0	
G H 118	Arthur D. Carey (1) ..	1865	11 Sept.	1 9 19	9 Nov. 1865	1 7 2	400 0 0	Supernumerary 3rd Assistant Collector of Ahmedabad, 15th February 1867.
							TA 200 0 0	
							T 11 1 9	
G M H 119	James R. Middleton (1)	"	11 Aug.	1 10 19	9 Nov. 1865	2 7 22	400 0 0	3rd Assistant to the Collector of Poona, 4th June 1867.
							TA 100 0 0	
							T 11 1 9	
M H 120	Henry K. M. James (2)	"	14 Aug.	1 9 16 14	Dec. 1865	1 6 18	400 0 0	Supernumerary 3rd Assistant Collector of Candesh, 6th Mar. 1867, and Acting 2nd Collector 10th July 1867.
							TA 100 0 0	
							T 11 1 9	
G H 121	Thomas D. Meckenzie (1)	"	1 Aug.	1 11 0	9 Nov. 1865	1 8 22	400 0 0	Supernumerary 3rd Assistant to the Collector of Surat.
							TA 100 0 0	
							T 11 1 9	
G M H 122	Edward T. Candy (2) ...	"	29 July	1 11 2	6 Nov. 1865	1 7 22	400 0 0	Third Assistant to the Collector of Ahmednagar, 15th April 1866.
							TA 100 0 0	
							T 11 1 9	Acting 2nd Assistant Do.
M H 123	Alfred Keyser (1) ...	"	27 July	1 11 4 23	Oct. 1865	1 8 8	400 0 0	3rd Assistant to the Collector of Tanna, 10th July 1867.
							TA 100 0 0	
							T 11 1 9	
M H 124	John McLeod Campbell (1)	"	9 Sept.	1 9 21	9 Nov. 1865	1 7 22	300 0 0	Supernumerary 3rd Assistant Collector of Candesh, Acting 3rd Assistant Do 10th July 1867.
							DA 100 0 0	
							TA 100 0 0	
							T 11 1 9	
G M H 125	Richard B. Candy (2) ...	"	31 July	1 11 0	9 Nov. 1865	1 7 22	400 0 0	Supernumerary 3rd Assistant Collector and Magistrate of Canara, Acting 2nd Do 10th July 1867.
							TA 100 0 0	
							T 11 1 9	
M H 126	James K. Spence (1) ..	"	21 July	1 11 9 23	Oct. 1865	1 8 8	400 0 0	3rd Assistant Collector of Salutar, from 10th July 1867.
							TA 100 0 0	
							T 11 1 9	

No.	NAMES.	Re- Appl. of	Commence- ment of Service	Length of Service.	Date of Arrival	Actual Residence in India	Details of pro- vision to private	Amount of Salary	How Employed.
127	Wm. Henry Crowe.....	1867	26 Oct.	...	26 Oct. 1867	..	..	Rs. 200 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
128	Stephen Henry McMinn.	"	26 Nov.	...	26 Nov. 1867	..	..	Rs. 40 0 0	
129	George Boileau Reid ..	"	"	...	"	..	..	Rs. 200 0 0	
130	Henry James Parsons...	"	26 Oct.	...	26 Oct. 1867	..	..	Rs. 40 0 0	
131	John Faithfull Fleet ...	"	26 Nov.	...	26 Nov. 1867	..	..	Rs. 200 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
132	George Wm. Vidal ..	"	26 Oct.	...	26 Oct. 1867	..	..	Rs. 40 0 0	
133	William Porteous	"	26 Nov.	...	26 Nov. 1867	..	..	Rs. 200 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
134	Arthur Daniel Pollen ...	"	26 Oct.	...	26 Oct. 1867	..	..	Rs. 40 0 0	
135	John Leech Johnston ..	"	26 Nov.	...	26 Nov. 1867	..	..	Rs. 200 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
136	John Fairlie Muir	"	10 Oct.	...	10 Oct. 1867	..	..	Rs. 40 0 0	
137	Edward James Ebdon...	"	"	...	"	..	..	Rs. 200 0 0	
138	Wm. Scott Foxman ...	1867	10 Nov.	...	10 Nov. 1867	..	..	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
139	Fred. Birbeck .. .....	"	"	...	"	..	..	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
140	Edw. G. S. Shortkeep	"	"	...	"	..	..	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
141	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
142	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
143	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
144	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
145	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
146	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
147	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
148	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
149	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
150	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
151	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
152	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
153	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
154	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
155	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
156	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
157	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
158	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
159	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
160	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
161	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
162	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
163	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
164	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
165	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
166	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
167	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
168	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
169	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
170	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
171	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
172	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
173	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
174	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
175	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
176	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
177	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
178	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
179	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
180	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
181	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
182	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
183	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
184	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
185	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
186	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
187	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
188	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
189	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
190	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
191	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
192	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
193	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
194	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
195	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
196	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
197	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
198	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.
199	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 200 0 0	Not arrived.
200	...	"	"	...	"	Rs. 40 0 0	Under the Collector of Poona.

THE VARIOUS SERVICE FUNDS.

Bengal Civil Service Annuity Fund, Messrs. Coutts and Co., Strand, *Agents*.
 Bengal Civil Fund, Messrs. Coutts and Co., Strand, *Agents*.
 Bengal Military Fund, Military Funds Department, India Office.
 Bengal Medical Retiring Fund, Messrs. Coutts and Co., Strand, *Agents*.
 Bengal Pilot Service Fund, Marine Department, India Office.
 Madras Civil Service Annuity Fund, Messrs. Coutts and Co., Strand, *Agents*.
 Madras Civil Fund, Messrs. Coutts and Co., Strand, *Agents*.
 Madras Military Fund, Military Funds Department, India Office.
 Madras Medical Fund, Messrs. Alexander, Fletcher and Co., King's Arms
 Yard, Moorgate Street, *Agents*.
 Bombay Civil Service Annuity Fund, Messrs. Crawford, Colvin and Co., 71, Old
 Broad Street, *Agents*.
 Bombay Civil Fund, Ditto, *Agents*.
 Bombay Military Fund, Military Funds Department, India Office.
 Bombay Medical Fund, Messrs. Forbes, Forbes and Co., 9, King William Street.
 Indian Navy Fund, Marine Department, India Office.

NOTE For information relating to these Funds, application should be made to the respective Agents.

EAST INDIA HOUSES OF AGENCY IN LONDON.

Alexander Fletcher and Co., 10 King's Arms yard, Coleman Street.
 Allen W. H. and Co., 13 Waterloo Place, S.W.
 Barber J. and Co., 136 Leadenhall Street
 Chalmers, Guthrie and Co., 9 Idol Lane, Tower Street.
 Crawford, Colvin and Co., 71 Broad Street.
 Dallas and Coles, 20 Austin Friars.
 Dickson W. and Co., 38 Grace Church Street
 Forbes, Forbes and Co., 9 and 10 King William Street.
 Garden and Son, 200 Piccadilly
 Gregson and Co., 14 Austin Friars.
 Grindlay and Co., 55 Parliament Street.
 Palmer, Mackillop and Co., 11 King's Arms-yard Coleman Street.
 Smith, Eldon and Co., 65 Cornhill, and 46 Pall Mall.

CIVIL SERVICE ABSENTEE RULES, 1864.

LEAVE ON PRIVATE AFFAIRS—Government may grant to Civil Servants leave of absence for one month in each calendar year without deduction from the salaries and emoluments drawn by such Servants. Servants not availing themselves of the indulgence in any one year, may obtain leave for two successive months to commence at or after the expiration of 22 months from the expiration of their former leave; and if two years elapse without enjoyment of the privilege, leave for three months may in like manner be granted at the expiration of 31 months from the termination of last preceding leave, but no leave shall be granted under this rule for more than three months.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE ON MEDICAL CERTIFICATE—Leave of absence not to exceed 15 months. During such period the absentee will be allowed to retain his office, and draw a moiety of his salary provided that such moiety shall not exceed Rs. 10,000 per annum. In cases where the emoluments shall not exceed Rs. 5,000 no deduction therefrom shall be made for a period of 15 months, nor shall any deduction be made as would reduce the absentee's allowance below Rs. 5,000 per annum. Extensions not exceeding six months may be granted, and until the total period of ab-

1 per annum if he be above 10 years' standing. After an absence of three years all allowances will cease.

Civil Pay and Allowances.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS. *Per Month.* Rs. a. p.

Governor and President in Council, Sica Rs 10,000, or Co's Rupees ..	10,000	10	8
2 Members of Council, Sica, Rs 5,000 each, or Co's Rupees ..	5,000	5	4
Chief Judge of the High Court of Judicature ..	5,000	0	0
Judge do. do. ..	4,166	10	8
6 Do do. do. each ..	3,750	0	0
Registrar do. Appellate Side	2,000	0	0
Chief Secretary to Government in the Revenue, Financial and General Departments, and in charge of the Separate Departments ..	3,333	5	4
Secretary to Government in the Political, Secret, Judicial, Persian and Educational Departments ..	2,916	10	8
Under Secretary to Government in the Revenue, Financial and General Departments ..	1,250	0	0
Under Secretary to Government in the Political and Judicial Departments	1,250	0	0
Accountant General	3,000	0	0
Deputy Accountant General	2,000	0	0
Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor	1,500	0	0
Commissioner in Sind Salary ..	4,166	10	8
Travelling Al- lowance ..	250	0	0
	4,416	10	8

APPOINTMENTS.

Political Department.

(b) Political Superintendent Kolapore ..	1,500	0	0
Travelling Al- lowance ..	200	0	0
	1,800	0	0
Agent for Sardars in the Deccan ..	200	0	0
Political Agent Southern Maratha Country	200	0	0

Per Month. Rs. a. p.

(a) Assistant Commissioner, Salary ..	1,250	0	0
Travelling Al- lowance ..	200	0	0
Tentage ..	44	7	1
	1,440	7	1
Judges of the Court of Small Causes Poona and Ahmedabad each ..	1,000	0	0
Collector of Bombay, Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery ..	2,500	0	0
Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Opium and Reporter General on External Commerce ..	3,500	0	0
Deputy do. do. ..	1,500	0	0
Revenue and Police Commissioners Northern and Southern Divisions, each.	3,500	0	0
Collectors and Magistrates each ..	2,333	5	4
Sub-Collectors and Joint Magistrates, each ..	1,400	0	0
Talookdars Settlement Officer in Guzerat	1,250	0	0
1st Assistant Collectors and Magistrates, each ..	800	0	0
2nd Assistant ditto ..	550	0	0
3rd Ditto ditto ..	400	0	0
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay ..	3,000	0	0

<i>Judicial Department.</i>	<i>Per Month.</i>
Judge and Session Judge, Surat, and Agent for His Excellency the Governor.	2,333 5 4
Judge and Session Judge, Poona, and Agent for Sardars in the Deccan	2,335 5 4
Judges and Session Judges, Ahmednuggur, Sittara, Kulladghes, Dharwar, Khandesh, Ahmedabad, Concan and Canara ..	†2,333 5 4
Senior Assistant Judges for the detached Stations of Broach, Kara, Butnaghery, and Sholapoor, each ..	1,200 0 0

* Did not take to the Kolapore Station

† Except the Junior Judge, who receive Rs 2,000 per month

APPOINTMENTS.	Per month.	APPOINTMENTS.	Per Month.
	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
Assistant to the Judges and Session Judges, each	700 0 0	Deputy Secretary to Govern- ment.	
Judges of the Small Cause Court Poona, Ahmedabad and Belgaum, each ...	1,000 0 0	Ditto ditto	
Judge of the Small Cause Court Ahmednuggur ...	700 0 0	Civil Staff pay ...	800 0 0
<i>"Separate" Department.</i>		Staff Corps pay ...	640 14 0
Young Civil Servant, when passed in one Language, whether posted to an office or not ...	a 250 0 0	Presidency House Rent ...	100 0 0
Ditto when passed in two Languages, whether post- ed or not ...	a 300 0 0		1,540 14 0
Ditto Ditto unpassed ...	a 200 0 0	Mint Master and Mint En- graver ...	2,000 0 0
<i>Ecclesiastical Department.</i>		Educational Inspector Con- stribution Division ...	800 0 0
Lord Bishop of Bombay ...	b 2,133 5 4	Maharaja Translator Educa- tional Department ...	f 267 0 0
<i>Chaplains.</i>		Inspector of the B. I. S. N. Co's Vessels ...	g 50 0 0
Senior Chaplains ...	1,200 0 0	<i>Railway Branch.</i>	
Archdeacon ...	266 10 8	Consulting Engineer for Railways and Secretary to Government Railway De- partment ...	h 2,000 0 0
Garrison Chaplain at the Presidency ...	950 0 0	Deputy Ditto ...	h 100 0 0
Chaplains, each ...	c 700 0 0	Ditto ditto at Surat ...	h 600 0 0
Assistant Chaplains, each...	d 500 0 0	Ditto ditto in Sind ...	h 600 0 0
<i>St. Andrew's Church Presidency.</i>		Ditto N. R. extension of C. I. P. Railway ...	h 600 0 0
Senior Chaplain ...	950 0 0	First Assistant to the Great Trigonometrical Survey upon the Bombay Long Series ...	h 678 14 0
Chaplain ...	...	
Assistant ditto ...	e 500 0 0		
<i>MILITARY OFFICERS IN CIVIL EMPLOY.</i>			

General Department.

Secretary to Government in
the Military, Naval and
Ecclesiastical Departments 2,500 0 0

Public Works Department.

Controller of Public Works'
Account—Staff Salary ... 800 0 0

a Absenteeship monthly Rs 300 a month and Rs 40 for house rent which amount, however to be returned if a general exemption is made in the date of his arrival should be paid the second examination within one year but otherwise both these allowances will be on his passing in the examination.

b Draw also Rs 100 per month as visitation allowance when on his tour

c Chaplain at Aden draws also Rs 120 per month as Tentage and extra pay Rs 100,

d Assistant Chaplains at the Presidency draw also Rs 90 per month as house rent

e Draw also house rent Rs 90 per month when doing duty at the Presidency

f Military pay and allowances of his rank as drawn in addition from the Military Department

g Holds other Appointments in the Marine Department.

h Draw also Military allowances of their respective ranks in the Civil Department leave pay

i Draw also Military allowances of their respective ranks in the Civil Department leave pay

INCORPORATED ESTABLISHMENT		Monthly Salary	Monthly Allowance
Chief Engineer at the Presidency	Rs 23 00	Rs 2 250	
Ditto in kind	1,000	1 400	
Superintending Engineer	800	1 200	
Superintendent of Canals in kind	750	1 400	
Civil Architect at the Presidency	700	1,000	
Commissioned Deputy and Engineer	700		
Executive Engineers at A. L. C.	600		
Executive Engineers—First Class	6 0	900	
Ditto Second do	500	750	
Ditto Third do	400	600	
Ditto Fourth do	300	500	
Assistant Engineers including Probationary Second Class First Class and Special Assistants	112 to 300	100 to 500	
Sub Engineers—First Class	250	400	
Ditto Second Class	200	300	
Ditto Third Class	150	2 00	
Superintenders	1 0	200	
Assistant Supervisors	100	1 0	
Overseers	50	100	
Assistant Overseers	70	80	
Prattinny Assistant Overseers	50	60	
Sub Overseers, First Class, deserving men above 10 years Service	60	60	
Sub Overseers Third Class, deserving men above 10 years Service	50	50	
All others	10	50	
Plat of Diploma			
Assistant Engineer in Charge Southern Mahatla	700 00		
Plat of Diploma			
Assistant Engineer in Charge North Western Mahatla			
Plat of Diploma			
Assistant Engineer in Charge Central Mahatla			
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Assistant Engineer in Charge Eastern Mahatla			
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APPOINTMENTS.		Per Month.	Revenue Department.		Per Month.
		Rs. a. p.	Survey	Settle- ment Commis- sioners each	Rs. a. p.
Political Com- missioner, Kat- tywar .	2,500 0 0		Salary	.. 2,200 0 0	
Travelling Al- lowance	.. 200 0 0		Travelling allow- ances	.. 250 0 0	
		2,700 0 0	Tentage	.. 44 7 1	2,494 7 1
1st Assistant	.. ..	1,400 0 0	Superintendents of Revenue Sur- vey and Assess- ment	.. 600 0 0	
2nd ditto	.. ..	1,200 0 0	Permanent Trav- elling Allow- ance	.. 300 0 0	
3rd ditto	.. ..	550 0 0	Additional al- lowance as As- sistant Collec- tor	.. 100 0 0	
4th ditto	.. ..	450 0 0			11,000 0 0
1st Extra Assistant	.. ..	850 0 0	Assistant Superintendents	.. 500 0 0	
2nd ditto	.. ..	300 0 0	Ditto ditto	.. 375 0 0	
3rd ditto	.. ..	200 0 0	Ditto ditto	.. 250 0 0	
4th ditto	.. ..	180 0 0	Alienation Settlement officer	.. 1,200 0 0	
Assistant Political Agent on special duty	.. ..	2,750 0 0	JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.		
Superintendent of the Gaek- war's Contingent of Horse	.. ..	400 0 0	Superintendents of Police.		
Resident in the Persian Gulf	.. ..	2,400 0 0	1st Class. { First Grade	.. m 800 0 0	
Assistant Resident in ditto.	.. ..	700 0 0	{ Second do	.. m 700 0 0	
Political Resident and Com- mandant at Aden	.. ..	2,380 0 0	{ Third Class	.. m 600 0 0	
Second Assistant ditto	.. ..	800 0 0	2nd Class. { First Grade	.. m 500 0 0	
Third Assistant ditto	.. ..	300 0 0	{ Second do	.. m 400 0 0	
British Agent and Her Ma- jesty's Consul at Zanzibar	.. ..	1,400 0 0			
British Agent at Muscat	.. ..	1,200 0 0			

DISTRIBUTION OF THE ABOVE				Salary	Personal allowance	Travelling allowance
Surat and Broach	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	400	150	112
Tannah	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	800	150	112
Sattara	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	800	150	112
Khandesh	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	800	150	112
Poona	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	800	150	112
Belgaum	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	800	150	112
Ahmednuggur	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	700	100	112
Kulladghes	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	700	150	112
Canara	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	700	100	112
Kara	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	600	100	112
Dharwar	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	600	100	112
Ahmedabad	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	700	..	..
Rutnagheery	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	600	150	112
Assistant Superintendent of Police and 2nd in Command in Khandesh	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	800	100	112
Sattara	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	500	100	112
Poona	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	400	..	112
Bholsapur	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	400	..	112
Khandesh	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	400	..	112
Ahmedabad	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	400	..	112
Surat	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	400	..	112
Nasrick	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	500	..	112

(1) Payable by the Native State

(2) Net Military pay is drawn in addition by Military Officers employed in the Survey Department of their respective ranks—Also receive Rs 75 per month for office contingent and 1st dibbandant

(3) The Superintendents of Police of 5 years' standing in the Police Department draw also Personal allowance of Rs 100 and of 8 years Rs 150 and Travelling allowance at Rs 112 per month.

APPOINTMENTS.			Per Month.	APPOINTMENTS.			Per Month.
			Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.
CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES.				Extra Presidency			
Poona...	...	...	940 14 0	House-rent ...	100 0 0		
Ahmednuggur ...	...	...	940 14 0			1,384	1 0
Sholapur ...	...	...	940 14 0	Professor of Mid-			
Mhow ...	...	...	674 1 6	wifery ...	300 0 0		
Nusseerabad ...	...	...	715 6 6	Surgeon to the			
Neemuch ...	...	...	940 14 0	County Jail &			
Deesa ...	...	...	940 14 0	House of Cor-			
Belgaum ...	...	...	674 1 6	rection ...	250 0 0		
Aden ...	...	...	674 1 6	Military Pay and			
MEDICAL OFFICERS.				Indian allow-			
<i>General Department.</i>				ances and Pre-			
Commissioner of Cotton ...	...	...	1,600 0 0	sidency House-			
Surgeon to the Right Hon.				rent ...	335 12 0		
the Governor ...	...	...	1,000 0 0	Extra Presidency			
Post Master General ...	...	...	1,600 0 0	House-rent ...	75 0 0		
Assay Master ...	...	...	1,600 0 0			700	12 0
Deputy Assay				Professor of Phy-			
Master Salary. 600 0 0				siology and			
House-rent ... 150 0 0				Anatomy ...	150 0 0		
			750 0 0	Curator of Mu-			
Inspector Gene-				seum Grant			
ral of Prisons.				Medical College	150 0 0		
Salary ... 1,200 0 0				Assistant Surgeon			
Travelling allow-				of J. Jejeebhoy			
ance ... 200 0 0				Hospital Military			
Tentage ... 44 7 1				Pay and			
			1,444 7 1	allowances in-			
Presidency Surgeon First				cluding Presi-			
District ...	...	...	900 0 0	dency House-			
Surgeon to the				rent ...	235 12 0		
European Ge-				Extra Presidency			
neral Hospital				House-rent ...	75 0 0		
Salary ... 900 0 0				Surgeon to the			
Military Pay and				Coroner ...	60 0 0		
allowances ... 384 1 0						670	12 0
Extra Presidency				Acting Professor of Materia			
House-rent ... 100 0 0				Medica (is also Assistant			
			1,384 1 0	Surgeon European General			
Assistant Surgeon European				Hospital) ...		150	0 0
General Hospital ...	...	...	300 0 0	Acting Professor			
Superintendent of				of Medical Ju-			
the Lunatic				risprudence ...	150 0 0		
Asylum ... 850 0 0				Supt. of Mortuary			
House rent ... 100 0 0				Returns. Presi-			
			950 0 0	dency Surgeon			
Oculist ...	...	...	311 0 0	3rd District.			
Principal of the				Secretary to the			
Grant Medical				Byculla School	50 0 0		
College ... 300 0 0						200	0 0
Professor of Che-				Professor of Sur-			
mistry and Bo-				gery Grant Me-			
tany ... 300 0 0				dical College ...	300 0 0		
Chemical Anal-				Assistant Surgeon			
izer ... 300 0 0				J. Jejeebhoy			
Surgeon J. J.				Hospital ...	150 0 0		
Hospital ... 400 0 0				Military Pay and			
Military Pay and				allowances in-			
allowances in-				cluding Presi-			
cluding Presi-				dency House-			
dency House-				rent ...	235 12 0		
rent ... 384 1 0							

APPOINTMENTS.	Per Month. Rs. a. p.	APPOINTMENTS.	Per Month. Rs. a. p.
Extra Presidency House rent	75 0 0	Civil Surgeon Punch Mahals	
Curator of the Central Museum	300 0 0	Dohud, Pay and allowances	450 0 0
Professor of Me- dicine	300 0 0	Civil Surgeon Jacobabad	100 0 0
Assistant Surgeon J. Jeebhoy Hospital	150 0 0	Civil Surgeon Kaira, (Consol- idated Salary)	460 10 10
Military Pay and allowance in- cluding Presi- dency House- rent	884 1 0	Civil Surgeon Kaira, (Con- solidated Salary)	515 4 0
Extra Presidency House-rent	100 0 0	Civil Surgeon Bhoj	100 0 0
Civil Surgeon Aden Military Pay and allowances	1,036 9 7	Civil Surgeon Kurrucke Mi- litary Pay and allowances	1,056 9 7
Civil Surgeon Ahmedabad Military Pay and Allow- ances	1,056 9 7	Agency Surgeon Kurrucke, (Conso- lidated Salary)	600 0 0
Civil Surgeon Ahmednugur Military Pay and allow- ances	650 0 0	Civil Surgeon Kotree, (Consol- idated Salary)	460 10 10
Civil Surgeon Kol- gram	100 0 0	(Superintendent of Lathi Agy- nny) Lakhna, (Consolidated Salary)	600 0 0
Secretary Char- itable Dispens- ary Bellary	30 0 0	Superintendent of Mahabeshwar, Staff Salary paid from the Station Fund	300 0 0
Civil Surgeon Baroda, Mil- itary Pay and allowances	825 11 5	Superintendent of Matheran, Mil- itary Pay and allowances	789 8 0
Civil Surgeon Broach, Mil- itary Pay and allowances	789 3 0	Civil Surgeon Poona, Military Pay and allow- ances	1,200 0 0
Residency Surgeon Bushire, Consolidated Salary	515 4 0	In Medical Charge Roman Catho- lic Orphanages at Poona	30 0 0
Civil Surgeon Honore Conso- lidated Salary	410 10 10	Civil Surgeon Lutnagherry, Consolidated Salary	460 10 10
Allowance for Jail	50 0 0	Civil Surgeon Kattary, (Conso- lidated Salary)	460 10 10
Civil Surgeon Canara (Kar- war) Consol- idated Salary	550 0 0	Civil Surgeon Shikarpoor, Consolidated Salary	460 10 10
Civil Surgeon Dharwar, (Con- solidated Salary)	460 10 10	Secretary Char- itable Dispens- ary	80 0 0
Civil Surgeon Dhoolia, Con- solidated Salary	460 10 10	Charitable Dis- pensary Shikar- poor	50 0 0
Civil Surgeon Hydrabad, (Con- solidated Salary)	460 10 10		
Secretary Char- itable Dispens- ary Hydrabad and Allarka Tanda	60 0 0		
	590 10 10		540 10 10

APPOINTMENTS.	Per Month Rs. a. p.	APPOINTMENTS.	Per Month. Rs. a. p.
Civil Surgeon Sholapoor, Consolidated Salary	460 10 10	<i>Remd.—Cont.</i> Travelling allowance	200 0 0
Secretary (Charitable Dispensary at Sholapoor) ...	30 0 0	Leutage ..	11 1 9
	490 10 10	Judicial Commissioner in Sind	2,333 5 4
Civil Surgeon Barat, Consolidated Salary	460 10 10	Superintendent of the Commissioner's Office	350 0 0
Secretary (Charitable Dispensary Surat) ...	30 0 0		
	490 10 10	<i>Political.</i> Political Agent at the Court of H. H. the Khan of Kelat, and H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore (to H. H. the Governor General)	1,000 0 0
Civil Surgeon Tumkur, Consolidated Salary	400 10 10	Political Superintendent in the Sind District	2800 0 0
Civil Surgeon Zimritur, Consolidated Salary	650 0 0	Assistant Political Superintendent and Deputy District and Magistrate	250 0 0
Staff Surgeon Mulligum, Allowance as Staff Surgeon Mulligum	30 0 0	Political Superintendent of the District and Parker	1,500 0 0
Ditto Revenue Survey Department Khamdardh ..	30 0 0	Travelling allowance ..	200 0 0
	60 0 0		1,700 0 0
Superintendent of the Nethan Circle		<i>Revenue.</i> Collectors, each	1,500 0 0
Military Pay and allowance	410 11 0	Deputy Collectors 1st Class each ...	700 0 0
Superintendent of Vaccination Central Circle		Ditto 2nd do	600 0 0
Consolidated Salary	550 0 0	Ditto 3rd do	500 0 0
Superintendent of Vaccination Southern Circle		Ditto in charge Treasury	100 0 0
Military Pay and allowances	750 0 0	Native Assist. Collector 1st Class	300 0 0
Superintendent of Vaccination South Circle		2nd do	250 0 0
Military Pay and allowances	550 0 0	Assistant Commissioner of Paper Currency, Sind Circle	150 0 0
Superintendent of Vaccination Kattinwar, Rajpura and Palampur ...	100 0 0	Settlement Officers Karnatachee and Hydrabad, each Salary	900 0 0
		Travelling Allowance	700 0 0
<i>SCIND.</i> Commissioner in Sind, Salary	4,166 10 8	Leutage ..	23 0 0
Travelling allowance ..	250 0 0		1,322 0 0
	4,416 10 8	Revenue Surveyor in Sind	726 0 0
Assistant Commissioner and Educational Inspector	1,100 0 0	Judge and Sessions Judges, each	1,500 0 0
		Superintendent of Police Karnatachee Salary	800 0 0
		Personal Allowance	150 0 0
		Travelling Allowance	112 0 0
			1,062 0 0

* Holds other appointments in the Military Department.

APPOINTMENTS.	Per Month. Rs. s. p.	APPOINTMENTS.	Per Month. Rs. s. p.
Compensation during the incumbency of the present Superintendent	200 0 0	Assistant Superintendent of Police Kurrachee, Salary	400 0 0
	1,262 0 0	Personal Allowance	112 0 0
Superintendent of Police Hyderabad, Salary	800 0 0		512 0 0
Personal Allowance	100 0 0	Medical.	
Travelling Allowance	112 0 0	Superintendent of Vaccination	550 0 0
	1,012 0 0	Civil Surgeon Kurrachee	1,200 0 0
Superintendent of Police Shikarpoor, Salary	800 0 0	Secy. Charitable Dispensary	80 0 0
Personal Allowance	100 0 0		1,280 0 0
Travelling Allowance	112 0 0	Civil Surgeons, Hyderabad and Shikarpoor each	650 0 0
	1,012 0 0	Surgeon in charge of the Political Agency of Khelat	600 0 0
		Ditto Political Superintendent Upper Sind, Jacobabad	o 100 0 0

o Holds other appointment in the Military Department

Table showing the rates of *Deputation Allowances* to Civil Servants holding an office of inferior employment, when appointed for a superior, and to those out of employ when acting in several situations holding different salaries, under this Provision, under the provisions of *Abolition Rules of 25th August 1854, Section XXVI.*

Situations officiated in.	Salaries of the Situations Officiated in. Rs. s. p.	Monthly rate of Deputation Allowances calculated at the rate of 200 per cent. upon the monthly salary of the appointment officiated in in all cases in which the salary shall not exceed Company's Rs. 5000 per month and in respect to all appointments of which salary shall be more than Company's Rs. 2000 per month at the rate of 20 per cent. upon Rs. 5000 and 10 per cent. on the amount in which the salary may exceed Company's Rs. 5000 provided no lower rate shall be given than Rs. 200 per month	Monthly rates of Deputation Allowances calculated at the rate of 50 per cent. on the monthly salary of the appointment officiated in Rs. s. p.
Commissioner in Sind	4166 10 8	616 10 8	2083 5 4
Revenue Commissioner, Northern and Southern Divisions, Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Opium, &c. ...	3500 0 0	550 0 0	1750 0 0
Judges of the High Court of Judicature	3750 0 0	575 0 0	1875 0 0
Accountant General	3000 0 0	500 0 0	1500 0 0
Chief Secretary to Government	3333 5 4	533 5 4	1666 10 8
Secretary to Government	2016 10 8	491 10 8	1458 5 4
Judges and Session Judges of Poona, and Agent for Sardars in the Deccan, and the Judge and Session Judge of Surat	2500 0 0	450 0 0	1250 0 0
Agent for the Governor ...	2500 0 0	450 0 0	1250 0 0
Collectors and Magistrates, Judges and Session Judges ..	2333 5 4	433 5 4	1166 10 8
Junior Judge and Session Judge, Registrar of the High Court...	2000 0 0	400 0 0	1000 0 0

CIVIL PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

Situations officiated in	Salary by the Officer	Monthly rate of Detachment All salaries calculated at the rate of 10 per cent upon the monthly salary of the appoint-ment benefited in, in all cases in which the salary shall not exceed Rs. 500 per month and in all cases shall be in addition upon the salary payable with the rate of 10 per cent upon the salary payable with the salary may exceed Rs. 2000 provided the salary shall be given in the month	Monthly rate of Detachment All salaries calculated at the rate of 10 per cent upon the monthly salary of the appoint-ment benefited in, in all cases in which the salary shall not exceed Rs. 500 per month and in all cases shall be in addition upon the salary payable with the rate of 10 per cent upon the salary payable with the salary may exceed Rs. 2000 provided the salary shall be given in the month
Deputy Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Opium, and Collectors in Sind	Rs. 500 0 0	Rs. 500 0 0	Rs. 750 0 0
Political Superintendent, Kolapore, and sub-collectors Kolabar and Broach	Rs. 400 0 0	Rs. 250 0 0	Rs. 700 0 0
Senior Assistant Judges and Session Judges of Surat and Concom for the detached stations of Broach and Rotanagerry, and Assistant Commissioners in Sind	Rs. 1250 0 0	Rs. 210 0 0	Rs. 600 0 0
Deputy Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Opium	Rs. 1000 0 0	Rs. 200 0 0	Rs. 500 0 0
First Assistant Collectors	Rs. 150 0 0	Rs. 200 0 0	Rs. 100 0 0
Assistant Judges and Session Judges	Rs. 700 0 0	Rs. 200 0 0	Rs. 310 0 0
Second Assistant Collectors and Masters	Rs. 550 0 0	Rs. 200 0 0	Rs. 275 0 0
Third ditto ditto	Rs. 400 0 0	Rs. 200 0 0	Rs. 200 0 0

UNCOVERNATED PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

APPOINTMENTS.	Per Month	APPOINTMENTS.	Month.
	Rs. a p.		Rs. a p.
1st Asst. Accountant Genl.	550 0 0	Uncovernated Milit.	
Examiner of Claims ...	600 0 0	Army and Naval	
Chief Assistant Accountant General's Office	550 0 0	Departments	500 0 0
Director of Public Instruction	2,500 0 0	Registry of Milit.	50 0 0
Education Inspector, Northern Division	800 0 0	Tary Istices	50 0 0
Education Inspector, Southern Division	800 0 0	D Marine do. ...	600 0 0
Asst. Dir. Central Division	500 0 0	Uncovernated Assistant in the	
Registry of the Dioceses	150 0 0	Political Secret and Educa-	
Deputy Post Master General	700 0 0	tional Depts. of the Secre-	
Oriental Translator to Govt.	1,000 0 0	tariat	600 0 0
French ditto	50 0 0	Do do Juherd do. ...	450 0 0
Portuguese ditto	50 0 0	Typing Master	600 0 0
Uncovernated Assistant in the		Superint. Botanical Gardens	250 0 0
Territorial, Financial & General Depts. of the Secre-		Asst. Surgt. of Botanical Gar-	
tariat	500 0 0	d as a Dispense	200 0 0
		Privy Prof. of Jurispru-	
		dent and Post Law Officer	560 0 1
		Protector of Emigrants	100 0 0

p Draws also Personal allowances at Rs 100 per month and house rent Rs. 150

APPOINTMENTS.	Per Month.
Forest Department.	Rs. a. p.
Conservator of Forests ..	1,000 0 0
First Assistant Conservator of Forests Surat and Northern Collectors ..	100 0 0
Assistant do. Tannah ..	400 0 0
Ditto do. Colaba and Runggherry ..	400 0 0
Ditto do. Ahmednuggur, Poona, Battria and Sholapoor ..	200 0 0
Ditto do. Belgaum and Dhawar ..	250 0 0
Ditto do. Cingur ..	400 0 0
Forest Ranger in Sand ..	700 0 0

Political Department.

Dist. Agent Judda	4200
Salary ..	50
January Allowance ..	£250 0 0

Revenue Department.

Collector of Customs at Kurukher ..	1,000 0 0
Deputy Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Opium, Bombay ..	800 0 0
1st class Unoccupied Assistant Do. ..	750 0 0
4 Second Do. each ..	600 0 0
3 Third Do. each ..	150 0 0
3 Fourth Do. each ..	350 0 0
Master Attendant and Conservator of the Port, Saluy ..	1,200 0 0
House-rent ..	200 0 0
1st Assist. do. and Conservator of the Port, Saluy ..	650 0 0
House-rent ..	150 0 0
Second Assistant Master Attendant and Conservator of the Port, Saluy ..	450 0 0
House-rent ..	100 0 0
	£1,400 0 0
	800 0 0
	550 0 0

APPOINTMENTS.	Per Month.
Rs. a. p.	
Unoccupied Assistant Superintendent of Revenue Survey ..	500 0 0
Ditto ditto ..	375 0 0
Ditto ditto ..	250 0 0
Superannumerary ditto ..	100 0 0
Unoccupied Assistant to Opium Agent at Indore stationed at Rullim ..	300 0 0
Honorary and District Deputy Collectors	
3 at each ..	500 0 0
1 at each ..	400 0 0
6 at each ..	350 0 0
11 at each ..	300 0 0

Judicial Appointments.

Advocate General ..	1,600 0 0
Government Solicitor ..	2,000 0 0
Remembrancer of Legal Affairs at Bombay ..	500 0 0
Administrator General ..	650 0 0
Clark to the Chief Justice ..	210 0 0
Clark to the two Punes Justices each ..	210 0 0
Prothonotary and Ecclesiastical Registrar ..	2,500 0 0
Deputy Registrar ..	500 0 0
Sealer ..	300 0 0
Commissioner for taking Affidavits and local investigation ..	2,700 0 0
Commissioner of Affidavits ..	225 0 0
Clark of the Crown ..	750 0 0
Deputy ditto ..	175 0 0
Chief Interpreter and Translator ..	700 0 0
2nd Ditto ditto ..	500 0 0
3rd Ditto ditto ..	365 0 0
4th Ditto ditto ..	250 0 0
5th Ditto ditto ..	200 0 0
6th Ditto ditto ..	115 0 0
Portuguese ditto ..	100 0 0
Coroner ..	350 0 0
1st Judge Court of Small Causes ..	2,000 0 0
2nd ditto ..	1,500 0 0
3rd ditto ..	1,000 0 0
4th ditto ..	1,000 0 0

1. Is the Superintendent of the Court of Small Causes at Bombay ..

2. Per annum ..

3. Per cent. discount Rs. 50 per annum.

4. Payable in the first half ..

5. Payable in the first half ..

6. Receive of the Court of Small Causes at Bombay ..

On the 1st of January 1880 ..

7. Receive of the Office of the Court of Small Causes ..

8. Receive of the Office of the Court of Small Causes ..

9. Receive of the Office of the Court of Small Causes ..

10. Receive of the Office of the Court of Small Causes ..

APPOINTMENTS.	Per Month Rs. a. p.	APPOINTMENTS.	Per Month. Rs. a. p.
Chief Clerk of the Court of Small Causes	500 0 0	Deputy Supt of Water Police.	500 0 0
Sheriff of Bombay	630 0 0	Second Ungovernable Assistant Registrar of High Court.	350 0 0
Deputy Sheriff	300 0 0	<i>Telegraph Department.</i>	
Senior Magistrate of Police	2000 0 0	Director of the Electric Telegraph Western Division	650 0 0
Second Magistrate of Police	1,300 0 0	Supt of do Bombay Circle	1,050 0 0
Third ditto	1,000 0 0	3 Assistants do. do each	300 0 0
Clerk to Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace ..	120 0 0	Supt do. Indore do.	500 0 0
Clerk to the Magistrate of Police and Court of Petty Sessions ..	300 0 0	Asst do. do.	250 0 0
Commissioner of Police ...	1,700 0 0	Supt do. Sind do.	550 0 0
		Asst do. do. do.	300 0 0

EXTRAORDINARY ALLOWANCES.

Attached to the Public Works, the Bombay

Public Servants at the Presidency, when proceeding to the interior, are put to greater expense on moving from the Presidency than Public Servants moving from one district of a Collection to another, and they are allowed higher rates, as laid down in the Budgetable. The maximum allowed to a native winter is fixed at Rupees 14-12 0 per month. Europeans and Britishers, and Portuguese receive double Budget, but the maximum is fixed at Rupees 28 0 0 per annum, excepting the Ungovernable Assistants, who are allowed Rupees 5 per diem.]

Chief of Department.

Surgeon to the Right Hon'ble the Governor, Travelling allowance at Rs 5 per diem when moving with the Right Hon'ble the Governor.

Secretary and Under Secretary in attendance on the Right Hon'ble the Governor on Tour, Travelling allowance at Rs 10 per diem when travelling or moving.

Superintending Accountants, Travelling allowance Rs 8 per diem for number of days they travel on duty.

Superintendent of the Judicial Collection and Conservator of Forests, receives deputation allowance while they are on duty in the Districts, Rs 10 per diem.

Civil Surgeon in Districts, draws deputation allowance when moving in the Districts under special orders of Government, on vaccine and other duties at Rs 5 per diem.

Post Master General, draws Deputation allowance of a Collector, for visiting different Post routes within his range.

Inspecting Post Masters, draws Deputation allowance at Rs 5 per diem, when absent from their Stations on the inspection of their respective lines.

Director of Public Instruction, draws Travelling allowance at Rs 10 per diem whilst absent from the Presidency on duty.

Divisional Educational Inspectors, draws Travelling allowance at Rs. 100 per annum.

Superintending Engineer Railway Department, draws Travelling allowance at Rs. 10 per diem while absent from the Presidency in visiting Railway works beyond the Jamnagar.

Deputy Ditto in Guzerat and Sind draws Travelling allowance at Rs 7 per diem when in Districts.

Public Works Department.

Chief Engineer, Superintending Engineer, and Superintendent of Canals, draws Travelling allowance at Rs 6 per diem whilst on duty in Camp.

Executive Engineers, Ist, 2nd and 3rd Class, draw deputation of Public Works, draws Travelling allowance at Rs 5 per diem whilst on duty in Camp.

Assistant Executive Engineers, draws Travelling allowance at Rs 1 per diem whilst on duty in Camp.

a Reverts to his own district.

c Draws also Rs 100 per annum as house rent.

Political Department.

Political Agent, Southern Mahratta Country, and Assistant Agent, draws Travelling allowance at Rs. 10 per diem when on detached duty.

Political Superintendent on the Frontier of Upper Sind, draws Travelling allowance at Rs. 10 per diem.

Assistant Political Agent to Kutch. Travelling allowance at Rs. 5 per diem when actually in the Districts under his control and order of Government.

Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains. Draw Travelling allowance at 12 annas per mile with reference to distance travelled from one station to another, when visiting them under orders of Government.

Revenue Department.

	Per Month
Commissioners of Revenue and Police	Rs. 250
Collectors in Bombay Presidency	each 150
First Assistant Collectors when in permanent charge of Sub-Division	200
Second and Third Assistant Collectors ditto	100
Deputy Commissioners of Customs employed in Gujarat and Southern Division	each 700
Assistants to the Commissioners of Customs, Salt and Opium	100
Collectors in Sind	150
First Class Deputy Collectors in Sind when in separate charge of Districts.	250
Second and Third ditto ditto	100
Assistant Political Superintendent on the Frontier Upper Sind and Deputy Collector	100
Political Superintendent Thar and Parkar	200
Forest Ranger in Sind	200
Conservator of Forests in the Bombay Presidency	250
District Deputy Collectors in Bombay Presidency	55
Commissioners of Customs, Salt and Opium, and Principal Deputy Commissioner Salt and Opium	Rs. 10
Sub-Collectors and Joint Magistrates	10
Assistant Collectors in Bombay and Deputy Collectors in Sind when not placed in permanent charge of Sub-Division	5
First Assistants to the Political Agent in Kutch. Receives Travelling allowance at Rs. 10 per diem when employed on detached duty in the Districts.	
Second and Third Assistants to the Political Agent in Kutch. Receives Travelling allowance at Rs. 5 per diem when employed on detached duty in the Districts.	
Uncovenanted Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Revenue Survey. Receives Travelling allowance at Rs. 5 per diem for 6 months in the year.	

Judicial Department.

Inspector General of Prisons	200.
Session Judges and Senior Assistant Session Judges. Receives Travelling allowance at Rs. 10 per diem when absent from their Stations visiting Judicial Functionaries.	
Assistant Session Judges. Receives Travelling allowance at Rs. 5 per diem when absent from their Stations visiting Judicial Functionaries.	
Registrar General of Assurances. Receives Travelling allowance at Rs. 10 per diem when absent from their Stations visiting Judicial Functionaries.	

TOTAL ALLOWANCE.

Revenue Commissioners and the Commissioners of Customs, Salt and Opium	53	8	11
Collectors and Sub-Collectors of Land Revenue. The Political Agent Kolhapore, Political Superintendent of Upper Sind, the Political Agent Kharar and the Assistant Commissioners	41	7	1
Assistant Revenue Commissioners N. P.	27	12	5
First Class Assistant Collectors, Settlement Officers, Assistant Political Superintendent Upper Sind, and Commandant of Police in Sind.	22	3	6
Second Ditto ditto and Lieutenants of Police	11	1	9
Uncovenanted Deputy Collectors to Assistant Revenue Commissioners and Assistants, Commissioners of Customs, Salt, and Opium in the Mofussil	5	8	1
District Deputy Commissioners	11	1	1

The Uncovenanted Civil List.

(As it stood on the 1st December 1867)

The letters C, H, M, & S signify that the parties have passed an examination in the Chinese, Gujarati, Hindoostanee, Marathi, Persian, and Urdu Languages.

EUROPEANS, INDO-BRITISH, AND PORTUGUESE.

Name and Season of Appointment.				Present Employment
Adams, W.	...	...	...	Clerk to the Hon'ble Justice Westropp and Commissioner for taking affidavits.
Auding, J.	...	...	M 1857	Acting Assistant to the Revenue Commissioner, S. D.
Baker, J. C.	...	...	...	Canton Inspector, Arthur Bunder.
Baker, W.	...	...	...	...
Baker, Alfred	...	...	M 1853	Assist. Supt Revenue Survey, Khindeish.
Baker, L. P.	...	...	...	Deputy Educational Inspector of Schools, Belgium.
Baker, L. H.	The Hon'ble	...	1866	Advocate General and Member of Council.
Barker, W. C.	...	...	...	Officiating Superintendent, Bombay Marine and Master Attendant and Conservator of the Port.
Barrett, H.	...	...	...	Assistant Conservator of Forests, Canada.
Batton, R. B.	...	...	...	Clerk Insolvent Debtors' Court.
Baxter, J. W.	...	...	...	Post Master, Aden.
Baxter, J. H.	...	...	...	Inspecting Forest Master, Southern Coneen.
Berne, J.	...	...	S 1854	2nd Class Assistant and Revenue Survey.
Bentley, C. D.	...	...	...	First Deputy Registrar, High Court, and Clerk to the Chief Justice, Commissioner for the Administration and Bail Process.
Beynon, R. C.	...	...	M 1857	Assistant Superintendent Revenue Survey, Southern Madras District.
Beynon, R. R.	...	...	M 1859	Superintendent of Revenue Survey, Hyderabad Assessed District.
Beyts, N. B.	...	...	G 1851	Acting Superintendent, Gujarat Revenue Survey.
Pickersith, J. P.	...	...	...	Senior Magistrate of Police.
Budwood, H.	...	...	...	Curator of the Museum and Lecturer on Botany.
Blackwell, George	...	...	...	Inspector of Cotton, Belgium and Dharwar.
Brakeman, J. H.	...	...	...	Superintendent Marine Branch, Accountant General's Office.
Boulton, W.	...	...	...	Superintendent Deputy Collector, Kurrachee.
Boulton, M. A.	...	...	...	Acting 2nd Class District ditto.
Brauterd, B.	...	...	...	Hon'ble Deputy Collector in charge Treasury, Hyderabad, Sind.
Brodhurst, John	...	...	M 1851	French Translator and Assistant in the Judicial Department, Secretariat.
Brooke, W. R.	...	...	1857	Supt. Government Telegraphs, Bombay.
Buhari, G.	...	...	...	Professor of Oriental Languages.
Bulkley, A. S.	...	...	C 1853	Assist. Supt Revenue Survey, Gujarat.
Bulkley, Harrington	...	...	C 1851	Inspector in Chief of Cotton, (Europe.)
Bulkley, J.	...	...	...	Into Part of Bombay.
Cameron, H.	...	...	M 1851	3rd Class Assist. Commr of Customs, Surat.
Candy, F. J.	...	...	1859	Professor of Applied Science, Elphinstone High School.
Cantem, A. M.	...	...	...	Moonshee at Ghikodee, Dharwar Collectorate.
Cary, W.	...	...	...	Assist. Collector of Customs, and Harbour Magistrate, Kurrachee.
Christie, J.	...	...	...	Assistant Accountant General.
Cole, W. T.	...	...	1817	Collector of Customs, and Harbour Magistrate, Kurrachee.
Colebrook, J.	...	...	1854	Assistant Superintendent of Stamps.
Cooke, C.	...	...	...	Head Pressman & Die Multiplier in the Mint.

Cooper C. P.			Examiner of the Court for the relief of Insolvent Debtors.
Cooper, Charles			Head Assist. Military Accountant's Office.
Corke, W. G.	1855		Acting First Assistant Master Attendant.
Cowan Andrew, J.			Assistant Political Department Secretariate.
Critchell, E. R.	G 1853		Sub-Assist. Supt. Revenue Survey, Guzerat.
Cumming, Alex.	M 1852		Assist. Supt. of Revenue Survey, Khandeish.
Curtis, T. B.	G 1847		Educational Inspector, Northern Division.
Carrin, J. J.			Deputy Clerk of the Crown.
Dallas, R. A.—L.L.D.			Attorney for Paupers.
Dalzell, N. A.			Conservator of Forests.
Dalzell, Pulteny M.	1837		Deputy Commissioner of Customs, N.D. Surat.
Davidson, A. F.			Superintendent Revenue Survey, Khandeish.
Denton, Charles			Treasure Chest Officer, Mhow.
DeCruz, J.	1810		Assistant Revenue and Financial Department, Secretariate.
DeSouza, A. D.... ..	H M 1846		Assistant Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Opium, 2nd class.
DeSouza, F.	1855		Superannuated Sub-Assist. Superintendent Revenue Survey and Assessment, Guzerat.
Disney, H. K.	1857		Assist. Supt. Revenue Survey, Khandeish.
Dowman, J.	S		2nd Class Assist. Settlement Officer, Sind Revenue Survey, Hyderabad.
Dracup, Isaac	M 1831		Honorary Deputy Col. and Magistrate, Tanna.
Dracup, W.	1865		Assist. to Consulting Engineer for Railways.
Draper, W., M. A.	M 1847		Assistant Inspector, Central Division.
Dunlop, W. H. G.	1840		Deputy Commissioner of Police, Harbour.
Edgington, A.	1857		Head Superintendent of Police.
Edwards, J.			Honorary Deputy Col. and Magistrate, Khandeish.
Elander, G.			Assist. Supt. Canal Department, Sind.
Fairan G. H.			Head Assistant High Court.
Faulkner, A.	H P 1850		Acting Deputy Commr. of Customs, S. D.
Fenner, W. A.	H G 1812		1st Class Rangti in Sind.
Ferguson, T. H.			Acting Clerk and Sealer of the Insolvent Debtors' Court.
Fern, E. W.	G M 1826		Principal Sudder Ameen, Ahmedabad.
Fernandes, Nicholas	1839		Portuguese Translator to Government.
Fernandez, J. F.			Assist. Revenue and Police Commr, N. D.
Fernandez, T. R.	S		3rd Class Assistant Settlement Officer, Sind Revenue Survey, Hyderabad.
Fido, J.	1814		Milwright, Bombay Mint.
Fleming, C. J.			Assist. Accountant General's Office.
Flynn, J.			Chief Translator & Interpreter, High Court.
Fox C. E.	M A		Master and Registrar in Equity.
Foxton, W.	S 1857		3rd Class Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Shikarpore, and Acting Thud ditto.
Friesman, J. Dawes	1856		Shipping Master, Bombay; also Emigration Agent for the Mauritius Government on a salary of £100 per annum, while the Agency is working.
Gamble, H.			Commissioner for taking Affidavits and Bail Process and Official Assignee of Insolvent Debtors' Court.
Gardiner, G.			Inspecting Post Master, Khandeish.
Gibbons, Francis	S 1858		Deputy Collector and Magistrate in charge of the Treasury, Hyderabad, Sind.
Gibson, James R.	M 1862		Assist. Supt. Khandeish Revenue Survey.
Gilder, Geo. Claude			Assist. Political Department, Secretariate.
Gilligan, James			Head Assistant Pay Examiner's Office.
Gonsalves, P.			Assistant Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Opium, 1st Class.
Gordon, W. G.... ..			1st Assistant Accountant General.
Gordon, A. E.			Assist. Commr of Paper Currency, Mint.
Grant, H. M.	M 1859		Assist. Supt. Revenue Survey, Tanna and Rutnaghary.
Grant, Sir A., Bart.	1859		Director of Public Instruction.

Cuerm, J. A.	...	...	1856	Assist to the Supt Revenue Survey, and Assessment, Guzerat
Hall J. O.	...	...	...	Assist Supt Revenue Survey, Guzerat.
Harrison, J. C.	...	...	...	Assist Mint Master
Harrison, S. J.	...	...	1856	Sub Inspector of Cotton in Bombay.
Harrison, W. G.	...	...	1856	Assist Supt Revenue Survey, Punjab.
Hearn, E.	...	...	1855	Sub-Assist Supt Revenue Survey, Pannah and Ratnaghyr
Hearn, J.	...	...	...	Cotton Inspector, Dharwar.
Heun, R. V.	...	...	...	Government Solicitor
Henderson, Charles	...	...	...	Accountant Controller of Public Works Accounts Office
Henderson, John	...	...	...	Senior Inspector Customs Preventive Service
Hewitt, P.	...	...	...	Inspector of Cotton for Surat and Brouh.
Hewlett, F. G.	...	...	...	Health Officer Bombay Municipality and Coroner of Bombay.
Hexton, W. S.	...	...	...	Superintendy Assist Settlement Officer Sind Revenue Survey, Hyderabad.
Hexton, C.	...	...	...	Assist Supt. India Revenue Survey
Hilliard, W. E.	...	...	...	Deputy Conservator of Forests, Poona and Ahmednagar
Hill, J.	...	...	...	Second Inspector Forest Department Sind.
Hingley, E.	...	...	1841	Chief Clerk to the Senior Magistrate of Police and Court of Petty Sessions
Hobson, E. A.	...	...	1856	Assistant Supt Revenue Survey, Hyderabad Assigned Districts, Akola, West Bern
Hodgson, J.	...	...	...	Sub Assistant Sind Revenue Survey
Howe, J.	...	...	1863	Conservator of Indus, and Registrar of Laws, and Superintendent Pilot Establishment, Sind
Hughes, A. W.	...	...	1853	Inspector of Cotton, Sind
Hughlings, J. P.	...	...	...	Professor of English Literature and History, Elphinstone College
Hynes, L. G.	...	...	...	Assistant Mint Master's Office, and Assistant Secretary Civil and
Ingle, Henry	...	...	1853	Superintendent of Harwar and Hoozoor Deputy Collector, Cantta
Ingle, W. A.	...	...	...	Deputy Collector and Magistrate in charge District, Kurrachee
Irvine, J. H.	...	...	1859	Superintendent Cutting and Milling Department, Mint
Jervis, T.	...	...	1863	Deputy Superintendent Preventive Service.
Johnson, J. C. V.	...	...	...	Clerk Court of Small Causes, Bombay
Johnson, W. G.	...	...	...	2nd Class Supply Assistant Revenue Survey, Sind
Jones, J. M.	...	...	...	Assistant to the Controller of Military Accounts
Kimpton, George	...	...	1852	Officiating Head Inspecting Post Master, Sind
Kitteridge, G. A.	...	...	...	Vice Consul of America, Bombay
Kyte, C. J.	...	...	1861	Assistant Revenue Commissioner, S. D.
Kyte, I. E.	...	...	1811	Major Dep. Col. and Magistrate of Station.
Lake, C.	...	...	...	Marshall County Jail.
Lambert, A. S.	...	...	...	Supply Sub-Assistant Rev. Survey, Sind.
Lane, W.	...	...	...	Assistant ditto
Leake, H. L.	...	...	1852	Second Magistrate of Police.
Leibschwager, W.	...	...	...	Superintendent Preventive Service.
Ley, R.	...	...	...	Inspecting Post Master, Ahmedabad Circle.
Light, R. E. H.	...	...	1851	Assistant Superintendent Revenue Survey and Assessment, S. M. C.
Loftie, E.	...	...	...	Assistant Sind Revenue Survey.
London, W.	...	...	1851	Administrator General
Maher, W.	...	...	1850	2nd Class Deputy Collector and Magistrate. Kurrachee
Maidment, W.	...	...	...	Controller of Municipal Accounts.

Major, T. ... ..	...	...	...	Assistant Commissioner of Customs, 4th Class, Bombay.
Malins, G. W. R. .	...	...	...	Shiff of Bombay.
Manley, J. S. E. .	...	...	...	Inspector of Cotton for Sattara, Sholapure, &c.
Marmott, John M. ...	...	...	...	Clerk of the Crown, High Court.
Marsh, C. ... ..	...	...	...	3rd Class Assistant Sind Revenue Survey.
Matt'ea, R. W. ... ..	...	...	...	Chief Assist. Accountant General's Office.
Mauzy, A. G. .	...	M H	1863	Assistant Commissioner of Customs 3rd Class.
Merritt, J. H. .	...	...	...	Inspector of Cotton for Kandah.
Miles, G. R. ... ..	...	...	...	Assistant Secretary to Government Judicial Department, Secretariate.
Moore, T. ... ..	...	...	...	Mooniff in the Sholapure Zillah.
Muller, S. ... ..	...	...	...	Assistant Conservator of Forests in Surat and the Northern Collectorates.
Nahor, S. J. .	...	...	...	Deputy Collector and Magistrate Boorhanpore.
Nash, E. ... ..	...	...	H 1863	Superintendent Dairling Yard, Karmatce.
Nash, J. T. ... ..	...	...	...	3rd Class Assistant Sind Revenue Survey.
Noble, E. S. R. ... ..	...	...	1862	Assistant Conservator and Registrar Upper Division, Sind.
Newham, T. J. .	...	...	...	Deputy Collector for Canals, Shikarpore.
Nicker, D. L. .	...	...	...	Inspecting Post Master Deccan.
Orr, J. W. ... ..	...	...	...	Prothonotary, Ecclesiastical and Admiralty Registrar.
Oxenham, R. G. ... ..	...	...	...	Professor of English Literature Elphinstone College.
Paradise, C. M. ... ..	...	...	...	Assist. Conservator of Forests, Khandesh.
Parkinson, H. H. S. ...	...	...	...	Assist. Eng'l. Revenue Survey, Gorakhpur.
Payne, W. H. ... ..	...	H M	1834	Deputy Commissioner of Customs, &c., S. Div. (on leave).
Pearson, R. ... ..	...	...	...	Acting Inspector of Cotton, Bombay.
Pelly, W. A. ... ..	...	...	H M 1853	Assistant Commissioner of Customs, &c. 2nd Class.
Pereira, W. ... ..	...	...	...	Assist. Military and Marine Departments, Secretariate.
Pitt, R. B. ... ..	...	...	M 1859	Assist. Superintendent Revenue Survey.
Plunkett, A. H. ... ..	...	...	18 9	Horizon Dep. Collector and Magistrate Dharmu.
Ponsonby, C. ... ..	...	...	18 6	Sub-Assist. Rev. Survey Sind.
Potts, W. ... ..	...	...	...	Inspecting Post Master, S. M. Country.
Poynts, J. ... ..	...	...	...	Head Assistant Ordnance Examiner's Office.
Pratt, E. ... ..	...	...	M H 1854	Assist. Commissioner of Customs, &c., 1st Class.
Price, W. S. ... ..	...	...	...	Sub-Assistant Superintendent Revenue Survey, Southern Maratha Country.
Prichard, W. P. ... ..	...	...	...	Acting Deputy Consul Agent for the United States, Kurrachee.
Pryce, J. E. C. ... ..	...	...	...	Offg. Mr. Attd. and Conservator of the Port, Dep. Registrar of Shipping and Surveyor of the Port (on leave).
Raymond, J. ... ..	...	...	...	Deputy Marshal County Jail.
Rassau, H. ... ..	...	...	1854	First Assistant Political Resident at Aden.
Reid, R. T.—LL.D. ...	...	...	...	Government Law Professor and Acting Clerk of the Crown.
Richardson, C. ... ..	...	...	...	Sub-Assist. Revenue Survey S. M. Country.
Richardson, E. T. ...	...	...	M 1856	Hoosoor Depy. Col. and Magistrate, Poona.
Royal, R. ... ..	...	...	...	Superintendent Mechanical School, Poona.
Russell, W. A. ... ..	...	...	M 1860	Educational Inspector Southern Division.
Ryan, P. ... ..	...	...	...	Assist. Secretary to Government, Political, Secret and Educational Departments.
Roland, H. ... ..	...	...	M s 1863	Assistant Collector of Customs, Kurrachee.
Saldanha, J. J. ... ..	...	...	...	Principal Sudder Ameen, Canara.
Seoble, A. R. ... ..	...	...	...	Acting Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.
Scott, J. W. ... ..	...	...	M 1856	Assistant Superintendent Revenue Survey and Assessment Khandesh.

Sibby, Thomas ..	...	...	...	Examiner, Military Pay Department.
Showell, R. H. ..	...	...	1843	2nd Magistrate of Police Bombay.
Shuttleworth, A. F. ...	...	...	1863	Deputy Conservator of Forests, Colaba, and Bevernbrook
Siqueira, D. ..	...	...	.....	Head Accountant Office of Controller of Public Works Accounts
Smith, W. H. ...	...	...	...	Principal Pooni Veterinary College.
Souter, F. H. ...	...	...	1864	Commissioner of Police, Bombay.
Spencer, N. (junr.) ...	...	...	...	Judicial Officer of the Court of Small Causes.
Stannick, R. B. ...	...	...	...	Inspector of Cotton for Canara.
Struttell, George ...	...	...	1876	First Inspector Forest Department, Sind.
Stuart, O. A. ...	...	...	...	Post Master Bombay.
Summers, G. A. .	...	...	...	Second Assistant Registrar High Court A. J. Side.
Swanaseer, O. G. ..	...	...	...	Assistant Pay Examiner.
Swanaseer, W. .	...	...	...	Head Assistant to the Controller of Military Accounts
Taylor, A. ...	...	...	1842	Assistant Commissioner of Customs, &c. 1st Class
Taylor, T. ..	...	...	1860	Magistrate, District.
Terry, G. W. ...	...	...	...	Superintendent School of Industrial Art.
Thacker, W. H. ...	...	...	...	Deputy Collector.
Todhunter, J. L. ...	...	...	...	Deputy Superintendent Electric Telegraphs Indore Circle.
Troy, R. ....	...	...	1815	Head Accountant Collector's Office, Shu- krapore.
Trotter, R. H. ....	...	...	...	Deputy Controller of Public Works Accounts.
Turner, F. ...	...	...	...	Inspector of Cotton, Bombay.
Turnbull, W. ...	...	...	...	Superintendent Sub-Assistant Revenue Sind.
Tyndal, S. W. ....	...	...	...	Deputy Collector and Magistrate Shikarpore.
Veas, H. .	...	...	...	Inspector Post Master, B. L. 2nd.
Wallinger, H. A. ...	...	...	...	Assistant Conservator of Forests, Dhruwar.
Walton, W. ..	...	...	1878	Assistant Conservator of Forests, Colaba and Kuthagerry Collectorate, in charge of Cotton Gin Factory, Dhruwar and Acting Cotton Commissioner.
Watkins, L. A. ...	...	...	.....	Second Deputy Registrar High Court, &c.
Watson, H. L. ...	...	...	...	Superintendent Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Hyderabad, Sind.
Wells, W. ...	...	...	1858	Assistant Commissioner of Paper Currency Karnalkee
Whitcombe, J. C. ...	...	...	1857	Assistant Superintendent Revenue Survey, Khandesh.
White, J. S. the Hon'ble	...	...	1852	Member of Legal Affairs.
Wilkins, W. . .	...	...	...	2nd Class Assistant Settlement Officer Sind Revenue Survey, Hyderabad.
Wilkinson, O. ...	...	...	...	Acting Inspector of Cotton in Bombay.
Williams, W. ...	...	...	1841	Deputy Conservator of Forests, Tanna Col- lectorate, on furlough to Europe.
Williams, E. D. ...	...	...	...	Post Master Kutch and Kattywar.
Willanner, F. F. ...	...	...	.....	Assistant Superintendent, Hyderabad, Re- venue Survey.
Wilson, Sydney ...	...	...	1863	3rd Inspector of Forests, Sind.
Widdowith, W. ...	...	...	...	Principal Pooni College.
Wright, H. L. ..	...	...	1860	2nd Class Assistant Commissioner of Cu- stoms, Salt and Opium, Bombay.
Wright, Solomon ..	...	...	1861	Assistant Pay Examiner
Young, A. P. ...	...	...	...	Superintendent Assistant Revenue Sur- vey Khandesh.
Young, J. W. ...	...	...	1833	Assistant Superintendent Revenue Survey, Tanna.
Yeats, O. L. ...	...	...	1863	Assistant Secretary to Government P. W. Dept., Secretariat.

Political Appointments.

I.—List of Officers holding Political Appointments within the limits of the Bombay Presidency.

As it stands on the 1st Decr 1867.

ADEN

Lieutenant Colonel H. M. Pitt Rivers, appointed Commissioner in Sind, but continues to hold the same Position in Aden, now on special duty in Abyssinia, Salary Rs. 2,150.—The Resident, when also in Command of the Garrison, draws Rs. 3,000.

Major J. A. 1st Assistant, Salary Rs. 500.—On special duty in Abyssinia.

Lieutenant H. B. Pitt Rivers, 2nd Assistant Political Resident.

Major J. A. 2nd Assistant to the Officiating Political Resident, Salary Rs. 400.

Lieutenant J. M. Pitt Rivers, Acting 2nd Assistant to the Resident on special duty with the 1st Battalion of Madras Infantry in Abyssinia.

Lieutenant H. M. Pitt Rivers, 3rd Assistant, Salary Rs. 150.—On special duty in Abyssinia.

Lieutenant H. L. Nutt, Acting 1st do.

BARODA.

Colonel J. T. Barr, Resident, salary Rs. 2,500, with Rs. 200 per mensem when travelling.

Lieutenant J. N. P. Barr, Assistant Collector.—Salary Rs. 750.

Lieutenant W. A. Salmon, Acting.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. B. Barr, Assistant in charge of Umreilly and Superintendent of the Crickwar's Contingent in Kattywar, Salary Rs. 1,500.—Still pays Rs. 100, exclusive of the pay of his rank. Remount Allowance Rs. 150, and travelling allowances at Rs. 5 per diem, payable by H. M. the Crickwar.

Lieutenant H. N. Reeves, Acting.

Lieutenant W. Scott, Assistant in charge of Oghmool and Commandant of the Waghare Corps, Salary Rs. 750.—Consolidated with travelling allowance at Rs. 10 per diem, payable by His Highness the Crickwar.

DECCAN. (Poona.)

F. Lloyd, Agent for Sindia, Salary Rs. 200.—Is also Judge and Session Judge of Poona.

N. M. W. Daniell, Assistant do.—Is also Assistant Judge and Session Judge of Poona.

TANNA.

Major W. H. Pitt Rivers, Political Agent for the Native States within his charge. Is also Collector and Magistrate.

J. W. Robertson, Acting.

KAIRA.

G. W. Elliot, Political Agent for the Nawab of Cambay.—Is also Acting Collector and Magistrate.

KATILWAR.

Lieutenant-Colonel P. H. Keatinge, Political Agent, Salary Rs. 2,500.—Consolidated, with Rs. 200 per mensem when travelling.

Lieutenant Col. W. W. Anderson, Acting.

Major S. C. Lee, 1st Political Assistant, Salary Rs. 1,400.

Major W. C. Parr, Acting Political Assistant.

Captain P. H. T. C. J., 2nd Political Assistant, Salary Rs. 1,200
 Lieut. H. L. Helbert, 3rd do (Acting, do), Salary Rs. 800
 Captain J. W. Watson, 4th do (Acting, do), Salary Rs. 600
 Lieut. J. Russell, Acting 4th Political Assistant
 J. L. C. H. T. C. J., Assistant Political Agent, Salary Rs. 500
 Captain C. L. J. A. Fouché, Acting, do
 Captain J. Hayes Lloyd, Superintendent of the Estates of Rajcote and Lumree,
 Salary Rs. 1,200

KHANDAISII

J. E. J. M. M. M., Agent for the Khandaisii, under the Governor for the districts
 excluded from the operation of the Regulations under Act VI of 1816. Is also Col-
 lector and Magistrate.
 G. J. Shepherd, Acting

KOLHAPUR AND SOUTHERN MARATHA COUNTRY

Lieut. Col. G. S. A. Anier, Political Agent, Salary Rs. 2,000—Payable by the
 Kolhapur State Government. Salary Rs. 1,800 0 0, payable by the British Govern-
 ment. Southern Maratha Country Agency Rs. 200. Total Rs. 2,000.
 Lt. Major J. G. M. M. M., Assistant Political Agent, in addition of commandant of
 the Kolhapur Military Camp, Salary Rs. 1,200 0 0—Payable by the British Govern-
 ment. Commensal salary Rs. 700. Travelling and contingent allowances Rs. 250.
 Total Rs. 2,150.

Lieut. L. W. West, Assistant Political Agent, Salary Rs. 700—Payable by the Kol-
 hapur State. Salary Rs. 500—Post and transportation allowance Rs. 200. Total 700.

KURCH

Major A. Y. Shore, Political Agent, Salary Rs. 1,400—With Rs. 200 per mensem
 when travelling.

MAHILKANTA

M. J. J. J., Political Agent, Salary Rs. 1,300.—With Rs. 200 per mensem
 when travelling.

Major S. C. Law, Acting

Lieut. A. M. Phillips, Assistant Political Agent, Salary Rs. 550.—With Rs. 100 per
 mensem as travelling allowance, with Rs. 200 for contingent.

PAHLUNPOOR

Lieut. Col. L. P. Arthur, Political Superintendent, Salary Rs. 700.—Payable by
 H. M. collector of the Dewar, out of his Military pay with Rs. 150 per mensem
 when travelling, out of the Agency & Local Fund.

PUNCH MAHATS

W. H. Probert, Agent for the Panch Mahats, under the Governor.—Is also Extra 1st
 Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Khandaisii.

RAWANKANIA

Captain L. C. Burton, Political Agent, Salary Rs. 1,200—With Rs. 200 per men-
 sem when travelling.

Mr. R. J. V. V. V. V. V., Assistant Political Agent, Salary Rs. 500—With
 Rs. 100 per mensem when travelling.

SIFTARA.

J. R. Arthur, Political Agent for the Native States within his charge.—Is also
 Collector and Magistrate.

SAWUNT WARI.

Major J. Schneider, Political Superintendent, Salary Rs. 1,200—Payable by the
 Waras State.

Ranchinier Sawunt, Assistant to the Superintendent, Salary Rs. 150—Payable
 by the Waras State.

Sam Sawunt, Assistant to Superintendent, Salary Rs. 150—Payable by the Waras
 State.

SHOLAPOOR

A. A. O. Jervoise, Political Agent for the Akulcote State.—Is also Sub-Collector
 and Magistrate.

DHARWAR.

L. Rend, Political Agent for the Native States within his charge —Is also Collector and Magistrate

SIND.

Lieut.-Col. W. L. Maitland, C. B. Commissioner in Sind, Salary Rs. 4,100-10-6
W. H. Havlock, Acting

Lt.-Col. Sir W. H. R. Green, C. B., K. C. S. I., Political Superintendent on the Frontier, Salary Rs. 603 —Exclusive of the pay of his rank

Major M. Green, C. B., Assistant to Superintendent on the Frontier, Salary Rs. 250 —Exclusive of the pay of his rank

Major G. B. Fyrrwhitt, Political Superintendent in the Thuzraud Parkar, Salary Rs. 1,500 —With Rs. 10 per diem when travelling

SURAL.

T. C. Hope, Collector and Agent for the Right Honorable the Governor, also Agent for the Rances of Mandvee —The Collector performs the work of Agent without additional pay

CIVIL CORPS UNDER THE POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

KOLHAPUR INFANTRY CORPS.

Captain G. Westropp, 2nd in Command, and *Lt.-Officer* Assistant to the Political Agent, Salary Rs. 600 —Payable by the Kolhapoor State

Lt. Col. W. J. Hill, B. A., Adjutant, and *Lt. Officer* Assistant to the Political Agent, Salary Rs. 418 10 —With Rs. 100 per mensem for Magisterial duties, and Rs. 5 per diem when travelling, payable by the Kolhapoor State

Lieut. W. H. J. Stafford, Acting

Apothecary C. Anding, in Medical charge, Salary Rs. 350

SAWUN WARRI LOCAL CORPS.

Captain P. L. Ibb, 2nd in Command, and *Lt. Officer* Assistant to the Political Agent, Salary Rs. 700 —With Rs. 5 per diem when travelling, payable by the Warr State

Lieut. W. L. I. Waller, V. C. Acting

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Surgeon Adasect, in Medical charge, Salary Rs. 350. —Payable by the Warr State

KATTIWAR LOCAL BATTALION.

Lieut. F. H. Gordon, Special Officer, Salary Rs. 500 —Payable by the Southern Kattiwar Chiefs

(Vacant), Special Officer, Salary Rs. 500 —Payable by the Southern Kattiwar Chiefs

II.—List of Officers holding Political Appointments from the Bombay Government beyond the limits of the Presidency.

G. WADUR.

Captain E. C. Ross, Assistant to Political Agent Muscat and Khelat, Salary Rs. 1,000 —Payable by the Indo-Europe in Telegraph Department

KHI LAT.

(Vacant), Political Agent, Salary Rs. 1,000

(Vacant), Civil Surgeon, Salary Rs. 600

MUSCAT.

Lt.-Col. H. F. Jackson, Political Agent, Salary Rs. 1,200

Lieut. G. A. Atkinson, Acting

Assistant Apothecary G. Barrio, in Medical charge, Salary Rs. 220

PERSIAN GULF.

Lieut.-Colonel L. Pelly, Political Resident, Salary Rs. 2,400

Captain A. C. Wray, 1st Assistant do, Salary Rs. 1,000

Captain S. A. Smith, 2nd Assistant do, Salary Rs. 700

Assistant Surgeon A. N. Hojel, Civil Surgeon, Salary Rs. 550

ZANZIBAR.

H. A. Churchill, C. B., Political Agent, Salary Rs. 1,400
 Doctor J. Kirk, Civil Surgeon, Salary Rs 520

Officers on Special duty in the Political Department.

H. Rissam, on special duty to Abyssinia
 Lieutenant W. F. Frideaux, ditto
 Assistant Surgeon H. J. Blanc, ditto
 Major J. Lester, Staff Corps, Commissioner for the Settlement of the Boundary Disputes between Buodi and Junghui
 Lieutenant F. H. Jackson, General List. (On special duty in Kattywar under the Resident, Buodi)
 Major W. G. Gunning, Staff Corps (Bheel Agent and Political Assistant, Bhopawar) (On furlough)

Political Appointments held direct under Her Majesty.

ABYSSINIA—Charles D. Cameron, Consul.
 BAGDAD—Lieutenant Colonel Sir A. B. Kemball, K.O.S.I., C.B., Bombay Artillery, Consul
 BUSSORA—W. P. Johnston, Vice-Consul
 EGYPT—Colonel D. Stanton, Consul General
 G. L. Stanley, Consul at Cairo
 George West, Vice-Consul at Suer
 GWADUR—Lieutenant E. C. Ross, Assistant Political Agent
 JUDDA—Arthur Raby, Consul and British Agent. (On leave) Paul Hollas, in charge
 MUSCAT—Lieutenant Colonel H. F. Disbrowe, Staff Corps, Consul. (On sick leave in India)
 Captain G. A. Atkinson, Acting Consul
 PERSIA—C. Alison, Esq., C. B., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary
 R. F. Thomson Secretary of Legation
 W. J. Dickson, Oriental Secretary
 A. Glen, Vice Consul and Translator
 W. R. L. Dickson, M. D., Physician
 ZANZIBAR—Surgeon H. A. Churchill, Consul and Political Agent.

Foreign Consuls at Bombay.

AMERICA—G. A. Kittredge, Vice-Consul
 AUSTRIA—Augustus Carl Gumpert, Tamarind Lane
 BELGIUM—A. Havenith, Absent
 BREMEN—Augustus Carl Gumpert, Tamarind Lane
 BRANCO—M. Ichnon, Consul, Otto Miller, Acting.
 HAMBURG—Augustus Carl Gumpert, Tamarind Lane
 ITALY—James G. Sigg
 MUSCAT—Mahomed Nubbee Khan
 NETHERLANDS—H. Ahlers, Absent, G. L. Faber, Acting
 OLDENBURG—Augustus Carl Gumpert, Tamarind Lane
 OFFOMAN CONSUL—Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan Shoosty
 PERSIA—Mirza Mahomed Ali Khan
 PORTUGAL—(Vacant)
 PRUSSIA—Augustus Carl Gumpert, Tamarind Lane
 SPAIN—Don Medin Tallada
 SWEDEN AND NORWAY—A. C. Gumpert, Tamarind Lane.

Foreign Consuls at Kurrachee.

CONSUL FOR HAMBURG AND BREMEN—Alexander Stewart, Absent
H. Maxwell, Acting

PRUSSIAN CONSUL—A. E. Denso

CONSULAR AGENT FOR FRANCE—G. Touche, Absent; Monsieur Mialhe
Acting.

CONSUL FOR THE NETHERLANDS—A. E. Denso, Absent; J. G. Sigg,
Acting

UNITED STATES CONSULAR AGENT—B. F. Farnham.

DEPUTY CONSULAR AGENT—W. P. Prichard.

Foreign Consul at Aden.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—William H. Nichols

Land Revenue Appointments.**Revenue Commissioners.****NORTHERN DIVISION.**

A. Rogers, Revenue and Police Commissioner

J. F. Fernandez, Assistant

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

J. W. Hallow, Revenue and Police Commissioner (on leave)

A. L. Bellasis, Acting

C. J. Kyte, Assistant

J. Anding, Assistant

BOMBAY.

A. F. Bellasis, Collector of Bombay, Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery,
Acting Revenue and Police Commissioner, S. D.

Gerard Norman, Acting Collector of Bombay and Superintendent of Stamps and
Stationery

J. Colebrook, Assistant Superintendent of Stamps

Collectors and Magistrates, Northern Division.**AHMEDABAD.**

Collector and Magistrate J. R. Oliphant, Acting Collector and Magistrate of Poona
Acting ditto A. A. Bhandale,

First Assistant ditto W. R. Pratt

Second ditto ditto T. H. Stewart

Third ditto ditto G. F. W. Grant

Supernumerary Third Assistant Sayanbrahm Tagore, Acting Assistant Judge
and Session Judge at the Station (on leave)

Supernumerary Third Assistant to the Collector, A. D. Carey

Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Jaggewandas Khoosaldass, Acting at Surat.

Acting ditto ditto Cooverjee Cowasjee

District ditto ditto Kasee Shaboodeen Ibrahim

KAIRA.

Collector and Magistrate A. A. Borradale
 Acting ditto ditto G. W. Elliott
 First Assistant ditto O. T. Davis
 Extra First ditto for Punch Mahals, W. H. Prosser
 Second ditto ditto W. Woodward
 Third ditto ditto M. H. Scott
 Honorary Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Choonimal Venilal
 District Deputy Collector for Punch Mahals, Oomedram Annundrow, Acting
 District Deputy Collector, Surit
 Acting ditto Manockjee Cowasjee Entee.

KHANDLISH.

Collector and Magistrate, L. R. Ashburner (On leave to Europe)
 Acting ditto ditto G. F. Shepherd
 First Assistant ditto C. B. Pitchard
 Second Assistant Collector and Magistrate W. B. Mulock. On sick leave to Europe
 Extra Second ditto M. B. Baker
 Third Assistant H. I. M. James
 Supery ditto J. McL. Campbell
 Honorary Deputy Collector and Magistrate, I. Edwards
 District ditto Venkyeck Dewakar.

SURA.

Collector and Magistrate T. C. Hope
 Acting First Assistant ditto W. A. Mulock
 Second ditto ditto A. C. Trevor
 Third Assistant ditto G. Ayerst, Acting Assistant Judge, Surat
 Acting ditto ditto I. D. Mulhalla
 Acting ditto ditto Donald Matheson
 Honorary Dep. Col. and Mag. N. S. Munshi, Acting Third Magistrate, Bombay
 Acting ditto J. J. Gundarra Khosshaldas (on leave)
 Acting ditto Pranalal Mithooraldas
 District ditto ditto Surit H. Summers, Assistant to Superintendent Revenue
 Survey and Assessment, Goozerat
 Acting ditto ditto Oomedram Annundrow.

BROACH (SUB-COLLECTORATE)

Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate G. W. Anderson (on leave to Europe)
 Acting ditto ditto C. M. Hoag
 District Deputy Collector and Magistrate Cowasjee Cowasjee, Acting at Ahmedabad
 Acting ditto ditto Oomedram Bunchordass.

TANNA.

Collector and Magistrate W. H. Havelock, Acting Commissioner in Sind
 Acting ditto ditto F. W. Robertson
 First Assistant ditto C. M. Hoag, Acting Sub-Collector, Broach
 Second ditto ditto G. H. Johns
 Third ditto ditto J. Nugent
 Supery. Third ditto A. Keyser
 Honorary Deputy Collector and Magistrate, J. Dracup
 District ditto ditto Rao Bahadoor Vishnuo Moreswami Bhiday.

COLABA (SUB-COLLECTORATE)

Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, J. Phippington, Acting Collector of Canara
 Acting ditto ditto W. M. Salmon.

HILL STATION OF MATHLRAN.

Superintendent and Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tauna, Surgeon
 T. Beatty, M. B.

Collectors and Magistrates, Southern Division.

ALMTDNDG,QUE

Collector and Magistrate,	W. D. O'Bye, on sick leave
Acting ditto	H. N. D. F. Atkins
Joint Assistant	G. W. D. L. L. L. L.
Extra First	J. MacFarlane
Second Assistant	J. K. A. and First Assistant Dharwar
Third Assistant	F. L. C. O'Bye
Deputy District Collector	J. M. A. and First Assistant Dharwar
District ditto	J. Ramjee Nasser, & Co.

LI LAUM

Collector and Magistrate, A. E. D. Grey
First Assistant ditto W. M. S. S. Acting Sub Collector, Colaba
Acting ditto ditto H. J. S. S. M. C. S.
Second ditto ditto H. J. S. S. Acting First Assistant
Deputy Collector and Magistrate, M. H. S. S. W. S. S. Survey

DEATHS 18

Collector and Magistrate, J. Reid
First Assistant ditto G. L. Shepherd, Acting Collector of Ahmedabad
Acting ditto ditto J. King
Secy ditto ditto L. H. Little, Acting First Assistant Collector, Sittab
Deputy Collector in Magistrate, A. W. Hughes, on leave
Acting ditto ditto A. H. Flinn ditto
District Deputy Collector and Magistrate, J. Hearn.

TOONA

Collector, and Magistrate J. P. Down
Acting Collector and Magistrate, J. L. Olliphant
First Assistant ditto C. W. Bell
Second ditto ditto W. A. East
Third Assistant ditto J. R. Millerton
Honourable Deputy Collector and Magistrate, E. J. Richardson

SHOLAPOOR SUI COLECCIONAIE

Sib Collector and Joint Magistrate, G. W. Anderson On Medical Certificate to Europe
Acting ditto A. A. C. Jeyaraj
District Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Vishnuo Parashram

KOLLADGHLE.

Collector and Magistrate, J. T. Armstrong
Acting ditto ditto T. Thelwall
Second ditto ditto I. Thelwall, Acting First Assistant
Superintendent ditto O. G. Blathwayt
Inspector Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Nowroze Byramjee

DUTNAGHERLY.

Collector and Magistrate, H B Boswell
First Assistant ditto A K Nurne
Second ditto ditto I Cordaux
Third ditto ditto (vacant)
Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Ramchunder Amrit Dutt

SATTARA

Collector and Magistrate, J. R. Arthur
 First Assistant ditto Major W. C. Parr, Staff Corps, Acting First Assistant to
 the Political Agent, Kattyawar
 Acting ditto ditto E. H. Little
 Second Assistant ditto G. H. D. Wilson
 Third Assistant ditto (Vacant)
 Assistant to the Collector, J. K. Spence
 Hooveer Deputy Collector and Magistrate, I. E. Kye
 District ditto ditto Dhunirbhoy Cowasjee

MAHABLESHWUR.

Superintendent and Assistant to the Collector of Sattara, Assistant Surgeon
H Cook, Senior.

CANARA.

Collector and Magistrate, The Honourable M. J. M. Shaw Stewart, on duty
at Calcutta

Acting ditto J. Fipphinston
First Assistant ditto A. A. G. Jervoise, Acting Sub-Collector of Sholapoor
Second Assistant ditto J. R. Naylor, Acting Senior Assistant Judge, Rutnagherry
Acting ditto R. E. Candy
Supernumerary Third ditto R. E. Candy, Acting 2nd Assistant
Hoozoor Deputy Collector and Superintendent of Karwar, H. Ingle.

Collectors and Magistrates, Sind Division.**KURRACHEE.**

Collector and Magistrate, Major W. R. Lambert, Staff Corps
First Class Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Major W. Southey, Madras Staff
Corps
Second ditto ditto ditto Captain F. J. T. Rowe, Staff Corps
Third Class ditto ditto W. Boulton, Acting First Judge of the Small
Cause Court, Kurrachee
Acting ditto ditto Khan Bahadoor Akoond Habbeeboolla
Supernumerary Deputy Collector, F. Gibbons
1st Class Extra Assistant Collector, Mirza Ali Mahomed,
Hoozoor Deputy Collector in charge Treasury W. A. Ingle.

HYDERABAD.

Collector and Magistrate, Major F. Phillips, Staff Corps
First Class Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Captain W. A. Gillespie, Staff Corps,
Acting Collector, Shikarpoor
Acting ditto ditto Captain C. F. Boulton
Second Class ditto ditto S. W. Tyndall
Third Class ditto ditto H. Ryland
Supernumerary ditto ditto Ensign A. Mayhew, doing duty with the Political
Superintendent, Furr and Pakur
Acting ditto ditto R. Lambert
Hoozoor Deputy Collector in charge Treasury, B. Bradford
2nd Class Extra Assistant Collector and Magistrate, Dewan Faroomull.

SHIKARPOOR.

Collector and Magistrate, Major L. D'A. Dunsterville, Staff Corps, on sick leave
for 20 months, from 4th May 1867
Acting ditto ditto Captain W. A. Gillespie
First Class Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Captain C. D. J. Dodd, Staff Corps
Second Class ditto ditto W. Foxton, Acting Judge and Session Judge,
Shikarpoor
Acting ditto ditto Captain E. W. Trevor
Third Class ditto ditto W. Maher, on leave
Acting ditto ditto H. E. Watson
Third Class ditto ditto Captain E. W. Trevor, Acting Second Class
Supernumerary ditto ditto Lieut. R. J. Crawford, Staff Corps, Acting Superin-
tendent of Police
Supernumerary ditto ditto Douglas Crawford
Hoozoor Deputy Collector in Charge Treasury, Dewan Wadoomull
First Class ditto ditto Meer Ameer Bux Talpoor
Second Class ditto ditto Meer Wulleedad Khan.

FRONTIER OF UPPER SIND—JACOBABAD.

First Class Deputy Collector and Magistrate, W. H. Bolton

Revenue Survey Appointments.

Officers attached to the Southern Maratha Country Revenue Survey and Assessment.

Lieutenant Colonel W. O. Anderson, Staff Corps, Survey and Settlement Commissioner for the Districts of Dharwar, Belgaum, Saltara, Canara, and Kulladghes.
Major R. Wallace, Deputy Superintendent
W. S. Price, Assistant Superintendent
R. O. Beynon, Assistant Superintendent On sick leave to Europe for fifteen months from 5th April 1867
Lieutenant G. Coombs, Assistant Superintendent. On sick leave to Europe for twenty months from 6th March 1867
Lieutenant J. L. Fagan, Assistant Superintendent
Captain Drummond, Assistant Superintendent
Lieutenant C. W. Godfrey, Assistant Superintendent
Lieutenant J. B. Lawrence, Assistant Superintendent
C. W. Richardson, Sub-Assistant Superintendent
A. P. Young, Supernumerary Superintendent

Officers attached to the Khandeish Revenue Survey and Assessment

W. G. Pedder, Superintendent Revenue Survey
M. A. Cumming, Assistant Superintendent, medical certificate to Europe for fifteen months, from 1st November 1866
A. Baker, Assistant Superintendent
W. Scott, Assistant Superintendent
H. K. Disney, Assistant Superintendent
H. M. Grant, Assistant Superintendent
J. C. Whitcombe, Sub-Assistant Superintendent
W. E. Walto, Sub-Assistant Superintendent

Officers attached to the Goorjat Revenue Survey and Assessment.

Major O. J. Prescott, Superintendent, Revenue Survey and Assessment, and Assistant Collector and Magistrate in all the Collectorates in Goorjat
N. B. Bayts, Deputy Collector and Magistrate in all the Collectorates in Goorjat
Rao Bahadoor Shumbooprusad Luxmild, Assistant Settlement Officer and Deputy Collector in all the Collectorates in Goorjat
A. S. Bulkley, Assistant Superintendent, 2nd Grade, medical certificate to Europe for 15 months, from 14th April 1866
J. C. Hall, Assistant Superintendent, 2nd Grade
J. A. Guerin, Assistant Superintendent, 2nd Grade
Lieut. D. C. Pedder, Assistant Superintendent, 3rd Grade
Lieut. R. Westmacott, Assistant Superintendent, 3rd Grade, medical certificate to Europe for 20 months, from 29th October 1865
Lieut. H. D. Cathcart, Assistant Superintendent, 3rd Grade
Lieut. G. E. Hancock, Assistant Superintendent 3rd Grade
H. E. Summers, Assistant Superintendent, 4th Grade, Deputy Collector, on special duty as Municipal Surveyor in Goorjat
E. R. Critchell, Sub-Assistant Superintendent
F. DeSouza, Sub-Assistant Superintendent
Atmaram Nuthoojee, Sub-Assistant Superintendent
W. B. Prescott, Supernumerary Superintendent.

Officers attached to the Tanna and Rutnagherry Revenue Survey Department.

Lieutenant Colonel J. T. Francis, Survey and Settlement Commissioner
 Major W. Waddington, Superintendent
 Major R. Wallace, Assistant Superintendent
 W. Harrison, Assistant Superintendent.
 Lieutenant C. Hexton, Assistant Superintendent.
 Captain J. Lloyd, Assistant Superintendent.
 J. Gibson, Assistant Superintendent
 J. Young, Assistant Superintendent.
 Lieutenant T. M. Ward, Assistant Superintendent
 W. Fletcher, Assistant Superintendent
 E. Hearn, Assistant Superintendent
 Lieutenant C. T. Kobalaz, Assistant Superintendent.
 Lieutenant J. G. Molise, Supernumerary Assistant.

Officers attached to the Sind Settlement Survey, Right Bank, Indus

Major M. B. Haig, Settlement Officer. On leave
 Captain A. J. Doig, Deputy Settlement Officer
 G. Barrie, 2nd Class Assistant
 J. F. Nash, 3rd ditto ditto
 C. H. Marsh, 3rd ditto ditto
 W. Turnbull, 3rd ditto ditto
 J. de Bicoi, Supernumerary Assistant
 J. M. Graves, ditto ditto
 Meca Mahomed, Sub-Assistant.

Officers attached to the Sind Left Bank Indus Settlement Department.

Major E. L. Tavernor, Settlement Officer
 Captain Fisher, Deputy Settlement Officer
 W. Wilkins, 2nd Class Assistant Officer
 J. Downman, 2nd ditto ditto
 T. R. Fernandez, 3rd ditto ditto
 W. S. Hexton, 3rd ditto ditto
 C. Ponsonby, Supry. Assistant ditto
 G. F. Mathieson, ditto ditto
 Khodoo Mull, Sub-Assistant ditto

Surveyors in Sind.

Revenue Surveyor, W. Lane	Junior Sub Asst Surveyor, G. Barrett
Assistant ditto, E. Loftie	Ditto J. Connor
Sub-Assist ditto, W. Downman	Ditto J. Danne
Junior Sub ditto F. Ford	

Bombay.

Major G. A. Laughton, Staff Corps, Superintendent Revenue Survey

Alienation Department.

ATTACHED TO THE OFFICES OF THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER SOUTHERN DIVISION.
 Major A. T. Etheridge, H. M's Bombay Staff Corps, Alienation Assistant
 in charge of the whole of the Alienation Office and Pooni Records
 Sudasew Bullal, ditto ditto, and in charge Peshwa's Duffur

NORTHERN DIVISION.

J. B. Richey, Talookdaree Settlement Officer in Gooratt.
 Festoujee Jehangeerjee, Alienation Settlement Officer in the Northern Division
 and Assistant to the Revenue Commissioner, N. D.
 Sorabjee Jehangeerjee, Officiating Sub-Assistant Settlement Officer.

Her Majesty's Customs' Department, Bombay.

A. D. Robertson, Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Opium			
G. Norman, Deputy Commissioner of Customs (Presidency Division), (Acting Collector of Bombay)			
C. J. Davies, Acting Deputy Commissioner of Customs (Presidency Division)			
P. M. Dalzell, Deputy	do	do	(Northern Division)
W. H. Payne, Deputy	do	do	(Southern Division)
A. Taylor, 1st class Assistant	do	do	(Bombay)
A. Faulkner, 2nd class Assistant	do	do	(Bombay)
E. Pratt, 2nd class Assistant	do	do	(Vingoria)
H. L. Wright, 2nd class Assist.	do	do	(Guzerat)
A. G. Maury, 2nd class Assist.	do	do	(Bombay)
Maharajebhoy Bapoojee Vicejee, 3rd class Assistant Commissioner of Customs (Bombay)			
Nilcuntrow Anunt Josey, 3rd class Assistant Commissioner of Customs (Bombay)			
T. M. Major, 3rd class Assistant	do	do	(Guzerat)
P. Gonsalves, 4th class Assistant	do	do	(Karwar)
H. L. Cameron, 4th class Assistant	do	do	(Lannah)
T. M. Cotgrave,	do	do	(Bombay)
W. H. Payne, (Junr) extra Assistant	do	do	(Bombay)

COMMISSIONER'S CORRESPONDENCE DEPARTMENT.

Janardhun Parehotum, Head Clerk
 Bulwant Luximon, 2nd Clerk
 Purushram Balcrustna, Chitnees

COMMISSIONER'S ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT.

Nusserwanjee Cursetjee, Head Accountant

CASH DEPARTMENT.

Pandoorung Huri Vaidya, Cashier and Principal Clerk
 Narayan Vithoba, Correspondence Clerk

IMPORT DEPARTMENT.

W. H. Payne, Assistant Commissioner in charge
 Bajecrao Bapoojee, Overseer

IMPORT INSPECTING DEPARTMENT.

A. G. Maury, Assistant Commissioner, in charge
 J. Smale, Inspector
 S. Webbe, Gauger
 Merwanjee Hormusjee, Inspector
 Jamsetjee Framjee, Head Appraiser
 Moroba Vinoba, 2nd do
 Hurrichund Krishna, 3rd do
 Jamsetjee Fardoonjee, 4th do

EXPORT DEPARTMENT.

Raghoba Gopalrao, Overseer

EXPORT INSPECTING DEPARTMENT.

T. M. Cotgrave, Assistant Commissioner in charge
 Walter Wright, Inspector
 Neelajee Wiswanath, Inspector
 Narayan Pandoorung, Assistant Inspector
 Abraham Nathan, Shawl Appraiser
 Amaram Wittoba, Appraiser

REPORTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Nilcuntrow Anunt, Assistant Commissioner in charge
 Balcrustna Bapoojee, Overseer

DRAWBACK, OPIUM AND PORT DUES DEPARTMENTS.

Maharajebhoy Bapoojee Vicejee, Assistant Commissioner in charge
 Gangadur Bapoojee, Overseer

WAREHOUSE DEPARTMENT.

E. Menesse, Warehouse-keeper
 E. J. D'Silva, Assistant Warehouse-keeper (Apollo Bonded Warehouse)
 Cowashaw Pestonshaw, Opium Inspector

MUSJEEB AND MAHIM BUNDER CUSTOM HOUSES AND TOBACCO DEPARTMENTS.

A. Taylor, Assistant Commissioner, in charge

M. Kenly, Tobacco Department

Suddasew Gopall, Inspector,

J. F. D. Oliveira, Overseer, Mahim Bunder,

ARTHUR BUNDER.

J. C. Bailis, Inspector in charge

H. M.'s CUSTOMS' PREVENTIVE SERVICE.**SUPERINTENDENT.**

W. Leihawager

DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT.

T. Jervis

INSPECTORS.

J. Henderson

W. Pritchard

W. Stewart

J. Collymore

1st GRADE OFFICERS

R. H. Anderson

P. Doming

R. Prenderville

W. Nock

C. Lapralle

B. Hunt

H. Thompson

J. B. Windsor

W. F. Chetham

G. Carr

S. Branch

C. Daniells

S. Wooden

G. C. Cornish

J. Grant

2ND GRADE OFFICERS.

W. Reid

V. Pereira

G. Gordon

G. Williamson

A. Woods

W. B. Davis

D. J. Munday

G. Dummeaux

J. Myatt

H. R. Spencer

J. Bolland

G. Gracias

F. D. Miranda

R. Lafrenais

J. Tucker

W. H. Lovett

J. Walsh

J. Vevers

W. Boylett

3rd GRADE OFFICERS.

W. Lyons

J. Stuber

B. Blackburn

C. J. King

J. Higgins

F. H. Jolliffe

H. Robottom

K. Sharman

J. Maynard

N. Armstrong

R. D. Mitchell

W. Almon

C. Williamson

C. Donoghue

H. Corryea

W. Blunt

J. Davidson

J. Brand

4TH GRADE OFFICERS.

H. M. Kelly

H. Sibbald

G. Pereira

W. Thorley

J. B. Jones

J. Vanwallen

J. W. Hind

J. Maynard

A. B. Davis

A. Spilling

M. Fialho

H. Stuber

R. W. Ditton

J. Johnston

G. Blakeman

W. Lastings

W. Hill

WHARFINGERS.**TOWN BUNDER.**

J. F. Rodrigues

H. Pearson, Assistant

J. J. Fernandes, Assistant

MUSJEEB BUNDER.

G. Ainsworth

J. Miller Assistant.

EXTRA ESTABLISHMENTS PAID BY PRIVATE COMPANIES.

CAENAL BUNDER—J. Miller.

P. & O. Co.'s DOCK YARD.

A. W. Kelly, Warehouse-keeper

F. X. Mendonca, Preventive Officer

GUNPOWDER WORKS BUNDER.

J. Raymond, Preventive Officer

FREE BASIN BUNDER.

J. Samuel, Preventive Officer.

METAL MART BORNE BUNDER.

R. Vandestraten, Preventive Officer.

VICTORIA BUNDER.

O. D. Fletcher, Preventive Officer

F. A. C. N. Fernandes, Preventive Officer

BOMBAY AND BENGAL STRAM NAVIGATION CO. BORNE BUNDER.

Mr. T. Murray.—Warehouser and Inspector.

SIND—KURRACHEE CUSTOMS' DEPARTMENT.

W. T. Cole, Collector of Customs and Harbour Magistrate.

W. F. Cary, Assistant

ditto

ditto

Public Works Appointments.

Secretary to Government Public Works Department—Colonel M. K. Kennedy, R.E.
 Under Secretary to Government, Lieutenant T. F. Dowden, R.E., (Europe)
 Under Secretary to Government, Public Works Department—Captain W. A. Baker
 R.E., Acting.
 Under Secretary to Government, Irrigation Branch, Lieut.-Col. J. G. Fife, R.E.
 Assistant Secretary—Mr. C. L. Yeats.
 Controller of Public Works Accounts—Captain A. Davidson, R.E.
 Deputy Controller, Public Works Accounts—Mr. R. H. Trotter, Acting.

PRESIDENCY DIVISION.

Chief Engineer, 2nd Class—Major General C. W. Tremmheere, R.E., C.B.
 Chief Engineer for Irrigation and Under Secretary to Government in Irrigation
 Branch—Lieut.-Colonel J. G. Fife, R.E.
 Executive Engineer and Surveyor—Lieut.-Col. J. A. Fuller, R.E.
 Executive Engineer, Presidency—Mr. Khandas Munoharam.
 Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences—Lieut.-Colonel H. St. C. Wilkins, R.E.;
 Captain C. W. Finch, R.E., Acting.
 Executive Engineer 4th Grade (Bombay Defences)—Lieutenant H. Doveton, R.E.
 Nautical Assistant Engineer 4th Grade—H. De la Poire Murphy.
 Executive Engineer for Reclamations—Lieutenant W. M. Ducat, R.E.
 Assistant Engineer 2nd Grade (temporary)—Mr. P. H. D. Evans.
 Assistant Engineer 1st Grade—Lieutenant A. W. Burd, R.E.
 Assistant Engineer 1st Grade—Lieutenant B. A. Sargeant, R.E.
 Executive Engineer, Aden—Captain U. J. Merriman, R.E.
 Assistant Engineer 2nd Grade—Lieutenant C. E. Fridden, R.E.
 Architect to Government—Mr. W. Paris.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

Superintending Engineer—Colonel H. W. B. Bell, R.E. Acting.
 Executive Engineer, Ahmedabad—Lieutenant H. H. Lee, R.E., Acting.
 Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade—Lieutenant B. O. Seton, R.E.
 Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade—Lieutenant F. W. Joseph, Staff Corps
 Executive Engineer, Kaira—Captain A. T. Mander, R.E.
 Executive Engineer, 4th Grade Punch Mahals—Mr. T. D. Little, C.E.
 Executive Engineer, Surat and Broach—Lieutenant C. Mant, R.E.
 Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade—Lieutenant F. D. Mander, 14th Regiment N. I.
 Executive Engineer, Khandeish—Captain D. Thomson, R.E.
 Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade—Lieutenant W. H. Heyden, R.E.
 Executive Engineer, Northern Konkan—Captain J. R. Mansell, R.E., Acting.
 Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade—Lieut. W. Osborn, R.E.
 Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade—Mr. D. Pringle, C.E.
 Executive Engineer, Deesa and Abco—Lieut. K. A. Jopp, R.E.
 Executive Engineer, Ditto Ditto—Lieut. A. R. Seton, R.E., Acting.
 Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade—Lieut. C. S. Beauchamp, R.E.
 Do. Temporary—Lieut. W. J. LeBreton, R.E.
 Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, on probation—Mr. T. W. Scott.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class 1st Grade—Lieut. Colonel C. Scott, R.E.
 Executive Engineer, on special duty, Kirkee Fort—Capt. B. Mathew, R.E.
 Executive Engineer, Ahmednuggur—Capt. J. G. T. Griffith, R.E.
 Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade—Lieut. W. Abney, R.E.
 Executive Engineer, in charge Nassick—Major W. R. Houghton, Staff Corps
 Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade—Mr. J. Gregory, C.E.
 Executive Engineer, Poona and Kirkee—Captain J. C., Melis Staff Corps,
 Acting
 Executive Engineer on special duty Poona—Captain B. H. Mathew, R.E.
 Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade—Lieutenant G. M. Cruickshank, R.E.

Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade—Lieutenant N. G. Sturt, R. E.
 Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade—Lieutenant J. Davis
 Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade—Captain E. Stapleton
 Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade—Lieutenant A. L. Buckle, R. E.
 Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade—Mr. M. S. Dooley, C. E.
 Executive Engineer, Poona Districts—Captain R. S. Sellen, R. E.
 Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade—Lieutenant C. S. Sturt, 7th Regiment N. I.
 Ditto ditto 2nd Grade—Captain F. G. Battiscombe, R. A.
 Executive Engineer, Sholapore District—Lieut. A. C. Goodfellow, R. E.
 Executive Engineer, Sholapore District—Lieutenant A. R. Seton, Acting
 Executive Engineer, Sattara—Captain A. U. H. Finch, R. E.
 Executive Engineer, Sattara—Captain H. W. Goodfellow, R. E., Acting
 Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade—Mr. F. B. Walker.
 Executive ditto Extra—Captain Blakeney, Staff Corps.
 Executive Engineer, Belgaum and Kolapoor—Captain E. B. Holland, R. E.
 Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade—Lieutenant F. J. Williams, R. E.
 Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade—Mr. W. Ashdown.
 Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade—Mr. H. Allen, C. E.
 Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade—Lieutenant S. G. D. Turner, Staff Corps
 Executive Engineer Dharwar—Mr. J. H. E. Hart, C. E.
 Executive Engineer, Rutnagherry—Mr. R. W. Woodhouse
 Engineer in Executive charge Paipoolesy Ghant—Lieut. J. L. L. Morant, R. E.
 Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, in Executive charge Kulladghoe—Captain J. H. P. Malcolm, Staff Corps
 Executive Engineer, Canara,—Lieutenant J. H. R. Cruickshank, R. E., Acting.
 Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade—Lieutenant H. C. Reynolds, R. E.
 Ditto 2nd Grade—Lieutenant E. Persee, 6th Regiment M. N. I.

IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class 2nd Grade, for Irrigation—Lieutenant Colonel J. G. Fife, R. E.
 Executive Engineer Assistant 1st Grade for Irrigation, Khandesh,—Mr. W. C. Brown, C. E., Acting
 Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Ahmednuggur and Nansiak—Mr. F. B. Griffiths C. E.
 Assistant Engineer for Irrigation, Poona—Lieutenant A. L. Buckle, R. E.
 Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Sattara,—Mr. F. D. Campbell, C. E.
 Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Belgaum and Dharwar Districts—Lieutenant F. J. Smith, R. E.
 Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Sholapoor—Captain C. B. F. Penny, R. E.
 Executive Engineer, Sholapoor—Captain W. Manfell, R. E., Acting
 Executive Engineer, on special duty Taptae Irrigation—Lieutenant Colonel J. S. Trevor, R. E.
 Assistant Engineer 3rd Grade Sind—Mr. S. Dong.
 Do. do. do. Mr. J. Keilly.

SIND PROVINCE.

Superintending Engineer, 1st Class 1st Grade—Lieutenant Colonel W. R. Dickinson, R. E.
 Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, and Assistant to do.—Captain H. E. F. Cotgrave, R. E.
 Assistant Engineer, Upper Sind, (in Executive Charge)—Mr. J. Gregory
 Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade—Mr. H. W. Thompson, C. E.
 Executive Engineer, Lower and Central Sind—Lieutenant P. Phelps, R. E. Acting
 Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade—Lieutenant H. C. McDiarmid, R. E.
 Do. do. do.—Lieutenant J. M. Morgan, R. E.
 Executive Engineer, Mitrow Canal—Lieutenant J. D. Cruickshank, R. E. Acting
 Superintendent Harbour Works, Kurrachee—Mr. W. H. Price, M. Inst. C. E.
 Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, Harbour Works—Lieutenant G. L. G. Merewether, R. E.
 Engineer for Canals, Kurrachee—Mr. F. Jones, C. E., Acting.
 Do. Hyderabad—Mr. J. Beatty, C. E.
 Executive Engineer, 4th Grade—Mr. W. J. Fahie, C. E.
 Engineer for Canals, Shikarpoor,—Mr. O. S. Fahy, C. E., Acting
 Executive Engineer, on special duty, Roree and Hyderabad Canal—Captain J. De Mesurier, R. E.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

Consulting Engineer to Government—Colonel A. DeLisle, R. E.
 Deputy Consulting Engineer—Captain J. H. White, R. E.
 Deputy Consulting Engineer, Sind—Major J. Bonus, R. E.
 Deputy Consulting Engineer, North-Eastern Extension of the Great Indian Peninsular Railway,—Lieutenant G. W. Oldham, R. E.
 Deputy Consulting Engineer do, in Gujarat—Captain H. F. Hancock, R. E.
 Examiner, Railway Accounts—Mr J. Robinson.

Civil Surgeons—Bombay Presidency.

Presidency.

Principal of the Grant Medical College; Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery; First Physician to the Jambhetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital; and Ophthalmic Surgeon—Surgeon W. G. Hunter, F. R. C. S., on leave on medical certificate for one year from 20th March 1867.
 Professor of Medicine, Grant Medical College; Second Physician Jambhetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital—Surgeon J. S. Stedman, Acting Principal, Grant Medical College; Acting First Physician Jambhetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital.
 Professor of Physiology, Grant Medical College—Surgeon J. H. Sylvester, F. G. S., Acting Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery; Acting Ophthalmic Surgeon, Acting Second Physician Jambhetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital.
 Professor of Surgery, Grant Medical College; Senior Surgeon Jambhetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital—Assistant Surgeon J. T. Mackenzie, M. B., Acting Professor of Comparative Anatomy, Grant Medical College.
 Professor of Chemistry, Grant Medical College, Chemical Analyzer to Government—Assistant Surgeon J. B. Lyon.
 Professor of Anatomy; Curator of Museum, Grant Medical College; Second Surgeon Jambhetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital—Assistant Surgeon W. Grey, M. B.
 Presidency Surgeon Third District—In medical charge of the County Jail, House of Correction, and Byculla Schools—Surgeon Major F. Broughton.
 Principal Medical Storekeeper; Professor of Materia Medica, Grant Medical College—Surgeon Major W. Davey.
 Presidency Surgeon First District; Professor of Midwifery, Grant Medical College—Surgeon A. V. Ward.
 Presidency Surgeon, Second District; Professor of Medical Jurisprudence, Grant Medical College—Surgeon A. M. Rogers, M. D.
 Surgeon to the European General Hospital—Surgeon F. G. Joynt.
 Assistant Surgeon, European General Hospital, Professor of Pathology, Grant Medical College—Assistant Surgeon W. Dymock, B. A.
 Superintendent Lunatic Asylum, Colaba, and Marine Surgeon—Surgeon W. Niven, M. D.
 Acting Superintendent Lunatic Asylum, Colaba, and Marine Surgeon—Surgeon W. A. Sheppard.
 Professor of Botany, Grant Medical College—G. O. M. Birdwood, M. D.
 Surgeon to the Coroner; Surgeon to the Police; Health Officer to the Port—Sidney Smith, M. D.
 Professor of Hygiene, Grant Medical College—Mr. Eccles.

First Class Mofussil Stations.

AHMEDABAD.

Civil Surgeon—Surgeon Major D. Wyllie, M. D.—Secretary Raipore and Becherdaas Dispensaries, and Superintendent of Jail.

DHARWAR.

Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail—Surgeon M. M. Mackenzie.

KATTYWAR.

Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Vaccination—Surgeon E. R. Butler, M. D.
 Acting Civil Surgeon—Asst. Surg. A. M. Blomfield.

KURRAHIEE.

Civil Surgeon, Secretary Charitable Dispensary, and Superintendent of Jail—Surgeon Major J. Bean
Acting Civil Surgeon—Assist. Surg. N. Hopkins.

POONA.

Civil Surgeon, Secretary Dispensary, Superintendent of Jail and Registrar of Marriages—Surgeon Major G. R. Lord M. D.

ZANZIBAR.

Civil Surgeon—Assist. Surg. G. L. Seward.

SECOND CLASS MOFUSSIL STATIONS.

Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail—Surgeon Major J. F. Steinhilber
Acting Civil Surgeon—Surgeon R. W. James

AHMEDNUGUR.

Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail—Assist. Surg. H. T. Dann.

BARODA.

Civil Surgeon—Surgeon J. S. Remington.

BROACH.

Civil Surgeon—Surgeon J. Glen.
Acting Civil Surgeon—Surgeon W. P. Putledge

BLSHIRL.

Civil Surgeon—Assistant Surgeon A. M. Hojcl.

DHOOLIA.

Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail—Assistant Surgeon A. C. Cates.

HIDRABAD.

Civil Surgeon, Secretary Charitable Dispensary, Hyderabad and Alyanka Tanda,
and Superintendent of Jail—Assistant Surgeon N. Hopkins
Acting ditto ditto—Assistant Surgeon J. Ffolliott.

KAIRA.

Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail—Assistant Surgeon H. Cook, M. D.

KARWAR.

Civil Surgeon, Secretary Charitable Dispensary and Superintendent of Jail—Assist. Surgeon J. Davies

KOTREE.

Civil Surgeon—Assistant Surgeon W. H. Colville. Acting in medical charge of the Political Agency in Turkish Arabia.

PUNCH MAHALS.

Civil Surgeon—Assistant Surgeon J. T. Welsh.

RUTNAGHERY.

Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail—Assistant Surgeon R. Johnstone.

SATTARA.

Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail—Assistant Surgeon H. V. Carter, M. D.

SHIKARPOOR.

Civil Surgeon, Secretary Charitable Dispensary and Superintendent of Jail—Assist. Surgeon J. Ffolliott.

SHOLAPOOR.

Civil Surgeon, Secretary Charitable Dispensary and Superintendent of Jail—Assist. Surg. O. F. Ogilvie, M. D.

SURAT.

Civil Surgeon, Superintendent of Jail, and Secretary Charitable Dispensaries—
 Surgeon W. A. Shepherd, Acting Superintendent Lunatic Asylum and Marine
 Surgeon.
 Acting ditto ditto Surgeon H. J. Gane.

TANNA.

Civil Surgeon, Secretary to Charitable Dispensary and Superintendent of Jail—
 Surgeon H. Atkins.

MAHABLESHWUR

Superintendent, Collector of License Tax—Surgeon H. Cook, M. D.

MATHERAN.

Superintendent—Surgeon J. Lumadaine

Appointments held with a Military Charge.

BELGAUM.

Civil Surgeon, Secretary Charitable Dispensary—Surgeon Major G. G. W. Maitland.

JACOBABAD.

Civil Surgeon, in charge of the Jacobabad Hospital—Assistant Surgeon H. R. L.
 McDougall, M. D.

KULLADGHEE

In charge of the Police and Civil Medical duties and Superintendent of Jail—
 Assistant Surgeon J. Baby.

Financial Appointments.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.

J. L. Lushington, Madras Civil Service, Accountant General, and Accountant to
 the High Court
 C. E. Chapman, Bengal C. S., Deputy Accountant General
 J. Christie, First Assistant Accountant General
 Pandorung Gunoba, Examiner of Claims
 B. W. Mathews, Chief Assistant in the Accountant General's Office

MINT MASTER'S AND MINT ENGINEER'S OFFICE.

Lieut. Col. J. A. Ballard, C. B., D. C., Mint Master and Mint Engineer. Com-
 missioner of the Department of Issue at Bombay. (Officiating Mint Master,
 Calcutta)
 Captain E. C. S. Williams, R. E., Acting
 A. B. Gordon, Assistant to the Commissioner of Issue of Paper Currency
 J. C. Harrison, Assistant to the Mint Master.
 O. Jones, Foreman of the Mint

ASSAY MASTER'S OFFICE.

Surgeon Major W. Collum, Assay Master
 Surgeon Major M. Kane, M. D. (Madras Establishment), Deputy Assay Master
 (Europe, on medical certificate for 20 months from 1st May 1860)
 Assistant Surgeon H. C. Kingstone, M. B. Acting do. do.

OFFICERS WHO HOLD CERTIFICATES OF QUALIFICATION FOR
 CONDUCTING THE DUTIES OF THE ASSAY DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon Major G. J. Shaw, M. D. (Fur- lough to Europe for 20 months, from 11th March 1860.)	Surgeon T. G. Hewlett, Assist. Surgeon Customs Byramjee, M. D.
Surgeon Major W. Collum.	Surgeon W. Peach, M. D.
Surg. Major J. F. Shekleton, A. B., M. B.	Assist. Surgeon R. Boustead.

MONEY ORDER OFFICE.—E. W. S. Logan, Controller.

Judicial Appointments.

NOTE.—For the purposes of reference we give by way of parentheses the Judges and Officers of the High Courts of Calcutta, Madras, and the N. W. Provinces.

Calcutta.

Chief Justice—The Hon Sir Barnes Peacock, Kt.
Judges—G. Loch, Esq; H. V. Bayley, Esq; J. B. Norman, Esq; F. B. Kemp, Esq; W. S. Seton Karr, Esq; L. S. Jackson, Esq; Baboo Sumbhoonath, Pundit, J. B. Phear, Esq; A. G. Macpherson, Esq; B. Jackson Esq., W. Markby, Esq., F. A. Glover, Esq.
Advocate General—T. H. Cowie
Standing Counsel—J. Graham
Solicitor—R. F. Stack
Remembrancer—F. R. Cockrell, C. S.
Coroner—J. B. Roberts
Commissary Vice Admiralty Court—The Hon. the Chief Justice
Registrar Do. R. Belchambers
Marshall Do. The Deputy Sheriff
Commissioners Insolvent Debtors' Court—The Chief Justice and all the Puisne Judges
Chief Clerk—R. Belchambers
Official Assignee—J. Cochran
Judges Small Causes Court—G. S. Fagan; Hurrichunder Ghose; G. O. Wray; H. W. Payne, C. Boulnois; W. Wright
Clerk Do. J. J. Tucker
Chief Commissioner Police—V. H. Schalch
Administrator General—Charles Swinton Hogg

Madras.

Chief Justice—The Hon. Sir C. H. Scotland, Kt.
Judges—The Hon. Sir Adam Bittleston, Kt.; William Halloway; Lewis Charles Innes; and Charles Collett
Advocate General—J. B. Norton
Solicitor—J. R. Boyson
Accountant General—F. Lushington
Registrar—P. P. Hutchins
Clerk of the Crown—J. D. Mayne
Coroner—J. Urquhart
Marshal Vice Admiralty Court—Colonel J. Impett
Registrar Ditto—A. M. Kitchie
Chief Clerk Insolvent Debtors' Court—J. D. Mayne
Official Assignee—B. Brookes
Inspector General of Jails—Lieutenant Colonel W. J. Wilson
Commissioner and Magistrate of Police—Captain C. S. Hearn, Staff Corps
Police Magistrates—T. G. Clarke, Esq.; J. Maskell, Esq.; R. P. Campbell, Esq. and Captain Thomas Weldon
First Judge Court of Small Causes—Thomas Mortimer Buteed, Esq.
Judges—E. Cowar, Esq.; C. V. Ranganadha Shastri
Clerk of Small Causes Court—D. Shaw
Administrator General—John Miller
Master Attendant and Marine Storekeeper—H. D. R. Dalrymple

N. W. Provinces.

Chief Justice High Court N. W. Provinces—The Hon. Sir Walter Morgan, Kt.
Judges—A. Ross, Esq; W. Edwards, Esq; W. Roberts, Esq; F. B. Pearson, Esq; C. A. Turner, Esq.
Registrar—J. D. Sandford, Esq.

Law Department—Bombay.

CHIEF JUSTICE.

The Honourable Sir Richard Couch, Knight. Date of entering office—Pune
Justice 14th August 1862, Chief Justice 29th April 1865.

PUISNE JUSTICES.

- The Honourable Sir Joseph Arnould, Knight Date of entering office 28th April 1879.
 The Honourable Henry Newton, C. S. Date of entering office 29th August 1862.
 The Honourable Michael Robert Westropp. (Barrister-at-Law) Date of entering Office 29th August 1863.
 The Honourable Henry Pendock St George Tucker, C. S. (Barrister-at-Law) Date of entering office 17th September 1863.
 The Honourable A. B. Warden, C. S. Date of entering office 15th July 1864.
 The Honourable James Gilbey, C. S. (Barrister-at-Law) Date of entering office 20th February 1866.
 The Honourable Sir C. Sargent, Knight Date of entering office 28th April 1866.

Establishment of Translator's Office

ORIGINAL LANGUAGES—ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

Chief Translator and Interpreter—James T. J. J.	
Second ditto ditto	Nariyan Dinanathji
Third ditto ditto	Bilaji Pandurang
Fourth ditto ditto	Shamrow Bhaskar
Fifth ditto ditto	Timbukrao Bajooji Mayadew
Sixth ditto ditto	Sohar Bapooji (Acting)
Assistant ditto ditto	Francis Maneckjee (Acting)
Assistant ditto ditto	Dull Bapoo (Acting)
Arabic and Persian ditto	Goolam Mohamdeen Buljee

EUROPEAN LANGUAGE.

Portuguese Translator and Interpreter—Hippert Meneses

ORIGINAL LANGUAGES—ORIGINAL JURISDICTION

(Temporary Establishment)

Gojrahi and Marathi Translator and Interpreter—S. M. V. Fakhrudin	
Assistant ditto ditto	Munchejee Humayee
Ditto ditto ditto	Banjorjee Cowayee
Ditto ditto ditto	Jamettee Rustumjee Seena

ORIGINAL LANGUAGES—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Temporary Establishment)

Marathi and Chinese Translator and Interpreter—Jayasatyabodhirao Tumburao	
Gojrahi and Marathi ditto	Munchejee Rustumjee
Ditto ditto	Hareesh Indiroo Bhambroo
Ditto ditto	Shamroo Vithal
Ditto ditto	Raj Bhaskar

(Temporary Establishment)

Assistant Marathi Translator and Interpreter—Ganesh Keshao Waiday

OFFICERS OF THE COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

- Accountant General—J. L. Lushington
 Master and Registrar in Equity, and Commissioner for taking accounts and local investigations and Taxing Officer—C. E. Fox, M. A.
 Prothonotary, Ecclesiastical Registrar, Admiralty Registrar—J. W. Orr, B. A.
 First Deputy Registrar—Charles D. Bentley
 Second Deputy Registrar—Lawrence Augustus Watkins
 Head Assistant—George Haughton Latham, M. A.
 Clerk of the Crown—John Marriott, B. A.
 Deputy Clerk of the Crown—J. J. Curran
 Attorney for Paupers—R. A. Dallas L. L. D.
 Clerk to the Chief Justice—Commissioner for taking Affidavits and Bail Process—C. D. Bentley
 Clerk to the Honourable Sir Joseph Arnould and Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c.—L. A. Watkins
 Clerk to the Honourable Mr. Justice Westropp, and Commissioner for taking Affidavits, &c.—W. Adams
 Clerk and Sealer of the Insolvent Debtors' Court—R. B. Barton, (Europe) and T. B. Ferguson Acting
 Official Assignee Insolvent Debtors' Court—H. Gamble, (on leave)
 Acting ditto—Wilks Hill
 Examiner of the Court for the relief of Insolvent Debtors—C. P. Cooper
 Sheriff—Andrew Hay
 Deputy Sheriff—G. W. R. Mahon
 Coroner—Asst. Surgeon T. G. Hewlett

Deputy Coroner—W. H. Thacker
 Coroner's Surgeon—Sydney Smith
 Tipstaff to the Honourable Sir Joseph Arnould—Ruttonjee Shapoorjee
 Administrator General—W. Loudon.
 Court House-keeper and Crier—E. Hastings
 Crier, Second Court—Antone Pereira
 Crier, Third Court—Joseph Albuquerque
 Marshal of the County Gaol—C. Lake.
 Deputy Marshal—J. Raymond
 Surgeon to the Jail and House of Correction—Surgeon Major F. Broughton
 Superintendent of the House of Correction—A. Haith

APPELLATE SIDE.

Registrar—R. West, B. A., Acting Judge of Canara
 Acting Registrar—H. M. Birdwood, M. A.
 Deputy Registrar and Sealer of the Appellate Side—Khanderao Chimanrao
 Bedarkar, B. A., LL.B.
 Assistant Registrar—George Augustus Summers
 Na'ib—Edujoe Nowrojee
 Head Sherikdar—Abajee Dulwant
 Government Pleader—Dhurujlal Muthooradass

ORIGINAL AND APPELLATE JURISDICTION.

R. T. Reid, LL.D.—Reporter

GOVERNMENT LAW OFFICERS.

The Hon'ble L. H. Bayley Advocate General.
 James S. White, B. A. Remembrancer of Legal Affairs
 Richard A. Dallas, LL.D.—Attorney for Paupers.
 R. V. Hearn—Government Solicitor and Public Prosecutor.
 Dhinjala Mathooradass—Government Pleader.

ADVOCATES.

Thomas Chisholm Anstey, called to the Bar 25th January 1839. (Europe)
 George Taylor, called to the Bar 22nd November 1839.
 J. E. Pigot, B. A., called to the Bar 2nd November 1841.
 Richard Bolton Barton, called to the Bar 30th January 1850; Clerk to Insolvency Court (Europe).
 The Honorable Lyttleton Holyoake Bayley, called to the Bar 3rd May 1850; Additional Member of the Council, of the Governor of Bombay and Advocate General.
 James Sewell White, B. A. called to the Bar 13th April 1852;
 Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.
 Charles Jeremiah Mayhew, called to the Bar 7th November 1852.
 Richard Fuchill Reid, LL.D., called to the Bar 9th May 1853; Reporter to the High Court. Is also Government Professor of Law.
 John Marriott, B. A., called to the Bar 17th November 1853. Clerk of the Crown.
 John Dunbar, M.A., called to the Bar 17th November 1854.
 A. R. Seoble, called to the Bar 26th January 1856 (Europe)
 Samuel McCulloch, called to the Bar 30th April 1856.
 J. Philip Green, LL. B., called to the Bar 7th November 1856.
 J. Connon, M. A., called to the Bar 7th June 1858. Acting Senior Magistrate.
 Thomas Child Hayllar, called to the Bar 6th June 1861.
 Charles Philip Cooper, called to the Bar 17th November 1862; Examiner Insolvent Debtors' Court and Assistant Reporter
 T. B. Ferguson, called to the Bar—April 1863; Acting Clerk to Insolvent Court.
 John C. Thompson, called to the Bar Easter Term 1864 (Europe.)
 Charles Frederick Farran, B. A., called to the Bar 17th November 1864.
 A. L. Fernandes, called to the Bar 26th January 1865.
 B. M. A. Branson, called to the Bar Trinity Term 1865
 J. Macpherson, B. A., called to the Bar Trinity Term 1865.
 Govind Vithull Erskine, B. A., called to the Bar Trinity Term 1867
 S. Strong, called to the Bar Trinity Term 1867

ADVOCATES NOT PRACTISING.

Thomas Chisholm Anstey (Europe)
 R. B. Barton, Clerk Insolvent Court (Europe)
 J. O'Leary, B. A., Judge Small Cause Court
 O. E. Fox, M. A., Commissioner for taking accounts and local investigations and Taxing Officer

ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS, AND PROCTORS.

- * Frederick Darby (at Kurrachee).
- * Richard A. Dallas, LL.D., Attorney for Paupers—Messrs. Dallas & Co.
- * Gustavus B. Judge
- * G. F. Remington—Messrs. Remington, Hore and Langley.
- Edward Elliott
- * John Macfarlane—Messrs. Macfarlane and Green
- * C. E. Stanger Leathes, Clerk of the Peace—Messrs. C. E. and F. Stanger Leathes
- Khunderao Morojee.
- Samuel Lawford Acland—Messrs. Acland, Prentiss and Bishop
- * Henry Cleveland—Messrs. Hearn, Cleveland and Peile
- * Campbell M. Keir, B. A. (Europe)—Messrs. Keir, Ramsden and Winter
- * Henry Prentiss Do Messrs. Acland, Prentiss and Bishop
- John C. Mullaly (absent from Bombay)
- * Camroodeen Iyabjee
- Nicholas Fernandes (absent from Bombay)
- Vinayakrao Herrychand
- * Fraser Salter Hore—Messrs. Remington, Hore and Langley
- Henry S. Carter (Europe)
- Henry Manisty
- * Charles Peile, Assistant Registrar of the Diocese—Messrs. Hearn, Cleveland and Peile
- Ramrao Pandurang
- * Eugene Leggett (at Kurrachee)
- George Henderson Lynch—Messrs. Dallas and Co
- Frank Henry Green—Messrs. Macfarlane and Green
- Francis Stanger Leathes (Europe)—Messrs. 'E & L' Stanger Leathes
- * Howard Arthur Bishop—Messrs. Acland, Prentiss and Bishop
- Arthur Langdale—Messrs. A. Dallas, Lynch and Langdale
- William Hovenden Thacker
- O. A. Langley—Messrs. Remington, Hore and Langley
- * C. W. Prescott, B. A.—Messrs. Keir, Ramsden and Winter
- W. M. Ansell
- W. J. Irving
- H. Chetty
- J. b. Hurrell
- * K. V. Hoarn—Government Solicitor and Public Prosecutor—Messrs. Hearn, Cleveland and Peile
- D. Cooper
- Pestonjee Dinshaw
- Janardan Gopall
- C. A. Winter—Messrs. Keir, Ramsden and Winter
- Muddon Bhuecrustajee

Parsee Matrimonial Court

The following are the delegates of the Parsee Matrimonial Court

AT BOMBAY.

Ardasser Framjee Moos.
 Cursetjee Burdoonyee Paruk.
 Cursetjee Nusserwanjee Gains.
 Cursetjee Rustomjee Cama.
 Dadabhoj Rustomjee Bunajee.
 Dadabhoj Hormusjee of Tanna.
 Dinshaw Manockjee Petit.
 Dorabjee Ballabhoj of Cullhan.
 Dorabjee Rustomjee of Cullhan.
 Dos abhoj Framjee Kuraka.
 Dhunjeebhoy Framjee Patel.
 Eduljee Rustomjee Reporter.
 Eduljee Heerjee of Tarapur.
 The Hon'ble Framjee N. Patel.
 Hirjeebhoy Hormusjee Shett.

Homsjee Khursetjee Dady.
 Hormusjee Bamonjee Wadia.
 Jehanghir Dadabhoj of Tarapur.
 Jamasjee Muncherjee Duntoor.
 Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart.
 Merwanjee Framjee Panday.
 Muncherjee Framjee Lama.
 Muncherjee Hormusjee Cama.
 Pestonjee Byramjee Sunjana.
 Pestonjee Naojee Pochajee.
 Rustomjee Cowasjee of Tanna.
 Rustomjee J. Jeejeebhoy.
 Sorajjee Pestonjee Framjee.
 Sorabjee Rustomjee Moola Feeroz.
 S. Shapoorjee Bengali.

* Notaries Public.

The following are the delegates of the Parsee District Matrimonial Court

AT POONA.

Asum Ardasirjee Sett Cursetjee.	Khan Bahadoor Framjee Nusserwanjee.
Khan Bahadoor Burjorjee Bhikajee	Mr. Jehangeerjee Manockjee Chenoy.
Mr Dorabjee Padumjee	" Merwanjee Dadabhoy
" Dorabjee Pestonjee Ghaswalla.	" Hoshungjee Jamsajee Dutoor.
" Dhunjeeshaw Jamsajee	" Tamuljee Dadabhoy
" Eduljee Hormusjee Tannawalla.	" Tamuljee Muncharjee Dutoor.

The following are the delegates of the Parsee Matrimonial Court

AT SURAT.

Mr Rustomjee Khursetjee Modi.	Mr. Muncherjee Sorabjee.
" Kaikushroo Dadabhoy Dutoor	" Pestonjee Framjee
" Manockjee Cursetjee Dootor.	" Cursetjee Byramjee
" Kaikushroo Hormusjee Alpaiwalla.	" Shapoorjee Sorabjee Mogul.
" Pestonjee Burjorjee Kutee.	" Bomonjee Byramjee
" Byramjee Pestonjee Doctor.	" Rustomjee Sorabjee Dullal.
" Mirwanjee Uspiniarjee.	" Bomansha Byramjee Mehtajee
" Jamsajee Bomonjee Bhowmugree	" Nusserwanjee Jamsajee Dutoor

The following are the delegates —

AT KERRACHEE.

Mr Dinshaw Perorshaw Meenwalla	Mr Pestonjee Byramjee Kotwall
Dinshaw Manockjee Meenwalla.	" Jehangeer Jamsajee Hajkotwalla.
Shapoorjee Hormusjee Soparawalla	" Dhunjeebhoy Hormusjee Watchmaker,
Byramjee Merwanjee Kotwall.	Ardaseer Oostadjee Wadhia.
Hormusjee Sorabjee Kotharee	Byramjee Perorshaw Meenwalla
Hormusjee Dadabhoy Watchmaker.	Pestonjee Hormusjee Gurseallee.

Insolvent Debtors' Court.

FIRST AND THIRD MONDAYS IN EVERY MONTH.

The Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Punes Justices—Commissioners.

R B Barton—Clerk, (Europe).
T. B Ferguson—Acting Do
Henry Gamble—Official Assignee
W Hull—Acting Do.
Charles Philip Cooper—Examiner.

Bombay Court of Small Causes.

J. O'Leary—First Judge
Manockjee Cursetjee—Second Judge. (Europe)
N. Spencer—Third Judge. (Acting 2nd Judge)
Rao Bahadoor Morol a Canoba—Fourth Judge. (Acting 3rd Judge)
Syed Hoosein El Medina—(Acting Fourth Judge)
J O. V. Johnson—Clerk. (On sick leave).
J F Spencer—Acting
Annundrow Bhaskarjee—Assistant Do.

Court of Petty Sessions.

Senior Magistrate of Police, J. P. Bickersteth. (On leave). J. Cannon M. A.,
Acting Do.
One European Justice of the Peace, } In rotation from the list of Justices of the
One Native do. do. } Peace.

Sessions

1st Sessions begin on the 3rd February.	4th Sessions begin on the 10th September
2nd " " 18th April.	5th " " 20th November.
3rd " " 27th June.	

TERMS

1st Term begins on	10th February and ends	1st March.
2nd " "	5th June "	24th June.
3rd " "	20th August "	13th September.
4th " "	3rd November "	22nd November.

Inspector General of Prisons

Dr C. G. Wiehe.

House of Correction.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT

J. Cannon, M. A., Acting Senior Magistrate of Police, President

MEMBERS

F. H. Bouter, Acting Commissioner of Police	The Officer in charge of the Island and Harbour Detachment
P. H. Howell, 2nd Magist. of Police	The Officer Commanding the Marine Battalion
Nana Morjee, 3rd do	The Chairman of the Chamber of Commerce
Elu Hingley, Clerk to the Committee	Surgeon Major I. Brown, Surgeon
The Officer Commanding H. M.'s Regiment stationed at Bombay	The Officer in charge of Coaba Sanitarium

Judges, &c, of District Courts

AHMEDABAD.

Judge and Session Judge—W. M. P. Cochrane, (Acting Judicial Commissioner in Sind)
 Acting Judge and Session Judge—T. D. Melville
 Assistant Judge and Session Judge—S. H. Philipotts, (Acting Senior Assistant Judge, Broach)
 3rd Assistant Collector and Magistrate—Satyendra Nath Tagore, (on leave)

KAIRA

Senior Assistant Judge of Ahmedabad, for the detached Station of Kaira—A. L. Spence

SURAT

Judge and Session Judge—C. G. Kemball
 Assistant Judge and Session Judge—A. C. W. Witt, (Acting Assistant Judge, Poona), and Acting Assistant Agent for birds in the Decan
 Acting Assistant Judge and Session Judge—G. Ayerst

BROACH

Senior Assistant Judge of Surat, for the detached Station of Broach—W. Sandwith, (Acting Judge and Session Judge of Kailadgher)
 Acting Senior Assistant Judge of Surat, for the detached Station of Broach—S. H. Philipotts

TANNA.

Judge and Session Judge—R. H. Pinhey
 Assistant Judge and Session Judge—A. Lyon

RUTNAGHERY.

Senior Assistant Judge of Tanna, for the detached Station of Rutnagherry—H. M. Birdwood, Acting Registrar of the High Court, Appellate Side
 Acting ditto J. H. Naylor, Acting Senior Assistant Judge of Broach
 Joint Judge and Session Judge—C. B. Izon

KHANDEISH.

Judge and Session Judge—The Honorable J. A. Hobart

POONA

Judge and Session Judge, and Agent for Sindia in the Decan—F. Lloyd
 Senior Assistant Judge and Session Judge for the Station of Sholapoor R. W. Hunter

Assistant Judge and Session Judge and Assistant to the Agent for Sardars,—
N. M. W. Daniel
Acting ditto A. C. Watt

AHMEDNUGGUR.

Judge and Session Judge—Arthur St John Richardson. (On leave)
Acting ditto A. Bonquet
Assistant ditto J. L. Warden

KULLADGIHIL.

Judge and Session Judge—A. R. Grant (On leave)
Acting ditto W. Sandwich

DITARWAR.

Judge and Session Judge—C. F. H. Shaw, Barrister-at-Law
Assistant Judge and Session Judge—J. R. Naylor

SATARA.

Judge and Session Judge—R. F. Mutir
Assistant Judge and Session Judge—John Jardine

Judge and Session Judge—A. Bonquet (Acting at Ahmednugur)
Acting ditto R. West

Judicial Commissioner—M. Melvill. (On leave.)
Acting ditto W. M. L. Cogidan

KURACHEE.

Judge and Session Judge—F. D. Melvill (Acting Judge and Session Judge of Ahmedabad)
Acting ditto G. M. Macpherson.

Small Cause Court.

Judge—G. M. Macpherson (Acting Judge and Session Judge, Kurrachee)
Acting Judge—W. Boulton

HYDRABAD.

Judge and Session Judge—Major W. Willicombe, Staff Corps. (On leave on medical certificate for 20 months)
Acting Judge and Session Judge—Major Southey

SHIKARPOOR.

Judge and Session Judge—Captain G. C. Grant, Staff Corps. On leave on medical certificate for 29 months
Acting Judge and Session Judge—W. Foxton

Presidency Small Cause Courts.

Ahmedabad—Gopalrow Hmry	Ahmednugur—Bhasker Damaidhar
Poon—Janardhin Vasuodewjee	Kurrachee—G. M. Macpherson
Belgaum—Tirmulrao Venkatesh	Do W. Boulton (Acting)

AHMEDABAD—PRINCIPAL SUDDER AMEENS

Ahmedabad—Rao Bahadoor Bhao	Ahmedabad—Khan Sahib Dinshawjee Pas-
Myial	tonjee (Acting)

SUDDER AMEENS.

Dhondooka—Rao Sahib Hureelal Amba-	Khans—Rao Salub Manekram Omed-
shunke	im (Acting)
Khans—Khan Sahib Dinshawjee Pas-	Dholka—Rao Sahib Chotumal Oolaram
tonjee	

MOONSIFFS.

Oomrut—Azum Munchiram Gokuldas	Kupperwung—Azum Herderam Anopram
Norad—Azum Junyuram Himmatu	Khair—Moulal Lalbhau
Burud—Azum Lamooljee Hormusjee	Masulhi—Azum Mahomed Abdooli
Vurungam—Azum Jadoolai Kanchodas	Wulud Mahomed Abbas Hafez

SURAT—PRINCIPAL SUDDER AMEEN.

Surat—Rao Bahadur Bholanath Sorabhai

SUDDER AMEEN.

Broach—Rao Sahib Narayenrao Balwant

MOONSIFFS.

Bhat—Azum Kowajee Binjee	Surat—Azum Viduram Motiram
Jumbhur—Azum Alim Kram Oomiram	Broach—Azum Krishnadas Vitojee
Jumbhur—Azum Jumlatram Chintamon	Olgat—Azum Dowlatji Sampatji
Shankar (Acting)	Holiste—Azum Laljiotji Gopaldas
Ankur—Azum Jumlatram Chintamon	Jalgaon—Azum Mangeshwar Balwant
Shankar	Jumbhur—Azum Shivalal Nathobhai
Ankur—Azum Huzratmaji Badoodin	
(Acting)	

KONKAN—PRINCIPAL SUDDER AMEEN.

Tanna—Rao Bahadur Poorshotum Sideshwar

SUDDER AMEEN.

Ratnagiri—Rao Sahib Dnyes Govind Chaitany

MOONSIFFS.

Kharepatum—Azum Abjee Bholai	Mahad—Azum Gopani Govind Phalib
Ratnagiri—Azum Shridham Narayan Doshi	
Panwell—Azum Vitad Wassoodew	Lonavla—Azum Sukhamani Kanchobai
Kharur	Morbi—Azum Mathuraji Dapoojee
Vingola—Rajho Narayan Kondvkar	Palkar
Kulji—Azum Mohundaji Bhaskar	Morbi—Azum Narayan Ballrish Pat-
Dijole—Azum Amrut Shingut	wadham (Acting)
Nigporkar	Dhule—Azum Madhuras Sheshgu
Alibab—Azum M. P. Ivalor	Mudkhar
Pan—Azum Achut Jannath Chitay	
Chiploon—Azum Raghonath Gunesb	
Kharur	

PONA

Pona—Synd Husan Ali Medini

Lonavla—Rao Bahadur Krishnajeo Vish-
noo (Acting)

PRINCIPAL—SUDDER AMEEN

Sholapoor—Rao Sahib Krishnadas Budaseo

MOONSIFFS.

Barsee—Azum Chintamuraji Hurce	Pata—Azum Govindrao Hare
Joonee—Azum Venkaji Javjee	Khad—Azum Lalji Raghonath
Pona—M. A. M. Chintam	Induram—Venkaji Appajee
Marsh—Azum Atunaram Anant	Pandharpur—Azum Chintu Wassoodew

PRINCIPAL—SUDDER AMEEN.

Ahmednagar—Rao Bahadur Krish-
jee Vishnoo

Ahmednagar—Rao Bahadur Bhado
Majid (Acting)

MOONSIFFS.

Pimpalgam—Azum Vishwajee Phalga	Solapur—Azum Anandraj Keshno
Nawasa—Azum Shabodhin Imwoodin	Solapur—Azum Ranjee Santajee
heroor—Azum Anundraj Hiram	Nasick—Azum Moro Junaidhun
Itboory—Azum Narain Balaji	Kurt—Azum Narain Govind
Nasick—Azum Hureo Gangadhar	Yola—Azum Mookund Ballajee
Sumur—Azum Ramchand Junaidhun	

KHANDLISH—PRINCIPAL SADDLE AMLEN.

Dhoocha—Rao Bahadoor Abjee Nanajee

MOONSIES.

Yawni—Azim Bewjee Govind	Tangoori—Azim Vittal Bulwant
Mahajan—Azim Madhwarao Jewajee	Waringham—M. J. H. Moore
Nanjichur—Azim Apjee Jaxmon	Talgum—Azim Govind Jaganath
Amulur—Azim Rajaram Chintamon	Dhoochi—Azim Suckaram Dhondoo
Lburgam—Gopal Amroot	Deshmookh

SAILARA—PRINCIPAL SADDLE AMLEN.

Sattari—Rao Bahadur Vansh Govind

MOONSIES.

Wace—Azim Raghvendero Pannjee	Natipooty—Azim Pandoorang Parush.
Kharri—Azim Ganjatho Chintamon	
Wadev—Azim H. K. K. K.	Wance—Azim Ishwari Bhikajee
Karri—Azim Vithal Chintamon	Lea—Azim Hamaunee Soobajee
Mance—Azim Ganjath Amrit (1st)	Wahmipoor—Azim Hamaunee Balvan

KULLADGILL—SADDLE AMLEN.

Bulhote—Rao Sahib Shunwaro Krishna

MOONSIES.

Bajipoor—Azim Shivao Ramchandra / Moodbehall—Azim Babajee Luxmon

DHARWAL—PRINCIPAL SADDLE AMLEN.

Dharwar—Rao Bahadur Bhimao Anant

SADDLE AMLEN.

Hoobly—Rao Sahib Mahumaro Krishna

MOONSIES.

Havree—Azim Wamoorao Pannaram	Somduty—Azim Krishnarao Pannoo
Belur—Azim Hyam Mynam	
Chickoree—Veerbhao Madhujee	How—Azim Karmath Ramchundia

CANARA—PRINCIPAL SADDLE AMLEN.

Bury—J. S. Saldanha

MOONSIES.

Honore—Azim Meer Mooneer Allao	Komptee—Azim Ramiro Soobajee
Carwai—J. L. Sander	Yellipoor—Azim Nad Kuny Shabasta

Eccliaſtical Eſtabliſhment.

CALCUTTA.

Lord Bishop of Calcutta—The Right Rev. G. Milman, D. D.
Archdeacon—The Venerable J. H. Pratt, M. A.
Dean of Calcutta—The Rev. F. R. Vailant, B. A.
Justices and Secretaries—W. H. Abbott.

MADRAS.

Bishop of Madras—The Right Rev. E. Gell, D. D.
Archdeacon—The Venerable J. Daltry, M. A.
Dean of Calcutta—The Rev. L. S. Goodhart, B. A.
Justices—The Rev. H. Murphy, L. L. D.

BOMBAY.

Lord Bishop of Bombay—The Right Rev John Harding, D. D., Consecrated 10th August 1851, arrived 25th November 1851. Salary Rs 2,135 4 (*On leave*)
Chief Magistrate and Commissioner—The Venerable C H Leigh Lye, 18th January 1862.
 Salary Rs 206-10 8 (*On leave*)
Chief Justice of the Districts, J P. Bickersteth. Salary Rs. 120.
 (*On leave*) C. Peck, 18th Jan /

Senior Chaplains

The Rev. J. H. Hughes, M. A. — Surat and Broach. (To visit Baroda once every two months in Bulsar and Pithul for 6 times in the year)
 The Rev. F. J. Spence, M. A., Junior Presidency and Garrison Chaplain.
 The Rev. Charles Lumsden, M. A., Malliguan. (Visiting Dhoolia, Kunhur and Asseerghur)
 The Rev. John Churchill, M. A., Chaplain of Mahabaleshwar. Visits Sattara once a month
 The Rev. G. L. Allan, Chaplain of Belgaum Fort. Visits Khulladghee and Kolapur six times a year.
 The Rev. Thomas Watson, B. A., Junior Chaplain of Belgaum.
 The Rev. F. Newton Dickinson, Dipole & Lathugherry (resides at the latter during Monsoon) Visits Karwar, Honore, and Sivunt Water.
 The Rev. W. H. Cummings, B. A. — Aden.
 The Rev. G. A. E. Watson, M. A. — Chaplain of Ahmednuggur and Seroor.
 The Rev. Charles T. Wilson, M. A. — Acting Garrison Chaplain, Bombay.
 The Rev. Robert James, M. A. — Ahmednuggur, Acting Chaplain at Sholapur.
 The Rev. Alexander Miller, B. A. — Decan and Mount Aboe.
 The Ven. C. H. Leigh Lye, M. A. — Chaplain, Poona. Is also Archdeacon and Comy

Junior Chaplains.

The Rev. H. H. Price—Sholapur (Luncheon to Lunops for 24 months on medical cert)
 The Rev. W. L. James, A. B. — Hyderabad and Kotree. Acting at Neimuch.
 The Rev. Wm. Maule, S. J. — Libby
 The Rev. Henry W. Lumsden, L. A. — Kurrachee Act. Chaplain in Upper Sind during the collection
 The Rev. Samuel Sted, M. A. — Joint Chaplain, Kurrachee.
 The Rev. A. H. Onslow — Luncheon to Lunops 18 months.
 The Rev. Thomas Horsfall
 The Rev. G. C. New Reynold, M. A. — Bynulla and Lums
 The Rev. C. W. Dick, M. A. — Office Chaplain at Kurrachee.
 The Rev. A. Polehampton — Joint Chaplain at Lums
 The Rev. J. H. L. Blunt, M. A. — Hyderabad and Kotree.
 The Rev. W. Jones — Upper Sind
 The Rev. F. L. Simpson — Acting Chaplain at Nusseerabad.
 The Rev. W. J. Lumsden — Expeditionary Force, Abyssinia.

ESTABLISHED CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.**Senior Chaplains.**

The Rev. Malcolm Munro Ross — Poona.
 The Rev. D. Macpherson, M. A. — Chaplain of the Church of Scotland.

Junior Chaplains.

The Rev. William Middleton — Bombay, Officiating at Kurrachee.
 The Rev. J. Paton — Assmt. Chaplain at the Presidency

Cotton Appointments.

Officers for the Prevention of Adulteration of Cotton and Suppression of Frauds in the Cotton Trade in the Presidency of Bombay, under Act IX of 1853.

Surgeon G. I. Forbes, Commissioner of Cotton. (Furlough to Europe on medical certificate for one year and a half.)

W. Walton, in charge.

FOR THE TOWN AND PORT OF BOMBAY.

H. Bulkley, Inspector in Charge in the Town and Port of Bombay.

S. J. Harrison, Inspector in Bombay.

E. Wilkinson, Inspector in Bombay.

F. Inner, ditto ditto.

J. H. Merritt, Inspector for Khandesh.

Thomas Kelly, Sub-Inspector.

M. F. Ingle, Sub-Inspector.

A. Ardagh, Sub-Inspector.

H. Larrow, Sub-Inspector.

W. Delany, Sub-Inspector.

McDowell, Sub-Inspector.

Edmund Myers, Sub-Inspector.

Richmond, Sub-Inspector.

FOR SATARA, SHOLAPOOR, AHMEDNUGGER AND POONA COLLECTORATES.

J. S. E. Minley, Inspector for Satara, Sholapoor, Ahmednuggur and Poona.

—Anderson, Sub-Inspector.

INSPECTOR H. H. THE HUBSHEE'S TERRITORY.

Kazee Boorhanoodin, Inspector.

FOR AHMEDABAD AND KATRA COLLECTORATES.

Captain A. T. Moore, V. C., Inspector for Gogo, Ahmedabad and Katra.

Narwaraj Pestonjee, Sub-Inspector.

Nimbhoy Narasimdas, Sub-Inspector.

Ruttoul Bapulal, Sub-Inspector.

I. H. Clarke, Sub-Inspector.

P. Hewitt, Inspector for Surat and Broach.

DISTRICT ESTABLISHMENT SOLPAR AND ANKLESHWAR TALOOKAS.

Jewanjee Merwanjee, Sub-Inspector.

BROACH AND WAGRA TALOOKAS.

Dadabhai Pestonjee, Sub-Inspector.

Nadanshaw Bazonjee, Sub-Inspector.

JUMBOOSUR AND AHMED TALOOKAS.

Dinshaw Palanjee, Sub-Inspector.

H. Winckler, Preventive Inspector.

NURBUDDA RIVER.

E. W. Carrell, Preventive Inspector.

CANARA AND RUTNAGHERY COLLECTORATE.

R. B. Stranack, Inspector.

RUTNAGHERY.

H. B. Elam, Sub-Inspector.

FOR BELGAUM KULLADGHER AND DHARWAR COLLECTORATES.

G. Blackwell, Inspector for Belgaum and Dharwar.

T. Williams, Sub-Inspector.

J. M. D'Silva, Sub-Inspector.

O. Rumer, Sub-Inspector.

Third Grade.

Major S. Scott, Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad.

Captain I. P. Busholomew, Superintendent of Police, Kara, and Acting Superintendent of Police, Surat—Acting for Major Colley, in the 2nd grade, but is now employed on special duty.

* Captain S. L. McGilivray, Superintendent of Police, Shikarpoor, and Acting Superintendent of Police, Cunnah.

* Lieut. H. S. Darnell, Acting Superintendent of Police, Kaira—Acting for Major Colley in the 3rd grade.

* Lieutenant K. L. Crawford, Acting Superintendent of Police, Hyderabad.

* Lieutenant G. B. Simpson, Acting Superintendent of Police, Shikarpoor.

* Captain I. H. Sgrove, Acting Superintendent of Police, Panch Mahals.

* Captain W. P. L. Louché, Acting Superintendent of Police, Surat.

* Lieutenant C. Hay, Acting Superintendent of Police, Surat.

RAILWAY POLICE SUPERINTENDENTS.

* Lieutenant G. I. Bulwood, Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway Police, on leave.

* Captain C. I. Boulton, Superintendent, B. B. & C. I. Railway Police, and Acting Deputy Collector in Surat.

* Major C. I. Jones, Officer in Charge Superintendent, B. B. and C. I. R. Police.

* Lieut. S. Babington—Acting Superintendent G. I. P. Railway Police.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENTS—First Grade.

Lieut. H. S. Darnell, 1st Assistant Superintendent of Police, Khandaish. Lieut. Wise is Acting for Lieut. Darnell.

Captain I. H. Segrove, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Ahmedabad.

Captain W. P. L. Louché, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Panch Mahals—Lieut. Westmacott is acting for Captain Louché.

Lieut. L. J. Wise, 2nd and Acting 1st Assistant Superintendent of Police, Khandaish—Lieut. Drummond is acting for Lieut. Wise.

Lieutenant S. Babington, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Ahmednagar—Lieut. Brown is acting for Lieutenant Babington.

Lieutenant G. H. L. Codrington, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Shikarpoor.

Lieutenant G. B. B. Drummond, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Satara, and Acting Second Assistant Superintendent of Police, Khandaish.

Second Grade.

Lieutenant W. H. Wilson, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Surat, on leave.

* Captain G. M. Griffith, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Kurrachee—On special duty. Mr. McIver is acting for him.

Lieutenant C. Hay, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Surat—Acting as Superintendent of Police, at Surat pending Captain Louché's arrival.

Lieut. A. B. Portman, Acting Assistant Superintendent of Police, Satara.

Lieut. W. T. Brown, Acting Assistant Superintendent of Police, Ahmednagar.

Lieut. I. F. Stock, Acting Assistant Superintendent of Police, Surat.

* Mr. C. McIver, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, Kurrachee.

Lieut. R. Westmacott, Acting Assistant Superintendent of Police, Panch Mahals.

* Officers holding appointments comm. within the grade system.

BOMBAY POLICE

F H Souter, Commissioner of Police for the City of Bombay
 W H G Dainton, Deputy Commissioner of Police Harbour Division.
 A Edginton, Deputy Commissioner of Police.

LIST OF THE POLICE DIVISIONS AND SECTIONS OF THE TOWN AND ISLAND OF BOMBAY

		Inspector (Chapman)	
	1 Colaba	" M Flint	Mr Supt Lockley
	2 Fort Southern Part	" D J C	
	3 Fort Northern Part	" D J C	
	3 Inglewood	" D J C	
	1 Market	" Kymond	
B	2 Chukla	" Alford Hadar	} Mr Supt Mills.
	2 Marolvi	" Buttt	
	3 Commerciny	" Butts	
	1 Dhulee Lullao	" McIntyre	
C	2 Bhaleshwari	" J. S.	} Mr Supt Tighe.
	3 Khairat Lullao	" Dillon	
	4 G. Ram	" Howard	
	1 Chowpatty	" Gallagher	
D	2 W. K. Sh. Vir	"	} Mr Supt Hallums.
	3 Mahadumet	"	
	1 Maragon	" Horton	
E	2 Jawarre	" Crilly	} Mr Supt Bailey.
	3 Camatte Poora	" G. H. L.	
	1 I. S. L.	" G. H. L.	
	1 Sion	" Govind	} Mr Inspector Brown
F	2 Mahim	" Jackson	
	3 Worlee	"	
W	Harbour	" Robertson	} Mr Deputy Commissioner Dunlop

THE BOMBAY FIRE BRIGADE

The Fire Establishment is under the Orders of the Commissioner of Police.
 Superintendent, Mr Alfred Edginton.
 Chief Engineer, C. L. Burden
 Assistant Engineer, Martin Burns

Fire Engine Stations.

Government Dockyard	" (Logne Port Steam Engine."
Manilva	Small Steam Engine
Pydhonie	Manual Engines
Mazagon Road	Small Steam Engine.
Upper Duran Road	Do. Do.
Mazagon Office	Manual Engines
Mahim	Do. Do.

Educational Appointments.

Director of Public Instruction—Sir A. Grant, Bart., M.A., LL.D., Oxford, Edinburgh.
 Educational Inspector, Central Division—Major I. Waddington.
 Educational Inspector, Southern Division—W. A. Russel, M.A., Oxford.
 Educational Inspector, Northern Division—F. B. Curtis.
 Educational Inspector, Sind—J. G. Moore, C.S.
 Assistant ditto, Central Division—W. J. Spence, M.A., Aberdeen.
 Government Law Professor—Perry Professor of Jurisprudence—R. T. Reid, LL.D., Dublin.
 Government Law Professor—J. C. Hayllar, C.G.L., Cumberge.
 Marathi Translator and Referee—Major I. Candy. Absent on sick leave.
 Acting Marathi Translator and Referee—Mahadeo Govind Ranade, M.A., LL.B., Bombay.
 Secretary and Curator Government Central Museum—G. C. M. Birdwood, M.D., Edinburgh.
 Officiating University Registrar of Bombay—J. P. Hughliners, B.A.
 Chemical Analyst to Government—Assistant Surgeon F. B. Lyon.
 Assistant Librarian—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kailashree R. Vaidya.
 Curator Central Book Depot—Mahadeo Narayan Bhungalkar.

Elphinstone College

Principal and Professor of Logic and Moral Philosophy—K. W. Christfield, B.A., Oxford.
 Professor of English Literature—F. I. Hughes, B.A., Oxford.
 Dittos of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy—L. I. Candy, M.A., Cambridge.
 Acting ditto—W. Dwyer, M.A., University College, London.
 Professor of Oriental Languages—A. Buhler, Ph.D., Göttingen.
 Professor of Chemistry—J. B. Lyon.

Grant Medical College.

Principal and Professor of Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery—W. G. Hunter.
 Acting Principal and Professor of Medicine—J. B. Steinham.
 Professor of Surgery—J. T. McKenzie, M.B., Trinity College, Canada.
 Ditto of Midwifery—A. V. Ward.
 Ditto of Chemistry—J. B. Lyon.
 Professor of Anatomy and Curator of Museum—Asst. Surg. W. Gray, M.B., Dublin.
 Ditto of Pathology, and Acting Professor of Materia Medica—Asst. Surgeon W. Dymock, B.A., Oxford.
 Ditto of Physiology—J. H. S. Ivester.
 Ditto of Hygiene—W. S. L. Jones.
 Professor of Medical Jurisprudence—A. L. Rogers.
 Professor of Venereal Medicine—Surgeon Major W. Davey.
 Professor of Botany—G. C. M. Birdwood, M.D., Edinburgh.
 Acting Professor of Botany—W. Gray, M.B., Dublin.
 Teacher of Anatomy and Physiology, Vernacular Class—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Bhicjee Amroot.
 Teacher of Chemistry and Materia Medica, Vernacular Class—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Santaram Vitul, G. C. M. C.
 Teacher of Medicine and Midwifery, Vernacular Class—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Suddaram Arjun, G. C. M. C.
 Teacher of Surgery, Vernacular Class—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Gopal Shivram, L. M., Bombay.

Poona College.

Principal—W. Wordsworth, B.A., Oxford.
 Professor of English Literature—B. G. Oxenham, B.A., Oxford.
 Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy—Henri Lacaze de Chatea.
 Professor of Sanscrit Studies—F. Kielhorn, Ph.D., Leipzig.

Poona Training College.

Principal Poona Training School—Kishna Bhastru Chiplunkar
Vice Principal ditto ditto—Narayan Bullal Limaye

Poona Engineering College.

Principal—Theodore Cooke, M. A., M. L., Trinity College, Dublin.
Acting Principal Poona Civil Engineering College—W. S. Howard.
Professor of Civil Engineering and Mathematics—Daji Nilkunt Nagarkar.
Superintendent Mechanical Branch—Robert Royal.
Lecturer on Chemistry and Geology—(Vacant).
Lecturer on Mathematics—Venkutrao Ramchander Santibednurkar.

Elphinstone High School.

Principal—T. B. Kirkham, University College, London.
Vice Principal—Arthur Barrett, Lampeter
Head Master, Poona High School—H. P. Jacob, Worcester College, Oxford
Head Master, Belgaum Sirdars' High School—H. S. K. Kallaira, M. A., Oxford.
Head Master, Katsnagheery High School—Ramkrishna Gopal Bhandalkar, M. A., Bombay.
Head Master, Hyderabad High School—Waman Abajee Modak, B. A., 1862, Elphinstone College
Head Master, Dhoolia High School—Vittal Narayan Patak, M. A., 1877, General Assembly's Institution, Bombay.
Head Master, Ahmedabad High School, and Principal Gujarat Provincial College—Dallin Hill, B. A., Pembroke College, Cambridge.
Head Master, Kolapate High School—Mahulav Moreswar Kunte, B. A., Bombay.
Deputy Educational Inspector, Poona and Sholapur, District Examiner—Rao Sahab Narayan Bhu Dandekar, Elphinstone College.
Principal Training College, Ahmedabad, and Gujarat Translator Educational Department—Rao Sahab M. Shuptrani Rupam Lalkanth, Fellow, Bombay University, Elphinstone College.
Deputy Educational Inspector, Kutchiwar Sub-Division—Rao Sahab Gopalji Soorbhaj Dhan Singh High School
Deputy Educational Inspector, Sind—Rao Sahab Narayan Juggonnath Vaidya, Poona College
Law Tutor Gujarat Provincial College—Rao Sahab Wassoodco Juggonnath Kirlikar, Elphinstone College
Head Master, Kutchiwar High School—Keshava Bapuji Bal, B. A., Elphinstone High School and College
1st Assistant Master, Belgaum (Sirdars') High School—E. H. Hoogewerf, H. E. the Raja's School, Travandrum
Deputy Educational Inspector, Belgaum and Canara—Chambassappa Bushingappa Bhuvadkar, Poona College and Civil Engineering College.
Deputy Educational Inspector, Satara Sub-Division—Rao Sahab Narayan Vishnoo Bapat, Elphinstone High School and College.
Deputy Educational Inspector, Surat Sub-Division—Rao Sahab Mohunlal Ranchordas, Elphinstone College
Head Master, Hyderabad Normal College—Chuharmul Kandannul, B. A., 1866, Elphinstone High School and College.
Head Master, Fort Branch School, Bombay—Mauckaha Byramji Lawyer, Elphinstone College.
Deputy Educational Inspector, Dholka Sub-Division—Rao Sahab Mayaram Sambhonnath, Elphinstone College.
1st Assistant Master, Poona High School—Shivram Bapuji Paranjee, B. A., 1865, Poona College.
Deputy Educational Inspector, Tanna and Marathi Schools, Bombay—Vishnoo Balkrishna Sohane, Matriculated Poona and Elphinstone College.
Deputy Educational Inspector, Kaira Sub-Division—Motiram Rajaram, Ahmedabad Government English School.
Deputy Educational Inspector, Ahmednuggur Sub-Division—Bhikaji Ramchandamande, Matriculated, Poona College.
Deputy Educational Inspector, Dhawar Sub-Division—Nagesh Vinayek Bapat, Poona College.
Deputy Educational Inspector, Kulladghse Division—Vishvanath Vishnoo Goorjut, Gohagar School.

Deputy Educational Inspector, Ratnagheery Division—Waman Krishna Agarkar, Poona High School and Civil Engineering College.
 Drawing Master, Elphinstone College—Shri Krishna Bhu Tele, Sir J. Jejeebhoy's School of Art and Industry and Elphinstone Institution.
 Assistant Deputy Inspector, Tanna Sub-Division—Ramchandra Venayek Oka, Poona College.
 Assistant Deputy Inspector, Sattara Sub-Division—Wasudev. Bhikaji Karmarkar, Poona College.
 Assistant Deputy Inspector, Poona Sub-Division—Gungadhar Ramchandra Tilak, Poona Training College.
 Assistant Deputy Inspector, Nasseck and Peint State—Pandurang Shripud Bede Poona Normal School.
 Assistant Deputy Inspector, Belgaum and Canara—Abbaji Baburao Devkar, Dharwar English School.
 Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Khandesh Sub-Division—Krishnaji Lakshman Datar, Poona Training College.

Officers holding Civil Appointments.

Presidency of Bombay, &c., 9th December 1867.

Government of Bombay, The Honorable H. H. Ellis, 8th Member of Council, and the Honorable S. Mansfield, C.S.I., 1th Member of Council.
 Secretariat, Bombay, F. S. Chapman, Chief Secretary to Government in charge Separate Department, and Secretary to Government in the Revenue, Financial and General Departments; E. W. Ravenscroft, Acting, C. Conne, Secretary to Government in the Political, Secret, Judicial, Educational and Persian Departments; H. E. Jacob, Under Secretary to Government in the Revenue, Financial and General Departments, W. Wedderburn, Under Secretary to Government in the Political and Judicial Departments, and Secretary to the Legislative Council (J. D.)
 Accountant General, J. L. Lushington; C. B. Chapman, Deputy Accountant General; G. Gordon, (Unconvd.) First Assistant Accountant General, Pandorung Gunnoba, (Unconvd.) Examiner of Claims, R. W. Mathwa, Chief Assistant Accountant General's Office.
 Customs' Department, A. D. Robertson, Commissioner of Customs, Salt, and Opium, G. Norman, Deputy Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Opium, at the Presidency, C. J. Davis, Acting; P. M. Dalzell (Unconvd.) Deputy Commissioner of do. N. D.; W. H. Payne, do. do. do. S. D., A. Faulkner, Acting.
 Collector of Bombay, A. F. Bellairs; G. Norman, Acting.
 Commissioner in Sind, Lieutenant Colonel W. L. Murewether, C. B. (not joined); W. H. Havelock, Acting.
 Assistant Commissioner in Sind, J. G. Moore.
 (Unconvanted) Assistant to Commissioner in Sind, H. Rozar.
 Revenue Commissioner S. D., J. W. Hadow; A. F. Bellairs, Acting.
 (Unconvanted) Assistants to Revenue Commissioner, S. D., C. J. Kyte and J. C. Anding.
 Revenue Commissioner N. D., A. Rogers.
 (Unconvanted) Assistant to Revenue Commissioner N. D., J. I. Fernandez.
 (Unconvanted) Alienation Settlement Officer in the N. D. and Assistant Revenue Commissioner N. D., Pantonjee Jehangurjee.
 Alienation Settlement Officer S. D., Lieutenant Colonel A. T. Etheridge.
 Talookdaree Settlement Officer, Guzerat, J. B. Richey.
 Registrar General of Assurances and Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, F. F. Arbuthnot.
 Branch Registrar General of Assurances, Sind, J. G. Moore.
 Inspector in Chief under the Cotton Fraud Act for the Town and Port of Bombay, H. Bulkley; Lieutenant Colonel C. W. Walker, Acting.

Sirdars in the Deccan

AND IN THE SOUTHERN MARATHA COUNTRY.

AGENT FOR THE SIRDARS,—F. LLOYD, Esq., POONA.

First Class.

- Abdool Khair Khan Abdool Dillaur Khan, Nawab of Savanoor—Savanoor, Dharwar, under the Collector of Dharwar
- Chinnajee Rughoonath *alias* Nanasaheb, Punt Suchoo—Bhore, Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Dhondterao Chintaman *alias* Taty Sahab, Putwardhun, chief of Sanglee—Sanglee, Belgum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Dinkurrow Ruggunath Raja Moontavem Bahadur—Gwalior, Gwalior territory, under Agent Governor General Central India
- Ganpatirao Hurrehur *alias* Bairoo Sahab, Putwardhun of Koorundwar—Koorundwar, Belgum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Ganjutirao Gungabhai *alias* Taty Sahab, Putwardhun—Meeruj, Belgum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Hurrehur Wassekoo Punhit *alias* Taty Sahab, Poona, under Agent for Sirdars
- Jadhavrao bin Soonturkar *alias* Liba Sahab, Mahoorkee, the Commander in-Chief of His Highness Serassia's army—Gwalior territory, under Agent Governor General Central India
- Luchmee, widow of Abdool Khair Khan, late Nawab of Savanoor—Savanoor, Dharwar, under the Collector of Dharwar
- Luxumrao Mahadwar *alias* Anna Sahab, Putwardhun, chief of Meeruj—Meeruj, Belgum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Luxumrao Maharoodia Sawant of Chaful—Chaful, Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Madhwarao Bullal, *alias* Rao Sahab Furnavis—Moenalee, Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Mallikaraj *alias* Boowa Sahab Rajah Bhonslay, Raja of Akulkote—Akulkote, Suolapur, under the Collector of Suolapur
- Moodhoojee to Junnoo *alias* Bapoo Sahab Naik Nimbalkur—Phuton, Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Manohur Bhoomrao, *alias* Taty Sahab Potness—Oorowday, Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Mahadhowrao Vtal, *alias* Dada Sahab, Vinchoorkur—Vinchoor, Ahmednuggur, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Ramchandra Rao Gopal *alias* Epa Sahab Putwardhun, chief of Jumkhundee—Jumkhundee, Belgum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Ramrao Narayan *alias* Rao Sahab, Bhaway, chief of Hamdoorg—Hamdoorg, Belgum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Rughoonath ao Kesheo *alias* Dada Sahab Putwardhun, chief of Koorundwar—Koorundwar, Belgum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Rughoonathrao Vital Vinchoorkur—Vinchoorkur Ahmednuggur, under Agent for Sirdars
- Radhabasa Tasa Sahab Suchoo—Wase, Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Rutunung Amcraing *alias* Raja Sahab Jadhavrao—Malligaum, Poona, under Agent for Sirdars
- Shreemant bugoons Bace *alias* Ayee Sahab Maharaj, widow of the late Raja of Sattara—under the Collector of Sattara
- Shreenowas Purushram *alias* Rao Sahab Pruteeneedhee—Sattara and Ound, Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Trimbukrao Keshow *alias* Aba Sahab Putwardhun—Koorundwar, Belgum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Umrootrao Hamrao *alias* Rao Sahab Duffay, Jagheendar of Juth and Kurajee—Juth, Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Vansayekrao Kesheo *alias* Apa Sahab Putwardhun—Koorundwar, Belgum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country

Second Class.

- Abdool Dulair Khan Khair Khan—Savanoor, Dharwar, under the Collector of Dharwar
- Begum Sahib ban Luxdeor Raje Dalpatrao—Nassick, Ahmednuggur, under Agent for Sindus
- Bhoj Raj baidh Raj *alias* Appa Sahib, Powar—Uthnee, Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Marathi Country
- Bhugwantrao Bhojrao *alias* Baba Sahib, Mohoreekur—Mohores, Ahmednuggur, under Agent for Sindus
- Bukhtiar *alias* Laya Sahib, widow of Pillayto Jadhav of Wagholee—Wagholee, Poona, under Agent for Sindus
- Chand Ingle *alias* Poo Sahib, widow of Khujeh Amanant Khan Kuvesjung—Poona, under Agent for Sindus
- Dooly Khim Abdool Khair Khan—Savanoor, Dharwar, under the Collector of Dharwar
- Gokulchit Thakoordeo Mohunlall *alias* Shet Sahib, Sowku—Poona, under Agent for Sindus
- Gung, Ince *alias* Jee Sahib, widow of the late Sudasheorao Koonjser—Poona, under Agent for Sindus
- Ganputrao Baidal *alias* Rao Sahib Nitoo—Poona, under Agent for Sindus
- Gung, Ram Khuntrao Rastur—Lalcolet and Poona, Kuldigh e and Poona, under Agent for Sindus
- Hajera Bice *alias* Bice Sahib, widow of the late Sheikh Meera Waseehi—Wase, Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Joty Ince *alias* Luxdeor *alias* Joty Sahib, Jadhav *alias* Wadekur—Jadhav's Wade, Poona, under Agent for Sindus
- Jayprabhu *alias* Baba Sahib, Dessar—Shirahunge, Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Marathi Country
- Kesav Ramchandra Joge *alias* Joty Sahib—Poona, under Agent for Sirdar Southern Annes *alias* Bhoj Sahib Shikhopoolur—Astaj, Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Marathi Country
- Konhar *alias* Shivrao *alias* Anna Sahib Putwardhan—Wadee, Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Marathi Country
- Krishna *alias* Vitai *alias* Jyapo Sahib, Vinchookur Vinchookur, Ahmednuggur, under Agent for Sindus
- Lukma Gowdi Bas Pralhad Desave Watrao *alias* Watrao *alias* Watrao, Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Marathi Country
- Luxmi Bice *alias* Nance Sahib, widow of Sidh Bhoj Raj Uthneekur—Uthnee, Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Marathi Country
- Mahomed Alimkhan Abdool Hossain Nawab *alias* Bellay—Bellay, Poona, under Agent for Sindus
- Moobruk Khan Abdool Khair Khan—Savanoor, Dharwar, under the Collector of Dharwar
- Moro Bhughoonath *alias* Joty Sahib, Dhundhery—Poona, under Agent for Sindus
- Mulputrao Chundarrao *alias* Taty Sahib, Powar—Soopa, Ahmednuggur, under Agent for Sindus
- Mulharao Bulwanti *alias* Baba Sahib, Powar—Ahmedabad, Ahmednuggur, under Agent for Sindus
- Narayana *alias* Konde *alias* Baid Sahib, —Poona, under Agent for Sirdars
- Nariyem *alias* Mohor *alias* Nani Sahib, Chaudary Putwadkar—Dutwad, Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Marathi Country
- Nurham Ramchandur Pandit *alias* Aba Mahuraj, Kolipoor, under Political Agent Southern Marathi Country
- Narayanao Sukharan Phulnis Amutya—Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Pratapa Sahib Gorur, grandson in the female line of the late deposed Raja—Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Ramchandra Gopal *alias* Bhoj Sahib, Soomant—Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Ramchandra Bhughoonath *alias* Baba Sahib, Panditrao—Sattara, Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Rudro Narsing *alias* Anna Sahib, Mootahk Desai Nerleskur—Nerlee, Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Marathi Country
- Rughoonath Jywant *alias* Baba Sahib, Muntro—Islampoor, Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Rughoonathrao Moarrarao *alias* Nana Sahib, Nimbolkur—Nipane, Belgaum, Political Agent Southern Marathi Country

Saif Khan Mahomed Shaik Meera *alias* Baba Sahab—Wase, Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
 Shreenewasrao Luxumonrao *alias* Annajeera, Hobleekur—Hebles, Dharwar, under the Collector of Dharwar
 Shreenewasrao Khrishn Pandit *alias* Raojee Maharsaj—Kolapoor, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
 Soobhanrao Luxumonrao *alias* Baba Sahab Jadhav—Wagholee, Poona, under Agent for Sirdars
 Seelcom Khatoo *alias* Begum Sahab, widow of Khajeh Amanut Khan Kuveejung—Poona, under Agent for Sirdars
 Tamajeeraso Rowtojeeraso *alias* Apa Sahab, Dewasee Nimbalkur—Nunudee, Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
 Umrotrao Pootshotam *alias* Baba Sahab, Hidgway—Ohandoree, Ahmednuggur, under Agent for Sirdars
 Venkutrungachaiya Keerteechayya—Agurkhed, Kulladghes, under Agent for Sirdars
 Vishwasrao Bhaskur *alias* Dada Sahab, Goklay—Poona, under Agent for Sirdars

Third Class.

Abdool Ruf Khan Surwar Khan—Bad, Dharwar, under the Collector of Dharwar
 Adra Appa Guddeggappa Dewasee Jumbhundeekur—Jumbhunde, Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
 Balcrishnarao Pootshotam Wamoreekur—Wamoree, Ahmednuggur, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Bapoorao Krishna Pansy—Sanore, Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Bhao Khandernao Poonndhuniy—Babonde Choomut, Ahmednuggur, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Bhao Shastree Meroo Shastree Gudbolay—Deuaree, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Bhatwarao Narayanao Toorooka wdeekur—Toorook Wadce, Belgaum, under the Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
 Bhugwantrao Govind Pinglay, Benars, under the Government of India
 Baheerjee Tomajee Rajay Shirkey—Koolah, Rutnighery, under the Collector of Sattara
 Chintamanrao Dhasyngoolay—Paloole, Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
 Dajee Moreswar Ditt Munohur—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Dajee Annandao Narolekur—N roles, Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Dinkur Gunchi Oke—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Datto Bhatrow Pinglay—Sattara, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Goolam Mohideen Mohamed Huneef Moonshes—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Gopallrow Mulhar Burvey—Doober, Ahmednuggur, under the Collector of Sattara
 Gunputrao Konderao Sing—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Gunputrao Trimbukao Denglay—Aswee, Ahmednuggur, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Gunputrao Laxmon Jadhav—Wagholee, Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Gunputrao Nilout Naggurkar—Lout, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Gunputrao Yawunt Bokel—Havery, Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Heyrunba Dhanutedu Deo Ozim, Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Hormajee Dorabjee Bhatt—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Hurry Trimbuk Lingungaumkur—Lidgungaum, Khandesh, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Jan Khan Mohamed Huneef Noonshes—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Jeewunrao Narayan Moogondar—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Keshwrao Krishna Joshee—Sattara, under the Collector of Dharwar
 Keshwrao Baheerjeeao Kuddum—Rutnspoor, Ahmednuggur, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Khunderao Gunesah Odhekur—Odhey, Ahmednuggur, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Krishnarao Ram Dabholkur—Akolner, Ahmednuggur, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Krishnarao Bapoojee Parasnvoose—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Krishnarao Anroot Raj Gopadhey—Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
 Krishnarao Govind Kayas—Baramuttee, Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Krishnarao Mulhar Somonshee—Jowlay, Ahmednuggur, under the Agent for Sirdars
 Krishnarao Anant Soomant—Baramuttee, Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars

- Luxmee Bacc, widow of Gopal Khunderao Rastia—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Madhowrao Pandoorung Koonjeer, Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Madhowrao Krishna—Hoollegol, Dharwar, under the Collector of Dharwar.
- Mahomed Ukram Shaik Khan Sahab Peerjady—Holhulle, Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Narayan Sudanund Bawa Goasave—Dehoo, Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Narayanrao Japrao Dhumdhare—Fullegaum, Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Narayanrao Trimbuck Rajmacheekur—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Narayan Nilkunt Shastree Thutay—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Naro Dhond Deo Poorundhunay—Saswar, Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Neerabacc, widow of Luxumonrao Kadaykur—Kuday, Ahmednuggur, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Nursinwacharyu Ramanooj—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Ragho Nursing Ambekur—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Raghvendra Humunt—Hoollegol, Dharwar, under the Collector of Dharwar
- Ram Kesheocharyu Apa Rayacharyu Agurkhedkur—Agurkhed, Kulladghce, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Ramrao Luxmon Kadaykur—Kuday, Ahmednuggur, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Ramrao Sudasheo Koonjeer—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Ramrao Krishna alias Baba Sahab Parashnuvease—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Ramrao Narayan Pulseekur—Indore, Central India, under the Governor General Agent Central India
- Ramchundra Bulvunt Detay—Jumkhundee, Belgaum, under the Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Ramchundra Oasee—Nimb Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Ramchundarrao Luxumon Naggurkur—Kauhoor Ahmednuggur, Under the Agent for Sirdars
- Rungrao Venayak Poorundhunrey—Poona, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Shamrao Yeshwunt Meerkur—Meeree Ahmednuggur, under the Agent for Sirdars
- Sattaram Vishnoo Bhagwat—Dharwad, Sattara, under the Collector of Sattara
- Shrutiwease Humunt—Belgaum, under the Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Shreeputrao Narayan Koonjeer—Waghpoor, Poona, Under Agent for Sirdars
- Sudasheo Madhowrao Dixit Putwardhun—Wase, Sattara, under Collector of Sattara.
- Suso Bacc, widow of Madhowrao Trimbuck Rasereekur—Poona, under Agent for Sirdars
- Sukharam Umaring Sirkay—Sind, Punt Sueho's Country under the Collector of Sattara
- Tookajee Bapoojeerao alias Bhao Pawa—Soopey, now resident at Baroda, Ahmednuggur, Under Agent for Sirdars
- Umrotrao Trimbuck Vethey—Nassick, Ahmednuggur, Under Agent for Sirdars
- Unndrao Kesheo Ahassgetwallay—Poona, Poona, Under Agent for Sirdars
- Unndrao Venkutrao Somonahce—Kotumgaum, Ahmednuggur, Under Agent for Sirdars
- Unndrao Yeshwunt Throat—Veergaum, Ahmednuggur, under Agent for Sirdars
- Veerbhadrappa Shidappa Naik Dasaee—Chuchudi, Belgaum, Under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Venayak Chintamun Dixit Aptey—Poona, under Agent for Sirdars
- Venkutrao Amrut Hingay—Chandoree, Ahmednuggur, Under Agent for Sirdars
- Venkutrao Humunt—Hoollegol, Dharwar, under Collector of Dharwar
- Vishwasrao Balajee alias Dajeeba Natoo—Poona, under Agent for Sirdars
- Vukeel of Akalcotekur—Poona, under Agent for Sirdars
- Vukeel of Jumkhundeeekur—Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Vukeel of Moodholekur Ghorpuday—Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Vukeel of Koorundwadkur—Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Vukeel of Meerujkur—Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Vukeel of Anna Sahab Meerujkur—Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Vukeel of Nawab of Savanoor—Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
- Vukeel of Punt Sueho—Poona, under Agent for Sirdars

Vakeel of Ramdrookur—Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
 Vakeel of Sangalekur—Belgaum, under Political Agent Southern Maratha Country
 Vakeel of Vinchoorkur—Poona, under Agent for Sirdars
 Wamonrao Madhow Raserekur—Poona, under Agent for Sirdars
 Yashowrao Deckesey—Gwahar, Central India, under Government of India.

List of persons who are reported to have died, and regarding whose residence or existence it has not been possible to obtain any information, and who are, it may be presumed, deceased.

Second Class.

Bhugwantrao Pandoorung alias Dada Saheb Koonjeer—Poona, died on the 1st January 1865
 Damodhurrao Gunesh *et al* as Dajee Saheb Pannay—Poona, died on the 13th July 1865
 Madhowrao Babajerao alias Rao Saheb Powar—Soop, Ahmednuggur, under the Collector of Ahmednuggur, a reported, in a letter dated 5th January 1866, No. 43, that this Sirdar died on the 18th December 1865
 Venkutrao Nursingrao alias Rao Saheb Ghorpudey—Badug, Belgaum, died on the 16th November 1865

Third Class.

Nahomed Ujgurkhan Mahomed Hunneef Moonshce—Poona, died on the 1st July 1865
 Umba Bacc, widow of Venayekrao Sideshwur Bidiwallay—Poona, died on the 8th December 1865

CERTAIN MEMBERS OF THE ROYAL AND ARISTOCRATIC FAMILIES IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

Independent Chiefs.

BARODA.

His Highness Khundarrao Gaekwar Sena Khankeel Shamsar Bahadur, G. C. S. I.

KUTCH.

H. H. Maharaja Meerza Shri Pragmalji, Rao of Kutch.

KOLAPOOR

His Highness Raja Ram Chatrapattes Maharaj, Raja of Kolapoor

KONKAN.

Scedee Ibrahim Khan Yakut Khan—Nawab of Janjceera.

Raje Malharrao Sheb,—Raja of Jowar.

SURAT.

Scedee Abdul Kareem Mahomed Yakut Khan Saheb Moobazurat Dowla Nuzrat Jung Bahadur,—Nawab of Sachcen

TRIBUTARY CHIEFS OF KATTYWAR

Joonaghur—His Highness the Nawab Mohubut Khan.

Noanngger—His Highness Jam Shri Vebaja

Bhowningur—Thakur Rawul Jusanatangji Bhowangji, K. C. S. I.

Porebunder Rana Shri—Vikmatji.

Drangadra—Raj Shree Rannulsingji, K. C. S. I.

Wankaneer—Jalla Shree Bunnayangji.

Moorvee—Thakur Shree Ruwaji.

Dhole—Thakur Jeysnjee.

Rajcote—Thakur Meramunji.

Gondul—Thakur Soogramji.

Tributary Chiefs of Kattywar—continued.

Lumree—Thakur Futtehsingjee.
 Wadwan—Thakur Rajsingjee
 Palians—Thakur Beshursingji.
 Do. Thakur Nonganjea.
 Lathe—Thakur Umersingjee
 Bantwa—Babee Khumaldan Khan
 Saala—Thakur Keesreesingjee
 Than Lucktur—Thakur Kurransingjee.
 Moolee—Thakur Wukkutsingjee.
 Bujana—Naseeb Khan.
 Malha—Thakur Futtaji.
 Kotia Bunganee—Jhaoja Meramunjee.
 Wallah—Thakur Pinterajee.

MAHEKANTA CHIEFS, PAYING TRIBUTE TO H. H. THE GUICOWAR.

His Highness Shri Juwansingji Maharaja of Nedur, K. C. S. I.	His Highness the Thakur Dowlat-singji of Mohanpur
H. H. Highness Paharsingji, Rao of Pole.	His Highness the Thakur Bhimsingji of Manasa.
" Rawul Kumanasingji of Malpoor.	His Highness the Thakur Bhowanisingji of Pethapur.
" Zalumsingji of Danta.	His Highness the Thakur Ranaji of Kuthasun.
" Thakur Sooraj Mulji of Ghorasir.	
His Highness the Thakur Amursingji of Amlesara.	

REWA KANTA CHIEFS

Paying tribute to H. H. the Guicowar.

His Highness Gumbheersingjee, Raja of Rajpeopia.
" Maharajul Prithvi, Chief of Deogur Barrek.
" The Maharaja Jaysingjee, Chief of Chota Odeypoor.
" Maharaja Dulehsingji, Chief of Loonawaria.
" Sibeo Jorawan Khan, Nawab of Bilaspore.
" Maharaja Shree Bhowunsingjee of Soanli, Tributary of His Highness Scinlia.
" Humbersingjee Odeysingjee Mohrool, Raja of Bansda.

PAHLUNPOOR CHIEFS.

Sahab Bahadoor Babee Torawur Khan, Dewan of Pahlunpoor.
 Zorawur Khan Sahab Bahadoor, Nawab of Radhunpore, paying no Tribute.
 Sirdar Songjee, Rao of Wao, paying no Tribute.

(AMBAY CHIEFS.

His Highness Hossein Yawud Khan Bahadoor, Nawab of Cambay, 1841.
 " " Maharaja Shree Narondeoji, Raja of Dhurrumpoor, Surat.
 Khan Bahadoor Mir Golan Baba, Son-in-Law of the late Nawab of Suwat, receives one lac from Government per annum.

AHMILABAD TALOOKDARS.

His Highness Maharaja Shree Bhagwatsingji	} Thakur of Sanad, Dholka.
" Kursonsingjee.	
" Jorawarsingjee, Koobursingjee, Thakur of Pathra, Veerun-	
" gaum.	

The Legislative Council of Bombay.

[For the Members of the Council for making Laws and Regulations see page 14.]

22ND JANUARY, 1867.

The Legislative Council met at Part I on 22nd January 1867.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL BILL.—This Bill was read a first time on the motion of Mr. Ellis, and referred to a Select Committee, consisting of the Advocate General, Mr. Hunter, Mr. Munguldas, Mr. Framjee, and Mr. Lilla.

THE QUARANTINE BILL.—The time for presenting the report of the Select Committee was extended on the motion of Mr. Lilla.

TOWN DUTIES BILL.—The time for presenting the report of the Select Committee was extended on the motion of Mr. Munguldas Nathooobhoy.

23RD FEBRUARY, 1867.

A meeting was held on 23rd February.

TOWN DUTIES BILL.—The Committee appointed to consider the Bill for the levy of town dues presented their report, and an amended bill in the form in which they recommended that it should be passed. The Committee offered the following amended schedule of town duties, giving an estimated revenue of 7½ lakhs.—Cotton 1 anna per cat, opium Rs. 5 per chest, metals ½ per cent, wine and spirits 2 annas per gallon, beer 6 pies per gallon, sugar 1 per cent, glue 8 annas per maund, and timber 2½ per cent. The duty on Cotton, Opium and Metals was however objected to by some of the members, and Mr. Munguldas Nathooobhoy objected to the duty on glue.

REDUCTION OF THE CAPITAL OF THE BANK OF BOMBAY.—The Bill to reduce the amount of the capital of the Bank of Bombay, from Rs. 219,00,000 of Rs. 1,000 per share to Rs. 1,04,50,000 of Rs. 500 each, and to amend Act X. of 1863, and Act XV. of 1866 was on the motion of Mr. Ellis, read a first time. The object of the amendment of Act X. of 1863 was to remove the power which was conferred on the Bank by that Act of lending money on all classes of public companies. The standing orders being suspended, the Bill was read a second and third time and passed.

ADMINISTRATION OF MILITARY CANTONMENTS BILL.—A bill to make provision for the administration of military cantonments in the Bombay Presidency was, on the motion of Colonel Murielt, read a first time. The object of the Bill was the complete establishment of the Ordinary Civil Jurisdiction within cantonments, and the introduction of such peculiar local regulations as the circumstances of the troops and cantonments require for order, for the preservation of the soldier's health, for general sanitary purposes, or for ruling the rights of occupation of cantonment houses &c. It was referred to a select committee, consisting of the Advocate General, Mr. Ellis, and Colonel Murielt.

QUARANTINE BILL.—The time for the select committee to report on this Bill was extended in consequence of the committee having under consideration the propriety of a reference to the Sanitary Commission and also the Government of India to divide the questions involved in the original scheme into two parts, one of which it was thought might be better dealt with in the Bill before the Government of India regarding shipping generally, and the other to form part of the Bill for the amendment of Act II. of 1865.

MUNICIPAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL.—The time for the select committee to report on this Bill was also extended, the committee having only just received the views of the Justices on the measure.

25TH APRIL, 1867.

The Council met to day.

THE QUARANTINE BILL.—Mr. Ellis mentioned that a memorial had been sent in remonstrating against certain Clauses in the Bill empowering the Health Officer to enter dwellings and carry off persons affected with contagious diseases, and at the suggestion of the President the Bill was re-committed with a view to the Clauses being further considered.

BILL TO AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO LIQUOR LICENSES.—This Bill was read a first time. Mr Erskine explained that the Bill would apply only within the limits of the town and Island of Bombay. The Bill was not brought forward for the purpose of raising a revenue, but for the purpose of placing a restraint on liquor traffic. It proposed that license officers should be authorised to divide the city for licensing purposes into smaller districts, and that they should be also empowered to limit strictly, within those districts, the number of retail licences to be issued, and to assess such charges on the licences as they might be reasonably made to bear. As regards wholesale licenses, the Bill proposed to tax the large number of petty shops which had come into existence, and claimed to sell by wholesale, and had, therefore, been exempted from the necessity of taking out a license. The Bill was referred to a Committee consisting of Mr. Ellis, the Advocate General, Colonel Marriott, Mr Friggo, and Mr Framjee Nusservanjee Patel.

MUNICIPAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL—Mr Ellis moved the Second Reading of this Bill, which provided for the levying of the House Rate in advance. The Bill having been read was considered in detail.

Mr Friggo moved for the omission of the Clause which provided for the levying of the House Rate in advance. He urged that the owners of the 15,000 houses, the annual rent of which was under Rs 500, would, under the proposed provision, have to pay the tax in advance, but they would not get the rent in advance, on which they depended for the payment of the taxes. This would cause these rate-payers a great hardship. Besides the Council had no knowledge of the Municipal requirements, and the financial position, of the Municipality.

Mr Munguldass replied that it would be a less hardship to pay the rate in advance than to have the house-tax increased to ten per cent.

Mr Erskine had very great difficulty in acceding to the proposal to levy the house rates in advance.

The motion of Mr Friggo was rejected, and a motion by Mr Ellis was adopted, authorising the collection of one quarterly instalment in July 1867 for the second quarter of 1867, and a further quarterly instalment to be due and leviable in advance for the third quarter of 1867, and on the 1st October 1867, the fourth and last quarterly instalment for the year 1867 shall be due and leviable.

Mr Munguldass moved an amendment on the first section of the Bill with the view of reducing the maximum of the house rate from ten per cent to seven and a half per cent, but after a division the amendment was negatived.

The Bill was read a third time and passed.

ADMINISTRATION OF MILLIARY CANTONMENTS BILL—On the motion of Colonel Marriott this Bill was read a second time, considered in detail, and read a third time and passed.

3RD SEPTEMBER 1867.

At a meeting on 3rd September the Hon'ble Alex Brown, a newly appointed member, took the usual affirmation of office, and declaration of allegiance to Her Majesty.

CONSENT OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL TO CERTAIN BILLS—Letters from the Government of India, conveying the assent of H. H. the Viceroy to the Bill to amend Bombay Act XIV of 1866,—to the Cantonment Bill,—and to the Municipal Act Amendment Bill, were presented to the Council. A Report of the Select Committee appointed to consider the Liquor License Bill was also laid before the meeting, and the consideration of the Bill was deferred till the next meeting of the Council.

BILL TO EXTEND LEGAL PRIVILEGES TO LADIES OF RANK IN SIND—The Bill to amend the Schedule annexed to Act XII of 1866 (extending privilege in regard to the execution of Decrees to certain ladies of rank in Sind) was read a first time.

PRESIDENCY OF BOMBAY POLICE BILL AND VILLAGE POLICE BILL—These Bills were read a first time on the motion of Mr Ellis and referred to a Select Committee consisting of Mr. Mansfield, Colonel Marriott, Mr Munguldass Nathoochoy, and Mr. Ellis.

BILL FOR THE LEVY OF TOWN DUES—Mr Munguldass Nathoochoy moved that the second reading of this Bill be postponed till the end of November, the reason being that since the introduction of the Bill the municipal income had been greatly increased, Government having made over to the Municipality the revenue derivable from the duty on ganja and tobacco. It was supposed that this source of income would yield to the municipality about one and a half lac of rupees every year. Moreover Government had pointed out to the Government of India that while the Governments of the other Presidencies contributed a portion of the expense of

the Police, it was unjust to the municipality of Bombay to make it bear the whole cost, and that Government should contribute a lac and a half towards the Police expenses every year. Besides the enlarged Schedule of the Municipal License-tax which had been substituted for the former one, and had now become law, was expected to yield two lacs more than before. Some income might also be expected from Vehar Water supplied to public departments.

The motion was agreed to.

THE QUARANTINE BILL.—On the motion of Mr. Ellis, the time for presenting the report of the Select Committee on this Bill was deferred to the next meeting.

26TH SEPT. 1867

A meeting of the Council was held on 26th September

THE QUARANTINE BILL.—The second report of the Select Committee was presented and received. The Report stated among other alterations in the Bill that certain words had been introduced into it to prevent those who might be provided with proper lodging and accommodation in Bombay from being removed by the Health Officer when affected with contagious diseases. The title of the Bill was altered to "A Bill for the better sanitary regulation of the City of Bombay."

Mr. Ellis moved the second reading of the Bill as amended, stating that it was a very deficient Bill from the one originally laid before the Council as a Quarantine Bill, inasmuch as it had now become a Bill for the better sanitary regulation of the City. One very important object was effected by the Bill, and that was the giving of legal powers to the Health Officer and the Consulting Officer of Health to take such measures as might be deemed necessary for the prevention of the spread of infectious diseases.

The Bill was read a second time and considered in detail.

SIND LANDS' BILL.—This Bill was read a third time and passed.

LIQUOR LICENSE BILL.—Mr. Ellis moved the second reading of the Bill and remarked that it had undergone very considerable modification from the form in which it had been originally laid before the Council. The Committee entertained grave doubts of the effectiveness of the plans by which Mr. Lindsay had proposed to remove the evils in connection with the liquor traffic, and the Bill had accordingly been re-cast.

The Bill was read a second time and considered in detail.

THE POLICE BILLS.—The time for presenting the reports of the Committees on these Bills was extended to next meeting.

10TH OCTOBER 1867

The Council met on 10th October.

THE POLICE BILLS.—The Report of the Select Committee was presented to the Council, suggesting certain minor amendments on the Bills.

BILL FOR THE BETTER SANITARY REGULATION OF BOMBAY.—This Bill was further considered in detail and then read a third time and passed.

LIQUOR LICENSE BILL.—The Bill was read a third time and passed.

THE POLICE BILL.—This Bill was read a second time and considered in detail. Some amendments were introduced, the chief being that in the event of additional Police being required in a disturbed district, and in the event of that district not being under a Municipal Commissioner, the cost of the additional Police may wholly or in part be defrayed by the inhabitants of the District at the discretion of Government. When the District is within the limits of a town where there is a Municipal Commissioner the cost will be defrayed out of the Municipal fund.

11TH OCTOBER 1867.

THE POLICE BILL.—This Bill was read a third time and passed at the Meeting of Council held to-day.

THE VILLAGE POLICE BILL.—This Bill was read a second time, considered in detail, and read a third time and passed.

[*Not.*—For the Acts for 1867 passed by the Bombay Legislative Council, so far as published, see pages 228—230.

Bombay.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,

APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET.

A. T. Crawford, Esq., C. S., Municipal Commissioner, Cumballa Hill.
O. Durham, Head Clerk, Cavell Street.
Balkrishna Moroba, Assistant Clerk and Record Keeper.

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.

Russel Aitken, C. E. —Executive Engineer	Joseph Sinclair —Clerk
C. Thwaites, C. E. —Assistant Engineer	F. M. Barretto —Clerk
Henry William Durham —Head Clerk	V. E. Pons —Clerk
Edw. Behnamun —Supt. of Civil Works	John Duffy —Chief Inspector of Roads and Works
Lewis Simon Sinton —Summon's Clerk	W. G. Grant —Inspector
Francis Estacio Leitao —Clerk	W. B. Wharton —Inspector
Manoel de Silva —Clerk	J. B. Cabral —Inspector
Casiano de Rozario —Clerk	Wishwanath Govind —Inspector
Theodoro de Oliveira —Clerk	Nusserwanjee Aduljee —Inspector
Thomas de Monte —Clerk	

Fort Drainage Department.

Russel Aitken, C. E. —Ft. Mun. Engineer	E. Newton —Clerk of the Works
O. Thwaites, C. E. —Resident Engineer, Fort Drainage	Narayan Balljee —Head Surveyor
	Balorietna Narayan —Head Clerk

Main Drainage Surveyor,

Juggonath Sadasewjee, C. E.

Water Works Department.

Russel Aitken C. E. —Executive Engineer	Bhow Sittarim —Turncock
Francois D. Bihherjee —Head Clerk	P. Gomes —Turncock
J. Pyne —Chief Inspector	Aduljee Ardware —Turncock
I. Rodrigues —Mechanic	J. Almeida —Turncock
M. F. Pereira —Clerk	J. Wevers —Turncock
J. B. Ribeiro —Clerk	G. Phillips —Turncock
C. J. Hewett —Inspector of Turncocks	

THE HEALTH OFFICER'S DEPARTMENT.

Office—Dhobi Talao.

Dr. T. G. Hewlett, Health Officer
R. P. Brunton, Chief Superintendent
B. Hughes, Inspector of No. 2, or Fort Ward
J. G. Hopkins, Inspector of No. 3, or Mandvee Ward
G. E. Wood, Inspector of No. 1A, or Bholeshwar Ward
J. Ellis, Inspector of No. 4 B, or Bholeshwar Ward
J. Campbell, Inspector of No. 5, or Oombekharee Ward
G. Kent, Inspector of No. 6, or Oommatterpoora Ward
G. West, Inspector of No. 7, or Girgaum Ward
J. Candy, Inspector of No. 8, or Mulabar Ward
R. Smith, Inspector of No. 9, or Maragon Ward
W. Simpson, Inspector of No. 10, or Parel Ward
E. C. Higgins, Superintendent of Markets and Slaughter Houses
A. Webb, Assistant Superintendent of Markets and Slaughter Houses
J. Fieake, Inspector Night Soil Establishment
J. Carty, Sub Inspector Night Soil Establishment
N. Gallagher, Sub-Inspector Night Soil Establishment
W. Howard, Inspector at Boree and Church Bunder Sweepings Sidings
J. W. Seager, Foreman Carpenter
F. J. Spencer, Inspector of Farrier Establishment
Junardhan Bapoojee, Head Accountant
T. Carbery, Correspondence Clerk.

EUROPEAN JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Acland, Samuel Lawford
 Aclon, Russell
 Allen, Isaac, James
 Anderson, George Elgin Alex-
 ander
 Anderson, George William
 Anderson, William Coun-
 seller
 Anderson, William Warden
 Andros, Joseph Luke
 Arbuthnot, Foresta Fitzger-
 ald
 Armeton, John Frederick
 Arthur, Edward Pendfold
 Arthur, John Rayner
 Ashburn, Isaac Robert
 Atkinson, George Andrew
 Ayres, George
 Baler, Montague B.
 Baker, William A.olphus
 Ballard, John Archibald
 Baker, William Charles
 Barr, Henry James
 Barr, John Turnley
 Barnes, Charles Payne
 Barron, C. M.
 Bartholomew, Frank Pelham
 Barton, Richard Holt
 Battye, Arthur Frederick
 Baxter, Montague John
 Bayley, Laytton Holbrook
 Bayley, William Clio
 Beaumont, Patrick Wilson
 Baxter, Wynne
 Beale, Henry Advertiser
 Bean, John
 Beaumont, Edward Theodore
 Bell, Edmund William
 Bell, James Gibson
 Bellasis, Augustus Fortunatus
 Bell, C. J.
 Bellie, Henry
 Bellis, James Cavan
 Belketh, Robert
 Bingham, Richard Locke
 Birdsey, Christopher
 Birdwood, George
 Birdwood, Edmund Forbes
 Birdwood, Herbert Mills
 Birrell, George
 Birr, James
 Birrell, Charles George
 Birrell, Charles Henry
 Blair, James Thomas
 Bloomer, George Francis
 Blyde, J.
 Blair, Henry Frederick
 Blair, William H.
 Bonas, Joseph
 Bonadiah, Alexander Alfred
 Bonquet, Arthur
 Bonquet, Theodore
 Boswell, Henry, Bruce
 Boulton, A. M.
 Boulton, William
 Boulton, Charles Frederick
 Boulton, Benjamin
 Bowdler, Alexander
 Bowles, Wolloughby Lake
 Broughton, Francis
 Brother, Thomas Ernest.

Brown, A
Brown, F. L. Lusk Lindeman
Burt, n, John
Bullley, T. A.
Bull, Ck Robert
Bushby, John Thornhill
Caddell William
Cameron Charles Henry
Campbell, George William
C. But
Campbell, John McLeod
Campbell William
Candy Edward Townsend
Candy Richard Edward
Candy Arthur Douglas
Canning Alexander
Carrall B
Carrall Thomas
Campbell, Alexander H
Campbell, Alex H Edward
Chapman James Stewart
Chapman Eugene Thomas
Chishfield Kayle Mitt red
Christie, Paul Douglas
Chishcote, Augustus Phillip
Chitty Walter Theodore
Christie James
Church Anthony Ben
Clarke James Temple
Clarke, Isaac
Claveland Henry
Clayton, George Henry
Cochran Wm Mant Phillip
Coke Henry
Cole, William Truvel
Coles, James Gordon
Coles William Henry
Collins James Alphonse
Collins W
Condit, James John
Cott Henry
Cottrell
Cotton John Graham
Counwell Frederick Talbot
Covey, Daniel
Cowan, Thomas Alexander
Cowan John
Crawford Arthur Francis
Crawford William Edwin
Crawford Walter Henry
Crawford John
Creech Charles
Creech James
Cullen Richard Archibald
Culley Nicholas Alexander
Cullen Fulton Mary
Cunliff J R
Curry Henry
Curran, Nugent Murray
Whitman
Davidson Andrew Fletcher
Davies Charles A W
Davies Charles James
Davies Lewis Matthew
Day Henry John
Daly Henry
DeLancey Alfred
De Leo, Albert E
Dickinson, Edward Newton
Dickinson, William Rice

Jackson William David
 Dodd Cecil David James
 Down Edward Phillip
 Doyle William
 Drumm John M
 Drury Isaac
 Duval Charles Malet
 Duval James Arthur Gordon
 Dunlop William Henry Glasgow
 Dunsterville James Barnes
 Dunsterville Francis Darcy
 East William Albert
 Elliot Gilbert Wray
 Ephraime John
 Erskine Henry Napier Braco
 Esward George Charles
 Eulaker Alexander
 Fellows William Benjamin
 Fenner William A
 Fenner George Fitzmaurice
 Fenwick John Bouchier
 Feil James George
 Firth John
 Fife Gerald James
 Fife Hamilton George
 Fergusson M
 Fettes George Fiddes
 Fettes James Alexander
 Fife John Henry
 Finton William A
 Finton Felix Thomas
 Fisher Alexander Gauden
 Fisher Hastings
 Fisher Thomas Lyons
 Gabbett Joseph
 Gauden Jean Bruce
 Gell Francis
 Gabbett Francis
 Gell James
 Gell Edward
 Gillespie William Augustus
 Gell Herbert
 Gell H D
 Gellhaugh William Agnew
 Gellison Frederick John
 Gellison Charles
 Gelliflow George Risco
 Gelliflow William West
 Gordon James
 Gordon John
 Gordon Thomas Edward
 Gordon William Frederick
 Gordon Sir Alexander
 Gordon Arthur Edmond
 Gordon Alexander Edmund
 Gordon Arthur
 Gordon Charles Fortunatus
 Gordon Ivan
 Gordon J W
 Gordon Isaac W
 Gordon Gregory Colquhoun
 Gordon James
 Gordon John Hay
 Gordon William
 Gordon James
 Gordon Ernest Augustus
 Gordon John Philip
 Gordon Malcolm Scrimshire
 Gordon William Henry Rhodes
 Gray A Egypt Donoughmore
 Guthrie Charles Matthew

- Gumpert, Augustus Carl
 Hallow, John William
 Hag, Malcom Robert
 Hall, William Gilmour
 Hampton, W. H.
 Hancock, Henry Francis
 Hannay, Robert
 Harpur, Jarvis
 Harrison, Samuel James
 Hart, John H. D.
 Hathway, Hamilton Robert
 Havlock, William Henry
 Hay, Andrew
 Hayward, George Frederic
 Hearn, John
 Hearn, Bistley Verney
 Hebbert, Henry Thomas
 Henderson, Joseph Hume
 Henry, G. F.
 Hervey, Charles Robert West
 Hewett, Frederick Stafford
 Hewitt, Thomas Gilmour
 Heycock, Edwin
 Holbert, Elton George Aug.
 Hocking, Pear Williford
 Hodgson, Henry Burdon
 Hodgson, John
 Hogg, Charles Myrona
 Holland, Henry William
 Holt, J. M.
 Houser, Robert William
 Hope, James
 Hoop, Theodore Cracott
 Horler, Charles
 Hore, James James
 Houghton, William Robert
 Howe, John
 Huddleston, Robert Hume
 Huggings, John Powell
 Hunter, Alexander John
 Hunter, James
 Hunter, Robert William
 Hunter, William Joseph
 Hunter, W. G.
 Hyatt, James McAdam
 Impey, Eugene Lubenbach
 Ingle, Henry
 Ingle, William Ashby
 Iron, (Lancelot) Howell
 Jacob, Herbert Edward
 James, H. Evan Murkison
 Jardine, John
 Jones, Richard G.
 Juvon, Alan Arthur Clarke
 Johns, George Hickman
 Johnstone, Robert Maxwell
 Johnstone, F. B.
 Jones, James
 Jones, William Samuel
 Johnson, W.
 Kestings, Richard Hart
 Keyes, Charles Frederick
 Kelly, R. W.
 Kimball, Arnold Burrows
 Kimball, Charles Gordon
 Kimball, John Shaw
 Kennedy, M. K.
 Kennelly, David Joseph
 Kerr, Campbell Mackintosh
 Keyes, Alfred
 King, Edmund
 King, Joshua
 Knapp, James Michael
 Knight, Frederick William
 Lambert, Walter Bathborne
 Lang, Walter
 Larpent, Baron A. J. De H.
 Loughton, Daniel Wilson
 Loughton, G. A.
 Law, Samuel Crozier
 Leckie, George Alexander
 Leckie, Henry Edward
 Leckie, Philip Harrison
 Leith, Andrew H.
 Leith, Percy
 Leith, Thomas
 Lester, William Charles
 Let strange, Edmund
 Lewis, Charles Mathew
 Leitch, William
 Liddell, A. H.
 Liddell, Francis Fredk.
 Little, Edgar Hutchinsor
 Lloyd, Francis
 Loch, Francis Adam Ellis
 Lodwick, Robert William
 Lodwick, William
 Lord, George
 Lord, B. Gilmour
 Loudon, William
 Lucas, A. W.
 Lumsden, John
 Lushington, J. L.
 Lyne, Edward Patrick
 Lyon, Andrew
 Lyons, Edmund Willoughby
 Macaulay, George William
 Macdonald, Arthur Ramsay
 Macdonald, John
 Macdonald, Frederick
 Mackenzie, James Duncan
 Mackenzie, Kenneth I. Leith
 Mackenzie, Malcolm Munro
 Mackenzie, John
 Maclean, James Mackenzie
 Macnaughton, I. Ferguson
 Macpherson, Geo. Morrison
 Maclean, Robert I. Ferguson
 Mackenzie, Frederick L.
 Maier, William
 Mainland, William
 Mainland, William George
 Mainland, George W.
 Mainland, Samuel I.
 Mainland, Hon. William Fred
 Mainland, Edward Charles
 Mainland, Thomas Monck
 Mainland, William Henry
 Mainland, Francis
 Maude, Cornwallis Oswald
 Maule, Arnold John
 Maule, Ward
 Mayhew, Alfred Hercules
 Mayhew, Charles Serenush
 Mayne, C. T. Olway
 McCalland, W.
 McDonald, Robert Clarke
 McIlloch, Samuel
 McIlwraith, Robert
 Miller, Daniel
 Maxwell, Hamilton
 Maxwell, Francis Dawes
 Melville, Maxwell
 Menzies, Hugh Christian
 Merrett, William Lockyer
 Middleton, Edmund Alex.
 Middleton, James Russell
 Mignon, Frank Phillips
 Miles, George Roslyn
 Miles, Theophilus
 Moore, John George
 Morgan, John Holiky
 Morrison, Anthony
 Morgan, Osborne
 Moylo, Charles Augustus
 Mull, M.
 Mulock, William Bury
 Murdock, George B.
 Murray, Robert
 Muir, William I. W.
 Muir, Alexander Kyd
 Nash, Spencer
 Nisbet, David J.
 Naylor, Charles Edward
 Naylor, James Richard
 Neale, Edward
 Neale, William Augustus
 Newnham, William Heartley
 Nicol, William
 Niven, William
 Nixon, John P.
 Norman, Gerard
 Nugent, John
 Ogilvie, C. T.
 Oliphant, James Erskine
 Ormiston, T.
 Osburn, Richard
 Osburn, John W. W.
 Ovens, Charles Robertson
 Parker, George Charles
 Parr, William Chas.
 Payne, William Hugh
 Pearson, Edward Thainam
 Gilmour
 Peddie, William George
 Peet, John
 Pele, C. T.
 Pele, James Braithwaite
 Pele, Lewis
 Pele, S. M.
 Pele, William Augustus
 Pele, Edward Hope
 Phillips, A.
 Phillips, Frederick
 Phillips, George Howard
 Pinney, Robert Hill
 Pitt, William
 Playfair, John William
 Playfair, Robert Lambert
 Plummer, Alfred George
 Plunkett, Arthur Henry
 Plunkett, P. W.
 Pratt, William Roger
 Pratt, Edward
 Price, William Henry
 Price, W. F.
 Pritchard, Charles Bradley
 Property, William Henry
 Pryce, J. Thomas C.
 Pulli, A. T.
 Ramsey, William
 Ramsden, Hildbrand
 Ramsden, Horatia
 Ramsden, Edward Wm.
 Reave, H. N.
 Reid, Lancelot
 Reid, Richard Tullill
 Richardson, Arthur St. John
 Richardson, Edward Town-
 ley
 Richey, James Ballot
 Rivers, Harry
 Robertson, Archibald David
 Robertson, D.
 Robertson, Flphinstone
 Robertson
 Robertson, James Walker
 Robinson, Hugh George
 Roberts, Arthur William
 Rogers, Alexander
 Roy, William Trevor
 Ross, Francis James Thomas
 Ross, Frederick Thomas

Rashton, J. R.	Stewart, Theodore Henry	Watson, George Augustus
Russell, William Allen	Stokes, R. J.	Frederick
Ryan John	Stovell, Mathew	Watson H.
Ryan, Patrick	Stubbs, James William	Watson, John Wiley
Salmon, William Broome	Sylvester, Charles James	Watt, Arthur (Barby)
Salmon, William Mayor	Szwajkowski, Henry Charles	Watts, John Germain
Sanda, John	Anthony	Wendelburn, William
Sandwich, William	Thamer, Ornel Viveash	Wells, William
Savson, Elias David	Tapp, Thomas	West, Raymond
Schneider, Frederick	Tavener, Edmund Lewin	Westropp, James Edward
Schneider, John William	Taylor, Andrew,	Westropp, Robert Michael
Stobk, Andrew Richard	Taylor, A.	Whish, Frederick Alexander
Scott, Charles	Taylor, George	White, James George
Scott, George	Taylor, James	White, Honorable James
Scott, James George Thomas	Thacker John	Bewell
Scott, John Land' w	Thatcher, Fern	White, Richard
Scott, Math' w Henry	Thelwall, Francis	Whitehill, Stephen James
Scott, Michael Hugh	Thomas, George Edward	Kie
Scott, William	Thompson, Edward	Widdicombe, William
Scott, Michael H.	Thornhill, Anthony Robert	Wiche, Charles George
Selby, Thomas	Thorne, Samuel Joseph	Williams, John Daniel
Shaw (Forbes) Hodson	Thryke Newman Burfoot	Willoughby, Michael Weekes
Shaw Robert James	Tracy, Robert L.	Wilson, Charles Thomas
Sheppard, George Frederick	Thornhill, Charles Wm	Wilson, George Herbert
Sheppard, John Lewis	Trevillian, H. Willoughby	Wishwood
Shipton, Ashton	Trevelyan, Arthur C.	Wilson, William
Shoott Wm Young, Herria	Trevelyan, Edward Walter	Wile, W. H.
Shively, Richard Henry	Trenn, John Salisbury	Wood, George
Shurton, Robert Elspie	Tucker, Leighton Hamerton	Wood, Henry Hastings
Smith A.	Bell	Wolck
Smith Sydney	Tweedie, William	Wood, James Oughton
Smither, Frank	Tyndall, Spencer Walsh	Wood, John
Sontheby, William	Tyrell, George Booth	Wood Martin
Spicer, James Knox	Vincent, Henry James	Woodhouse, Hilary Alderson
Spicer, Nathaniel	Washington, George	Woodward, Willoughby
Spencer, A. (Junior)	Walker, Chamberlain Wm	Woodsorth, William
Spence, Archibald Lockhart	Wallace, Alexander Falconer	Worthington, Richard Bur-
Spitz, Arthur Hume	Wallace, Robert	ton
Stanley, Henry	Wallace, Rowland Robert	Wyke, David
Steel, Gavin	Wallace, William	Wyke, James Robert Shaw
Stenhouse, F. T.	Walker, Robert Frank	Wyke, John William Shaw
Stewart Alexander	Ward Alexander Valentine	Wyke, Richard Northcote
Stewart, Gilbert M.	Warden, Thomas Smith	Yates, C. L.
Stewart, Michael	Wardrip, Alexander	Youngusband, Robert
Maxwell Shaw	Warren John Neville	R. met
	Warwick, Charles	Young, John William

NATIVE JUSTICES.

Ardeser, Curotjee Dady	Curotjee Cowgaje Ashbur-	Gopalrow Harice Deshmo o
Ardeser Pandoonje Moos	ner	Gubbay, Anon Moos
Ardeser Hormonjee	Curotjee Pandoonjee Parack	Gumpatun Jhaskat
Atmaran Pandoonang	Curotjee Nussarwanjee	Hyce Jambal bin Hajee
Bahaje (Assinath)	Cama	Hulech Yusuf
Bala Mungah Wagle	Curotjee Bantonjee Cama	Haje Ismail
Bhaskar Soondatjee	Dadabhai Pestjee Wadia	Haje Is. Mohamed
Bhow Dajee	Dadoba Pandonung	Heccebhoy Hormonjee
Bhugwandas Parahotundas	De Quadron, Michael B.	Honje Curotjee Dady
Bomunjee Kramjee Cama	Dharajall Mathoonadas	Hormonjee Bomunjee Wadia
Bomunjee Kjeebhoy	Dharajam Dulpitiam	Hurichand Badshahjee
Bulwankow Bhurjee Dhow-	Dhungebhoy Curotjee	Husein Mohamed Fured
lay	Shiroff	Jam ulunn Pandoonung
Bramjee Jejeebhoy	Dhunjee bhoy, Framjee	Jashu
Bramjee Nowrojee	Dhurumsey, Poonjabhoy	Jehangeer Nowrojee Jam-
Candam Naranadas	Duxhaw, Manockjee	setjee
Carradio, B. A.	Dossabhoj Framjee	Jehbhoy, Sir Jamsetjee,
Chobejee (Anispatjee)	Dossabhoj Framjee Cama	Bart
Cowanjee Jehangir	Dossabhoj Gombjee	Kandam Muncharam
Cowanjee Manockjee Lamjee	Fazulbhoy Goolam Husein	Kossonjee Narjee
Cullandam Mohundass	Fernandes, Braj	Kursondass Muthowdass
Cumroodean Tyajjee	Fernandes, Nicholas	Kursondass Mooljee
	Framjee Nussarwanjee	Lamjee Manockjee

Mahadeo Govind Banade	Narayan Dajee	Sorabjee Jamssetjee Jayeebhoy
Mahadeo Narayan Birgeahur	Narayan Dinnanathjee	Sorabjee Jehangoor Sett
Mahomed Yusoff Moorgay	Narayan Wassodeo	Sorabjee Pestonjee
Manoharjee Curastjee	Narayanee Fardoojee	Sorabjee Shapoorjee
Meer Sansoon Moses	Nowrojee Nanabhoj Fram-	Sukharam Ajeon
Merrin Ali Jan	jee	Venayack Rao Gungadhar
Merrin Ali Mahomed Khan	Nasrwanjee Manockjee	Bhastra
Merwanjee Framjee Panday	Patil	Venayack Rao Jaggonathjee
Muncherjee Bhanjee	Pandurang Dinnanathjee	Sankarsett
Muncherjee Framjee	Premchand Rychand	Venayack Rao Laxmon
Muncherjee Framjee Cama	Ramchander Laxmon	Venayack Wassoonk
Muncherjee Hormusjee Cama	Rustomjee Jamssetjee Jajoo	Vrindavandann Jumnodass
Muncherjee Patel	Shiv	Vurjeebundass Mahlowdass
Mungulidass Nathooobhoj	Sassan Abdool David	Wassoonk Pandoorung
Nana Moroba	Sassan Rajuben David	Wishwanath Narayan
Nanabhoj Humidass	Shantaram Narayan	Mundlak

MEETINGS OF THE BENCH OF JUSTICES.

21st JANUARY, 1867.

A QUARTERLY meeting of the Bench was held on January 21, 1867.

MUNICIPAL ACT.—The Bill to amend the Municipal Act No 11 of 1865 was laid before the Meeting. Mr. Mungulidass Nathooobhoj moved that the Bill be referred to the standing committee of the Bench for consideration and report within two weeks from the date of meeting. A discussion arose before the resolution was put, chiefly as to the main features of the Bill—the levying of the Municipal taxes in advance or in arrears, and to test the feeling of the Bench Mr. A. J. Hunter moved a resolution, “That in the opinion of the Bench, it is expedient and desirable that the Municipal rates and taxes be considered as due on 1st January and 1st July respectively of each year for the six months immediately succeeding.” Mr. Gumpert moved as an amendment, “that the House, Lighting and Police Rates be levied quarterly in advance, the Commissioners to have the power to receive, from such tax-payers as choose to apply to him, the said taxes for six months in advance.” Both amendments were negatived, and Mr. Mungulidass’ motion was carried.

OVERBRIDGES.—Mr. Gumpert at the same meeting moved the following resolution in reference to the Overbridges.—“That a petition be addressed by the Worshipful Bench to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State in Council for India, praying that the Municipality be relieved from any contribution to the cost of constructing Overbridges on the G. I. P. Railway in the Island of Bombay.” Mr. Gumpert afterwards adopted a suggestion of the Chairman that the resolution should read in the last clause after the word “praying,” as follows.—“praying that the contribution of the Municipality to the cost of constructing Overbridges on the G. I. P. Railway in India be paid by Government.” The amended resolution was carried.

MUNICIPAL CONTRACTS.—Mr. Crawford stated that he contracted for the supply of hay during the present year was at the rate of Rs 13-14 per 1,000 lbs., the lowest tender for labour carts with pair of bullock and driver Rs 2 per diem in the fair season and Rs 3 per diem in the rainy season, for the supply of road metal the average rate was Rs 15 5 1 per ton.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL AND TOWN DUTIES BILL.—[See Legislative Council Proceedings, 22nd January.]

4th FEBRUARY, 1867

A meeting of the Bench was held on February 4th for the purpose of considering the report of the standing committee on the Bill to amend the Municipal Act, and other business.

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE ON MUNICIPAL BILL.—The committee reported that it was inexpedient to collect the municipal taxes in advance by half-yearly instalments as proposed by the Bill, while the question of increasing the income of the Municipality from other sources was under discussion by the legis-

lature. They considered that the pecuniary difficulty in which the Municipality was placed by the system of levying taxes quarterly in arrears should be met either by selling a part or percentage of the Municipal revenue for the creation of a reserve fund, or by a temporary loan until provision has been made by a re-adjustment of taxation for supplying the deficit. A cash balance of about four lacs would be sufficient for the requirements of the Municipal Commissioner, and the interest on a loan of this amount would constitute a charge upon the Municipal Fund of about Rs 24,000 per annum. The committee consider that it would be a burdinsome to the tax-payers to incur this charge for the present than to collect the taxes in advance, and they accordingly recommended that the first and second sections of the Bill should be omitted. A majority of the committee was of opinion that it would be desirable to reduce the maximum house rate from 10 per cent to 7½ per cent. The committee suggested that the IV. Section should be amended by declaring the Police rate due and leviable at the same time and in the same instalments as the Lighting Rate instead of the House-Rate. With regard to Halalcoore cess the committee proposed an amended section, and they also proposed certain changes on the licence tax schedules appended to the Municipal Act of 1865. On the subject of overcrowding, the committee proposed an alteration in Section XIV. of the Bill. The proposed section gave the Magistrate power to issue an order to the owner of an overcrowded house requiring him, within a period not exceeding one month, to abate such overcrowding, and in case of refusal, to impose a fine not exceeding Rs 20 for every day after the term mentioned in the order until he shall have complied with such order.

LEVYING TAXES IN ADVANCE.—The report gave rise to a long discussion on the financial state of the Municipality. (*See Bombay Gazette of February 6*)

The Chairman (Mr. Scoble) moved that the first recommendation of the report as to collecting the Municipal taxes in advance be adopted.

The Hon Mungladas Nithooobhy moved as an amendment:—"That the rates be levied half-yearly in advance as proposed by the original draft Bill, provided that fifteen days' notice shall be always given before any warrant be issued for default of payment of the same."

Mr. Venyekrao Juggonath Sunkorsett seconded the amendment, which was carried by 24 to 21.

PROPOSED REDUCTION OF THE HOUSE RATE.—Mr. J. M. Maclean proposed an amendment on the report that the maximum of the house rate be not reduced from 10 per cent to 7½ per cent.

Dr. Dallas seconded the amendment, which was carried by 26 to 17

LEVYING OF THE POLICE RATE.—An amendment on the report, moved by Mr. Venyekrao Juggonath Sunkorsett, seconded by Rao Sahib Wihwanath Mundlik, that the police rates be recovered at the same time and in the same manner as the Halalcoore cess, was unanimously agreed to.

The consideration of the report was at this stage adjourned.

The Bench agreed to present an address to Sir Bartle Frere, and the meeting then separated.

18th FEBRUARY, 1867.

BILL TO AMEND MUNICIPAL ACT.—An adjourned meeting of the Bench was held on 14th February for the purpose of resuming consideration of the report of the standing committee on the Draft Bill to amend Act II of 1865, Mr. A. R. Scoble in the chair. The meeting proceeded to consider the fourth para. of the report approving of section 11 which was to the effect that when any owner had paid an occupier's rates he should have the right to recover the same from the occupier, and section 13 which authorised the Municipal Commissioner to treat a flat or floor of a house as a separate property, but the report disapproved of section 12 which entitled tenants vacating premises during the course of a year to a refund of any house rate for the period elapsing from the time of their vacating the premises. The Bench approved of sections 11, 13, and 13 of the Bill.

Certain clauses proposed by the committee in reference to Halalcoore cess were approved of with a slight alteration.

The amended licence tax schedule was approved of, and the paragraphs relating to the same were adopted.

The para. of the report proposing a section authorising a magistrate to issue an order to the owner of any house convicted of overcrowding to abate the same, was approved of. The limit of time given to the owner was extended from one month to six weeks. A few more sections were then considered.

8TH APRIL, 1867.

On 8th April a quarterly meeting of the Bench of Justices was held.

RESIGNATION OF ACTING CHAIRMAN—The Clerk read a letter from Mr A B Scoble asking him to lay before the meeting his resignation; but the meeting agreed that, as Mr Scoble had gone home for only a few months, and on account of Mr Scoble's distinguished services, it would be undesirable to take any step which would prevent his resuming the post of Chairman on his return to Bombay. The meeting then elected the Hon Mr Bayley, Advocate General, to act as Chairman till next meeting of the Bench, and Mr Bayley took the chair accordingly.

PAYMENT OF WATER RATE BY GOVERNMENT—The question of the water rate to be paid by Government was then brought before the meeting. Mr Crawford read a communication which he had addressed to Government on the subject. The communication stated that up to the end of 1863, a private Company using the water which had been consumed by Government from the opening of the works would have had to pay at least Rs 14,43,349, but on account of Government having contributed one-half the excess of cost over estimate, and provided all the capital at a low rate of interest, he thought Government should be charged only at half the rate charged to private consumers, or Rs 7,21,624. For future years Mr Crawford proposed that the water should be supplied by the Municipality, free of charge, to the European General Hospital, the Sailors' Home, the Liphinstone Institution, the Sir Jamesjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital, the Eye Infirmary, and the Leper Hospital, that meters should be at once affixed at the expense of the Municipality, to all the other Government connections, that the charges to Government be at one-third the rates payable by private consumers for supply through meter; that the charges for the whole current year be calculated on the meter readings for the quarter from October to December last, and that the Commissioner should each month forward a statement of the meter reading and the amount due, calculated as above, to the Accountant General, who should at once credit the Municipality with that amount in part payment of the annual instalment of Rs 1,75,000 for the Vihar Water Works debt. After a very lengthy discussion, the Bench agreed to the following resolution that "the Clerk of the Peace be requested to furnish the Justices with a list of the resolutions and proceedings recorded with reference to the Vihar Water Works, such as will enable the Bench of Justices to form an opinion on the compromise proposed by the Municipal Commissioner to be effected with Government as to the payment of Vihar water rates."

THE FORM OF THE MUNICIPAL BUDGET.—Mr. J. L. Hynes remarked that in November 1866 he had sent to the Clerk of the Peace a series of forms of account which he thought might be adopted with advantage in the Municipal establishment, but no notice had been taken of them beyond a minute, that their consideration might be deferred till January then following, that is January 1867.

The Clerk explained that they had been submitted to the standing committee, and Mr. Crawford had endorsed on them a wish to have time for him and Mr. Maidment to consider them. The forms could not be used till the following October. Mr Crawford had no objection to a special Meeting being called to consider them.

THE DRAINAGE SCHEME—Mr. Crawford explained that since the resolution of Government which had been last circulated, another one had been passed by Government, and he hoped to have been able to lay before Government a still further and later resolution by which the constitution of the committee was entirely altered, and by which certain modifications were made in the former resolution, which it was desirable the Bench should be in possession of before proceeding with the discussion. He therefore proposed that the discussion on this subject should be postponed.

The discussion was adjourned till the 18th of the same month.

OVERBRIDGES.—A memorandum by Colonel Kendall, dated 31st January 1867, was read, forwarding copy of Government resolution on the subject of the contribution, towards the expenses of constructing the bridge over the G. I. P. Railway. From this document it appeared that a communication had been received by Government from the Agent of the G. I. P. Railway, dated 23rd December 1866, stating that the Company would be prepared to undertake the construction of the overbridges, and requesting authority to make some slight modifications in the plan and estimate. He also undertook to execute the third part of the work for which the Company was to bear the cost, without calling for any instalments from the other two contributors, but after the third part of the cost had been so expended, money should be deposited in the Bank of Bombay a month in

advance to meet the amount of the monthly certificates. The same document stated that the Elphinstone Company's Directors had agreed to the arrangements, and that Mr Crawford had also expressed his approval of it, suggesting only that it should suffice if the monthly bills were punctually paid without there being any need for depositing the money a month in advance. The Government resolution on the proposal of the Agent of the G. I. P. Railway was that the proposal should be communicated to the Bench, and that on the understanding that the Municipal contribution would be ready in January 1866, the construction of the overbridge would be authorised. In the meantime the Agent of the G. I. P. Railway was authorised to proceed with the work as proposed by him.

The communication was recorded, and Mr Crawford stated that Mr Ormiston had taken charge of the whole works.

17TH APRIL, 1867

The Bench met on this date, by adjournment, Mr Bayley presiding.

THE DRAINAGE SCHEME.—Mr Crawford said that the communication from Government of which he spoke at the last meeting had been received. He called attention to the paragraph in it which stated that as the Municipality looked to Government to assist it in arranging a loan, it became the duty of Government to satisfy itself that there was a plan for the drainage of the city it could submit with confidence to the Secretary of State for his sanction. This went quite a deal beyond anything yet received from Government, for it practically required Government guarantee, a loan to the Municipality for the prosecution of the drainage works. Mr Crawford thought it was through inadvertence that any reference to the reopening of the question of the outfall was made at a previous meeting of the Bench, for it appeared to him that Government considered the outfall question practically settled by their resolution of September 1866, and to reopen that point would be to put off the decision of the whole drainage question for many years. The Bench had come to a practical conclusion and a very good and sound one, and the Government had endorsed it. That conclusion was that in outfall on the harbour would be fatal to the health of the city. Being sure of, therefore, with the Government resolution approving the outfall at Colaba and being armed with the resolution now laid before the Bench for the first time he thought they were entitled to reject to Government this, no matter what might be the individual opinion of any member of the Committee, the Bench deprecated the reopening of the drainage question.

Colonel Innes enquired if the Government expected a reply from the Committee on the very question of the outfall, and it would be the duty of the Committee to submit the reply.

Mr Crawford said that might be, but on the other hand it was the duty of the Bench to express the opinion he had indicated. They had been now considering over this question for fifteen or twenty years, and now that a decision had been come to, after consultation with the best professional men on the subject, it was unreasonable

resolution that the Bench deem it unnecessary to reopen this question of the outfall of the drainage, which it considers satisfactorily settled by the proposed outfall at Colaba, that Government be requested to expedite the report of the Committee now sitting to consider Mr Aitken's scheme, and that the meeting do adjourn, ending the report of the report.

With respect to the last, the Justices knew that sewage carried into the harbour made the harbour stink all over. As regards Worles he did not consider that that place was worth considering. It was further from the centre of the drainage than Colaba, and any one who had looked at Mr Aitken's trial observations could see that the effect of discharging the sewage there, would be, that there would be a margin of sewage a mile wide at all times along the coast to the southward of Worles. Under these circumstances he could not imagine how any one could have any hesitation in coming to a conclusion in favor of the Colaba scheme, supposing there was no difference of expense. Now, the difference was simply the cost of making a culvert from the Money School to the Lighthouse.—Mr Aitken had

estimated that his large culvert from the Null Bazaar would cost 18 lacs. As to the point of mixing the sewage with the rain fall, he believed all parties were agreed on the broad principle of doing so, Mr. Aitken as well, but that gentleman had found a difficulty in seeing his way to doing it. For his part he thought that where there was a will there was generally found a way.

Mr. Aitken was quite willing to separate the sewage from the rain fall if a satisfactory way could be shown of doing it, but after considering the question from every point of view, he could not see how it was to be accomplished, and he believed that any attempt to separate the sewage from the rain fall would end in more sewage finding its way into the flats than would be the case under the system now proposed. Besides there would be little or no saving in the first cost of the work. If the committee appointed by Government was allowed to reopen the outfall question, he would decline to take part in the proceedings, and he would only discuss the subject in the event of the Commissioner ordering him to do so, as he believed the committee which formerly sat on this subject, composed as it was of Mr. Leith, Col. DeLisle, Mr. Ormiston, and Mr. Rushton was as good, if not a better committee, than it was now to obtain in Bombay.

Colonel Tremblaine objected to the Colaba outfall on the ground of the enormous expense required. He had no professional objections to putting the outfall at the Lighthouse, or even at the very end of the Promenade, as one of the members of Government had, he believed, proposed. Unless he was allowed to bring the subject of an outfall before the committee, he did not think it would be his duty to sit on the committee.

After some further discussion the resolution was amended as follows:—"That the Bench begs to record its opinion that the question of the outfall of the drainage has been satisfactorily settled by the proposed outfall at Colaba, and that any re-opening of the question would lead to unnecessary delay."

The resolution as amended was adopted.

17TH JUNE, 1867

THE SMOKE NUISANCE.—At the meeting held on this date, the Municipal Commissioner in answer to a question put by Mr. George Jopp, said that the provision of the Municipal Act, relative to furnaces consuming their own smoke, had been enforced.

THE CASE OF VEHAR WAIVER FOR WATERING THE POUNDS.—In reply to Mr. Fergus, Mr. Crawford stated that the quantity of water used in watering the roads, amounted to only three per cent. of the total water supply, and the supply was more than sufficient for meeting the wants of the town and for watering the roads. To use tanks for water it was necessary to revert to the old system of filling the water carts by hand labour or to have pumping machinery and separate sets of pipes for each tank, which would involve very considerable outlay.

THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE MUNICIPALITY.—General Tremblaine moved the following resolution, "that a committee of Justice be appointed to report to the Bench on the financial position of the Municipality." He commented on the mode in which the Commissioner's report had been prepared and thought the system of accounts was open to very serious objection, and that it was necessary to lay before the Bench accounts which should show more clearly the income, liability, and expenditure of the Municipality. He regarded the system on which the accounts were kept as altogether erroneous, and his chief objection was that in the accounts the Commissioner had debited himself with liabilities as well as payments. He thought the statement of expenditure ought to show nothing more than the actual cash expended.

The Municipal Commissioner seconded the motion, but deprecated a return to the old system of accounts by which it was the practice to mix up in one year's accounts the items of debit and credit for many previous years.

Mr. Compton expressed astonishment at finding from the report that 5½ lacs of Rupees had been expended over and above the estimated and authorized sums. He submitted that Mr. Crawford should have come before the Bench with a supplementary Budget before incurring that expenditure.

After some discussion General Tremblaine altered the terms of his motion as follows:—"That the following gentlemen be appointed members of a committee to report to the Bench at as early a date as possible on the present financial position of the Municipality—Mr. Maxwell, Captain Hancock, Mr. Bogie, Mr. Dossabhy Ramjee, and Mr. Narayan Wansoodew." The motion was adopted.

THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S REPORT FOR 1866—The Commissioner submitted his Annual Report for 1866, and the chairman moved that it be received and adopted, Mr. Munguldas seconding the motion.

Mr. Connon said that in the face of the appointment of a committee to report on the financial position of the Municipality, it was desirable that the report should simply lie on the table and await the further consideration of the Justices. He proposed an amendment to that effect.

Mr. A. Brown seconded the amendment.

Mr. Crawford urged that because General Tremanheere took a peculiar view of the mode of making up the accounts it did not follow that the whole report was to lie over till that point was cleared up. That would be unfair to one officer in particular, Dr. Hewlett, and to others who had laboured very hard in the interests of the Municipality.

Mr. Connon said that the question was more than a mere matter of making up accounts: the report showed an excess of expenditure of five lacs of rupees which was not the right thing on the part of the Commissioner or whatever good work he had done.

A discussion arose dealing with various items in the accounts, and it was brought to a close by the chairman announcing that he had struck out the word "lost" from his motion, whereupon Mr. Connon withdrew his amendment, and the Chairman's motion as altered was unanimously passed.

The following is the Report of the Commissioner—

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S REPORT FOR 1866.

Chapter I—Changes in the Law

Several measures of a Municipal character have been before the public, and introduced in the Legislative Council, during the past year.

A Bill to amend the Municipal Act, passed about two years ago, and introduced during the past year, is under consideration.

A Bill to enable Municipal and Police Authorities to regulate the sale of spirituous liquors, and especially intended to bring so-called wholesale dealers under our control, was prepared by Major Henderson and myself, and is also before the Council.

The Town Duties' Bill was also introduced during this year, and is now in an advanced state.

A Bill to remedy certain defects in the Municipal Act was submitted by me to Government, and has recently been disposed of by the Bench.

Another Bill for the improvement and laying out of the Flats was also prepared by me, and has been forwarded to the Government of India.

A Bill Building Act is also in hand, but will hardly be ready before the next morrow. The Act (No. VIII of 1866) for regulating the sale of Poisons, came in force on the 8th August, but calls for no particular remark at present.

Chapter II—Organisation of Municipal Establishments.

I will details on this head have already been given in former papers. I have only to add that I have generally adhered to the Ward System, which has in every way fulfilled my expectations. I shall, however, probably reduce the number of Wards as we gain experience.

Chapter III—Sanitary Progress

The Public Health Department, organised at the close of 1865, was in full operation during the year under report.

I feel I cannot do better than refer to the admirable and exhaustive Report of Dr. Hewlett, giving as it does every possible detail of progress, abounding with valuable information and statistics, and containing much wise counsel for the future.

I must however add my own testimony as to the excellent organisation of every department under Dr. Hewlett, as to the discipline, order, and method everywhere maintained by him, and the zeal and good-will with which his orders are generally carried out by his subordinates.

The work of cleansing the town has progressed to our entire satisfaction. It was considerably facilitated by the completion of the new sweeping siding at Boree Bunder, which at the same time relieved Dongree Cooche Street from a most intolerable nuisance.

No less than 17,183 waggon loads of garbage went out by rail to a marsh belonging to the Municipality at Cooria weighing on an estimate 103,098 tons, against 7,548 waggons and 45,288 tons in 1865.

Four hundred and ninety dust boxes have been erected, and are in use. Fifty-five lineal miles of covered drains were opened up and cleansed. 8,552 chawls or tenant houses were specially inspected, with a view to the discovery and prevention of syphotic disease.

All offensive and dangerous trades were removed from the inhabited parts of the town to distant localities on the flats or elsewhere, where they are under constant supervision.

The number of public latrines has been increased from six to twelve, the number of urinals increased from 16 to 50. The number of halalcories has been increased from 500 to 1,050, and the number of night-soil carts in consequence increased from 40 to 115.

In 961 instances private persons have been compelled to remedy sanitary defects. In 1,417 instances, in default of owner, the Municipal Authorities are taking action. 1,859 similar cases were pending. 718 persons have been convicted and punished for offences against sanitation. 51 persons endeavouring to sell food unfit for man have been severely punished. 1,684 lbs. of unwholesome food has been destroyed. Each Ward has been minutely inspected, and valuable statistical information prepared regarding it.

Whenever a case of cholera or small-pox has occurred, the locality has been specially and immediately inspected, and, if necessary, disinfected.

Such is a brief record of the actual work performed last year; not without its results, as I believe, in the health and comfort of the populace, and in the rate of mortality in this city, which fell from 80·62 in 1864, and 85·04 in 1865, to 29·50 in 1866. But this summary conveys no idea of the patient and unremitting labour of all concerned, and of the numerous and vexatious obstacles, some of them of formidable magnitude, encountered and overcome. Take for instance the strike of the halalcories in January. The population served by the recusants, who were found to number only 480, amounted to upwards of 691,000 souls, packed together so closely that in some localities there is a human being to every 5½ square yards. It is fearful to imagine what might have been the result if the strike had continued in an undrained town like this. We felt that at any cost and by the most resolute measures we must save the town from even the risk of such an occurrence in future. With the aid of Major Henderson, and by other influences, we induced the whole body of halalcories in the Native town to take service under the Municipality. Meanwhile we despatched agents to Central India, to Kurnool, the Deccan, and even the N. W. Provinces, to enlist more men, and thus in two or three months we more than doubled the staff, which now removes treble the soil formerly carted away from the town.

It took time of course to organise the Brigade, and till that was done, no doubt the Native public suffered much inconvenience. I trust that the town is now for ever rid of the tyranny of the most turbulent and unruly class to be found in India, and that the townspeople will hereafter, when I am armed with the needful legal powers to compel payment, pay promptly the cess that must be levied to cover the annual cost of this great reform. Up to the close of the year about 50 per cent. of the cess, or upwards of two lakhs of Rupees, remained outstanding.

I take this opportunity of stating that Bowjee Dadiram did most excellent service, both in obtaining men and in organising the service afterwards.

Dr. Hewlett makes many valuable suggestions regarding the precautionary measures to be adopted against the importation or exportation of cholera, and its generation within the city. Some of these suggestions have already been adopted, and the Quarantine Act will embody others.

Hedraws attention to the fact, disgraceful to our city, that we have no Small-pox Hospital. The report of a Committee on this subject will, I hope, shortly be before Government. He points out how deficient is Bombay in Hospital accommodation of all kinds. I trust that the Government of India will soon recognise our terrible need for a European General Hospital, and that private benevolence may even now be stimulated to carry out the unfulfilled intentions, respecting Native Hospitals, of families who have succumbed in the late crisis.

Dr Hewlett urges the necessity of action in the matter of the stables for milch cattle throughout the town. We shall try to deal with this important question during the current year, somewhat as it has been dealt with in Paris, and we hope to carry with us the entire Native population, to whom wholesome milk is of the greatest importance. The condition of even the best of the present stables, and the revolting manner of feeding the animals, is sufficient to prevent any person who has witnessed them from touching Bazaar milk again.

Attention is again drawn to the horrible and dangerous condition of the foreshore at Modee B y. I have only to say that while we have lost no opportunity of pressing the matter on the Bombay Government, it has been constantly and earnestly urged upon the Government of India.

The unwholesome condition of the flats is also mentioned. This too has been a constant source of anxiety to me, and as I have before said, I have drafted a Bill providing for the improvement of this district, which has for some time been before the Government of India, in connection with the Koras Roads question.

I shall probably endeavour to take a Census in February 1868, when four years will have elapsed from that taken by Dr Leith.

The registration of births and deaths has, from the close of the year 1866, been placed under the Health Officer, and I trust this year to perfect the system if we can obtain certain necessary changes in the law.

In short, we have taken as our text book Dr Leith's admirable Sanitary Report, and hope by following out his suggestions to make Bombay in course of time, what it should be, the healthiest city in Her Majesty's dominions.

Markets.

At the close of 1865, Government presented the Municipality with a valuable note on the subject (in the immediate neighbourhood of certain old markets), on the understanding that the General Markets should be at once commenced. The site required for building and levelling, a work which we commenced at the end of December and was completed in February. Meantime we had sent home for designs for the new markets, and after several months received three, selected by Mr Fleming and Captain Trevor. They were four in number, however, in several respects unsuitable, and altogether too expensive. I determined therefore to construct plain substantial non-ornamented buildings for the Markets to be erected on the eastern frontage, and to have built on the building of any architectural pretensions on the western or principal frontage, for the accommodation of the Green market. In the course of the year a large iron shed for the Green market, and another for the Mutton market, purchased from the Liphinstone Company at cost price, have been in course of erection while a similar structure for the Beef market has been ordered from England.

The Nal and Rikins Road Markets to be covered with similar structures, have been awaiting the arrival of the iron roof ends from England. Respecting the Port Markets, we have been in correspondence with Government with a view to obtain some other site in the vicinity when the present markets are demolished for the Eastern Boulevard. This matter has been satisfactorily settled since the commencement of the current year.

The law not giving the Bench power to borrow on the security of the Markets, I introduced a clause into the Bill to amend the Municipal Act, and in the meantime the loan of 3 lakhs sanctioned by the Bench was obtained from the Bank of Bombay, on a guarantee from the Government.

The market dealers were called upon to pay rent for their stalls from 1st January 1866. It has been decided by the Bench that the right of occupancy for the year should be sold by auction. This gave great offence to the dealers, and, as I think we must all now admit, was in some respects an injudicious arrangement. I should have modified it, but the dealers determined to resort to a strike as it was found successful on a former occasion. Under these circumstances I was of course obliged to hold my ground and defeat the combination. In three days the strike came to an end. Had it continued longer I was prepared, with Captain Sherard Osbourne's kind assistance, to have supplied Bombay with what was necessary.

The dealers are now very well contented, but I set that for the future the best way to control the markets will be through a Panchayat, who shall settle all minor matters of detail and generally advise us. For the future there will be a fixed rent payable for each stall.

The fruit and vegetables for Bombay are brought from considerable distances, and the principal dealers of the Green market have agents who regularly supply them by sea or by rail. All the supplies imported come first to these principal dealers at

the Green market, who reserve the best for that market, selling off the rest to the dealers of the second rate markets, to small tradesmen, and to hawkers.

Country vegetables are supplied in abundance from the gardens about Maseunga, Sewree, Parel, Mahim, Worlee, and Bandora.

English vegetables come from the gardens near Bombay, from Poona, and villages about it, also from Surat, which especially contributes cabbages in abundance, while Nasick contributes onions and potatoes.

A large increase in the consumption of English vegetables is inevitable, as the Native population overcome their repugnance to particular kinds. Not many years ago natives would not eat potatoes, from some absurd ideas as to the mode of cultivation in England. Now, potatoes are largely consumed by all classes, and are grown all over the country. At this present time, Hindoos will not touch beet-root, neither will they eat the pink varieties of knolkhol or turnips, though they will eat the white variety.

The fruit trade of Bombay is very considerable.

The Muscat trade is almost entirely in the hands of one merchant, Mr. Dorabjee Pestonjee, who imports largely by Arab buggalows, apples (white), pomegranates, limes, (of the Nasick, sweet, round, and Maseunga kinds), grapes, oranges, &c., &c. Some of this fruit (which is very carefully stored on the voyage), especially the large, round, sweet lime, will keep fresh for a whole year.

For the common descriptions of fruit resort is had to Poona and its neighbourhood, which supplies oranges, grapes, limes, figs in abundance, and guavas; Aurangabad, which supplies excellent oranges and the best large white or "Sahel" grapes; Nuggur gives oranges, and grapes; Nasick, grapes, guavas, and figs; Bheer and Jaulni, oranges; Nagpore, best bunties (thin and) oranges, and Cumla or Narange, the thick rind species; Kunnur sends grapes, Yeola sends oranges; Serour sends excellent Sahel (Hubshee or black)—Fackee, and Abber grapes; Mahabulshwar contributes peaches, South Canan Northern districts of Rutnagerry and Ucool, pine-apples. Bombay itself supplies large quantities of the finest mangoes, figs, plantains, and pumaloos, and every other description of common fruit.

The consumption of fruit, especially by the Parsee community, is immense, and strangers would be surprised at the fine show in the markets at certain seasons.

Herbs, &c., are supplied almost entirely by the Poodeenawallies—women, who either rent small portions of gardens, or purchase from the larger gardeners.

The various descriptions of gourd and all the varieties of Native legume are grown and sold by Guzeratee Karwoos in different parts of the Island, a very hard working and hard drinking set.

Flowers are brought daily in abundance to the markets, and are a separate trade. The traders either rent the mere privilege of taking flowers from the gardens about Bombay, or they purchase rose, jasmine, and other blossoms at so much the lac or thousand.

The distances daily traversed by many of the poorer vegetable and herb sellers is astonishing, and I hope are long to see some arrangements made with the Railways by which they can travel cheaply, in the same truck with their loads.

Slaughter Houses.

Early in the year 1866 I obtained sanction to the removal of the Slaughter-houses to Bandora, and to the running of a daily meat train thence—a measure long needed, and strenuously opposed up to the last by the entire butcher fraternity.

The buildings were not completed at the end of the year 1866, and will be more particularly reported on in my next Annual Report.

It is well, however, that I should here state, with reference to various absurd reports set about by designing and interested persons, that every possible precaution has been, is, and will always be adopted to guard against offending the prejudices of the people, that the arrangements have been declared eminently satisfactory by European and Native gentlemen of all classes capable of judging, and that neither in this nor in any other matter, when we have right and reason on our side, will we make the smallest concession to idle clamour. I am, and have been from the first prepared for any combination on the part of those interested in the maintenance of the old nuisances.

On an average, 1,015 sheep and goats are killed every night for the Bombay market. Of these, about 200 are good sheep for European consumption. These are killed between 5 and 9 o'clock P. M., are very carefully dressed, and hung till the next morning. As a general rule the mutton for the European table is excellent,

and varies but every slightly in price, being about 6 annas per lb. If a European table is supplied with bad meat, it is either because the butcher has been idle and late in market, or because he has attempted to palm off on his master what is termed "country" mutton.

Families will find it wisest to keep to one butcher, and have a butcher's book, as at home. No belief should be placed in the reports that the best joints are sold by such-and-such.

The mutton for Native consumption, or "country mutton" as it is termed, is not killed till the morning, just before it comes to market, and is either goat or sheep of inferior quality. Natives like to have it as fresh and soft as possible. If the meat is kept as Europeans require it they call it "stiff." They moreover imagine that when eaten quite fresh the meat contains more nourishment, and is more easily digested than if kept for a few hours. No attempt is made at drawing or hanging this meat. The carcass being skinned is divided at once into two pieces, fore and hind quarters, and packed in a basket for removal to the market.

About 75 head of horned cattle are killed every night—including several buffaloes. Most of the buffaloe meat goes to the shipping, and, contrary I believe to general ideas on the subject, is usually excellent fat, and nourishing. The act of slaughtering is performed by Moolahs. The mutton and beef Moolahs are quite distinct and the men employed in either slaughter house are of separate castes, and do not associate. The mutton Moolah receives three pice per sheep. The celerity with which the slaughtering is performed would surprise any one. The Caimattars or skinnors receive 4 pice per sheep. There are about 60 of them, men and women.

The Jews have their own butchers. The beef Moolah receives one anna for each cow or buffalo. These large animals are decapitated with marvellous dexterity and rapidly. The process is infinitely more humane than that practised in England. It is performed by one sweep across the throat by a very long sharp knife, and I have never seen a struggle after it.

The carcasses are immediately skinned and opened, and in the cortings of the buffaloes' stomachs are often found pieces of copper wire, and even silver rings, and bits of metal, which are the perquisites of the immediate or skinner, of whom there are about thirty, all Mussulmans. They get 6 annas for each animal.

Burial Grounds

We have endeavoured this year to deal in the first place with the question of burial places for the Christian dead. After some negotiations with the owner, I arranged in exchange of certain outlying pieces of Government ground for the old Horticultural Society's Garden at S. w. corner, wherein to inter the European dead of the Protestant, Roman Catholic, and Scotch Presbyterian communities. The scheme was approved by Government and the Bench, but the transfer could not be completed till the close of the year, when I was put in possession. The ground, contains at present upwards of 52,000 square yards, and is capable of indefinite extension.

With reference to the Native Christian and Portuguese communities there has been considerable difficulty. I at first obtained from Government a concession of the northern fore-plot at Mahim, between the Mahim or Lady J. monument Causeway and the B. B. and C. I. Railway Line, contiguous in fact to the Mahim Cemetery of the G. I. P. Railway.

The communities concerned were agreeable to this site, which indeed possesses many advantages, and is very accessible for them. The Bench and Government had approved, when Dr. Leith suggested that there were objections to the site, which I was finally obliged to abandon.

I have found it almost impossible since to find a place which shall at once fulfil the requirements of Dr. Leith, and at the same time be convenient and accessible to these poor communities. A site has been selected near Mitoonje, but many objections are raised to it by the poor of the Portuguese community. May be we shall have to fall back on my former plan, which I and many others think has been condemned on somewhat overstrained views of sanitation, or we must call upon the communities concerned to find burial grounds of which we can approve. I trust the matter may be shortly settled, for the condition of many of the graveyards of these particular communities is alike revolting and dangerous to the public health.

We shall propose this year to aid the poorer Native classes in the cremation of their dead, somewhat as they have been aided by the Calcutta Municipality.

CHAPTER IV—ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT.

Special reports on all the important subjects within his duty have been from time to time submitted by Mr Aitken, and are already, or will soon be published in (a. f.) I have not required him therefore to submit a Special Annual Report, but shall myself proceed to review the work of the year.

Roads.

The unusually heavy monsoon of 1866 did great damage to the roads. Every embanked roadway in the island gave way more or less, and required extensive repairs. We were unable, from want of funds, to metal as much as we should have wished, and several important thoroughfares could only be patched.

The following figures show, as nearly as I can give it, the cost of the roads during the past five years. The gross amounts for 1862-63, and 1864, however, are doubtless below the real cost, which, owing to the pernicious advance system, can hardly be accurately ascertained—

Years	Price of Road Metal per 100 cubic feet	Cost of Metalling, &c	Cost of Watering and Holling.	No of Water Carts used.
	Rs a. p	Rs a. p	Rs. a. p	
1862	8 13 3	1,08,799 0 0	30,891 0 0	} No record.
1863	8 2 6	1,01,706 0 0	24,912 0 0	
1864	22 0 6	3,12,170 0 0	60,223 0 0	} About 65, 100 daily.
1865	25 12 6	1,07,007 0 0	2,52,317 0 0	
1866	20 0 0	1,13,261 11 11	1,47,341 11 11	

N.B.—The year 1865 is the first year in which the cost of metalling has been recorded.

Had I not cancelled Mr. Iurn's contract the expenditure for 1865 must again have been incurred for 1866 and 1867, though I am at a loss to conceive where the money could have come from. My predecessors, however, were quite right in deciding that for some years to come a heavy outlay was needed to bring the public streets of Bombay into at least a fair condition.

The roads had been for years insufficiently repaired or neglected, while the traffic on them had been increasing daily. In a paper on macadamised roads, read by John Pigott Smith, Esq. Assoc. Inst. C. E., at a meeting of the Institute in 1864, he remarks, that "it is very wasteful to allow a road to become degraded for want of timely repair, since it is less costly to maintain a road in a good state than to restore it to its primitive condition." In no instance is the truth of the old adage "a stitch in time" &c. more apparent. And in no town has the truth of these remarks been more fully established than in Bombay.

During the past season experiments have been tried in various parts of the town, with a view to ascertain the best system of metalling for Bombay. We have little doubt that the less sandstone or binding used the better, and that every thing depends upon careful consolidation with the roller. A great deal, too, depends upon the description of stone used. Thus, Malabar Hill basalt is undoubtedly an excellent material, superior for roads to any other stone in Bombay.

Fortunate as we are, however, in the matter of material, our roads lack the first essential for a macadamised road, viz. "a sound, dry, and firm foundation." In the principal thoroughfares—Circular or Beach (any road, for instance—the foundation is soft and spongy. There is no surface drainage, and with the present traffic on it, metal might as well be poured into a morass. This road and others like it can never be in good order till they are sewered and drained throughout and thoroughly re-made. All we can do now is by constant patching to keep the road just passable.

In most towns there is no difficulty in diverting the traffic from one main thoroughfare to another, while extensive repairs are being effected. In Bombay unfortunately, we have only two main thoroughfares to the North, leading from different parts of the town, so that we can never divert the traffic. Hence the system which has grown up of smoothing the surface of a newly metalled road with

sandstone binding before the metal has become firmly consolidated. The rollers interfere with, and are themselves hindered, by the stream of vehicles, and before the metal can be well rolled the public become impatient, and there is nothing for it but to make the road passable anyhow. A good deal of this difficulty will, however, disappear when we have steam rollers, and work them at night with the streets closed.

Drainage

The first five months of the year were devoted to a careful survey of the harbour and to a series of tidal experiments, made with a view to the selection of an outfall for the sewage.

Mr Aitken submitted his views on the 20th June, proposing three sites. A commission was appointed by Government to examine and report thereon. It reported in favour of the light-house site. Government having endorsed this opinion, the Executive Engineer proceeded to prepare a general design for the drainage of the City. This was completed in December, and forwarded by me to Government on the 28th of that month. The fullest details will be immediately placed before the Bench for early discussion. Thus then the all important question of the main drainage of Bombay has been carefully and patiently considered, and a scheme elaborated which will I have no doubt, be commenced within this present year.

Meanwhile the Port Drainage Works have proceeded under Mr Whitwates, the Resident Engineer, from whose Report I make the following extracts—

THE MINT COMPOUND.

About 635 feet of a double line of outfall sewer had already been constructed by Messrs Swan and Mangrave, Contractors, and some length of trench was opened up, but not to the necessary depth.

The rock was here to be extremely hard and tough. In constructing this portion we were greatly inconvenienced for the want of bricks suitable for the work, and were in consequence often at a stand still.

THE EXTENSION OF THE OUTFALL SEWER THROUGH THE RECLAIMED GROUND AT THE REAR OF THE MINT

This was tidal work, and consequently tedious, the more so because a sound foundation could not be found for some depth down.

Tide gates are now being erected at the outfall.

BAZAAR GATE STREET

This street had been opened up as far as Barrack Lane, and had remained in that state for about one year and three quarters, until the time Mr Whitwates took charge of it. At the close of the year the whole of the sewer had been completed, except 57 feet at the north end, together with a number of man holes, ventilators, gully drains, house and street connections, and a considerable length of footpath, with gutters constructed on both sides of the road. The old drains were removed as the work proceeded, and the material redressed as curb and gutter stones. About Rupees 1,700 were thus saved on the cost of the footpaths for this street.

The excavation here was rock up to the Green Market, with an average of five feet of rock cutting from that point to the end of the street.

Many of the houses in this street are in a very ruinous state, and it was accordingly necessary to reduce the charges of powder, and to timber up the sides of the trench.

The Sewer was at once put in use by the different house owners as it proceeded.

The line of the street was slightly improved by taking in (with the sanction of Government) some of the corner of the Shipping Office.

SEWER ALONG SOUTHERN SIDE OF THE ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE

In constructing the sewer in the centre of the Circle, Mr Whitwates found that the rock dipped towards the west, and accordingly changed the direction of the small sewer round the southern side of the Circle so as to get the deepest cutting in soft clay instead of in rock. A considerable saving in time and money over the original design has thus been effected.

The brickwork of this sewer was about half finished at the end of the year.

The works noted thus far were carried on departmentally.

SEWERS IN CHURCH GATE STREET, CAWASJEE PATEL STREET, AND ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE

A contract for the excavation for these sewers was given to Mr Barry Hewatson on the 4th May, the work to be completed by the 4th November. On that date he was allowed six weeks more, when, at last, it became necessary again to take the work up departmentally.

When the contract became void, the following quantities of work had been completed —

Of 131 117 cubic feet of excavation, rather more than one half, or only 74,431 cubic feet, had been completed.

Of 2,030 lineal feet of trench to be taken out to the full depth, only 722 lineal feet were completed.

Meantime, whenever the contractor had completed a length of excavation, Mr Hewatson built in the sewer, and filled in above.

House connections along the line of sewers will be connected with them by means of trapped earthenware pipe drains (obtained from England), so as to prevent the passage of the sewage gases into the houses.

The roadway is drained by means of trapped contractions with the sewer, having catchpits at the surface to prevent the road detritus from passing into the sewer. These catchpits are at present of brick, and can easily be cleared from the roadway. We are endeavouring to obtain a cheaper and more serviceable iron catchpit from England.

The street ventilation of the sewers has been provided for by means of charcoal air strikers added to the different ventilators, and man holes, so as to absorb the noxious gases.

Mr Hewatson reports that the masons, at first quite ignorant of this kind of brickwork, have been apt to learn, and now turn out rapidly sound and neat work.

The following return shows the length of sewers of given dimensions completed during the year —

		Lineal feet.
Double line	6 feet 6 inches by 4 feet 4 inches	318 50
Single line,	6 feet by 4 feet	403
Do	5 feet 6 inches by 3 feet 6 inches	412
Do	5 feet by 3 feet 1 inches	703
Do	4 feet 6 inches by 3 feet	371 50
Do	4 feet 3 " by 2 feet 10 inches	417 50
Do	3 feet 9 " by 2 feet 6 "	605
Do	3 feet by 2 feet	460

The following shows the work done departmentally —

Description of Works	Total Quantities	Description of Works	Total Quantities
Excavation in Rock	170 124 00	Stone for Railing	5 62
Filling in	203 05 17 4	8 feet	
Surplus Earth removed	86,671 84	Chunnam Plastering	1,047 00
Brickwork and Rubble in Cement	87 217 00	1 foot	
Dry Rubble Set Wall	7,020 72	Gutter Stone for Footpath	1,616 00
Brick work in Lime	463 00	Gutter Kerb Stone do	1 616 00
Rubble work in Lime	1,038 8	1 foot	
Repaired Railing	1 foot 42 00	Filling in Earth	5 046 72
New Railing to Mint Compound Wall	" 84 66		

SEWERS IN PORTUGUESE CHURCH STREET

This was commenced in the cold season 1860, and completed early in 1866. Length 773 feet diameter 2 feet by 2 feet, egg-shaped. It has reformed a most horrible neighbourhood, and has enabled us to drain an Ort long a disgrace to Bombay, Anant Rooshi's Ort. The proprietors of this Ort, headed by Mr Venayckrow Jangonnath, subscribed funds for the efficient drainage of their properties, and for the metalling of the road through it.

OUTFALL SEWERS IN BACK BAY

The Bombay Reclamation Company pushed on their breakwater with great rapidity just before the burst of the monsoon, and we soon perceived that it was not intended to carry the large outfall sewers on this side of the Island out to low-water

mark, beyond the breakwater. Dr. Hewlett lost no time in bringing the matter to my notice, and we foresaw that if the embankment were completed as intended, the sewage of the whole of foul Bonapoor and Gurgum would be ponded up between the breakwater and the Esplanade, to the great danger of the public.

We lost no time in addressing Government and the Directors of the Company, between whom certain negotiations were pending. Government promised its support in compelling the Company to do its duty in carrying out the sewers beyond the breakwater. Meanwhile, and before the nuisance had been very serious, the monsoon broke and mitigated it for the time. The Company itself was forced shortly afterwards to suspend operations, and I lost no time in urging upon Government the need for speedy action in the matter of these sewers, while the terms of settlement with the Company were still under deliberation. I caused plans and estimates to be prepared, selected a contractor, and was thus enabled on receipt of a telegram from the Private Secretary, to commence work within 24 hours.

The annexed plan shows the works under construction by us, at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,60,000, the whole being paid by Government.

I mention the above facts to exonerate the Municipal authorities from the charge of neglect made by certain parties in the neighbourhood.

LOW LEVEL DRAIN FROM BELLARIS ROAD TO LOVE GROVE SLUICES.

This has already been explained to the Bench. It is intended to intercept the main drain at the point where it emerges, in open sewage canal, from under Bellaris Road, and to carry the sewage direct to the Love Grove sluices, where it is to be lifted 27 feet by steam pumps, and discharged at a point below low-water mark. The work was given on contract to Messrs. Wells and Glover, who with characteristic energy, completed the brickwork within two months. The completion of this work, and the effect of it, will be a matter for the report for 1867.

Vehar Water Works.

The following extensions were made during the year.—

Month	Locality	PILES		Length in feet	REMARKS
		No	Size		
From 6th March to 19th April 1866.	Fort and Colaba District No. 1	258	6	2,323	Old Main taken up.
		164	5'	1,476	
		208	4'	1,373	
		24	3	216	
		654	...	5,886	
	From the Wellington Fountain to Colaba Cemetery	258	7"	2,323	New Main put down.
		164	6'	1,476	
		208	5'	1,843	
		24	4"	216	
		654	...	5,886	
April ..	New Markets, Esplanade	93	4	837	
	Bazaar Street, Upper Colaba ..	50	3'	450	
May ...	Parsee Bazaar, Middle do. ..	92	3'	838	
July	New Markets, Esplanade ...	6	3"	51	
	Bhoolechaur and Gurgum District, No 2				
August ...	Old Bonapoor Cross Road or Tarachawaddy ...	30	3"	275	
	Cummalee, Parra and Malabar Hill District, No 3				
May	Falkland Road ..	80	4'	720	
" ...	Gurgum Road ..	56	2½	504	
	Mahim District, No 6.				
	From Sion to Bandora, via Mahim, with Branch Main through Mahim Bazaar, 2,628 feet long.	Pipes varying in size from 12 to 8".		About 4 miles	

All the dipping wells in the Island were this year thoroughly cleaned out, and repaired with cement. Inferior chunam had been used in the original construction of many of them, and the loss of water by leakage must have been enormous. They were generally found in a most filthy condition. A new dipping well was constructed at Walkeshwar, for the supply of the native inhabitants of that village, and especially of pilgrims to the temples there, who have hitherto drunk the foul water of tanks in the temple yard. His Excellency Sir Bartle Frere himself proposed this well, and Government gave the site for it. The dipping well in the centre of the roads opposite to the Monty School was filled up at my order. It was so inconveniently situated that persons using it from Sonapoor, Dhobetaino, and Esplanade Back Road were liable to be run over by the stream of vehicles from Breach Candy and Kalbadave to the Fort. It was also in very bad repair. Instead of it I caused another well to be built at the side of the road close to the Marine Lines. Another dipping well at Worles was built from private subscriptions. There were several serious bursts of mains during the year, but in every case repairs were promptly effected, and no serious inconvenience resulted to the public.

The works at Vehn itself are reported in good order. The leaks in the dams have not increased, and though a cause of constant anxiety to us, are not more serious than before. The leak in Dam No 8 will be this year puddled.

The lake overflowed during this monsoon, for the second time since the construction of the works, and there is a fair supply of water for this year.

When Mr Aitken arrived he at once noticed the absence of any precautions for shutting off the water in the event of a burst in the main. Acting on his advice I accordingly ordered out from Sir William Armstrong a self acting closing valve of his invention, first used by Mr Bateman in the Manchester Water Works, and subsequently introduced in Liverpool and Glasgow. It is thus described in a paper on the Glasgow Water Works, read by Mr Gale, M. Inst. C.E., before the Institution of Engineers in Scotland—

"The self acting closing valves were designed for the purpose of immediately shutting off the water in the event of a burst main, without relying upon the watchfulness of the men in charge. The valve is of the character of a large throttle valve fixed across the pipe, and in its normal position presents little obstruction to the flow of the water. It is held in its position by a disc which projects into the pipe, and is fixed at the end of a long lever or pendulum, being prevented from yielding to the pressure of the water acting against it by reason of its velocity by counterbalancing weights, adjusted to resist the ordinary or any fixed velocity. In a burst upon the main or any other accident producing a velocity in excess of this, the disc yields to the increased pressure, and lets loose a catch which allows a heavy weight attached to the axis of the large throttle valve to close the valve. A simple mechanical arrangement is introduced for preventing it from closing too rapidly, whereby the mass of water in motion would be too suddenly arrested, and the same contrivance is, by means of a small hand force pump, made available for readjusting it in its horizontal position."

The value of this precaution, especially in the event of a burst where the main runs with the Railway Line, can hardly be over estimated. It is fixed at Coorla, just where the main run into the G. I. P. R. Line.

METERS.

Strenuous endeavours have been made this year to economise Vihar Water. Every mill, factory, and company has been forced to affix a meter. Meters have been affixed to all Government connections. Every person using Vihar Water for irrigational purposes is forced to affix a meter. In the case of large chawls or tenant houses, where water is largely wasted, the use of meters is insisted upon. The result has been very satisfactory. We have had good pressure throughout the year, and consequently but few complaints from distant districts.

Meters having been fixed at different dates at the various mills, I am unable to give the exact consumption of water by them, but from the meter readings it would seem that the daily consumption of water by them is about 3 per cent. of the entire water supply.

In most cases the result of fixing a meter has been a steady economy in the use of water. In many instances mills and factories are, I am glad to say, constructing tanks and reservoirs in which to store their waste for re use.

For the roads we find that 3 per cent. of the whole water supply is used daily. I hope we may soon be able to afford the construction of works which will enable us to use tank or sea water for this purpose.

SURVEY FOR THE EXTENSION OF THE WATER SUPPLY.

This has been steadily progressing during the past season, under Messrs. Scott and Preston. I shall not anticipate Mr Aitken's report. It is sufficient to say that not only have the capabilities of valleys adjacent to Vohar been ascertained, but the whole island of Salsette and a great portion of the main land are being explored and surveyed. Of the amount sanctioned, Rs. 25,000, there still remains Rs. 11,068-1-7, which has been carried forward to current year.

I shall probably lay before the Bench ere long several alternative proposals, leaving to it the responsibility of rejecting a complete in favour of a partial scheme.

Lighting the Streets.

There has been great progress during the latter part of the year especially. On 31st December 1865 there were 220 lights. I had not expected more than 1,500 lamps to be lighted by the end of the year, but on the 31st December last there were 1,888 gas lights burning, exclusive of ornamental lamps. I have arranged with the Gas Company that lamps in the open thoroughfares shall not be lighted at all during eight moonlight nights of every month during the fair season, and that during four nights of every month when the moon rises later, the lamps in those localities shall be extinguished at 10 P.M. The Gas Company declined to accede to the arrangement unless it was allowed to charge six Rupees per 1,000 cubic feet instead of five Rupees. After much correspondence and consideration I have allowed the charge at present. The saving thus effected is about Rs. 1,500 per mensem.

During the year several Native gentlemen presented the Municipality with large ornamental lamps for central positions on the public roads.

Thus—

The Honorable Munglikdas Nuthoobhoy gave one five-light lamp, to be erected opposite the Money School.

Mr. Anduser Hornusjee Wadia gave five three-light lamps.

Mr. Keshowjee Nunghe gave three of three lights.

Mr. Chhannjee Sewjee gave two of three lights.

Mr. A. D. Sassoon gave one of three lights.

Mr. Venayekrow Jugonnath gave one of three lights.

Mr. Nusservanjee Manockjee Petit gave one of three lights.

Mr. Goculdas Tejpal gave one of three lights.

We have now lamps in every street in which the Gas Company have mains. I hope, however, that we may be able to extend the lighting of the town hereafter to every street and every lane.

The people appreciate very keenly the comfort of gas, and I am overwhelmed with applications for its extension.

In accounting monthly with the Gas Company we get credit for unlighted lamps or for lights that have gone out. The Gas Company have their own reporters. We get daily reports from the police on their beats. To assist them each lamp is numbered by a perforated tin plate on the lantern.

I am bound to admit that during the latter part of 1866 the Gas Company did their best to aid us, and to push on the lighting of the town.

New Communications.

Shortly after his arrival in the country, Mr. Aitken laid out a new road to run from Chinchpoungly through Mazagon, across the C. I. P. Railway Company's goods terminus at Warree Bunder, through the Elphinstone Land Company's property, and so down to Moody Bay and the Fort.

The Elphinstone Land, the Frere, and the Mazagon Companies concurred in the scheme, which was also approved by Government. The C. I. P. Railway Company have been requested not to erect permanent buildings on the line across their goods yard, and Government has given whatever land of its own (including a large strip in the Mazagon property) was needed for the proposed road.

The embankments for the prolongation and widening of the Gilder Road were completed during this year, and left to settle before metalling. Many improvements of a minor nature, in the line of particular roads, have been surveyed and planned.

The much vexed question of the G I P R over-bridges was finally settled in the course of this year in the manner proposed by me 18 months ago. The B B & C. I. L. over bridges progressed slowly. Trere or Grant Road Bridge and the Chowpatty or Franch Bridge were completed and opened.

Miscellaneous.

Five hundred and sixty applications to build were received and disposed of during the year, against five hundred and seventeen in 1865. 852164 square yards were taken from the applicants for the improvement of the streets.

318 ruinous houses were inspected, and afterwards pulled down, or repaired.

The petty Municipal workshops in different parts of the town were abolished and a central workshop established at the store yard, Boree Bunder. This is being fitted with a few simple fitting tools, to be driven by steam power, so that we can repair and remake our own plant. An improved description of iron watering cart is designed and under construction. Arrangements have been made to obtain from England iron axle-boxes and other improved fittings for the numerous carts belonging to the Municipality. Portland cement is now shipped to us regularly, through Messrs Smith, Fleming & Co., having been previously inspected and passed by Mr James McAnochie, C. E., our Home Agent.

The Executive Engineer has also designed and superintended the erection of the New Slaughterhouse at Bandora, has laid out the New Markets, the Store shed and workshops, and has carried out a host of petty works for the Health Department.

The impossibility of getting moderately good bricks for the Drainage, even at an exorbitant cost, led us to look about for ourselves, and having found and purchased excellent ground at Panwell, we bought up the entire plant of the Brick and Tile Company, in liquidation, for Rs 21,000, the invoice price being Rs 10,076. The machinery had been most carefully selected by Mr Brunton, and had not been unpacked. The Brick and Tile Company had brought out a Mr Walsh, a practical brickmaker, to manage their works. We took him also. The machinery is being set up, and the bricks already turned out and now in use are both good and cheap, and the estimated saving from their use in the Port Drainage alone is Rs 30,000. This matter, however, will more properly form the subject of report for 1867.

Mr Aitken has also contributed some valuable papers on Dock accommodation for Bombay, which have at least given impetus to the discussion, and hastened the settlement of this important question.

During the past year the Departmental and Contract systems have been fairly tried. Even with Mr Whitaker's conscientious and careful management it is admitted that although the work turned out departmentally is somewhat superior, it must always be more expensive and tedious than contract work.

Subletting is the great evil of the Bombay contract system. Parties with no means or experience, and no intention of carrying out a contract, start as contractors for anything, from the supply of sundstone or road metal to the construction of a dock, a railway, or a tunnel. When tender accepted, they immediately sublet it, probably for money down, and withdraw. The party who had taken it (if he indeed does not again sublet it) is usually of the lower class, and a native. He soon finds he has got a bad bargain, and tries to recoup himself by scamping the work, by supplying bad materials, and so forth. Cancel the contract, and you find yourself helpless. The defaulters are not worth powder and shot, and legal measures against the original contractor but lead you into complicated and vexatious proceedings.

There are a few excellent firms, who take up work and do it themselves. These are the men to be employed and encouraged. I am confident that the Railway and other large Companies have it in their own hands to improve the class of contractors in Bombay.

The above review of the labours of the Engineer's Department during the past year will, I am sure, be satisfactory. I cannot conclude the notice without recording my special thanks to the following gentlemen—Mr. Russel Aitken, Mr. Whitaker, and Mr. Jagannath Suddasew.

CHAPTER V—POLICE AND FIRE BRIGADE.

Colonel Bruce's scheme of reorganization has now been in force for nearly two years, and it remains to be seen if any reductions are possible. I am assured that Mr Bouter will reduce if he can. It seems clear that with the extension of gas throughout the city, the night guards at any rate may be reduced.

The Commissioner of Police was, under the New Poisons' Act, vested with authority to grant licences for the sale of poisons. The number of licences granted was only 21, and the fees amounted to Rs. 52-8. It is as yet too early to form an opinion regarding the working of this measure.

Early in the year I obtained the sanction of the Bench to Mr. Edginton's going home at the public expense to qualify himself as Captain of the New Steam Fire Brigade. Mr. Edginton was away six months. He was under Captain Shaw, of the London Fire Brigade, and personally assisted at some very large fires in the metropolis. He has, since his return, proved himself thoroughly acquainted with every detail connected with the working and management of the Steam Fire Brigade.

The Brigade itself was carefully organized by Major Henderson, late Commissioner of Police, to whom we are much indebted.

The Steam Fire Engines have done excellent service on several occasions, especially in the case of a fire in Shank Memon Street, and another in the Churchla, either of which, without the Steam Engines, must have become very extensive and disastrous.

All the engines, materials, fittings, &c., were supplied by Messrs. Bhand and Mason, under the personal superintendence of Mr. John Fleming and Mr. Mallowraith, who have evinced the warmest interest in this, as in every other matter connected with the Bombay Municipality.

Besides Hand Engines, of which there are six, the Municipality now possesses the following Steam Fire Engines —

The "Roostoon," of the largest size, presented to the Municipality in 1865 by the Honorable Rustomjee Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy. This is stationed as a reserve at the Dockyard.

The "Julbreedha," or "Water increaser," 2nd size.

The "Londa" or "Torrent," of the 2nd size, and

The "Vizwiparra" or "Extinguisher," of the 2nd size.

One of these is stationed in Dongree Coolee Street, one at Pydonnee, and one in Cammatteepoora. They are hired by the Omnibus Company, who are bound to have a pair of good horses and drivers ready for each engine, day or night, whenever required. The contract price is Rs. 75 per horse per month, including drivers. We tried at first the plan of keeping horses of our own, but it was not satisfactory. The present arrangement works well, and there has never been the least delay. Steam is usually well up, and the engines ready for working when they arrive at the scene of fire.

CHAPTER VI.—PROGRESS OF THE LAND SURVEY.

Major Laughton has reported as follows to Colonel Francis, Survey Commissioner —

"The total area surveyed amounts to 2,870 acres, of which 2,416 were measured with the cross staff and chain, and are under cultivation. The remaining 454 acres, consist of roads, hills, portions of the towns of Mahim, Byculla, Walkeshwar, and the Government property at Malabar Hill, surveyed partly by the theodolite and partly by the cross staff and chain. The whole is included in 57 traverses, each containing on an average a little more than 50 acres."

During the monsoon the whole of the office work, with the exception of the field registers, and the fair maps or sheets of 28 out of 67 traverses was completed.

Major Laughton has from time to time furnished me with tracings of the completed maps which, so far as I can judge, are very well done, and will fully answer the requirements of the Municipality.

Major Laughton and his Surveyors experienced considerable difficulty at first in dealing with private property. On one or two occasions they were ordered off by the owners. Upon this I proceeded under Section 234 of the Bombay Municipal Act of 1863, and formally authorized Major Laughton to enter the particular properties for the purpose of surveying the same. He has since been supplied with a number of printed forms of authority, at the foot of which is a notice stating the hour at which it is proposed to enter. No further difficulty has arisen or is likely to arise now. The Section quoted confers ample powers, and the people themselves now know and appreciate the object of the Survey. Major Laughton is at our request surveying all that part of the town bordering on the proposed main sewer to Colaba.

CHAPTER VII.—SURVEY FOR ASSESSMENT PURPOSES.

This Survey was commenced at the close of 1865, and completed early in the year under report.

The result is shown in the following statements, from which it will be seen that during the year 21,100 properties were assessed, and that their annual value (under Section 58 of the Bombay Municipal Act) was Rs. 1,48,91,893. To these have to be added 466 buildings unfinished or decayed, 332 plots of ground unused and unlet, and 301 charitable and religious edifices.

VALUATION STATEMENT OF LANDS, HOUSES, AND OTHER BUILDINGS IN BOMBAY, ASSESSED BY THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.

Wards,	TOTAL.	Value of Govern- ment property exempt from Municipal Rates	Wards,	TOTAL.	Value of Govern- ment property exempt from Municipal Rates
	Rs	Rs		Rs	Rs
Malum and Parell	5 207	29 200	Brought forward..	16 082	1 04 504
Blackshaw	9 174		Gingium	1 852	201
Mandvi	1 133	1,20 000	Port	1 219	8 08 150
Ormatia	2 472	7 841	Marion	572	10 467
Ormatia	2 076	12 720	Colaba	519	91 145
			Malabar Hill	516	12 " 0
Carried forward	16,062	1,65,504	Total	21,100	10,92,814

The gross annual value of these properties is Rs. 10,92,814. Formerly the Government paid a lump sum of Rs. 13,000 per annum as house rate only. Deducting the usual 10 per cent. for repairs, &c., the government properties, if assessed, would yield—

House Rate, 6 per cent	Rs 59,012
* Lighting rate, 2 do.	„ 19,671

Total Rs 78,683

I hope, however, to be able ere long to intimate that a sum at least equivalent to the above will be granted by Government in aid of any special Municipal work of which it may approve.

I regret that the statistics for former years are not perfect enough for comparison with the present returns, but it would seem that the annual gross value of properties in Bombay during the past ten years has been as follows—

Years.	Number of Pro- perties assessed.	Rupees.	Years	Number of Pro- perties assessed.	Rupees.
1850-57 ..	16,328	39,89,425	1862	17,076	66,46 490
1857-59 ..	16 567	45,86,395	1863	17,168	71,59,755
1858-59 ..	16 648	46,65,420	1864	17,924	1,15,81 130
1859	16,741	50,21,400	1865	17,959	1,20,14,655
1860	16,737	62,23,780	1866	21,100	1,48,91,893
1861	16,902	63,49,055			

These figures, encouraging as they are, nevertheless give but a faint idea of the growth of Bombay during the last decade. We lack returns as to the description and value of the buildings erected, and the area newly built over during each year.

The last general survey for assessment purposes took place in 1864

The survey for the year 1866 was very strictly made, and there was accordingly a great outcry at the high valuations by the Superintendents of Wards.

* N.B.—Government pays a special body of Police for the protection of its own buildings.

The appeals to me were in the proportion of about 25 per cent of the properties valued. The following figures show how they were sifted through to the Court of Petty Sessions --

Appeals to the Commissioner ..	...	...	...	...	5,243
Appeals from Commissioner to Court of Petty Sessions	...	...	...	...	29
Of the above the Court dismissed	...	...	...	...	7
And reduced valuation in	...	...	...	...	8
There were settled out of Court	..	...	...	...	14

CHAPTER VIII.—ASSESSMENT AND COLLECTION OF MUNICIPAL RATES AND TAXES.

The following statement shows at a glance the gross assessment, remission, and outstanding balances of all the rates and taxes for 1886, and for former years.

FOR FORMER YEARS

	Assessment	Remitted or written off	Collection	Balance Outstanding
	Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.
Municipal Rate	1,90,018 0 0	11 12 0	1 10 311 5 0	71,174 15 0
" " " " "
Lighting	90 60 2 0	3 90 1 0	72 90 2 0	22 727 3 0
Municipal Taxes	...	...	...	...
Water Rate	...	...	...	...
Ruppes	...	...	...	...

FOR 1886

	Assessment	Remitted or written off	Collection	Balance Outstanding
	Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.
Municipal Rate	901 14 10 1	57 15 2	1 0 09 13 10	2 80 401 13 1
" " " " "
Lighting	450 70 13 11	2 11 10 6	2 11 5 12 1 10	1 31 71 3 7
Municipal Taxes	1 30 21 11 6	79 12 1	98 18 8 1	80 90 10 2
Water Rate	2 12 54 1 11	11 8 0	2 37 17 0 3	54 11 7 8
Ruppes	2 16 11 0 0	...	2 11 11 0 0	...
Water Rate	5 11 817 5 1	1 12 1 6 3	2 11 3 4 10 1	1 5 13 3 4 4
Ruppes	21 71 979 11 1	22 80 1 0 7	17 45 511 10 6	7 13 071 13 10

* Municipal Rate outstanding Balance of 31st December 1885	Rs.	1,80,700 0 0
Do Tax	do	37 18 11 0
Water Rate	do	3,62 761 15 0

Ruppes 5,30,858 10 0

Actual Assessment in 1886	Rs.	214 0 0 (See B 2)
Do do	do	61 013 7 0 (" C 2)
Do do	do	1,47,761 8 0 (" G 2)

Ruppes 2,43,921 13 0

- † Of this sum Rs. 7,621 8 0 have been refunded, as will be seen from the Appendices.
 ‡ Includes Rs. 4,823 0 0 assessed since 31st December 1885
 § Includes Rs. 75,821 0 2 assessed since 31st December 1886
 ¶ Of this sum Rs. 5,317 13 0 have been refunded, as will be seen from the Appendices

It will be seen that whereas the net assessment for the year 1866, after deducting remissions for vacancies &c. &c. was Rs 21,57,583 7-8, the recoveries were Rs 17,45,511-10 9, leaving Rs 7,12,071 12 10 outstanding for the year under report. But it will be remembered that the law only admitted of the recovery of three quarters rates within the year, the fourth quarter remaining for recovery on 1st January 1867. One fourth of the year's assessment is Rs 6,14,390, and the actual outstanding balance for the year 1866, as above given, is Rs 7,12,071-12 10.

CHAPTER IX.—OUTSTANDING BALANCES FROM FORMER YEARS.

It will be seen from the preceding statement that, including assessments for former years made during 1866, the total outstandings for former years on 1st January 1866 amounted to Rs 8,40,850 9 0, of which Rs 7,25,775 were remitted or written off irrecoverable, and Rs 5,94,931 11 3 were recovered, leaving a balance on 31st December 1866 of Rs 1,68,611-5 10.

This is made up of—

1st—House rate, Rs 71,374 15 0, nearly all of which is claimed from the G. I. P. Railway Company, and is the subject of suits now pending.

2nd—Wheel tax, Rs 22,737 4 0, nearly all of which is due on labour carts. It is feared that very little of this can now be recovered.

3rd—Water rates Rs 71,509 3 10 of this Rs 18,344 2 0 are for 1865 and previous years, Rs 31,430 8 3 for 1864, Rs 24,719 7 for 1863.

It is feared that the balance for 1863, and a large proportion of that of 1864 is irrecoverable, owing to the persons from whom water rate is due having left Bombay, or changed residence before the assessments were commenced. Heavy losses must always occur when the rates are not punctually assessed and demanded, and the figures above given very insufficiently represent the loss to the Municipal revenue in past years.

CHAPTER X.—SYSTEM OF COLLECTION, &c

The valuations for the year 1866 were for the most part completed by 1st April, notwithstanding the extra labour consequent on a new general survey and the introduction of three new rates. Thus the bills for all rates for each quarter were ready for issue at the close of it, and there has been hardly any loss.

The system of accounts now followed for the rates is as follows—

The net valuation for each ward is communicated to the Controller of Municipal Accounts, who thereupon debits the Superintendent of that Ward with the full house, police, and lighting rates leviable on the valuation. The Superintendent clears off the debts by daily forwarding to the Controller intimations of recoveries for each rate. In the case of remissions for vacancies, or items found irrecoverable, the proceedings are, all in writing duly filed. At the close of the inquiry the Commissioner signs a certificate to the effect that the Superintendent of the Ward is entitled to a credit of so much on account of a particular rate. This certificate goes to the Controller, who enters the Superintendent accordingly, counterfoils remaining with the Superintendent.

Refunds are similarly arranged the only difference being that the person entitled to the refund gets the certificate, which he presents like a cheque to the Controller.

Monthly detailed returns of recoveries, &c. are required from the Superintendents, and being tallied with the Controller's books are forwarded by that Officer to the Commissioner.

CHAPTER XI.—YIELD OF THE RATES AND TAXES.

The following analysis (b) classifies the licenses issued under each heading of Schedule F—

* A B—In my Annual Report for 1865 page 9 I pointed out that the water rate for 1863 was not assessed when I took charge on 1st January 1865.

STATEMENT OF LICENSES ISSUED UNDER THE BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, DURING THE YEAR 1866

Classes	Number of Licenses issued	Amount	
CLASS I			
Joint stock Company A ..	87	Rs 0 375 0 0	
Joint stock Company B ..	66	13 0 0 0	
Total	153	13 27 3 0	
CLASS II			
Merchant ..	1,515	7,400 0 0	
Banker ..	81	40 0 0 0	
Shroff ..	120	5 25 0 0	
Wholesale Trader ..	43	2 10 0 0	
Commission Agent ..	46	2,235 0 0	
Broker or Dullal ..	89	2 100 0 0	
Surgeon ..	7	3 0 0 0	
Physician ..	24	1,00 0 0	
Architect ..	4	7 1 0 0	
Civil Engineer ..	25	1 100 0 0	
Barister ..	18	8 0 0 0	
Attorney ..	31	1 12 0 0	
Pleader or Vakil ..	26	1 30 0 0	
Owner or Factor of Maflet ..	8	400 0 0	
Owner of Cotton, Silk, or other ..	2	100 0 0	
Artisan ..	13	63 0 0	
Hotel Keeper ..	16	77 0 0	
Boarding House Keeper ..	2	10 0 0	
Shopkeeper ..	43	1 87 0 0	
Manufacturer ..	74	8 0 0 0	
Trader ..	80	3 17 0 0	
Total.	2 199	1 09 0 0	
CLASS III			
Broker or Dullal ..	51	13,047 0 0	
Licentiate of Medicine ..	27	67 0 0	
Dentist ..	2	0 0 0	
Apothecary ..	32	800 0 0	
Veterinary Surgeon ..	5	1 1 0 0	
Billiard Room Keeper ..	4	100 0 0	
Hotel Keeper ..	6	150 0 0	
Boarding House Keeper ..	8	15 0 0	
Shopkeeper ..	303	7 60 0 0	
Manufacturer ..	7	663 8 0	
Trader ..	70	12 175 0 0	
Lawbroker ..	1 172	31,013 8 0	
Total	2 411	69 563 0 0	
CLASS IV			
Hotel Keeper ..	13	186 0 0	
Boarding House Keeper ..	8	80 0 0	
Shopkeeper ..	2,841	33 696 0 0	
Manufacturer ..	39	130 0 0	
Trader ..	761	8,999 0 0	
Permanent Stall Keeper at Market ..	46	552 0 0	
Money Changer ..	24	288 0 0	
Total....	3,735	11,47 0 0	
Grand Total....	8,826	2 66,114 0 0	

The annual value of whose shop or place of business as estimated under section 54 amounts to Rs 2,000 or upwards.

The annual value of whose shop or place of business as estimated under section 54 exceeds Rs 50 but is less than Rs 2,000

The annual value of whose shop or place of business as estimated under section 54 exceeds Rs 500

I have already made a detailed report to Government, which has been published.

The tax has no doubt been largely evaded, notwithstanding numerous convictions in the Police Courts. It has reached only 8,813 persons, or, in other words, has fallen on only one-ninetieth of the population of the city, while its yield has been only Rs. 2,66,114, against nine to ten lakhs of Town Duties, which it was designed to replace.

Since the accounts for 1866 were closed, bills to the amount of about Rs. 1,00,000 have been received on account of 1866 and former years. In future the system inaugurated by the Circulars which form Appendixes R to T will enable us to ascertain to a nicety the claims outstanding against the Municipality at the close of each year.

In collating the several accounts above specified as they stand, it will be seen that we have included the heavy charges against 1865 and former years, which are again counterbalanced to some extent by the outstanding balance due to the Municipality. Viewed as a whole the accounts give the following result:—

	Rs.	s.	p.
Total expenditure to 31st December 1866, on account of 1866 and former years	57,71,807	12	11
Deduct—Total income of 1866 and former years, to 31st December 1866	53,48,259	8	11

	Difference	4,06,548	4	0
Add—Charges payable in 1867 for 1866 and former years (estimated)		1,06,233	10	9

Excess of expenditure on account of 1866 and former years over income for the year	5,13,471	14	9
But from this the following items must be deducted, viz:—			
Amount of loan authorised to be raised for Mark to	3,50	00	0
Amount of Hakeem's cost for 1866 recovered in 1867	37,548	0	0
Amount of Hakeem's cost remaining due and recoverable in 1867 for 1866	1,82,406	0	0
Amount of Wheel Tax assessed in 1867 for 4th quarter of 1866	42,233	0	0
Amount of Water Rates assessed in 1867 for 4th quarter of 1866	76,001	0	0
	6,08,832	0	0

Balance in favour of Municipal Funds on 1st January 1867.. .. 15,330 1 3

To this has again to be added the value of both Live and Dead Stock of the Municipality, amounting to about Rs. 8,00,000, so that the real position of the Municipality was satisfactory at the close of the year.

We have been too much in the habit of supposing that our Annual Income is insufficient, or barely sufficient for our ordinary current expenditure. Such a view it must be evident is far from being correct. Our income suffices for current expenditure, and it also provides Rs. 1,25,000 for an expenditure on what are properly Capital Accounts, viz., on account of the Drainage and Vehar Water Works. For all our ordinary requirements our income is sufficient, but for any extraordinary improvement extraordinary or special means must be found.

I have already observed in my budget for the current year that just as the Police and Lighting Rates pay for Police and lighting, so ought the Wheel Tax to cover the cost of ordinary repairs to the Roads, the Water Rate the expenditure on water supply, the House Rate the cost of scavenging and the Drainage, while Miscellaneous receipts should cover the cost of Establishments, contingencies, and petty new works.

The Wheel Tax, however, does not nearly cover the cost of ordinary road repairs, but it would do so, if, as I have before suggested, the tax on labour carts were doubled. I recommend this measure strongly.

Unfortunately again the Water Rate is burdened with a heavy debt. Freed from it the Water Rate would enable us at once to raise money with which to double our present water supply.

The House Rate covers the annual cost of scavenging, and the 2½ lakhs set aside for the Drainage, but it cannot be raised further so as to provide for the entire cost of the Drainage.

What is wanted then, is one of two things, either that the Municipality be freed from the incubus of the old Water Works debt, on the understanding that it shall at once proceed to increase its water supply from the proceeds of the Water Rates, and that the Municipal Income be augmented from other sources to the extent of at least 4 lakhs of Rupees, which added to the 2½ lakhs annually set aside for the Drainage Works would pay for them. Or if the Vehar Water Works debt be not remitted, that the Municipal Income be augmented by at least 8 lakhs of Rupees, as proposed by the Town Duties' Committee of the Bench.

In other respects the statistics I have given are exceedingly encouraging, and leave no room for doubt that the Municipal Income will grow with the growth of the Town and its ordinary wants, notwithstanding a steady rise in prices both of material and labour, which must take place ere long.

Appendices U, V, W contrast the expenditure in each fund as compared with the Budget grants. So also Appendix X contrasts the estimated with actual receipts for 1866 only.

In every case in which the expenditure has exceeded the Budget grant I have given below a detailed explanation, which I venture to say should be satisfactory even if the Budget system had been matured for years.

But it must be remembered that this was our first year under a Budget system, and that now, after years of maturation, and even with the Government method of keeping accounts, the Government Budget is constantly exceeded. At the time of preparing the Budget (or in October 1865), as I have already said, it was absolutely impossible to ascertain the total expenditure on any one particular item in any given year. All these difficulties were fully explained at the time and subsequently, and had been discussed *ad nauseum*. There were some who at the time thought my description overdrawn, but even they, after perusing Major Thacker's voluminous statements and exhaustive review of the various accounts as closed up to 31st December 1865, must at last have admitted the fairness of my strictures and appreciated the magnitude of our difficulties at the outset.

1st.—In the establishments of the Commissioner, Assistant Commissioner, and Storekeeper combined, the expenditure exceeded the grant by Rs. 18,425-13-0. Of this Rs. 1,475 was for Storekeeper's establishment for a part of the year, at Rs. 171 per mensem, duly explained in my Budget, and passed for this year. A further sum of Rs. 7,693-6-1 is in excess in contingencies, including Printing charges for all the three establishments noted above, and ten Wards. The Budget estimate was only 1,290 rupees, but we had been unable to estimate the cost of printing Reports, By-laws, Forms, and Returns of every description required by the new Act, and for the new rates and taxes. In the personal establishment of the Commissioner there was also an excess of Rs. 2,511-1-5. The need for an increase to the extent of Rs. 2,328 per annum was fully explained, and admitted by the Bench at the last Budget meeting. During the heavy work of hearing appeals at the commencement of the year, it was necessary to take on temporarily a few extra hands, both clerks and peons, under the Assistant Commissioner, which caused a further increase of Rupees 1,713-0-4. It has already been shown that the cost of these establishments is still far less than under the old Board.

2nd.—In the Controller's department there was an excess of Rs. 361-8-7 over the grant. Of this Rs. 33-6-2 was on account of extra clerks taken on to copy the accounts of 1864 and 1865, and Rs. 328-2-5 was in petty contingencies and printing.

3rd.—In the Health Department there was an excess of Rupees 40,531-11-11 over the grant, which is thus accounted for —

When the Budget was written, in October 1865, we had just cancelled Mr. Burns's contract, and commenced to work departmentally. It was thought that we could obtain bullocks by contract for this department, just as they are supplied for the water carts and rollers, and accordingly in the Budget Estimate we set down 336 pairs of bullocks to be hired at Rs. 31 per pair per month. Subsequently it was found impossible to get bullocks on hire for this department at any reasonable rate of charge, we had to provide our own bullocks, and accordingly a contract was entered into (duly notified to the Bench on the 15th January 1866) for feeding, shoeing, and physicking them, at Rs. 36-3-4 per pair per month from January to July, and November and December, and Rs. 31-0-8 per month from August to October. During the monsoon, however (especially in July and August), we lost so many cattle from exposure (many taken over from the contractor being quite worn out), that it was found necessary to increase the scale of ration contracted for. The new cattle cost Rs. 19,576-12-7. These causes more than account for the excess noted above.

4th.—In the cost of removing the town sweepings there is a very large excess of expenditure over estimate, from causes on which we may fairly congratulate ourselves. The estimate was made in October, when the Health Department was not organised, and when it was impossible to measure the work it would perform. It was roughly supposed that about 600 waggons per mensem, or 7,200 per annum would be despatched, at Rs. 10 per waggon, Railway charges alone (the then contract rate). But the total number actually sent was 17,183, of which 6,963 were at Rs. 10 per waggon, and 10,220 at Rs. 6 per waggon (the rate being re-

duced from Rs 10 to 8 per waggon from 1st July) This gives an expenditure for the year for Railway charges alone of . . . Rs 1,30,950 0 0 to which has to be added—

Extra shunting charges	1078	0	0		
Expenses of emptying at Cooria	79	373	4	0	
Maintenance and cost of repairs to waggon, and miscellaneous charges	19,782	15	9		
	Total	Rs	210,911	3	9
Deduct—Budget Estimate		Rs	1,04,000	0	0
Total excess		Rs	106,911	3	9

It will be seen above that the Railway rate for conveyance of town sweepings was (by a contract entered into by the late Board) Rs 10 per waggon up to 30th June 1866. There were also numerous extra petty charges in the way of extra shunting, &c.

With very great difficulty I induced the G. I. P. R. Company to reduce the waggon rate from 1st July 1866 from Rs 10 to Rs 8, extra shunting charges being discontinued.

This is a great reduction, no doubt, but the charge is to my mind still very high and it is a serious question for consideration whether it is not worth the while of the Municipality to construct and maintain a single line of rail of its own to Cooria, with which it might even compete with the G. I. P. R. Company for local traffic.

The Bench will observe that in the estimates for the year 1867 I have made allowance for extra exertions by the Health Department, and that a full amount has been budgetted for and passed.

5th.—In the cost of assessment and collection of the rates and taxes there has been an increase, owing chiefly to the License tax (for which it was necessary to have a special extra establishment for the first few months), and to the necessity, alluded to in the Budget for 1865, of appointing more revenue men, owing to the greatly increased number of bills to be issued (from 23,777 bills in 1865 to 2,00,200 bills in 1866) since we have had to deal with occupiers as well as owners. Altogether, however, the cost of assessment and collection was 3½ per cent, against 5½ per cent, under the old Board. The Bench will remember that 3½ per cent has been asked for and sanctioned for the current year.

6th.—Under the many subordinate heads composing the Fee account, nearly all being under the Police, there was an increase of Rs 6187 10 9 in expenditure. But on the other hand, it must be remembered that many of these fees (such as fees for tin plates and brass badges for public conveyances, for beating batticks, for numbering public conveyances, &c.), are only intended to cover the actual cost. Now the actual cost in 1866 including the Liquor License establishment was Rs 11,864-10 9, while the receipts on miscellaneous items aggregated Rs 42,487 0-7, and the receipts from Liquor Licenses amounted to Rs 1,10,233 11 9, against an estimate of Rs 82,000.

7th.—For the repairs of Roads my predecessors had, in 1864, committed themselves to an expenditure of about 10½ lakhs per annum for three years. I have already stated how I relieved the Municipality of the burden of these contracts. But I so far agreed with the old Board that I thought at least 8 lakhs ought to be spent on them in the year 1866. But there was not that amount available, and I accordingly suggested, in my letter to the Clerk of the Police of the 10th November 1865, that "so much may be cut off from the item 'Road and other repairs' as will bring the current expenditure within what may be decided upon as the estimated income for 1866, from all the sources provided by the Act."

This was generally agreed to, and accordingly the Roads item was left to the last, when, there being only Rs 8,69,000* left, it was placed at my disposal, on the understanding that

* Engineer's Establishment	Rs 64,000
Road repairs	311,000
Total	Rs 8,69,000

in the event of the income exceeding the estimate I was at liberty to exceed the grant for this item. The income did considerably exceed the estimate, as has already been shown, while the roads suffered unusually from a very heavy monsoon.

I accordingly spent all I could upon the roads, viz, Road Repairs, Rs 8,93,261-11 11, Rolling and Watering Rs 1,47,541 11-1, including cost of establishments.

I would here refer to my remarks on the Roads. I reminded the Bench that if my recommendation and those of my predecessors in this matter were disregarded, the

responsibility of bad roads could not be laid at my door. I still think that the sum of 5 lakhs which I originally asked for was the least that should have been spent on the roads in 1866, and I am quite sure that had it been spent we should be saving money in the present and future years.

134.—The amount sanctioned as an Improvement Land was Rs. 1,50,000, and there was an excess of Rs. 7,704 1-10, which is accounted for by the amounts awarded by arbitrators in the case of land taken up in the Elder Road exceeding the estimate.

135.—There were other necessary items unprovided for in the Budget, all connected with the purchase, repair, or renewal of stores and dead stock, the aggregate was Rs. 72,050-4-8. The system formerly in force was for each department to obtain advances and purchase its own stores from time to time. It was then impossible, until quite lately, for us to tell what was the annual cost of stores in each department, or what were the requirements under these heads. This is now being rectified. In debts are preferred is required by each department to the storekeeper, and the value of them duly debited to the department concerned. When I first took charge, in 1865, the value of the stores sanctioned over the island was roughly estimated at about 2½ lakhs. On taking stock, however, they were found to be worth Rs. 7,14,302-5-2, and on 31st December 1866 they were worth Rs. 6,00,000.

136.—“In Petty Charges,” also unprovided for in the Budget there was an expenditure of Rs. 7,957, 1-4, of which about Rs. 4,000 was for advertisement charges, the rest being made up of sundry charges of a miscellaneous nature.

137.—It was the year for supplying the public with clothing but the cost was not estimated for. The actual cost was Rs. 2,10,29 from which stoppages to the extent of Rs. 663 11-10 have been recovered, leaving Rs. 1,67,611. As, however, the clothing is now issued biennially instead of annually, under the old Board Rs. 663 will probably be recovered in the present year also leaving Rs. 1,61,111 as a charge against 1866.

138.—The interest on it shows an expenditure of Rs. 20,551-5-9 on account of overdrafts from time to time.

139.—In the Drainage account there was an excess of expenditure of Rs. 14,500 over Budget grant, which is accounted for by the fact that a large quantity of cement was imported from England and India. The value of course in store.

140.—In the Water Works account the expenditure was less than the Budget grant. I have taken credit in 1867 for Rs. 11,015-1-7, balance of Rs. 2,000 voted for the extension survey, which is still in progress.

CHAPTER XIII—CONCLUSION

In the introductory remarks to my Budget for the year under report, I enumerated the formidable difficulties before us, and remarked: “Our duty is plain—to confine our expenditure to our most pressing wants during the coming year, and to extend that year in learning our true position and resources.” Our most pressing duties I described to be improved sanitation and repairs to our roads.

The latter in a great measure remains unfulfilled, owing to want of funds.

It is for the Bench to decide if the remainder of the programme has been enacted or not.

In many important matters circumstances have forced us beyond it. It is, however, I think, a matter for congratulation that in a year full of disaster and ruin, besides extraordinary exertions in the matter of sanitation we have materially improved our general position and income, that of all the great Municipal problems—Drainage, Water Supply, Markets, Slaughter-houses, and Burial Grounds, not one has been left unconsidered, some are solved, the others in a fair way towards solution.

For myself, and for those gentlemen who have laboured with me, I have only to add that we are well satisfied in some sense of the benefits to be derived from cleanliness and attention to sanitation has been awakened among the bulk of the community, if, in combating and overcoming certain combinations, we have shown that difficulties of this kind will not daunt us. If we have convinced the more intelligent of the earnestness of our endeavours in the cause of Municipal Reform; believing as we do that the welfare of Bombay already the second city in size in Her Majesty's dominions, is a matter not merely of local but of imperial importance.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,

Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

NOTE.—The appended to Mr. Crawford's Report is a table showing the amount of the various funds and the expenditure thereon. It will be found that while the Report of the Committee appointed to investigate into the Municipal condition of the Municipality.]

THE HEALTH OFFICER'S ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1866.

The following Report by Dr. Hewlett, Health Officer of the City, was appended to the Report of the Municipal Commissioner

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,

Bombay, 23th January 1867.

TO THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER FOR THE CITY OF BOMBAY

SIR,—I have the honour to submit to you my Annual Report for the year 1866. In it I shall endeavour to prove that the first organized attempt in the cleaning of this vast city has not been without some good results and to point out some of the difficulties I have had to encounter, some of which have been overcome, whilst others still remain. I shall then proceed to lay before you the death rate during the year, to point out some of the causes of preventable disease, and to suggest such remedies as appear to me to be necessary, and generally to offer, in the words of the Act, such advice for the sanitary improvement of the City of Bombay as my experience and observation may indicate.

According to the census of the Island of Bombay taken on 2nd February 1861, the total population amounted to 516,562 persons of whom 793,960 resided on the Island, the remainder forming the Harbour population. The surface of the Island is reckoned to be about 15.63 square miles, its extreme length being 11 miles, and its average breadth about two miles. Only parts of it are densely populated. The masses of the people reside in that quarter extending from sea to sea, and known as the Native Town, which, according to the census report, covers a surface of 606 (0 acres, and affords an average of only 11 square yards to each of its 449,801 inhabitants.

The City presents the appearance of a large struggling town which has grown piecemeal from its centre and outward—the fort, as the centre of the increasing population began to be felt. In its growth no care was taken for the future requirements of a City now risen to the proud position of being the second largest in Her Majesty's dominions. The consequence is, that we find in the Native Town narrow and irregular streets, with houses varying from one to five stories high, no open spaces for ventilation, and no provision made for efficient drainage.

It thus happens that in this year of our Lord 1866, 202 years after British occupancy, Bombay has no system of drainage. A natural water course, running from the south end of Syed Abdul Kader Street has been inclosed over in its course through the Native Town until it reaches the suburbs, whence, as an open sewer to windward of Hyculla and Parel, it creeps slowly along the Flats to its point of exit at the Worlee sluices, where it discharges itself on the western foreshore, its length being about 5½ miles, and into this the Native Town has been most imperfectly drained.

Around the Fort, whose ramparts confined its area, military precaution fortunately secured a space 800 yards wide, known as the Esplanade, which is open to the west or the quarter from which our health-giving sea breeze blows for 19 hours out of the 24, and here the inhabitants have room for exercise, and pure air to enjoy it.

Sanitary science, until a few years ago, had made no impression on the minds of men, and Bombay was as backward as any other part of the world in recognizing the truths of its doctrines, or the good results of its practice.

Until May 1861, in spite of the repeated and forcible warnings from all the most eminent medical men in the Presidency, such of the daily garbage as was collected was deposited in the low lying parts of the Island, in the immediate vicinity of some of the most crowded parts of the Native Town, which were thus filled in with tons upon tons of decomposing organic matter. At length, after the publication, in February 1861, of Deputy Inspector General Leith's most admirable, but startling report on the sanitary state of the Island of Bombay, in which its extreme filthiness was the most salient point the Government recognized the necessity of taking immediate steps to make better provision for the conservancy and improvement of the City, and accordingly Act II of 1865 was passed, and came into operation on 1st July 1865.

At this time the scavenging of the City was most imperfectly performed by a contractor, whose contract it soon became necessary to cancel, and then, under your orders, the Public Health Department came into existence on the 1st November 1865.

This department, over which I have the honour to preside, consists of the following Executive Establishments—

- 1st—The Scavenging Establishment
- 2nd—The Drain Cleaning Establishment.
- 3rd—The Road Sweeping Establishment
- 4th—The Town Sweeping Bunder Establishment
- 5th—The Foreman (carpenter and storekeeper) Establishment
- 6th—The Market and Slaughter House Establishment.
- 7th—The Night soil and Halalcores' Establishment

For the year under report a grant of Rs 6,26,616-12-0 was made by the Bench of Justice.

The land by your orders was divided into eleven wards, and a distinct establishment of carts and bullocks, with coolies, &c, was told off to each—each ward establishment being entrusted to a European whose duties, although mentioned in my report for the two months of 1905, I will again enumerate.

Each European Inspector must be at his duties at 5 o'clock in the morning, and personally superintend the feeding, watering and grooming of his bullocks. He then sees them yoked and sent out with their full complement of men into the ward. Each cart and each gang of men is told off to a particular sub-section of a ward, and over each gang there is a native muckadum so that every part of the ward is visited, and to a certain degree cleaned, during the day. I say to a certain degree, for the experience of the year has proved that the establishment allowed for the year has not been sufficient in any of the wards to keep them as clean as they should be kept, or as I could keep them if I had the means.

When a cart is filled it is driven to one of the Bunders, and its contents deposited on a railway wagon for dispatch to Chilla saw mill, which is situated between the mainland and Lombay, its distance of 9½ miles from Lombay.

The men return to their stalls at 11-30 o'clock, when the bullocks get their mid-day feed, and the men their dinner. Work is again resumed at 1-30 and they return in the ward until 5-0, when the bullocks are bedded up for the night. The European Inspector, besides thus attending to the executive cleansing of his ward has also to report to me all offenders against the provisions of the Act. If I consider the case of sufficient importance I summon a taken out against the person and the Inspector attends at the Police Court to give evidence. It is also the Inspector's duty to superintend the immediate destruction of any house in his ward in which a death from zymotic disease has taken place.

I have in the report for the two last months of 1905 spoken of the disgraceful condition of the so-called drains in the Native Town. There is really a scientifically constructed drain in Lombay, certainly not one in the Native Town. The covered street drains appear to have been built after one model, viz. flat sides with flat bottoms, of an average depth of about one foot and a half, having a width of one foot. The top is covered over with roughly hewn stone slabs, and an attempt is made to prevent earth falling through into the drains by stepping up the interstices with small stones. In most of the open drains the sides only are made, the bottom being unpaved. The consequence being that the ground at the bottom is soaked with decomposing organic matter. These drains have not, indeed, been kept as clean as I could have wished them during the year, and their construction renders it simply impossible that they should be so.

The street sewers are stated to be about 2½ miles in length, but the calculation does not include many covered drains throughout the City. During the year covered drains equal to 5½ miles in length have been opened and cleaned.

The introduction of a drainage system will, under proper supervision, tend greatly to lessen the risk the people at present run from constantly breathing air vitiated with the gases given off in those sewers, but until this much to be desired scheme is accomplished all that can be done is to remove the solid filth in them as often as possible. It would of course be highly desirable that they should be daily flushed with Vehar water, but the expenditure of water required to effect this would be so enormous, that, except under particular cases, it has been found impossible to carry this plan into effect.

The sketch of the old sweeping siding at Chinch Bunder will illustrate at once its unsuitableness as a point of concentration for all the carts in my department. The narrow and tortuous street known as Chinch Bunder how formed its only approach, and as will be observed in the sketch the mud itself was in the form of a cul-de-sac, possessing only one means of approach and exit, whilst it was so small that only a few wagons could stand under the shoot. The delay and inconvenience caused by this arrangement can only be realised by those who saw them, but the public complained, and with great justice, of the annoyance it suffered from one of

the principal streets in the native town, Dongree Cooiy Street, the Strand of Bombay, being always blocked up by a long line of garbage carts. To remedy this a new site for a sweeping bundar was selected on the storage ground. The bundar is 102 feet long, 30 feet broad, 15 feet high, and under the tip 22 waggons can stand. The carts approach from Market Road, and go out by the Boree Bundar Market side, so that no delay is occasioned in depositing their contents into the waggons. Delays, however, sometimes do take place from the difficulty of procuring the services of the shunting engine of the C. I. Railway Company stationed in the yard, and required to shunt out the loaded waggons into a spare siding, and replace them with empties. When this unfortunately does occur, all our carts are delayed, and a falling off in the day's result is proportionately felt. This new bundar is under the charge of a European Inspector, who has under his orders a gang of men to unload the carts and level off the waggons, and keep the bundar clear.

At both bundars limit keepers are stationed, who check off the number of each cart as it comes up, and give to the driver a ticket, which he delivers up at evening muster. If the driver has brought half a cart load, his ticket is refused, and if he has not brought a complement at the end of the day, he is fined.

The following statement will show the increase over 1865 in the amount of wagonment out to Coooli:—

Months		1865	1866	Months		1865	1866
January	..	750	1 15	July	..	80	1 14
February	..	3	14	August	..	1	1 14
March	..	100	1 14	September	..	1	1 14
April	..	1	1 14	October	..	180	1 14
May	..	1	1 14	November	..	1	1 14
June	..	1	1 14	December	..	1	1 14
Grand Total		110	1 14	Total		15	1 14

The contents of each wagon are registered in weight.

12,288 tons of garbage were therefore sent out of the City in 1865.

103,175 tons do do do in 1866, showing an excess of 57,810 tons in 1866.

In the report of the Board Meeting Mr. Wishmath Mundlik was stated to have said that although the main thoroughfares were lately cleaned, yet that the back alleys in the native town were in the old state of filth. I would ask Mr. Mundlik, or any other native gentleman who has a similar opinion, to consider for a moment whether it would be possible to collect this enormous amount of garbage from main thoroughfares. I need not tell you, Sir, that it is principally collected from amidst the dwellings of the poor inhabitants, who are naturally the filthiest in their habits and customs, and are the great filth producers in this City.

I append a statement showing the number of Notices served by my department under various sections of the Act. So much property has changed hands during the past year that it has been found a matter of the greatest difficulty to decide who is the real owner of land or houses. A reliable map of Bombay, such as is under construction by Major Lambton, will be of invaluable assistance and prevent the constant danger we now run of getting hold of the wrong owner.

I also append a statement of convictions and fines recovered during the year. The amount Rs. 612, 13 0 is very small compared with last year, but it must be remembered that in 3 months of last year we recovered more than this alone from persons suffering their receptacles might well be in a filthy state, and that during this year only 15 persons have been summoned for this offence. We were then reproached with wishing to replenish the Municipal Treasury out of the pockets of the poor. Nearly half of the amount recovered this year has been from persons keeping horned cattle so as to be a nuisance to the neighbourhood.

The state of the various cow and milch buffalo sheds throughout the islands is, and must be until other measures are adopted simply disgraceful.

In the Appendix will be found among various statistics the number of inhabited houses in which horned cattle are kept as well as the number of stables for horned cattle the produce of which is for sale, in each ward. The accompanying two sketches will show one of the best (and best in the best) belonging to one Kuttu Batten, and situated in Gogaree Moola, and of the worst of these cattle sheds, situated in Chundunwady.

In the first, which is a large tiled shed open on two sides to the street, are packed as close as they possibly can stand, 33 milch buffaloes. The dung and urine from the cattle opposite the street must run out into the street. The owner has repeatedly been summoned and fined, but it is of no good. The place (at only now is kept as clean as it can be kept, but it is not right that cattle should be so huddled together.

The other sketch is of a place in Chundunwady. It is an enclosed courtyard, the ground of which is paved in places, though almost all the stones are loose. On three sides of the court are upper-storied buildings, the ground floors of which are turned into buffalo stables, whilst the owners live in the rooms upstairs. The buffaloes are brought out into the yard and sluced with water. This becomes mixed with dung and is the commencement of the contents of the foul drain that runs out into Back Bay by the sewerage necessary. The heat, the faint sickening odour, the walls moist with the exhalation from the animals, the stalling smell of ammonia, make one sick on first entering these stables. I have found a difference of ten degrees between the temperature of the external air and that of the interior of one of these stables, and yet the owners live above and cannot understand that anything here impregnated with such noxious matter must be unwholesome. But, the milk of these buffaloes must be unwholesome, and is milk is the principal food of the young, it behoves us to see what measures can be proposed to remedy this state of things.

Not all the large centres of the population are comprised these milch buffalo stables. Not one or two, but 20, 3, or 4 dealers live in a street. The 2nd Cambodj Street and Upper Pillar Street are streets for example. The ground floor of every house in this street is converted into a stable, whilst the owners live above. The overcrowding of the cattle is really excessive. They have barely room to stand, their sides touching each other. In some places the owners keep men on watch all night to prevent the cattle lying down.

The first thing that should be done is to make the By-laws regarding space for each animal apply to the cattle, (for this the Council of the W. Municipal Council would be necessary), and to bring the owners under the provisions of Section 601, which provides for the removal and disposal of manure.

The next is, that in each quarter of the town the Municipality should erect proper stables, like those at the storehouse, and where each milch cow is kept in ventilation and maintenance, and that owners of milch buffaloes should be allowed only to keep their cattle at these places, paying a small rental for the same.

Until this is done those cowsheds will remain as a resting place and source of disease to humanity.

8 and 10 Count House were especially inspected during the year but only 935 cases of Zymotic disease were acknowledged to have occurred in them. I attempted to obtain information more particularly regarding the state of internal dirtiness in these houses, but the people generally appear to have the greatest disinclination to even mention the name of Death, it being I suppose that his approach might be invoked by their doing so. Much useful information was collected, and in every case where a death from cholera, sun illness, or fever was reported to have occurred during the previous six months, the Municipal Inspector made an especial report on the house and its belongings. In too many of these places the privy was reported as being close to, or the drain from the privy running close to, the well used as drinking water by the inhabitants. Several of these drains have been altered.

ROAD BORAPING.

The streets have been diligently scraped during the year. 15 Patent Road Scrapers were received from England. They answer admirably, collecting more mud with less labour than the old hand-scrapers. The scrapers have been utilized in filling in an offensive quarry hole near the Gas Works, in completing another side of the Circle at Lorne Road, and in filling in the back of the Honorable Munro's Durumulla. I have also filled in a portion of the Wellington Pier, for which I received the sum of Rs. 3,782-11-1 from Captain Ducat.

THE FORN MAN CARRIAGE

Has during the past year repaired 936 carts belonging to different establishments and made 14 new night-soil, and three scavenging carts. I soon found that the native method of unloading the carts at the boundaries shook them all to pieces. The practice was that on the cart being backed to the tip, the bullocks were unyoked and the cart allowed to fall back. This dislodged some part of the contents, but to effect the discharge of the remainder the driver was in the habit of catching hold of the yoke strings and bumping the cart up and down until the contents were discharged. To obviate this I have had many of the carts converted into Tilt Carts after English and American patterns.

OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADES

All the Tanners were removed from the precincts of the native town early in the year. Some have left the island and have established themselves at Bandora. Those that remain are located at Mahim near the B. B. and O. I. Railway Line, half way between Dadar and Mahim Stations. The one at Jambli Tank Mahim has been allowed to remain where he is, on condition that he properly pave the whole place, and make a suitable drain, &c. The place for melting sulphur on the Bellaria Junction Road has been closed. The Catgut makers have also been removed to Worli and Fat Boilers to Nargum. The dyers on a large scale have been removed. Those on a smaller one have been allowed to remain. They are kept under strict supervision, and can, if found to be a nuisance, be removed.

The opposite sketch will show how the dairy cattle in this City are disposed of. They are taken out to the flats close to the new Lorne Road, between Bellaria Road and Mahalaxmi. Here they are skinned, and the carcase exposed to the vultures. These vultures perch on the trees on the summit and sides of Cumballa Hill, where they can get a view of the Parsee Towers of silence on one side, and this place on the other. As soon as the carcass is exposed hundreds of vultures fly down and in an incredibly short time divest the bones of every particle of flesh. The hides are sold to tanners, and ones and hoots are packed in gunny bags and sold for shipments to England and America. Mrs. Wells has had this monopoly for the last 8 years. About 100 animals are thus disposed of every month. The place is frequently inspected and kept clean.

Burial Grounds

The state of some of the Burial Grounds has been subject of complaint during the year. It was hoped that long before this close the new cemeteries for the Christian dead would have been ready. Various delays, however, have unavoidably prevented this scheme being carried out. It is much needed, for the overcrowding in most of the burial grounds, especially in the one belonging to the Goanese Christians, in Trinity Church Street, is excessive, and cannot fail to exert the most prejudicial influence on the health of the inhabitants in their immediate vicinity.

The question must soon arise whether a similar plan cannot be adopted for the removal of the Hindoo and Mussulman dead beyond the precincts of the town. regard for the safety of the living should be quite sufficient answer for the plea adduced that such a removal would interfere with the religious prejudices of each of the above communities. At all events the present Mussulman burial grounds situated to windward of the native town, and the Khojah burial ground in one of its most crowded and most unhealthy quarters, should be closed, and more convenient sites chosen on the flats, if the greater distance to Matunga be fatal to this place being chosen on the score of expense of conveying the dead to it.

The Hindoo burning place in Back Bay is now nearly shut out from the sea by the reclamation. The cost of fuel for cremation is exceedingly heavy, a body cannot be consumed under 4 hours. On more than one occasion bodies have not been totally consumed, the relatives having brought too scanty a supply of firewood.

I would strongly recommend that a Cremator be erected at this burning ghāt, which should be at the disposal of the poor on the payment of a small fee. By this means the Hindoo community would get accustomed to it, and would see its advantage. A body would be put in at one end in a closed vessel, which in its transit through the Cremator would be exposed to intense heat, and after a certain time drawn out and opened, the ashes of the deceased alone would remain, which could be carried away and kept. History we know repeats itself, and I am strongly of opinion that this most cleanly method of disposing of the dead will again revive in Europe as the increased population forces the living to encroach on the resting places of the dead.

I think too the Parsee Towers of silence should be closed. It is disgusting to see the vultures swooping down and carrying away pieces of flesh and bones, and it is not right that one of the best situations in the island for building should be devoted to this purpose. Another situation might be found for them on the flats.

On the 1st September the right of digging graves at new Sonapoor, on the Flats, was let out to a Contractor, who pays at the rate of Rs. 300 per annum for the privilege. He is bound by the terms of his Contract only to charge poor persons Rs. 100 for digging a grave. To all others he charges Rs. 150.

The Market and Slaughter House Establishment.

On the 1st January the public Markets were closed by your orders, as the stall holders refused to pay the amount at which they had purchased the stalls for at the public auction held in December. After holding out for three days they paid the money, and a sum of Rs. 56,016 was collected during the year. The slaughter fees amount to Rs. 7,531, making a total of Rs. 63,547; the sum is Rs. 19,497 in excess of what was estimated.

The improvements at the Null Markets (Erskine Road) have been begun, but were not completed by the close of the year. I append a statement showing the amount of convictions and fines under this branch, as well as the amount of provisions unfit for human food which were ordered to be destroyed.

There have been seven persons sentenced to terms of imprisonment, varying from 14 days to 1 month, with or without fines, for exposing for sale meat—or bringing for slaughter animals—unfit for human food.

The quality of the animals brought for slaughter is very inferior, and the general quality of them are very lean. I think they are half starved after they are purchased up-country until they are brought for slaughter.

The following statement will illustrate to what treatment these poor creatures are exposed after their arrival in Bombay —

"On the night of the 21st July, 500 sheep were driven into a room measuring 27' long, 23' broad, and 14' high. The room is the basement floor of a house in Old Jambli Street, and has two stories above it, where about 100 people live, and in it there were two small windows and three doors, which were all closed. On opening the door the next morning at 6 o'clock 100 of the sheep were found to have died from suffocation. The measurement of the room would only allow each animal 1-2 superficial feet, but doubtless many of the sheep were trampled under foot by the others at once. The poor creatures who survived were almost dead, but on being brought into the fresh air recovered. The Mbars and Mhangs in the neighbourhood carried off some of the dead animals until prevented by Inspector Higgins, who sent the remainder to the Bunder. The owners of the sheep ran away."

I append statements showing the approximate price current of different articles sold in the Markets during each month of the year, and also the price of Food, Condiments, Fish, Fruits, and Fuel in Bombay during the eleven years ending 31st December 1866.

The latter statement is prepared according to the form found in the Appendix to Dr. Leith's Mortuary Report for 1855, with the exception that I have taken the weights and measures that are used by the dealers, shopkeepers, &c., in the markets.

An examination of this return will show how largely the price of provisions, &c., has increased during the last eleven years.

I submit the following summary, showing the rate per cent. of increase in each group of articles in the second five years of the series, compared with what it was in the first five, and also showing the rate per cent. by which the prices of these articles exceeded in 1866 the mean of the whole preceding 10 years —

	Increase per cent. in the five years 1861 to 1866 as compared with the mean prices in the five years, 1851 to 1855				Increase per cent. of price in 1866 over the price of 1851 preceding 31st December 1866.			
Grains	52½	..	..	..	47½
Lentils or Pulses	83	..	..	..	81
Vegetables	33	..	..	..	108
Meat	27½	..	..	..	53
Poultry	47½	..	..	..	64
Dairy Produce	67½	..	..	..	30
Greenness	16½	..	..	..	6
Condiments	17½	..	..	..	61½
Fuel	64½	..	..	..	50

The price of the necessaries of life has a most important bearing on the health of the population, and it is a matter for serious consideration how to keep it down. The increase is most marked, and tells very heavily on the poorer classes, who consequently from being badly nourished, are more liable to attacks of disease. A brisk competition among the dealers would probably bring down the prices, and that I trust we shall have as soon as the new markets are opened.

At the same time I think that much might be done in the way of improving the stock brought to the markets. Government might be asked to afford assistance by importing sheep from England and Austria. I think only sheep and oxen of a certain weight should be allowed to be slaughtered. The average weight of a sheep intended for European consumption is 17 lbs. The sheep and goats for native consumption average 40 lbs. in weight. The average weight of oxen and buffaloes is 300 lbs., that of cows and bullocks 250 lbs.

Improvement in the quality of pasture might be sought by paying more attention to the manuring of the fields. In England experiments on a large scale have been tried successfully to utilize night soil for this purpose. At Carlisle I have seen surprising crops of grass in fields irrigated with the night soil of the town. I need hardly refer to the Craigmantilly meadows, another well known instance of the value of this manure.*

There might possibly in Bombay be a prejudice against vegetables grown on land manured in this manner, but there can be none to green forage for horses and cattle, of which Bombay during the hot months, so much stands in need. The best and most profitable crop would be sorghum, and I strongly recommend that the experiment be tried.

In the Decan this manure is used under the name of *son khul* (golden manure), and in depositing all the night soil of Bombay into the *Ilabou* we are literally throwing away what is worth gold. It has been calculated in England that the money value of night soil equals to within a per cent of population per annum. I only mention these facts to direct attention to one of the undeveloped resources of the country, as I believe that it would pay commercially to evaporate the night soil to a powder, pack it in gunny bags, and send it up country for application to the fields during the rains, and thus restore to the land what has been taken from her.

The following extracts from Von Liebig's familiar letters on Chemistry will illustrate this fact—

"The principal problem for agriculture is how to replace those substances which have been taken from the soil, and which cannot be furnished by the atmosphere. If the manure supplies an imperfect compensation for this loss, the fertility of a field or of a country decreases; if, on the contrary, more are given to the fields the fertility increases."

"An importation of urine, or of solid excrements from a foreign country is equivalent to an importation of grain and cattle. In a certain time, the elements of these substances assume the form of grain, or of feed for, then become flesh and bones, enter into the human body, and return again day by day to the form they originally possessed."

* * * * *

"The analysis of the excrements of man, of the voracious birds (*Gans*), of the horse, and of cattle, furnishes us with the precise knowledge of the salts they contain, and demonstrates that in those excrements we return to the fields the *ash* of the plants which have been raised on them. The soluble and insoluble salts and earths indispensable to the development of cultivated plants, and which must be furnished to them by a fertile soil."

"There can be no doubt that, in supplying these excrements to the soil, we return to it those constituents which the crops have removed from it, and we renew its capability of nourishing new crops. In one word we restore the disturbed equilibrium of the soil. Consequently, knowing that the elements of the food derived from the soil enter into the urine and solid excrements of the animals it nourishes, we can with the greatest facility determine the exact value of the different kinds of manure. The solid and liquid excreta of an animal have the highest value as manure for those plants on which the animal has fed. Thus the excrement of pigs which we have fed with peas and potatoes are principally suited for manuring crops of potatoes and peas. In feeding a cow upon hay and turnips, we obtain a manure containing the mineral elements of grasses and turnips, and which is therefore preferable for manuring turnips. The excrement of pigeons contains the mineral elements of grain. That of rabbits, the elements of herbs and kitchen vegetables. The fluid and solid excrements of man, however, contain the mineral elements of grain and seeds in the greatest quantity."

The Mutton Slaughter-house, situated at Horse Bunder, and the Beef Slaughter house, situated in Butcher Street, have, I am glad to say, been condemned during the past year, and new ones have been in course of erection at Bandora on the mainland.

* See 1st Report of Sewage of Towns' Committee, page 90.

The existing slaughter houses have been kept as clean as their imperfect construction permitted. During the year there have been 3,70,706 sheep and goats, 27,816 heads of cattle, and 2,020 pigs slaughtered, giving a daily average of 1,015 sheep and goats, 76 of cattle and 6 pigs.

It is due to Inspector Higgins to bring prominently to your notice the good service he has done during the past year. He has kept a constant and very watchful supervision both over the public and private markets in the different parts of the City, as well as of the shops where provisions are sold.

Night Soil and Halalcore Establishment.

It will be convenient to speak of these establishments together, although they are perfectly distinct in detail. The opposite sketch will show the arrangement that has obtained throughout India for the removal of night soil from the vicinity of the habitations of man, and which is unworthy of a people possessing any pretensions to civilization.

Custom, from time immemorial, has degraded a particular caste to a more menial service than was allotted to the Gibeonites of old.

The lowest of the various castes throughout India is the Halalcore, whose shadow even defiles the heaven born Brahmin, and with whom the Mhang or Mhar (the scavenging class) disdain to co-act or associate. Distinct and degraded from birth as the Halalcores, he is yet, generally speaking, when young, well grown, and possessing pleasing and symmetrical features. The degeneracy however of the full grown man are addicted to every kind of debauchery. Without the restraining effect of any kind of religion, they indulge in every vice and become prematurely old and worn out. Their great pleasure appears to be to drink the most potent spirits they can procure until they fall down in a perfectly lethargic state. Whilst in this state you may roll them over, you may pour buckets of water upon them without eliciting any greater sign of vitality than a feeble grunt, and nothing will rouse them until they have slept for some hours, when they get up without any headache or other apparent ill effects. Yet they are not altogether bad. It will be within your recollection that I found a European lad, 17 or 18 years of age, living amongst them, and entirely supported, fed, and clothed at their expense. This wretched boy was the son of a soldier who took his discharge from a regiment in the Punjab, and who came down to Bombay with his wife and this boy in search of employment. The wife died, the father applied for and obtained a pass to go to England at the expense of Government, leaving this boy to take care of himself as best he might. He sank from bad to worse, and at last, as he said, was nearly dying of actual starvation, when the men, the outcasts of society, took pity on their brother outcast, and supplied him with the necessaries of life, which he could not obtain from his fellow-countrymen. With your permission I took this lad into the service and tried to retain him, but the craving for an idle vagrant life had been allowed to grow too strongly on him, and after overlooking faults of the gravest kind on several occasions, and finding that he, though so young, was already a confirmed opium eater, I was obliged to discharge him.

During the 3 months from 1st August to 31st October 1865, 1821 persons were convicted in the Police Courts for suffering their receptacles for night soil to be in a filthy state, and fines to the amount of Rs. 6,150-15 were inflicted on them, the invariable defence set up being that it was impossible to procure the services of sweepers to cleanse their privies. At this time the sweepers resident in Bombay, numbering not more than 500 effective men, enjoyed a monopoly. The head men amongst them got sums varying from 100 to 400 or 500 Rupees a month for the cleansing of certain streets, which was recognized by the rest of the caste as family property. The consequence being that the privies throughout the town were often left untouched for days. It was determined to augment the Halalcore force, and admit public in this grave want. By the end of 1865, 275 Halalcores from up-country had been imported, who after the 1st January 1866 were placed at the disposal of the public in certain sections of the town. On this day and for the ten succeeding days the native sweepers throughout Bombay struck work, being alarmed at the introduction of these new hands, and being determined to try and retain the old system. The amount of inconvenience that during this time was suffered by private persons can be more easily conceived than described, but at length the head men were brought to terms, and I enrolled the whole of them. Since this time up to the end of the year drafts from up-country have been constantly arriving, and I have now upwards of 1,050 in my books.

It soon became apparent that the organization and superintendence of these men took up too much of the time of the European Inspectors, and prevented them carrying out their other duties efficiently, so, with your sanction, Mr. Rowjee Dadaram was employed under me in organizing the establishment according to the wants of various parts of the town. He joined on the 29th March, and rendered very good service; and on the 19th November, when he left, I again entrusted the superintendence of these men to the Ward Inspectors, having appointed as their assistants the old head men of the Halalcories. This system has worked and is working well.

Since April 8th up to December 31st I have received from private persons 810 complaints regarding the non-attendance of sweepers. During the same period my Inspectors have reported 500 cases, making a total of 900. Each well-established case of neglect is severely punished by a fine. The Halalcory is fined Rs. 5, his Muocadam Rs. 10, and his Inspector Rs. 15.

At the commencement of the year under report there were the following number of Public Depots and Necessaries, with the number of carts stated below, standing at each :—

Colaba—Two new Iron Latrines (McFarlane's Patent).....	Carts	4
Sonapoor—Old Necessary and Depot.....	"	16
Khara Tulao—Depot	"	9
Shaik Abdool Pakk Moodia Street—Necessary	"	1
Camateepoor—Necessary and Depot	"	8
Parol—Necessary	"	2

Necessaries 6.....Total Carts 40

As most of the complaints that had been received of the inattention of the sweepers came from the Girgaum and Chowpatee districts, it was determined to open a Depot in that vicinity, and accordingly a piece of land was bought, and a depot made large enough to hold 30 carts. This was opened on the 15th July 1866.

Two new McFarlane's Latrines have been erected at Alloo Paroo's ground, Lower Colaba, and two, same pattern, at Camateepoor, and two at the new Depot at Girgaum.

The annexed sketch will show the old Public Latrine, erected I believe by Mr. Conybeare, in Shaik Abdool Pakk Moodia Street. The drawing will sufficiently explain itself; the impossibility of preventing the tub leaking, and its generally unsightly appearance, and the indecency necessarily attendant on both sexes, having only one means of access, were sufficient to condemn it. I have therefore pulled it down. Two other Iron Latrines will shortly be erected in the neighbourhood to supply its place.

I also append a drawing of the Depot at Sonapoor, which will explain the working of the establishment. As each halalcory brings a full basket he receives a leaden ticket from the Timekeeper, which he has to deliver up at evening roll-call. Unless he has a certain number he is marked off half day or absent.

At the close of the year a large increase in the number of Latrines and Carts had taken place, as will be seen from the accompanying list :—

	Latrines.	Carts.
Colaba, Upper	2	3
Do. Lower	2	3
Sonapoor, old Depot and	1	20
Girgaum, new Depot and	3	25
Khara Tulao, Depot .. .. .	..	16
Camateepoor, Depot and	3	14
Parol	2	3
H. M's. Gao! .. .. .	..	4
Byculla School .. .. .	..	1
House of Correction .. .. .	..	1
Carts for Cleansing Cesspools in Wards .. .. .	..	11
Total....	13	111

Besides the above, three private carts from the J. J. Hospital, and 1 from the European General Hospital are emptied at Chinch Bunder, thus making a total of 115 nightsoil carts, which have to traverse the streets during the night.

The carts at each Depot are filled by 8 o'clock in the morning, after which time the gates are shut; and the sweepers sent to Chinch Bunder. A drawing of which is attached.

This bunder, situated originally on the eastern foreshore, was devoted to this purpose in the year 1858, when two Iron Tanks were laid down. These tanks are each 40 feet long by 7 feet broad and 7 feet deep. They contain therefore 1,960 cubic feet or 12,162 gallons. They are situated at the head of the bunder which is enclosed by a high wall. There is here only room for about three carts to stand. The carts come up and empty their contents into the tanks, which are connected by a moveable sluice gate with an iron pipe leading to low water mark in the Harbour. At half ebb the sluice gates are lifted, and the contents of the tanks flow out into the sea.

The road leading to the tank is exceedingly narrow, of a mean width of 18 feet after passing over the G. I. P. Railway Level Crossing at Carnac Bunder, so that it is not safe for two carts to pass each other.

Into these tanks all the nightsoil of the native Town of Bombay is deposited. At night, between the hours of 11 and 4, the nightsoil carts from the various *depts* are emptied, and during the day, from 4 A. M. till about 12 o'clock, the *halalcories* are engaged in emptying their baskets, which have lately amounted to about 4,000 daily.

The inconvenience of this bunder became so apparent, and the stopping up of the seaward end of the discharge pipe during last monsoon became so frequent, that the matter was brought before the Bench of Justices, who sanctioned another site for similar tanks to be erected.

During the monsoon when the discharge pipe end was blocked up by silt, it was of course impossible to use the tanks. All the carts had to be sent to Love Grove sluices—a distance of 6 or 7 miles from Colaba, and 4 or 5 from the native town. Many of the bullocks died from the extra work, and all were more or less injured, as the road by Mahalaxmee had only been lately metalled.

At the close of the year we had 80 urinals erected in different parts of the town, 64 having been erected during 1866. The particulars will be found in the Appendix.

I am glad to be able to report that the disgraceful buildings known as the Fort necessaries, were removed during the early part of the year. They consisted of two long tiled sheds, supported on wooden piles, and approached by a wooden bridge from the edge of the old Fort Ditch in List Kampart Bow. The buildings themselves were over the highest water mark in Moody Bay, so that only at the highest tides was the filth below washed away. Close to them the *halalcories* had been accustomed to deposit all the nightsoil collected in the Fort, which, mixed with the foul mud in the bay emitted a stench only exceeded by that proceeding from the fore-shore between Boree Bunder and Chow Bunder—Bunder—in front and in the immediate vicinity of the Native Infantry Lines. Moody Bay is in process of being filled in by the G. I. P. Railway Company whose new Station is to be erected on the ground so reclaimed. In the early part of the year two Latrine Barges were moored off the sea wall for the accommodation of the inhabitants of the Fort, but after being in use for some time, on the approach of the monsoon they were removed as it was stated to be impossible to moor them securely so as to stand the force of the monsoon waves. Their absence has put the inhabitants of the Fort to the greatest inconvenience, which will, I trust, soon be removed, by the barges being again stationed here.

Many changes have taken place among the European Inspectors of the various establishments during the year under report. Some have been discharged for laziness, some for drunkenness, and I regret to say two have died—at least one took his discharge, and died shortly afterwards, on his passage home, from abscess in the liver. The other man died from sunstroke.

I am glad to be able to bear testimony, however, to the general good conduct of the European Inspectors employed in this department. Their duties are most arduous and continuous. They are exposed to all weathers, and run greater risks of contracting disease than any other class of Europeans in the City. And, as might be expected, their health occasionally fails. I find that they are particularly subject to fever and congestive attacks of the liver.

Rate of Mortality

As you are aware the Registration of Births and Deaths in the city was not under my charge during the year 1866. From the summaries of the weekly statements published in the *Government Gazette* the following information has been gleaned:

Of course necessarily small. In all England the birth rate is as 1 per 1,000 of population. Calculating on these figures we ought to have had 27,028 Births registered during the year.

During the year 1866, 16,750 persons died from all causes in the City. This number is 11,881 less than the cases recorded in 1865 and 8,285 less than in 1864.

1866 was in truth an exceedingly healthy year. Only 824 deaths from Cholera occurred. Small pox, however, increased, 1,071 deaths took place from this cause during the year, against 567 in 1865, although in 1864 the number amounted to 1,707. Measles carried off 485 persons against 132 in 1864, and 369 in 1865. The deaths from Fever are considerably less than in 1864 or 1865, being 9,833 against 12,593 in 1864, and 18,739 in 1865.

I append a roll showing the number of deaths from Zymotic diseases, and from all causes during the years 1864, and 1865, and 1866.

Assuming the population to have been the same in these three years, the rate of deaths per 1,000 stands thus—

Deaths from—	1864 Rate per 1,000.	1865 Rate per 1,000.	1866 Rate per 1,000.
Cholera ..	5 93	8 53	40
Small pox	3 00	0 69	1 13
Measles ..	0 16	0 45	0 59
Fever ..	15 42	22 94	12 04
All other causes ..	7 02	7 43	6 16
Total of all causes..	30 62	35 04	20 50

The result of this table shows that whereas in 1864 one person died to every 32 persons living, and in 1865 one person died to every 23 persons living, yet in 1866 one person died to every 48 persons living.

It must be remembered that the annual death rate in the chief towns of England is nearly 20 per 1,000. In the City of London it averages about 21 5 per 1,000. In country districts it averages 19 8 per 1,000, and in all England it is 22 5 per 1,000. (See Dr Letheby's report on the Sanitary Condition of the City of London, 1865.)

From the fact in the Appendix that the deaths in London during the last 7 months of the year amounted to 14 50.

Taking the different districts of the town separately, it appears, however, that in several of them a very high death rate has occurred. The highest, as has been noticed in former mortuary reports, occurs in Chaopate, being 37 3 per 1,000, or 1 in 27, this is better than 1864, when the death rate here was 62 12 per 1,000, or 1 in 16. Khetwady, bordering on Chaopate, with the same physical characters, has a similar high death rate. The lowest death rate was in Sewree, 8 7 per 1,000, or 1 in 14. I have passed over both the Southern Division of the Fort and the Water Division, which have both lower death rates than Sewree, as there are peculiarities concerning each of these localities. The next highest death rate occurs in Ahura Tullao, 36 5 per 1,000. Parell, lower-lying and swampy 30 5, Chuckle, 29 8, Eaplano, 25 7. The high death rate in the Eaplano was brought to notice by Dr Haimes, in the Mortuary Report for 1864, as a matter of surprise. "Its chief residents," he says, "are the men and families of the Native Regiments, and the figures point to some sanitary defect which perhaps might be removed." I believe this excessive mortality is produced from the air of this portion of the Eaplano being tainted by the emanations from the foul foreshore in Modi Bay, now worse than ever. I have already addressed you on the subject.

From the meteorological observations supplied from the Observatory at Colaba it will be seen that the mean barometric pressure was 29 622, its mean range 114, and its extreme range 822.

The mean temperature of the air was 78 3°, which is 21° below the average, the mean range 10 1°, and the extreme range 36 2°. The mean dew point was 70 5° and the mean humidity 78°.

78 84 inches of rain fell at Colaba on 98 days, being very near the average.

The wind blew a mean of 19 hours from the sea and 5 hours from the land.

Although the death rate as compared with former years presents a more favourable aspect of the public health, yet I would deprecate the belief that this condition is solely to be ascribed to the increased exertions in cleansing the town. It is at present only safe to say that we have effected the deportation of 108,098 tons of matter which, whilst in a state undergoing decomposition, is believed to be pre-

judicial to human life, and that the removal of night soil from amidst the dwellings of the inhabitants has been during the year much more speedy and effectual than it ever was before. No general conclusion can be drawn from the results of one year. The experiment, to lead to any practical deduction, must extend over a term of years.

It is our duty, however, to try and seek for the causes of disease, and as the greatest mortality in Bombay proceeds from fever, I shall attempt to show its cause and the means of preventing it.

Bombay originally was an island divided from the mainland at its north end by an arm of the sea which, flowing past Worlee and Bandora to the west, entered the mouth of the harbour at Sion, on the east. As communication with the mainland began to be more frequent, the necessity for an uninterrupted road became imperative, and accordingly a causeway was built, in 1605, between Sion at the north-east end of Bombay, and Coorla in the south-east end of Salsette, and another, in 1845, between Mahim at the north-west and Bandora on the opposite coast, and in 1852 the G. I. P. Railway Company threw an embankment across the creek at Coorla, entirely blocking up the passage of the tidal waters, and their free access has been still further interfered with the embankment between Mahim and Bandora, over which the B. B. and C. I. Railway runs. The sea in the meantime, prevented from flowing through its ancient channel, is making large encroachments on the Mahim side of the Bay, and much valuable land has already been lost from this cause.

The northern end of Bombay, the south and south-eastern shores of Salsette and Trombay, are formed by salt marshes. In Salsette Dr Leith tells us, in his Eighth Mortuary Report, they probably cover thirty square miles, but this surface is year by year increasing, from the gradual silting up of the mud which formerly was carried away by the scour of the tidal waters. As the existence of these salt marshes has frequently been shown by Dr Leith to be one of the causes which produce so large a mortality from fever, I think it becomes a most important question for you to consider whether it would not be possible again to open the passage for the sea through the various embankments that I have spoken of, so that we might have the advantage of its scouring power, and above all, whether the reclamation of these marshes for cultivation could not be urged on Government as a measure which will not only incalculably benefit the health of this City, but also bring much valuable land into the market, and so obtain a profitable result from what is now not only entirely unremunerative, but a prolific source of disease.

I cannot too strongly bring forward the following paragraph from Dr Leith's Eighth Mortuary Report, as forcibly illustrating the danger the public health runs from the proximity of the Flats to the native town, and I do so now more earnestly than ever, as it is evident that any extension of the native town must take place in the direction of the Flats.

Dr. Leith says, "Another probable source of febrile disease is present in the Flats, that were at one time salt marshes over which the sea at high tide flowed, insulating the higher portions of this island from one another, until it was excluded by the embankments or vallades at Dharaveo, Worlee, and Mahaluxmee. Much of the recovered land has been brought under cultivation, and most of it must have become greatly purified by the annual rains, but the soil even in these portions is not yet totally freed from organic matter, and as, from the neglected drainage, a large surface continues moist until long after the end of the south-west monsoon, it is still likely to give out unwholesome exhalations."

"There is a portion of the Flats lying between the drain and the Mahaluxmee Vallade, measuring about 189 acres, which is kept in the state of salt marsh by the sea water passing through the foundations of the vallade."

The obvious remedy is that the Flats should be filled in and brought by drainage, &c., into a state fitted for building purposes. Were this done I could conceive no fairer site in the world than would be afforded, by taking the Horuby Vallade as the base, and building a crescent of really good upper-storied houses, which would extend from the Mahaluxmee end on the south, to the Love Grove end on the north. Such a scheme would, I believe, be remunerative in a pecuniary point of view. I only advocate its adoption as one method of compensating the European population for the loss of one of its healthiest suburbs from the resumption of Colaba by Government. I also strongly advocate its adoption as a means of relieving the overcrowding on one part of Malabar Hill, which is fast becoming nearly as bad as the native town, and where epidemic disease, in spite of its being exposed to the westerly breeze, is not at all unlikely to break out.

Another cause of the prevalence of fever in Bombay has, with great reason, been ascribed to overcrowding. It is only those persons who go into the houses of the poorer class in the native town who can picture the squalid poverty, the sallow unhealthy appearance of the inhabitants of some of the Tenant Houses. The accompanying two sketches will show two places known to me during the year 1864 as perpetual fever nests. The first is a picture of a court leading out of Bellasis Junction Road. You reach it by a passage about 7 feet broad, and about 20 yards long. This is formed by the sides of two houses fronting Bellasis Junction Road, the eaves and galleries of which overhang, so that there is only a clear air space of about 2 feet. The court, about 13 feet wide, is composed of continuous one-storied buildings which shut it in on three sides. There are 12 rooms on the ground floor, and 14 rooms on the upper story, round which a gallery runs. There are 3 privies in the corner of each floor. As you will see, but little sun or air can reach the ground-floor. At this present moment some of the rooms are empty, and only 67 persons living in the 26 rooms, but in 1864 there were upwards of 200 persons living here, and the deaths from fever were numerous. As it is, the place is regularly disinfected once a week.

The other picture represents parts of the property known as Putnowady, where you will remember we constructed a drain last year. Here too the houses have been allowed to be built in too close proximity, and in the form of a *cul de sac*, so that proper ventilation is impossible.

Since this place was drained the deaths from fever, previously numerous, have been less, and when further action has been taken to improve the state of the lane, &c., I trust the number will still further decrease.

Overcrowding was much more excessive than at present in 1864 and 1865, during the reclamation mania, when thousands of poor labourers came from up country hoping to save fabulous sums of money, but who only found a premature death. Even now it is excessive in various sections of the town, occurring just at present from the large influx of pilgrims *en route* to Mecca, who will only stop in the neighbourhood of their caste brethren.

On the subject of improved dwelling accommodation for all classes is of paramount importance, and demands an immediate attention. In dealing with a question of this kind we should not only consider the wants of the existing population, but, regarding the extension of the town as inevitable, try to hit on some plan whereby quarters sufficiently large for the future probable requirements for different classes may be provided. I have in a former part of this report pointed out one way of relieving this want among the upper classes of society, but here I wish particularly to bring to your notice the extreme difficulty that Europeans drawing salaries of Rs 300, 400, or 500 a month have in finding house accommodation, and that it is almost impossible for mechanics or artisans drawing Rs 80 to 150 a month to find respectable lodgings. I know several married men of this class who now occupy rooms in chills which are also tenanted by natives.

Turning to the native portion of the community, the masses of the labouring class as a rule pay from Rs 14 to Rs 24 and upwards for the wretched accommodation the landlords furnish them. Take for example the piece of ground bounded by the Grant and Balkland Roads and Grimbock Fushram Street. On it are the cadjan huts tenanted chiefly by the biggies employed under this department. I have to provide an especial staff of men to keep this place clean. I dare not at present give the owner notice to pull these huts down as the wretched inmates would be unable to find other quarters, and from the same cause I have refrained from pulling any such huts down during the past year, unless they have been a source of positive disease to the neighbourhood.

I would propose that the space bounded by Gilder Street, and its extension to the Bellasis Road and partly by the Foras Road and private properties, be chosen as the quarter on which to erect second and third class residences for Europeans. The site would be convenient for business men, and is well exposed to the north-west. This would be one locality, and it is hoped that another site would be afforded if the landowners in Girgaum were to find it to their advantage to cut down the belt of coconut trees, and to build really good houses for the European middle class.

For natives almost all the available ground in Camateepoora has already been built over. There still remains the vacant plot of ground in rear of the chali in the Omerlary Sewage Road, which was erected by your orders, and no better place could be chosen whereon to erect model lodging-houses for the native poor than the place about alluded to, where our scavenging coolies at present reside.

Whilst on this subject I would urge, Sir, on you the advisability, nay the imperative necessity, of undertaking a fresh enumeration of the people, and I am strongly of opinion that such enumeration should take place at two different periods

of the year, viz. in February when the greatest number of persons not belonging to Bombay are present, and also in July, when large numbers of these people will have returned to their native country to till their fields. The result of the two will give us a very fair idea of the actual number of the population, and whether it has been progressive or stationary since the last Census.

Regarding the means to be taken towards the prevention of cholera, I think we should consider the subject from two points of view, viz., what steps should be taken to prevent its generation within the City, and, secondly, what measures are necessary to prevent its importation from the Mofussil.

As regards the first point, the production of cholera poison has been ascribed by the highest authorities on the subject to the contamination of the atmosphere or water supply with cholera evacuations. The disease has in this City always appeared in a more intense form in damp and wet situations. Chaopatee and Girgaum have always suffered in a heavier proportion than the more densely populated quarters of the Native town. We find that in Chaopatee and Girgaum there are only 774 Vohar water connections, and that the generality of the inhabitants drink water from wells dug out of the porous calcareous sand which forms the surface rock in these localities. As you are aware, there are also in these districts extensive parts covered with coconut trees, among which the poorer classes live in cadjan huts, which are huddled together, and between which there are only unmade shallow drains, which in many cases remove the refuse thrown into them to a very short distance before it is absorbed into the ground, and finds its way into the nearest well.

In the hot weather of 1864 I have seen persons ill with cholera passing choleraic stools on the ground in the immediate vicinity of their houses and wells.

The main drainage scheme it is hoped will remedy this, but I would urge that even in anticipation of it the surface drainage of these and other parts of the city be at once improved. At the same time I am anxious to draw your attention to the fact, as bearing on this point, that where Vohar water pipes have been laid on throughout the City a sufficient means of drainage has not been insisted upon to carry off the waste water. I have during the past year brought to your special notice the condition of the ground adjacent to the various dipping wells and the standards for filling the watering carts throughout the city, and I do so again feeling that the matter is really a very important one, and that so much unwholesome wetness should not be allowed to continue.

I have also expressed my opinion, and do so again most emphatically, that, as recommended by Dr Leith, the impure dipping wells should be at once removed, and that fountains be substituted in their stead, when foreign bodies would not find their way into the drinking water of this City.

In 1863 and 1864, when daily visiting the "cholera gardens" in Girgaum, Chaopatee, and other parts of the City, I was particularly impressed with the necessity of having in each locality a cholera hospital. I have often advised the friends of persons ill with cholera to take them to the Jambhjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital. The invariable answer was, "oh, it is too far off, the man will die before he can reach it!" and there is manifest truth in the assertion.

Should an epidemic of cholera again visit this City, and although we have done and are doing our best to remove all those matters and conditions which are known to be favourable to its propagation, yet we must expect it will recur until by means of drainage, quarantine, &c., we have made the Town cholera proof, yet in the event of its appearing I am sure that the establishment of cholera hospitals in the various wards, combined with house-to-house visitation by medical men, will prove the only sure means of arresting its progress.

Regarding the measures to be adopted in order to prevent the importation of cholera into Bombay from the Mofussil, I think, as it has been repeatedly shown that pilgrims from the various "Jutiras" or religious fairs have introduced cholera whilst passing through Bombay on their way back to their homes, that one of the first things to be done is to represent to Government the necessity for immediately bringing the arrangements of each of these Jutiras under special sanitary supervision.

The fair of Punderpoor is notorious for having over and over again been the source of cholera. Knowing this, and dreading its introduction from this place into Bombay, I addressed you on the subject just before the fair was celebrated, and you were kind enough to request the Revenue authorities in the Mofussil to inform me if any cases occurred. Cases did occur, but they were stopped at Barsee Railway Station, and by this timely precaution Poona and Bombay escaped.

I would strongly recommend that Government should prevent in certain years, when cholera is prevalent, the assembling of these Jutiras, and that the Magistrate

rial authorities in each district should be requested to inform you when these fairs will be celebrated, and give you immediate intimation of the occurrence of the first case of cholera, and mention what arrangements have been made to prevent the people so affected from spreading the disease in their homeward route. I think that at each place proper resthouses should be provided, that the drinking-water supply be carefully protected from any possible contamination, especially from nightsoil; that large quantities of McDougall's disinfecting powder be daily sprinkled over the floors and in the vicinity of the resthouses, and above all that trenches be dug, one for men and another for women, both to be situated to leeward of the camp. Each trench should be filled in daily by ground excavated from a fresh trench dug parallel to it. And at each place there should be an official armed with sufficient power to order, in the event of cholera breaking out, the whole encampment of pilgrims to march to any named and suitable spot.

It is not my province to suggest on whom the expense of all these arrangements should fall, but I cannot but express my opinion that as the town or priestly authorities derive all the benefit from the religious generosity of the devotees, Government should compel them to expend whatever sum was necessary in taking the requisite precautions to prevent the propagation of cholera throughout other parts of the country.

I would also recommend that in such years a sanitary cordon be drawn between Bombay and the mainland, and that at Cooria on the G. I. P. Railway line, and at Bandora or B-rodeo on the B. B. and O. I. Railway line there should be stationed Apothecaries with orders to inspect all trains, and especially all 3rd class passenger trains, and to detain at these places, in buildings to be provided, all persons suffering from diarrhoea or cholera. The agents of both Railway Companies might be urged to supply the guards of each train with cholera mixture and McDougall's disinfecting powder. Notices in the vernacular to this effect should be posted up in each 3rd class carriage and at all stations along the line. I would also insist that the Railway authorities, as common carriers, be compelled to disinfect every carriage in which persons sick from any zymotic disease had been carried, before such carriage was again allowed to run.

I think that in cholera years the Railway authorities should be obliged to form sanitary encampments—say at Lanowlee and Lyutpooa on the G. I. P. Railway Company's line, and at Bulsar on the B. B. and O. I. Railway Company's line, at which all persons affected with diarrhoea or cholera should be detained and treated before being allowed to proceed further, and that at each terminus in Bombay there should be a building set apart in which any person who had escaped observation at the two previous sanitary stations might be detained.

Some of these suggestions may at first sight be considered impracticable, but the question of the spread of cholera in Bombay possesses more than local interest, and is fast becoming a question of national importance.

I think Government should issue orders that every ship, whether of European or Native build, should before leaving the port be provided with a certain quantity of cholera mixture and McDougall's disinfecting powder, and that every pilgrim ship leaving the port should be compelled to carry an Apothecary in the Government service.

It is lamentable to observe, two generations after Jenner's great discovery, the large and unnecessary loss of life from small pox. This disease is frequently imported into Bombay from persons arriving in native craft from the seaport towns in Arabia, Persia, and Africa. The proposed introduction of quarantine laws will, it is hoped, prevent this source of danger, but in the meantime the masters of all these vessels should be immediately compelled to report every case of zymotic disease that they may have on board, which should be dealt with according to its urgency. When a certain means exists for the eradication of small pox, I cannot but think that Government should insist on the compulsory vaccination of every child born in this City.

As I have stated before, the total number of deaths amounted in 1866 to 16,750. The question that these figures suggest is a most important one—

What is the rate of sickness to the total number of deaths?

Dr Lyon Playfair states that in Manchester there were, in a mixed population of all ages, 11,587 deaths to 821,041 cases of sickness—this gives 28 cases of sickness to each death, and that in Lancashire there were 14,000 deaths and 898,000 cases of sickness—this gives 26 cases of sickness to each death. Supposing we take 25 cases as the probable sickness rate during last year in this City, then we should have had 418,750 cases of sickness during the year, or 34,867 persons sick during every month of the year, or 1,119 persons sick during every day.

The thought now naturally suggests itself, what accommodation has been made in this City for so large a sick list, and whether we are as well provided in this respect as other commercial and maritime towns in Europe?

I have accordingly compiled, from the reports of the Registrar General and those of Drs. Bristowe and Holmes, published in the sixth annual report of the Medical Officer of the Privy Council, the following list of Civil Hospitals in Great Britain, &c., showing the population of each town, the number of Hospitals and beds, and the ratio of beds to population, and below I have stated what accommodation exists in this respect in Bombay —

Names of Towns	Population	No of Hospitals	No of Beds	Annual No of Patients	Ratio of beds to Population one to	Remarks
London	3 015 401	16	3,800	31 107	781	There are upwards of 21 Hospitals in London, including those for special diseases.
Birmingham ..	827 912	2	01	3 721	609	
Bristol	161 409	2	172	4 325	435	
Hull ..	103 717	1	117	971	715	
Leeds....	2 1025	1	134	1 735	1,733	
Liverpool..	476 364	3	466	4 43	1 022	
Manchester...	351 330	1	260	1 885	1,365	
Newcastle ..	..	1	215	1,666	..
Edinburgh	171 191	1	513	...	345	
Glasgow ..	329 723	2	612	4 012	362	
Dublin ..	317 666	10	674	9 533	322	
Paris ..	1 681 131	8	3 442	..	416	Hospitals for incurables, containing 50 beds, Opium Clinic 30 Beds, Obsteric 30 are not included in the above as they are for special diseases
Bombay	816,552	2	70	6,051	2,006	

The European General Hospital, situated in the old Fort George Barracks, is supposed to afford accommodation for all the Civil European population of the City and the ships in Harbour. It contains only 90 beds, and is a building which in arrangement, construction, and position is in every way unsuitable for a Hospital. Until recently small-pox and cholera patients were treated in tents. You will remember that from the impossibility of efficient segregation in this Hospital, a sailor of H.M.'s Ship "Octavia," who had been sent on shore to the Hospital sick from another disease, carried small-pox poison with him on his return on board, and that the disease broke out among the crew with great violence; 163 cases occurred, and some deaths*. Fever cases are admitted into the General Wards. I believe the Hospital has been condemned over and over again by Dr. Joynt, the Surgeon in charge.

The Jamsheet Jejeebhoy Hospital, conveniently situated as regards the native town, contains only 250 beds for the accommodation of all the native sick. Fever cases are admitted into the General Wards. Cholera cases are generally placed in the verandahs of the different wards, and when more than 4 admissions from small-pox takes place, one of the end wards of the Hospital is emptied for their reception.

By the courtesy of Dr. Hunter, Principal of Grant College, and Surgeon of the J. J. Hospital, I have been favoured with the following extract from his annual report on the J. J. Hospital —

"The Hospital, originally built for the accommodation of 253 sick, now contains 312 patients, and is consequently overcrowded. Every exertion is made to avoid doing so, but the demands for admission are so urgent that at times it is next to impossible to keep the number of sick within reasonable limits, on an average we are obliged to refuse admission to from 15 to 20 patients daily. It was hoped

* In connection with the outbreak of small pox on board Her Majesty's Ship "Octavia," may mention that by your orders a large quantity of McDonnell's manufacturing powder was sent on board where it was used for line-washing her lower hold &c. I am glad to be able to report that Dr Doyle Shaw, R.N., the surgeon of this ship has mentioned to me his very high opinion he has formed of the efficiency of the powder as a manufacturing agent. I believe I am right in stating that in consequence of Dr. Shaw's report the Admiralty has ordered the whole of Her Majesty's Navy to be supplied with this most excel-

that the opening of the Ophthalmic Hospital and Hospital for Incurables would have removed this difficulty, such has however not proved to be the case, both these hospitals are filled, and yet the J J Hospital is unable to meet calls made on it. Under these circumstances I strenuously urge the necessity of the upper story being completed with as delay as possible."

We all know that in 1861 and 1865 there was a great talk of building a new European General Hospital and another large Native Hospital. Committees were assembled, reports were published, but unfortunately nothing has been done and now, Sir, I would press upon you to urge upon the Government, upon the Worshipful Bench of Justices, and upon the Public, the imperative necessity for providing increased hospital accommodation for the European and Native poor of this City.

It will be unnecessary for me to dilate on the requirements of the European poor, as I believe the plans, &c., of a new European General Hospital are before Government. I would only wish to point out that Bombay is the largest maritime City in the East, that it has during the last few years become the head quarters of a Squadron of Her Majesty's Navy, and that the European element is likely to be largely increased when the two Railways connect Bombay still further with the interior.

We want urgently, we want immediately, two additional Hospitals for the Native population—one for fever cases, the other for small pox patients. I desire that I would propose being already to the Municipality, viz., that open land between the Oomburkharee Sewer Road and the Foras Road. I propose this site for both Hospitals as it is situated close to the great fever nest Camteepoorra, and the residences of the labouring classes. It is also well exposed to the westerly breeze, and is near to the terminus of one of the Railways.

In these times I know that it is idle to expect any large subscriptions from individuals, but I think there are very few European and Native gentlemen who would not be willing to subscribe Rs 50 or 100 for such a purpose. I am quite sure the poorer class themselves would willingly subscribe their mite towards it. Above all I would deprecate any delay on the plea that funds cannot be got to build Hospitals with handsome frontages. Let these Hospitals be made in the cheapest way possible only taking care that there is liberal allowance of superficial space, that the ventilation is perfect, and that they are perfectly drained.

I must now approach a subject regarding which I have already during the year under report addressed you. I mean the advisability of bringing all brothels and prostitutes in this City under medical and Police supervision.

Dr Pakes says—"It may seem an offence against morality to speak of such things, but we must deal with things as they are, and our object now is not to enforce morality but to prevent disease."

The amount of venereal disease in Bombay is something appalling. During the year at the J J Hospital there have been upwards of 2,000 cases treated, and Dr Joynt informs me that 295 Europeans have been treated from the same complaint at the European General Hospital. Out of 1,000 halakorees I have at least 68 suffering from this disease.

One and all of the medical men residing in Bombay, whom I have consulted on the subject, have told me of the extreme prevalence of the complaint. Since commencing the report I have been called upon by the Military authorities to know whether I have power to remove from the precincts of Military Cantonments at Colaba women who are known to be diseased, and who have infected several men of the Regiment. Dr Goringe, the Surgeon of 4th King's Own Regiment, writes to me as follows—

"More than half the patients I have at present in hospital are admissions from venereal disease. Last week I sent our Regimental Police to try and catch a woman who was known to have diseased three men, and fortunately we caught her, and I sent her for treatment to the J J Hospital. There are at present to my knowledge several women in the Colaba Bazar (near the Asylum) who are carrying on their trade whilst suffering from disease to a frightful extent, and only this morning two of our men are proved to have contracted their disease from that quarter. I got the Commanding Officer to write to the Commissioner of Police to instruct the Native Sepoys to prevent bad characters coming to the Camp, but I fear it is a difficult matter."

"Nothing short of the Continental system of registration and supervision will be effectual—sending the women found on Medical inspection to be diseased to a Lock Hospital. Bombay badly wants such an Institution. It has been introduced into the large Military seaport towns at Home, with the greatest success. Every man who comes to hospital with venereal is bound to point out to the Police the

woman's house where he contracted it, and so the evil is struck at its root; for it is useless to go on treating the disease as it occurs in the man whilst we let the woman escape all treatment."

Another Medical practitioner informs me that he treats during the year between 280 and 300 cases of this disease among sailors belonging to ships in the harbour.

Sir, in the face of such facts I should not be discharging my duty if I did not ask you to obtain a Legislative enactment with a view to bringing all prostitutes in Bombay under strict Medical and Police supervision. I can speak from experience how successfully this plan works in Aden, where there is a Lock Hospital. All the prostitutes from the Mocha Lines, the only quarter in which they are permitted to live, are brought to the Lock Hospital every Saturday morning, and are examined by the Civil Surgeon. Those that are found diseased are detained until cured, and those that are well are allowed to return to their houses. Venereal disease, when I was at Aden, was virtually extinct. I am of opinion that it would be found beneficial to compel these persons to be registered, and to allow them only to live in a separate quarter (removed from the great public thoroughfares), and here a Lock Hospital should be erected.

Sanitary Improvements during the year.

The Main Drainage of the Port has during the year made great progress. The large arteries having been begun, and in some cases nearly completed. As connected with this subject I addressed you on the important question of sewer ventilation and pointed out that trays of charcoal had been used by Dr Lettsby, in the city of London, with the greatest success, and that every ventilating chamber should be provided with one or more such trays. I also brought to notice that advantage should be taken of the power given in the CLVIII. Section of the Act to erect pipes on the outside of buildings, which must be carried to a height not less than 6 feet above the highest part of any such buildings. These pipes should be furnished with charcoal filters, which would remove any possible cause of annoyance to the house occupants.

The construction of a main drain from the covered end of the Main Drain to the Love Grove sluice, was nearly completed by the close of the year. This work will remove what has been up to the present time the cause of great discomfort to the residents of Bynolla, &c.

The erection of a Breakwater in front of the Main Drain of Sonapoor caused all the water from the drain to be ponded up in Back Bay. Numerous complaints were received from residents in the neighbourhood, and a correspondence ensued, in which the Back Bay authorities repudiated their obligation to continue the drain to the sea. I believe I am right in stating that the continuation of this drain is being carried on by your orders in communication with Government. It is one of the greatest improvements that has taken place in the City.

I have before noticed the erection of the new Sweepings Bunker at the Storage Ground, and of this new stable at the same place. These last should be taken as the model on which all cattle stables ought to be built.

New Markets have also been erected at the side of Market Road, and present a favourable appearance with the old ones. The Green Market and the Beef Market sites will now soon be vacant, and I would urge on you the necessity of securing their spaces for ventilation. I know that these sites are extremely valuable in a pecuniary point of view, and that they would bring in a large annual revenue to the Municipality, but I believe in the truth of Franklin's great axiom, "Public Health is Public Wealth," and I am sure these air spaces would improve the public health in the thickly populated localities where each market is now situated.

The new slaughter houses at Bandora have been begun during the year, but were not opened at its close.

The Government Reclamations of the Apollo Bay, Wellington Basin, and a portion of Moody Bay, have been under course of completion during the past year, and have effected a most marked improvement of these portions of the foreshore.

490 Dust Boxes have been erected along the streets throughout the Wards. By their use the cleansing of a ward is greatly facilitated, as the cart goes straight to the Dust Box, instead of loitering along the road, being filled by basketfuls.

I have before noticed the erection of 6 new Latrines and 64 Urinals in various parts of the City.

A great deal of low-lying land belonging to private individuals has been filled up in various parts of the Island. I may particularly mention that belonging to Cabbeer Punt Coasian, and situated between the Grant Road and Forbes Road, next to Gilder's Lank. Formerly it was an unhealthy swamp. It has now been filled to a level with Forbes Road.

Among the improvements during the year under report I must mention the introduction of Gas into the City. Three years ago, and on one or two occasions since, I have brought to notice the fact that its introduction into public buildings, private houses, &c., may seriously add to the impurity of the air, unless due attention is paid to the removal of the products of combustion by ventilation. No better form of Gas Light could be adopted for this purpose than the "Saxburners" lately introduced into the Byculla Club, and Grant Road Theatre. They not only ventilate the Gas burners, but also the rooms.

The Messrs Sassoon have set an example to the rest of the inhabitants of Bombay by substituting iron railings round their property, which allows of the free perfusion of the air, instead of the wretched rubbish masonry walls, which seem only to have been built for the purpose of keeping out the breeze. Doubtless much of the unhealthiness of Chhapatty, Girgaum, and Khetwady is due to this cause, as in these districts the compound walls are not only very high, but the compounds themselves are covered with Coconut trees. Dr. Leith brought these facts to notice in his sixth report, in 1853, he says —

"Girgaon is always severely visited by Cholera when the disease is prevalent, and it would doubtless be conducive to the salubrity of that part of the Island if the dense plantation of Coconut palms were removed. To clear away at once the whole of the Coconut trees would however involve an expense that would not, it is thought, be readily encountered. The existence of a belt of palms, forming as it were a wall 70 or 80 feet high, must hinder the healthful ventilation by the sea breeze of the portion of the Island immediately to its leeward, but were this belt composed of only full grown palms it would be less injurious than it is now to Girgaon itself, as their shady frontage would be well elevated, and would allow the breeze to ventilate the ground beneath with little hindrance from their slender stems. It is the under grown of young palm trees filling up the interstices of the stems of those that are full grown, that acts most perniciously, and it is desirable that for the future the planting of coconut trees there should be prohibited, and as these trees are rarely productive under 8 years, it might be ordered that all those under 4 years' growth should be rooted out, some compensation being given to the owner, and at the same time it might be notified that after 4 years from the date given no license would be granted to tap fresh trees. By this means the salubrity of Girgaon would be gradually improved, at little expense to the Public, and without loss to the present cultivators."

The evil of ventilation caused by the custom in Girgaon, as well as in all parts of the Island, of surrounding compounds and gardens with high walls instead of open railings, should if possible be remedied.

The opposite sketch will show how injuriously to the health of the native town this wall of coconut trees must act by blocking up the free passage of the sea breeze, and I would urge on you the importance of opening up streets from sea to sea. Dr. Leith particularly points out that "one such street might with advantage to convenience, and healthful ventilation be opened along the line of old Bouapore Lane and through the dirty irregular labyrinth of Cavel, and nearly due east through the Market section, and the dense foul Mandvee section to Masjid Bander."

I would now particularly wish to bring to your notice the Sanitary Improvements that appear to me to be the most urgent, and that should be carried out during the ensuing year.

I think one of the greatest wants in this City is the immediate improvement of the surface drainage throughout the Native Town generally, but especially in Comharwada (which district I brought especially to notice in my last report), as also in Khetwady, Chhapatty, and Girgaum. In the two last districts there are but very few drains of any kind, and almost every house has a cesspool into which it discharges its refuse water from bath rooms, cookrooms, privies &c., the contents of these cesspools indubitably find their way into the nearest wells.

This absence of drainage and contamination of water supply is, in my opinion, the cause of cholera always being more severe in these districts than in any other part of the town. I think that most of the wells in these localities should be filled in, and Vehar water fountains (provided with sufficient means of drainage) substituted.

I would next urge that the whole low-lying ground between Bellairs Road on the north, Girgaum Back Road on the south, Duncan Road on the east, and Tardeo

road on the west, be filled in. At this time parts of it present the appearance of a most unwholesome swamp, from which malaria rises, and which is a source of disease to all people living in its vicinity.

I believe that I am right in stating that you have already noticed the fact that the filling in of this tract has been found absolutely essential for the carrying out of the drainage scheme. I would ask therefore that immediate action may be taken, and one great cause of Fever removed.

There should be no delay in getting a Building Act sanctioned. It is much needed, as buildings, even now, are constantly being erected which are not supplied with a sufficient means of drainage, and I would trust that in drafting it all the recommendations contained in Dr Leith's report should be strictly attended to. I would also request that the filthy Tank at Newghur, in Masagon, be filled in as recommended by Dr Leith. The site might be utilized by the erection of a Latrine, which is much wanted in this District.

I must also repeat the following recommendations—

That fountains be substituted throughout the City for dipping wells.

That a New Street be opened from Back Bay along Old Bonapoor Lane and Cavel, through the Muket Section, to Masjid Bunder.

And that action be taken to improve the condition of the Cattle Sheds.

During the past year I have frequently been called upon by private individuals to prevent particular nuisances occurring in particular localities. All that I have been able to do has been to forward such complaints to Major Henderson, with a request that he would instruct his men to prevent these nuisances. This has thrown a good deal of additional work on the Police, and Major Henderson informs me he has not men enough to undertake these duties. Under these circumstances I beg to recommend that, as in New York, a company of the Police be told off as Sanitary Policemen, who should undertake these duties, and also all the various Sanitary Police duties mentioned in the Police Act such as preventing the washing of carriages and horses in the public streets, persons using themselves, &c. &c.

I cannot conclude this report without bringing prominently to your notice how exceedingly difficult it is to carry out any sanitary reform in an Asiatic city like Bombay, where the poorer classes of the inhabitants are so extremely filthy in their habits and customs.

Any European passing through the localities occupied by the Hindoo population in the early morning, is sickened by the disgusting practice these people indulge in, of thrusting two of their fingers down their throats and hawking until they bring up a quantity of mucus, after which they rinse their mouths out with water, and as they invariably sit in rows on the verandahs of their houses to perform this operation, the public streets are debilitated.

It is also the custom of the lower orders of the Parsee community to send their children into the streets, and not to the privy, and it is positively unsafe to walk through the narrow lanes of the Fort, from the practice of Parsee women throwing nightsoil, wrapped in paper, from the higher windows into the road. I took action under Section (XV), and summoned the parents of children committing the above nuisance, but the magistrate dismissed the case, as the offence in his opinion did not come within the meaning of the section—I am &c.

T. G. HDWLETT, Health Officer.

T B—I append a short account of some of the trades of Bombay, especially of those that affect the public health, as I think that it will not be altogether uninteresting for reference in future years. In it I have taken down, from the traders themselves, the modes in which they work at their various trades and I think you will be, as I have been, struck at the rudeness of the means employed in the industrial trades, and at the results that are shown.

Take the dyer for example. His implements are of the coarsest description, and yet the colours that he imparts to various fabrics are most beautiful. There is of course room for much improvement, and when European enterprise shall have introduced European methods of conducting the operations of the various trades herein described, I have but little doubt that advantage both as regards the economical treatment and quality of manufacture will ensue.

APPENDIX TO DR. HEWLETT'S REPORT.

The Halalcores.

CHAND LALLA says:—"I am 65 years of age, and was born at Bareilly in Hindostan. I came to Bombay about 15 years ago. I am a Halalcore, and served an Officer of the British Army in that capacity in the campaign against Bajee Row. I was present at the battle of Poona, and also at the battle of Jeypoor in 1818. I am now a Christian, having been converted by Dr. Wilson. Some of the Halalcores follow the Hindoo religion, and some the Mahomedan. When I was a Hindoo my Ghoroos was a Sikh Ghorain, and I followed the creed of Nannuck Sasee or Oodasae. The Halalcores have the following books:—The Punch Grunth,—The Deah Grunth. These are the books written by one Nannuck, who lived about 900 years ago, and who was the founder of the Nannuck Sasee religion. Halalcores as a rule are not a very religious people; only a very few obey the tenets of Nannuck Sasee, or Khubear (a Mussalman who turned Hindoo), or Kama Nud, who are the three principal Ghoros that the religious Halalcores follow after. These do not eat cow's flesh. The generality of Halalcores eat anything, even the flesh of animals that have died from disease. In 1831 I made a pilgrimage to Budrickedwar, a holy place in the Himalayas, and whilst I was there the mutiny broke out. I then came back, and was after three years converted to Christianity. About five years ago there were about 700 bunglisses resident in Bombay. The year before last (1864) an epidemic fever broke out amongst them, and 230 died or ran away. Formerly, about 11 years ago, all the Halalcores acknowledged the supremacy of one Muccadum, by name Hirjee Waljee, who was reputed to be a very rich man. He owned three or four houses, and had about Rs. 800 or 400 a month. He had the monopoly of receiving all the death clothes of the Hindoos who were burnt and buried. These clothes he used to sell to Memons or Boras, who disposed of them over again. He was a great gambler and drunkard, and after his death it was found that all his property had been wasted. Hirjee Waljee oppressed all the new arrivals among the Halalcores. He claimed four annas per mensem from them. The caste mutined, and it ended by my being appointed Muccadum of all the Halalcores not born in Bombay, whilst Hirjee remained Muccadum of the natives of Bombay. I had four bunglisses employed under me, whom I paid Rs. 15 each a month. I made about Rs. 60 a month; I had about 400 houses to clean in Mandaves. The town was divided into 80 districts, and over each there was a chota Muccadum, who employed private servants to do his contract work. These chota Muccadums took contracts, and made sums varying from Rs. 100 to 400 a month."

Tanners.

DEWA LUXIMON KURRUCK says:—"I and my brother Deva Goonsaje Kurruck are tanners; my ancestors have followed this trade in Bombay for the last 150 years. We tan the hides of bullocks and buffaloes, and tan about 100 hides every month. About 500 green hides come in from up-country during the month, and we also get about 400 or 500 fresh hides in Bombay. These are divided among all the tanners. The rest of the hides of animals slaughtered in Bombay are bought by Messrs. Bates and Company, at Ghosup Dec. "The hides are brought to the tannery with the hair on. They are then rubbed over with chunam, folded up, and dipped into the chunam vat, where they are allowed to remain for 10 or 15 days. If the skin is very large it takes about 20 seers of chunam to 3 maunds of water. After 10 or 15 days the skin is taken out of the chunam vat, spread on the ground, and the hair scraped off with a chisel. It is then soaked in water for four days. If the leather is to have a red colour—I palee or Kujh bark (Acacia species), and 1 palle of gallnuts are pounded together and mixed with 3½ maunds of water in a separate vat. The skin is left in this mixture for four days, and is then taken out, squeezed dry, and sown up. Pieces of Kujh bark, the size of a brick, are then put into the inside of the skin, which is filled with water and suspended from a rail, where it is kept for four days, care being taken to turn the skin upside down every day. After it is taken down it is cut open, dried, and is ready for sale. I pay Rs. 4 or 5 for each fresh skin; Rs. 3 or 4 for each green skin. After tanning—a skin costing Rs. 3 would be worth Rs. 7 or 8; Rs. 4 ditto Rs. 9 or 10; Rs. 5 ditto Rs. 12 or 13. If a white colour is desired—½ maund Babool bark, 16 seers Gall nuts, and 4 maunds of water are mixed, and the same process gone through. I have six tan pits, and employ two men, whom I feed, clothe, and lodge. I pay them Rs. 25 annually. The hair is thrown away, and is carried off by the Municipal carts. I sell the tanned hides to the shoemakers."

ISRAHIM MARRA SAO says.—“I am the Mucadum of Jacob Sao Company, and have been so for the last 4 years. Yacoub Sao Company have an oart at Mahim, where they tan the hides of goats and sheep slaughtered by the butchers. We do not take the skins of those animals that have died, as the skins are bad, and besides we could not touch them. We employ 40 men, on wages varying from Rs. 8 to 15 per mensem, and we have eight tanks and 200 tubs. We buy daily from 15 to 20 scores of hides from the butchers. We get them all from Bombay, none from up-country. We bring them in two carts from the slaughter-house to Mahim. The price of skins varies according to the size, from Rs 2 to 10 per score. As soon as the skins arrive at the Factory they are sorted, all the goats' skins are separated from the sheep skins. Each sheep skin is then spread on the ground and mixed with wet chunnam, and on the next day the wool is scraped off with a piece of bamboo, and is washed and dried. It is afterwards picked to remove all dirt, and then packed in gunny bags and sent to be picked, after which it is shipped off to England or America. After the wool is removed, the skin is put into a tank containing a strong solution of lime, where it is allowed to soak for 12 or 15 days. It is then taken out, spread upon the ground, and cleaned with a knife, after which it is well washed in clean water, and is then put into a tub containing the bark of the Jurwad (species of *Acacia*). We place in each tub between four and five scores of skins, with 2 or 2½ maunds of the bark, and then pour on ten or twelve handies of water. The water and bark are changed after 9 days, and the skins remain in this for another 12 or 15 days, when they are removed and put into a tub containing a solution of galls. This solution of galls is thus prepared—2½ maunds of galls are picked and mixed with six handies of water, which is then boiled and is ready for use. The above solution would be sufficient for 20 or 25 scores of skins. Each skin is dipped in this solution, and then put into another tub, one skin above the other, and are here left for two days. They are then taken out, squeezed dry, spread on a wooden board, and cleaned. Gingly oil is then rubbed over each skin, after which it is hung up to dry in the open air, but under a shed. The dry in about two days, after which they are rubbed over with iron cylinder, which renders them soft. They are then rubbed over with chalk, and are now ready for sale. The skins of goats are treated in the same way, except that they are at once thrown into a tank containing limewater, in which they are allowed to remain for 4 days. On being taken out, the wool is removed, and they are again put in to the limewater tank, and treated in the same way as the sheep skins. We sell goats' skins for Rs 14 a score, the p's skins Rs 7 a score. We buy the Jurwad from Poona, (Halhagum, Sholapore, and Dukan, Hyderabad. It costs Rs. 10 to 12 per pail of 8 maunds.”

Catgut Maker. (Sowwala—Entreewala.)

HANMAN MEYAJI says.—“I was born in Bombay about 37 years ago. My grandfather came from Guzerat about 70 years ago. He was a catgut maker, and so was my father. My grandfather and my father lived in Pinjara Street, and I lived in old Bungal Poori until, in the commencement of this year, we were forced to leave by order of the Municipal Commissioner. We have since located ourselves near Worlee. I pay the butchers one pie for the intestines of each sheep. These are put into a vessel containing water, and cleaned externally. The dung, &c. is removed by drawing the intestines through the fingers. I then take a bone—one of the ribs of a sheep—and draw them over it. This removes the fat and dirt that had stuck to them, and also makes them thin. The dirt is collected and carefully thrown into the sea, and the intestines are dried in the sun or hung up in the house to dry. I then sell them to a merchant called from his trade Tantgurga, whom I charge two pies for the intestines of each sheep. The Tantgurga soaks them in water for three days, and then scrapes them with an iron scraper (gira). He does this for three days and then soaks them in the sap of a tree called Buees, which makes them firm and strong. The intestines are by this time reduced to the size of about 1/4th of an inch. Five of them are taken and attached to a wheel, which, on being turned, twists them into a cord, which is then dried. The Tantgurga sells 100 cubits (about 200 feet) for 1 rupee. I employ 12 persons, who all belong to my own family. If the intestines are brought every day there is no smell, but if kept for one day they commence to smell. I clean between 5,000 and 6,000 intestines during the month. I make about Rs 60 a month. We sometimes suffer from bowel-complaint and fever, but I think the occupation is healthy.”

cost Rs. 14. These tools consist of a curved broad bladed knife, called Aood, a waist-ropo, to which by means of a hook they attach the toomra (fruit of the pumpkin), and a cord to assist them in ascending the trees. I pay about Rs. 80 annually for tar which is smeared round the bottom of each tree to prevent the white ants going up and eating the fruit. My annual expenses amount to—

" 110 Trees.	To owner, monthly,	Rs. 60	by 12 =	720 Yearly.
	To Collector do.	55	by 12 =	660
Wages	Rs. 10-5 by 7 do.	72-3	by 12 =	866-4
Tools ..	.. ..	..	..	14
Tar ..	.. ..	..	..	80

Rupees 2,280-4.

Cocconut trees should not be cut before they are ten years old. They would then be about 15 feet high. From this time a healthy tree would give a daily supply of toddy for about 40 years. When a new tree is to be tapped the Bhundaries cut notches in the stem about $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet distant from each other. On reaching the top the flower sheath (spathe) is tied up in several places with the fibres of a cocconut leaf. It is then left for three days, when the end of it is cut off, and a cocconut leaf tied over the cut end. On the next day and for the three succeeding days the flower sheath is beaten all round with the handle of the knife. On the 4th day a slice is taken off and it is left exposed for one day, when a chaty pot is put on it to receive the toddy, which at first exudes very slowly, but which after a few days will fill a quart bottle. The flower sheath continues to yield toddy for about five weeks, when a new flower sheath must be treated in a similar manner. The toddy drawers visit their trees three times during the day. They ascend the trees early in the morning, and take the toddy which has collected during the night, after emptying the contents of the chaty pot into the toomra, they cut a slice off the end of the flower stalk before putting it on again. They again ascend at 2 P.M., and after cutting a slice off, they rub the cut end with a kind of brush made from the leaves of the Jaseond (shoe flower), which are rolled tightly together. This operation is said to clean the pores, and to allow the toddy to exude more freely. They again go up at 6 P.M., and collect the toddy. Each man has about 15 trees to attend to. They bring the toddy to me at 8 o'clock. I dispose of a large quantity of it to the Bakers, and some is sold to the dealers. A quart bottle full of toddy is sold for 9 pice. I distil Dharoo (spirit), from the toddy in the following manner—About five maunds of toddy are put into a large copper vat, which stands over a chula made of burnt earth. This copper vat communicates by a wooden pipe with a large earthen mutka, called ghagur. The copper vat has a tightly fitting copper lid, on which a large stone is put to make it as air tight as possible. A fire is lighted below, and the spirit distils over into the ghagur, over which water is constantly poured. This operation takes about 9 hours. The spirit that distils into the ghagur is called rhasae. It is sold for three annas a bottle. What remains in the copper vat is given to bullocks and pigs, who eat it with avidity. One and a half maunds of toddy are mixed with one maund of rhasae, and put into the copper vat. The spirit which distils over is called phenee. One bottle of rhasae will make a man intoxicated, but a quarter of a bottle of phenee will have the same effect. I sell this spirit to the spirit dealers, tavern keepers, &c. They give me Rs. 10 for half a maund of phenee. I am not allowed to retail spirits. I have a Police License as a distiller, for which I pay Rs. 50 for the year. I sell toddy at Rs. 5 per 100 bottles to itinerant vendors, on the condition that whatever is not sold by evening may be returned. This is made into phenee. My annual profits vary from Rs. 200 to 300. There are several castes of Bhundaries, all the Hindoo Bhundaries are allowed to drink rhasae or phenee, but are bound by an oath not to drink toddy. They consider it as sin equal to drinking the blood of a cow. The Bhundaries eat fish and mutton."

Camphor Refiner.

JADOONJI NANJI says:—"I am a native of Kotyana, in Joonaghur Zillah, in Kattiawar. I came down to Bombay 37 years ago. I am a Khutree by caste, and by trade a refiner of camphor, and a maker of goolal. I buy camphor in the Boxes in which it comes from China. I pay Rs. 34 for the Surat maund of 42 pounds. The Bombay maund weighs only 28 lbs. I refine camphor in the following manner: $1\frac{1}{2}$ maunds of the China camphor is mixed with $2\frac{1}{2}$ seers of water, and is put into a copper vessel which is about $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high. This quantity of camphor is made into a pyramid, and after it is put into the vessel an additional $2\frac{1}{2}$ seers of camphor are

thrown into the sides of the copper vessel. A copper lid is then put on, and to make it perfectly air tight an iron bar is passed through the lid and the vessel by holes made for the purpose. The vessel is then lifted by handles and put on to an earthen chula, below which there is a fire, the lid and the edges of the vessel are smeared with wet clay, and the clay is formed into a pyramidal shape. In about 15 minutes steam comes through the holes where the iron bar goes, and when this happens a cloth attached to a bamboo is dipped into a receptacle filled with water, and put over the clay at the top so that the water runs down on all sides. This is kept up for three hours, when the copper vessel is removed from the chula, and the lid taken off. The camphor is found in a thick crust, lining the sides of the vessel. Before removing the vessel from the chula its sides are beaten by a stick. If this gives the sound of an empty vessel I know that the camphor is properly done. As soon as the lid is taken off the camphor is divided into four pieces by a flat iron knife, and removed. The pieces are put into boxes and sold to the dealers. When there is plenty of camphor in the market it is sold for about Rs 24 or 25 per 40 lbs. If it is scarce, for about Rs 30 to 40 for 40 lbs. These camphor cakes contain at least three or four seers of water in the Surat maund."

Oil Seller.

"My name is Akoo Jawa. I was born at Kurree, near Ahmedabad, in Guzerat. Have been in Bombay for 8 years. I keep an oil pressing shop near the Null Bazar. I have one mill. I press the teal or gingelly seed (*sesamum indicum*). I clean about 5 palles of teal seed, and put it in the press. I mix about 1½ seers of water with it. The bullocks are then yoked and are driven round, and press the seed for about 1½ hour, when the oil begins to come. In about another hour and a half the operation is finished, and all the oil is expressed. We get about 1½ seers of good oil if the seed is of the best quality. The oil runs into an iron vessel, and is left standing for one night to allow all sediment to settle. The pure oil is removed the next day. Teal seed costs Rs 48 a candy—358 lbs, and the oil is sold at Rs 6 a maund—28 lbs. We get about 8 maunds of oil from one candy of teal. The teal cake, called 'Pond' is taken out of the press and sold as food for cattle at 12 annas a maund. It is principally sold for milch cattle."

COCONUT OIL ("COPEA-KA-TEL")

"The kernels of cocoanuts are brought broken in half, the shells having been removed, if wet they are put in the sun to dry, as soon as they are dry, each half nut is cut into four pieces and put into the mill and the same process as described above is repeated. We pay Rs 2½ for a muda, weighing 6¼ maunds of dried kernels (copea). About 1 maund and 15 seers are pressed at a time. This would yield 55 seers of cocoanut oil after 8½ hours' pressing. Cocoanut oil is sold for Rs 6-2 a maund of 40 seers. The cake called 'Narel Pond' is sold to milkmen for 12 to 18 annas a maund. I consider that the sale of the 'pond' is now the only profit I get, as so much oil is imported into Bombay."

Caranga Oil Seller.

"My name is Balloo Ahmed my family has lived at Parel ever since the Island of Bombay came into the possession of the English. I am 70 years of age, and keep an oil pressing mill. I press Caranga seed. This is the seed of a tree called Kurrang. We only press these seeds during the months of Shringa and Chaitra (March and April). The seeds come to maturity in these months, the seeds are pounded in a mortar to a powder of which five palles are mixed with sufficient water to make it into a dough like substance. This is put into the mill and pressed for an hour. The oil runs out. Each palle of seed produces one seer of oil. It is used merely for lighting purposes, and sometimes medicinally for the cure of itch. The trees grow plentifully in the suburbs of Bombay."

Chundool Shopkeeper.

ACHIN AHON says—"I am 20 years of age, and was born at Macao. My father, who is also a native of Macao, settled in Bombay about 50 years ago, although he has been to China since. I am now a Christian by the name of Silvester Salvador. I keep an Opium shop in Colbhat Road. I sometimes have 50 customers during the day, they consist of Mussalmans, Hindoos, Purvoes, Banians, Mahabratas, and sometimes a few Macilla men come. I have never seen a Parsee or a European smoking

in my house. "I buy raw opium at the Custom House, and pay Rs. 24 for a Calcutta seer. I take a seer of raw opium, and cut it up into small pieces, which I put into a saucepan, and pour on them about 7 pints of water. I put the saucepan on the chula and boil the water, stirring it up with a wooden spoon and continue the stirring for one hour. The saucepan is then taken off the chula, and the mixture is strained through a dongaree cloth into another saucepan. The residue which will not pass through the cloth is thrown away, but the fluid which has passed through the cloth is then boiled a second time, and left to boil down until only 4 pints remain. It is then thick, and is put into a jar, being ready for use. When a customer comes, he asks for the quantity he requires, varying from 9 pies to one rupee eight annas' worth. I always make the customers pay first before giving them opium. A person who can smoke one rupee eight annas' worth, would take all day doing so. I supply the opium in a little China cup, and give the smoker a pipe, which is composed of a China bottle with a piece of bamboo thrust into the mouth of it. The bottle has a small hole bored on one side. I also give him an iron pin, pointed at one end, and called in Hindustani, Sick, and an oil lamp defended from the air by the bottom of a bottle (generally half a soda water bottle) with the end broken off. The smoker lies on a raised wooden platform matted over, which I have fitted in the centre of my shop. These articles are placed by his side. He dips the point of the pin into the cup

and pushed into the hole on the side of the bottle. The smoke is then inhaled through the steam, and taken into the lungs, and after a short time expelled through the mouth or nose. It takes about 15 minutes to finish a cupful, which would cost about four annas. A cupful holds about 50 minutes, and will send a man to sleep. A confirmed opium smoker dare not leave off. If he does he gets sick and dies. The greatest number of persons come to my shop at 8 o'clock at night. I keep separate pipes for Mussulmans and Hindoos. I smoke very little, about one pipe every other day. My father smokes about 12 annas' worth, or about 40 or 50 pipes a day. If I were to drink a cupful of opium it would kill me, but it would only make my father a little drunk. I generally buy about 2 seers of opium during the month, and make about 12 Rupees profit on every seer, but I have to pay for the oil and the wages of one servant."

Sulphur Match Maker.

GHEWLA DEWAP, says—"I am a native of Jamnagpur, in Kathiawar, and am 55 years of age. I came to Bombay 10 years ago, and became a sulphur match maker. I buy the stalks of fir, and pay 1½ annas for a bundle containing about 70 stalks. I dry these over a chula, and then break each stalk into lengths of about 6 inches. These are dipped at each end into sulphur which has been melted on an iron pan over a fire. They are then tied into bundles of about 25 matches to a bundle, which is sold for one pie. I sell from 6 to 8 annas's worth a day. I have only one room where I, my wife, my son, and my daughter live. For this I pay Rs. 3 per month."

7TH AUGUST, 1867.

SALE OF THE GREEN MARKET.—At a meeting on 7th August, called originally to consider a variety of import business, it was stated to be the opinion of the Advocate General and of Mr. Pigot and Mr. White, Barristers, that the meeting had been illegally called, it being necessary under the Act that it should have been called by the Chairman, (Mr. Scoble at that time) who was then in England. The advertised business therefore was not taken up, and strictly speaking the "Bench" did not meet; but a long and excited discussion took place among the gentlemen present (the Hon'ble Mr. Bayley in the chair) with reference to a sale of a piece of Municipal property known as the Green Market, to the Hon'ble Munguldas Nathoobhoy, which had been concluded by Mr. Crawford, the Municipal Commissioner, without the sanction of the Bench, as required by the Municipal Act. Mr. Crawford's argument was that the intended sale of the market formed part of a scheme for raising funds which had been approved of by the Bench. The result of the discussion was the unanimous adoption of the following resolution—"That the meeting accepts with pleasure and satisfaction the explanations made by the Municipal Commissioner."

7TH OCTOBER, 1907.

A quarterly meeting of the Bench of Justices was held on 7th October.

REIGNITION OF A CHAIRMAN.—The resignation of the Chairmanship, sent in by Mr. Scoble, was unanimously accepted, and the Hon. Mr. Bayley unanimously elected Chairman.

THE WATER RATES.—Mr. Crawford said the question of the Water Rates had recently been complicated by the Abyssinian expedition. He thought the Municipality would be entitled to insist upon obtaining from Government its full share of water rates for water supplied to it. He would request ten or fifteen days to place the matter clearly before the Bench, and till then he proposed the matter should stand over.

Dr. Dallas thought from correspondence of Government which had been published, that Government had not the slightest right to any abatement of the usual water rate paid by the inhabitants of Bombay generally, and he moved that the Government water rate past and present be demanded at the town rate ruling each year. The Municipality had agreed to pay 25 lacs for the construction of the works, the Hon'ble Court of Directors took them over and constructed them at a cost of 85 lacs, the increase being caused by the works being let at high contract rates, and by the unsatisfactory conduct of the Engineer, and though Government agreed to pay one half of the excess, that was done in equity, and not with the view of acquitting Government of the payment of water rates for all time to come.

Mr. Crawford withdrew his proposal in favor of Mr. Dallas' motion, remarking that the refusal of Government to recognise any claim towards the construction of drainage works gave them the opportunity of claiming from Government the water rate under the present and previous Act.

Dr. Dallas' motion was carried unanimously.

INCREASED EXPENDITURE FOR LIGHTING THE CITY.—On the motion of Mr. Crawford the Bench sanctioned the expenditure on the lighting of the City of the sum of Rs 35,000, being the excess of the lighting rate over the budget estimate.

BYE LAWS FOR BANDOKE SLAUGHTER HOUSES.—Bye-laws had been framed by the Commisshoner, circulated and published, but as they could not come into force till sanctioned by a special General Meeting of the Bench and afterwards by the Governor in Council, the matter was postponed.

THE DRAINAGE QUESTION.—Certain papers on the Drainage question had been circulated by Mr. Crawford for the information of the Bench.

Dr. Dallas said it was a lucky Providence that had shelved this gigantic project which would saddle the City with half a million sterling of debt. He argued in favor of the hallalcore system as now being carried out by Dr. Hewlett which had made Bombay healthier than the healthier parts of Great Britain. In London Captain Liernur's system had been carried out and it had proved a failure, yet Bombay was asked to carry out a similar system.

Mr. Crawford argued that Dr. Dallas misapprehended Liernur's system and Government had done the same, and he thought it would be well to have a proper report on the system which was nothing less than a highly scientific method of collecting the night soil of the City.

Dr. Dallas then moved "that the proposed system of drainage be not carried out till Dr. Hewlett has had an opportunity of testing the system."

General Trimenheere mentioned that the opinion of the Health Officer had never been asked on the system of Drainage proposed by Mr. Aitken. He moved "that the drainage question be submitted for the opinion of the Health Officer of the Municipality."

Colonel DeLisle seconded the motion.

Dr. Hewlett (Health Officer) said his views upon the question were not in accordance with the drainage scheme, and he added that he had not thought it his duty to report upon the scheme until submitted to him officially.

General Trimenheere's motion was unanimously agreed to.—A motion was proposed by Dr. Dallas. "That no further steps be at present taken to carry out the proposed drainage system till the present Health Officer has had an opportunity of testing his pneumatic sewage system."

Mr. Curry proposed an amendment, "That the Municipal Commissioner having stated that as the correspondence as to the drainage scheme is still going on with Government, the consideration of the subject be deferred."

After some conversation it was agreed that it would be desirable to get Dr. Hewlett's opinion, and General Trimenheere's motion was accordingly adopted. Mr. Curry's amendment then became a substantive motion and fell to the ground. Dr. Dallas withdrew his motion.

SALE OF THE GREEN MARKET.—Mr. Crawford then asked for the sanction of the Bench to the sale of the Green Market to Mr. Munguldaas Nathooobhoy. Mr. Cleveland thought the Market had been sold under its real value, and on behalf of a gentleman whom he was not at liberty to name, there and then he offered to the Bench Rs 25 per square yard, or in all Rs. 80,000 more for the market than had been given by Mr. Munguldaas, and stated that the gentleman on whose behalf he made the offer would also repay to Mr. Munguldaas all that he had expended on the property since his purchase of it. To assure the Bench that the offer was made in good faith, Mr. Cleveland, in a manner which ought to have been very tempting to the Justices, held up a bundle of notes amounting to Rs 80,000, with the assurance as an instalment of the contract to be forfeited in the event of its non performance. He added, "Is it likely that after such an offer as this the Justices can sanction this sale for Rs. 80,000 less?" The discussion was continued, some declaring that it would be a departure from "all honour and principle," should the Bench now withdraw from the bargain with Mr. Munguldaas, and that the question was not whether the price paid by Mr. Munguldaas was a good price now, but whether it had been a good price when the "sale" was effected. Ultimately the following motion proposed by Mr. John Connors, was carried by a majority of 24 to 26:—"That the Bench having been informed by the Municipal Commissioner that he did in February last contract to sell the site of the Duncan Market to the Hon'ble Munguldaas Nathooobhoy at the rate of Rs 75 a square yard, and understanding further that Mr. Munguldaas has, with the consent of the Municipal Commissioner and the authority of the Engineer's department under him, taken possession of the ground and has erected buildings thereon, now sanctions the said sale; but requests the Commissioner, in any future transactions of this nature, to comply with the terms of the Municipal Act, which requires that they have the sanction of the Bench before they can have legal effect."

The Meeting was then adjourned till the 16th idem.

16TH OCTOBER, 1867.

An adjourned meeting of the Bench was held on 16th October, Mr. Bayley presiding.

THE OVERBRIDGES.—The draft of a memorial by the Justices to the Secretary of State, praying to be relieved from bearing any portion of the expense on account of the construction of the Overbridges between Ware and Boreas Bunders

Mr. Ormiston suggested the introduction of one or two points into the memorial to strengthen the case of the Bench. As reasons why bridges should have been constructed there at the very first, he mentioned the large number of accidents which happened in consequence of the over crowding; further that there had been roads there previous to the bridges, some of them having existed for twenty years before the Railway was made, and others for a longer period, and he held that the closing of the roads had been a downright violation of confidence on the part of the Governor of the time with the people of Bombay. Another reason was that one level crossing had been left at Nesbit Lane which was a serious nuisance to all the inhabitants of Byculla and Mazagon. He urged that Government should press on the G. I. P. Railway the necessity of constructing another overbridge at Nesbit Lane.

Mr. Crawford concurred, and had not the least doubt that the G. I. P. Railway would be obliged to bear the entire cost of the overbridge at Nesbit Lane. He was under the impression that the matter had been discussed by Government, and that it remained in this way, that directly the four lines of rail were laid down from Dadur to Mazagon the Railway would be bound to construct an overbridge to carry the traffic across.

It was agreed that the memorial should be signed by the Chairman and Clerk and forwarded to the Secretary of State.

DRAFT BUILDING ACT.—Mr. Crawford presented his draft Building Act and proposed that it should be printed and every opportunity given to the Justices and the public at large to criticise it as much as possible. He also proposed that a Special Committee of the Bench, under the Byelaws, be appointed for the discussion of the measure, the purpose of referring after six or nine months as to the points in which it is defective and in which it might be amended. The measure was based upon the Metropolitan Building Act. He suggested that one or two professional outsiders might be added to the Committee, and that the members of the Committee be paid for their trouble.

The motion for a Committee was unanimously agreed to, and the following Committee appointed—Colonel De Lisle, R. E., Mr W. Cleveland, Mr. J. Ormiston, Mr. J. P. Green, Mr. John Connon, Mr. Venayekrao Juggonath Sankarsette, Kandass Muncharam, Hurrichund Sadasew, the Executive Engineer to the Municipality, *ex-officio*, and that any three thereof form a quorum.

WET DOCKS VERSUS BOAT BASINS.—Letters from Mr. E. Pratt, raising the following questions, were laid before the meeting.—

(1) Whether the Municipal Commissioner has sufficiently considered the interests of the people of Bombay in recommending the construction of Wet Docks in Mody Bay in preference to Boat Basins.

Whether in the event of Government adhering to their present intention of constructing Boat Basins in Mody Bay, the traffic there landed or shipped will be entitled to a free passage through the Elphinstone Company's property in using the Carnac Overbridge? Whether the traffic landed or shipped at the new Malet Bunder will be entitled to a free passage through the Company's property in using the Elphinstone overbridge, or whether under existing arrangements the public of Bombay, after defraying a large portion of the expense of three overbridges leading to and from certain private piers will be liable to a toll for the use of them?

Whether indebtedness on the part of any officer or servant of the Municipality should be held to be a disqualification for employment?

There were also submitted four other letters from Mr. Pratt,—namely a letter dated 9th August 1867 on the subject of constructing Wet Docks and Boat Basins in Moody Bay, giving his reasons for the Municipality not to undertake the construction of Docks; a letter dated 17th August 1867 on the subject of the Musjid Bunder having been ceded to the Elphinstone Land and Press Company, and thus turned into a private bunder; a letter dated 30th August 1867 complaining of the above letters not having been printed for circulation among the Justices; and a letter dated 7th September 1867 on the subject of transit dues levied at the authorised bunders, pointing out the illegality of converting the Musjid Bunder (the only public bunder heretofore) into private property.

The Chairman (Mr. Bayley) moved that in the absence of Mr. Pratt these letters be recorded.

Mr. Connon seconded the motion.

Mr. Narayan Wassoodew expressed surprise that whilst the corporations of various commercial ports were making enormous sacrifices to extinguish certain prescriptive rights of private individuals over landing places, the Bombay Government should have deemed it advisable to hand over the Musjid Bunder to the Elphinstone Company. As a member of the Standing Committee he had requested the Clerk to obtain counsel's opinion as to the legality of an imposition of transit fees by the Elphinstone Company on a purely public wharf. It was not at all clear that that Bunder was not constructed out of funds from the Government Treasury, it might have been paid for by a local cess, like the old ramparts—by a payment of quit-rent from owners of house property in the Fort. He proposed as an amendment that Mr. Pratt's letters be printed and circulated among the Justices, and that the opinion of counsel be obtained upon the questions raised by Mr. Pratt respecting the transit fees on Musjid Bunder.

Mr. Brown pointed out that in a short time Musjid Bunder would cease to be.

Mr. Crawford thought that in 1862 or 1863 a Wharfrage Committee had been appointed by Government, and at that time all these questions had been referred to counsel for opinion. He thought no less than three counsel then gave opinion on the very points now at issue.

Major General Tremenhare asked whether the Elphinstone Company would now require fees for landing and shipping goods or for entry or exit.

Mr. Dossabhoj Framjee supported the amendment of Mr. Narayan, as he thought the subject one requiring fair and full consideration.

Captain Henry thought it was the duty of the Bench to discuss the question. In no other place in the world did the Bunders belong to Government, and the sooner this was done away with the better. He supported Mr. Narayan's resolution, believing that the public had a right of way to and from the bunder.

Mr. Narayan Wassoodew submitted that under the Customs' Act all public Bunders must be free, and only after a certain number of days use could a wharfrage fee be taken. He believed that on Musjid Bunder a fee was taken the very moment the goods were landed.

When the motion and amendment were put to the meeting the amendment was carried.

THE STANDING COMMITTEE.—Mr. Cannon moved that the Standing Committee report its proceedings for the year 1867, which was agreed to.

THE MUNICIPAL MARKET LOAN.—A letter was read from Mr Secretary Jacomb, 9th September 1867, enclosing copy of the Government resolution on the subject of a formal sanction of Government to the Municipal Market Loan.

31st OCTOBER, 1867.

A Special General Meeting was held on this date

THE BUDGET FOR 1868.—Mr. Crawford submitted his Budget Estimates for 1868, moving that it be referred to the Municipal Committee appointed at the meeting of the Bench held on 17th July last with a request that they report on it along with their own report, and that the consideration of the Budget be deferred till the 11th December. The motion was unanimously agreed to after some discussion which turned upon the cost of the overbridges, the departmental method of scavenging, the expediency of referring the Budget to the Finance Committee, &c.

BYE LAWS FOR THE NEW SLAUGHTER HOUSES.—These bye-laws were confirmed.

THE VEHAR WATER WORKS.—Mr. Crawford stated that the Committee appointed in 1864 in reference to the Vehar Water works, and a proposed extension of the Vehar Water supply, had recommended that certain improvements should be carried out to dam 3 which was in a dangerous condition. Signs of unstableness this year led to measures being taken for the repair of the dam, and it was afterwards found that the expense was very much greater than had been anticipated, the entire cost being Rs 44,838 2. By the repairs the leakage was reduced to one-thirtieth of what it had been last year. It had been suggested by Mr. Aitken that the dam should have been originally better constructed, and that there was no reason why it should not have been constructed at first of the very material which had now been used, and which was close at hand. The heavy repairs had in fact been rendered necessary by original faulty construction, and with the sanction of the Bench he would send in a claim to Government for the amount. Certain other improvements amounting to Rs. 57,714 had also been effected, and in the meantime he had to ask the sanction of the Bench to an expenditure of Rs. 1,02,553, being the amount of the two sums named. There not being a quorum present at this part of the business it was postponed till next meeting.

MUNICIPAL BUDGET FOR 1868.

Preliminary Remarks.

I beg herewith to submit my Budget for 1868.

In anticipation of the sanction of the Bench, I have prepared it in the Form which the Finance Committee will recommend in their Report.

In the Appendix will be found a copy of that portion of their Report which has been placed at my disposal.

The Bench will of course await the Report of the Finance Committee before dealing with the Budget, which, however, must by law be received within the month of October. There will be ample time therefore for considering the details now published, and if any Justice wishes for further information on any point, I hope he will apply to me for it.

I beg to recommend that the Budget itself be referred to the Finance Committee.

General Review.

It will be seen on comparing Forms I. and II. that the estimated Expenditure out of Current Revenue, exclusive of interest on proposed new loan, is Rs 31,77,918, while the estimated Income itself is Rs. 33,15,618. There is thus a surplus of Rs. 1,37,705.

It will be further observed that while certain proposed petty works are charged, as they should be, to Current or Revenue Account, other large works proposed are debited to Loan Account.

The Municipal Fund owes the Drainage Fund about 16 lacs, and is bound by law to replace this money, and, as suggested by Government, it can do so by borrowing under Section VIII. of Bombay Municipal Act of 1865, defraying the interest from the 2½ lacs it is bound yearly to pay to the Drainage Fund.

I propose then a Loan of 14½ lacs of Rupees at 8 per cent, having a currency of 20 years, on the security of the House Rate. See Sections CCLIII. to CCLVIII. of the Bombay Municipal Act of 1865.

I propose that 10 lacs of this loan be at once credited to the Drainage Fund, and expended during the coming year on certain urgently needed Drainage works. The interest on these 10 lacs and the Sinking Fund of 1/20th to be defrayed from the 2½ lacs annually payable to the Drainage Fund.

The interest and Sinking Fund (in all Rs. 49,500) of the remaining 4½ lacs of Rupees to be defrayed from current revenues, and the 4½ lacs to be spent on certain new works of an emergent character.

As to the new works proposed, I propose only such as are absolutely and immediately needed.

The urgent need for the particular drainage works proposed will be patent to any one who studies the Bills of Mortality, or will visit the localities themselves. Dr Leith, the greatest sanitary authority in Bombay, and our own Health Officer, have repeatedly and forcibly described the dangerous condition of those localities, and have insisted on the speedy adoption of certain simple remedial measures. I now formally propose to carry out their suggestions and point out how to do so without additional taxation or cost to the public. In thus performing my duty, I have only to add that every year of delay costs hundreds, and will cost thousands of lives if Cholera finds us unprepared at these its favourite points of attack. The responsibility now rests with the Bench.

With regard to the three new Municipal works to be paid for from the Loan, I need say little. The Bench is already committed to the larger work—the Overbridges. The Nowrojee Hill Road, too, has already been sanctioned by the Bench, and is moreover indispensable as an approach to the Overbridges. As to the Foras Road, the condition of the quarter through which the proposed roads run is a disgrace to the City, and I will not be responsible for it.

It is impossible to defray the cost of large works such as these from current revenue, and it would be unfair to present tax-payers to throw upon them the burden of improvements which will be felt and enjoyed by the inhabitants for years to come. Speaking broadly too, it may safely be asserted that in a town like Bombay any new road is a reproductive work, which will soon pay for itself by the extension of the Town, and the consequent addition to the rates and taxes.

With regard to the new General Markets on the Laplanale, I venture to remind the Bench that the valuable site it once was granted to the Corporation by Government, on the condition that good and substantial markets be erected on it.

When I first asked the Bench for a Market loan it was uncertain what would be the income from the Market fees, and the designs and estimates for the new Markets had not been completed. The Bench authorized a loan of 3½ lacs, which was as much as was justified by the first estimate of the Market fees. Subsequent experience, however, has shown that the Market fees will yield far more, and there is little doubt that on the completion of the New General Markets the income will be double the estimated yield for next year, or upwards of Rs. 1,20,000, while the charges for interest and sinking fund to repay loan will only amount to Rs. 81,050.

I now propose the addition of the north wing to the Fruit and Vegetable Market. It is a part of the original design essential for its completion. It is 460 feet by 100 feet, all of iron. The drawings and details are all in England, and contracts can be at once entered into, so that the whole set of Markets may be completed during the year 1868.

I earnestly hope I shall carry the Bench with me in my endeavour to provide for Bombay good and substantial public Markets.

The iron shed at present occupied by the Green Market will, when the new building is finished, be divided off by moveable iron partitions. The northern half will be fitted up as store rooms, and rented to the Market dealers. The southern half will be divided off into quarters for the whole of the Police of the Division, and in the eastern end will be a Steam Fire Engine Station. It will be possible, at a few days' notice, to clear out this building entirely, so that it can be available (temporarily) for an Agricultural or Horticultural Show, or for any other public purposes.

Besides the Plans and estimates appended to this Report, a large map will be fixed in the Durbar Room showing the exact position and nature of the works proposed in this Budget.

There are several other new works, such as the completion of Gilder Street, and the construction of a Milch Buffalo Depot, which I should like to have included in this Budget, but I cannot say that they are emergent.

Before proceeding to notice the details of the Estimates, I venture to solicit a reference to a Table published by me with my letter to the Clerk of the Place (dated 5th November 1865) on the subject of the Budget of 1865. I there contrasted the cost of Establishments under the Board with the Establishments under the new Act.

Estimate of Income for 1868.

I proceed to notice each item in the Estimate of Income, Form No I. The Estimates are very low, being based on the actuals of the current year, which has been altogether very unfavourable.

ITEM 1—House Rate.—Last year estimated a falling off of 25 per cent in the House Rate, owing to the fall in rents, but the decrease on the assessments of the preceding year has been inconsiderable. My estimate for the coming year is taken at the actuals for the current year. The rate is maintained at 6 per cent.

ITEM 2—Police Rate.—The above remarks explain the difference between the original and revised estimate for the current year. The estimate for the coming year is at 2 per cent, only, for reasons which will be found duly given on the Expenditure side.

ITEM 3.—The same remarks account for the Lighting Rate Estimate. This rate is maintained at 1½ per cent.

ITEM 4—Wharf Fee.—The decrease during the current year is accounted for by the general stagnation of trade. The number of labour carts, especially, has considerably diminished. I do not anticipate a further decrease in 1868.

ITEM 5—Licence Tax.—The same reason explains the difference in the original and revised estimates for the Licence Tax for the current year.

I estimate an increase of Receipts 1,00,000 consequent on the amended Schedule to Act IV of 1867, which embraces several classes untouched by the old Act, while it also enhances the tax on others. This is a low estimate.

ITEM 6.—The Water Rate is increased by crediting the Government water rate in accordance with a recent resolution of the Bench, which by the present meter readings will yield about Rs. 40,000 to one lac per annum.

ITEMS 7, 8, and 10 are more or less liable to fluctuation, and call for no special notice. The actuals of the present year form the basis of my Estimate for 1868.

ITEM 9—Inevitably Police Magistrate's.—Shortly after the submission of the Budget for 1867, the Government of India directed the re-appropriation to Imperial Revenue of all fines recovered by Police Magistrates in other than Municipalities. This will account for the difference between the original and revised Estimate for 1867.

ITEM 11—Market Fees.—The difference in the original and revised Estimate for 1867 is accounted for by the fact that the Null Bazaars being under reconstruction, were vacant during the year, and yielded no rents. The Boree Bunder Mutton Market also was taken up for the Carnac Overbridge approach, and the new Mutton Market is only just opened. The Null Bazaars are nearly finished. The yield of Market Fees for 1868 may be safely taken at 60,000 Rupees.

ITEM 12.—The Tobacco Duty and License Fees were ceded by Government to the Municipality from the 1st January 1866, and the fact duly communicated to the Bench at the time. The estimate for 1868 is based on the actuals for the current year.

ITEM 13—Sale of old Frontages.—Under Government Resolution No. 1199 of 21st June 1866 (see Budget for 1867 pages 16 and 17,) the receipts have not equalled the original estimate. The Estimate for the coming year is taken at the actuals for the current year.

ITEM 14.—The estimate for the Halalcore Cess cannot at present be revised. Act IV. of 1867 only came in force on 1st July last, and the assessments under it are only now commencing. It may be possible to revise these Estimates before the Budget is finally disposed of. If so, the result will be communicated to the Bench.

Estimate of Expenditure during the year 1868.

No. 1—The Establishment of the Municipal Commissioner remains almost unchanged, and calls for no remarks.

No. 2—The remark on Appendix C. explains what is necessary regarding the Store Department.

No. 3—*The Assistant Commissioner and Ward Establishment for Assessment and Collection of Rates and Taxes*.—I asked for and obtained sanction for the current year, for $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent on the estimated yield of the House rate, Police Rate, Lighting Rate, Water Rate, Wheel Tax, and License Tax, in all Rs. 31,91,250. But the actual yield of these Rates according to the revised Estimate has been Rs. 23,54,168, to which has to be added Rs. 4,00,000 for three quarters of the Halalcore Cess, the recovery of which now devolves on the Wards, making up a total of Rs. 26,54,168, which at $8\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., gives Rs. 99,531-1-10, the revised Estimate for the current year.

Since the passing of Act IV. of 1867, I have reduced the number of the Wards from ten to six, but until I have greater experience of the working of this Act I do not think it safe to estimate for less than Rs. 95,000 being $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent on the gross yield of the rates and taxes above enumerated, which is estimated at Rs. 27,06,250 for 1868.

The cost of collection under the old Board in 1864 was, as already reported, very nearly $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

No. 4—*The Controller's Establishment*.—There is a slight increase recommended by the Controller, with whom I entirely concur.

No. 5—*Police*.—The total cost of the Police including Fire Engine Establishment, was last year estimated at Rs. 3,93,540. The actual, according to revised Estimates, will be Rs. 3,12,761, in the Estimate for 1868, is Rs. 3,92,131.

The general organization of the Police and Fire Engine Establishments remains almost the same. I may add, however, that the Commissioner of Police has consented to the reduction of fifty rank and file during the coming year, and that I have just obtained the requisite sanction of Government to this reduction, which should result in a further saving of about Rs. 6,600 per annum.

The Government of India having consented to contribute $1\frac{1}{4}$ lakhs of Rupees towards the maintenance of the Police of Bombay, until such time as the Calcutta and Madras Municipalities are compelled to pay the full cost of their Police, I am enabled to propose a reduction of one per cent. in the Police Rate for the coming year 1868.

The contribution, however, will not be in cash, but by adjustment in the Vihar Water Works Account.

The minor Departments under the Police Commissioner, for the Liquor Licenses, Public Land Conveyances, &c., remain almost unaltered. The excess in actuals over estimates for the current year, and the estimate for the coming year, is due to the purchase of tin plates and badges. But the cost of these is recovered from the parties to whom they are issued.

No. 6—*Health Department, Executive and Inspectorial*.—I cannot do better than refer to the Health Officer's Estimates Estimate which contains every kind of information likely to be required. It will be seen that the Health Officer will expend during the current year Rs. 6,30,713, against a grant of Rs. 6,99,907, but that I ask for Rs. 7,50,000 for 1868. The expenditure on account of the Night Department, in all Rs. 1,04,688 0 4, which should have been debited to the Municipal Fund under the Health Officer's account, has been hitherto debited to the Halalcore Cess. Now the Halalcore Cess is levied from certain private individuals for certain services performed, and it should only be debited with the cost of such service, &c. of the Halalcores employed on it.

For the current year, Rs. 6,30,713, the total estimate comes up to Rs. 7,35,401 0 4, which is added about Rs. 15,000, making the total estimate for 1868 Rs. 7,50,000.

Dr. Hewlett, it will be observed, has asked for Rs. 8,07,630, and in justice to him I have printed his Estimates and detail in full. I hope, however, he will try by a general small reduction to bring his expenditure within $7\frac{1}{2}$ lacs, which is the utmost that can be afforded this year.

ITEM 10—Markets and Slaughter Houses The Health Officer's Estimate, contains full particulars on this head. The slaughter houses were opened at the commencement of the current year. The difference between the original and revised Estimate is amply accounted for by the cost of the meat train, the rates for which were communicated to the Bench on 4th April 1866.

ITEM 11—Registration of Births and Deaths—The organization described at page 6 of the Budget for 1867 was duly carried out during the current year, and accounts for the difference between the original and revised Estimates.

ITEM 12—Halalcors Establishment from Halalcors Cess.—The remarks under Item 9 leave little to be said here. Dr Hewlett has asked for Rs. 4,10,112, but I think that the expenditure under this head should, if possible, be brought within the estimated yield of the Cess, and I have accordingly budgetted for Rs. 4,00,000 only. Should it be found hereafter that the Cess is not likely to cover the cost, further reduction must be attempted, and, if found impracticable, the matter will be formally brought before the Bench, who will decide what course should be pursued. In the meantime it will be observed that the pay of the Halalcors has been greatly reduced, and an annual saving effected of Rs. 1,02,000.

ITEMS 13 and 14—The Executive Engineer's Establishment and Vihar Water Works and Main Drainage Establishment calls for no particular remarks.

The work of the Building Department has never been performed to my satisfaction. The Officer at the head of it resigned from the 1st current, and I took the opportunity to avail myself of the experience of Mr Thwaites, whom I have nominated generally Assistant to the Executive Engineer, and specially in charge of the Building Department. There is no extra charge to the Municipality. Mr. Thwaites will simply draw the salary of the late head of the Building Department, in addition to his salary under covenant with the Bench.

ITEM 15—Maintenance of Vihar Water Works.—I solicit reference to my Memorandum of 5th November 1866, supplementary to the Budget for 1867, wherein I stated "It is of course impossible to give details of the cost of maintenance of the Vihar Water Works, for we cannot forestall accidents. The Estimate is based on the experience of the present year." The same Estimate, Rs. 30,000, is budgetted for 1868, and would have sufficed for the current year, but for the unforeseen necessity for extensive and costly repairs to Dam No 3, and for new Pipes and Stores. This matter will be disposed of by the Bench before the Budget is discussed, and I need say no more here.

ITEM 16—Road Repairs. A further small grant for this year is about to be solicited. The Estimate for 1868 is thus made up—

Watering	...	...	...	Rs. 98,000
Scraping	..	...	..	15,000
Repairs ..	...	..	...	2,87,000
				<hr/> Rs. 4,00,000

ITEM 17—Improvement of Streets under Section 181 of Bombay Municipal Act of 1865, calls for no remark.

ITEM 18—Lighting—In the next year I propose, as in the present, to expend the full yield of the Lighting Rate.

ITEM 19—Subscription to the Agri-Horticultural Society—I regret that I cannot afford a larger grant to the Gardens.

ITEMS 20 to 25 call for no special remark. See Appendix P for the Establishment, &c., of the Clerk of the Peace.

ITEM 26—The seven works enumerated can only be met from Current Revenue. The marginal letters refer to the detailed Estimates and plans. The necessity for most of these works will be apparent to any one who will take the trouble to visit the localities, but I will briefly notice them—

Moody Bay Latrine—This is for the use of the population of the Northern Fort, who have now literally no place to resort to. Numerous petitions have been received from them.

Bullock Stables at Chunchpoojy—The Health Officer reports the old Municipal Stables in a dilapidated condition. The new Stables will be constructed with corrugated iron roof.

Metalling and Draining Lane near Candawady.—A small work greatly needed for the health and convenience of the neighbourhood.

The four water extensions are much needed, and will yield a considerable return in the shape of Water Rates.

Pound for Stray Cattle—The correspondence in Appendix Q explains the necessity for this petty work, which will be charged to the Police Rate.

ITEM 27—*New Works, Municipal, to be paid for from Loan Account.*

3 Foras Roads—I propose to complete the small triangle of roads between the Hay Market and Byculla Railway Station, viz 1st, from Byculla Railway Station to Central Station of Foras Roads, 2nd, from Byculla Railway Station to Hay Market Road, 3rd, from Central Station Foras Roads through Hay Market to Parell Road.

The petition from Janardhun Purabhotumjee and others, received at the Quarterly Meeting of the 7th instant, related to these roads.

The neighbourhood is becoming thickly populated. The house-owners and occupiers have always paid all rates and taxes, but as yet but little attention has been paid to their convenience.

The completion of this small triangle of roads will render immediately available the two handsome Government roads from Worlee and Mahaluzmee to the Central Station of the Foras Roads. The traffic on the Parell Road will be greatly relieved, and convenient access will be provided to the Hay Market and the G. I. P. R. Co.'s new Hay and Wood Station.

In short, this is a work which can no longer be delayed.

Nowrigee Hill Road—This road was sanctioned by Government and the Bench in 1865. It is one of two new roads rendered necessary by the conversion of Waree Bunder into a good terminus for the G. I. P. R. Company, and it is absolutely necessary as a northern approach to the Alphinstone Overbridge now under construction.

It will be seen from the Appendix that the G. I. P. R. Company are bound to pay for the construction of an area of roadway equal to that of the roads which existed in Waree Bunder, and that Government will find land of an equal area. The estimate shows the cost to the Municipality after all deductions.

It cannot be denied that this road will be a very great Municipal improvement. It will relieve the heavy traffic in the narrow thoroughfares to the north of Dongry Cooiy Street. I hope it may be possible hereafter to carry a road from the Alphinstone Overbridge through Nowrigee Hill into the Native town beyond. The idea, I believe, originated with Mr. Ormiston, and has recently been revived by "Tom Cringle."

Overbridges—It is unnecessary for me to say much on this point. The Bench is bound to pay its share of the cost of the Overbridges during 1908. The work is, by consent, being superintended by Mr. Ormiston. It is believed the bridges will be open for traffic in June next.

ITEM 28—*New Works (Drainage) to be paid for from Loan Account.*

Fort Severs—I propose to complete the Fort system, which is already about half constructed. Several Engineering authorities originally advised the completing of the Fort system, as an experiment preliminary to undertaking the general drainage of the whole Island. The most extensive portion of the work, including the outfall, is already done.

Girjasm and Canlawaty Drains and Camateepoorra Drains—These districts are already staid at the commencement, are either without any Drainage, or the Drains are mere open side gullies, many of them only earth trenches. In either case the works now proposed will fall into any general system of drainage that may hereafter be adopted.

Branch Drain at Bellavia Road—This is a small drain into the Main Drain, needed to drain the chawls and houses to the north west of the Baroda Railway.

Drains in Fumuwady Lane and Agiary Road are designed to replace the open earth trenches at present existing.

ITEM 29—*Works in progress.*

Markets under construction—As already intimated, I propose to complete the new general Markets on the Esplanade according to the original design.

New Fort Market—The present Fort Markets are about to be intersected by the Eastern Boulevard, the completion of which has been just sanctioned by Government.

It will be seen that it is proposed to construct the New Market on a vacant piece of Municipal ground within a few yards of the present Markets.

I have ascertained that the people using the Market approve of the site, which indeed is the only available spot near the Fort.

The Market building will be plain, and open at the sides, with a corrugated Iron Roof, both dealers and purchasers being under cover.

A. T. CRAWFORD,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO ENQUIRE INTO THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE MUNICIPALITY.

On 6th December 1867 the Report of the Financial Committee was published with a series of tables illustrative of the same. The first three points considered in the report were—

- (1) The extent and value of Land and Property, Buildings and Stock in the possession of the Municipality at the beginning and close of the year 1866
- (2) The actual position of the Municipal and other Funds at the close of the year 1866 as compared with the Statements of Assets and Liabilities appended to the Report of the Municipal Commissioner for that year
- (3) The actual Income and Expenditure of each Fund during the year 1866 as compared with the Statements of Income and Expenditure appended to the same Report

The Committee present the following summary of the results for their investigation under these heads—

On the 1st January 1867 the Municipality were in possession of stock valued at Rupees 12,46,305 9 11, and of property consisting of Land, Buildings, Wells, Tanks, Brickworks, &c., the value of which cannot be ascertained, but is very considerable.

The Municipal expenditure exclusive of Water, Lighting, and Police charges, has from 1863 to the present time (1867) considerably exceeded the income, Water, Police, and Lighting Rates not included, and in consequence the accounts exhibit an annually increasing deficit.

This deficit is shown by the books to have been on 1st January 1866 Rs. 12,75,855 9, on 1st January 1867 Rs. 16,76,899 11 9, and on 1st January 1868, it will probably amount to Rs. 19,69,579.

In making up the above figures the Municipal Fund has not been credited with the value of Stocks and Interest in hand (valued on 1st January 1867 at 5½ lakhs), but has been debited with the full amount of a debt to the Drainage Fund, accumulated in 1866 and previous years and amounting to Rs. 15,68,566 1 11, and no credit has been taken for savings in 1866 and 1867 in Police Credits, however, been taken for the whole amount due to the Municipal Fund on account of the Vchn Water Works, which will be gradually recovered from the Water Rates.

If the Drainage debt of Rs. 15,68,566 1 11 be reduced, as recommended by the Committee, to Rs. 2,03,352 10 on in other words if the payment for any Drainage works that may be undertaken be deferred for so many years longer than was originally intended, the deficit of the Municipal Fund on 1st January 1867 will be reduced to Rs. 3,11,666 3 10, and will not amount on 1st January 1868 to more than 6½ lakhs, a debt which will nearly be covered by the value of available stores in hand.

At the same time the fact remains that in the case of the Municipal Fund proper the Expenditure has up to this time always exceeded the Income proper, and it is clear that at this rate there must sooner or later come a time when the Fund will be in an insolvent position.

There would, had the provisions of Act XXV of 1858 been acted up to, have been a sum of Rs. 17,82,830 available on 1st January 1867 for Drainage works independent of the future annual contributions, but Rs. 15,68,566-1-11 of this

sum has been spent in other ways, and consequently the payment for any Drainage works that may be undertaken must be deferred in round numbers for about seven years longer than was originally contemplated, or else the Municipality must raise additional funds to pay off the debt.

It appears that the Municipality are under no legal liability to make good the accumulations of the debt to the Drainage Fund previous to 1st July 1865, and that the arrears could not be raised without imposing a heavy additional burden on the community.

Government have an interest in the immediate clearance of the Drainage debt, as, when the Drainage works are paid for, the annual contribution of Rs. 250,000 is to be added to the amount of the annual instalment which is payable by law on account of the debt for the Vihar Water Works, but it appears from the general tenor of Government letter No. 11/87 A of the 19th June 1866, P.W.D., that they do not desire to press for the payment of arrears on this account.

Under all the circumstances, considering that the debt was incurred before the Municipality was placed upon its present footing, and that the Drainage works will be a permanent benefit to the town, there appears to be no doubt of the justice and expediency of adopting the course formerly agreed to by the Bench, viz. to write off the arrears of the Drainage debt incurred up to the passing of the new Act.

Up to the 1st January 1866 the current expenditure on account of the Vihar Water Works had exceeded the yield of the Water Rate by Rs. 1,47,062 14 which sum was borrowed from the Municipal Fund. On the 1st January 1867 the debt-out had been reduced to Rs. 4,19,549 5 4, but on 1st January 1868 it will have again increased to Rs. 4,51,130 5 1.

In these figures no credits have been taken for arrears of Rates due by Government from 1860. The amount to be paid for arrears from 1860 to close of 1865 is under adjustment. It has been agreed that for 1866 Government are to be called upon to pay according to actual meter readings in 1867, and the amount payable will be about Rs. 1,11,000 for each of these years.

The present yield of the Water Rates may be taken as sufficient to cover the annual expenditure on existing works and the instalment of Rs. 1,75,000, which the Municipality are bound by law to contribute towards the debt to Government.

The debt to the Municipal Fund will, with the assistance of the arrears of rates due from Government be soon cleared off, but looking to the state of the general accounts, the amount still owing on account of the original construction of the works and the probability of further extensions being required the savings, as soon as the debt to the Municipal Fund is paid off ought to be devoted to the formation of a Fund for Water Works, and ought not to be spent in other ways.

The yield of the Police Rate has been in excess of the expenditure on Police, and on 1st January 1867 the savings amounted to Rs. 52,187 12 4 and on 1st January 1868 they will probably amount to nearly 2 lakhs. These savings have been, or will be temporarily applied to ordinary Municipal purposes, but it is doubtful whether this appropriation is strictly speaking, admissible.

Whatever may be the decision on this point, it will not be safe to count on any revenue from this source in future years, as the Police Rate will have to be paid with reference to the actual cost of the Police.

The yield of the Lighting Rate had also been slightly in excess of the expenditure up to 1st January 1867, on which date the savings amounted to Rs. 17,774 10 5. During 1867 the expenditure will have exceeded the income by Rs. 24,481, so that on 1st January 1868 the net loss will amount to Rs. 6,706 17.

The remark made with reference to the Police Rate applies here also. The Lighting Rate must be fixed according to the amount required to pay for Lighting, and no revenue will be available from this source for other purposes.

The Commissioner expended in 1866 and 1867 Rs. 2,55,167 2 on new Slaughter-houses at Hindona. These are to be paid for out of the proceeds of sales of old Market sites. One of them, viz. the Green Market has been disposed of and will fetch about 1 lakh. The other (the Beef Market) has not yet been sold. There is also the amount of compensation to be recovered for portion of the Mutton Market site taken up for the Currier Overbridge. It is probable that these items taken together will suffice to pay for the Slaughter houses, but should there be a deficiency, it will have to be made good from the Municipal Fund.

The Commissioner will also have expended by the close of 1867 Rs. 8,56,099 on the construction of new Markets in Bombay, and proposes a further expenditure to complete this of Rs. 1,98,222—total Rs. 5,54,921.

A loan of Rs. 8½ lakhs has been lately raised to pay for these, and a further loan of Rs. 2 lakhs is proposed. The interest of the loan, and the necessary con-

tribution towards the Sinking Fund of one twentieth of the principal, will have to be provided for annually from the Municipal Fund until these loans are paid off, the fund taking credit for the realisations from Market fees.

The debt of the Municipal Fund has been seriously augmented by the loss in the Hiliakore Cess, which amounted during the year 1866 to Rs. 23,198 4 11, and will probably amount to Rs. 1,60,300 in the year 1867, giving a total loss on this account by January 1868 of Rs. 1,83,498 4 11. It is doubtful whether the yield of the Cess can be made to cover the current expenditure without some change of system.

(4) Sources of Income, &c.

Under this head the Committee reported regarding the *House Rate* that there is a good deal of house property which is assessed below its value but that the loss on this account will be gradually diminished from year to year as successive corrections are made in the assessment. Regarding the *Khaki Tax* the Committee stated that from a defect in the wording of Section 49 of the Municipal Act the owners of some seven hundred carts which ply into Bombay almost daily from Calcutta, and increase the traffic on the roads in Bombay pay no tax whatever for them. They suggested that this Section of the Act be altered, and so worded as to render all carts and hackeries using the city roads, *liable for payment of a tax* to which tax the Committee further recommended the increase of the tax on hackeries proposed by the Municipal Commissioner at page 2 of his Annual Report for 1866. Regarding the *Haliakore Cess* the Committee considered it of the greatest importance to the health of the town that in populous districts the Hiliakore service should continue to be performed by the Municipality and that it should not be left to tenants to employ their own hiliakores, but something must be done to reduce the expenditure or increase the yield of the cess. The Committee believe that both objects would be in a great measure attained were the Act altered so as to enable the Commissioner to recover the cess from owners of chawls or buildings when occupied by more than one tenant or family. Regarding the *Licence*, the Committee would be glad to see a decrease in the number of licences and an increase in the rates. The Committee urged upon the Justice a reconsideration of the law in respect to the Lighting and Police Rates which are at present levied from occupants of houses. So long as this system continues the cost of collecting the rates would be high and the risk of loss from bad debts would be very great. They strongly recommended that Police and Lighting Rates be made leviable from houses when occupied by more than one tenant, and that, as before suggested, the Hiliakore Cess be levied on the same plan.

The Committee pointed out that Government are not assessed for house property in Bombay, valued at Rs. 10,92,000, although Government house property is assessed in Calcutta and Madras, nor do they contribute anything towards the Lighting Rates. The Committee would observe that as pointed out by the Honorable Mr. Cresswell in introducing the Municipal Act there are strong reasons why Government buildings should be exempt from assessment throughout the country, and they think a clear distinction should be drawn between the Water Rates which may be looked upon as a charge for a commodity supplied and other Municipal Rates and Taxes. The Committee, however, consider that in general grounds the State may be fairly asked to contribute something towards the Municipal expenses of Bombay. The whole town, for instance has been lighted with gas within the last two years, and the entire expense has been borne by the ratepayers. This improvement alone will augment the value of Government property considerably, but Government have contributed nothing towards it. A similar work, viz., the drainage of the town, which is of much greater importance than the lighting, has now to be undertaken. It is impossible to say at present what the cost of this work will be but it will certainly be very considerable and will entail a heavy burden on the Municipality for years to come. The only assistance at present given by Government is the annual contribution on account of Police. So long as this is continued, the Police rate may be kept at a lower figure than it has been during 1866 and 1867, but as shown in the previous Sections, the Municipal Fund proper will not flourish. It is understood, moreover, that the Government contribution for Police will only be continued so long as a similar grant is made in the other Presidency Towns.

(6) The working of the various Departments.

On this head the Committee reported that the main defect in the system of financial control at present is the absence of sufficient means to enable the controlling authority to judge of the propriety of a charge before it is incurred, and this defect

can only be supplied by requiring heads of departments to state precisely before hand what money they intend to spend, and how they propose to spend it, and by greater strictness in the mode in which estimates are drawn up and sanctioned by the Bench.

The Committee would by no means be understood to advocate interference with executive officers in matters of detail, but they consider it essential that those who are responsible to the public for the proper administration of the Municipal finance should have complete information not only as to what has been done, but as to what is actually being done or is proposed to be done, so that they may be able to prevent money being spent without their authority. This has not been the case hitherto. The Health Officer has up to this time adopted the departmental system of works. It remains to be seen whether any part of the work could be carried out by contract at less cost without any sacrifice of efficiency. The Committee believe that the wages paid to Hildoners especially might be considerably reduced if they were always paid punctually. It stands to reason that wages must be high when workpeople are often kept in arrears for want of money to pay them with.

(7) Annual Budget, Sanctions, and Supply of Funds for Current Expenditure.

The Committee, after various suggestions to the form of the Budget accounts, and the means of exercising control over expenditure, reported that it would be in the recollection of the Justices that the want of a standing balance was prominently referred to in the discussions as to the necessity of leaving the Municipality rates undisturbed, and that one of the reasons assigned in support of the measure was that the sums thus paid in advance would supply this standing balance. The Committee found, however, that there was a very poor chance of this anticipation being realised. The expenditure has been up to this time in excess of the income, the outstanding debts are becoming larger year by year, and until this state of things is reversed and the Municipality begins to save, there is not the remotest prospect of a balance being created out of the Municipal fund, even with the assistance of the rates paid in advance. How long this state of things will continue depends on the amount the Municipality can contrive to pay by in future years independently of the necessary provision for paying off debts already incurred. Meanwhile something ought to be done, and the Committee submitted the outline of a scheme proposing amongst other things that Government be moved to advance the amount of outstanding debts, which may be put down to £6,000, and that until this loan is paid off they should retain in their hands the Special duty on Tobacco which is collected by their own officers, and the annual yield of which is about 1½ lakhs. The loan to be at interest say at five per cent, and to be reduced from time to time as the Tobacco duty is paid into the Treasury. This loan would, in the opinion of the Committee be sufficient to meet all present difficulties arising from the want of ready money, and they think that in the form in which they propose it, it is not open to the same objections as an ordinary loan and that Government would not refuse to grant it.

In connection with the position of the Controller the Committee reported that the object of appointing a Controller is to prevent the improper expenditure of the Municipal income. He should therefore have command of the purse. All money should be drawn by or through him, and no debt should be incurred without his knowledge and approval. He should also be held responsible that the accounts are kept on a proper system throughout every department, that all necessary checks and limits are duly applied, and that the books present a complete record of all transactions, and Heads of Departments should be bound to attend to his orders in all matters connected with accounts and returns of expenditure. The Committee consider that the Controller should be quite independent of the Commissioner, and that he should not be responsible, as at present, for the ordinary routine work of an accountant or cashier. In order to assist him and give weight to his authority, it would be desirable to associate with him a Committee of the Justices, who might be entrusted with certain powers of sanction, and whom he could consult in all cases of difficulty. When a good system of control has been inaugurated, and it appears the Controller is able to carry it on without help, it will be easy to revert to the system of a single independent Controller, which in many respects is undoubtedly the best. The Committee have therefore sketched out the following plan which they would propose for adoption from 1st January 1904. A Finance Committee of three Justices to be appointed, possessed of limited powers of sanction, whose special duty it will be to watch over expenditure. The Controller of Municipal Accounts to be ex officio member of the Committee. All applications for sanction to expenditure to be submitted by the Municipal Commissioner to the Finance Committee in the first instance, to be reported upon. A record

to be kept of all the Proceedings of the Committee. All sanctions given by them to be registered and reported monthly for the information of the Bench. The Municipal Commissioner to cause monthly estimates to be prepared by Heads of Departments of probable cash expenditure, these when approved by him, together with a general summary, to be laid before the Committee by the Controller, with a statement of objections if any. The amount of estimates when passed, to be the limit up to which the Commissioner's cheques are to be admitted by the Controller. The Controller to have the entire direction of the system of accounts and audits, and all Heads of Departments to be bound to carry out his instructions in all matters of accounts. Any appeal against orders issued by the Controller to be to the Finance Committee, and any appeal against their decisions to be to the Bench of Justices. All executive duties connected with the book keeping, classification, and audit of expenditure &c., and with cash collections and payments to be in the hands of the Head Accountant and a qualified cashier who will be responsible for carrying out whatever system the Controller may direct, and furnish whatever returns or statements he may call for. The Controller of Municipal Accounts to be responsible for preventing all unauthorized or extravagant expenditure, consulting with the Finance Committee when necessary, and always keeping them informed of his proceedings, and of seeing that all orders connected with accounts are duly and punctually carried out, and for bringing to notice all irregularities or defects in system that come under his observation. A monthly account current of Receipts and Expenditure to be prepared by the Head Accountant, as soon as the books of the month are posted open, and closing with the cash balance at the commencement and close of the month, and showing all transactions under the general budget, or under any others that may be convenient. The form of account to be drawn up by the Controller and approved by the Finance Committee, and to be adopted from 1st January 1868, the first account showing receipts and expenditure for the month. These accounts to form the basis of the Controller's audit, and after being examined by him and checked with the books and vouchers, to be laid before the Bench of Justices who will then be kept informed as to the progress of expenditure. There will be no difficulty in settling in the powers of sanction that should be entrusted to the Finance Committee. The Committee would suggest that they might have power to sanction expenditure on new works and purchase of plant up to £5,000, provided previous sanction be given to the Budget, also to continue appointments over £500 in any one year by the Commissioner, and to sanction transfers from one head of the Budget to another, excesses over sanctioned estimates &c. always, however, requiring all sanctions given monthly to be laid for the information of the Bench of Justices, generally &c. &c.

The Report concluded with the following remarks.—The Committee are sure that there will be no two opinions as to the necessity of keeping the Expenditure of the Municipal Funds within the Income in future. They have shown that in 1866 and 1867 the Income has been considerably exceeded, and they have explained as far as possible how the money has gone in those years, and the points in which the control of the Justices has been inefficient. Settling with the expenditure for 1865 and previous years, which was extraordinary to a degree, and for which the Municipal Commissioner is not responsible, the Committee believe that although it may be possible to take exception to matters of expenditure here and there, the money has on the whole been usefully and judiciously laid out, and that the past administration of the Commissioner has secured many great and lasting benefits for the Town.

Whether it was sound policy to allow the expenses to continue the Income is another question. There can be no doubt that in consequence of this the rates paid have been much higher than they would have been had the Municipality undertaken only such works as they could afford at the time, and that the Municipality has suffered both in purse and credit, but on the other hand it may be truly urged that some of the works were such as could not be deferred, and that the neglected state of the Town called for immediate remedy. The Commissioner was left to himself and he acted boldly and to the best of his judgment. It was not to be expected that he should supply what with all deference the Committee must be in the shortcomings of the Justices themselves in respect of the control over expenditure.

Now that the state of affairs is fairly before the Justice, they will be better able to give what changes are desirable in system in order to secure an efficient check on the Commissioner's proceedings without interfering with his freedom in executive matters. It is satisfactory to find that after all the Municipality is still solvent, provided the Drainage debt can be written off, and that all that is needed is good and careful management in time to come.

To the Report of the Committee was appended a supplement containing notes

on the Commissioner's Budget for 1868. The Committee stated certain objections to the Commissioner's Estimates of the Revenue to be derived from the various funds. Their Estimate of Income from the Municipal Fund exclusive of Loans was Rs. 21,14,068, Police Rate Rs. 4,14,300, Lighting Rate Rs. 21,250, and the Water Rate Rs. 6,11,000, Total Rs. 22,72,618. And the Loans would stand as follows: For Drainage Works omitting provision for Gungum Dams Rs. 7,00,000, Nowrojee Hill Road and three boats roads Rs. 1,67,618, for Overbridges Rs. 2,67,000, for Markets Rs. 2,00,000. Total of Loans Rs. 13,24,618. The Estimated Expenditure as incurred by the Committee was shown at Rs. 21,04,974, making the income of the Municipal Fund a little more than the Expenditure.

A few days, however, after the Report was published the Committee discovered that they had omitted in their Statement of Expenditure, the Hall-door Expenses amounting to Rs. 4,00,000, thus increasing the estimated expenditure to Rs. 25,03,974 being a larger expenditure over income. The Committee submitted at the following meeting of Justices a scheme for bringing the expenditure within the income.

11th DECEMBER, 1867

On December 11, a special general meeting of the Bench was held.

THE REPORT OF THE FINANCIAL COMMITTEE. In consequence of the discovery of the error of four Lacs above alluded to the Financial Committee submitted proposals for reducing the expenditure so as to bring it within the income.

They proposed to reduce the grant for the Health Department by one Lac, leaving it at Rs. 6,50,000, and to reduce the grant for the Engineering Department by Rs. 75,000, leaving it at Rs. 1,02,468.

The Committee then hit that a reduction of Rs. 75,000 may be made in the sum of Rs. 1,50,000 for stores and dead stock.

The payment for foris foris set down at Rs. 60,000, may the Committee consider be reduced to Rs. 30,000, leaving Rs. 1,50,000 to be paid in the two succeeding years if possible.

The Committee would also insist on increase in the Slaughter house fees. They would point out that the meat is now sold upwards of Rs. 70,000 per annum, while the slaughter fees are almost nominal. The Committee consider that they may be quadrupled without at the least hardship either on butcher or consumer. The estimated yield at present is about Rs. 10,000 and the Committee consider it might be increased to Rs. 40,000.

The following is a summary of the results which the Committee would now propose for the Municipal fund proper:

Share of general	..	..	..	..	..	..	Rs.	6,16)
Health Department	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,50,000
Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,02,468
Proportion ward establishment	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18,100
Registration of births and death	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13,260
Drainage contribution	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,00,000
Street lighting	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8,700
Police Department	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,000
Miscellaneous	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7,000
New works to augment revenue	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	23,000
Markets and slaughter houses	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	84,700
Hall-door expenses	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,00,000
Interest on municipal loans	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60,000
Interest & distribution on overbridges loan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24,370
Interest on foris	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,000
Stores and dead stock	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50,000

Total Rs., 21,14,974

The income was estimated at Rs. 21,14,068, and adding Rs. 30,000 for slaughter house fees becomes Rs. 21,44,068 or Rs. 1,900 less than the expenditure.

THE COMMISSIONER'S BUDGET FOR 1868. The House Rite. Mr. Crawford said that in his budget he had proposed a rate of 6 per cent, but he had done so on the information that any increase would be strenuously opposed. But he would support an increase of that rate.

Mr. D. Subbayya Iyengar proposed,—“That the house rate for 1868 be fixed at 6 per cent.” He said he was surprised to hear Mr. Crawford say he would support any proposition for an increase in the house rate, but he hoped no one would do such a preposterous thing, as he believed all were unanimous in thinking that the community was already overtaxed.

Mr. A. N. Venkataswamy seconded the motion.

Mr. S. N. Venkataswamy moved an amendment that the house rate should be fixed at 7 per cent. He did so in view of the contemplated decrease of

1 per cent in the police rate, and if the police rate was 2 per cent and the house rate 7 per cent it would come to the same thing as at present. The Municipal Fund was now in such a state that the income ought not to be decreased, and if the house rate was kept at 8 per cent and the police diminished to 2 per cent there would be a decrease in the revenue of about Rs 1,34,000. He saw from the report of the Finance Committee that they proposed to pay part of the Municipal expenses, such as the expense of the Fort Road, Newmarket Hill road, and the Over bridge, by means of a loan, but he thought this would be a most unbusinesslike proceeding on the part of the Council and would very much injure the Municipal fund, and that it would be far better to have sufficient money available from current income for such things as these.

Dr Birdwood seconded the amendment. He strongly opposed the intended reduction in the Health Department.

Mr. Muuguldas Nidhoobhoy was against the increased rate, saying that it would not still be the same if the amendment was carried as stated by Mr Sorahjee because the house rate was paid by the house owners, while the Police rate was paid by the occupiers.

After some further discussion, Mr Maxwell said that on former occasions when this question was discussed for some reason there had always been good cause taken to have the householding interest represented by a large majority and the Committee had considered it was quite useless to bring forward a proposition to increase the house rate. He was very glad to see a native gentleman coming forward with the suggestion to raise it. That gentleman was the most spirited house proprietor he had seen in Bombay.

Captain Hancock said it had just been pointed out to him that it would be impossible for the Council to increase the rate in the course of the year if being necessary to fix it now for the whole period and under these circumstances he thought a case was made out for it, unless the house rate was increased the Municipality would not be able to pay its way. On this ground he would vote for the amendment.

On a show of hands the votes were counted. By the Chairman identical. The method was therefore adopted of those who were in favour of the original motion going to one side of the table while the voters for the amendment stood at the other side. The result was that 26 were found to be for the original proposition and 28 for the amendment which was therefore declared to be carried. There were two native Justices (Mr S. Rajee Shrinagesh Bendre and another Parsi) in favour of the amendment and on the other side were Captain Henry, Dr Dallas, Mr Nicholas, and several General Members etc, Mr John Leyn, and the Honble George Logan, in addition to the native Justices.

THE POLICE RATE. The Police rate for 1868 was then fixed at 2 per cent.

THE HEALTH RATE. This rate was fixed at 13 per cent.

THE WATER RATE. This rate was fixed as follows. On 1st Rs 100, 6 per cent 2nd Rs 100 2½ per cent 3rd and succeeding Rs 100, 1½ per cent, and Rs 1 per 1,000 gallons for water supplied through the meter.

THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT. Captain Hancock proposed "that a grant of Rs 650,000 be made for the Health Department from the Municipal Fund proper for the year 1868." This grant was one lakh and a half less than the Health Officer asked for, and less than he estimated he could do the work for, therefore they had proposed in their memorial to him that the actual expenditure for six months should be reported upon next June and that if the Health Officer found the amount insufficient he should then ask for more. It was admitted which he (Captain Hancock) hoped the liberality of those who had fixed the house rate would enable them to give.

Dr Birdwood agreed to the reduction of the Health Department and proposed an amendment. "That a grant of Rs 750,000 be made for the Health Department from the Municipal Fund proper for the year 1868."

Some discussion then took place in the course of which Mr Crawford pointed out that in the event of Mr Hewlett requiring money at the end of six months he would be at liberty to ask for it. In consequence of this statement Dr Birdwood withdrew his amendment, believing that this liberty would be equivalent to giving Dr Hewlett as much as he asked for, and the original motion was unanimously agreed to.

PLIABILITY OF OFFICES.—A good deal of discussion took place on a motion by Mr Crawford to the effect that a salary of Rs 100 a month should be sanctioned to Mr Thwaites, as Assistant Executive Engineer. Mr. Thwaites had come out under contract for the Drainage Department, which contract had not yet expired, and as he had some spare time he was employed by Mr. Crawford as an assistant to the Executive Engineer, in which capacity he had already effected much good. The discussion was directed to the principle of employing a man in another capacity

who was already under covenant in a different Department of the Municipality, in giving him the salaries of both appointments. The result of the discussion was the unanimous adoption of the following amendment moved by Mr Dallas: That the question of the salary of the Assistant Executive Engineer for the year 1866 be referred to the Standing Committee for report.

A number of grants were passed in accordance with the list prepared by the Committee but the whole list was not gone through, the meeting breaking up suddenly without adjourning.

18th DECEMBER 1867.

At the adjourned meeting of the Bench held on the 18th December—the Hon Mr. Bayley in the chair—the remaining items in the budget estimates for 1868 as modified by the Finance Committee were sanctioned, with the exception of a proposed grant of Rs 5,000 to the Agri Horticultural Garden, which, on the motion of Dr. Birdwood, was increased to Rs 6,000.

EIGHTEENTH MORTUARY REPORT FOR BOMBAY

FOR THE YEAR BEGINNING 1st FEBRUARY, 1865

The percentage of deaths to population was 8.057 in 1864, and in 1865, 4.368.

Of these deaths, 16,539 were males and 10,943 females, the proportion being 151.2 of the former to 100 of the latter.

There were 393 still born children not included in the above.

Of the persons who died, 10,446 were born in Bombay, 17,267 elsewhere, and the birth places of 432 were unknown.

Sequestration was given to 1,226 bodies, 7,651 were disposed of by cremation, and 1,018 were exposed to carrion birds.

In 1865 the proportion of bodies burnt was 27.43 and in the previous year 26.34 to the whole deaths. 10 deaths of Hindoos the proportion of bodies burnt in those two years was—

1865,	47.70	1864	45.74.
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In comparing the mortality of the year 1865 with that of the previous year and with the mean of the last ten years it is found that from 1854 to the deaths were 2,137, or 2,051 less than in the preceding year, but 447 more than the mean of the last ten years.

From 1854 to 1865 there were 566 deaths,—1,112 less than in the preceding year, and 478 less than the mean of the last ten years. A non-vaccination may be attributed the mortality from this disease, "children perish, and parents lose their offspring by neglect of a precaution of the simplest kind."

From 1854 to 1865 100 deaths occurred—27 more than in the year 1864, and 54 over the ten years' mean. The numerical history of this disease is peculiar. In 1857 there were 1,614 deaths, in 1860 there were 927, in 1863, there were 422, and 400 in 1865. In the intermediate years, commencing in 1855, in which year there was not one death from this cause recorded, it never rose above 161.

The localities of the greatest mortality from epidemic disease were as follows:—From Chhatrapati—1st, Kumbhateepoor, 2nd, Oombarkaree 3rd, Market, 4th, Dhobee Tulao 5th, Chukli. From Shivajipoor—1st, Mandree 2nd, Kumbhateepoor 3rd, Chukli, and following these were the North Fort Market, Oombarkaree, and Dhobee Tulao. From Malabar—1st, Kumbhateepoor, 2nd, Market, 3rd, Dhobee Tulao.

The fourth class of causes of death is Fever.

From this one cause alone the reported deaths were 18,213, giving 2,234 per cent of deaths to population, and 65.30 per cent of the total mortality. The present imperfect mode of registration, though as carefully conducted as could be, has always rendered it impossible to classify correctly the death causes which are rendered under the name of fever. There was, however, no doubt a prevailing type, and if the deaths in the large Native Hospital of the City, in which the admissions and mortality exceeded those of any previous year, may form a guide, we may suppose that a low remittent fever prevailed during the year. Of the above, 10,566 were males and 7,677 were females. An excess of 5,268 deaths is thus shown from this cause over the previous year, in one lustrum an increase of 11,219 and 10,336 over the mean of ten years.

Fever appeared to have kept pace with the known influx of the labouring classes of both sexes during the years 1863-64 and 65, in which there can be little doubt but that overcrowding had been gradually extending, and that hard labour with exposure, vitiated air of crowded dormitories,—in many cases a want of nutritious food, and high wages with consequent dissipation,—were engendering their well-known evils among the poor and badly bestowed classes of the community.

In the first quarter of the registration year, viz, from February to April, fever deaths were 6360, in the second quarter 5071 in the third 3331, and in the last, ending January 1866 they fell to 2379. In the month of March there were 2110 deaths, in April 2,648, in May 2,461. Here the progress of fever seemed to have been arrested, for from this month the mortality decreased, and in the last three months of the year under report the deaths were less than in the same months of the previous year, and in January less than in the same months of the two preceding years, 1863 and 1864.

If the demands on the labour market had been gradually decreasing in the latter part of the year 1865, and with the falling off there was doubtless a large exodus of the labouring "fluctuating population."

The vigorous carrying out of a more perfect system of sanitation was likewise beginning to be felt.

The quarters with the highest rates of mortality from fever existed, were from 25 to 41 in both sexes, the next ages were from 11 to 24. The localities of—1st, Khetwader, 2nd, Khur, 3rd, Kumateepoor, 4th, Chhoyake, 5th, Khombarwad; then Chukla and Dongra, are those, in order of precedence, in which fever deaths bore the greatest on the population, while in proportion to other diseases the rates were highest in—1st, Kumateepoor, 2nd Chukla, 3rd, Oombarhadee, Dongra, and Khetwader. The minima of deaths from fever to population were in George, 4th, South Fort, Chhoyake, Mahim, Worlee, and North Fort. In proportion to deaths from other causes, the minima were in George, South Fort, Geo, Worlee, Parell, and Larwadee.

The localities are here particularly noted, as the results appear to point out where measures might be taken not only to decrease present overcrowding, but also for initiating precautionary arrangements to prevent its great recurrence in the future.

Under classes of Causes of Death, from V. to XI, the mortality was generally less than in the previous year.

In Class XII, Deaths from Chronicity and Debility, there was a mortality of 1,606, in the previous year there were 1,471 deaths under this head, showing in the year under report an increase of 135, and in excess over the mean of ten years of 385. Of these deaths no less than 1,152 were children under 15 days old.

Class XIII, Leprosy, gave 34 deaths, there were 40 from this cause in 1864.

Deaths from Dropsies, Class XIV, were 100, in 1864 there were 117.

Class XV, Violent and Accidental Deaths.—The largest number of deaths from this cause, since the commencement of registration, occurred in the year under report, they amounted to 647 over the number recorded in the previous year, and 116 over the mean of ten years. Out of the above number, 263 were males and 75 females, 38 of these deaths were from injuries connected with railways, 35 were from accidental drowning, in ditches, quarry holes, tanks, and wells, 5 suicidal in wells, 1 in tank, 1 in quarry hole. Drowning during periods of insanity and intoxication caused 6 deaths, 21 bodies were "found drowned" in tanks, 16 "found drowned" in wells, 15 were "found drowned" in the sea, 3 "found drowned" in quarry holes, and 1 "found drowned" in a ditch. 91 per cent of deaths in the class "accidental and violent" are thus attributable to drowning. The facilities given by undefended tanks, wells and quarry holes to this mode of self destruction and accident have doubtless been greatly decreased since 1861. 27 deaths occurred from falls from houses, 19 from crutch falls or landings, falling houses caused 8, rock falls and blasting caused 3, 5 were caused by falls from toddy trees, 8 from falls from heights undescribed, 14 from falling of heavy weights, such as cotton bales. Falls and accidents on ship board caused 12 deaths. Hanging gave 6 deaths—4 suicidal, 1 judicial, 1 homicidal. Poisoning gave 16 deaths—4 suicidal, 11 alcoholic, 3 accidental. 5 deaths ensued from snake-bite, 1 from rat bite, 2 resulted from gunpowder explosion. Burns caused 7. 11 deaths occurred from injuries the causes of which were unknown. Carriage and cart accidents caused 9 deaths, 12 resulted from being crushed between buffers, gates, carriages, &c., 3 from horse accidents, 19 from want of nourishment and starvation, 3 from cat throats, suicidal, 4 from wounds, stabs, 4 were from accidents caused by steam engines, 2 from plows and hooks.

The still-born numbered 383, of which 240 were males and 153 females.

From the death reports that have undergone investigation in the formation of this Report, it is evident that the causes of death are frequently most incorrectly rendered, and the system is one that, however good as a commencement, should now meet with a speedy but well considered alteration.

The written reports, too, are often carelessly given, and the private medical practitioners of the Island do not give that attention to the subject which is requisite. There were 3,310 written reports, or 120 per cent. of the whole, of the above number not more than 50 were from private medical practitioners. The greatest number were from the Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital, the Quiloner of Bombay, Medical Officers of Hospitals, Regiments, and from relatives.

The mean barometric pressure was a trifle lower than in 1861, the variations were not so great. The mean temperature was 80.7, the mean range was 10.8, and absolute range 48.9. The mean dew point was 72.1, two degrees higher than in the previous year; and the mean humidity was 76.

Rain fell on 101 days at Colaba, and 94 days at Bynulla. The gauge at the former place registered 79.01 inches, and at the latter 73.46. The prevailing winds were N N W., S W., and W.

T. B. JOHNSTONE, M.D., Surgeon Major.
Secretary to the Inspector General, Medical Department.

APPENDIX SHOWING THE DEATH RATE IN EACH LOCALITY IN 1865.

District	LOCALITY						No. living at 1 st Feb 1864	No. deaths during 1865	Deaths rate for 1864	No. living at 1 st Feb 1865	Deaths rate for 1865
A	Colaba .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	11,101	647	5.83	972	1.011
	Fort, Southern ..	..	..	..	..	..	2,111	23	1.18	14	0.73
	Fort, Northern ..	..	..	..	..	..	4,088	86	2.17	45	1.19
	Island .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	7,899	400	5.05	21	2.53
B	Market .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	77,402	1,631	2.17	1,135	1.46
	Malabar .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	43,153	1,123	2.63	1,210	2.85
	Chunab .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	41,112	1,004	2.47	1,061	2.61
	Ordnance .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1,000	2,137	2.13	1,000	2.13
	Durgam .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	60,259	1,671	2.77	1,111	2.01
C	Dhule .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	71,795	1,000	1.39	1,000	1.40
	Pharmawati .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	22,594	110	0.49	2,000	1.60
	Bhuleshwar .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	50,242	1,313	2.63	1,000	1.97
	Khar .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1,111	1,111	1.00	1,010	1.06
	Kashim .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1,000	1,000	1.00	700	1.43
	Khar .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	21,000	1,000	4.76	1,111	0.92
	Gang .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	29,177	707	2.42	1,111	1.19
D	Chowpatty .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	6,184	362	5.85	210	3.36
	Wakheswar .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	10,094	464	4.60	270	2.70
	Mahadwar .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	9,141	386	4.22	262	2.86
E	Margum .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	21,784	784	3.59	412	1.89
	Law .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	9,112	140	1.54	140	1.54
	Kam .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	61,177	4,000	6.54	2,000	3.25
	Patil .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	5,002	212	4.24	100	2.17
	Scout .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	5,012	12	0.24	27	0.54
F	Scout .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	12,078	112	0.92	57	0.47
	Maham .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	14,111	431	3.06	210	1.48
	Ward .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	10,211	157	1.53	127	1.24
	Water Division ..	..	..	..	..	..	22,282	311	1.39	123	0.55
	Non Resident and Unknown ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	581	..	123	..
Total							8,16,564	37,502	4.59	18,249	2.24

APPENDIX SHOWING THE DEATH RATE IN THE DIFFERENT CASTES AND RACES IN 1865.

CASTE OR RACE.	Living Feb 1864.	Dying in 1865.	Mortality Per cent.
Buddhists and Jains, &c.	8021	1,040	13.041
Brahmins	30,684	715	2.188
Langkats and Bhatias	21,869	436	1.993
Hindus of other Castes	401,580	33,589	8.363
Hindoo Outcasts	12,412	2,211	17.829
Moomulmans	11,880	6,74	4.508
Parsees	49,201	1,016	2.065
Jews	2,862	99	3.448
Native Christians	8,903	712	7.977
Indo Europeans	1,491	49	3.291
Europeans	5,111	474	9.280
Negro Africans	2,074	149	7.183
Chinese	18	51	16.140
Other and Unknown Races	No return	36	
Buddhists, &c., Langkats, and Bhatias, Moomulmans and Negro Africans	41,890 117,944	1,450 4,302	4.401 4.118
Amecophagous Castes	61,891	1,974	3.175
Sarcophagous	784,14	21,214	2.011

THE MUNICIPAL MARKET LOAN.

In accordance with a resolution of the Bench of Justices dated 20th November 1865 tenders were invited in August last for a loan of 2½ lacs of Rupees at six per cent having a currency on the security of the markets for twenty years. The loan was obtained in amounts of Rs. 500 at 2½ per cent discount.

THE MAIN DRAINAGE OF BOMBAY.

In June 1866 Mr. Russel Aitken, Executive Engineer to the Municipality, submitted to the Municipal Commissioner a Preliminary Report on the Main Drainage of Bombay. Mr. Aitken objected to the three outfalls proposed by Mr. Traill's scheme, the first of which, or the outfall for the low level, was at the new goods station of the G. I. P. Railway at Waise Bunder; the second, or gravitating outfall for the sewage part of the native town, was at the South end of the Rhipinstone Land Company's Reclamation; and the third, or outfall for the Fort Sewage, which is now being constructed is near the Mint. Mr. Aitken held that the sewage issuing from any one of these outfalls would be driven by the ebb tide into the creeks and basins of the harbour where it would be deposited on the foreshore, proving hurtful to the City and the shipping. The proposal made by others that the sewage should be discharged into the sea on the Western side of the island at Malabar Hill or at Worlee was also objected to, on the ground that the tidal observations showed that if the sewage was discharged at Worlee, although it would be mixed with a large body of tidal water, yet during eight months of the year it would be driven back on to the shore between Malabar Hill and Worlee Point, and this being to the windward of the island would poison the air of the whole City. There remained only the lower part of the harbour towards Colaba, where from the tidal observations it had been found that the ebb tide flows out to sea in a direction parallel with the shore. There were three sites at Colaba any one of which would fulfil the conditions necessary for an outfall; (1) on a piece of ground to be reclaimed from the foreshore opposite Oyster Rock; (2) on ground to be reclaimed from the foreshore below the Colaba Lighthouse where the reservoirs and pumping stations would be situated, but the sewage would be discharged into the harbour by a culvert down to low water line at right angles to the tidal current; (3) the pumping station would be

situated as in the last mentioned case, but the sewage would be discharged by a culvert or covered drain leading from the reservoir to the end of the Prong near the site for the proposed lighthouse. Mr. Aitken gave preference to the Oyster Rock outfall, because it fulfilled the necessary conditions of getting the sewage away from the City and the shipping as well as the other two outfalls, his reasons being that when compared with the Lighthouse outfall it would dispense with 7,800 feet of a sewer (estimated to cost six lacs of rupees), with an additional culvert to discharge the sewage at low water line (estimated to cost five lacs of rupees) and when compared with the Prong outfall it would save in addition to these works another culvert 2,000 yards long to the Prong outlet, and estimated to cost 30 lacs of rupees. Besides, the works, if the Oyster Rock outfall were adopted could be completed in a much shorter space of time. Mr. Aitken held, along with Mr. Ormiston and Col. DeLisle, that it would be quite useless to attempt to pump the monsoon waters along with the sewage, as it would involve an extra cost for engine power and for drains that would be absolutely ruinous. All that, in his opinion, could be attempted to be done is to try as much as possible to separate the sewage from the surface water, and to provide sufficient engine power to keep the main sewers running full force.

A Commission was appointed by Government to consider which of the three Colaba outfalls should be selected. The Commission to a great extent agreed with Mr. Aitken, but selected the Lighthouse outfall chiefly, almost entirely, on account of the sanitary interests of the military cantonment at Colaba, and they recommended that Government should defray a part of the increased cost.

In December 1866 Mr. Aitken in a further Report sketched out the principal works which must be completed before Bombay can be efficiently drained. Mr. Aitken deems it necessary to make provision for a population of 1½ millions, which he estimates as the probable population at the end of the century, and that the City should be provided with water works which will ensure a daily supply of not less than 30 gallons per head for that prospective population, the present supply of Vihar water amounts to little more than 14 gallons per head for the present population of 800,000, or not one half of what it ought even now to be. He could not recommend any plan of sewer drainage to carry off the nightsoil of the city unless more water than was at present available was obtained. It might be possible under certain conditions to separate rain water from sewage, but the natural configuration of the Town of Bombay was not such as to encourage the experiment being made. It appeared to him that the only plan which could be followed during the monsoon was to take away by gravitation as much mixed sewage and rain water as possible from the higher portions of the Town, leaving the engine power at Colaba to pump what sewage and rain water it can from the lower parts of the Town, and to allow the surplus which cannot be pumped from this low lying district to escape by overflows on to the flats. During the fair season all the sewers will gravitate towards Colaba, where the sewage will be pumped up into reservoirs and discharged into the sea at high water, but during the monsoon he proposed that the high lying districts shall be cut off from the main sewer to Colaba, and the sewers allowed to discharge themselves into the harbour and Back Bay—that is to say during the monsoon all the mixed sewage and rain water from Maragon, Dongree, Coolee Street, and the Fort will discharge into the harbour, and that from the Esplanade, Sonapore and Chowpatte will discharge into Back Bay. The engines at Colaba will then only have to pump the sewage and rain water from the low lying districts around Bholasahwar and Camateepoora. The part of the town extending to 150 acres and lying between Belliss Road and Khotwaddy lies only between two and three feet above mean sea level, and is consequently under water during the monsoon. Thus Mr. Aitken proposes should be filled up, and suggests that the Municipal Act can gradually compel landowners to fill it up when they commence building. All Mr. Aitken's plans and estimates were framed on the understanding that this tract would be filled up. On this assumption Mr. Aitken proposes that all the large intercepting sewers of the higher districts except the main sewer from Null Bazaar to Colaba shall be constructed so as to carry off a maximum rain fall of 8 inches per diem in addition to the ordinary sewage of the districts they drain. To provide for extraordinary storm falls, it is proposed to retain the present main drain as a storm water drain, only prolonging it by a cut to the old Worlee sluices, which would require to be enlarged. As to the course of the sewers, Mr. Aitken proposes that the main outfall sewer from the Null Bazaar to the Lighthouse, or rather from the south end of Duncan Road to the Esplanade, shall pass by a new street originally surveyed by

Mr. Bulkley, formed by prolonging Duncan Road through Bhoolashwari and out by the Money School. The cost of land, houses and works required for the construction of this new road, Mr. Aitken estimated at 25 lacs of rupees. Including the construction of this main sewer, the intercepting sewer, a reservoir for a wage of 4 acres in extent with a depth of 12 feet, and a pumping engine of 400 horse power, the works were estimated to cost 110 lacs, from which Mr. Aitken deducts 2½ lacs for the amount to be recovered by sale of land on either side of the proposed new street, and the cost of filling near Grant Road, leaving a total outlay of 85 lacs.

Government called for the opinions of the Chief Engineer of the Presidency Division (Col. Tremerehere), the Consulting Engineer for Reclamations (Col. DeLisle), and the Secretary of the Sanitary Commission, Dr. Asher, on the scheme of Mr. Aitken.

Colonel Tremerehere thought Mr. Aitken's scheme premature, and that there was little benefit to be derived from discussing a scheme that required as an indispensable preliminary an extension of the water supply, and when that had been obtained, an expenditure on drainage alone of 110 lacs. He thought the rain water should be separated from the sewage, and that the proposal to allow the sewage to be discharged into the upper harbour and into Back Bay and on the Islands during the monsoon months should be deemed fatal to Mr. Aitken's scheme.

Col. DeLisle differed from Mr. Aitken on the following main points: (1) That the existing drain should be maintained with such improvements as they may require for surface drainage unmixed with sewage. (2) That sewage and the least possible amount of surface waters only be admitted to the Colaba sewers. (3) That the amount of pumping be thereby reduced to a minimum. (4) And that the channels to Love Grove and Worlee be both retained, enlarged, and the outlets improved. He thought the cost of Mr. Aitken's scheme would be a heavier burden than the Municipality could bear.

Dr. Asher thought the imperfections of Mr. Aitken's scheme were the discharge, at times, of sewage into the harbour and Back Bay, and also on the Islands, should the pumping apparatus at Colaba become disarranged, or the main drain be overtaxed by a rain fall exceeding two inches in 24 hours.

In the Government Resolution dated 5th March 1867, following on these opinions, Government thought the question of an increased water supply should not be allowed to bar action in respect to the drainage works. The existing water supply was at present insufficient, and the demand for water must increase. Government considered there was much force in the points wherein Col. DeLisle differed from Mr. Aitken, but even if all were agreed, it would still be necessary to refer the question to the Secretary of State, and the reference should be made at once with a view to obtain the highest scientific authority as to the best plan of drainage.

On 2nd April following, Government passed another resolution that it was adverse to referring the question as had been proposed, in the present shape, to an engineering authority in England, Government having at its disposal able Engineer officers of its own. A committee consisting of Col. Tremerehere, Col. DeLisle, Mr. Russell Aitken, Mr. Bulkley, and Mr. Thwaites was appointed to consider "the whole question of the main drainage of Bombay." Government expressed itself as opposed to a harbour outfall, but if the Committee thought an outfall in the direction of Worlee Point advisable as an alternative to a Colaba outfall, Government would be prepared to take into consideration any sanitary objections to such a scheme. (See *Meeting of Justices 8th April*, page 560.)

By another resolution dated 8th April the nomination of Mr. Bulkley was cancelled. The resolution remarked that "it is obvious that the works cannot be carried out without a drainage loan, and that the Municipality look to the assistance of Government to enable them to arrange such a loan advantageously, and it therefore became the duty of Government to satisfy itself that there is a plan it can submit with confidence to the Secretary of State for his sanction. (See *Meeting of Justices 17th April*, page 561).

At a Meeting of the Committee on 26th April they resolved unanimously against the Worlee outfall and in favor of a Colaba outfall with a main sewer down the centre of the town. They resolved (Mr. Aitken dissenting) that the sewage and the rain fall should be kept separate so far as practicable to do so, and that the storm outfalls should only be considered as safety valves in the event of anything happening to the outfall works.

On the resolutions of the Committee, Government passed a resolution stating that the Committee had passed over all minor points of detail, and that the absence of full discussion of the subject appeared to be impropriety of government intervention. Government dissented from the remark of the Committee that the Worlee outfall offered no economical or engineering advantages over the Colaba outfall, inasmuch as there would be less rock cutting, and instead of the outfall drain having to be carried throughout a long and densely populated area, it would pass for the most part over unoccupied ground. It was sanitary grounds, therefore, which prevented its adoption. On the second point it could not be admitted that in an engineering point of view the Colaba outfall is the proper one. The measure was justifiable on sanitary grounds quite apart from engineering questions. The extension of the outfall along the Prongs to the new Lighthouse site could only be done at great cost, and Government are not prepared to accept the liability of such extra cost. On the third point there were, apart from engineering considerations, sound financial reasons for concurrence with the majority of the committee in the decision that the sewage and rainfall should be kept separate, so far as it is practicable to do so. The resolution then proceeded to criticise the details of Mr. Aitken's scheme, remarking that it would not be in the Commissioner's power for a great many years to come, to get the area reclaimed which was an indispensable feature of Mr. Aitken's scheme, and also that his proposal to admit the storm waters to the sewers had very obvious disadvantages. As all the committee, Mr. Aitken excepted, were agreed as to the necessity of separating the storm water from the sewage, the separation of the two would render a complete revision of the scheme necessary. On financial grounds Mr. Aitken's scheme was impracticable, as the Municipality with their utmost available powers of taxation could not find the means of providing the interest on a loan at 6 per cent, maintenance charges, and sinking fund, even on the supposition that Mr. Aitken's estimates would not be exceeded. But as all local discussion was exhausted the papers would now be submitted to the Government of India and the Secretary of State.

Mr. Crawford, on 19th August 1867, addressed Government on the subject of the above resolution requesting Government to reconsider its decision that it was not prepared "to accept the liability" for the extra cost of prolonging the outfall to the Prongs, a course which had been suggested by the military authorities. He also forwarded Mr. Aitken's estimates along with a letter from Mr. Aitken in which it was pointed out that the new street, the filling up of the area between Bell's Road and Khetwaddy, and the cost of prolonging the outfall beyond Oyster Rock were not essential to Mr. Aitken's scheme and might be omitted from it, reducing the cost of the whole scheme to 62 lacs.

On 4th October, Government passed a resolution on the letters of Mr. Crawford and Mr. Aitken, expressing surprise that Government was expected to bear a direct portion of the expense of the works, the Commissioner in December 1866 having merely stipulated for a guarantee for a loan. It was also pointed out that after the proposed omissions were made in Mr. Aitken's scheme the reduction would bring the cost down to 85 lacs and not 62 as stated, and thus over and above an increased supply of water which was "quite indispensable," to use Mr. Aitken's own words, "to ensure the proper working of a system of sewer drainage." It was also pointed out as strange that Mr. Aitken was now willing to omit parts of his scheme, which he at first declared absolutely essential to it.

Mr. Crawford in acknowledging receipt of the preceding resolution referred Government to a claim upon Government for a large direct contribution to the drainage works, in addition to defraying the whole of the cost of prolonging the outfall from Oyster Rock outfall to the Light house. He suggested that Government would not make any demand on the Imperial funds, if the original proposal of Government made in 1837 was carried out, viz., to provide the Government share of the funds by raising the duty on country spirits manufactured in or imported into Bombay.

Government in a resolution dated 15th October remarked that the Commissioner's claim upon Government for direct assistance had been overlooked and that the suggestion as to providing a portion of the funds by increasing the duty on country spirit should be considered in the Revenue Department.

Dr. Hewlett, the Health Officer, having been requested by the Bench of Justices (see meeting of the Bench page 613) to report on Mr. Aitken's scheme, reported thereon on 22nd October. He pointed out that Mr. Aitken's scheme of drainage did not propose to meet the wants of 92,191 persons who were living beyond the limits of the area to which he applied his drainage scheme. That scheme excluded the population of Colaba, Walkeshwar, Mahalaxumee, Parrell, Sewree, Sec, Mahim, and Worlee. Mr. Aitken's description of the flooding of the low lying land, proposed to be reclaimed, was exaggerated, but he nevertheless thought the district should be filled in. Mr. Aitken's estimate of the population in 1,900 was much too high, and his estimate of the acreage drained much too low. He shewed that during the monsoon by Mr. Aitken's plan Back Bay was to receive the excreta of 168,000 persons, and the Harbour was to receive the excreta of 350,000, in short the excreta of 518,000 out of the total population of Bombay of 835,000 was supposed by Mr. Aitken to be practically harmless when discharged into the sea during the monsoon. In point of fact, this should prove fatal to Mr. Aitken's scheme. He did not think it would be safe for Government to allow the sewage reservoirs to be constructed so near the new artillery barracks proposed to be built near the lighthouse. In reference to the admission of the rain-water into the sewage channels he held that this should not be allowed on any possible plea. Were Mr. Aitken's scheme carried out he believed the houses in the higher levels would be rendered uninhabitable, as no means of ventilation could prevent gases from entering into them. By the overflow out to the flats, Mr. Aitken proposes to create the very state of things he condemns as most objectionable. In conclusion Dr. Hewlett recommended the Bench to be content for the present with a thorough improvement and reorganisation of the *su fact* drainage throughout the City. The surface drainage under any system must be improved. For the cesspool districts—the districts in which cholera has been most rife—he advised a trial on a small scale at first, of Captain Lieurnur's scheme for removing nightsoil and urine, and he suggested that the removal of fluid house refuse might be effected by small well ventilated channels, if necessary by pumping. He deprecated the pouring of the sewage into the sea, and allowing it to flow to waste without doing good to any body.

Mr. Aitken in his reply said that it had never been contemplated to drain the outlying districts, in other words to drain the whole island, and he defended his calculations both of the acreage and population. The overflow into Back Bay would only come into operation on an average of 10 days during the monsoon, and that on to the Flats or into the large cut to Worlee would only take place about three or four times every monsoon. The overflow would be practically harmless, being mixed with twelve parts of rain water to one of sewage, and it was necessary for the purpose of avoiding greatly increased cost. The reservoir at Colaba would be covered with three feet of earth, and the escaping gases would be taken up by the engine fires and carried off by the chimney. He pointed out that if Lieurnur's system were adopted it would cost in the first instance £2,500,000, and the annual working expenses would be 52 lacs or $1\frac{1}{2}$ times the entire income of the Municipality.

A number of the foregoing papers was forwarded to the Government of India who, on 21st September 1867, wrote as follows to the Government of Bombay —

SIR, 21st September 1867.

SIR.—The despatch of the Government of Bombay to the Secretary of State, No. 86 of 1867, forwarding papers relating to the drainage of the Town of Bombay, having been laid before the Governor General in Council, I am directed to state that the subject has appeared to His Excellency in Council of such great importance as to call for a special expression of opinion, which I have been directed to communicate to you for the information of his Excellency the Governor of Bombay in Council.

2. From the papers forwarded, it is gathered that the Bombay Municipality have at present in contemplation two great schemes, one for the drainage of the Town and the other for an addition to the water supply. The former may be supposed to be likely to cost about one million, and the latter three quarters of a million, if carried out without any excess on the estimates. Judging from all experience, however, if such projects are put in hand, it is much more likely that the estimates will be exceeded by 50 per cent. on the present calculations, and that the works, if completed will ultimately cost over 2½ millions. The interest on this amount at 6 per cent, which would barely pay for a loan at the present time, would require about £150,000 per annum, or 16 lakhs of rupees. Added to this, a considerable sum, not likely to be less than 2 per cent. on the capital, would be necessarily required

for maintenance and working, say ₹50,000 more. This gives not less than ₹200,000, or 20 lakhs yearly to be recovered from the City of Bombay for these two services, while the possible sum available, including new taxation, is stated to be only 7½ lakhs, or ₹75,000 yearly being little more than a third of what is likely to be wanted for such projects.

3. While concurring in the views stated in paragraphs 24 and 25 of the Resolution of the Bombay Government of 26th June last, His Excellency in Council is disposed to doubt whether any useful purpose can be served by addressing the Secretary of State on the subject at the present time, as has been done. The proper course, under the circumstances, would, in the opinion of the Governor General in Council, have been to have distinctly refused to entertain at all any scheme which was not shown to be financially reasonable, having regard to the actual and prospective available income of the City of Bombay, and to have put the full responsibility on the Municipality of preparing such a scheme. Unless the proposed works are carried out on a greatly reduced scale of magnitude, it will be quite impossible for the people of Bombay to bear the burden that their construction and maintenance would involve, and it would be wholly unjustifiable to place this burden on the people of India generally.

4. The Governor General in Council would most strenuously object to any proposal having in view the imposition of any burden whatever on the general population for any such objects as are contemplated, until it had been most distinctly proved that the greatest care had been taken in reducing the projected works within the closest limits, and that the execution of the works proposed was of the most indisputable necessity for the preservation of the health of the City of Bombay. Even under such conditions, the propriety of executing such works from the general revenues may still be questioned. But on neither of these points is the Government of India satisfied that any sufficient attention has been bestowed, on the contrary, so far as the accounts of these projects admit of an opinion being formed on them, they both appear to pass beyond all bounds of moderation.

5. Until these projects have been brought into a form which shall remove the objections to them above stated, it seems to the Governor General in Council that no practical good can come from addressing the Secretary of State regarding them, or the means of providing funds for their execution.

6. A copy of this communication will be forwarded to the Secretary of State.—I have the honor to be, Sir, your most obedient servant,

(Signed) O. H. DICKINS, COLONEL, R. A.,
Secretary to the Government of India.

THE WET DOCK COMMITTEE.

In March 1867 Colonel Strachey, Inspector General of Irrigation, issued a minute reporting in favor of Wet Docks at Moody Bay, at the Alphonstone Company's Land and at the Colaba Company's property. The Moody Bay Docks were to be constructed by funds raised by Government guarantee, and were to be placed under a harbour trust, and arrangements were to be made with the two Reclamation Companies to construct their docks with capital borrowed on the security of a Government guarantee of five per cent., and Government Directors were to be appointed for the general purpose of managing the Dock estates without interfering in the general affairs of the Companies.

On 30th March 1867 Government appointed a Committee to consider the subject of Wet Docks in Moody Bay. In August five members of the Committee (one of whom was the chairman) reported in favor of Wet Docks in Moody Bay, the funds to be raised either by Government directly, or by a trust vested with borrowing powers by Government, the interest on such loans being guaranteed.

Five members recorded a dissent in favor of a deep water tidal basin.

Commercial.

REVIEW OF THE BOMBAY MARKET FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDING 20th DECEMBER 1867.

In most branches of our Import market, with the exception of that connected with Cotton, there has been a sound and steady business in progress during the year. Cotton Piece Goods, however, which constitute our staple import, have undergone a steady decrease in value, and in this branch of business severe losses have been sustained by several importing houses who operated freely in the Manchester Market in the belief that cotton would maintain the comparatively high price at which it stood at the beginning of the year. The gradually declining Market with which Importers have had to contend would, doubtless, have resulted much more disastrously to them, but for the transmission of their goods by the Overland route which has been largely availed of during the year; this has enabled shippers to lay down their purchases earlier, and thereby effect sales before the market reached a lower level, which it would have done had the goods come via the Cape. Consumption has been on a fair scale, but not to the extent which might have been anticipated from the reduction in price which has taken place; and here we may remark that we fear the belief is too strongly entertained in many quarters that the lower the price at which we can lay down goods the greater will be the consumption by present consumers. We are of the opinion that any increase in consumption must arise from an increase of consumers, or, in other words, new Markets, rather than from the increased wants of our present consumers, the large bulk of whom consists of the poorer classes, who, be the cloth cheap or dear, will buy only as much as they actually require.

The past twelve months has witnessed to a large extent the employment of the Telegraphic wire in Piece Goods operations. By means of this, and the Overland route, supplies keep so continuously coming in, that an advance in any particular description of cloth, owing to scarcity arising often in former times from vessels being kept out by adverse winds, can now but seldom take place. On the contrary we know of goods which have been specially recommended coming out by the Cape and finding the market fully supplied with similar goods which had come out in the interval, Overland. While on the subject of communication we may further remark that during the past year, the extension of our railway system, and the facilities which dealers have for sending forward their purchases into the consuming districts without loss of time, have helped materially to lessen the losses which the dealers might otherwise have sustained from the exceptional course of our Market throughout the year.

Mildew in goods has not been such a cause of complaint as during the past few years when the high price of the raw material held out a great encouragement to manufacturers, we cannot, however, say that it has been entirely absent during the past year, but with cheap cotton, as we are now likely to have, one great inducement for resorting to unfair means in the preparation of goods, is removed.

Another result of the lower price of cotton is the impetus given to the production of our local mills. During the past twelve months there has been a large turn-out from this source, and in the ensuing year we look for a still greater production; this will to a certain extent place some descriptions of home manufactures at a disadvantage, and may eventually lead to the removal of the Import duty on all cotton manufactures.

Grey Goods.

We now report upon our Grey Goods Market during the past twelve months as follows —

JANUARY.—During this month there was a steady business in progress, importers evincing considerable readiness to part with stocks on the following basis: 89 inch 7 lbs. Grey Shirtings Rs. 6-14; 6½ lbs Rs. 8; 52 inch 3 lbs. Madapollams Rs. 5-4; 14 by 14, 2½ lbs Jaconets Rs. 2-14 to 8.

FEBRUARY was quieter, and prices throughout had a drooping tendency. This quietness may be attributed to the following causes: a restriction of credit by the dealers owing to some failures, the full supplies coming forward, and the anxiety of buyers to have advice from the upcountry marts regarding the disposal of the comparatively large purchases in the preceding month. Quotations at close of month were 39 inch 7 lbs Shirtings Rs 6 8 to 6 7, 44 lbs Rs 7 7 to 7 8, 32 inch 3 lbs Madapollams Rs 2-12, 14 by 14, 2½ lbs Jaconets Rs 2 12.

MARCH—The market during this month showed a further downward tendency owing to the gradual decline which was taking place in Manchester and Liverpool, inducing a belief among dealers that a lower level here was inevitable, and in consequence making them unwilling to operate. Prices receded until 7 and 2½ lbs Shirtings touched Rs 15 and 6 15 respectively, but at this point the market seemed to rally, and for the remainder of the month a slight improvement was manifested, the demand being further strengthened by purchases made for Calcutta. Sales at the close of this month were as follows: 39 inch 7 lbs Shirtings Rs 6 1 to 6 2, 8½ lbs Rs 7 9, 32 inch 3 lbs Madapollams Rs 2 9 to 2 10, 14 by 14, 2½ lbs Jaconets Rs 2 10 to 2 11.

APRIL—In the early part of this month the anxiety of Importers to quit stocks caused a further decline in values, as the month progressed, however, some large orders on Calcutta account imparted a better tone, and as Importers were also less inclined to sell, prices strengthened to the extent of 6 to 8 annas per piece in 7 and 8½ lb Shirtings. Towards the close advice of lower prices in the home markets again caused a reaction in values, closing sales being as follows: 39 inch 7 lb Shirtings Rs 5 14, 8½ lbs Rs 7 to 7 2, 32 inch 3 lbs Madapollams Rs 2 8 to 2 9, 14 by 14 2½ lbs Jaconets Rs 2-0 to 2 10.

MAY—Home advice reporting some improvement in markets there, produced an increased demand for goods in this market, stocks at the same time were on a very moderate scale, and for some descriptions of goods which were taken up freely for Calcutta, an advance was established: 40 inch 8½ lb Shirtings for instance having improved quite Rs 1 per piece. The following are the prices at which the latest sales were effected: 39 inch 7 lb Shirtings Rs 6 1 to 6 2, 8½ lbs Rs 7 12 to 7 11, 32 inch 3 lb Madapollams Rs 2 11 to 2 12, 14 by 14 2½ lbs Jaconets Rs 2 to 3 l.

JUNE—During the first half of the month there was a steady demand for Grey Stables, no doubt induced by the near approach of the monsoon, prices, however, show a gradual decline, especially towards the end of the month, when a large number of overdue arrivals took place, thereby adding considerably to stocks in first hands. Latest sales were at the following prices: 39 inch 7 lb Shirtings Rs 5 13 to 5 14, 8½ lbs Rs 7-2 to 7 4, 32 inch 3 lbs Madapollams Rs 2-11, 14 by 14 2½ lbs Jaconets Rs 2 11 6.

JULY—This month was characterized by no important change in the value of goods, business was much interfered with by the rains, but towards the close of the month the low prices ruling brought to the market a few upcountry buyers who made some large clearances. Advice from the chief consuming districts showed that the fall of rain, although late, had been good, which information tended to strengthen our market. Sales at the close of the month were at full prices, say, 39 inch 7 lb Shirtings Rs 5 12 to 6 0, 8½ lbs Rs 6-15 to 7 0, 32 inch 3 lbs Madapollams Rs 2 8 to 2 10, 14 by 14, 2½ lbs Jaconets Rs 2 10.

AUGUST—Commenced with a good healthy demand for staples, but there was no change in values, full supplies and lower prices at home shortly afterwards produced a quieter feeling and ultimately caused a decline of about 4 annas per piece in Shirtings. Fears of a deficient rainfall, which were prevalent in the first half of the month, may have accounted for some portion of the decline which took place; the chief cause, however, was the fear of lower prices at home, and a possible loss upon purchases kept dealers pretty well out of the market for some days near the close of this month. Latest sales therefore compare unfavorably with those of the preceding month, being as follows: 39 inch 7 lb Shirtings Rs 5 8 to 5 9, 8½ lbs Rs 6-11 to 6 11-6, 32 inch 3 lb Madapollams Rs 2 7 6, 14 by 14, 2½ lbs Jaconets Rs 2 8.

SEPTEMBER was characterized by great depression in our piece goods market and for the greater portion of the month the clearances were on the smallest possible scale, notwithstanding a serious decline in value. Discouraging English advices tended to send prices down, while the interruption to traffic on both our main lines of railway accounts to some extent for the stagnation in business we then experienced. Towards the end of the month however very favourable accounts of the rain-fall were received, the impression was also gaining strength that home prices had reached their lowest, Raw Dhollars being quoted 6½d., and in consequence for the last eight

days of the month there was an improved demand at an advance on prices in the first three weeks; the latest sales being as follows: 39 inch 7 lb. Shirtings Rs 5-3 to 5-8; 8½ lb. Rs. 6-9 to 6-10; 32 inch 8 lb. Madapollams Rs. 2-4-6; 14 by 14, 2½ lbs. Jaconets Rs 2 5.

OCTOBER opened with a continuation of the steady demand experienced towards the close of the preceding month, but some check was given by advices of lower prices from home; stocks of most descriptions being moderate, the market did not so readily respond to these lower quotations, but during the month rumours of war between France and Italy, and wire advices of large exports of goods from home imparted a weaker tone to the market, which however closed rather firmer than in the preceding month, quotation being 39 inch 7 lb. Shirtings Rs. 5-1 to 5-4; 8½ lb. Rs. 6 12 to 7-4; 32 inch 8 lb. Madapollams Rs 2-5-6; 14 by 14, 2½ lbs. Jaconets Rs. 2-7.

NOVEMBER.—During this month a good demand was experienced for most descriptions of Grey Goods but there was no advance in prices, although for the greater portion of the month the news from home were of a more encouraging character. Rumours as to the probability of a large cotton crop in America made dealers somewhat timid at one part of the month, and we closed with a downward tendency, sales being at the following prices: 39 inch 7 lb. Shirtings Rs 5 to 5-1; 8½ lb. Rs. 6-6 to 6-9-6; 32 inch 8 lbs. Madapollams Rs. 2-4-6; 14 by 14, 2½ lbs. Jaconets Rs 2 5.

DECEMBER.—The market at the commencement of this month was very quiet and prices experienced a further decline; no improvement either in demand or price was shown throughout the month, and at the close values are as follows: 39 inch 7 lbs. Shirtings Rs 4-13; 8½ lbs. Rs. 6; 32 inch 8 lbs. Madapollams Rs. 2-3; 14 by 14, 2½ lbs. Jaconets Rs. 2-8-6.

Twist.

This market has to a great extent been ruled by the fluctuations which from time to time took place in cotton, and the course of prices has generally been downwards. For the first three months there was only a small business in progress, and prices varied to the extent of 1½ to 2 annas decline on the principal counts, quotations being as follows.—

	4th Jan.	March.
Mule 40's.	15 as.	12½ as.
„ 50's.	16½ „	16 „
„ 60's.	19½ „	17½ „
Water 30's.	15 „	13½ „

In the early part of April these low prices attracted the notice of consumers and both demand and values experienced a slight improvement; this was followed by a lull near the close of the month owing to the receipt of less favorable home intelligence, but during May further demand showed itself, the near approach of the monsoon necessitating purchases by dealers, and a partial recovery in price was established. The demand continued comparatively brisk until the middle of June, 40s. Mule and 50s. Water realising 14½ and 14½ annas respectively; but in the latter part of that month and throughout July the enquiry for the lower counts was on a considerably smaller scale; owing to reduced supplies however the higher counts were at this time in good consumptive demand. In August and September there was only a small business in progress, prices in the interval showing a gradual decline. This stagnation also continued during the early part of October, when, in consequence of the decline in Manchester, prices here for 40s. Mule and 50s. Water fell to 11 and 12 annas respectively. Symptoms of a hardening tendency manifested themselves in the latter end of October, sales began to increase, and for some days in the beginning of November an advance of quite half an anna was established on the counts in most general demand; this advance was not maintained throughout the month, holders became more anxious to press sales, home news were at same time adverse, and purchases at the close of the month were again affected at 11 and 12 annas for 40s. Mule and 50s. Water respectively. December commenced with considerable stocks and a languid enquiry; prices in consequence have had a drooping tendency, and sales throughout have been small, prices closing as follows: Mule 30s. 9½ to 10as. 34s., 10½ to 10½, 40s. 10½ to 10½, 50s. 11½ to 12, 60s. 12½ to 12, 70s. 14 to 14½, Water 30s. 10 to 10½, 30s. 11 to 11½.

Metals.

In our Metal Market during the year no change of great importance has manifested itself. Of Copper Brass and Sheathing, which form an important

item in our Metal imports, supplies do not exceed those of the previous year, but although we have at intervals experienced considerable activity, there has been a sluggishness about prices during the year which makes us think that consumption is rather declining, and no doubt the decline in Cotton must seriously curtail upon our requirements. In the latter part of July the highest point of the market was reached, Brazier then touched Rs 52 4 but it has since been gradually getting weaker, towards which, however, the decline in the home market may be said to have helped. Australian Liles reached Rs 55 in June. This was likewise the highest price of the year. The imports of Yellow Metal Sheets and Sheet-iron, compared with those of 1866 are also full, prices until near the end of February experienced little change, but the smallness of the exports of Sheet-iron from England then attracted some notice, and a considerable demand arose, sales being effected at as high as Rs 15, the market for the remainder of the year has been quiet, but a comparatively steady business has been in progress. Closing prices being Rs 37 to 39 for Brazier and Rs 38 to 39 for Sheet-iron. Of Lead and Bar-iron, supplies during the year have been on a very full scale, but as consumption is gradually increasing, these larger supplies have generally been moved off at some factory prices, which however at the close are rather lower than in the beginning of the year. Swedish Liles have yielded good returns to shippers in the past twelve months, and shipments which arrived early in October must have left large profits to importers, the imports throughout have been decidedly too small for consumption wants, but as often happens in such cases, we fear that during the ensuing year our supplies will be largely in excess of requirements, the profits upon recent shipments inducing further operations on an extended scale. In the other Metals usually imported there is no great change to notice, but we may remark that the following are now all higher in value than at the beginning of the year, viz, Pig Lead, Quicksilver, Steel in Lobs, English Spelter, and Iron Plates.

Coals

In this Import, the consumption of which is steadily increasing, there have been good returns realised by the importers and speculators during the year, more particularly in the latter part of it when the probability of the rate being greatly increased on consumption on account of the Alliance in Legislative becoming apparent. Imports from home have in consequence largely increased and while we write there are probably not less than 1,500,000 tons allowed for this port, the shipments for September and October alone being 1,100,000 tons. For the first three months of the year the imports were moderate as judging from the advancing state of the market in the latter end of January and the early part of February, when David's Welsh Hartley advanced to Rs 43, this demand was then considerably in excess of the supply. During March and April the market experienced a decline of Rs 10 and remained at this decline throughout May, in the early part of the following month, June, prices were slightly firmer as the imports during May had been very small, but no change of importance took place, the above description being sold at Rs 31 to 32 alongside. July saw some reduction in stocks and as both of the Railway Companies were then in the market, there seemed at one time the likelihood of a very active business, demand however became languid, and did not again revive till the middle of August, when some purchases were made by Government. These purchases caused a rapid advance in price and in the first few days of September Welsh Hartley had reached Rs 41 to 45 per ton alongside. During the remainder of this month and also in October the rate for ready coal continued steady, but quotations for arrival were weaker. Throughout November the market remained dull, the heavy exports advised having a depressing influence upon cargoes afloat, while in December the weakness and decline also extended to ready coal, the quotations at the close being Rs 31 to 32 for David's Welsh Hartley alongside and Rs 30 to 32 for arrival.

EXPORTS

Our Export trade during the past twelve months shows that in all exports except Cotton our shipments have fallen off very considerably. The decrease is most noticeable in Lanesed, the exports of which for the eleven months ending 30th November being only 50,523 cwt against 1,45,540 cwt in the corresponding period of 1866. The decrease in Gingelly is even more marked a similar comparison giving us only 645 cwt shipped in 1867, against 90,014 cwt in 1866. It is indeed comparatively more favourably than either of the preceding, but of it also the exports are largely reduced there being 32,479 cwt shipped from 1st January to 30th November 1867 against 58,126 cwt in the same months of 1866. The great decrease in these

exports is attributable to the increased quantity of land taken up for Cotton cultivation, and during the ensuing year we shall doubtless see shipments of all descriptions of seeds going forward on a more extensive scale. Values of Linseed and Rapeseed for the first three months of the year had an upward tendency, but supplies came in more freely in April, and for the remainder of the year prices have been weaker closing as follows—Linseed Rs. 6.2 Rapeseed Rs. 6.4 against Rs. 7.2 and Rs. 6.14 respectively at the commencement of the year.

Pepper.

Shipments have also largely decreased during the year owing to a large portion of what used formerly to be exported from this place being now shipped to England direct from other Ports on the Coast.

Wool.

Wool—From the heavy exports of this article in 1866 larger than at any time since 1859 it was anticipated that during the next year exports would have continued on a comparatively full scale. This, however, has not been the case, on the contrary, exports are nearly fifty per cent less than in 1866. The actual exports are as follows: For the first eleven months of 1866, bales 65,103 same period 1867 bales 36,451. In accounting for this decrease it must be borne in mind that the large exports of 1866 were swelled by the great quantity of what was little better than rubbish shipped during that year, and some of which remained unsalable for months in Liverpool, while other lots upon which an advance of £10 per bale had been given here, realised a half penny per pound in the home markets. During the present year, the shipments on the whole have been of a more reliable character, but the business, which is chiefly in native hands, is still carried on at immense risk to the houses which take the consignments. Prices for the first eight months of the year were remarkably steady, but latterly the decline in the home markets has, of course, led to a lower range of values here. We quote closing prices for Jona wool Rs. 180 to 210 Pathan Rs. 140 to 170.

Cotton

Still ranks as our staple export and to its increased cultivation we owe entirely the great falling off in our seed exports. The quantity shipped during the first eleven months of 1867 exceeds that in the same period of any former year, but owing to the now reduced value of the staple, we are not likely to have exports for some years, in the immediate future at all events, on such a large scale. The market throughout the year has been gradually reaching a lower level, and like our piece goods importers, shippers of cotton have had much to contend against, speedy means of conveyance however have helped to reduce losses, and those who have taken advantage of the overland route for shipments, if they have not earned a profit, (and they have done so in many cases) have at least saved themselves from the greater loss which would have resulted had their shipments gone via the Cape. We do not intend by these remarks to advocate the adoption of the Overland route either for our Imports or Exports. During the past year it has no doubt had its advantages, but had markets here and at home been on the advance instead of the decline, it would have been to the disadvantage of all shippers to have employed it. With a return to the normal price of both cotton and goods it remains to be proved whether the advantages of the Overland route will be such as to induce shippers to avail themselves of it so largely as they have done during 1867.

A large proportion of the shipments during the year have been in execution of orders from home, so that the losses all connected with the trade have centred

of regions which they do not see in the local markets to be so. The year commenced with two strengthening influences operating upon the market, viz, improved home advices and the placing of numerous orders on European account,

estimated quantity, and our market therefore closed lower than in the earlier part of the month. During February, the market steadily declined notwithstanding strong buying by European houses, this decline was caused by the continued receipt of unfavorable English advices, and the fear of war on the Continent, dealers also being anxious to quit stock. From this time on to the end of April there was a gradual decline, business in the interval however was on a large scale, but the strong belief entertained by native dealers that a further decline would likely take place, shortly made them place their supplies freely on the market. For the first few days in May, the decline was not checked, but as the month advanced, and stocks became smaller, a firmer tone was imparted, business became more active, and prices hardened. This improved state of matters continued until towards the end of June, when the rains put a temporary stop to business. During July, there was little doing on European account, for China, however, considerable purchases were being made chiefly of the lower classed and short stapled descriptions which are preferred in that market. From the beginning of August until the end of the year the market has had a drooping tendency, and shipments show a gradual decrease, beyond this, the market in the interval presents few subjects for comment, but we may mention that the demand for China slackened in September, and during that month and the greater part of October the unfavorable character of the Home advices in a great measure stopped business on European account. The accounts of the growing crop, which were received in the beginning of October, promised a large supply, and this intelligence was calculated to weaken the market, but in the latter part of the month, and for the first half of November prices were decidedly firmer, although European houses kept very shy of business, this firmness was partly caused by our local mills making daily purchases, and also by the issuing of an official document by the American Statistical Bureau stating that this year's crop in the States was 1,700,000 bales. In a few days, however, the tone of the English news became very discouraging, and during the latter half of November and the whole of December, a lower range of prices has been established although there has been renewed buying on European account. To show the fluctuations in the market, we give below the prices current at the close of each month during the year, together with the total shipments —

	Dholera	Bromch	Comra-wuttaw	Hinghen-ghaut	Compta.	Sawgun-dharwar	Total shipments.
January ..	240 to 24	270	272 to 11	10 to 112	240	300 to 315	87,378
February ..	20 to 21	270 to 280	270	10 to 295	17 to 210	270 to 275	111,387
March ..	21	27	20 to 215	260	20 to 24	272	151,785
April ..	16	26	15 to 210	220 to 235	240	20	178,615
May ..	217	24	238	210 to 24	240	10 to 263	226,101
June ..	19	25	6	1	20	21 to 250	160,100
July ..	215 to 220	229	220	10 to 23	225	1	84,888
Aug. 1st ..	14	20	107 to 210	220	10 to 215	23 to 240	81,914
September ..	190	91	140	195	140	200	26,821
October ..	160	140	171	180	175	181	26,981
November ..	150	112	110	160	150	160	10,519
December ..	134	11	130	130	135	135	30,000

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

For the greater part of the year the supply of money has continued in excess of requirements, but owing to the want of confidence which we experienced for so long, accommodation was not always procurable when required, even although the security was undoubted. During January there was good demand for money to send into the interior for Cotton operations, the demand, however, was not so great as to necessitate any advance in rates of interest, which continued at 6 per cent for loans on Government paper and 8 per cent for mercantile paper. The Bank return showed a decrease of 8 lacs in cash at the Head office, which stood at the end of the month at 133 lacs. In February, the demand for upcountry continued active throughout, and although over 30 lacs of specie and bullion were received from China, it was found expedient to raise rates at the Bank one per cent. This step was no doubt taken with the intention of keeping funds in hand to

meet its depositors, as at this time the rumours in circulation regarding the Bank were causing much uneasiness. Great anxiety was also felt owing to calls being made by companies in liquidation, and as the Bank of Bombay was known to hold largely of Commercial Bank shares as well as some Asiatic Bank shares, a run was made by depositors, and in the week ending 23rd February Deposits to the extent of 105 lacs were withdrawn from the Head Office. The public anxiety was allayed however in a few days by Government intimating its willingness to support the Bank to the utmost extent of their available resources.

The above announcement by Government caused a better feeling to prevail in our money market, and during March there was no further withdrawal of consequence from the Deposits held by the Bank. Business during this month was active but the demand for money now fell more upon the Exchange Banks, and exchange had therefore a decidedly upward tendency during the month. The proposal to amalgamate the Bank of Bombay with that of Bengal was brought under the notice of the public in the early part of the month, and these negotiations tended to restore confidence at the time. Early in April there were symptoms of an easier market, but as the month advanced, the demand for money increased, and the Bank of Bombay had again to raise rates one per cent, the rates then ruling being 7 per cent. for loans on Government paper and 10 for Mercantile Bills. The advance in exchange on England in the preceding month attracted considerable amounts of bullion to this port, the first return by the Commercial Bank was also available during this month, so that our supplies were somewhat increased. During May the demand for money was much slackened, and as the monsoon was approaching, when capital could not well be employed in trade, considerable sums were being invested in Government Securities, prices of which were in consequence advancing. Throughout June there was little of importance in our money market, demand still continued very slack and the Directors reduced rates one per cent. fears of calls by Companies in liquidation still caused some anxiety, and confidence was yet far from being restored. An increased demand for Government paper was experienced this month, and prices were steadily rising, native capitalists being ready purchasers. In July and August the market continued quiet, but the fall in cotton was producing some anxiety, it being likely to result in failures here; there was therefore renewed distrust in the Bazar. September showed no increase in the demand for money and transactions in cotton, although prices had declined considerably, were on a very small scale. Money still continued plentiful, and in anticipation of the demands of the coming season some native holders of Government securities were realizing. During the first half of October some small amounts were sent into the districts, but there was no great disposition shown to do business until after the Dewilee; in the Bazar, money was plentiful, but loans were not readily obtainable. November showed no material increase in the demand for upcountry, the high prices of cotton in the interior in a great measure putting a stop to business, money was in full supply, and no change in rates took place during the month. The further decline which was established in cotton during December imparted greater activity to business, and during this month there has been a steady demand for money at ruling rates, which are 6 per cent. for loans on Government Securities and 8 per cent. for Mercantile paper. During this month the old Bank of Bombay, which has so disgracefully gone to ruin, was put into liquidation, the new Bank, the shares of which are now allotted, will be open for business early in January.

Government Securities.

A very large business has been done in these during the year, and as the recent collapse of so many of our public companies naturally engendered great distrust in the native mind, large amounts have been invested on native account. The extremely low rate of exchange on England for such a lengthened period has resulted in large purchases of paper for remittance, and but for the loan of 1½ millions raised in April the demand would have much exceeded the supply. We give below the prices current at the close of the respective months during the year. —

	Four	Five	Five & half		Four	Five	Five & half
January...	89-89½	106½	111	July	89½-89½	106½-106½	111½-111½
February.	88½	105½-105½	110½-110½	August	89½-89½	106½	111½
March	85-85½	104-104½	108-108½	September	89½	106½	111½
April ...	87-87½	105-105½	108½-109	October	90	106½	111½-111½
May ...	88-88½	105½-106	110½-111	November	91	107½	107½-118
June	89	106½-106½	111½	December	92	107½	118

Exchange.—The commencement of the year was marked by the change in the usance of Bills from six to four months' sight, this change as is well known was adopted by the Directors in London of the various Exchange Banks connected with the East in opposition to the expressed opinion of the Chambers of Commerce both in this country and in China. This experiment, as was anticipated from the outset by those who knew the trade, was a failure, and after about 8 months experience the Banks were obliged to revert to the old usance; we trust the lesson they have received will be a warning to them in the future to be a little more guided by the counsels of those by whom they are enabled to do business. For the first two months of the year the rates ruled very low, 4 months Bank paper ranging between 1s. 11½ and 1s. 11¼d, Credits and documents being 1 and 2 per cent higher respectively. During March the rate rapidly advanced to 2s. 0¼d. to 2s. 1d. for Bank Bills, and to 2s. 1½ for Documents, but by the middle of April, owing to the arrival of bullion both from England and China, a fall of three per cent took place, a further decline of one per cent being established before the end of that month. Early in May the rate again declined to 1s. 11¼d. for 4 month Bank paper, continuing without much change for a week or two, when it declined another one per cent. At the end of May there were rather more bills in the market owing to the approaching monsoon causing shipments to be sent forward more freely; this produced a slightly firmer tone for a few days, but the improvement was shortly afterwards lost. During July another slight advance was established in rates, Bank Bills being quoted 1s. 11¼d.; this arose from the Banks being drawn upon from China and by the end of the month a fall of one per cent had again taken place. The business done in August was on a small scale, and rates remained comparatively unchanged; in the first week of September there was a slightly firmer feeling, Bank paper advancing to 1s. 11¼d. and other paper in proportion, but for the remainder of the month further weakness was manifested, and the month closed with Bank paper at 1s. 11¼d. During October, rates declined to 1s. 11d., but in November there were some signs of improvement, and an advance of one per cent., but this was again more than lost before the end of the month; during this month the return to the six months usance was fairly established. Throughout December rates have ruled exceedingly low, and much improvement is not now looked for until after the new year. The following are the rates current at the departure of the last Mail in each month during the year.—

		Bank.	Credits.	Documents.
January	4 months	1s. 11 9/16d.	1s. 11 13-16d. to 2s.	2s.
February	"	1s. 11 13/16d.	2s. 0 1/4d to 3-16	2s. 0 1/4d. to 5/16
March	"	2s. 0 1/4d to 2s. 1d.	2s. 1 1/4d.	2s. 1 1/4d.
April	"	1s. 11 1/4d.	2s. 0d to 1/2	2s. 0 1/2/16d to 1/2
May	"	1s. 11 1/4d.	1s. 11 1/4d.	1s. 11 1/16-13/16
June	"	1s. 11 1/4d.	1s. 11 7/16d. to 1/2	1s. 11 1/16-11/16d.
July	"	1s. 11 5/16d.	1s. 11 1/4d. to 1/2	1s. 11 1/16d. to 1/2
August	"	1s. 11 3/16d to 1/2	1s. 11 1/4d.	1s. 11 9/16d. to 1/2
September	"	1s. 11 5/16d. to 1/2	1s. 11 1/4d.	1s. 11 3/16-13/16
October	"	1s. 11d. to 1/16	1s. 11 1/4d.	1s. 11 1/4d.
November	6 months	1s. 11 1/4d.	1s. 11 1/4d.	1s. 11 1/4d. to 1/2
December	"	1s. 11d.	1s. 11 1/4 to 3/16d	1 11 1/4 to 7/16d

THE BOMBAY SHARE MARKET DURING 1887.

Names	Paid up	January 88.	February 88.	March 88.	April 88.	May 88.	June 88.	July 88.	August 88.	September 88.	October 88.	November 88.	December 88.
Banks													
Bank of Bengal..	Rs 4,000	6,800	6,000	7,450	Paid up Rs 1,000	1,850	1,850	1,850	1,850	1,850	1,850	1,850	1,850
Bombay Bank ..	1,000	530	382	350	150-175	210	220	210	120-130	100-110	85	85	75
Bombay Presidency Bank ..	150	98	63	61	88	68	73	85	90	92	84	88	100
Bombay Trading and Banking Association ..	200	68	39	43	45	45	54	63	63	68	63	66	58
Broker's Banking Co. ..	100	62	9	60-81	60-61	60-61	58	72	64	64	70	70	75
Central Bank ..	250	12	17	10	10	11	11	11	7	8	8	4	4
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China ..	200	180	180	180	150	180	190	200	180	210	210	210	210
Chartered Mercantile Bank ..	250	330	322	330	330	300	312	300	285	275	265	270	270
Indian Peninsula Bank ..	200	36	14	14	16	16	16	12	10	10	8	16	16
Madras Bank ..	1,000	1,600	1,600	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,850	1,850	1,850	1,850	1,850	1,850	1,850
National Bank of India ..	125	110	118	105	112	118	124	130	146	117	130	125	125
Oriental Bank ..	250	425	425	425	425	410	425	425	425	425	425	425	425
Royal Bank of India ..	200	60	51	55	64	64	71	74	77	77	80	80	88
Financials.													
Bengal Credit Mobiliser ..	100	41	42	30	30	74	74	56	67	70	70	75	77
Financial Association of India and China ..	130	47	41	48	46	16	60	46-47	50-51	30	33-34	33-34	33

Land Companies.		5,200	20,000 to 21,500	2,200	1,900	1,800	1,650	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	2,000	815
Back Bay Reclamation Company ..	..	1,000	530	530	475	475	425	405	385	385	385	385	550	570
Elphinstone Land Co ..	..	210	150	100	75	60	80	110	100	100	100	100	70	50 to 60
Do New Issue ..	..	4,000	170	100	100	110	40	70	30	15	15	15	105	115
Frere Reclamation ..	..	4,000	515	530	575	460	415	520	460	580	460	460	400	500
Masagva Land & Reclamation Company														
Port Canning Reclamation ..	..	1,100	220	180	170	180	100	80	40	45	100	220	210	180
Celabs Company ..	..	6,200	1,240	1,000	1,070	1,060	1050	1,120	1,010	1,135	1,015	1,015	1,000	980
Bombay Shipping ..	..	3,500	1,600	1,500	1,300	1,200	1,400	1,450	1,050	1,250	1,050	1,050	1,700	1,000
Bombay and Bengal Steam ship ..	..	2,200	800	800	725	700	775	500	800	1,200	1,275	1,000	1,000	8,100
Iron Shipping ..	..	3,000	750	700	700	660	870	970	1,060	1,450	1,350	1,450	1,425	1,300
Spinning and Weaving Companies.														
Alliance Spinning Co ..	..	2,500	1,500	1,500	900	900	900	1,100	1,100	1,450	1,450	1,450	1,500	1,800
Arkwright Spinning Co., ..	..	2,000	250	200	300	310	400	400	400	550	550	550	550	800
Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Co ..	..	5,000	650	650	550	550	550	750	750	900	820	800	800	870
Coorna Spinning Co ..	..	1,000	1,500	1,200	1,000	1,200	1,300	2,000	1,900	2,300	2,050	2,125	2,125	2,000
Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Co ..	..	650	500	520	525	505	525	525	525	1,750	1,150	1,000	1,400	1,425
Manockji Petit's Spinning and Weaving Co ..	..	1,000	550	550	500	500	500	600	600	770	680	770	750	895
Oriental Weaving and Spinning Co ..	..	2,500	630	630	530	460	450	525	500	975	1,000	1,000	875	1,000
Royal Spinning and Weaving Co ..	..	2,300	1,000	1,000	850	810	890	1,050	1,100	1,350	1,350	1,300	1,000	1,500
Victoria Spinning Co ..	..	2,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,300	1,300	1,700

Note.—For dividends returned by Companies in Liquidation—See Companies in Liquidation.

1118
1119[illegible]

	i		i
January 14th	1 1	July 29th	9
28th	1 2	July 14th	8 1
February 14th	1 1 1	25th	8 2
28th	1 1 2	August 14th	8
March 14th	1 1 3	2 th	7 1
28th	1 1 4	September 14th	6 1
April 14th	1 1 5	6th	6 2
28th	1 1 6	October 14th	5 1
May 14th	1 1 7	29th	7
28th	1 1 8	November 14th	6 1
June 14th	1 1 9	December 14th	5 1
		25th	6 2

THE BOMBAY COTTON CROP.

The following was published in the *Bombay Government Gazette* a fortnight before the publication of our Calendar:—

DHARWAR, 9th December 1867.

The following memorandum, regarding the cotton crop, in the districts concerned, of the year 1867-68, compared with the previous season of 1866-67, is published for general information, in continuation of this office Report No. 1383, dated 16th October last (published in *Government Gazette* of 24th October 1867), and in accordance with the orders of the Bombay Government No. 217, dated 16th January 1867.

2. The statement added to this paper gives the cotton return of the following eight districts:—

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| 1. Khandeish. | 5. Sattara. |
| 2. Sholapoor. | 6. Belgaum. |
| 3. Kulludghes. | 7. Kaira. |
| 4. Ahmednugger. | 8. Poonch Mahals. |

From the five mallas named in the margin returns have not yet been received;

Dharwar.	Surat.	it has been considered best, however, not
Ahmedabad.	Broach.	to any longer withhold the information
Poona		now published; complete returns for the
		whole Presidency will be issued as soon

as the remaining statements are received.

3.—It will be observed that two fresh columns, showing respectively the quantity of arable land and the area adapted for cotton cultivation in each district, are added; these particulars are published on account of this department having had numerous applications for such information.

4.—The eight districts comprised in the return show an increase in cultivation of 16,912 acres 27½ goontas brought about as follows:—

	Acres.	Goontas.
Increase in culture of Exotic Cotton.....	17,884	21½
Deduct.		
Decrease in culture of Indigenous do	971	24½
Increase.....	16,912	27½

5.—The increase in crop is 2,074 candies 245½ lbs., as shown below:—

	Candies.	lbs.
The increase of crop of Exotic Cotton.....	1,512	711
Do, Indigenous do	561	318½
Candies	2,074	245½

6.—The return also shows that in seven collectorates about one quarter of the arable surveyed land is adapted for growing cotton, and also that not far from one-third of the cotton land is sown with the staple this year.

7.—This result is all that can reasonably be expected, as by the regular rotation of crops cotton should be sown in the same land once only in three years.

8.—The following short remarks on each district may be of some interest to those engaged in the trade:—

KHANDEISH.

9.—The whole of the cotton culture here is noted as "Exotic." This is scarcely correct, as the cottons are principally "Berar" and "Bingungbaut," and therefore India varieties. It is a matter of congratulation and importance to the trade that the Collector's return does not give a single acre of the old Khandeish cotton cultivation. The Collector expects that about 8,000 candies of the crop will be required for local consumption, the remainder goes for export: this cotton finds its way to Bombay principally by the G. I. P. Railway.

SHOLAPOOR.

10.—There is a small culture here of Exotic cotton; there was none last year; several varieties are tried from seed supplied from this office on the requisition of Mr. Jacob, the late Sub-Collector; on the total crop there is a slight decrease, the staple finds its way to Bombay from the Barsee road, Sholapoor, &c. stations of the G. I. P. Railway, and a still greater part goes by pattamar to Bombay from Vingolia, Coomta, and Karwar.

KULLADGHEN.

11—This mill has a marked increase in "Exotic," the variety is acclimated New Orleans, there is a decrease of Indigenous. But little of the crop goes not to the railway, the principal part gets to Bombay from Vingorla, some going to Coomta and Karwar, the cotton is, however, best known in Bombay under the market name of "Vingorla."

AHMEDNUGGUR.

12—Experiments with Exotic cotton have now been tried two years running, with but indifferent success, they will, however, be repeated, and careful attention will also be given to a trial of Hingunghaut. It will be perceived that the total crop is but a small one, and very little of it reaches Bombay.

SATTARA.

13—In this district also there was no Exotic cultivation last year. This season the matter has been taken up by the Collector, and large experiments of 475 acres, are the result. The cottons tried are "Exotic," "Berar" and "Hingunghaut," the season is too early to form any decided opinion on the results. There is a small decrease of total crop, there cannot be said to be any regular route for Sattara cotton to Bombay, some goes by railway, some by road, and at times a considerable quantity gets carried down the Koombharla Ghat to Chiploon, and is shipped thence by pattamar.

BELGAUM.

14—There is a considerable increase of Exotic culture in this district. The Exotic cotton sown is New Orleans, a slight decrease is shown in the total crop, the exported staple goes by Vingorla.

KAIRA.

15—This collectorate is full of splendid cotton land, and it is a matter of some surprise that the staple is not more cultivated, the probable cause is that given by Mr Rogers, the Revenue Commissioner N D last year, viz that tobacco, sugar, &c crops pay better. This season there is a considerable fall off in crop, the cotton goes to Bombay by the Bombay and Baroda Railway.

PUNCH MAHALS.

16—This is the first season that this district has been brought into the annual statements, the crop is as yet insignificant, but hereafter with care and attention the Punch Mahals may take an important place in the cotton district of Bombay. The officer in charge of the district, Mr Probert, has undertaken, this season, a large experiment with Peruvian cotton.

DHARWAR.

17—The Dharwar district return has not yet been received, but the following extracts of a journal made on a tour last month through the Dharwar cotton districts give a general idea of the prospects of the season—

November 10th—Dharwar to Hooles 12 miles. Not so much cotton as in former years, what there is looks exceedingly well, it is of the Indigenous variety excepting very few fields, not much cotton country along this road.

November 10th—Hooles to Tuddus, 17 miles. Much more cotton than last year; the varieties are about equally divided, both look very well.

November 10th—Tuddus to Bunkapoor, 18 miles. More cotton than last year about three-fifths American, the remainder Indigenous, looks well.

N B—About Bunkapoor itself a proportion of seven eighths of the cotton is New Orleans.

November 12th—Bunkapoor to Moteebidnoor, 18 miles. Passed through excellent cotton country, much more cotton than last season, three quarters of the crop New Orleans, remainder Indigenous, all crops most thriving.

November 13th—Moteebidnoor to Ranesbidnoor, 14 miles. The first 9 miles not much cotton country, poor, red, stony soil, afterwards good, and cotton looking well.

COTTON CROP, RANESBIDNOOR TALOOKA.

		1866-67		
New Orleans.	Native	Total.		
Acres Goontas.	Acres Goontas.	Acres Goontas.		
31,714 80	6,469 85	38,174 25		
	1867 68			
30,022 35	7,045 2	37,067 37		

November 14th.—Raneebidnoor via Agree to Kurrughee, 24 miles. There is not very much cotton country along this route, excepting about Agree and thence (5 miles) to Kurrughee, all the cotton there looks extremely well and the crop promises to be a good one.

CROP OF THE KURRUGHEE TALOOKA.

New Orleans.		Native		Total	
Acres Goontas.		Acres Goontas.		Acres Goontas.	
51,744	0	8,668	8	60,412	8
		1867-68.			
50,123	1	7,918	23	58,041	24

November 16th.—Thurrughee, via Kurrikob to Luxmaswar (a jagheer district), 22 miles. Cotton looks well the whole way, particularly so near the town of Luxmaswar, this town has a large cotton trade, all the people from whom inquiries were made state that much more cotton is sown this season than last, and also a larger return expected. On the way passed a large quantity (fully 3,000 doonas) of last year's cotton crop, principally New Orleans, moving down for the coast from the Raichoor (Nizam's) territory.

November 17th.—Luxmaswar via Moolgoond to Gudduck 24 miles. Cotton looks very well, all the crops are flourishing, passed many exceedingly fine fields of cotton. The New Orleans cultivation preponderates.

CROP OF GUDDUCK TALOOKA.

American.		Native		Total.	
Acres Goontas.		Acres Goontas.		Acres Goontas.	
81,964	17	23,932	28	79,887	5
		1867-68.			
61,939	17	27,186	23	88,526	10

November 18th.—Gudduck to Chowdee, 16 miles. Cotton looks well, though not so promising as south of Gudduck.

November 19th.—Chowdee to Roan, 6 miles. The above remarks apply to this stage also.

CROP OF ROAN TALOOKA.

American.		Native		Total.	
Acres Goontas.		Acres Goontas.		Acres Goontas.	
57,704	31	32,689	33	80,394	24
		1867-68.			
37,132	8	36,034	33	73,316	28

November 19th.—Roan to Behlookee, 12 miles. All the early sowers crop was destroyed along here by rats, the result is that fresh crops are sown of wheat, cotton, gram, &c., all looking well, but late.

November 20th.—Behlookee to Nowlgoond, 21 miles. Similar observations were made along this line as between Roan and Behlookee yesterday. Cotton is late.

CROP OF NOWLGOOND TALOOKA.

American.		Native		Total.	
Acres Goontas.		Acres Goontas.		Acres Goontas.	
44,204	0	48,245	0	92,449	0
		1867-68.			
43,087	0	62,101	0	105,188	0

November 21st.—Nowlgoond to Dharwar, 24 miles. From Nowlgoond to 10 miles east of Dharwar all the early crops had been destroyed by rats, the late crops sown consist of cotton, gram, wheat, dhall, &c. Very much more wheat is sown here than has been planted for many years, cotton looks fairly tall within 10 miles of Dharwar, where to the Suddur Station the crop (principally Indigenous) looks exceedingly well.

18.—The cultivation enumerated above is far from describing the whole crop; in the country that was gone over, however, the increase of culture over last year is 17,157 acres, 5 goontas, and this proportion of increase is about the average of the whole zilla.

19.—It will be remarked that (in Dharwar) the increase is in Indigenous cotton; this is mainly accounted for by the great demand that existed for this staple at the close of last season, and Madras account for this cotton is in much request, now in the Eastern Presidency for shipment to the China market.

W. WALTON.

RETURN OF COT

IN THE UNDERMENTIONED DISTRICTS OF THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY FOR THE YEAR 1867-68, COM

Districts.	COTTON CROP FOR THE SEASON												
	1866-67.												
	Extent of Cultivation in Acres.						Crops, in candies and pounds, 784 lbs per candy.						
	Exotic Cotton		Native Cotton		Total.		Exotic Cotton		Native Cotton.		Total.		
	Acres	Gts	Acres	Gts	Acres	Gts	Candies	Lbs	Candies	Lbs	Candies	Lbs.	
Khandesh	(1)	480,336	5	..	38	457,336	38	32,947	634	..	32,947	634	
Bholapoor	(2)	..	..	84,170	17	84,170	1*	..	5,951	705	5,951	705
Kalladighee	(3)	8,281	6	2,275	16	27,10,884	16	806	741	20,4	555	21,10	571
Almiednuggur	(4)	60	6	11,134	17	11,19	25	12	133	1,72	49	1,301	49
Baitara	(5)	..	..	43,718	41	41,718	3	..	4,124	609	4,124	59
Belgaum	(1)	1,535	130	4	24	13,175	28	31	62	3,114	29	2,181	70
Karra	(7)	..	..	18,221	15	18,221	25	..	1,118	39	1,118	129
Puneh Mahals	(8)	..	..	..	..	130	..	..	10	80	10	130
General Totals		447,074	10	557,910	6	1,004,984	3	31,704	2810	35,224	1,007	70,122	632

Result.

	Acres	Goontas.
Increase of Cultivation...	16,912	274

COTTON CROP OF NATIVE STATES IN THE BOMBAY

The accompanying Comparative Statement of the Cotton Crop of the last and present Seasons is with orders of Government No 217, dated 16th January 1867

Returns for the remainder of the Native States of this Presidency will be published directly Cotton Return of the undermentioned Native States of the Bombay Presidency for the year

	1866-67											
	Extent of Cultivation in Acres.						Produce in Candies of 784 lbs. each of clean Cotton					
	Of Exotic Cotton.		Of Native Cotton.		Total		Of Exotic Cotton		Of Native Cotton		Total	
	Acres	Gts	Acres	Gts	Acres	Gts	Candies	Lbs	Candies	Lbs	Candies	Lbs
	Acres	Gts	Acres	Gts	Acres	Gts	Candies	Lbs	Candies	Lbs	Candies	Lbs
Cutch	267,28	13	267,285	13	..	..	9,404	5	9,404	58
Mahoe Kanta....	2,337	41	2,337	55	..	..	228	480	228	180
Grand Totals...	269,622	57	269,622	67	..	..	9,404	535	9,404	638

Results.

	Acres	Goontas.
Culture of Indigenous Cotton for the year 1866-67	269,622	7
Ditto for 1867-68	118,963	18

Decrease for 1867-68 150,659 34

REMARKS BY THE OFFICERS

Cutch.—No Exotic cotton is grown in Cutch; the information has been compiled by the Durbar, Mahoe Kanta.—The yearly rains having been both abundant and late, a wider area of cotton has induced cultivators to give to the latter more attention than to cotton, which is regarded as Cotton Commissioner's Office, Dharrwar, 18th December 1867.

TON CULTIVATION

PARSED WITH THAT OF THE PRECEDING SEASON OF 1966-67

6 NOV 61 01 10M HF 5145 Z

[illegible]

Increase of Crop

(21 1 74	11 74
2,071	24,016

24.36

PRESIDENCY FOR THE YEAR 1967-68

the Provinces of Cutch and Malhee Kanta is published for general information in accordance

the necessary Statements are received from the Province concerned

1867 (the period with that of the previous season of 1866)

Extent of Cultivation in Acres					Total amount of "84 lbs. of fertilizer				
Of Irrigated Cultivation		Of Native Cultivation		Total	Of Irrigated Cultivation		Of Native Cultivation		Total
Acres	Cu.	Acres	Cu.		Cu.	Hrs.	Cu.	Hrs.	
111	70	12	111	11		117		11	11
111	70	12	111	11		117		11	11
111	70	12	111	11		117		11	11
111	70	12	111	11		117		11	11

Crop of Indigenous Cotton for the year 1866-67

Drift of Indigenous Council for the year	186 51
Ditto for	18 7 03

And as it is

9 438	5 26
-------	------

1171 745

Decreases for 1867 68

D. 356

IN POLITICAL CHARGE

and must not be taken as very accurate the means at disposal are professedly imperfect cultivation might have been expected, still the fact that grain maintains generally a high price speculative.

W WALTON,

W WALTON,
Acting Cotton Commissioner.

RATES OF FREIGHT DURING 1887.

[illegible]

THE IMPERIAL LICENCE TAX.—Mr. Alexander Brown brought the question of the Licence-tax before the meeting, and asked whether the Chamber was going to move in the matter. After some conversation, the general feeling in the Chamber seemed to be against the Chamber, as a Chamber, moving in the matter, and on Mr. Brown's suggestion it was agreed that a memorial to the Sheriff should be sent round for signature, requesting him to call a public meeting to discuss the question. [The memorial proved a failure, and was not forwarded to the Sheriff.]

30TH SEPTEMBER, 1887.

The annual meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held on 30th September—the Hon. Alexander Brown in the chair.

THE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE.—The report of the committee on the principal topics which had engaged the attention of the Chamber during the official year just closed was presented to the meeting. The following Extracts are here made—

RAILWAY PROJECTS FOR NORTH-WESTERN INDIA.—In reference to the relative advantages of lines of railway from Kotree to Mooltan in the Indus Valley, and from some point on the B B and C I railway in Gujarat through Rajpootana to Delhi, a meeting with some of the principal native merchants and bankers connected with Rajpootana and North India was held at the office of the Chamber at the end of October last year, of a very interesting character, at which valuable evidence was given in reference to the important influence the proposed railways were likely to have in opening up trade where no export trade at present existed, and in improving and extending it in districts of country as yet only partially opened. The Committee, after carefully weighing the opinions and facts that had been laid before them, addressed Government in November last, to the effect that both lines were urgently needed, and that they should be proceeded with simultaneously.

WORKING OF THE COTTON FRAUDS' ACT.—Under a reference from Government the Committee of the Chamber expressed an opinion, that the members of the Chamber were generally of opinion that the Act, in so far as its provisions had been strictly adhered to, had not been productive of the good to the cotton trade which its framers seem to have expected. That the improvement in Indian cotton, which was on all hands admitted to have taken place was by no means attributable solely to the working of the Act. That this improvement had resulted from a variety of causes—from exertions of Government officers unconnected with the department, but under whom were employed inspectors appointed under the Act to do useful work not contemplated by the provisions of the Act, from the opening up of railway communication into the heart of the principal cotton districts, from the impetus given to trade by the establishment of European agencies at the principal cotton marts in the interior, from the introduction of machinery for the better ginning of cotton, and from half, and full pressing in the districts, from the increase of wealth amongst the cultivators, which had emancipated them from their former condition of dependence on the sowcars, and from the Indian grower having been again brought into competition with America in a market in which during the early history of the working of the Act the Indian growers virtually enjoyed a monopoly. That the exceptional state of matters which called the Act into existence had passed away, and it was now a question for consideration whether it was right or expedient to continue to tax trade by the maintenance of the present costly system. That a considerable section of the Chamber, impressed with the false principle of the Act and of its practical utility, were desirous of seeing it repealed; but believing at the same time that the dread of detection and punishment had operated as a deterrent to fraud, both in Bombay and in the Mofussil, a majority of the members appeared to be of opinion that immediate repeal might be attended with danger, and that it would in the mean time be preferable to alter or amend the Act, so as to admit of the establishment being incorporated with that of the Cotton Commissioner, and the fund made available for such purposes as those contemplated in the Government Resolution of 28th May 1886. The Act would thus gradually lose its character of a mere police measure, and become, instead of a Cotton Frauds' Act, a Cotton Improvement Act. The proposal to raise the present fee from three to four annas per bale, the Committee represented to be inadvisable and unnecessary, and pointed out that at the present price of cotton, Rs. 300 and less per candy, the present charge amounts to about a quarter per cent.

ADULTERATION OF SAWGINNED DEARWAR COTTON.—The attention of the Committee was directed by a member of the Chamber, to a species of adulteration practised

in the Dharwar Districts with the Sawginned Dharwar cotton which has the effect of detracting seriously from its value, and otherwise subjects merchants in Bombay to much trouble and loss. It seems from the representation made to the Chamber, that many dozens of this cotton received in Bombay, contain a few pounds of ginning refuse or "chup." It is found to be almost impossible entirely to remove this rubbish, and the consequence is that a portion finds its way into many of the so-called bale sent to Europe. The Committee lost no time in directing the attention of the Acting Cotton Commissioner (Mr. Wallon), the Acting Inspector in Chief Cotton Fraud's department, and the Collector of Dharwar to this reprehensible practice. The Committee direct the attention of their successors to an important matter which has been mentioned in the local paper—namely, the state into which the sawgins in the South Mahratta Country are falling. It appears that no proper steps are taken to repair or replace those that become destroyed or deteriorated by use, and that much of the inferiority noticed in the South Mahratta Country cotton this season, is attributable to this cause.

IMPROVEMENT OF COTTON CULTIVATION.—The interest now taken in the improvement of cotton cultivation in all parts of the Bombay Presidency, the Central Provinces, and the Barars, has been evidenced to the Committee in a gratifying manner by the number of samples that have been submitted for report from experimenters carried on in almost every cotton district in Western India. The experiments initiated and carried on by Mr. Ashburner, the Collector of Khandesh, continue to keep the first place, alike in magnitude and importance. At the close of last year he submitted to the Chamber a number of samples from experiments made in various Talookas of the provinces of Khandesh, from Hingunghat seed, New Orleans seed acclimated, Dharwar, Fgy tian seed, and some other varieties, on all of which the Committee reported fully. The experiments from Hingunghat seed were considered, on the whole, of a very successful character, and of much promise for the future. The experiments with Egyptian seed did well, but those with New Orleans acclimated seed were considered a failure. In the end of January last, Mr. Ashburner forwarded to the Chamber a very much larger sample of the cotton grown in Khandesh from Hingunghat seed than had been previously submitted for inspection and report, and in reference to the sample and former reports, raised the following points:—"The question now arises," he said, "having a cotton (the new Khandesh cotton) of one uniform character, which is generally admitted to be fully equal to Oomrawuttie, is the Hingunghat cotton so much superior to Khandesh as to make it advisable to introduce it, and thus sacrifice the important element of uniformity? In the event of my failing to supersede the present Khandesh crop entirely, what would be the effect of a mixture of Hingunghat and Khandesh cotton? Are the two cottons of such different qualities and character, that their mixture would affect the value of both? Would any alteration be required in spinning machinery to adapt it to the mixture, and would it give a Platt's gin with facility, and without injury to staple?" In reporting on the latter sample of Hingunghat cotton grown in Khandesh, and in reference to these enquiries, the Committee reported to the effect that the sample was of good colour, and the cotton well cleaned, that it was similar to Hingunghat both in strength and colour, but that the staple was, if anything, slightly shorter. That the present year's crop of cotton from Khandesh was not considered quite so good as the cotton of last year, though of course infinitely superior to the old variety that had been superseded. The Committee were of opinion, that if cotton similar to the sample grown from Hingunghat seed which had been submitted for report, could be produced generally throughout the province, it would be so great an improvement on even the new Khandesh cotton that it would be worth while to spend time and money in making an experiment on as large a scale as the Collector's knowledge of the province might lead him to consider expedient. The Committee, however, thought it necessary to warn Mr. Ashburner, in the event of his being unable to supersede the new Khandesh cotton by the proposed experiment with Hingunghat seed, he should be careful to prevent any mixture of the two varieties, as any mixture of this sort would certainly lead to the injury of both kinds. He was further informed that none of the experiments he proposed making should affect spinning or ginning machinery, or make alterations in these matters in any way necessary. From papers placed at the disposal of the Chamber by Government within the last few days, the Committee learn that the actual area under Hingunghat seed in Khandesh this season is 1,14,558 acres. Mr. Ashburner, in his letter to Government dated 1st August last, speaks in a very sanguine manner

about the conclusive character of the experiment that has already been made, and hopes next season "to exterminate the present improved crop as effectually as was done with the old Khandeish cotton." Samples of cotton grown from Egyptian and from acclimated New Orleans seed, by Mr Whittle, at Veerungsum, were submitted to the Chamber for report, by Mr Oliphant (collector of Ahmedabad). Both samples were of a superior character. Regarding the cotton from Egyptian seed, the Committee reported it was the finest that had been submitted to the Chamber of any cotton grown in Western India from Egyptian seed, and the sample from acclimated New Orleans seed was considered at least equal to the best Comrawoties. A variety of experiments have been made in the Dharwar districts submitted for report by Mr Walton, Acting Cotton Commissioner, Dr Mackenzie, Superintendent of the Jail at Dharwar, and others, which it is unnecessary to refer to in detail, but particulars of those of most interest are appended to the report.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES—The subject of a uniform system of weights and measures for all India, which has of late years come so frequently before the Chamber in one form or other, was again brought under the consideration of the committee in a letter from Government under date 14th August, submitting memoranda on the subject by the Hon'ble M J Shaw Stewart, together with copy of the Draft Act he proposes to introduce on the subject into the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Viceroy. The committee handed over this scheme for consideration to a sub-committee of three members, who, though they have not yet formally reported, have communicated the substance of their views to the Committee as being favourable to Mr Stewart's proposal. Mr Stewart proposes the pound Avoirdupois as the unit of weight, the imperial gallon as the unit of capacity, and the English yard for the unit of length. These proposals are commended by their simplicity, and is less objectionable than any other change that could be introduced. The evil of the present system of Indian weights and measures varying as they do in every district and province of India it would be impossible to exaggerate, and as Mr Stewart remarks, it must have been remedied long ago had it not been for the difficulty of deciding what scale to adopt. The committee trust the scheme in substance as proposed in Mr Stewart's Draft Act may in a very short time become the legal system of weights and measures throughout India.

REVISION OF THE PRESENT DRAWBACK SYSTEM—The Commissioner of Customs submitted to the Committee a proposal for a revision of the present system of allowing drawback on dutiable goods when re-exported within a fixed period. The committee on considering the views put before them were unable to concur in the acting Commissioner's proposal, they objected to the abolition of the right to claim drawback within a fixed period in the present state of affairs connected with the trade of the port, and after stating special reasons for rejecting the proposal, the committee pointed out that the present season was by no means a convenient one for raising the question, and that it might be postponed for a time with advantage in every way.

FUNDS OF THE CHAMBER—The income has of late been barely equal to the expenditure, but there is a balance in the treasurer's hands of Rs 5,780, which would be larger than usual, but that several accounts for printing and other charges have yet to be settled. The report was adopted and the committee thanked for their attention to the interests of the Chamber during their year of office just expired.

ELFCTION OF COMMITTEE—The following committee was appointed for the ensuing year—

Chairman—The Hon'ble G. Foggo, of Messrs Forbes and Co. **Deputy Chairman**—James Bogie, Esquire, of Messrs Wallace & Co. **Members**—C. G. Gadam, Esq., of Messrs Gadam & Co., J. A. Anderson, Esq., of Messrs Finlay, Clark & Co.; T. E. Taylor, Esq., of Messrs Lawrence & Co., A. B. Ashlev, Esq., of London Asiatic American Co., and T. Vix, Esq., of Messrs Jules, Seignfried & Co.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE TRADE RETURNS—Messrs James Bogie, W. H. Christian, W. Nicol, and David Watson, were then appointed a special committee to take into consideration the subject of the trade returns, now issued under the superintendence of the Chamber, and in connection therewith the expediency of any alteration of the present rate of subscription to the Chamber.

SUB COMMITTEE ON SHIPPING COMMISSION—A sub-committee was appointed to consider comprehensively the subject of shipping commission.

The meeting adjourned.

KURRACHEE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

W. G. Hall, *Chairman.*

Fleming & Co.
Finlay & Co.
Volkart Brothers.

Moliver & Co.
W. J. Potter & Co.
O. H. Alsen & Co.

Oriental Banking Corporation.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia,
& China
Punjab Bank (Limited).

Sindhu Railway Company
A. N. DeFleurmont, *Secretary.*

The last annual report of the Kurrachee Chamber of Commerce (see *Bombay Gazette* 19th June) stated that "the condition of the harbour was still improving," and that at a meeting of the Chamber on 17th January a memorial to Government had been adopted, urging the imperative necessity of proceeding with the harbour works, which had been suspended for some time. The Committee had urged upon the Commissioner the desirability of removing the Shipping Office to a place nearer the harbour, and of appointing a person to discharge exclusively the duties of shipping officer. They had also requested Government to extend the time allowed for taking away goods from the native Jetty, from three to five days—a request which was acceded to. At the same time the Committee remonstrated against a tax of three pies levied at the custom house gates on every cart bringing merchandise from the Jetty, and this impost was accordingly abolished. The quantity of cotton exported to Great Britain had fallen short of that of the previous year by 3,033,710 lbs, and the quality of the staple had been inferior. The exports to Bombay also had been less. The wool trade was reviving, and a much larger quantity had been exported than during 1865-66. Only 8,215 cwts. of saltpetre had been exported direct from Sind during the year, being less by more than half than in 1865-66. In 1866-67 the total imports had amounted to Rs. 23,256,413, and the exports to Rs. 25,073,551, and in 1865-66 the imports amounted to Rs. 18,678,238, and the exports to Rs. 27,796,614. Treasure to the amount of Rs. 6,615,212 was imported, and to the amount of Rs. 61,798 exported in 1867. The following are the quantities of staple exports shipped direct to England and France, as compared with the previous year:—

			1866-7	1865-6
Cotton	...	...	lbs. 19,144,651	22,047,761
Wool	...	...	" 3,754,255	2,790,116
Rape-seed	...	...	cwts. 825,614	250,165
Gingelly seed	...	...	" 150,926	131
Linseed	...	...	" 604	8,139
Saltpetre	...	...	" 8,235	7,458

The staple exports to Bombay were as follows:—

			1866-7	1865-6
Cotton	...	...	lbs. 20,64,012	30,25,922
Wool	...	...	" 99,24,810	1,80,49,685
Rape-seed	...	...	cwts. 34,97	26,016
Gingelly	...	...	" 40,453	9,399
Saltpetre	...	...	" 5,699	6,527

The quantity of Cotton piece goods imported during the year was from

		England.	Bombay.
1866-7	...	Rs. 11,73,883	Rs. 78,60,086
1865-6	...	" 7,23,923	" 78,50,064

BOMBAY HARBOUR AND PILOTAGE BOARD.

The Commissioner of Customs	President.
Captain G. F. Henry	Vice President, and Nautical Member.
Hamilton Maxwell	Member selected by Chamber of Commerce.
Captain Young, C. B.	Nautical Member
A. Grant	Member selected by Lloyd's Agents.
Russell Aitken	Executive Engineer to the Municipality.
Commissioner of Customs	Treasurer.
Lieut. Henry Morland, I. N.	Secretary.

THE KENNERLY LIGHTHOUSE.

The ceremony of laying of the Corner Stone of the Kennerly Light House was performed on 19th January 1867 by Sir Bartle Frere the then Governor of Bombay, in presence of about 250 persons.

On the 1st June the lighthouse, built on Kennerly Island, was inaugurated, and from that date it has displayed a bright light, while at the same time the light of the outer light vessel was altered from a bright to a red light. The erection of the lighthouse on Kennerly was sanctioned by Government on 18th August 1864. On the 27th of the same month the site was chosen, and the corner stone of the building was laid by H. E. Sir Bartle Frere on 19th January 1867. The building consists of a octagonal tower, which rises from the centre of a flat roofed, two-storied, arched building, and the centre of the light is 165 feet above the level of the sea, the height of the tower itself being 50 feet. The light is known as a "first order catadioptric heliophotal," and the apparatus was supplied by Messrs. Wulms & Sons of London.

LIGHTHOUSE ON THE PRONGS.

By a resolution of Government in the Public Works Department, dated 17th June the construction of a Light-house on the Prongs, $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles S. W. by S. from the present lighthouse, was sanctioned.

MASTER ATTENDANT'S DEPARTMENT.

J. E. C. Pryce, Master Attendant and Conservator of the Port, Registrar of Shipping, and President of the Board of Examiners (Europe), Commander G. T. Robinson, I. N., Acting Master Attendant.

W. G. Clarke, 1st Assistant Master Attendant and Conservator of the Port, Deputy Registrar of Shipping and Surveyor of the Port, and Member of the Board of Examiners.

J. Smith, 2nd Assistant Master Attendant and Conservator of the Port, Protector of Emigrants, and Member Board of Examiners.

PILOT ESTABLISHMENT.

FIRST CLASS PILOTS.

J. Jamieson (Senior Pilot).
D. Jolley.
J. Ingle.
B. E. Southorpe.
J. F. Walker.

W. O. Jones.

J. Hill.

THIRD CLASS PILOTS.

J. Meadows.
T. Morris.
D. B. Irvin.
J. Lowby.

SECOND CLASS PILOTS.

J. Smith.
J. C. Lawrence.

PROBATIONARY PILOTS.

J. Hanna.
G. Benson.

THE MUSJID AND MALET BUNDER.

Certain letters by Mr. Patt, J. P., were addressed to the Bench of Justices on the subject of the cessation of the Musjid Bunder (the only public bunder) to the Elphinstone Land and Press Company, and its consequent conversion into a private bunder. (See Bench of Justices' Meeting Oct. 16 page 615) and the report of the Elphinstone Company to charge transit dues on goods landed or shipped at the bunders and transported across their property to the new overbridges. See Bench of Justices Meeting Oct. 16 page 615).

In September last a memorial, signed by 120 of the leading native merchants of Bombay, was sent to the Right Hon'ble the Governor, urging Government to resume the management of the Musjid Bunder, and suggesting that if this measure could not be brought about, His Excellency might at least condescend to arrange with the Company for the goods of the public being landed and shipped from the Musjid Bunder under the same rules and regulations as are in force at the other Government bunders, or in other words that the Company might not be permitted to levy fees of any description on any goods whatever, though, of course, they would be entitled to levy wharfage fees under the rules in force at the other Government bunders.

REPORT BY THE TRUSTEES OF AN ESTATE LIQUIDATED UNDER ACT XXVIII.

The following is the Report of the Trustees of an estate which has been finally liquidated under Act XXVIII —

In the matter of Act XXVIII of 1865 of the Legislative Council of India and of the Estate of Ramjee Jaitha, lately trading in Bombay.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES.

The order vesting this estate in us was made on the 7th of September 1866, but not until considerably later did the trader appear before us to make over the assets returned in the schedule which had been and before the meeting of his creditors; the more important books of account, for which we had called, were kept back later still without a satisfactory explanation on his part.

The assets mentioned in his accounts, with the exception of book debt, were valued at Rs 10,461, but have realized Rs 1,052 4 1 only, and in respect of amount set down as due to him (estimated to yield Rs 70, 61 12) it has been found impossible to recover anything, though a small sum may eventually be received in respect of a claim against another insolvent estate.

The amounts collected up to date, and likely to be received yet, are insufficient to pay the expenses incurred in the liquidation, and there is no prospect of a dividend to creditors.

The claims made against the estate, partly in respect of trading, and partly in respect of dealings in shares, amount to Rs 13,03,657 6 6, irrespective of other liabilities to the extent of about a lakh and a half mentioned in the trader's accounts.

The trader has stated in an affidavit herewith annexed and marked A, that he has delivered to us and accounted for the whole of his estate. Many reports however have reached us to the effect that property which by his books appears to be mortgaged is in reality held for his benefit and that the alleged mortgages are fictitious. We have not sufficient data to state that the reports which have thus reached us are well founded, but we are by no means satisfied that the books handed to us were those kept by him, and that they disclose the real state of his affairs.

It also appears to us that, in contracting his debts, the trader has shown gross misconduct, inasmuch as if his books are to be believed, he must have been aware that when he made large shipments of produce, and borrowed upon the security of the same at the then prevailing high rates, he was heavily involved and unable to meet his liabilities.

It has also been brought to our notice by creditors, and the advice of their English lawyers, that the claims of the creditors are almost worthless.

P. E. BENEIR,
HENRY GAM LE,
TRIMBUCK RAMCHUNDER, } Trustees.

Bombay, Elphinstone Circle, 22nd August 1867.

Joint Stock Companies.

I.—COMPANIES NOT IN LIQUIDATION.

(A) ALPHABETICAL REFERENCE TABLE.

Agra Bank	663	Frere Press Co	676
Akbar Cotton Press Co.	666	Government Savings' Bank	676
Albert Mills Co.	666	Great Eastern Spinning & Weaving Co.	676
Alexandra Press Co.	666	Gujarat Cotton Cleaning Co.	676
Albert Press Co.	666	House and Land Investment Co.	676
Alliance Spinning Co.	666	Hydraulic Press Co.	677
Apollo Bonded Warehouse Co.	666	Imperial Cotton Press Co.	677
Apollo Press Co.	667	Jaffer Ali Spinning and Weaving Co.	677
Arkwright Cotton Mills	667	Kutchi Lending and Shipping Co.	677
Bank of Bengal	667	Kutchi Press Co.	677
Bank of Bombay (New)	668	Land Mortgage Bank of India	678
Beherdams Spinning and Weaving Co.	668	London, Asiatic and American Co.	678
Bombay Burma Trading Co.	668	Manockjee Pett's Spinning & Weaving Co.	678
Bombay Spinning and Weaving Co.	668	Margosa Land and Reclamation Co.	678
Bombay Gas Company	668	Mulbar Co.	681
Bombay Mechanics' Building Co.	668	Mofussil Press and Ginning Co.	681
Bombay Omnibus Co.	668	Munz erabad Coffee Co.	681
Bombay Press Co.	668	National Bank of India	682
Bombay Bonded Warehouse Co.	669	Native General Mercantile Co.	682
Breach Cotton Mills Co.	669	Oriental Bank Corporation	683
Chartered Mercantile Bank of India and China	669	Oriental Spinning and Weaving Co.	684
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	670	Port Canning Land Investment Co.	684
Colaba Co.	670	Prince of Wales Press Co.	684
Colaba Press Co.	671	Railway Staff Mow Co.	685
Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris	671	Royal Spinning and Weaving Co.	685
Ooriss Spinning and Weaving Co.	671	Rutnaghery Saw Mills Co.	685
Delhi and London Bank	672	Somde Ice Co.	685
East India Cotton Agency	673	Somde Press Co.	686
East India Press Co.	673	Tinnivelly Press Co.	686
East India Shipping Co.	673	Treacher and Co. (Lt)	686
Elphinstone Financial	673	Tyebjee Cotton Press Co.	686
Elphinstone Land and Press Co.	673	United Spinning and Weaving Co.	686
Fort Press Co.	674	Veterinary and Livery Stable Co.	687
Framjee Cowasjee Patent Press Co.	675	Victoria Press Co. (Madras)	687
Frere Land and Reclamation Co.	675	Victoria Cotton Gin and Press Co.	687
		Victoria Spinning Co.	687
		Wardwan Cotton Press & Ginning Co.	687

(B) CLASSIFIED REFERENCE TABLE.

BANKS.				PRESS COMPANIES			
Agra Bank	...	...	663	Akbar Cotton Press Co.	...	...	666
Bank of Bengal	...	...	667	Alexandra Press	...	...	666
Bank of Bombay, (new)	...	...	668	Albert Press Co.	...	...	666
Chartered Mercantile Bank	...	...	669	Bombay Press Co.	...	...	669
Chartered Bank of I., A. and C.	...	...	670	Colaba Press Co.	...	...	671
Comptoir d'Escompte	...	...	671	East India Press Co.	...	...	673
Delhi and London Bank	...	...	672	Elphinstone Land & Press Co.	...	...	673
Elphinstone Financial Association.	...	...	673	Fort Press Co.	...	...	674
Government Savings' Bank	...	...	676	Framjee Cowasjee Patent Press Co.	...	...	675
Land Mortgage Bank	...	...	678	Frere Press Co.	...	...	676
National Bank of India	...	...		Hydraulic Press Co.	...	...	677
Oriental Bank	...	...		Imperial Cotton Press Co.	...	...	677

Korrahee Press Co. ...	677
Mofussal Press and Ginning Co. ...	681
Prince of Wales Press Co. ...	684
Reinas Press Co. ...	686
Tinnevely Press Co. ...	686
Tribhoo Cotton Gin Press Co. ...	686
Victoria Cotton Gin, & Co. ...	697
Victoria Press Co. ...	697
Wudwan Cotton Press & Ginning Co. ...	687

SPINNING COMPANIES.

Albert Mills Co. ...	666
Alliance Spinning Co. ...	666
Beechurda Spinning & Weaving Co. ...	668
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AGRA BANK (LIMITED.)

Rampart Row.

HEAD OFFICE—Nicholas Lane, Lombard Street, London, E. C.

Capital £1,000,000 (One Million Sterling), in 100,000 Shares of £10 each.

DIRECTORS

Chairman—James Thomson, Esq.	Robert Slater, Esq.
Colonel The Hon. H. B. Dalzell.	James Spicer, Esq.
J. Carrington Palmer, Esq.	John Stewart, Esq.

With Power to Increase

Bankers—Messrs Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co., Bank of England—

Manager—Mackintosh Balfour, Esq.

Solicitors—Messrs. Ashurst, Mallett & Co.

Auditors—David Chedwick, Esq., Edwin H. Gledworthy, Esq.

Edinburgh Branch—Robert Hunter, Esq.—Manager.

BRANCHES

Calcutta	Madras	Agra	Shanghai
Bombay	Kurrachee	Lahore	Hongkong
Bombay Office—Edward Morris—Manager. Henry K. Gregory—Accountant.			

A meeting of the shareholders of the Agra & Midtermers Bank, Limited, was held at the London Tavern, London, on the 16th April, when a report of the committee of shareholders, appointed on 14th October 1886, was submitted. Mr James Thomson occupied the chair. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—"That the report of the Committee appointed on the 8th October 1886, be approved and adopted, and that the general expenses and charges and also the salaries, establishment and other charges therein recommended, be apportioned accordingly and that three fifths be borne by the liquidation, and the remaining two fifths by the Agra Bank, Limited, and that the liquidation bear exclusively all the expenses incurred and to be incurred, at those branches which may remain closed." "That the shareholders, gratefully appreciating the eminent services of Mr Thomson, in connection with the reorganisation proceedings, cordially approve and adopt the recommendation of their committee that the same should be substantially acknowledged by the presentation to him of the sum of £2,500." "That the sincere thanks of the meeting be offered to the shareholders' committee, for the careful manner in

which they have carried out the arduous duties committed to their management, and that they be asked to continue them until the Bank is reconstituted. The following resolution was carried by a large majority (only four bankers held up against it) — That this meeting request the directors of the Agra Bank as representatives of the old Bank to apply to Major Mackintosh for the return of the £50,000 paid to him in respect of the bond held by him and take such further action in the matter as they may be advised, this meeting having every confidence it was received by him under a mistaken view of the legal rights as between himself and that Bank, of which he was one of the directors.

Immediately following the above meeting a meeting of the shareholders of the Agra Bank Limited was held and the following report of the directors was submitted to it:—The circumstances connected with the reconstitution of the Agra and Madras Bank Limited under its present name of the Agra Bank, Limited are sufficiently well known to all the shareholders to render it unnecessary to refer to them at length in this report. The reconstituted Bank opened its doors for the transaction of business in London on the 7th January last, and on the same day in Edinburgh and the Directors are gratified to state that the welcome which it has received and the support which has been accorded to it at both places from old friends and constituents have been most satisfactory and encouraging. The first duty which devolved upon the Board was the organization of the establishment, and this they have been enabled to complete by a selection from their old employees in a manner to secure the duties of the various departments being efficiently performed under competent and adequate superintendence. Provision had then to be made for payment of the second dividend to the creditors with interest thereon and also on the first dividend and at the same time for payment in full to all creditors with interest whose claims did not exceed £100. It was likewise necessary to distribute to all creditors above £100 the Promissory Notes representing future instalments according to the conditions proposed. The necessary calculations had been previously made and the Promissory Notes prepared but where there were so many interests involved, and so many individual creditors to satisfy both on points of arithmetical correctness and in respect to other features of their claims, the carrying out of these preliminary arrangements is the first duty of the new establishment was in onerous and arduous task. The Directors are glad to think that the work was done with system and regularity and to the general satisfaction of the creditors. The Edinburgh Branch has been reconstituted on the same basis as formerly. Mr D. Ainslie and Dr. Butt who were members of the old Committee of Management have kindly consented to continue their valuable services and Mr. R. Hunter remains in the position of the Local Manager. With the benefit of this experienced supervision, the Directors have no doubt that the Edinburgh Branch will prove as hitherto a valuable auxiliary to the profitable working of the Bank. The Directors would here observe that they considered it desirable from his long connection with the Bank and special acquaintance with its Indian business to retain the services of Mr Mackintosh Balfour as Manager, and who they are happy to say has accepted this office. It was however deemed expedient that he should by the very earliest opportunity after the sanction of the Court of Directors be given to the proposed Reconstitution proceed to India with the object of carrying into effect the necessary preliminary arrangements for the re-opening of the branches in that country. He accordingly left England for Bombay by the first steamer in January, and his last letters advise that he had visited the Head Branches at each of the Presidencies and communicated the pleasing intelligence that all difficulties in the way of the re-establishment of business had been overcome and that the various Branches in India viz at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Karaikal, Agra and Lahore were revived and had become working Banks on the 1st March. At these Branches the second dividend calculated on the same principle as in London including balance of claims not exceeding £100 was advertised for payment immediately on their re-opening and Promissory Notes were ready to be furnished to the Creditors, in full of the balance due to each with interest on application in pursuance of the terms sanctioned by the Court. It will be satisfactory to the shareholders to learn that the reconstitution of the Bank has throughout India met with the most friendly assurances of kind feeling and good will on the part of the general community both European and Native. The following extract from a letter from the Calcutta Manager, of date the 1st March affords the most encouraging and substantial evidence that the Bank will meet with that support from its old constituents, which above all will tend to renew confidence and to ensure it a future of success and prosperity. I have much pleasure in advising that the Branch of the Bank was opened for business to day, and that a large proportion of the dividend payable was transferred to account with the Agra Bank, Limited."

At all the Indian Branches, with the exception of Bombay, the old Managers have been re-appointed so that the Bank will have the benefit of the local knowledge and experience which a residence and business intercourse of some years have enabled them to acquire. The late Manager at Bombay, who during a period of great financial distress and commercial misfortune managed the Bank's interest with commendable prudence and foresight has returned to this country, and was no longer available for the charge of that Branch. Under these circumstances the Directors have promoted to that position Mr. Paley, who for some period held a subordinate post in the same Branch, and whose character and conduct in the performance of the duties he has been called upon to undertake (including the management of the local liquidation while the same has been in progress), gave the confidence that he will satisfactorily fulfil the important and responsible duties of that appointment. The Directors lament to add that within a day of the re-appointment of their Manager Mr. Birks, he was killed by a fall from his horse. He had been for many years in the Bank's employ, and had gained for him self a character for integrity and steady attention to his duties which makes his loss at the present time a matter of sincere regret to the Board. Fortunately, however, his place has been for the time adequately filled by the next in charge at that Branch, also an old employee with many years' local experience. With regard to the other Branches the liquidations have been so reduced by settlements of many of the largest claimants, both Debtors as well as Creditors of the Bank, as greatly to facilitate an early and satisfactory settlement of affairs at these establishments, and the necessary instructions have been given for the promotion of that object, but the Directors have not yet decided upon the advisability of reopening them for future business. The Australian Branches have determined upon closing permanently. The amount of liabilities outstanding at all of these Branches is comparatively small, and there are abundant assets in hand at each to discharge them in full. The Board have pleasure in recommending the careful and judicious manner in which the Manager of the Sydney Branch has conducted his affairs, by which, though the Colony has been subject to very considerable monetary pressure, the investments of the Bank amounting to a large sum have been promptly realized almost without loss. It is only further necessary to refer to the Paris Branch. The local liabilities are inconsiderable, and the surplus assets large, and the Directors are glad to be able to state that they have nearly completed a settlement by which the liquidation that has been in progress there will be terminated, and accounts brought to a satisfactory position. The only asset of importance which remains to be realized is the Bank's freehold in the Place Vendôme, and the Directors are sanguine that, by not forcing a sale but by waiting for a favorable opportunity, they will succeed in selling it at about its original cost. With respect to the prospects of the ultimate outcome of the assets of the liquidation it is of course too early to speak positively. The most earnest and watchful attention is being given to the working out of these assets in the manner best calculated to promote all interests, and while the Directors are gratified to state that they see their way to making due provision for their engagements with maturity without having recourse to impudencies, lies or swindles of property, they are also to add that so far as the progress hitherto made affords a criterion of the future they see no reason to apprehend that the result will fall short of what has been anticipated. In the future working of the Bank the object of the Directors will be to limit its access to short periods and on securities readily negotiable, and to confine their operations to transactions of a perfectly sound and legitimate character. They will at the same time make it their endeavor to afford every reasonable and judicious accommodation to the constituents of the Bank. By acting on the principles and entering into no business of a hazardous or speculative nature, they are assured that they will adopt the best means of returning the Bank to its former credit and placing it upon a foundation which will render it no less useful to commercial interests than a safe and profitable investment to its shareholders. By order of the Board, J. THOMPSON, Chairman.

The report of the Directors was unanimously adopted by the meeting, and it was further unanimously resolved "That as suggested by the report of the committee of Shareholders, dated the 16th April 1877, the general expenses and charges, and also the salaries, establishment and other charges be apportioned as follows: two fifths to be borne and paid by the Bank, the liquidation to pay the three fifths remaining, and also all the expenses incurred, and to be incurred, in those branches which may remain closed." "That the remuneration of the directors be as follows: the chairman to get £1,000 a year, and the other directors a total amount equal to £300 a year each, (to be divided amongst them in such proportion as they may see fit) provided the total remuneration does not exceed £2,600." Mr. Galsworthy was appointed an auditor of the Company.

AKBAR COTTON PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Church Lane, Bombay.

Capital Rs. 7,50,000, in 150 Shares of Rs. 5,000 each.

DIRECTORS**H. E. Astley****[Dhunjee Purshotam****Dhurmasey Potnis]**Secretaries and Treasurers—**Kwart Latham & Co.**

This Company was registered on 20th June 1863. A balance sheet to 31st December 1866, and a summary of capital in list of shareholders made up to 30th April 1867, were filed on 11th April 1867. Employing 31 hands.

ALBERT MILLS COMPANY (LIMITED)

Capital Rs. 8,00,000, in 400 Shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

11, Apollo Street

DIRECTORS**F. Stanger Leathes, Chairman** | **J. Keating Pollock** | **H. Travis Simpson**

This Company was registered on May 18th 1861. A summary of capital and list of shareholders to 31st May 1867 with list of shares forfeited were filed on May 22nd. In the factories of this Company 19,000 spindles are used, employing 110 hands.

ALEXANDRA PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED) AT MADRAS.

Capital Rs. 750,000, in 250 Shares of Rs. 3,000 each

DIRECTORS**H. E. Astley** | **Cumsetjee Jehangeer** | **Tarachund Soonderdas Mooljee**Secretaries and Treasurers—**Kwart Latham & Co., Bombay**

This Company was registered on 8th October 1861. A balance sheet made up to 30th June 1867, was filed on 27th June 1867 and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 1st July was filed on 9th September 1867.

ALBERT PRESS COMPANY OF KURBACHEE (LIMITED)

33, Meadow Street

Capital Rs. 4,00,000, in 200 Shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

DIRECTORS**Alfred Fulcher** | **Hormusjee Pestonjee** | **Lucmasey Sewjee**
Secretaries and Treasurers—**Fulcher, Cooper & Co., Rafflesplace Circle, Bombay.**

Second call, Rs. 100 per share, was payable on 15th April 1867.

This Company was registered on July 27th 1861. A balance sheet made up to 31st December 1866 was filed on May 2 1867. A summary of capital and list of shareholders to 14th April 1867 was filed on the 24th of same month and a balance sheet to 30th June was filed on September 17.

ALLIANCE SPINNING COMPANY (LIMITED)

Capital Rs. 12,50,000, in 500 Shares of Rs. 2,500 each

Office No. 1, Church Gate Street.

DIRECTORS**Tapadass Vurzdass, Chairman** | **Ludha Nurney**
Cassambhoy Dhurmaseybhoy | **Nisdon Govunjee****Dayall Ruttonsey****Gellabhoy Heerjee & Co., Agents** | **Shavuksho Dhunjeebhoy, Secretary**

This Company was registered on 30th May, 1867. A balance sheet made up to December 31st 1866 was filed on 1st April 1867 and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 30th March 1867 on 11 April. Another balance sheet to 30th June 1867 was filed on 11th September. 30,800 spindles are in use, employing 100 hands.

APOLLO BONDED WAREHOUSE COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Warehouse, Marine Street, Fort

Capital Rs. 30,00,000, in 1,000 Shares of Rs. 3,000 each.

DIRECTORS**Alex Brown** | **W. Nicol**
H. Maxwell | **Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee****Kessowjee Nulk**Secretaries and Treasurers—**W. Nicol and Co.**Warehouse Manager—**J. Storey.**

This Company was registered on 20th February 1868. A summary of capital and list of shareholders to July 31st 1867 was filed on 19th August, and the balance sheet to 31st August on November 19th.

APOLLO PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED).

DIRECTORS

G. M. Stewart, Chairman
E. M. Lloyd
Byramjee Jejeebhoy

Sorabjee Nowrojee Wadia,
Festonjee Hormusjee Buntuck.

Secretaries and Treasurers—Remington and Co

This Company was registered on April 13th 1888. A balance sheet to July 31st 1887, and summary of capital and list of shareholders to September 9th, were filed on September 16th. 80 hands are employed in the mills.

ARKWRIGHT COTTON MILLS COMPANY (LIMITED)

Office—Girgaum Road

Capital Rs 2,00,000 in 100 Shares of Rs 2,000 each

DIRECTORS

Cursetjee Nusservanjee Cama, Chairman | Nusservanjee Ardaseer Wadia
Secretary—Shapoorjee Irani

BANK OF BENGAL.

Meadow Street

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

J. L. Lushington, Financial Secretary to Government of India—President

E. F. Harrison, Comptroller General of Accounts

A. Grote, Senior Member Board of Revenue

Henry Crooke, Messrs Crooke, Goss & Co

John Cowie, Colvin, Cowie & Co

Honble Stewart Gladstone, Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co.

Robert Lyall, Lyall, Parnes & Co

S. Dumbry, Gistone & Co

Honble John S. J. Jardine, Skinner & Co.

Secretary and Treasurer—George Dickson | Deputy Secretary—David Woods

Chief Accountant—John Hector

Superintendent of Branch Department—R. Hardie

Officiating—D. D. Cruickshank

Superintendent of Depositors Department—A. B. Antrons

Superintendent of Treasury Department—C. J. Crooke

Superintendent of Public Debt of India Office—D. N. Mackenzie

Inspector of Branches—A. Y. Watt

List of Branches of the Bank of Bengal with the names of the respective Agents and Accountants.

Branches.	Agents	Accountants
Agra	G. Wyatt (Acting)	F. C. Seymour
Aligarh	John Moodie	H. U. Haikes
Allahabad	John D. Watters (Acting)	
Benares	H. B. Sterndale	C. F. Moultrie (Acting)
Cawnpore	Thomas Dyson, (Acting)	S. N. Macdonald
Dacca	A. MacBain	
Delhi	D. Kennedy	
Hingunghat	G. B. Brown	
Jubbulpore	H. J. Ballour, (Acting)	
Lahore	H. A. Gillan, (Acting) ..	* James Nicol
Lucknow	D. I. McDougal	J. A. Larsen
Mirzapore	Geo. Mackilligan	R. I. Horsford
Moulmein	Thomas Watson	J. H. Patterson
Nagpur	Thomas Smith, (Acting)	John R. Fraser
Patna	W. F. Fraser (Acting)	Alex. S. Lang
Rangoon	John Gordon	David Fraser
Umritsar ..	H. A. Gillan (Acting)	A. B. Carr

* Late Agent and Accountant

Agent at Bombay—John Hector.

Messrs G. M. Moultrie of Mirzapore, A. M. Ross of Lahore, Francis Halsley of Cawnpore, and A. H. Bennie of Jubbulpore, are on leave.

(NEW) BANK OF BOMBAY.

Elphinstone Circle.

Capital—One crore of rupees in 20,000 shares of Rs. 500 each.

With power to increase to two crores.

DIRECTORS.

Archibald Duncan Grant	A. J. Macdonald	Dinshaw Manockjee Petit
Ahmedbhai Hubbbhai	Henry Maxwell	Kessowjee Naik
	W Nicol	

(With Power to increase up to ten in Number.)

Solicitors—Messrs Rinnington, Hor & Langley

Secretary and Treasurer—(not formerly appointed at date of publication, but it is understood that Mr. Stuart takes up the office)

Deputy Secretary and Treasurer—W. Fraser

(For Prospectus of the new Bank see (old) Bank of Bombay in Liquidation)

BECHURDASS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY (LD.)

Ahmedabad.

Capital Rs. 4,00,000, in 100 Shares of Rs. 1,000 each.

DIRECTORS

Bechurdass Ambalass, Life Chairman	Chuggun Bhaichund
Oomabhai Huttysing	Motilal Vasmallidass

Mill Manager—D. Sutcliffe

This Company was registered on April 14th, 1905. A balance sheet made up to December 31, 1906, was filed on 16th February 1907, and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 6th June 1906, on 13th August.

BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 25,00,000, in 1,000 Shares of Rs. 2,500 each.

25, Church Gate Street.

DIRECTORS.

James Bogie, Chairman.

Charles Poole	J. A. Forbes
Dinshaw Manockjee Petit	Luckmudas Khemjee

Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers—Wallace & Co., Church Gate Street.

This Company was registered on 5th March 4th, 1901. A balance sheet with profit and loss account made up to May 31st, 1906, with a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 24th Oct., was filed on October 29, 1907.

BOMBAY SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

Capital Rs. 5,50,000 in 100 Shares of Rs. 5,500 each.

Office—Tardeo

Sole Manager—Cawjee Nanabhai | Secretary—Dadabhai Pestonjee.

This Company has in use 2,500 spindles and employs 525 hands.

BOMBAY GAS COMPANY (LIMITED).

Capital £250,000, in 50,000 Shares of 15 each.

DIRECTORS.

Daniel Thomas Evans, Chairman.

Charles Frederick Collier	Henry Young
W. B. M. Lysley	Major W F Gordon
Major William Swainson Stuart	William Marshall, Secretary.

Show Rooms and Offices in Bombay—No. 1, Church Lane

Thom & Proud—Resident Engineer and Manager.

This Company was registered in Bombay on 14th December 1861. A summary of capital and list of shareholders to 31st December 1886 was filed on 22nd October 1907.

BOMBAY MECHANICS' BUILDING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Albion Place, Mount Road, Byculla

Capital Rs. 2,00,000, in 1,000 Shares of Rs. 50 each.

DIRECTORS.

John Furth, Chairman.	Treasurers--W. Nicol & Co.	
H. Maxwell	Kessowjee Naik	G. W R Malins
S. L Acland	H. Newman	J R K Johnson

The Bombay Mechanics' Building Company was registered on March 26th, 1860. A balance sheet with a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 4th October were filed on 9th October 1867.

BOMBAY OMNIBUS AND GENERAL CONVEYANCE COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 1,00,000, in 400 shares of Rs. 500 each

DIRECTORS

H. Maxwell, Chairman
Thomas Wilson

Alexander Taylor
R. Roberts

Manager—F. Biers, 118, Khetwaddy Lane.

This Company was registered on March 7th, 1865. A balance sheet and profit and loss account to 24th February 1867, and summary of capital and list of shareholders made up to 18th May 1867, were registered on 6th June 1867.

At a meeting on 18th June a report submitted by the directors was adopted, and it was resolved to declare a dividend at the rate of 5 per cent on the paid up capital.

BOMBAY PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED)

Nesbit Lane, Fort.

Capital Rs. 4,00,000, in 200 shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

New Capital Rs. 1,00,000, in 300 shares, of Rs. 500 each.

DIRECTORS

Merwanjee Framjee Panday

A. C. Gumpert

Secretaries and Treasurers—A. C. Bruce and Co., 28, Meadow Street.

The Bombay Press Company was registered on June 18th 1863. A balance sheet to May 30th 1867, and summary of capital and list of shareholders to 27th August, were filed on 22nd September 1867.

BONDED WAREHOUSE COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Established 1863

Office—Nesbit Lane, Fort.

Capital Rs. 1,50,000, in 300 shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

DIRECTORS

Merwanjee Framjee Panday

Venuchand Deepchand

John Dixon

Secretaries and Treasurers—A. C. Bruce and Co.

This Company was registered on July 13 1863

BROACH COTTON MILLS COMPANY (LIMITED).

Capital Rs. 4,00,000, in 500 shares of Rs. 500 each.

DIRECTORS

J. A. Forbes

Morajee Goenldass

Venuchand Jagonathjee Sankarsett

Hon'ble Justice Nusservanjee Patell

Secretaries and Treasurers—Forbes and Co.

This Company was registered in Bombay on 22nd November 1864. A balance sheet made up to 31st December 1867, and summary of capital and shares made up to 1st February 1867 were filed on 11th March 1867. In this company there were 17,210 spindles in use, and the number of hands employed daily is upwards of 500.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON AND CHINA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid-up Capital, £7,50,000. Reserve Fund, £1,45,902-11-8.

Head Office, 65 Old Broad Street, London

Court of Directors, 1865-66.

G. G. Nicol, Chairman.

D. Larnach,

E. J. Gilman,

J. M. Robertson,

Sir F. J. Halliday, K C B.

G. May.

D. T. Robertson, ex officio.

BANKERS—The Bank of England and the London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES—Calcutta, Madras, Hongkong, Shanghai, Yokohama, Hankow, and Peking.

D. T. Robertson, Chief Manager.

W. Beatty, Assistant Manager.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS

At Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Galle, Kandy, Penang, Singapore,

Hongkong, Shanghai, Hankow, and Yokohama.

The Directors published on the 11th November 1867 an interim report and statement of accounts for the half year ending the 30th June 1867. The statement of accounts, according to the report showed a profit of £2,02,71, or upwards of 20 per cent per annum on the capital of the Bank. But the winding up of the operations of the previous very successful year would result in a further loss to the Bank which would be provided for when the annual account were made up. The report further said, "an interim dividend of 11 per cent for the half year to the 30th June has been paid, and a balance of £20,002-7-1 is carried forward to this half-year's account."

The statement of accounts showed liabilities amounting to £7,746 390 11-1, made up as follows—Capital paid up, £750,000 current and fixed deposits, £2,077,943 11-3 bills payable notes in circulation, and other sums due to the public, £4,680,017 18 1 reserve fund £115 908 14 8 and profit and loss account (balance at 30th June 1867) £283 502 7 1. The amount of liabilities was covered by assets as follows—Cash and bullion £1,556 943 8 11 cash with banks and money at call £172 512 17 7 Government securities £500 13 1 3, reserve fund investment account £38 947 10 0 landed and house property at head office and branches, £216 182 9 8, and bills receivable, loans and other debts due to the Corporation, £4,761,485 5 8.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

Lliphinstone Circle—Incorporated by Royal Charter
Paid-up Capital, £8,00,000, in 40,000 Shares of £20 each.
Head Office—20 Threadneedle Street, London.

Branches and Agencies

Bombay—James Douglas, Agent.

Kurrachee—M W Boyd, Agent
Calcutta—G. A Whyte, Agent
Rangoon—A. Watson, Agent
Singapore—A T Carmichael, Manager

Batavia—Gustav Dufresne, Agent
Hongkong—William K. Iye, Manager
Shanghai—Edward Macall, Manager
Hankow—J. Macraeth, Agent

The annual report for the year ending 31st December 1866 stated that the accounts showed a net profit on the operations of the year amounting to £97,025 17 10. The directors after instituting a fresh careful revision of all bad and doubtful debts, calculated up to date had considered it their duty to write off the sum of £19,132 18 8 from profit and loss account, to be met in great part by the earnings of the year but necessitating the further transfer of £10,000 from the reserve fund, which now only stood at £1,144 18 9. The directors however, had no hesitation in recommending the shareholders to declare a dividend for the half year ended on the 31st December last at the rate of 5 per cent per annum, free of income tax, which would leave the sum of £1,144 18 9 to be carried forward.

The balance sheet as on 31st December 1866 had the following items on the debit side—Capital paid up in full £800,000, reserve fund surplus fund (less £10,000 carried to profit and loss account) £10,000, amount due by the Bank including bills payable, notes in circulation deposits and current accounts £2,077,943 11 3; balance of profit and loss account after payment of a interim dividend providing for bad and doubtful debts, and paying all current charges income tax &c, £21,134 15 9 total £3,314,795 12 3. On the credit side were the following items—cash and bullion at the head office and branches £1,012,017 12 8, Government securities, £500 13 1 3 other securities including bills receivable and loans, £2,077 143 19 7 Bank premises and furniture at the offices and agencies, £39,313 11 2.

COLABA COMPANY (LIMITED)

Lliphinstone Circle—Remington & Co.
Capital Rs 1,20,00,000 in 400 Shares of Rs 3,000.
DIRECTORS—G. M. Stewart, (Chairman).

J. A. Forbes
J. P. Green

Hon'ble Ganjee Nussurwanjee
Dinshaw Manockjee Petit
R. Hamilton
B. Ramjee Jeejeebhoy

The capital of the United Victoria and Colaba Reclamation and Pier Company, of which the above are re-construction was £1,20,00,000.

A meeting of the old Company was held on 31st January when the Directors reported in favour of the formation of a new Company which should have a capital of one crore of rupees, divided into shares of Rs 2,500 each, with Rs 3,000 paid up. The report was approved of by a large majority, subject to the amendment that the capital of the new Company be 10 lakhs divided into 100 shares of Rs 1,000 each fully paid up. At a meeting held on Thursday, April 18th Mr G. M. Stewart in the chair it was unanimously resolved that the old Company should be wound up voluntarily under the provisions of the Indian Companies Act of 1866. The above resolution was confirmed at a meeting on 1st May.

A report of the Directors' and statement of accounts for the year ending 31st January 1867 were submitted to the meeting of shareholders held on the 18th April. The report stated that the works which were in progress at the end of the last Annual Report are now all but completed and that "in next season that company will have an additional area of about 70,000 square yards of very valuable land." There had been no expenditure on any part of the property purchased from the Old Colaba Company but it had decided advantage from the works carried on under Government in connection with the Apollo Bay Reclamation. The profit and loss statement showed an excess of income over expenditure amounting to upwards of Rs 16,000. The new mill property at 1st Bunder had been let for seven months during the year to Messrs Swan Munckato, and Ellison and had produced a rent of Rs 11,666 10 8. The mills were not at present occupied. During the year Rs 4,01,080 had been recovered from the Bombay Joint Stock Corporation, leaving a sum of Rs 941-7-5 still due, calculating interest at 5 per cent up to 31st

January 1886. On the 31st January 1887 there was a cash balance of Rs. 2,74,408-8 and "under ordinary circumstances the Directors would have been disposed at once to re-commence a dividend but looking to the possibility of having to provide cash to purchase the shares of any shareholder who may decline to transfer his interest to the new Company it is positively necessary to retain the funds until that question is finally disposed of. If no difficulty arises in effecting the new Company, the Directors intend immediately afterwards to propose the distribution of a dividend."

1. In the debit side of the Balance Sheet it appears that the amount of Rs. 11,000 was paid up on 11-11-11 that there was due to sundry creditors and unpaid on 1st January 1917, Rs. 4,546 6/12 and that there was a Balance of Profit and Loss account amounting to Rs. 7,600 0/12—making a grand total of Rs. 13,146 6/12. In the debit side of the properties of the company (including the entry upon them) were set down at a total of Rs. 10,105 0/12, besides owing to the company, and considered doubtful, there was a balance of account due by the Honorary Treasurer, Rs. 9,110 0/12, and outstanding on account of revenue Rs. 901 4/12, while the debit due on account of revenue and considered good amounted to Rs. 13,028 4/12, and besides there was a current deposit in the Bank of Bombay, amounting with interest to Rs. 27,102 13/4 and cash in hand Rs. 6,000 10/12. From the Profit and Loss account it appeared that the expenditure on account of the Victoria property amounted to Rs. 86 10/12 and on account of the Colaba property Rs. 10 1/12, and there were also stamp and law charges, Rs. 1,240 15/12, compensation paid Rs. 100, and finally the Secretary to the company for loss of appointment Rs. 2,000, office and general expenditure Rs. 44, Rs. 1,184 7/12 balance of interest account Rs. 5,711 7/12. On the credit side were the following items—Balance on 1st January 1916, Rs. 6,774 10/12, revenue on account of the Victoria property, Rs. 2,310 9/12 on account of the Colaba property, Rs. 11,76 10/12, unclaimed wages Rs. 8,115 transfer fee Rs. 6,707. There was thus a balance on the credit over the debit side of Rs. 1,105 0/12.

COLABA PRESS COMPANY.

Capital Rs 15,13,794-12-7, in 510 Shares of Rs 3,131.9-5 each.

Books — Heerjee Jhanghri, Chairman

Pyramide Jeune homme

Attorney E. Ashley

Homomorphisms

1 13 SIGN n

Secret was—The L. A. & American Co. Ltd | Chief Engineer—Alex. Colville.

This Company was incorporated under Act No. 1146 on 1st June 1946. A balance sheet with profit and loss account made up to 31st July 1947 and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to August 31, 1947, were filed on 6th September. Company No. 405 hands

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Incorporated by National Decree of 7th and 5th March 1848, and by Imperial

Decree of 20th July 1851

Recognized by the International Convention of 30th April 1862 and by Act No. VIII. of 1864 of the Legislative Council of India and by amended Act of 1897.

Subscribed Capital	£3,200,000	Being called up	£800,000
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Subscribed Capital \$1,200,000	Reserve fund \$500,000
Paid Up Capital \$2,400,000	

Head Office, 11 Rue Bergère, Paris

Agencies at Bombay, Calcutta, London, Hongkong, Shanghai, Bouchon, Reunion

Sub-Agency—Sugon, Yokohama

London Bankers—Union Bank of London; Messrs J. C. Hambro and Son

AGENCY:

Bombay—Otto Muller Manager

London—T Dromel, Sub-Manager

Butto—M. J. Harbottle, Accountant

Shaneb u-13. Welch, M. in 187

Calcutta—F. Chowry, Manager

Bourbon—P. Harbluker, Manager

London—G. Pletsch, Manager

Hong Kong—H. Kaiser, Manager

SUB-AGENCY 75.

Sugon—A Valer, Manager

Yokohama—J Mammieloff, Manager

COORLA SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Paid up Capital Rupees 16.00 0 0 in 320 Shares of Rupees 5,000 each.

Office — No. 14, Apollo Street

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—Dharmavey Popalbhoy, Chairman

Tolopeedann Vurilace

It is all written as yet

Can you buy it in currency?

(Upper Khirdey)

On 11 June a resolution, passed on 9th May 1947 was rescinded, cancelling 13 shares in the hands of the directors and authorising the directors to cancel 7 others as opportunity offered, so as to reduce the capital of the Company by a lakh of rupees. A balance sheet to 31st December 1946 was rescinded on 10th September 1947. Another balance sheet to 30th June 1947, and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 9th March 1947, were rescinded on 21st September, and another summary of capital and list of shareholders to 15th September and 19th October.

EAST INDIA COTTON AGENCY (LIMITED.)

Capital £500,000, in 50,000 Shares of £10 each.

London Office—50 King William Street, E. C.

Secretary—James Lawrie.

Agents in Bombay—Macdonald, Tweedie & Co., Victoria Buildings.

Station—Julgaum, Bhamwal, and Musawud.

EAST INDIA PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Office—1 Nisbit Lane, Fort.

Capital Rs. 7,00,000, in 350 Shares of Rs. 2000 each, with power to increase to Rs. 20,00,000

DIRECTORS—

Soodendass Mooljee

Mirwanjee Fianjee Panday.

Secretaries and Treasurers—A. C. Brice & Co.

Balance sheet to 31st October 1916 and summary of capital and list of shareholders to 24th February 1917, were filed on 11th March 1917. Of the second call, Rs. 100 per share, Rs. 10 was payable on 1st September, and Rs. 50 on 1st October 1917. Employes' hands at ship depot, at at Sharat, and at Julgaum.

EAST INDIA SHIPPING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 10,00,000, in 200 Shares of Rs. 5,000 each.

Dinshaw Manockjee, Chairman

Secretaries and Treasurers—Ramm, Brown & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay

This Company was incorporated on 12th August 1911. Summary of capital and list of shareholders to 31st June 1917 was filed on 2nd October, and a balance sheet to 31st December 1916 on 11th June.

ELPHINSTONE FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION OF INDIA (LIMITED)

Elphinstone Circle.

Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000, in 25,000 Shares of Rs. 4,000 each.

EX OFFICIO DIRECTOR—M. M. A. Atmaram Balasubra

The Association was registered on January 25th 1905. A balance sheet to December 31st, 1906 and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 30th April 1907, were filed on 1st May 1907.

ELPHINSTONE LAND AND PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 2,00,000, in 20,000 Shares of Rs. 1,000 each.

Office, Elphinstone Circle.

DIRECTORS—

The Hon'ble Alexander Brown, Chairman.

Henry Maxwell

Keshawji Nulk

L. D. Sengoon

Ahmedbhai Hubbbhoy

Secretaries and Treasurers—W. Nicol and Co.

Chief Engineer—Thomas Ormiston, Mem. Inst. C. E.

Traffic Superintendent—John Ryan | Auditors—J. L. Brodie and G. R. Wilson

Solicitors—Rimington, Store, and Langley

London Agents—Smith, Fleming & Co.

The Rs. 50 instalments of the 1st call, were payable as follows—1st instalment, 1st January, and 1st April 1911; 2nd instalment, 1st July 1911. The Company was registered on January 19th 1911. The capital was Rs. 2,00,000. A resolution was passed on April 11th, 1911, to increase the capital to Rs. 2,50,000. The capital was further increased to Rs. 3,00,000 in 1912, to Rs. 3,50,000 in December 1911, and to Rs. 4,00,000 in November 1916. A balance sheet to 31st December 1917 was prepared on April 20th and the summary of capital and list of shareholders to 31st December 1917 was filed on 10th September 1917. A dividend of Rs. 10 per share on the old shares of the Company and of Rs. 15 on the new shares of the Company has now been declared payable at the rate of 15 paise on and after the 15th September 1917. Mr. K. S. Nulk and Mr. L. D. Sengoon were declared directors and Mr. Ahmedbhai Hubbbhoy was declared a director. Mr. L. S. White, Mr. W. L. and Mr. W. Colburn, Mr. L. C. and Mr. L. C. and Mr. R. C. were appointed as a committee (with power to add to their number) to consult with the directors regarding the present position of the Company, with a view to devising measures for prosecuting those which in the interest of the Company, it may appear necessary to push forward to completion. The meeting, then, resolved itself into a special general meeting and adopted various alterations in clauses 1, 11, 12, and 13 of the articles of association. It was further resolved that the best interests of the meeting, he and they be tendered to the chairman (Mr. Alexander Brown) and directors, Mr. Ormiston and his staff, and his office and business establishments, for the care and attention bestowed upon the Company's interests.

The report of the directors for the year ending 30th June 1867 (being the 8th annual report) was submitted to the meeting held on 28th August. It stated that a total sum of Rs 30,125 had been expended during the year. The works which the directors proposed at a meeting on 5th December 1866 had been completed with the exception of a portion at the outer end of the new Mung Bund, and the result of the year's operations was that 24 acres of land had been added to the reservation for Government and 812 acres to the Company's property, while 113,000 yards of permanent and 414 yards of temporary service had been built. The Malt Bund had been reclaimed, and was handed over to Government on 10th June, and in exchange the Company had entered into possession of the old Mung Bund so that the whole wharfage from Carnar to Elphinstone Bund now belonged to the Company. The area of the Company's property was now 117 acres, enclosed seaward by about 1,000 lineal yards of sea walling. The directors had intimated to Government that they were prepared to fix for the provision of a terminus for the B B and C I Railway to conform to that of the G I P Railway Co. at Wazir Bay, but nothing had so far come of the negotiation. The arrangement contemplated by the directors provided within 100 (2 acres of which 45 acres were ready and could be entered on at once) with an ample water frontage. The gross revenue of the Company from wharfage fees, ground rent, &c. was Rs 384,968, against Rs 4,65,708 showing a decrease of Rs 813,740, an unsatisfactory result which, said the report, was "in the main due to the activities which have characterized the market trade on which the Company's income depended, and to the fact that the consequence of the great fall in the value of land in Bombay had been necessary in many instances for the change for ground rent." The Commissioners of Customs had consented to allow the new Mung Bund on its completion (which would probably be in October 1867) to be used as a wharf for the import and export of dutiable goods. The cost of the bund establishment had been Rs 42,844 against Rs 19,092 in the previous year, showing a decrease of Rs 6,708. The net revenue for the year ending 30th June 1867 was Rs 2,61,513 2 3, and there being a surplus of Rs 914,897 8 15 from the last year's account, a sum of Rs 4,47,871 9 1 was left at the credit of the Profit and Loss Account and out of this sum the directors proposed that a dividend of 14 per cent per annum for the year should be declared on the old shares, and that a corresponding rate on the new Rs 324,000 of Rs 30 per share would fall to be divided amongst the old shareholders and Rs 49,700 of Rs 190 per share amongst the new which would leave Rs 69,596 19 1 to be carried forward. Of the call of Rs 200 which the shareholders resolved in December should be made, Rs 47,780 had been paid up and there was still outstanding a sum of Rs 11,877 17 of which it was feared a considerable portion would prove irrecoverable. Work the cost of which was estimated at Rs 8,40,000 ought under any circumstances to be paid this year. The directors in some further remarks urged that it was absolutely necessary to complete the reclamation of the Land 1st class so as to enable the whole of that part of the property to be laid out and inter-connected with a continuous system of rail. To complete this work a further sum of Rs 1,000,000 was required, but in a total of Rs 2,600,000 and there would be a total of Rs 7,715,000 and the company would be about Rs 20 In conclusion the directors suggested the appointment of a Committee of shareholders to consider, along with the Board the present state of the Company's finances and the position of its works, and to devise means for improving them, that an effort be made to meet the present year's expenditure on the works, &c. to 30th June 1867 was Rs 11,11,973 12 19 and during the year ending 30th June 1867 Rs 2,91,021 2 3 and a total of Rs 10,81,052 10 1. The total receipts in respect of shares was Rs 1,34,800 and sales of property had brought Rs 1,203 2 50, showing a deficiency of Rs 2,251 2 51. A statement of accounts in respect of the 1st and 2nd calls showed that the amount paid by shareholders was Rs 55,500. The Balance sheet as at 30th June 1867 showed liabilities amounting to Rs 11,58,607 0 26, and consisting as follows:—From the sale of shares by auction 1866, balance Rs 9,658 1 53, unclaimed dividends, Rs 1,300, sum by bills matured for wages, stores, and reclamation work previous to 30th June 1867 payable in subsequent half years, Rs 2,97,687 0 50; Bank of Bombay loan with 10 months' interest Rs 1,00,000 profit and loss account (balance available for dividend) Rs 4,42,871 1. The assets were as follows:—Expenditure on capital account in excess of receipts, Rs 2,251 2 51; temporary shares, advances, fencing, &c. Rs 2,06,310 1 51; Rs 11,777, the proportion chargeable against the current year's revenue, debts due to the Company from the landed revenue, &c. Rs 61,484 2 99; by London agents, Rs 1,348 8 8; stores in hand, Rs 3,174 1 7; stores in transit, Rs 50,920 2 16; Bank of Bombay current account, Rs 1,07,000 0 0; cash in hand, Rs 19,631 0 19.

FORT PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital 12,75,000, in 150 Shares of Rs 8,500 each.

DIRECTORS.

H. E. Asley

Shamjee Jadowjee

Secretaries and Treasurers—Kwart Jatham and Co., Bombay

Soonderdaas Mooljee

Shapoorjee Jewajee

This Company was registered on March 14th, 1863. A balance sheet, summary of capital and list of shareholders made up to December 31st, 1866, was filed on March 26, 1867. The following resolution was filed on 7th May 1867 having been passed on 10th May:—"That in order to balance the building and in other account, the capital of the Company be raised to Rs 12,75,000, on say 150 shares of Rs 8,500 each, and that a call of Rs 1,000 per share be made and a similar amount be declared as a dividend from the balance at the credit of reserve fund account and profit and loss." Upwards of a hundred hands are employed at the presses.

FRAMJEE COWASJEE PATENT PRESS COMPANY.

Capital Rs. 6,00,000, in 300 Shares of Rs 2,000 each.

Directors

Gursoojee Nusservanjee Cama, Chairman.

Pestonjee Dhunjibhoy

Nageshwar Formanundass.

Managers, Secretaries and Treasurers—Robinson & Co, Bombay Green.

Rs. 100 called up, payable on 1st June 1917

This Company was registered in the new Act on September 7th, 1908. A balance sheet to 30th June 1909 was registered on 16th February 1907, and a balance sheet to 30th June 1907 on 30th September 1906. Implies 35 hands.

FREEZE LAND AND RECLAMATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

Capital Rs 2,00,00,000, in 2,000 Shares of Rs 10,000 each with power to increase.

Office No 1, Church Gate Street

Directors—R. A. Dallas, L.L.D., Chairman.

Gulchandass Mohundass | Meharwanji Bhanooji Panday | A. C. Brier.

Secretary—Munchejee Nowrojee Banajee.

Solicitors—Dallas, Lynch, and Langdale.

Auditors—Brooke and Wilson.

Head Clerk—Bakrishna Nijaji.

Accountant—Edmund Gregory Esq. (Incl.)

The second call of Rs 100 was made payable in two instalments—Rs 50 on 1st Sept. and Rs 50 on 1st Oct.

The Company was registered on 6th January 1901. A balance sheet made up to 31st November 1904 was filed on 7th May 1907 and a summary of capital and list of shareholders made up to 31st May 1907 on 5th August.

At an ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Freeze Land and Reclamation Company, held on the 10th of September 1904, Mr A. C. Brier in the chair, a report and a statement of accounts submitted to the shareholders were adopted. Mr Gulchandass Mohundass, who retired from the Board, was re-elected and Mr Dallas and Mr A. C. Brier were also appointed Directors.

The latest balance sheet of this company was made up to 31st December 1906, and was submitted to the meeting of shareholders held on 10th September 1907. It showed on the debit side that the total sum of paid up capital was Rs 2,77,60,000 that there were liabilities in respect of bills payable Rs 1,76,000 and of vendors of the land, as balance of purchase money Rs 1,10,732 that there was a balance of Rs 894 from the profit and loss account amounting to Rs 27,343 15 and that there was a contingent liability to Freeman and Howard for Rs 137 8, and to Halden & Co for Rs 1,930 12, the total amount being thus Rs 11,578 19 5. On the credit side there were the following items of property held by the Company, but not paid for in full: Land and buildings on various tenures Rs 1,15,17,027 5 0 (construction of roads and canals, Rs 1,70,384 2 2 there were also the following items—Office furniture, Rs 1,331 1, plant and materials, Rs 11,051 8 0, debts considered good Mercantile Bank Rs 83 5 11, Agra Bank Rs 0 6 1, Oriental Bank Rs 00 11 7, Asiatic Banking Corporation Rs 202 15 10, debts considered doubtful—Asiatic Commercial Association Limited Rs 4,93,338 19 0, Imperial Bank and India Co Rs 6 38 15 0 bills receivable from Promchand Roychand Rs 1,01,229 0 10, 45 Free Land Shares 71,640, cash General Managers office Rs 16,970 3 9, Post office Rs 617 16. The profit and loss account contained on the debit side the following items: General charges Rs 21,471 9 0, law charges Rs 177 8 10, land rent Rs 1 (26 1 4, balance Rs 2,74,913 15 5 and on the credit side, interest Rs 1,51,173 0 reserve fund Rs 1,36,135 13 1, bungalow rent Rs 3,612 8 0, land revenue Rs 14,131 7 0, transfer and other fees Rs 8760.

On the same date a statement of account up to 31st May 1907 was submitted to the shareholders. The total amount on the debit side was Rs 1,30,576 7 1 and the items were exactly the same as those in the balance sheet to 31st December except that the balance of profit and loss was Rs 2 6 3 11 1 and the contingent liability to Halden & Co Rs 910 12 0. The items on the credit side also were the same except that the debts considered good were as follows: Mercantile Bank Rs 131 11, Asiatic Banking Corporation Rs 202 15 10, and the Oriental and Agra Bank Rs 1 4 8 and that the cash in the Secretary's office amounted to Rs 971 10 11, instead of the sums of Rs 16,970 3 9 and Rs 617 9 0 which appeared in the previous balance sheet. The following items appear on the profit and loss account—General charges Rs 7,912 10 1, law expenses Rs 500, land rent Rs 15,600, and as receipt from land revenue Rs 5,630 8 0, and bungalow rent Rs 833.

The Directors in a report submitted at the same meeting stated that the property of the Company had been seized under a decree that one by one the directors had resigned, till it became difficult to obtain the necessary quorum for the transaction of business, that Mr E. I. Howard afterwards consented to accept the office of Chairman, and his death was deeply regretted, that the claim of the Commercial Bank the most pressing, had been compromised, that the claim of upwards of 181 hands made by the vendors of the property had also with great difficulty been compromised up to certain terms, one of which was the foundation of a new Company, in which the vendors were to obtain a certain interest, but the call (of Rs 100 per share) now made was for the purpose of enabling the vendors to carry out the compromise with the vendors and defray the expenses of the formation of a new Company.

FREE PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 6,00,000, in 300 Shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

DIRECTORS.

Alex. Brown, Chairman | Kesoojee Naik | E. D. Sassoon
 Secretaries and Treasurers—W. Nicol and Co., Bombay

This Company was registered on May 15th, 1863. A summary of capital and list of shareholders to 31st December 1867 and balance sheet to 31st July 1866, were filed on 1st February 1867. A balance sheet and summary of capital and list of shareholders made up to 31st July 1867, were filed on 2nd November.

GOVERNMENT SAVINGS' BANK.

Established 1st May 1835. (Office in the Bank of Bombay)

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

The Accountant Genl. (ex officio) | Venayekrow Juggonathjee Sunkersett
 The Hon'ble G. Fogg | A. D. Sassoon
 Rustomjee Jamsetjee |
 Secretary—M. F. Esperance.

GREAT EASTERN SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS (Ld.)

Subscribed Capital Rs. 15,00,000, in 750 Shares of 2,000 Rs. each

Office—No 7, Hummum Street.

DIRECTORS.

Venayekrow Juggonathjee Sunkersett | Merwanjee Nusserwanjee Bhowmree
 R. Newton | Amdasor Dossabhooy Moonashee
 Moorajee Gooldas | Jagjeevundass Hemjee
 Cassumbhooy Durumsee
 Secretary—Babajee Cassinath | Manager—J. Gleave

A balance sheet to 30th June 1867 was filed on 24th August, and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 31st September on the 11th inst. 900 hands are employed by this Company, and 30,000 spindles are in use.

GUZERAT COTTON CLEANING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 2,50,000, in 125 Shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

Office—Ahmedabad. Works—Veerungam.

DIRECTORS.

Wasudev Jugonnath, Chairman.
 Chotalall Jaichund | Ruttonchund Golabohund
 Oojumohund Maljee | Chuggunlall Deepchund

General Manager—Alfred Whittle

On 6th February 1867 a summary of capital and list of shareholders up to 31st July 1866, with a list of calls unpaid and balance sheet made up to 30th April 1866, was filed. On 16th September, a summary of capital and list of shareholders made up to 6th August 1867 was registered, and on September 16th a balance sheet made up to 31st July 1867. At Veerungam 10 hands are employed, and 80 guns worked.

HOUSE AND LAND INVESTMENT COMPANY (LIMITED)

Office—1 Nesbit Lane, Fort.

Capital Rs. 24,00,000, in 515 Shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

DIRECTORS.

Jehangir Rustomjee Moody | Dorabjee Framjee Panday
 Secretaries and Treasurers—A. C. Brice & Co.

This Company was registered on August 20th, 1863. Rs. 900 per share have been called up, and a dividend out of profits was paid in 1865, of Rs. 90 per share. The capital remains invested at the Mullier Adawlut. There is a claim against the Company by the Estate of Cursondass Madhowsdass for four lakhs of rupees in respect of property bought at Chinchpoojy. The claim, which is disputed, has been referred to the Master in Equity, and the question is now pending.

HYDRAULIC PRESS COMPANY.

Capital Rs. 12,00,000 in 200 Shares of Rs. 6,000 each.
Office—No. 5 Marine Street.

DIRECTORS.

Dinshaw Manockjee Petat, Chairman.
Merwanjee Framjee Panday | Nussurwanjee Ruttonjee Tatta
Nussurwanjee Manockjee Petat | Luckmidass Dhareey
Goolidass Cullianjee
Secretary—Ruttonjee Sorabjee
Superintending Engineer—Bomanjee Framjee Warden
Manager—Gursetjee Bazonjee Ghandy
Agents—Bennie, Scovell and Co.

A balance sheet to 30th June 1867 was filed on 18th October.
At an extraordinary general meeting of the share holders of this Company, held on 30th October, it was unanimously resolved, "that the board of directors are authorised to sell the piece or parcel of ground buildings, hereditaments and premises comprised in the indenture of the 29th September 1861, recited in the deed of settlement of the Company, and the machinery, premises and stores thereon, or such parts thereof as the directors may think fit." Employes 40 hands.

IMPERIAL COTTON PRESS COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 10,00,000, in 200 Shares of Rs. 5,000 each.

DIRECTORS.

Nussurwanjee Munchajee | Kessowjee Naik
Burjorjee Munchajee | Dhurramsey Poonjabhoy
Secretaries and Treasurers—Messrs Nursey Kessowjee and Co.

A balance sheet to 31st December 1866, and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 27th May 1867 were registered on 24th May 1867. Employes 28 hands.

JAFFER ALI SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY (LD.)

Begun Varea, Surat.

Original Capital Rs. 300,000, in 600 Shares of Rs. 500.
Increased Capital Rs. 150,000, in 600 Shares of Rs. 250 each.

DIRECTORS.

Gursetjee Nussurwanjee Cama | Rohimtools Velloobhoy
Meer Syed Alum Khan | Goolabdess Juggeevundass
Meer Goolam Baba Khan | Pestonjee Byramjee
Cowasjee Burjorjee | Jamietram Vishnooram.
Secretary—Jamsetjee Dossabhoy.
Mill Manager and Engineer—John Chadwick

This Company was registered on March 10th, 1862. A list of the shareholders and a summary of the increased capital as on March 10th, 1862, were filed on March 7th, 1867. A summary of capital and list of shareholders of the original and increased capital made up to 1st June 1867 was filed on the 14th of the same month. A balance sheet to 31st December 1866 was filed on 11th September. This Company has in use 8000 spindles, and on the average 200 workpeople are employed daily.

KURRACHEE LANDING AND SHIPPING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 10,00,000, in 500 Shares of Rs. 2,000 each.
Secretaries and Treasurers—Fleming and Co., Kurrachee.

KURRACHEE PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 10,00,000 in 200 Shares of Rs. 5,000 each.
Secretaries and Treasurers—Fleming and Co., Kurrachee.

This Company was registered on May 14th, 1861. A balance sheet to May 31st 1867 was filed on August 28th, 1867, and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 31st December 1866, on 23rd October.

LAND MORTGAGE BANK OF INDIA (CREDIT FONCIER INDIEN), LIMITED.

Elphinstone Circle.

DIRECTORS.

Major General Balfour, C. B., late chief of Military Finance Department of India
H. L. Bischoffsheim, Esq., Bischoffsheim and Goldschmidt
J. B. Boyson, Esq., late Solicitor to the Government of Madras
W. S. Fitzwilliam, Esq., late member of the Supreme Legislative Council of India
J. Glen, Esq.

B. P. Harrison, Esq., late Controller-General of Accounts for India, and Government Director of the Bank of Bengal

P. Northall Laurie, Esq., Governor of the Union Bank of London

W. Mackinnon, Esq., Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co., Calcutta, Director of British India Steam Navigation Company

Jervoise Smith, Esq., M. P.

H. Worms, Esq., Messrs. G. and A. Worms

Manager—J. Wiggins

Secretary—W. O. Allender

BANKERS.

The Union Bank of London

Messrs. Smith, Payne and Smith.

AGENTS IN INDIA.

Calcutta—Messrs. Colvin, Cowie and Co.

Bombay—Remington and Co.

LONDON, ASIATIC AND AMERICAN COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Office—4, Colburn Street, E.C., London

Capital £1,000,000, in 50,000 Shares of £20 each. (With power to increase)

DIRECTORS.

B. Holme Mowbray

John Alexander Russell

John Parsons

Francis Boykett

T. Hornum in Cole

James Bevis

George Dent

Thomas Cardwell

Gavin Steel

Robert Hannay.

BRANCHES

Liverpool—Managing Director (pro. tem) John Parsons.

Bombay—Joint Managers, Charles E. Benn and Atherton Edward Ashley, Elphinstone Circle.

MANOCKJEE PETIT'S SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

Capital Rs. 25,00,000, in 2,500 Shares of Rs. 1,000 each.

Office, Meadow Street.

DIRECTORS.

Dinshaw Manockjee, Chairman

Pestonjee Hormusjee Sontook

John Dixon

Perceval Merwanjee Jejeebhoy

Eduljee Nusserwanjee Satina

Nusserwanjee Manockjee

Agents—Merwanjee Framjee and Co

Manager—William Wrigley.

Sec—Ruttonjee Rustomjee R. Wadia.

The deed of settlement of this Company, of date June 17, 1881, was registered under the new Act on 24th July 1886. A balance sheet made up to 31st December 1886 was registered on 7th June 1887. 60,000 spindles are in use in this Company, employing 1,500 hands.

MAZAGON LAND AND RECLAMATION COMPANY (LIMITED.)

CAPITAL Rs. 1,00,00,000, in 2,000 Shares of Rs. 5,000 each.

Office—Elphinstone Circle

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

J. G. Smith, Esq.—Chairman.

H. Manisty

Tapedass Vurdass.

O. Peile

Cassumbhoy Dhurumsey.

Secretaries and Treasurers—Ritchie, Stewart & Co.

The Company was registered on 26th April 1885. A balance sheet to June 30th, 1887, was filed on 10th August and a summary of capital and list of shareholders made up to 14th August 1887, were filed on 21st August. On 19th November 1886 Rs. 5,000 was called up, in July 1886, Rs. 1,000, and on 4th October 1887 Rs. 1,000.

An extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of this Company was held in the offices of Messrs Forbes & Co., Bruce Lane, on Friday, 28th January 1907, (1) to receive the report of the Committee of Inspection (2) to appoint Secretaries and Treasurers in the room of Messrs Macculloch John & Co, resigned, (3) to elect two directors to fill vacancies.

The report of the Committee of Inspection stated that they had had the greatest difficulty in inducing the promoters and past directors of the Company and their officers to come forward and give evidence or explanations regarding their proceedings, that the documentary evidence at their disposal was of the most meagre and unsatisfactory description, the original directors' minute book was little more than a collection of uncertified memoranda, out of 21 meetings which were held between 17th November 1884 and 24th November 1905, the minutes of only 7 were signed. The report narrated the history of the sale by Government to Mr. Prenchaud Roychand and the other gentlemen connected with him of the land for 10 lacs of rupees and the purchase of the same by the original promoters from Mr. Prenchaud and his colleagues for 60 lacs of rupees. The purchasers from Government in selling to the promoters appear to have stipulated for an allotment of half the capital in the Company proposed to be formed. At any rate half the capital was so allotted, and the shares almost immediately went to Rs 1000 premium. During the three months that succeeded the purchase, the operations of the Company appear to have been confined to collecting the allotment payments into the Alliance Financial Corporation (just then opened under the same Directors as the Masegon Company), and distributing out of such collection the cost of the property. Immediate payment of 10 lacs was made to the original purchasers and 2 lacs to Government to the latter a further sum of 10 lacs was paid in February 1885, leaving a balance of 1 lac remaining due which to debt to the original purchasers was finally extinguished in September 1885 by payment of 1 lac 8 annas to Mr. Prenchaud Roychand. Early in 1886 the full was taken possession of by the Company from Government. On 1st March 1886 the memorandum of association was issued, and on 16th May 1886 a resolution was passed by the Directors, that the transfer books should be declared open. This resolution appears to have been set upon for on 28th June 1886, it was resolved that the share and transfer books should in whole at once put in force, the Solicitor of the company having advised that the directors had themselves open to a criminal prosecution for not having opened the books sooner. The opening of the transfer book took place only three days prior to 1st July 1886. The work was not pushed forward, although the cash balance lay in the Alliance Financial at the credit of the Masegon Company till the middle of 1886. During tenure of office by the original Directors the revenues of the land consisted only of rent paid by the Bombay Real Estate Company for ground occupied by them and a small sum obtained by sale of mangoes. The main business of the Company for trade just before the breaking of the monsoon in 1886, but no evidence was on record of any efforts made to increase the revenue by letting the portions of the ground with the exception of leaving 60,000 square yards of the land for 2 years to the timber merchants previously leased at Wairi Bunder. No rent having been received by the timber merchants, the Government had never been paid for the rent. While the original Directors were in office nothing whatever appears to have been done for the improvement of the revenue available beyond allotting the ground to the various individuals concerned in the agreement. In the articles of association it was provided that the first or any general meeting of the Company should be held within three months of the date of the articles, and not later than 1st June 1885. It was not till 1st December 1886, after the appointment of Messrs Maculloch John & Co. as Secretaries and Treasurers, that the first general meeting for the money of the Co., and also the rough state of the accounts, on which the Committee to judge, they received upwards of Rs 10,000 on account of the Company by the distribution, and they first of all accounted for the state of the account by explaining it to consist of nearly Rs 20,000 of unpaid land of Bombay and all bills negotiated by Maculloch John & Co for the Masegon Company but accepted and the balance as several items of commission & charges by the Secretaries to the Company. Upwards of Rs 40,000 of this sum is said to be misappropriation of loans of Rs 10,000. Of these loans only Rs 5,000 were ever obtained. The Secretaries had however, no right to make such a misappropriation in any circumstances, and their whole remuneration on being allowed stipulated to consist of a commission of 5 per cent on revenue and an office allowance of Rs 500 per annum. With the exception of Rs 300 being one per cent on loans of Rs 30,000, on which they became personally responsible the committee considered there was not the slightest ground for charging such commission and that the amount of the Masegon Company's funds which Maculloch John & Co had so improperly applied for purposes of their own business should rather be considered as a preferential claim against their estate, or as a personal trust in hands of the then partners of the firm as might be legally advised. The account of the former Secretary, Mr. Goltschman, is nearly Rs 19,000 in arrears. Early in 1886 the committee found that criminal charges affecting Goltschman's character were brought to the notice of the directors and partly investigated the result appears that he resigned, receiving a gratuity of Rs 3,000 in consideration of the unexpired portion of his agreement. The committee consider this compromise, one of the most extraordinary among the many extraordinary proceedings revealed in examining the management of the Company, that a gratuity should have been paid to that officer in consideration of his resignation without having his account adjusted and the balance settled. The working expenses of the Company during the whole period subject to the investigation of the committee appeared to have been enormous. The Engineer's office alone cost more than 15 lacs per annum, and the Secretary's office upwards of Rs 15,000 per annum. The so-called vouchers were in a most irregular and unsatisfactory state, being in fact (properly speaking) no vouchers at all.

Some points in the report of which the above is an abstract were taken objection to at the meeting. It also transpired that the company possessed reclaimed land (which was reclaimed when the concession was bought) to the extent of 2,12,000 square yards, and land below high water mark to the extent of 2,12,000 yards. It was indebted to the Bank of Bombay in the sum of Rs. 2,40,000, and to Government in the sum of Rs. 2,50,000, and the further liabilities of the company amounted to Rs. 16,000, making up a total liability of about five lacs, in addition to some interest due to Government. As against that the company had the following assets independently of its immovable property stores to the value of more than a lac and a half of rupees: plant, machinery and tools valued at Rs. 78,000, miscellaneous articles, instruments, &c., Rs. 1,000, making Rs. 2,30,000. There was besides a sum of Rs. 6,200 due in respect of calls. There were also two debts due to the company, one being that of the Alliance Kinastial, which amounted to Rs. 8,11,000, and the other was a debt of about Rs. 61,700 due by the timber merchants for rent for the last seventeen months. It was estimated that Rs. 7,89,000 would be realised from these debts, and putting this against the liabilities, a surplus of Rs. 98,000 was the result. The number of shares forfeited at the date of the meeting was 1,375.

It was agreed that the Report of the Committee of Inspection, and a letter of Mr. King, the Chief Engineer, should be forwarded.

Mr. Gumpert, seconded by Mr. Otto Miller, moved the confirmation of the appointment of Messrs. Forbes & Co. as Secretaries and Treasurers.

Mr. Muncherjee Nowraj, seconded by Mr. Doshihoy Dhurumsey, moved the appointment of Messrs. Ritchie Stewart & Co.

A ballot was taken, and terminated in the election of Messrs. Ritchie Stewart & Co. Messrs. Walter Casella and Michael Scott were elected directors, and Mr. J. A. Forbes having, thereupon resigned, he ironically proposed the election of Mr. Premchand Roychand in his place, but Mr. Kapildev Varajda was elected.

Mr. Walter Casella afterwards declined the appointment of director.

Within a few days after the transfer of the management of the Company from Messrs. Forbes & Co. to Ritchie Stewart & Co. Mr. A. O. Gumpert resigned his seat as a director.

On 30th June Mr. H. Manisty was elected a director in the room of Mr. W. H. Crawford.

At an ordinary general meeting on 3rd July, a report of the Directors was submitted, showing the liabilities of the company on 30th June to have been as follows:—

Government balance, purchase money	Rs.	2,70,000	0
Interest—Bank of Bombay	..	1,84,050	7
Interest—Contractors, including unadjusted claims and loans	..	21,000	0

Rs. 4,75,050 7

The assets represented the sum of Rs. "2, 4-1", but none of this amount was available. A good deal of discussion preceded the decision to submit the report to the Court by the Bank of Bombay, and the meeting was adjourned to the 11th August.

At the adjourned meeting, on 11th August it was decided "that the report of the Directors and the statement of accounts submitted with June be approved and adopted without prejudice to the claim of the company against the Alliance Kinastial for the full amount." Messrs. J. G. Smith and H. Manisty were re-elected, and Messrs. Charles Lido and Cassimboy Dhurumsey elected directors. Mr. J. B. Doshi and Mr. J. Thompson were appointed auditors for the sum of Rs. 100 each at a remuneration of Rs. 50 each.

At a meeting on the 27th September the Chairman (Mr. J. G. Smith) stated that a communication had been received from Government, stating that unless the balance of about 31 lakhs due from the company were paid by 10th October the 37 lakhs which had already been paid by the company would be forfeited, and the property of the company would be taken possession of by Government. The directors had no other course than to make a call of Rs. 150. Mr. Bendish proposed, and Mr. Pestonjee Dadabhai Wadia seconded "that the shares which have been forfeited be offered to the shareholders in the proportion of one forfeited share to each two existing shares at the rate of Rs. 40 per share, and that in the event of any of the shares so offered not being taken up by the shareholders within a fortnight from the date on which the offer is made, the directors, in exercise of their powers, should sell the shares so offered to the best advantage of those not taken up for the benefit of the company." Mr. Doshi proposed an amendment, "that a committee be appointed to take into consideration the financial position of the company, and, in conjunction with the directors, take such immediate measures as may be necessary, reporting the progress within three weeks from this date." This amendment was seconded by Mr. Harimjee Pestonjee, and carried almost unanimously, about three voting for Mr. Bendish's motion.

The report of the directors for the year ending June 1897 stated that during the year the property of the Company had been increased in area by the reclamation of 15,500 square yards of land from the sea, and improved by raising a foot the land reclaimed in the previous year, by the construction of 11 miles of wharfage, by the addition of 2,400 square yards to the timber float by the construction of 2,010 lineal feet of new roads, by repairs almost amounting to reconstruction of the old roads, and by extensive repairs to the buildings on the property. The directors, had, with regret terminated the agreement with Mr. King, the purchase of a third engine being no longer absolutely necessary, and the company not being in a position to warrant their retaining an officer on such a high salary. The property now consisted of 2,58,519 square yards reclaimed land, and 2,12,517 of timber float and beams for craft. The financial position of the Company was better than at the date of the

previous annual general meeting, but further efforts were required on the part of the shareholders to place the company free from debt. The liabilities on the 30th June had been estimated at Rs. 1,67,000 7, and the assets of the company represented the sum of Rs. 1,17,81 15-5, but none of this amount was now available. It was impossible to estimate how much would be recovered of the sum of Rs. 1,00,000 due in respect of the second call. No portion of the amount due under compromise by the Alliance Financial Corporation had yet been received, and no settlement had yet been come to with the timber merchants who occupied a large extent of the company's land, and the amount due by whom up to 30th June was estimated at Rs. 71,173 5-2. The Directors proposed that 63,404 of the shares in the hands of the company should be taken up by the present shareholders, or otherwise disposed of, and the proceeds applied in liquidation of the company's debts. The only alternative was to make a call of Rs. 100 per share. Government has positively declined to give a title to any portion of the property until the debt of Rs. 2 lakhs with interest was paid.

The Balance sheet to 30th June showed on the debit side that the amount received in respect of capital was Rs. 73,410 7, and that the company was indebted in the following sums:—Premchand Raychoudhury and others (due to Government) Rs. 2,00,000; Bank of Bombay loan Rs. 1,84,000 7 0; Richey & Co. loan Rs. 7,000; Capitalists' liabilities Rs. 1,00,000; Jejeebhoy & Co. (Contractors) Rs. 6,152 1-1; Brown & Navin (Contractors) Rs. 3,977 9-10; Abhaya Ramchandra (Contractor) Rs. 1,408 0 9; Jonas Bania (ditto) Rs. 1,000; Francis Bania & Co. interest Rs. 431 0 9; the total amount of the liabilities being Rs. 1,67,000 7-4. There was no reserve fund. There were contingent liabilities to Crawford and Hurrell for law charges, to the Bank of Bombay, and Government for interest, and to one or two Contractors in respect of unliquidated accounts. On the credit side the immovable property of the company was set down at Rs. 60,14,41 10 3, and the immovable property at Rs. 69,47,23 7 11, and the debts due to the company were as follows:—Alliance Financial Association Rs. 8,11,2-7, which valued at 6 annas 19 per cent compromise agreed on, amounted to Rs. 1,01,310; Alliance Bank Rs. 6,000; Crawford and Hurrell, to be offset by law charges, Rs. 9,900; J. King, unliquidated balance of rents, handovers, &c. Rs. 33,10 4; personal advances Rs. 100; Macindoe, Rogers, & Co. Rs. 17,83 2-6, which is estimated at Rs. 10,000. The remaining items were, cash in Oriental Bank and on hand Rs. 2,277-11; Profit and Loss Account showed that the following sums had been written off in respect of debts due by the parties named:—G. M. Latham Rs. 13,494 1, S. C. Latham Rs. 18,999 11 10, Macindoe Rogers & Co. Rs. 27,863 2-6, Alliance Financial Association Rs. 1,07,019 10 11. There were also the usual, amongst other items, charges account in which were Rs. 1,59 3-9, charges on the company's office Rs. 1,661 1-1, charges on the collection of Rs. 439 1-1, exchange and interest on bills drawn on Punjab & C. and sold to Bank of Hindustan (to close account) Rs. 21,912 10; interest account, loss on debts due by the company Rs. 1,873 1-11; Law expenses Rs. 1,014, &c. &c. From the other side of the account it appeared that the total amount of revenue collected has been Rs. 2,172-12 0.

MALABAR COMPANY (LIMITED.)

OFFICE—EIPHSIONOF (INDIA).

Nominal Capital Rs. 20,000,000 divided into 10,000 Shares at Rs. 200 each.

Paid-up Capital Rs. 1,02,000

Secretaries and Treasurers—Forbes & Co.

This Company was registered on 8th December 1865

DIRECTORS.

J. Philip Green

J. A. Forbes

Hormusjee Bomanyjee

A balance sheet made up to 30th November 1865, and a summary of capital and list of shareholders, made up to 1st April 1867 were filed on 9th April 1867.

MOFUSIL PRESS AND GINNING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 30,00,000 in 3,000 Shares of Rs. 1,000 each.

Secretaries and Treasurers—W. Nicol and Co.

DIRECTORS

W. Nicol and Co., Chairman.

H. Somerville

Kasowjee Naik.

H. Maxwell.

Secretaries and Treasurers W. Nicol and Co.

A call of Rs. 200 per share was made payable on 2nd January 1867. This company was registered on 14th November 1864. A balance sheet to 30th June and a summary of capital and shareholders to 31st July 1867 were filed on 15th August. Special resolutions were passed on 26th September 1867 cancelling the Articles of Association, and substituting new ones, and for increasing the capital by Rs. 113,125 by adding Rs. 75 to each of the existing shares of the company 1,800 in number. The new articles were filed on 23rd October. At Kendur 26 hands are employed, and at Broach 65.

MUNZEERABAD COFFEE COMPANY (LIMITED.)

This Company was registered on 15th July 1863. A balance sheet, summary of capital, and list of shareholders to 30th November 1866 were filed on 11th March 1867.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, (LIMITED.)

Rampart Row.

Established in Calcutta 1863, and Incorporated under the English Companies Act of 1862, 23rd March 1866.

Authorised Capital—£2,000,000.

Subscribed Capital ... £917,740

Paid-up Capital ... £463,870 | Reserve Fund ... £30,000

Head Office—London.

Branches and Agencies—Calcutta, Bombay, and Madras.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

John Borradale, Esq, 26, Gloucester Place, Portman Square.

J. R. Boyson, Esq, late Solicitor to the Government of Madras.

R. O. Campbell, Esq, of Messrs. Binny & Co., Madras, late President Bank of Madras.

W. S. Fitzwilliam, Esq, late Member of the Supreme Legislative Council of India.

W. E. Fraser, Esq, Bombay Civil Service, late Member of Council, Bombay Government.

R. P. Harrison, Esq, late Comptroller General of Accounts for India, and Government Director Bank of Bengal

E. W. Wingrove, Esq, Chairman, Union Bank of Ireland.

Chief Manager—R. O. Sawers, Esq.

Calcutta Manager—R. O. Sawers, | London Manager—A. F. Hewett, Esq.

Bombay Manager—J. Windram, | Madras—Messrs Binny & Co., Agents.

Offices in London, No. 80, King William Street.

London Bankers, the Bank of England and National Provincial Bank of England.

Agents in Scotland—British Linen Company Bank.

Bombay Office—Rampart Row.

Manager—James Windram.

Accountant—David Hogarth. | Asst Accountant—James Campbell.

On 28th February this Bank declared a dividend for the half year ending 31st December 1866 at the rate of 6 per cent per annum and bonus of 1 per cent for the half year, bonus paid to 8 per cent per annum on Rs 5 per share, payable on or after the 2nd March, and likewise paid on the 4th September, a similar dividend for the half year ending 30th June 1867.

The report of the directors for the (7th) half year ending 30th June 1867, (and published at the then Head Office, Calcutta, on 23rd August) contained the following particulars:—

The net profit (including Rs. 27,089 10 brought forward from 1st half year's account) amounts to Rs. 4,79,784 14 2, after making full provision for all bad and doubtful debts, paying all charges (including Rs. 12,040 13 4 incurred in the transfer of the Head Office to London), and allowing for rebate and interest due to the public. Your directors propose a dividend at the rate of six per cent, per annum and a bonus of one per cent, together equal to four per cent, for the half-year, to carry Rs. 80,000 to Reserve Fund and Rs. 14,336 14 2 to next half year's account. By the above addition to Reserve, that fund will stand at Rs. 3,00,000. Deposits received from the public which stood 1st half year at Rs. 38,01,526 12 2, amount at the end of the present half year to Rs. 43,24,935 7 9. Both the London and Bombay branches were inspected during the past half year by Mr Sawers, who reports them to be in the highest state of efficiency, and without a bad or doubtful debt on their books. The shareholders are aware that, by the resolutions passed and confirmed at the extraordinary general meetings of shareholders of the Bank, held on the 7th and 22nd of the present month (August) the transfer of the business of this Bank to the National Bank of India, Limited, registered under the English Companies' Act of 1862, has been sanctioned. As the Bank could not exist under both the Indian and English Acts, powers were taken at the aforementioned meetings to wind up the Indian Company, but this step is purely formal, and will in no way interfere with the usual course of business. In fact the Bank remains essentially the same, and the only changes brought about by the adoption of the English constitution are the transfer of the Head Office to London and the establishment of the Board of Direction there. It has been brought to the notice of your Directors that some shareholders apprehend that the registration of the Company in England and the removal of the Head Office to London imply the intention on the part of the Company of embarking in London banking business. Your directors had hoped that the opinion strongly expressed in their report for the half-year ending 30th June

1866, to the effect "that such a step would be a mistaken in its policy as it would probably be disastrous in its results, would finally have set at rest all doubts on that point. They beg, however, distinctly to reiterate the assurance, not only in their own name but in that of the London Board that they entertain now the same opinion as above expressed, and that there is no intention of entering upon a London banking business. As this will be the last occasion that your present directors will have the pleasure of addressing you through the medium of a half yearly report, they deem it not inappropriate in laying down the trust which you have so long reposed in them, to submit a few figures which speak for themselves, showing the progress the Bank has made under their guidance, and they need scarcely remind the shareholders that the results shown have been obtained during a period which has proved eminently disastrous to so many banking institutions in India.

Half Year ending	Capital	Deposits	Rate of Dividend per annum	Amount paid in Dividend	Amount carried to Reserve fund.
30th June 1864	1,00,000	8,70,000	5 per cent	35,000	15,000
31st December 1864	25,10,000	5,84,000	6 per cent	72,000	10,000
30th June 1865	24,10,000	27,34,000	6 per cent	75,000	55,100
31st December 1865	31,81,000	39,48,174	6 per cent	90,000	30,800
31st June 1866	45,00,000	10,70,113	6 per cent	1,37,800	72,000
31st December 1866	41,00,000	28,01,000	8 per cent	1,85,000	80,000
30th June 1867	46,38,700	18,14,000	8 per cent	1,40,000	80,000
Amount paid and now due to Shareholders	..	..	..	7,57,776	..
At Credit of Reserve fund	..	..	..	..	3,00,000

The balance sheet accompanying the above report showed on the debit side the following items—deposits received from the public on current and fixed deposit accounts Rs 48,24,930 7 4, bills of exchange in circulation, not bearing interest Rs 39,49,208 9 4, sundry accounts Rs 21,54,120, amount of capital paid up Rs 40,38,100, reserve fund Rs 2,20,000, balance of profit and loss account, after defraying all current charges, rebates, &c, Rs 2,79,784 14 2 total Rs 1,39,84,183 11 8. This amount was covered by assets as follows—cash on hand and with bankers Rs 16,17,015 8 10, Government securities Rs 35,79,192 7 8, dead stock, stamps, and London premises Rs 81,581 2 2, bills of exchange purchased Rs 51,77,988 9 6, bills and notes discounted Rs 8,59,843 1 9, loans and advances on Government paper and other approved securities Rs 16,4,138 1 7, cash credits on do. do. Rs 9,05,317 9 11, sundry accounts Rs 9,084 6 10.

NATIVE GENERAL MERCANTILE COMPANY (LIMITED.)

No 10, Kalbadavia Street.

Capital Rs. 100,000, in 1,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each.

DIRECTORS.

Sudarmull Sujeeram.

Eshwant Luximon.

Gopalrow Amrootrow.

Wishwanath Pandoorung.

Franjeevandass Damotherdass.

Secretary—Gopalrow Amrootrow.

This Company was registered on October 31st, 1860.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 30th August 1851.

Paid-up Capital, £1,500,000, Reserved Fund, £411,000.

Head Office—Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

COURT OF DIRECTORS, 1866.

H. G. Gordon, Chairman.

W. S. Binny, Deputy Chairman.

J. Blyth.

A. Mackenzie.

D. J. Kay.

L. R. Reid, M. P.

James Walker.

P. F. Robertson.

C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

P. Campbell, Sub-Manager.

BANKERS.

The Bank of England

British Linen Co.

Agents in Scotland

The Union Bank of London

R. Dundas Clay, Edinburgh

Agents in Ireland.

National Bank of Scotland

Provincial Bank of Ireland

Commercial Bank of Scotland

The National Bank

BANKS, BRANCH BANKS, AND AGENCIES.			
Bombay	Madras	Singapore	Yokohama
Calcutta	Ceylon	Hongkong	Melbourne
Kurrachee	Mauritius	Shanghai	Sydney

BOMBAY OFFICE.—Rampart Row.

G. Harper, Acting Agent | Alexander Gerrard, Sub-Agent

P. W. Robertson, Accountant.

The latest (10th) annual report of the directors of this Bank is dated 11th April 1867. It congratulates the proprietors on the favourable results of the operations during 1866 and states that the net profit (including £31,871 18 9 from the lod account) amounted to £193,647 8 4. "An interim dividend of £90,000 continues the report "was distributed in November last and it is now proposed to divide a like amount of £90,000. This will be equal to a dividend of 12 percent for the year and after providing for the present payment of £1 10 per share there will remain a balance of £1,657 8 4 to be carried to the credit of the next account. The dividend was 2 percent larger than that for 1865.

The balance sheet for 1866 shows that the total amount due to the public was £16,316 50 19 2 and the amount due to the shareholders £2,100 087 13 4. The assets amounted to £14,710 598 18 6 and were made up as follows.—Cash and balances £3,291,071 5 10, balances due from other banks £4,095 5 4, promissory notes or bills of other banks £16,127 26, Government securities £1,270 296 1 0, landed or other property of the Corporation £14,680 1 9, debts secured by landed or other property £1,504 14 9 4, notes and bills discounted or other debts due to the Corporation included under the foregoing heads and exclusive of all debts abandoned" as bid £11,045,502 11 6.

ORIENTAL SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

Office—1, Church Lane.

Capital Rs. 20,00,000, in 800 Shares of Rs. 2,500 each.

DIRECTORS.

Gurmetjee Nusserwanjee Cama, Chairman.

Gurmetjee Hormusjee Chenoy.

John Dixon.

Dorabjee Framjee Pandey

Rustomjee Buijorjee Mody.

Pestonjee Hormusjee Sunkook.

Dhunjeebhoy Merwanjee Jeoby.

Secretary—Dinshaw Dadabhoj Jela. Officiating Mill Manager—Sotajjee Byramjee

This Company has 32,571 spindles in use, and employs 5778 hands.

PORT CANNING LAND INVESTMENT, RECLAMATION AND DOCK COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000 in 5,000 shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

Directors in Calcutta.—F. Schiller, Chairman.

W. Swinhoe

Frederick Woodhouse

G. M. Stenthera

Peter Hall

DIRECTORS IN BOMBAY.

J. G. Smith

A. Brown

Merwanjee Framjee.

Agents in Calcutta—Borradaile Schiller and Co.

Agents in Bombay—Ritchie Stewart and Co.

At a Meeting in Calcutta on 27th May it was resolved that a third call of Rs 100 per share should be made payable on or before the 10th August making in all Rs. 1,200.

PRINCE OF WALES PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

Rampart Row, West, Bombay.

Capital Rs. 3,00,000 in 120 Shares of Rs. 2,500 each.

DIRECTORS.

H. Forman

H. R. Cormack

G. F. Remington.

G. Sigg.

W. J. Crooke

Dharmasey Poonjabhoy.

Secretaries and Treasurers—Sir Charles Forbes & Co.

This Company was registered on May 19th, 1873. A balance sheet to 31st December 1866, and summary of capital and list of shareholders made up to 7th March 1867 were filed on 14th March 1867.

RAILWAY STAFF MESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 20,000, in two hundred shares, of one hundred rupees each (with power to increase).

PROMOTERS.

Major General Harry Rivers, R. E., Chairman, Breach Candy
James K. Rushton, Esq., M.I.C.E., the Byculla Club
Walter Knox, Esq., Breach Candy
George A. Barnett, Esq., Breach Candy
W. Charlton, Esq., Chinchpoojy
O. Campbell Downes, Esq., C. B., Breach Candy
Honorary Secretary—Charles Davis, Esq., C. B., Byculla Villa
Honorary Treasurer and Accountant—George A. Barnett, Esq.,
Honorary Auditors—W. Allingham; and W. C. Pinson
Bankers—The Oriental Bank Corporation
Solicitor—William Hovenden Thacker, Esq., 7, Rampart Row

The prospectus states that the object for which the Company is projected is the supply direct from England of every description of Messineries to the employees of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company in its several Depots and Messes, who may be Shareholders in this Company. It is well known that consumers of European Stores, up-country especially, have to pay a very high price often for a very inferior article, the Company will purchase stores only of the very best description, from the first houses at home, and from its character will be in a position to buy on equal terms with any firm or Company engaged in the trade.

It is expected that the prices of stores supplied by this Company will not at first show a very large reduction below those charged by the leading houses in Bombay. To the Inland cost will be added the charges for freight, Customs Duty, and down haul, store-keepers and clerks salaries, &c., with an allowance to cover his losses and loss from deterioration of damage, and any excess of receipts over expenditure will come in the shape of profit dividend and interest the Shareholders as a dividend.

As the Company will be their own customers, it is not anticipated that there will be any loss from bad debts.

It is proposed that Rs. 20 per Share be subscribed in the first instance, and that no more be called up till the minimum Rs. 50 per Share than is absolutely necessary.

The Shares shall be allotted to the Servants and Officers of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, or to persons having some interest in the said Company.

ROYAL SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY (LIMITED)

Office, 11 Apollo Street.

Spinning and Weaving Mill, Parcell, near Lall Baug

Subscribed Capital—Rs. 15,00,000.

Paid up Capital Rs. 13,80,000 in 600 Shares of Rs. 2,300 each.

Mill Manager—B. Brown.

DIRECTORS.

Chatterjee Nusservanjee Cama, Chairman.

Gulabchand Mohandas

Dossabhai Framjee Cama.

Cassambhai Dhanubhai.

Lalchunder Dhanubhai.

Secretaries and Treasurers—N. A. Wadia and Co.

This Company was registered on August 24th, 1866. A balance sheet for Jan 31st, 1867 was filed on 17th October. A summary of capital and list of shareholders on 1st October 1867 were filed on 9th November 1867. This Company has in use 30,000 spindles, and employs 600 hands.

BUTNACHERRY SAW MILL COMPANY.

The memorandum and articles of this Association dated 2nd May 1867 were filed on 2nd May.

SIND ICE COMPANY, KURRACHEE.

Office—Kurrachee.

This Company was filed on 6th July 1867. A balance sheet for 30th June 1867 and summary of capital and shares to 1st August 1867, were filed on 6th September 1867. On May 1868 a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 1st August 1868 was filed. On 15th September it was resolved to increase the capital of the Company from Rs. 3,00,000 to Rs. 600,000.

SCINDE PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED) AT KURRACHEE.

Capital Rs. 4,00,000 in Two hundred Shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

DIRECTORS.

Soonderdass Mooljee | Trichunjee Valljee.
Secretaries and Treasurers—Stuart Latham & Co., Bombay.

This Company was registered on 24th August 1861. A balance sheet to 30th June 1877 and a summary of capital and list of Shareholders to 31st July, were filed on 3rd October.

TINNEVELLY PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 3,00,000 in 150 Shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

DIRECTORS.

Dinshaw Manockjee Patel | George Louis Faber
Dadabhoj Jamsetjee.

Secretaries and Treasurers—Volkart Brothers, Meadow Street, Bombay.

A call of Rs. 500 per share was made payable on 18th February 1867, and another of the same amount on 18th May.

This Company was registered on February 15th, 1864. A summary of capital and list of Shareholders to 31st December 1866 was filed on April 5, 1867, and a balance sheet to 31st December 1866 was registered on 6th May 1867.

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital Rs. 10,00,000 in 2,000 Shares of Rs. 500 each (fully paid up)

Head Office (Medical Hall) Byculla, Bombay.

DIRECTORS.

J. R. Beardmore, Chairman | F. A. Spence | John Firth.
Secretary—H. Hilbert | General Manager—W. Colclough
Sub-Managers—George Pugh and E. H. Biffen | Accountant—W. G. Ram

This Company was registered October 3rd, 1863. A balance sheet, made up to September 30th 1866, was filed on 22nd February 1867 and a summary of capital and list of Shareholders to 2nd March, on the 11th of the same month.

The third annual meeting of this Company was held on 16th February. Thirty per cent was deducted from the outstandings to cover estimated bad and doubtful debts. Many of the accounts extended back many years, and many were irrecoverable, and it was proposed that during 1867 all such should be closed and the remainder placed under separate headings, viz. good and doubtful. A dividend at the rate of six per cent per annum for six months was declared on the paid-up capital of Rs. 9,00,000 and was to be paid out of the profit of the year ending 30th September 1867. A bonus of half a month's salary was given to the Company's servants. The balance of profits Rs. 8,141 6 7 was carried to the general reserve fund. The following resolution was passed:—"That the promoters, namely, the late firm of Messrs. John Treacher and Company having made good their guarantee of six per cent per annum profit on the capital for the first three years of the Company's working, their securities be now surrendered to them."

TYABJEE COTTON PRESS COMPANY.

This Company was registered on 2nd March 1865. On 16th February 1867, were filed a balance sheet made up to 31st January 1866. Copy of report of general meeting of 21st July 1866, and special resolution passed on 7th February 1867, a summary of capital and list of shareholders made up to 31st August 1867, were registered on 24th October.

UNITED SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

(Incorporated under Act X of 1866.)

Registered Office—Girgaum.

Paid up Capital Rs. 9,00,000, in 900 Shares of Rs. 1,000 each.

DIRECTORS.

Honorable Munguldas Nathoochay, Chairman.
Shripoojee Dorabjee | Lallubhoj Ghellubhoj. | Byramjee Jorjushboj.
Secretary—Sunatshaw Dunsabhoj.

This Company was reconstituted under the new Act on September 4th, 1866. A balance sheet to 31st December and summary of capital and list of shareholders to 1st March 1867 were filed on 11th March 1867. A balance sheet to 30th June 1867 and summary of capital and list of shareholders to 2nd September were filed on 13th September.

VETERINARY AND LIVERY STABLE COMPANY (LIMITED.)

34, Bellama Road.

Capital Rs. 10,00,000, in 4,000 Shares of Rs. 250 each.

Liquidator—T. F. Punnett.

DIRECTORS.

J. A. Forbes.
J. G. Tyndall.O. M. Kerr.
O. B. Benn.

T. L. Macnaughten.

Veterinary Surgeon and Manager—W. Lamb.

Rs. 80 per Share called up, payable on 15th August 1887.

This Company was registered on December 23rd 1886 a balance sheet to November 30th 1886, was filed on February 8th, 1887, and a resolution to wind up the Company on May 18th

VICTORIA PRESS COMPANY OF MADRAS (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 4,50,000, in 325 Shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

83, Meadow Street.

DIRECTORS.

Alfred Fulcher.
Cunsodasa Vallabdas.Jeehangeryee Hormusjee.
Dwarkanadas Damodhur.

Hormusjee Postonjee.

Secretaries and Treasurers—Fulcher, Cooper & Co., Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

This Company was registered in Bombay on August 31st, 1886. A balance sheet, made up to 30th June 1886, was filed on 7th June 1887, and a summary of capital and shares list to 31st December 1886, was filed on 24th May 1887, and a balance sheet to 30th June 1887 on 31st September.

VICTORIA COTTON GIN AND PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

This Company was registered on 22nd June 1886 a balance sheet and summary of capital and list of shareholders made up to 31st June 1887, were filed on 9th July 1887.

VICTORIA SPINNING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Office, 14, Apollo Street

Capital Rs. 2,75,000 in 55 Shares of Rs. 5,000 each.

DIRECTORS.

Nowrojee Chunseyjee Banajee, (Chairman).

Nusserwanjee Ardaseer Wadia.

Hormusjee Eddijee Madun

Manager—Nusserwanjee Ardaseer

Secretary—Shapoorjee Framjee

This Company was registered on April 29th, 1886. A balance sheet with profit and loss account and summary of capital and a list of shareholders were registered on 11th February 1887, and a balance sheet made up to 30th June 1887, and summary of capital and list of shareholders made up to 23rd November, were filed on 25th November.

WUDWAN COTTON GIN AND PRESS COMPANY.

This Company was registered on October 16th, 1885. A balance sheet to 30th June 1886, was filed on 26th March 1887 another balance sheet with a summary of capital and list of shareholders, made up to 30th June 1887, were filed on 9th Nov as well as a report by the directors.

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Indian Peninsular Bank ..	717	Bombay Brick and Tile Co. .	707
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Laurence Financial Association ..	719	Bombay and Coast Coffee Plantation Co. ...	706
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Bombay Landing and Shipping Co.	710	Venayak Furzed Co. .	723
Bombay Merchant Shipping Co ..	710	Victoria Patent Brick Co ..	723
		Vigna Patent Ship and Laundry Co.	723
		Western Insurance Co ..	723
		Western India Hotel Co. .	723

AGRA FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)

Office—2, Parsee Bazar Street.

Capital Rs. 10,00,000, in 5,000 Shares of Rs. 200 each, with power to increase.

Paid up Rs. 25 per Share.

Liquidators—Jiram Luximonjee and Purnushram Muckondjee.

October 9th, 1896.—Second distribution of Rs. 3 per share.

AHMEDABAD BANKING AND INSURANCE COMPANY.

No. 4, Church Gate Street.

Incorporated under Act XIX. of 1837 of the Legislative Council of India, with unlimited liability.

Capital Rs. 27,00,000 in 9,000 Shares of Rs. 300 each.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Shett Oomabhoj Huthsing

Shett Bhugobhoj Premchand

Shett Choonilal Kesarsing

Shett Muggonlal Hemchund

Shett Premabhoj Hirabhoj

Head Office—Ahmedabad | Branches—Dholera and Broach

Agent at Bombay—Parul Mathuradas

This Company was registered on March 13th, 1893. The balance sheet made up to 31st December 1896, was filed on 6th February 1897

AHMEDABAD FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION.

This Association was registered on May 8th, 1885. A balance sheet to June 30th 1887 was filed on 8th October. On 24th December 1887 it was resolved that the Company should be wound up voluntarily. Liquidators—Bhagobhase Framchand, Choonilall Kesweming and Mungulall Harichund.

AHMEDABAD UNIVERSAL COMPANY.

This Company was registered on March 24th 1885.

Resolutions for the winding up voluntarily of the Company was passed on 25th September 1893.

ALBERT INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office—14, Byramjee Hormusjee Lane.

Capital, Rs. 7,50,000 in 150 shares of Rs. 5,000 each.

Paid up—Rs. 1,000 per share on 145 shares.

LIQUIDATORS.

Ardashir Jamsedjee.

Curestjee Rustumjee Setna

Jamsedjee Dadabhooy.

On 10th October 1887 a first dividend of 4 annas in the rupee was paid, to creditors, and a second dividend of 1 anna in the rupee on December 16.

The Company was registered on 23rd September 1884. A balance sheet to 31st August 1886, and summary of capital and list of shareholders made up to 5th June 1887, were filed on 8th January 1887. Special resolutions to wind up the Company were passed on March 6th, and filed on 1st April 1887.

ALLIANCE BANK OF BOMBAY (LIMITED.)

Mr. Bendir's Office, Elphinstone Circle.

Capital Rs. 60,00,000 in 24,000 Shares of Rs. 250 each.

Paid up Rs. 175 per Share.

Liquidators—P. E. Bendir and Damodar Heerjee.

This Bank was registered on August 11, 1864, and a resolution to wind up its affairs was filed on October 2nd, 1861. In July 1867, Rs. 13 per share were returned.

In a report of the liquidators of the Alliance Bank of Bombay, dated the 21st August 1861, the amounts then due to the Company were stated approximately as follows: Rs. 1,50,000 due by insolvents under the old Act, Rs. 12,00,000 due by insolvents under Act XXVIII of 1861, Rs. 7,50,000 due by persons known, Rs. 700,000, due by others.

At a meeting on 21st September, a report and statement of accounts submitted by the liquidators were adopted by 19 votes against 14, and the resignations of Mr. G. L. N. Hay and Mr. Gunguldas Kidhondaw, two of the liquidators, were received.

On the 3rd August 1867 an order was obtained from Mr. Justice Sargent, on the application of Mr. G. R. Wilson, the official liquidator of the Alliance Financial Corporation, calling upon the liquidators of the Alliance Bank of Bombay to show cause why the name of W. F. Wesche, the late manager of the Bank, should not be removed from the list of contributors of the corporation in respect of 1,000 shares standing in his name, and the name of the Bank set down in its stead. (Wesche had been obliged to leave the Bank, on account of misconduct on his part, and had left Bombay for Europe.)

Mr. Howard, who appeared for the Alliance Financial Corporation, stated that the Alliance Bank had been started in 1864 with three native Directors and Mr. Kelly as chairman. The Alliance Financial was started in the same year, but subsequently to the Bank, and with the same three natives, and also Dr. Dyer and Mr. George Taylor, as Directors. Wesche, the Manager of the Alliance Bank, received an allotment of 50 shares, the same number being allotted to the Manager of the Financial, and 1,000 to each of the Directors. Besides the 50 shares, however, there appeared an additional allotment of 1,000 shares in the name of Wesche, but the certificates had not been made out in his name, and actually the allotment had been made to the Bank. The learned counsel admitted that Wesche had signed the register and the articles of association, but, as he maintained, for the Bank. On 19th December 1861 Rs. 1,00,000 was paid by the Bank as the amount of the first call of Rs. 100 per share on the 1,000 shares in question. In December 1865 the Financial made a second call of Rs. 50, but the Directors of the Bank, at a meeting on the 19th of that month, resolved to pay no more calls. The Financial went into liquidation, and was followed by the Bank. In November 1868 the list of contributors of the Alliance Financial was settled and included the name of Mr. Wesche for the 1,000 shares. Mr. Howard referred to the following entry dated 17th December 1861 in the cash book of the Alliance Financial:—"Suspense account being the amount of first call on 1,000 shares at Rs. 100 per share, belonging to the Alliance Financial Corporation, Rs. 1,00,000," and also to the following entry of the same date appearing in the General Ledger:—"Suspense account, to amount as per day book, Rs. 1,00,000." The word "belonging" had probably been entered by a native clerk instead of "of." As no interest was charged on the account it was apparent that the Bank had considered the payment an affair of its own. Mr. Howard maintained that it was exceedingly improbable that the 1,000 shares were allotted to Wesche, in addition to the 50 which were unquestionably intended for himself.

Dr Thomas Diver, who had been Chairman of the Alliance Financial and subsequently of the Alliance Bank, and Atamaram Madhoojee, a Director of the Financial, stated that the shares belonged to the Bank.

Mr Pigot, on behalf of the Alliance Bank, opposed the application.

His Lordship, in disposing of the application, observed that there were only three ways of becoming a shareholder—1, by signing the articles of association; 2, by being put on the register and assenting; and 3, by receiving dividends and otherwise acting as a shareholder. It was clear in this case that the acceptance, if any at all, was an acceptance in the name of Mr Waseha. The allotment of the shares was made to him to the Bank, and his name was put on the register. So also was his signature on the articles of association, which was in his own name and not for the Bank. The Bank might possibly be estopped from denying being a shareholder, but nothing of the kind was proved here. In none of the three ways above referred to, did the Bank consent to become a shareholder. The summons was, therefore, dismissed with costs.

ALLIANCE FINANCIAL CORPORATION (LIMITED.)

Office—Forbes Street, Bombay

Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000, in Rs. 400 Shares.—Paid up Rs. 100 per Share.

Official Liquidator—G. H. Wilson.

Liquidator to represent creditors—A. Thomson

This Corporation was registered on 25th October 1884, four annas per Rupee were paid to the creditors in October 1897.

ASIATIC BANKING CORPORATION.

Elphinstone Circle.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Subscribed Capital £1,000,000, with power to increase to £2,000,000.

Paid up Capital £750,000.

Head Office—No. 1, Lombard Street, London.

The Official Liquidators appointed in London—W. Turquand, and F. W. Lawrence.

Attorney in Bombay for the liquidators—James Greig

A call of Rs. 100 on the new shares was made payable on 1st November 1897

A statement submitted by one of the Liquidators of this Bank to its chief creditor (the Bombay Reclamation Company) gave the following explanation of the condition of the Bank on 26th March 1897

Liabilities.

Unexecuted as per Head Office Statement	£ 1,430,000
Add deficiencies on sundry secured claims amounting to £1,008,000 as limited at	150,000
Various claims pending and in suspense, charges of interest, costs of liquidation, &c. &c.	130,000
	<u>£ 1,710,000</u>

Assets.

As per Head Office Statement	£ 2,300,000
Deduct held by secured creditors	200,000
	<u>£ 2,100,000</u>
Estimated to produce	740,000
	<u>£ 970,000</u>

The Assets were estimated to amount to seven annas nearly.

The Bank's chief creditor was the Bombay Reclamation Co., and at two meetings of that Co., held on 16th and 24th April the terms of a compromise were discussed. The following resolution was ultimately agreed to, "That the liquidators of this Company be and they are hereby authorised to accept a proposal of compromise made by the liquidators of the Asiatic Banking Corporation on the following terms, viz—

"The account of the Company with the Bank to be taken up as at the date of suspension of the Bank, viz., Rs. 89,52 1/4 d. The liquidators of the Asiatic Banking Corporation shall be at liberty to make over to the liquidators of the Bombay Reclamation Company 1,000 shares in the Bombay Reclamation Company and shall pay Rs. 1,250 per share on it that portion, to all the remaining shareholders. The said sum of Rs. 1,250 to be paid in full within six months, in priority to all other creditors of the Bank, excepting to such creditors as are willing to accept a compromise of annas in the rupee who will rank pari passu with the Company, and all the assets of the Bank shall be charged with such pro rata payment accordingly.

"Upon the shares being handed over to the Company by the Bank, all liability of the Bank or its nominees shall absolutely cease and determine."

ASIATIC FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)

Subscribed Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000, in Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Paid up Rs. 100 per Share.

Liquidators.

G. R. Wilson

Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee.

This Association was registered on 22nd November, 1884. The resolution to wind up the Company was registered on 6th June 1886.

ASIATIC TRADING COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 40,00,000, in 200 Shares of Rs. 20,000 each; Paid up Rs. 10,00,000

DIRECTORS.

Merwanjee Nusserwanjee Patel

R. L. Tracey

Secretaries and Treasurers—Ritchie, Stuart & Co., Elphinstone Circle

This Company was registered on February 18th, 1885. A balance sheet made up to 31st May 1886, on 10th January 1887, and a balance sheet to 31st May 1887, on 21st August. A summary of capital and list of shareholders to 31st May 1887 were filed on November 2.

BANK OF AHMEDABAD (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 20,00,000 in 80,000 Shares of Rs. 250 each.

Paid up Rs. 125 per Share.

Liquidator—Gursetjee Byramjee

Agent in Bombay for Liquidator—Nusserwanjee Byramjee.

July 30th, 1866—First distribution of Assets of Rs. 50 per Share.

Nov 5th, 1866—Second do. 10 "

June 1867—Third do. 8 "

Dec 9th, 1867—Fourth do. 6 "

This Bank was registered on 11th January, 1865, and on August 3rd, 1866, resolutions were passed that it be wound up. A balance sheet made up to 30th June, 1867, was filed on 1st August.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

Incorporated by Act III. of 1860. Re-incorporated by Act X. of 1863

Capital Rs. 2,00,00,000 in Shares of Rs. 1,000 each to be reduced in January to Rs. 500 each.

Liquidator—John Stuart.

A special general meeting of the proprietors of the Bank of Bombay was held on 15th January for the purpose of considering the following resolutions—1 That in the opinion of this meeting the capital stock of the Bank should be reduced 50 per cent by the issue of one share of Rs. 500 in lieu of every existing share of Rs. 1,000 2 That the directors of the Bank be hereby authorised to make such application to Government, and to take such steps as they may think proper, for obtaining a legislative enactment effecting a reduction in the nominal amount of the shares of the Bank from Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 500 as aforesaid, and for making such other alterations in Act X. of 1863 as they may think expedient. A report by the other directors stated that "a large part of the Bank's outstandings is connected with estates being wound up under Trustees over whom the Board have no control" The proprietors would reimburse that by the valuation of the directors on 30th June 1866, it was held that Rs. 1,59,00,000 of capital were considered at that time intact The revising committee, however, took a much less favorable view of the case, and valuing the securities held by the Bank at market rates during a period of great depression, they estimated the portion of capital remaining after the deduction of probable losses at Rs. 1,24,50,500. With these two recent estimates before the proprietors, the directors did not deem it expedient to advance any fresh valuation The resolutions were carried

On 1st February 1867 the secretary and treasurer of the Bank of Bombay addressed the Bombay Government (see *Bombay Gazette* 25th February) acknowledging receipt of Government's letter of 17th January, intimating Government's willingness to renew, under certain conditions, the then present agreement with the Bank for a further period of one year. In reply the Bank accepted the terms therein proposed. The directors expressed every desire to afford government all the information in their power with regard to the actual state of the Bank, but they found it almost impossible to form an absolutely reliable valuation of probable recoveries. The directors reminded government that on September 1866, a Com-

mittee was appointed, partly by the Bombay Government and partly by the Directors to enquire into the state of the Bank, and they estimated that at that time Rs 1,21,50,500 of the capital of the Bank was intact. No fresh disasters had since then occurred to increase the doubtful outstandings of the Bank, but the securities which were valued for the above estimate at a moment of great depression had materially increased in value, and sales were being made with all prudent despatch. On the other hand the possible liabilities of the Bank on the securities held, estimated in September 1866 at Rs 30,75,200 had been reduced within very narrow limits. The difficulty of revising the last estimate was at first to be apparent from the fact that at the time when the revising Committee's valuation was made, no less than 145 accounts, aggregating Rs 2,16,80,000, were claims against estates being wound up under trust. The claims of this nature outstanding at the date of the letter which we are now analysing amounted to Rs 2,11,30,000, and regarding these the directors had not been able to obtain further reliable information. The directors declared it impossible to give any closely reliable estimate, but they felt able to express their belief, "after rigorous valuation," that one half of the Bank's capital remained intact. The Directors therefore hoped that Government would not hesitate to renew their agreement with the Bank, at least for the short period proposed. On the assumption of the estimate given above, the directors drew the attention of Government to the fact that the capital of the Bank would then be double what it was when the agreement of Government with the Bank was first effected, and they thought the Bank was in a much stronger position than in June last.

The Bill for the reduction of the capital of the Bank was published in a Supplement to the Bombay Government Gazette issued on 5th February.

A telegram from the Government of India to that of Bombay was published on 25th Feb., authorising the Bank of Bombay to carry on the Government business on the following terms:—(1) The agreement to be renewed for one year, (2) The minimum government balance to be 25 lacs, exclusive of copper coin packed for remittances and separate accounts of public officers apart from the Government account—interest at the lowest rate charged by the Bombay Bank to the public to be paid by Government on the difference between the amount of the actual Government cash balance of the day, and the sum of 25 lacs, (3) as a remuneration for the management of the public debt the Bank to receive Rs. 4,000 per crore of the portion of the debt payable in the Bombay Presidency, (4) no loans or advances save to the Presidency Banks at Calcutta and Madras to be made without being properly covered.

On 25th February the Chief Secretary to Government wrote to the Secretary to the Bank of Bombay stating that the Governor in Council having reason to believe that many depositors have withdrawn their balances from the Bank, consequent on their belief that some change has occurred in the relation between the Government and the Bank, he (the Secretary to Government) had been directed to inform the Bank that the agreement having been renewed for a year from 1st March, Government was prepared to support the Bank to the full extent of their available resources from the present date to the termination of the renewed agreement.

On 12th March Mr. William Loudon was elected a director of the Bank in the room of Mr. W. R. Cassels, resigned.

On 18th February Mr. G. M. Stewart, one of the directors of the Bank, addressed a private letter in reference to an amalgamation of the Bank of Bombay and the Bank of Bengal, to Mr. Cowie at Calcutta, for communication to the directors of the latter Bank, by whom it was considered at their usual weekly meeting on the 7th March the result being that a minute containing certain proposals was adopted, and forwarded the same day to the Bank of Bombay, and also to the Bank of Madras, by Mr. Geo. Dickson, the secretary and treasurer to the Bank of Bengal. Mr. Dickson in his letter to the Bank of Bombay observed—"You are doubtless aware that the Government has expressed a desire to consider favourably such terms as may be mutually agreed on between the Banks of Bengal and Bombay. The absorption or non-absorption of the Bank of Madras does not materially affect the proposal."

The directors of the Bank of Bombay telegraphed in reply that they considered the proposal favourably, and Mr. John Stuart, the secretary and treasurer, wrote on the 16th March as follows—"In reply I am instructed to state that my directors approve generally of the proposals, and will be prepared to recommend them to the shareholders, and on approval by them, to transfer the business of this Bank, on terms which I shall now proceed to state, and which do not in any material point differ from those suggested in your minute. Ad-

mitting that the present position of the Bank of Bombay renders it desirable that immediate action should be taken, the directors propose at once entering into negotiations with your directors, on the understanding that a new Bank will be established with the object of absorbing all the Presidency Banks. The Bank of Bombay will transfer to the Bank of Bengal all current deposit accounts on receiving authority from customers to do so, and in the event of the assets not being realized in sufficient time to meet the transfer of deposits, the Bank of Bengal might possibly be required to give an advance to the extent of, say 65 lakhs, (upon which interest on the daily balance would be paid at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum) This advance to be secured by the general assets of this Bank, the estimated value of which is 173 lakhs. The enclosed balance sheet marked A, of the affairs of the Bank on the 23rd ultimo the last submitted to Government, and the statement marked B showing the liabilities and assets will explain more clearly the exact financial position of the Bank's outstanding liabilities and ability to meet all probable demands. The current bills discounted are all payable within the next three months, and the inland bills and hoondees at much shorter terms.

"It is very possible that no such advance will be required, as this Bank is daily realizing its outstandings, and may be in a position to pay off all liabilities without any assistance but it appears necessary to point to the possibility of such a contingency. The consent of Government would be requested for the immediate transfer of all their business to your Bank, and you would have the benefit of all profit on it for nearly twelve months before the expiration of the agreement with this Bank. The Bank of Bengal, to undertake the realization of the assets of this Bank say 173 lakhs, and to be allowed a commission of 2 per cent upon the amount realized. The current advances, say 73 lakhs, which are all considered good, to be realized without charge, and the Bank of Bengal to incur no liability whatever in respect of any such outstanding. The amount of the Bank of Bombay's own notes still in circulation is Rs 91,800, of which it is believed that at least Rs. 60,000 will never be presented for payment, the Bank of Bombay to get credit for this latter sum. The capital of the Bank of Bombay as realized, to be paid to the Bank of Bengal, say 10 lakhs at a time, and scrip to be issued for shares with Rs 100 paid up, and so on from time to time as further portions are realized the amount to be paid to capital. Also that the shareholders of the Bank of Bombay should have the option of paying up the whole or any portion of their shares in sums of not less than Rs. 200 per share at once. There is one point to which my directors would specially request the consideration of your Board, that is to allow the shareholders of the Bank of Bombay to contribute their quota of capital rateably to the capital and reserve fund (Capital Rs. 20,00,000 Reserve Fund Rs 40,00,000) of the Bank of Bengal, viz., a little over 13 per cent, and that the one crore of capital to be contributed by our present shareholders should be at a rate not exceeding say 15 per cent premium, this privilege, however to extend only to such portion of the capital as may be paid up within twelve months from the execution of the agreement. All subsequent payments to capital account to be subject to the rate of 25 per cent. premium. The present premises at Bombay and Kurrachee to be taken over at a valuation of parties to be mutually chosen. My directors desire me in conclusion to recommend to the favourable consideration of your directors the greater portion of the officers of this establishment. The business of the ten branches still open is included in the foregoing figures, and would, as a matter of course, be transferred along with this office."

On 25th March Mr Dickson wrote in reply, stating that in the opinion of his directors the modifications suggested for adoption were inadmissible. With regard to the allocation of capital the directors adhered to the conditions embodied in the original proposal, but they had agreed to submit the following subsidiary conditions:—"Payment of 50 lakhs on 31st December 1867 at 25 per cent premium. Payment of 50 lakhs on 31st March 1868 at 25 per cent premium. In the event of any portion of the first call being unpaid on 31st December by the shareholders, and taken up in January following only, then 40 per cent premium would fall to be paid on the same, and 50 per cent premium if taken in February, on the lapse of which month forfeiture would follow. In like manner, similar rates would be exacted on the unpaid portion of the second call in April and May, followed by forfeiture in June."

On 2nd April, the Bank of Bombay telegraphed that the proposals were favourably received asking at the same time if Mr Dickson could come to Bombay to consult on the subject. In a letter on the 4th April the directors suggested that the new capital should be paid up on the following dates:—Fifty lakhs on the 30th June 1867 and fifty lakhs on the 31st December 1867, and that the penalty for non-payment within one month after due date should be 30 per cent. premium, and during the second month 35 per cent. premium.

In reply to the telegram Mr. Dickson consented to come to Bombay.

In the letter of the 4th April from the Secretary of the Bank of Bombay to the Bank of Bengal a statement was given of the assets and liabilities of the Bank on 23rd February 1867. The total amount of the liabilities (including 'proprietors' capital Rs 104 50 000, or half the former amount, 'General Treasury Balance, Rs 50 65 911, current deposit accounts and receipts Rs 16 598 591, fixed deposit receipts Rs 26,78,661, profit and loss account Rs. 1,041,56, do) was Rs. 3,65,20,381. The assets were stated as follows —

Advances secured on deposit of Government Paper, Railway Semp and Bullion	Rs	9 77 708
Advances on other security	.. ..	6 71 911
Advances on personal security	.. ..	13 13 108
Bills Discounted Current	.. ..	20 61 372
Inland Bills and Hoondues Purchased Current	.. ..	31 73 652
Past Due Bills	.. ..	64 00 738
Balance with Agents	.. ..	5 89,1 0
Dead Stock including Bank premises at Head Office and Branches, also furniture and stamps	.. ..	10 48 982
Sundries—Amount of Debit of Branches not yet responded to	.. ..	11,86,172
Cash—		
Government Reserve	Rs	10 75 041
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	.. ..	70 04 300
do do at Branches	.. ..	48 3 840
		<hr/> 1 07,00 140
		<hr/> Rs. 3 65 20 381

There was also the following —

Statement of liabilities shown in the accompanying Balance Sheet, and the Assets in course of realization to meet them at the 23rd February 1867

General Treasury Balance	.. ..	50 65 941
Current Deposit Accounts	.. ..	1,01 86 401
Notes and Lost Bills	.. ..	1 4. 564
		<hr/> 2,14 07 086

To meet liabilities payable on demand there was a Cash Balance of 1,07,01,140

Advances on Government Paper,

To meet the sum of

Railway shares and Bullion	.. ..	9 75 780
Bills Discounted Current	.. ..	20 61 3 8
Inland Bills and Hoondues purchased current	.. ..	36 73 652
Balance with Agents	.. ..	5 89 100
		<hr/> 73,79 376

Add Fixed Deposit Receipts at 6 and 12 months' sight 89 21 580
20 78 082

Balance 68,00,378

Secured by advances considered good, viz

On Sundry Shares	.. ..	6 71 911
Personal Security	.. ..	13 13 809
Past due Bills considered good	.. ..	64 00 738
Dead Stock	.. ..	10 48 982
		<hr/> 1 73,40 718

Showing a surplus over all liabilities to the public of Rs 1 08 40 440

At a meeting of the proprietors on April 16 Mr. Henry Maxwell was elected a director in the room of Mr. Alexander Stewart, who had resigned. The chairman (Mr. J. L. Lushington) invited discussion on the amalgamation scheme, and in doing so said the directors were "unanimously of opinion that, with reference to the modifications already agreed to, and to other matters of detail to be discussed with Mr. Dickson, the proposed amalgamation of the two Banks is the most feasible yet suggested, and the most conducive to the interests of the shareholders." In the course of a lengthy discussion, Mr. A. D. Robertson urged that if new capital could be raised, and Government would consent in that event to continue its account with the Bank, amalgamation might not be the most desirable course, and he considered that the intentions of Government in that respect should if possible be immediately ascertained. The Hon'ble Col. Marriot also thought it should be ascertained in the first instance what assistance the Bank might hope for from Government if the Bank should be reconstituted, and what was the minimum amount of new capital which Government would stipulate as necessary. Mr. A. J. Macdonald spoke strenuously in favour of recon-

structing the Bank, and of the possibility of raising 50 lakhs of fresh capital. The meeting did not express any formal opinion in the shape of a resolution.

An informal meeting of some of the directors and shareholders was held on 26th April, at which there were present—Messrs G M Stewart, C B Chapman, A Brown, Henry Forman, and W London (Directors), and the following shareholders—Col Marriott, Col Haggart, Hon'ble F Mingo, Messrs H Cleveland, G. F. Remington, A D Robertson, A J Macdonald, Tandrao Vaidasa, Sorabjee Cowasjee Powalla, Nowrojee Manockjee Wadia, Dinshaw Manockjee, and the Hon'ble Framjee Nasserwanjee. It was stated that the directors had addressed Government in accordance with the suggestion made at the meeting of the 16th April, but had not yet received a reply. Several plans for a reconstruction of the Bank were submitted and discussed, and ultimately on the motion of Mr Remington seconded by Mr Macdonald, it was unanimously resolved, "that it was desirable that a scheme should be considered for the reconstruction of the Bank, as an alternative to the proposed amalgamation, and that the following gentlemen be appointed a committee for that purpose in concert with the Board—Hon'ble George Fogg, Hon'ble Framjee Nasserwanjee, Messrs Cleveland, Sorabjee Cowasjee Powalla, and A J Macdonald."

The Committee appointed as above met on 1st May, with Mr G M Stewart and Mr. A Brown directors, and adopted the draft of a scheme for reconstruction as an alternative to the proposal for amalgamation. The scheme was briefly, that the Bank should be called the New Bank of Bombay, that the capital should be one crore of rupees in 20,000 shares of Rs 500 each, that the first issue should consist of 10,000 shares, as to which the present shareholders should have a preference to the extent of one share for every two now held, that a deposit of Rs 25 should be paid on application for shares and Rs 22½ on allotment, and the remaining Rs 250 two months after allotment, that the remaining issue of 10,000 shares should be reserved for the present shareholders and be taken up when the assets realised from the present Bank, after providing for all liabilities, should amount to ten lakhs; and that the sum of Rs 100 should then be credited from the assets on each share so allotted, and further sum of Rs 100 as the surplus assets should be realised, any balance still due to be payable two years after the formation of the new Bank. The Committee determined to obtain an interview with H. E. the Governor as soon as possible.

A deputation, consisting of Mr G M Stewart, Mr Brown, Mr Fogg, Mr. Framjee Nasserwanjee, Mr Remington (solicitor to the Bank), and Mr John Stuart (secretary), waited upon the Governor at Matheran on 8th May, for the purpose above indicated, and urged the importance, in any representation made to the Government of India, of pointing out the desirability of reconstructing the Bank, stating further that there was good reason to expect "there would be no difficulty whatever in raising any sum which might be considered necessary in the event of the Bank being reconstructed." His Excellency said that serious objections were entertained to Government having any direct share or interest in any commercial undertaking and that for his own part he would equally object whether it was the Bank of Bengal or any other Bank. His Excellency intimated that he was unable to give any answer on the part of the Government of Bombay, but he assured the deputation that before any instructions from the Government of India were acted upon, the fullest assurance would be given to that authority that a reconstruction of the old Bank was feasible, and that there would be no difficulty in raising the capital.

Mr Dickson, of the Bank of Bengal, arrived in Bombay, in consequence of the invitation he had received on Sunday the 5th May, and called at the office of the Bank of Bombay on the following day, but found that Mr Stuart, the Secretary, with several of the principal directors and shareholders, were absent at Matheran as a deputation to the Governor to ascertain what assistance might be expected from Government in the event of reconstruction being carried out.

At a special general meeting of the proprietors of the Bank of Bombay, held on 14th May, Mr Henry Cleveland was appointed a director, in room of Mr H. Maxwell, who had been unable to accept office. It was stated that the directors had considered the terms proposed by Mr Dickson, and had made some important modifications, which modifications had been forwarded to the directors of the Bank of Bengal by Mr Dickson. The directors were now waiting for a reply.

A letter, dated 18th May, giving the reply of the Government of Bombay to the questions put by the Reconstruction Committee of the Bank of Bombay, stated that if the Reconstructionists could raise a million of money, half by 1st August and the other half by 1st March 1896, Government would continue to keep its account

with the reconstructed Bank, provided it had an efficient control over the management, and provided that the Secretary of State approved of the renewal of the agreement.

A meeting of the proprietors was held on 5th June to consider the proposal for an amalgamation, and the chairman (Mr. G. M. Stewart) stated on behalf of the directors, that they still considered that scheme to be, taken as a whole, the most feasible and conducive to the interests of the shareholders of the present Bank. It was moved by the chairman, and seconded by Mr. H. Cleveland—"That in the opinion of this meeting it is desirable that the following terms of arrangement between the Bank of Bombay and the Bank of Bengal should be adopted, and that the directors be requested to convene a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank, to be held at a date not less than two months hence, to determine the course to be adopted for carrying that proposal into effect." In the course of a lengthy discussion which followed, Mr. A. Brown, one of the directors, said he had supported the amalgamation scheme in the interests of the shareholders, but that from a public point of view he would approve of reconstruction. The Hon'ble Mr. Foggo, Mr. A. J. Macdonald and other speakers were in favour of reconstruction; and Mr. O. Currey supported the proposal for an amalgamation. The following amendment was moved by Mr. A. J. Macdonald and seconded by Mr. Bomanjee Chursetjee Punthucky,—"That in the opinion of this meeting amalgamation is not desirable for the interests of the shareholders, and that a Committee of shareholders be appointed, to be hereafter named, to take all necessary steps in conjunction with the directors for the reconstruction of the Bank in communication and co-operation with Government, and specially to urge on the local Government the claims of existing shareholders." On a show of hands the original proposition was carried by a majority, and on a poll being taken it was found to have been carried by 137 votes against 134. At the same meeting a lengthy protest, having reference to the management of the Bank, and maintaining in effect that the circumstances warranted an appeal to Government to make good a portion of the losses of the shareholders, was recorded.

At a meeting of the Bank of Bengal held on 14th June the directors were empowered to carry out the scheme for an amalgamation with the Bank of Bombay, on the basis accepted by the directors of both Banks.

At a meeting on 23rd June Mr. Muncherjee Framjee Cama was elected a director, and Mr. Rowland H. Smith appointed auditor.

At a meeting of the proprietors of the Bank of Bombay, held on 16th July, Mr. J. L. Inghington in the chair, Mr. John Danbar was elected a director in the room of Mr. Muncherjee Framjee Cama, who had been unable to accept office. It appeared from correspondence read to the meeting that the Bank of Bengal had applied to the Government of India for permission to open a branch in Bombay, and that the directors of the Bank of Bombay in addressing the Board of the Bank of Bengal, had expressed surprise that this step should have been taken before they had been consulted. It was also stated, verbally, that the Bank of Bengal in its communication to the Government of India had offered to take up the Government business of Bombay on the 1st of March 1868, that is at the date of the expiration of the agreement of Government with the Bank of Bombay, and had complained that its operations were hampered by reason of the unsatisfactory position of the Bank of Bombay. It further appeared from correspondence read to the meeting, that on the 21st June the Bank of Bombay had requested the Bank of Bengal "to allow an independent audit of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal by a well qualified person commanding the confidence of the directors of this Bank," and that compliance with this request had been declined. Mr. Macdonald pressed, under the circumstances revealed in those letters, for immediate action towards reconstruction, and Mr. Alex. Brown, thinking himself at liberty, under the altered circumstances, to follow the course which commended itself to him, declared that he was ready to assist in carrying out a scheme having that object. Mr. Forman, another director, expressed concurrence with Mr. Brown. Mr. Cleveland (a director) thought the Board ought not to alter its position in reference to this matter till after the meeting called for the 12th August to consider the scheme for amalgamation. In the course of considerable discussion the following resolutions, both of which were moved by Mr. A. J. Macdonald, were unanimously adopted,—"That as doubts appear to be held whether the powers vested in the reconstruction committee still exist, and as progress towards reconstruction is thereby impeded, it is desirable that the powers formerly granted be, and they are hereby confirmed, and that the following additional members be appointed, with liberty to the committee so nominated to add to their number, and that the Hon'ble Mr. Brown, and Mr. H. Forman, act in concert with the committee, of

whom three may form a quorum —Dinshaw Manockjee Petty, W Nicol, H. Maxwell Sorabjee Shipoorjee, Byramjee Jejeebhoy, Keshavnjee Naik" (2) "That the committee shall have power to adopt or amend the present scheme for reconstruction, and to take such steps, and adopt such means, as may appear to them advisable, for placing the scheme before the public, and obtaining subscriptions there to through the secretary and treasurer of the Bank.

At the annual general meeting on 5th August the following report by the directors and statements of accounts were submitted —

Since our last report was submitted to you in January when it was found necessary to reduce the capital one half, viz from Rs 2,09,00,000 to Rs 1,04,50,000 to meet further losses incurred in the transactions of previous years, the Bank has passed through a most eventful period. It is the anxious endeavour of the directors upon the present occasion to place before you in a clear and distinct manner all the information regarding the affairs of the Bank that it lies in their power to give. In February last there was a very severe run on the Bank and deposits to the extent of about one hundred and sixty millions of rupees were withdrawn in the course of a few days. The shareholders so inclined to Government for the prompt and effective assurance of support which had the effect of staying the further withdrawal of deposits. The directors have continued their exertions in realizing the securities held on account of debt due by insolvent and other estates, and the amount realized within the last six months including commissions effected is upwards of 37,50,000 rupees. Without unduly sacrificing the property still held by the Bank the directors will press forward the sale of the remaining securities with all despatch. Owing to the uncertainty of carrying on a remunerative business at some of the principal offices caused in great measure by the almost total collapse of credit in Bombay it was considered advisable to withdraw nine of these offices, namely, — Ahmednagar, Ajmer, Barod, Belgum, Bhavnagar, Bombay, Secunderabad, Surat, and Sholapur. They were immediately placed in liquidation, and have been closed, with the exception of Belgum and Sholapur, where a few outstanding claims have still to be collected, a reduction in the expenses of the branches of upwards of Rs 1,30,000 per annum will be thus effected, besides which considerable reductions in the establishment have been made in the head office with the view of reducing the expenses, the saving already effected is about Rs 50,000 per annum. In March last the business of the public debt office was made over by Government to the Bank, but this cannot be said to be in any means an equivalent to the withdrawal of the commission on the issue of Government currency notes in which a very considerable portion of the profits of the Bank were formerly derived. The proprietors have been informed at the several general meetings that have taken place within the last six months of various schemes for preserving to the shareholders the privilege of attaching to the business of the Bank under the present charter. A special general meeting has been called for the 12th instant, to deal with this question, and whatever may be the decision of that meeting, the directors will endeavour to carry out the wishes of the proprietors to the best of their ability. The directors have caused to be prepared showing the result arrived at after a most careful examination into the present state of the Bank's assets. The various securities held are valued in prices at which from the best information obtained it is believed they are at the present time saleable, and the dividends expected from insolvent and other estates are given at rates at which information obtained from the liquidators and trustees. The detailed statement annexed will show that after payment of all liabilities due to the public, including the Government account, amounting to Rs 2,22,60,000 there will remain a balance of Rs 51,40,000 in favour of the shareholders to represent a capital estimated in February last at Rs 1,01,50,000. This depreciation amounting to Rs 58,01,000 is the value of the assets is not due to a fresh loss in the current business during the last six months, but to the unfavourable outturn of many of the insolvent estates in which the Bank holds a large interest, and also to the fall in the value of some shares held by the Bank in various public companies. The directors regret to state that in consequence of the amount of capital locked up in insolvent estates, and from the effects of the run already alluded to, and also the heavy expenses at head office and branches the result of the last six months operations is very unfavourable as shown in annexed statements. There is also a contingent liability for calls on 8700 shares in the Commercial Bank of India, and also on 473 shares in the Asiatic Banking Corporation. Your directors cannot allow the present opportunity to pass, one of the last probably for addressing you as shareholders of the old Bank of Bombay, without laying before you the causes which in their opinion have led to the disastrous loss of three fourths of the capital of the Bank. They consider this duty incumbent upon them not only out of regard to their own personal responsibility but in justice to their predecessors who

have sat at this Board. Their object in endeavouring to point out to you some of the causes of disaster is twofold. First, that you may be guided in forming an opinion as to who is responsible for past mistakes, and, secondly, that the new institution which it is proposed to establish may take a warning from the history of the past. Before going further your directors desire to acknowledge the great forbearance and the unwavering conduct which the shareholders have displayed towards them since the commencement of the Bank's troubles. They attribute this to the fact that the shareholders were aware that your directors were to the utmost of their power, striving to repair the result of past errors and they deeply regret that their efforts have been so far unsuccessful that they are compelled to announce to you to day an estimated loss of one crore and a half of capital. Your directors consider that the losses which have brought about this result fall under two heads—1. Those of a general nature not resulting from faulty management. 2. (Such of a more particular and detailed kind resulting from faults of management or otherwise. Under the first they name—1st—The increase to the Bank's capital at a time when it was not actually needed for legitimate banking purposes. 2nd—The introduction of the clause in the new charter empowering the Bank authorities to advance money on the shares of public companies. 3rd—The enactment of Act 28 of 1865. Your directors feel that it is unnecessary for them to dwell at length on the effect of each of these measures, you are well aware what the combined effect has been when taken in connection with the peculiar circumstances of Bombay in 1861-65. At that time many people endeavoured to become suddenly rich by speculation instead of following the usual road of industry, and the result was that great pressure was brought to bear upon the Bank to employ its newly acquired capital in loans for speculative purposes. When the bubble burst it was only a matter of time before the reckless speculator as well as the honest trader by the operation of Act 28 of 1865, an Act regarding, which your directors can only say that it appears to have been framed entirely in the interest of the lender. During its brief existence the operation of this law has had considerable effect in hindering your directors' efforts to retrieve the position of the Bank. Your directors do not deem it necessary to enter into the question of the responsibility for the alteration in the Bank's Charter as that responsibility must rest with the Legislature of the day and on those who positively assented to the change, but the fact remains that the inclusion of a clause in the Act which in all probability escaped the notice, as it certainly did the discussion of the law-makers in one course of the losses which have been incurred. Your directors now come to the secondary causes connected with defects in management which have in their opinion operated to bring about the downfall of the Bank. As regards the constitution of the Board they would beg to observe that of the nine directors three are Government nominees by virtue of the large stake which is shareholders are and constitutions that Government have in the Bank. The remaining six are elected by the proprietors. Your directors consider that this right of election may be exercised in such a manner that a party interested may obtain a preponderant influence in the Bank's affairs. Your directors are of opinion that in the past history of the Bank this has actually happened. Further, that when a question touching interests in which individual directors were personally concerned was under discussion, the strict though unwritten rule requiring each director to abstain from the discussion has not invariably been strictly followed. With regard to the position occupied by the secretary and his relation to the management of the Bank your directors would beg to observe that until comparatively recent times, there was practically no limit to his power in respect to making loans and advances. The power placed in his hand was enormous, and your directors feel constrained to say that it was often abused that loans were granted to persons undeserving of credit, and on very inadequate security. Moreover such loans have been obtained at a Bank when refused at the Head Office and that without the concurrence of the directors. Such an abuse in fact his formal signature has been rendered impossible by strict rule. Your directors consider that the rules relating to the employees of the Bank to the service of the Bank and prohibiting them directly or indirectly from being mixed up with other affairs were not stringent enough. They believe that if their officers had been less occupied by their private affairs the business of the Bank would have been better transacted. You in turn consider that in past times the Bank's funds have been too lavishly expended in landings especially at Kurrachee, when there was no demand for such commolation. Finally your directors deem it necessary to allude to a particular transaction which has been the object of much indignant comment at the meeting in London—the loan in April 1866, of 20 lakhs of rupees to Ferozchund Roychund. That loan, it is notorious, was made with the full consent and co-operation of five of the leading Banks, but as the

question may come before a legal tribunal, they refrain from further comment. Those of your directors who were present when the loan was granted are fully prepared to explain the circumstances which in their opinion justify their conduct on that occasion.

AUDITORS' REPORT

Mr. Stuart then read the report of the auditors, which was as follows:—

Bombay, 19th July 1867.

TO THE DIRECTORS of the Bank of Bombay Bombay

GENTLEMEN,—We beg to report having completed our audit of the books and accounts of the Bank made up to 30th June 1867.

We examined and counted the cash in shroff's hands, in the Bank's safe and godowns, and in the castle, and found the whole to agree with the balance of "Cash Account" in the general ledger.

The whole of the Securities in the hands of the Bank, both for safe custody, and as security on account of advances, were subjected to close examination, and found to be in order, with a few exceptions, which were pointed out to the Bank's officials for rectification if possible.

We examined the current Bills discounted, and found them to agree in amount with the debit balance in ledger.

We also compared the accounts of the Branches, as received from the Agents, with the transfers made in the Bank's books, and with the amounts included for each Branch in the General Statement and Balance Sheet, and found the whole correct.

The past due Bills were not submitted to us for inspection, for the same reason that prevented this being done on more than one previous occasion of auditing, namely, that most of them are in Court, or in the hands of your solicitors for recovery.

It only remains for us to add that we have not undertaken any valuation of the Bank's assets, as under the circumstances of the Bank it would be impossible for us to do so efficiently within the time available for the purpose.

We would also remark that we found no division made in the "cash credit" account between those accounts which are *active*, representing the current business of the Bank, and those which are *dead*, and have fallen out of the strict course of the Bank's legitimate business, but we are informed that full statements, shewing the Bank's position in this and other respects are now in course of preparation.

We shall be happy, if you wish it and as far as we will permit, to go over any further account or statements that you may desire to submit to the shareholders. We are, gentlemen, your obedient servants,

JAMES RANKEN,
ROWLAND HAMILTON

} Auditors.

STATEMENTS OF ACCOUNTS

The following Statements of Accounts were laid before the meeting:—
Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bombay on 30th June 1867

Dr.									
To Proprietors' Capital	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	104 50 000 0 0
„ Bank Notes and Post Bills in circulation at Head Office and Branches	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 31 375 12 1
„ Suspense Account	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 13 1 1
„ Deposit Accounts and Receipts and all other liabilities	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	241 11 191 5 11
									Rupces 587 77 178 4 1
Cr.									
By Loans and Cash Credits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	84 19 80 4 2
„ Bills Discounted	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	70 1 476 4 9
„ Dead Stock	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10 74 1 9 1
„ Set up Account	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11 09 12 0
„ Adjusting Account of Interest	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12 10 14 1
„ Advances with Branches and Correspondents	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9 14 1 1 8 7
„ Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office and Branches	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	112 1 727 3 0
„ Profit and Loss Account	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	84 75 12 2
									Rupces 127 77 178 4 1

Abstract of Profit and Loss Account for the half year ending 30th June 1867.

Cr.									
To charges account at Head Office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 07 518 10 7
„ Do Branches	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 42 45 10 8
„ Interest account at Head Office	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41 111 0 5
„ Do Branches	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7 584 8 1
„ Stationery Account	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8 505 6 2
„ Amounts debited since 31st Dec. 1866 or operations unadjusted since 1865	37 0 1 0 7
									Rupces 1 94 636 13 8

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We have compared the totals of these accounts with the balances shown in the Bank's books and the Agency accounts and find them agree.

JAMES BANKIN, } Audit in
 ROWLAND HAMILTON, }
 ROBERT CLARK, Cdg. Accountant.

Bank of Bombay, Bombay, 30th July 1867

J. L. LUSHINGTON,
 G. M. SILLWART,
 G. NORMAN,

W. LONDON,
 HENRY FORMAN,
 G. L. CHAPMAN,

Statement of Liabilities, and the estimated value of Assets the Bank holds to meet the same as on 30th June 1867.

Total Liabilities due to the Public	Rs. 272,00,000
Less Cash on hand at Head Office and Branches ..	142,15,000
Balance to be provided for	80,20,000
To meet which the Bank has the following Assets	
Current Advances in its balance with Agents and Correspondents	31,80,000
Advances on Government Papers in Dispute	1,11,000
Bank Liabilities—Treasuries and Stamps at Head Office and Branches ..	10,99,000
Value of landed and other property held	35,91,000
Value of Shares held	11,11,000
Profit and Dividends—accumulated and	11,99,000
Dividends expected to be received from Bankrupt and other failed dealers	
Head Office	37,91,000
Estimated Recoveries of Past Due Obligations at the Branches	10,00,000
Estimated Recoveries of Past Due Obligations at the Branches	1,17,50,000
Surplus	Rs. 81,40,000

Bank of Bombay, Bombay, July, 1867.

At the same meeting on the 6th August it was unanimously resolved on the motion of Mr. C. M. Chapman (a director), seconded by Mr. A. F. Bellasis, "That a respectful petition be forwarded to Government praying for a full and impartial enquiry into the causes that have led to the disastrous loss of so large a part of the Bank's capital, and that if the Governor in Council will be pleased to nominate a commission for that purpose." The consideration of the report and accounts was postponed for a week.

On 6th August a telegram was received in Bombay from the direction of the Bank of Bengal, intimating withdrawal from the scheme for amalgamation, "in the absence of any prospect of the incorporation of the two Banks being carried."

At the adjourned annual meeting on 12th August the report of the directors and statements of accounts were after some discussion agreed to immediately thereafter, a special general meeting, which had been originally called to consider the amalgamation scheme (from which, however, the Bank of Bengal had by this time withdrawn) was held, and the question of the propriety of reconstructing the Bank was discussed. On the motion of Mr. A. J. Maxwell, seconded by Mr. Alex. Brown, it was unanimously resolved that—"In the opinion of this meeting it is desirable that the present Bank of Bombay should be reconstructed by the formation of a new Bank with fresh capital." It was also agreed on the motion of Mr. G. F. Remington, seconded by Mr. Spencer, senior—"That the scheme for such a reconstruction, set forth in the prospectus of the new Bank of Bombay, published for the first time on the 19th day of July last, and now read to this meeting, has been framed in the interest of the proprietors of the present Bank; that the terms mentioned therein for the purchase of the good will and business of the present Bank are fair and reasonable, and that the same be and they are hereby approved, the option being reserved to the shareholders of the present Bank to take up their proportion of the reserved issue of shares referred to in the said prospectus, or in lieu thereof to take their respective share of the assets of the old Bank." On the motion of Mr. Henry Maxwell, seconded by Mr. George Rustomjee Mody, it was resolved—"That the directors be requested to convene a special general meeting of the proprietors of the Bank for the 20th day of November next, for the following purposes:—To pass such resolutions as may appear necessary for winding up the Bank.

To appoint liquidators and fix their rate of remuneration To authorise the said liquidators to hand over to the new Bank of Bombay the business premises of the present Bank (to be so taken over at a valuation), and also such of the assets of the present Bank as may be necessary to cover any and all accounts taken over by the new Bank with the consent of the persons interested therein, and also to hand over to the said new Bank such portion of the assets of the present Bank when realised in exchange for such of the reserved issue of shares in the said new Bank as may be taken up by the shareholders of the present Bank in manner provided by the said prospectus, and to pay dissentient shareholders their proportion of the said assets "

The prospectus above referred to is as follows —

PROSPECTUS OF THE NEW BANK OF BOMBAY

(To be registered under Act V of 1866 with liability limited to Rs 500 per Share, pending the grant of a new Charter)

PROVISIONAL COMMITTEE

Hon'ble A. Brown.
H. Forman, Esq.
Kamowjee Naik, Esq.

Henry Maxwell Esq.
A. J. Macdonald Esq.
Ahmedbhai Hubibbhai, Esq.

W. Nicol, Esq.

Solicitors — Messrs. Kelly & Co

Capital — One Crore of Rupees in 20,000 Shares of Rs 500 each with power to increase up to Two Crores

First Issue 10,000 Shares

Reserved Issue, 10,000 Shares, presently referred to.

Constitution and Objects — similar to the present Bank, as amended by recent enactments

Capital — Subscriptions are invited from the present shareholders and the public for the first issue of 10,000 shares, at par in the allotment of which the said shareholders shall have the preference to the extent of one share for every two shares now held by them, the shares not taken up by them to be allotted to the public, regard being had to date of application. Deposit of five per cent or Rs 25 per share, to be paid on application, which deposits are to be invested in Government Paper in the names of two or more members of the Provisional Committee until the allotment of shares has been made. Rs 25 per share, being the balance of Rs 250, the amount of first Call to be paid on all twenty say on 15th November next, and the balance of Rs 250 in two instalments of Rs 125 each, payable on 15th January and 1st March 1868 respectively. Payments on these shares are to be made in cash by the shareholders as well as the public, and interest at the rate of five per cent will be allowed on all payments made in advance. The periods of payment and allotment have been deferred in order to enable the present shareholders resident in England to avail of the first issue. If the monies due on allotment be not paid within ten days from that date, the allotment will be cancelled, and the deposit money forfeited. On all sums paid due in respect of Calls, interest will be charged at a rate of not less than 12 per cent per annum.

The balance of 10,000 shares will be reserved for the holders of shares in the present Bank of Bombay at the time such allotment shall be made, in the proportion of one new share for two old shares. Any shares not taken up shall be allotted as the Directors may determine. The last mentioned issue shall be made when the assets realised from the old Bank shall after providing for all its liabilities amount to the sum of ten lacs of rupees, when certificates of shares will be issued each credited with Rs 100, and further sums of Rs 100 shall be credited as realised from time to time, as and when the surplus assets realised from the old Bank shall be sufficient for that purpose. In the event of the assets of the Bank of Bombay not realising the sum of Rs 100 per share it shall be competent for the Directors to enforce payment of any balance due on the last-mentioned shares on the 31st March 1869.

The new Bank of Bombay shall be entirely distinct and separate from the old Bank, and shall only take over the approved current and deposit accounts of the latter with sufficient cash and approved assets to meet such current and deposit accounts, save as to the deposit account of Government, which, it is assumed, is to be continued with the new Bank.

The new Bank of Bombay shall allow the old Bank such rate of interest on all cash advances which may, during the liquidation of the latter stand to the credit of its account as may be agreed on, and shall be entitled to charge interest at the highest rate current for all advances made by them and standing to the debit of the old Bank.

The new Bank to assume the good will of the old Bank's business without any further consideration than the preference given in the allotment of shares to the present shareholders.

Applications for shares in the annexed form will be received as follows —From residents of Bombay up to the 5th of August next, from persons resident up-country until the 20th of August, from Europe up to the 15th day of November next.

Bombay, 19th July 1867

W. FRANKS,
Secretary to the Provisional Committee.

Since the above date the number of the Provisional Committee has been augmented by the addition of Mr. A. D. Grant, and Mr. Dinshaw Minockjee Petit.

The following is a letter from the Government of Bombay relative to the proposal to reconstruct the Bank —

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT Poona, 12th October 1867.

To the Secretary and Treasurer Bank of Bombay.

SIR —I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No 3468 of 20th July last, with which you forwarded copy of a letter from the Provisional Committee for the reconstruction of the Bank, enclosing an amended Prospectus of the new Bank of Bombay. I have also received and laid before Government your subsequent letters.

2 The Right Honorable the Governor in Council having communicated with the Secretary of State and with the Government of India on the subject, was prepared to express his views in reply to your letter of the 20th July, and I will proceed to state what these views were. But the receipt of your subsequent letters has led him to alter them to a certain extent.

3 By your letters of the 3rd and 5th October were laid before him the Right Honorable the Governor in Council recognised the propriety of modifying the terms stated in my letter of the 16th May last, though not entirely to the extent urged by the Committee of Reconstruction.

4 The Governor in Council would have preferred to have had the terms of the Prospectus that has now been prepared communicated to him before its publication as he would then have been able to point out the objections that occurred to him, and which have more or less been concurred in by the Secretary of State and Government of India.

5 The chief objection felt by Government was to that portion of the Prospectus which provided for half the proposed capital of one million sterling consisting in a reserved issue of ten thousand shares to be made when the assets realized from the present Bank of Bombay should, after providing for its liabilities, amount to the sum of ten lacs of rupees, and the full payment of which was to be dependent in a great measure on the further progress made in realizing the present Bank's assets. The Governor in Council objected to this because it entailed the possibility of the second issue of shares never being taken up, and the Government did not consider that it would be prudent to consign its large deposit account to a Bank whose assured capital did not exceed £200,000 (two hundred thousand).

6 The Governor in Council therefore, while he was prepared to consent to a modification in the original demand that the new Bank should start with a capital of one million, of which one half should be paid up at once and the remainder after six months, was of opinion that the capital should be created by one issue of shares to the stipulated amount of one million sterling, of which one half should be paid up at the time of the construction of the Bank, (£500,000) one hundred thousand or ten lacs in six months after that date, and (£500,000) one hundred thousand or ten lacs in 12 months. Seven-tenths of the capital, or seventy lacs, would thus have been assured, and the remaining (30) thirty lacs might have been called up at any future time in such manner as might have been agreed on.

7. On these conditions Government would have continued its deposit account with the new Bank subject to the proviso stated in the 1st paragraph of my letter of the 18th May (No 584) that it was necessary to establish an efficient control over its management.

8. Government would also have stated that although it desired to cease its connection with the Bank as shareholders, yet it was willing in consideration of the circumstances in which the Bank was placed to continue to hold the same amount of stock as it originally held in the present Bank, viz, three lacs of rupees.

9 Having thus informed you of the views held by Government on the subject of your first letter and which it was prepared to communicate to the directors and shareholders, I am desired to state that on the receipt of your letters of 3rd and 5th instant,

the Governor in Council having had an opportunity of consulting your Chairman, Mr J L Lushington, is anxious to meet, if possible, the objection which was taken to any material alteration being made in the terms of the prospectus that had formed the base of the applications for shares in the new Bank. His Excellency in Council believes that the following memorandum embodies the suggestions which were made as to the best means of meeting the difficulties apprehended from such alteration, a copy of which Mr Lushington proposed to communicate to the directors and Committee of Reconstruction.

"The Capital of the new Bank to be one million sterling in (21,000) twenty thousand shares of ₹100 rupees each. Instead of having two issues, one issue now of (10,000) ten thousand shares to be fully paid up by the 1st March next, and (10,000) ten thousand shares to be issued when a certain proportion of the assets of the old Bank shall have been liquidated it is proposed that the whole (20,000) twenty thousand should be at once issued, (10,000) ten thousand of which should be fully paid up at the dates named in the Prospectus. On the other (10,000) ten thousand (20) twenty per cent or (₹10,00,000) one hundred thousand to be paid by the same date. It would seem that this alteration would not require any references to those who have now applied for shares, as they will receive them on exactly the same terms as have been already proposed. The change is as regards the second issue only, for which of course no applications have hitherto been made.

"Before receiving the letters of the Secretary to the Bank under date of October 11 and the copy of the letter from the Reconstruction Committee of October 5th it had been decided by the Government to submit it to the Committee that the terms of the Prospectus should be modified, and that it would be necessary that the paid up Capital of the new Bank should be (₹700,000) seven hundred thousand, instead of one million as proposed by the letter of 18th May.

"As by this amended proposal the Government consents to diminish still further the amount of capital to be paid up from (₹700,000) seven hundred thousand, to (₹60,000) six hundred thousand it is desirable that the proposal of the Committee contained in their letter to Mr Stuart of the 5th, should be adopted.

"The Government, if these proposals are accepted, would continue to hold the same amount of shares in the Bank, and to continue with it their cash balances under the same conditions as before."

10 The Right Hon^{ble} the Governor in Council will now await any further expression of the opinion of the directors or of the members of the Provisional Committee for Reconstruction on the views contained in this letter—I have the honor to be, Sir, your most obedient servant,

(Signed) M J SHAW STRONG
Acting Joint Secretary to Government

Mr Lushington received a memorandum from Mr Ticombe Under Secretary to Government, on the 25th October stating—"A telegram has been received from the Government of India announcing that the Secretary of State has telegraphed to say that he approves of the reconstitution of the Bank of Bombay and that he agrees that the Government shall keep its account there. The Secretary of State objects to Government taking shares, and has proposed a system of Government audit and would be satisfied with fifty lacs capital as a first issue."

This was duly communicated by Mr Lushington to the Bank of Bombay.

The paragraph is from a despatch from the Right Hon^{ble} the Secretary of State for India to the Government of India dated 25th October 1867—

"I have considered in Council the financial letters from your Government noted in the margin relating to the affairs of the Bank of Bombay. I do not consider that any advantage would attend my entering in this despatch on an enquiry as to the past mismanagement of that bank. The evils to be remedied against in future are fully apparent. In regard to the two propositions which were more immediately before your Government viz the amalgamation of the Banks of Bengal and Bombay or the establishment of a new Bank at Bombay a material difference of opinion prevailed amongst the members of your Government as to the expediency of Government holding shares in any bank, and the several Minutes which you have forwarded on the subject have received my attentive consideration. I fully admit that the connection of the Government with the Presidency Banks is calculated in tendency to strengthen the confidence of the public in their stability, but so far as regards holding shares, this connection is objectionable in principle, and has led, in certain cases to grave misapprehension. Nor in order to secure confidence in the Bank does it appear to me that it is necessary that the Government should hold shares. I am of opinion that the same effect would be attained, in a sufficient degree, if arrangements could be devised whereby the Government should always be

supplied with timely and accurate information as to mode of conducting the business of Presidency Bank, and were then to employ it as the Government Banker. Entertaining this opinion, although I am aware that it is not in the power of the Government, to withdraw (at all events immediately) from being a shareholder in the Banks of Bengal and Madras, I could not consent to the Government becoming a shareholder in a new Bank to be established at Bombay or elsewhere. I request therefore that you will make it known that I cannot consent that the Government should take any shares in a new Bank, but if one can be established on a satisfactory footing, and if the shareholders are willing to agree to such conditions as the Government may impose I shall not object to place the Government Banking business in the hands of the new Bank. Among the essential conditions I should require the Bank to agree that a Government officer appointed for the purpose should at all times have free access to the correspondence and books of the Banks and that the bye laws of the Bank should be approved by Government, and not altered without their concurrence. If these conditions be acceded to it would be necessary for you to appoint a competent officer to perform that duty and I regard it as of so much importance that it should be his principal if not his only, employment and you would require him to make to the Government of Bombay, weekly, a report on the proceedings of the Bank. You will consider and report to me what further conditions it may be expedient to prescribe but keeping in view the above instructions, I authorize you to enter into an arrangement with the Bank. It will be obvious that as the Government will not take shares in the new Bank, I could not in fairness to the community of Bombay allow the Bank of Bengal, in which Government is a shareholder, to establish a branch at Bombay.

A communication dated 22nd October was received by the directors of the Bank of Bombay from those of the Bank of Bengal intimating that the latter have appointed Mr John Hector, their chief accountant, to act as an agent in Bombay for the transaction of the Bank's business. The reason they gave for this step was the 'anxiety' they felt in connection with the state of their account in this city and the 'uncertainty' that exists as to the time when the Bank of Bombay would be put in liquidation.

The directors of the Bank of Bombay lost no time in addressing the local Government with reference to this intimation. In their communication (which was dated 29th October) they expressed their belief that the arrangement between the two Banks, which began at the time of the establishment of the Bank of Bombay in 1840, had been mutually beneficial and with reference to one of the reasons put forward by the Bank of Bengal for its appointment of an agent, they stated that at the annual meeting of the Bank of Bombay in August last, when it was resolved that the institution should be reconstituted the directors were authorised to call a general meeting for the 30th November for the purpose of placing the Bank in liquidation and that nothing had yet occurred to alter this arrangement. The directors added however that they had heard from other sources that the directors of the Bank of Bengal objected to employing the proposed new Bank of Bombay as their agents on the ground that Government did not intend to take shares in it, and they urged this objection upon Government as a reason why at all events Government should take up a limited number of shares in order to remove all room for such a plea. They further called the attention of Government to the fact that by the charter of the Bank of Bengal it was necessary to receive the sanction of the Governor General in Council when it was proposed to establish a new agency; and they said it had been always understood that the privilege of opening branches—a privilege enjoyed equally by the chartered bank of each of the Presidencies—was confined to the Presidency to which the Bank belonged, the only exception being in the case of neutral territories. They inquired whether the local Government had received any intimation from the Governor General in Council in reference to the establishment of a branch of the Bank of Bengal in Bombay, and anticipating the argument that the appointment of an agent was not the same as the establishment of a branch they submitted that that would be a distinction without a difference and that it would be impossible to tell where the functions of the one ceased and those of the other began. In conclusion they expressed their belief that if the chartered banks of the Presidencies were to be at liberty to open agencies in all the Presidencies (a privilege which must be enjoyed by all if it was to be enjoyed by one) the result would inevitably be a serious loss to all connected with them.

A letter containing observations much to the same effect was also forwarded to the directors of the Bank of Bengal, and a copy of the letter sent to the local Government was despatched to the Secretary of State by the mail which left on 30th October.

On November 9th a deputation from the Bank of Bombay waited upon H F the Governor, for the purpose of urging the importance of Government taking shares in the proposed new Bank. H F promised to telegraph to the Secretary of State, recommending that it should be done.

The following letter from the Government of Bombay refers to the power of the Bank of Bengal to open a branch in Bombay —

Bombay Castle, 18th November 1867

To the Secretary and Treasurer Bank of Bombay

SIR,—I am directed by the Right Hon ble the Governor in Council to request that you will inform the Board of Directors and the Reconstruction Committee, that His Excellency the Governor has received a reply to the telegraphic message to the Governor General, which he had read to the gentlemen who waited on him on Friday last.

2 The Right Hon ble the Governor General has replied that he had no personal knowledge of the arrangement under which Mr Hector had been directed to Bombay as Agent of the Bank of Bengal, that the direct is of that Bank had been understood to propose to send an Agent to Bombay only for the purpose of collecting their outstanding, and that they had been informed that the Government of India could not object to their doing so.

3 His Excellency the Viceroy has also stated that no arrangement under which the Board of Bengal should be at liberty to establish a branch on Agency in Bombay for the transaction of general banking business would receive his sanction.

4 His Excellency the Governor understood you to say (at the interview referred to) that Mr Hector had opened his office avowedly as Agent of the Bank of Bengal dating his letters from the Bank of Bengal and I am desired to request that you will be so good as to state for the information of Government what are the facts in this respect—I have &c

M J SHAW STEWART,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government

A deputation from the Bank of Bombay consisting chiefly of the members of the Reconstruction Committee waited upon H F the Governor at Malabar Point on the 7th December for the purpose of ascertaining whether Government meant to take any shares in the proposed new Bank. The following official report of what passed was supplied to the Press.—His Excellency pointed out to the deputation that the Home authorities were still most adverse to the idea of Government taking shares in the new Bank and were disinclined to listen to any proposition to that effect. On the strength however of the views of those in India they had determined to leave the matter to the judgment of the Governor of Bombay, impressing on him the reluctance they had to the idea of Government becoming a shareholder, and hoping that the Bank might be established without their taking shares. In the event, however, of Sir Seymour Fitzgerald being convinced that the actual existence of the new Bank depended on Government taking shares, they agreed to leave the matter entirely in his hands. His Excellency the Governor in pointing out these views to the deputation explicitly informed them that without the strongest proof that such was indispensably necessary, he regretted his inability to agree to the Government becoming a shareholder. He then asked each member of the deputation individually and obtained from each a distinct assertion that, to the best of their judgment, it was indispensably necessary to the safe starting of the Bank that Government should become a shareholder. On the strength of these assertions that it was in his opinion necessary for Government to take shares His Excellency directed Mr Ravenscroft to carefully go through the list of applications ascertain how many had been withdrawn on the rumour of Government not taking shares, getting noticed about and submit an immediate report. His Excellency remarked that if the report verified the statements verbally submitted by the gentlemen present Government would agree to become a shareholder subject however, to the right of Government hereafter, when a fitting occasion should arise, to reconsider the question of their position with regard to the Indian Presidency Banks generally. The Committee then thanked His Excellency and retired. His Excellency stated that the Secretary of State had at the same time expressed disapproval of the establishment of any agency of the Bank of Bengal in Bombay.

At a meeting of the proprietors on 9th December, Mr Keshavjee Naik and Mr. F S Stedman were elected directors in the room of the Hon ble Alexander Brown and Mr G M Stewart who retired by rotation.

On the 11th December the Government of Bombay conveyed, in the following letter of the Acting Chief Secretary, Mr Ravenscroft its consent to take up shares in the new Bank.—

Bombay Castle, Dec 1867

Sir,—The Right Honorable the Governor in Council has had under his consideration the question as to whether Government will take shares in the new Bank of Bombay. He has decided that Government will become a shareholder, and I am directed to request that 100 shares of the first issue may be allotted to Government. Of the second issue, so many should be allotted as well, with the 100 shares now applied for making Government as large a holder in the new as they are in the old Bank of Bombay.

I am directed to add that this decision has been taken in view to the present reconstruction of the Bank and its extra business on a satisfactory basis, but that the Government will feel themselves at liberty hereafter to withdraw from its connection as a shareholder with the Bank in the event of its being found desirable to the position of the State with respect to the Presidency Banks in India.

I am further to add that the other stipulation contained in the telegram of the Secretary of State substance of which was communicated to you by the Accountant General on the 20th October last remains unaltered.

I am requested to point out that in allotting the shares especial care should be taken that the interests of shareholders of the old Bank in England who applied for shares and then withdrew their applications when Government announced their intention of not being a shareholder may be carefully protected.

On the same date the deed of association of the new Bank was signed and registered, and all the shares of the first issue were allotted by the Provisional Committee.

A meeting of the proprietors was held on the 11th December, and unanimously passed the following resolutions:—On the motion of Mr N. Spencer, seconded by Dr. Abdul C. Nusservanji, "That the Bank of Bombay be wound up voluntarily in accordance with the provisions of part 3 of Act XIX. of 1857 of the Legislative Council of India so far as the same is made applicable to the said Bank by section 11 of Act X. of 1853 of the Legislative Council of Bombay." On the motion of the Hon. A. Brown seconded by Mr W. Lushington, "That T. H. Stuart, Esq., be appointed liquidator for the purpose of winding up the affairs of the Bank, and that his remuneration be Rs. 3,500 per annum and one year from the 1st day of January 1868." On the motion of Mr G. J. Lushington, seconded by Mr G. Norman

"That the said liquidator be authorized to hand over to the new Bank of Bombay (Limited) the business premises at Bombay and branches of the said Bank of Bombay (to be so taken over at valuations) and also such of the monies and securities of the said Bank of Bombay as may be approved of by the directors of the said new Bank and as may be necessary to cover any and all accounts taken over by the said new Bank of Bombay (Limited) with the consent of the persons interested therein."

A meeting is to be held on the 13th January 1868 to confirm the above resolutions, and the old Bank of Bombay will immediately pass into liquidation.

To the members of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay in certain shareholders of the Bank of Bombay, advising Government to bear a portion of the loss sustained by them in consequence of the bad management of the Bank, the following reply of Government was received:—

Financial Department, Poona, 12th October 1867

To Messrs. Forbes and Co., Bombay

Gentlemen:—I am directed by the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council to acknowledge the receipt of letter of the 20th ultimo purporting to be signed by a large number of shareholders in the Bank of Bombay and urging that the Government should bear a large portion of the loss attending the bad management of the Bank.

In reply I am directed to state that the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is of opinion that the claim advanced in the letter is one that cannot be acceded to. While regretting deeply the loss that has befallen an institution carried on for many years in direct communication with the Government of Bombay, His Excellency the Governor in Council cannot admit that Government can be held responsible for the result. Although Government was entitled to nominate three out of the nine directors who were entrusted with the direct management of the affairs of the Bank yet the other shareholders had a predominant influence through their right of appointing and directing and still more through their power of controlling the proceedings of the directors at their general meetings. The shareholders alone could exercise this power inasmuch as Government had no authority to interfere except as a shareholder, in which capacity it was entitled, under section 18 of the Charter Act of 1853, to give in respect of its (300) three hundred shares at any general meeting of the proprietors the same number of seven votes as might be given by any proprietor of (100) one hundred and sixty shares, with the

liquidation that Government should have no voice in the election of the directors not appointed by itself.

Looking to the whole history of the Government connection with the Banks of Bengal and Madras as well as of Bombay, the Right Hon'ble the Governor in Council is unable to see that the Government has in any way become responsible for the internal management of the Bank's affairs or for any loss that the shareholders have suffered through mismanagement. -I have the honor, &c.,

M. J. SHAW STEWART,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.

The same memorial with additional signatures, received from shareholders in England, was forwarded to the Government of India, in accordance with the terms of the memorial, which appealed not only to the Local Government, but to the Government of India, and to H. M.'s Secretary of State for India in Council.

The following reply has been received from the Government of India :-
To Messrs Forbes and Co., Bombay.

Sirs,—I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 4th ultimo, submitting a copy of a memorial from certain shareholders of the Bombay Bank to the Government of Bombay, together with a copy of the reply of that Government, and soliciting a favourable consideration of the request urged in the memorial that the Government should bear a portion of the loss resulting from the mismanagement of the Bank.

2. In reply I am directed to state that the aid afforded by the Government to the Bombay Bank in the difficulties with which it has been struggling for the last two years was dictated by the consideration of the interest which the State held in the stability of an institution which, under contract was the depository of the treasury balances; but this consideration does not affect the relations between the Government and other shareholders with whom it had a common interest in the maintenance of the Bank, nor is there any obligation on the part of the Government, express or implied, to guarantee the common stock.

Again, the general body of the shareholders was represented by a large majority in the Board of Management, and it was not in the power of the Government Director, even if it had been their duty, to exercise any special control over the transactions of the Bank, beyond enforcing the restrictions and conditions imposed by the Act of the Legislature constituting the Bank. These restrictions and conditions, moreover, have not, so far as the Government is informed, been actually infringed, but the misfortunes of the Bank have been caused by a want of prudent discretion in the conduct of the business and by the failure of the management to oppose a firm resistance to the undue pressure upon its resources which was produced by the sudden and unexpected rise of speculative business of various kinds.

4. Under these circumstances the Governor General in Council can only concur with the Government of Bombay in the expression of deep regret at the misfortune which has befallen the property of the Bank, and declare that he is still willing, as he has ever been to co-operate with the proprietors in averting or mitigating ultimate loss, but in no event can His Excellency in Council admit the responsibility which the memorialists seek to attach to the Government of India.—I have the honour to be, Sir, your most obedient servant,

(Signed) E. H. LUSHINGTON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Fort William, 9th December, 1867.

On 23rd November Mr. Justice Arnould gave a decree in favour of the Bank of Bombay against Roychund Deepchand for Rs. 22,60,148, on a joint and several promissory note dated 27th April 1866, for the sum of Rs. 25,000, and executed by Premchand Roychand, Omdass Narrondass, Curondass Madhowdass and the defendant (the last three as sureties). Execution was stayed by consent till all securities should have been realised.

On December 5th Mr. Justice Hargent gave a similar decree in favour of the Bank, and against the trustees of Curondass Madhowdass.

BANK OF CHINA.

Paid-up Capital, Rs. 8,79,700 (Rs. 25 per Share.)

Pending negotiations in England for obtaining a Charter Directors were not appointed, but at a meeting held in Bombay on 4th October 1868, it was resolved that the promoters should take all possible means to have the Bank wound up. Rs. 13-8 per share was returned in April 1867.

BANK OF GUZERAT.

Subscribed Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000, Paid up Rs. 20,00,000.

Liquidator—H. G. Dunlop and Lalabanker Bhoorabhyo.

The memorandum and articles of association dated November 28th, 1886, were registered in Bombay on the 26th of that month, and on 16th May of 1907 a special resolution was carried to wind up the Company.

The report of the directors, presented at the meeting held at Surat on 30th March gave a history of the Bank, of which the following is a brief abstract. In December 1886 Mr. Pichumund Roychand arranged with native gentlemen at Surat to form a Bank under the name of the Bank of Surat (Limited) and issued letters of allotment for 20,000 shares to persons in Surat and Bombay, all of which were taken up and the deposit of Rs. 100 paid in to the Bank in full. The financial Association, except Rs. 1,29,100 retained in Surat by the promoters. A proposition, however, was made by Mr. Pichumund in March 1887 to form a Bank with a larger capital to absorb the Bank of Surat, to have its head office in London and to be called the Bank of Guzerat (Limited) and the shareholders of the Bank of Surat, with very few exceptions, accepted the provisional deed of the new Bank. The deposit of Rs. 100 per share was paid into the Central Bank of Western India and the aggregate capital of both Banks thus became Rs. 21,17,000, and the shares 21,179 in number. A proposal was afterwards made by Mr. Pichumund and assented to by Mr. G. F. Robinson and Mr. E. L. Howard two of the provisional directors, that the Bank should be amalgamated with the Central Bank of Western India. Mr. Pichumund intimated to these gentlemen on 2nd May that he had instructed the Eastern Financial Association to purchase on behalf of the Bank of Guzerat 100,000 Port Canning shares at a total cost of Rs. 13,00,000 and, failing, to obtain from Mr. Howard and Mr. Robinson a recognition of this transaction he assumed the responsibility of it, and gave a memorandum guaranteeing not only the Rs. 13,00,000 but the entire paid up capital of the Bank of Surat. On 6th May the shareholders of the Central Bank passed a resolution in favour of amalgamation but, on 12th June, the day fixed for the confirmation of the resolution, Mr. Pichumund served a notice on the Central Bank through his solicitors that the amalgamation was to be broken off, and the arrangements were consequently suspended. Subsequently, at the direction of Mr. Pichumund and without the knowledge of Mr. Robinson or Mr. Howard, loans, &c. to the extent of 24 lakhs) were advanced at various times at Surat from the funds of the Bank, and a claim for any loss occasioned thereby would be made on the estate of Mr. Pichumund. After the Eastern Financial Association stopped payment, Mr. Pichumund was urged by Mr. Robinson and Mr. Howard to make good his guarantee, and he gave a deposit note of the Central Bank for ten lakhs, stating that he held 1,000 shares in the capital of the Bank of Guzerat (nearly half the capital subscribed) and would make over the documents for 50,000 of them as security for the balance. Only the documents for 2,000, however, were made over, but a claim was set up by Mr. Howard and Mr. Robinson against the Eastern Financial for 60,000 shares, deposited with that Company by Mr. Pichumund as security for a private debt and a claim subsequent to the promise above referred to. Mr. Pichumund intimated that the Bank of Guzerat was registered on 29th November 1886 and after much discussion all disputes were settled in the following manner. That the Bank of Guzerat except 1,000 shares in the Bank of Guzerat deposited receipt for ten lakhs in the Central Bank and 600 shares in the Bank of Guzerat handed to Messrs. Howard and Robinson by Mr. Pichumund Roychand, also 600 shares in the same Bank subsequently made over by the Association to the Bank, together with the 100 shares in the Port Canning Land Investment Declaration and Dock Company, already mentioned as payment in full of all demands to the extent of Rs. 19,20,000 against the Eastern Financial Association, further that the Bank of Guzerat be allowed any interest on the account that the High Court may see fit to the general body of creditors of the Bank in Financial Association. The report further stated that the 600 shares received and included in the foregoing agreement had been cancelled, and that the capital of the Bank now consisted of 11,774 shares, representing Rs. 11,77,400. The assets consisted of the deposit receipt of the Central Bank, dated 14th January 1870, for ten lakhs, bearing interest at 9 per cent 100 Port Canning shares, valued at Rs. 12,00,000 cash property, and loans due to the Bank in Surat, considered good for 1,00,000. According to the above estimate the shares of the Bank were worth Rs. 9172 each. The directors recommended the shareholders to open the Bank and begin active business, the head office to be fixed at Bombay, and a Commission to be established at Surat.

A balance sheet accompanying the report showed the amount of paid up capital to be Rs. 11,77,400, and the amount due to the public on account Rs. 1,39,146 and the total was covered by assets as follows: cash in hand and at bankers Rs. 8,240 10, an amount due to the Bank at Surat in cash credit accounts, overdrafts, &c., considered good Rs. 92,510 Central Bank of Western India, deposit, Rs. 10,00,000, property, dead stock, and 100 Port Canning shares, Rs. 15,001 2 10, balance as per profit and loss account Rs. 53,933 1-10. The profit and loss account showed the amount of accidental expenditure incurred to have been Rs. 12,237 11-4, including Rs. 10,000, less charge in formation of the Bank, and that the sum of Rs. 2,10,994 1 had been written off in respect of bad debts due to the Bank. There were also the two following items on the credit side—amount at credit of profit and loss, being profit in exchange operations, interest on loans, commission, &c., Rs. 25,511-0 3, and profit on purchase of 3103 shares in the Bank, being the difference between the purchase money and the par value Rs. 1,75,416-4-9.

BANK OF HINDUSTAN, CHINA AND JAPAN (LIMITED.)

Rampart Row
 Capital £4,000,000, in Shares of £100 each. Paid up £28 per Share.
 Head Office—1, Bank Building, E. C., London.
 Agent in Bombay for Liquidators—H. G. Dunlop.

BANK OF INDIA.

Head Office—Church Street, Bombay.
 Capital Rs. 60,00,000, in 24,000 Shares of Rs 250 each, with power to increase.
 Paid up Rs. 250 per Share
 Liquidators

Byramjee Nowrojee | J. A J Shaw

This Company was registered on August 6, 1904. A resolution to wind up voluntarily was passed on 27th April 1906, and filed on 11th February 1907. At a meeting on 31st May, to receive a report and accounts from the liquidators there presented, were adopted by a majority, and Mr Shaw who had been acting manager, was appointed liquidator and manager at a salary of Rs 600 per month.

BENGAL CREDIT MOBILIER (LIMITED)

Head Office—Calcutta.
 Capital Rs. 80,00,000 in 20,000 Shares of Rs 400 each.

DIRECTORS.

F. Schiller (Barradaile, Schiller & Co)
 J. Dacosta (Ashburner & Co) | Lajpethbhai Dhunjeebhai
 R. Mackay (Mackay & Co) | H. Knowles (Geo. Henderson & Co)
 Manager—J J Cogswell.

Agents in Bombay—Financial Association of India and China, (Limited)
 December 21st, 1867—First distribution of Rs 50 per Share.

BIATTIA FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)

No 21, Lombard Street.
 Capital Rs. 80,00,000, in 20,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.
 Paid up Rs 100 per Share
 Liquidators.

Hurral Mohunlal | Shamjee Jadaojee
 Mooljee Mirjee | Abdulje Nusservanjee
 August 28th, 1866—First distribution of Assets of Rs 15 per Share.
 January 2nd, 1867—Second 15

This Association was registered on January 7, 1867, and a resolution to have the Company wound up was filed on June 4th, 1906.

BOMBAY ALEXANDRIA INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital Rs 50,000 in 50 Shares of Rs 1,000 each.
 Paid up Rs. 1,000 per Share.

BOMBAY AND BENGAL STEAM SHIP COMPANY.

Capital Rs. 50,00,000 in 1,000 shares of Rs 5,000 Paid up Rs 3,500 per share.
 Liquidators—W L Stevens and Morrice Gouldness

The latest balance sheet registered was made up to 31st June 1907, and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 11th September 1907 were registered a fortnight after its date.

BOMBAY AND COAST COFFEE PLANTATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

21, Rampart Row.
 Capital Rs. 10,00,000, in 5,000 Shares of Rs 200 each.
 Office—Bombay Joint Stock Corporation, Limited
 Liquidator—A Thomson.

DIRECTORS.

Nowrojee Nanabhai Framjee | Venayekrao Jagannathjee
 Sorabjee Pestonjee Framjee.
 Manager of Works—A J Shaw.

This Company was registered on October 28th, 1905. On 14th July a resolution to wind up the Company was agreed to.

BOMBAY AND KATTIAWAR FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)

Office—14, Apollo Street

Established in 1865

Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000, in 25,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per Share.

Liquidators

Timbuck Ramchundra

Ibrahim Noordeen.

This Association was registered on April 11, 1865, and a resolution was filed on 12th Sept., 1866 that its affairs be wound up voluntarily, under the supervision of the Court.

BOMBAY AND MAHIM FINANCIAL CORPORATION (LIMITED)

Capital Rs. 20,00,000 in 5,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Paid up Rs. 60 per Share

Office—16, Bree Saradai Street.

Liquidator—Timbuck Ramchundra.

This Corporation was registered on 25th January, 1865. A resolution to wind up was filed on 10th June 1866.

On 14 March 1867 the Mahim Financial was wound up by the Court and two Liquidators were appointed (Messrs Timbuck Ramchundra and H. Gamble) Mr Gamble has since resigned and Timbuck Ramchundra was appointed Official Liquidator by the Court on 29th July 1867.

BOMBAY AND TROMBAY RECLAMATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Established in 1865.

Office, 8 Church Lane.

Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000 in 2,500 Shares of Rs. 4,000 each.

Paid up Rs. 2,500 per Share on 100 shares (Rs. 10,00,000)

Liquidator—J. F. Punnett.

This Company was registered under the new Act on July 21th, 1866. On January 10th a balance sheet made up to 31st December 1866 was filed on January 15 special resolution passed on 21st December 1866, and confirmed on 7th January 1867, that the company be wound up voluntarily.

BOMBAY BAZAAR AND LAND INVESTMENT COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Established in 1865.

Capital Rs. 60,00,000, in 3,000 Shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

Paid up Rs. 1,000 per share.

Liquidator—R. A. Dallas.

17th July 1867 First distribution of Rs. 300 per share. Second do Rs. 300 per share 18th November 1867.

BOMBAY BRICK AND TILE COMPANY (LIMITED.)

No. 1 Bruce Lane.

Established in 1864

Capital Rs. 10,00,000 in 5,000 Shares of Rs. 200 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per Share

Liquidators—A. D. Grant and Thomas H. Moore.

April 18th, 1866—First distribution of Rs. 28-0-0 per Share.

Dec 1st, 1866—Second " " 6-6-4

The entire plant of this Company was bought up, by the Municipality, during 1868.

BOMBAY CITY BANK (LIMITED.)

Hornby Row

Capital Rs. 75,00,000, in 30,000 Shares of Rs. 250 each.

Paid up Rs. 250 per Share.

Liquidators

Barjorjee Rustomjee Mody

Hormusjee Framjee Pestonjee

Ardaur Eduljee Chinoy

This Bank was registered on 5th July, 1861, and a resolution to wind up its affairs was filed on 27th June, 1866.
At a meeting on 7th June Mr Burjorjee Rustomjee Mody was appointed a liquidator in the room of Mr Jhangarsi Rustomjee Mody who had resigned.

BOMBAY COMMERCIAL ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 15,00,000 in 6,000 Shares of Rs. 250 each.

Paid up Rs. 25 per Share

Liquidators—James Begie and Luckmidass Khimjee.

June 1866—First distribution of Rs. 10 per share.

This Company was registered on 3rd October 1863. A resolution to wind up was filed on 1st January 1866.

BOMBAY COMMISSION AGENCY AND BANKING CORPORATION (LIMITED)

Established in 1865.

1, Oak Lane.

Capital Rs. 50,00,000, in 20,000 Shares of Rs. 250 each.

Paid up Rs. 25 per share

Liquidators

Raghunath Namchundra

Ternooljee Pestonjee

Raghunath Damothur.
The first distribution of Assets, Rs. 5 per share, was made on 15th June 1866 and a second of Rs. 2½ on 5th March 1867.

This Corporation was registered on 20th February, 1861. A resolution to wind up was filed on 5th April 1866.

At a meeting on 16th July the liquidators submitted a report from which it appeared that Rs. 5,000 had been realised out of Rs. 10,000 invested in shares of different companies, that the Company had limits to the extent of Rs. 30,000 in its own shares (on which only Rs. 7 had been distributed) and that it held 26½ and 1 new share in the Asiatic Banking Corporation, on which there was a liability to the extent of Rs. 5,000.

BOMBAY CONTRACT AND BUILDING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

No. 7 Oak Lane

Capital Rs. 6,00,000, in 1,200 Shares of Rs. 500 each.

Fully paid up

Official Liquidator—W. F. Knott

This Company was incorporated on 11th September 1863. On 1st April 1867 an order of the High Court, dated 14th July 1867, for winding up the Company was filed.

BOMBAY FINANCE CORPORATION, (LIMITED)

Capital Rs. 15,00,000, in 15,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each.

Paid up Rs. 125 per share.

Liquidators

H. Gamble

Ardien Bomonjee Kaka.

Kullhindra Molundjee

This Corporation was registered on 9th November 1863.
On 10th June the first contributions of the Bombay Finance Corporation was finally settled by Mr Justice Arnould.

BOMBAY GENERAL CREDIT AND FINANCIAL CORPORATION (LIMITED)

Victoria Buildings, Borch Bazaar

Capital Rs. 75,00,000, in 25,000 Shares of Rs. 300 each.

Liquidators.

Tullockchand Hookumchand, Chairman

Nagenbhoy Dayabhoy

Lapidas Vurdass

Jehumerrjee Ramjee, Managing clerk to liquidators.

A resolution to wind up voluntarily was filed on 16th February 1867. The Directors were appointed liquidators. On January 1st 1867 was filed directors' report for the year and proceedings of general meeting held on 17th December 1866, and summary of capital and list of shareholders to 31st December 1866. Two distributions of assets have been made during the year amounting to Rs. 100—this is the whole of the paid up capital. In February a final distribution of about 15 p. per share will be made.

BOMBAY JOINT STOCK CORPORATION (LIMITED.)

30, Meadow Street.

Capital Rs. 60,00,000, in 20,000 Shares of Rs. 300 each.

Paid up Rs. 200 per Share.

Liquidators.

F. A. Spencer

Raghoonath Narayan

This Corporation was registered on 27th June, 1847. An order of the High Court, of 4th February 1847 for winding up the Company by the Court under the provisions of the Indian Companies Act of 1846 was filed on 1st February 1847.

On 19th August Mr. Justice Arnold sanctioned a call of Rs. 100 on the contributors whose names appeared in the list dated 10th July, and the same was made payable on or before the 16th September.

The order was confirmed, as against the individual contributors on 28th September.

The liquidators Messrs Bowland Hamilton & Co. have in the Raghoonath Narayan published a report under date the 6th of April in reference to the progress of the liquidation. They state that the liquidation was undertaken by them on 12th March 1846 and the basis upon which they commenced to work was the balance sheet submitted to the general meetings of 8th January and 12th March. As the Corporation was under severe pressure from the creditors, some of the action was taken against all debtors. Considering the extreme hardship of the case of the shareholders the liquidators had to use to give relief on any compromise unless they were convinced that the future earnings of the debtors were in some degree made available for the amount paid but a payment by instalments was ultimately admitted for a liquidation they had endeavored to get cash from the debtors in person or through friends. The balance sheet of Rs. 21,504,186 appearing in the balance sheet of the Corporation purchased on commission to which a 27 1/2% must be added transferred from general shareholders account should rather be treated at the time of balance of losses on account of the share in the name of over Rs. 47,00,000 the shares, with a net trifling exceptions having been sold prior to liquidation but at prices which were a heavy loss in many directions which had only been partially made good. Of the Rs. 47,00,000 originally entered (as of 1st January 1846) 15 shares purchased on commission, 12 shares were in account of the Corporation which had resulted in a loss of about Rs. 1,00,000 exclusive of interest and that on its own 451 shares purchased. Of the Rs. 5,00,000 on account of sundry persons there has been a loss of 41 shares in cash and shares sold to cash 171 shares by transfer to United Victoria and Colaba Reclamation and Pier Company, leaving a balance of only 18 shares which were increased by interest and commission to 22 shares against which a credit of Rs. 1,00,000 United Victoria and Colaba Reclamation and Pier Company (limited) shares and 22 shares of the United Victoria Company. The estimated liability of directors on the two unpaid accounts was in which the Corporation had a share was—S. P. Lister, Rs. 40,000 to Rs. 40,000. A. M. Gubbins Rs. 2,50,000 to Rs. 2,60,000. Lister & Minchington Rs. 15,000 but owing to the reduced value of the latter's estate the deficiency on the two former accounts had been increased by fully Rs. 60,000 each. Mr. A. M. Gubbins's claim was compounded for Rs. 1,00,000. A bill drawn by the Lister & Minchington on S. P. Lister & Co. London, for Rs. 1,00,000, had since been returned unpaid, and an addition consequently made to his account and Mr. S. P. Lister was further liable for another account in respect of his bill for Rs. 1,20,000, which was not paid a minority. As to the course of the account of general shares for purchase made solely on account of the Corporation the balance of Rs. 10,97,800 on 12th March 1847 had been reduced to Rs. 7,94,234 11/2 valued on 1st March 1867 at Rs. 1,90,000. In effect it was committed in shares of the United Victoria and Colaba Reclamation and Pier Company (limited) and of the Victoria Patent Slip and Foundry Company, both of which they were induced to receive not only because they considered the price of which in the market for but was a fair estimate of their real value, but also because they considered that in the event of any compromise being arrived at with these companies, who were their chief creditors of the Corporation, it would be in advantage to all concerned to pass them at their full valuation rather than sell in the market at a price unduly depressed. In August 1848 a call was agreed upon by the liquidators. In accordance, however, with a requisition signed by 8 shareholders they agreed to a delay to enable them to discuss terms of compromise, and when it was found impossible to carry out these no further delay in resorting to the High Court for assistance. In carrying out the call was either profitable or disadvantageous. As to the creditors of the Corporation appearing in the balance sheet, the Central Bank of Western India, which was well secured by shares acquired itself chiefly by the sale of them in the case of the Commercial Bank Corporation the early payments were made under pressure of legal proceedings, and subsequently to redeem the security held in United Victoria and Colaba Reclamation and Pier Company shares. Three of the other chief creditors are—the United Victoria Reclamation and Pier Company, Bank of Bombay, Victoria Patent Slip and Foundry Company,—and received a dividend of 1 anna 2 p per rupee on the amount of their claims, less the value of securities held. Mr. Matheson & Lister on the part of several shareholders had had several interviews with the liquidators regarding the former management of the Corporation. The chief points brought forward were that the directors had formed unwise partnerships for the purchase of shares, and were jointly liable with others on account for shares purchased on commission, while the account had been made out as for mere liabilities only on the respective shares. Another point had regard to the purchase by the Corporation of its own shares. The points had been submitted to counsel with the view of eliciting the opinion of the Court, especially upon the question whether any joint liability had been incurred. A question had also been raised as to an arrangement whereby 7 shares of the United Victoria and Colaba Reclamation and Pier Company belonging to the Corporation, and 457 belonging to sundry parties, including three of the directors of the Corporation were passed at a price of Rs. 5,000 a share in account with the United Victoria and Colaba Reclamation and Pier Company. Under the

circumstances of the case the Liquidators did not see a reason for taking any action with reference to this subject. In November 1883 a proposal had been made to the United Victoria and Colaba Company as to a compromise. A committee was appointed but no conclusion was arrived at and the Liquidators then fully concurred in the motion made before the Court by the United Victoria and Colaba Company, the Bank of Bombay, and the Bank of India in 1884 to put the Liquidation under the High Court, being fully convinced that it was expedient for the Liquidation to have the aid of the Court both as regards the complicated questions of law and to settle the list of contributors, regarding which in any intricate questions it would require the decision of the Court.

BOMBAY LANDING AND SHIPPING COMPANY (LIMITED.) (In Liquidation)

Sansoon's Buildings, Alphonstone Circle

Capital Rs. 6,00,000, in 600 Shares of Rs. 1,000 each.

Official Liquidators—J. R. K. Johnson, John Smith and Thomas Jidbetter.

This Company was registered on July 11th, 1863. The latest summary of capital and list of shareholders made up to 31st December 1866, was registered on January 23, 1867. On 16th January 1867 were held minutes of general meeting held on 6th and 7th March and 22nd April 1866 and a printed copy of the new articles of association dated 2nd May 1866. On 20th May 1867 were filed a balance sheet made up to 28th February 1867 and a special resolution for winding up the Company. First distribution 20th September 1867 of the assets to creditors, of 40 per cent.

BOMBAY MERCHANT SHIPPING COMPANY.

Alphonstone Circle.

This Company was registered on 10th October 1865. A balance sheet made up to 31st December 1866 and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 31st July 1867 were filed on March 11th, 1867. On 21st August it was resolved to wind up the Company voluntarily. Liquidator Hon. Mr. Alexander Brown.

BOMBAY OIL PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 2,00,000 in 100 Shares of Rs. 2,000 each.

Paid up Rs. 2,000 per share.

Official Liquidator—G. R. Wilson.

This Company was registered on 17th January 1861.

BOMBAY OIL WORKS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Office—Apollo House.

Capital Rs. 3,50,000 in 1,000 Shares of Rs. 350 each.

Liquidators—T. H. Gilbert, and Andrew Franzer Moore.

This Company was registered on July 19th 1864. The lease of premises, machinery, &c. has been sold to the Alphonstone Land and Press Co., for about Rs. 50,000, a dividend will be paid in January or February 1868.

BOMBAY RECLAMATION COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 2,00,00,000 in 2,000 Shares of Rs. 10,000 each.

Office, No. 1, Alphonstone Circle.

Liquidators.

M. H. Scott

R. L. Tracey

J. H. Aspinwall

J. Rankin and J. G. Smith

8th Nov 1867—First distribution of Rs. 17½ per share.

At a meeting of the shareholders on the 14th March, it was resolved—"That the liquidators be requested to take the necessary steps for enforcing payment of the call of Rs. 100 upon all the shares, and that they be authorized to forth if they shall think fit to do so for the benefit of the company all shares upon which the said call with interest shall not have been paid on or before the 10th April next." Mr J. G. Smith was at the same time added to the liquidators.

The liquidators balance sheet of receipts and disbursement from 15th November 1866 to 30th November 1867 was distributed among the shareholders on 10th December. The following is a statement of receipts—total—received from subscribers Rs. 11,94,27 in the various offices Rs. 1,28,299—total Rs. 1,31,237. Capital was allocated on 1,999 shares at Rs. 200 Rs. 3,99,800, Plant sold for cash Rs. 14,231.20, sold to Government, Rs. 4,599.10—total, Rs. 4,04,339.60, Stores—sold for cash, Rs. 20,410.11½, sold to Government Rs. 20,410.11½—total Rs. 4,24,750, unclaimed wages, Rs. 544.70, finally sold for cash, Rs. 1,12,000, sold to Government Rs. 9,000—total Rs. 2,02,000. Office furniture &c. Rs. 2,121.77 Workshops at Chowpatty, Rs. 1,13,58. Alphonstone sold to Government, Rs. 70,000. Revenue—Deposits from wood duties, &c., Rs. 21,946.12-6

rents, Rs 28,757 13 10; sundries, Rs 2,534 8 1; transfer fees &c Rs 1,791—total, Rs 32,987 2 6. Received from Andhra Bank in respect of advances held by the Company Rs 17,000. Interest on calls & Rs 1,984 1 4 (amount of interest) Rs 10,078 5 1. The following is a statement of the Disbur. in m/s. General liquidation settlement for work done previous to going into liquidation, Rs 3,708 5 1; 100% liquidation and set walls—settlement for work done previous to going into liquidation, Rs 1,406 1 2 2; repairs to set wall for damage during last rains in Rs 1,810 8 5; total Rs 54,207 8 2. Breakwater settlement for work done previous to going into liquidation Rs 1,702 7 6 1; Highwater Pier—settlement for work done previous to going into liquidation Rs 10,777 13 1; Chowpatty wood slope settlement for work done previous to going into liquidation, Rs 750. Preliminary expenses with docks settlement for work done previous to going into liquidation, Rs 120 11 0. Repairs to building—settlement for work done previous to going into liquidation Rs 1,011 15 1; repairs during last rains in Rs 1,866 11 1—total Rs 18,113 1 1. Land—Rushbandi Barge and others for bidm. of purchase in m/s, Rs 15,381; Liquidis Vayles for bid Rs 9,188 6 3. Succession Appraisal Rs 33,000; Cuddalore Vayles for bid Rs 1,100 6 1; total Rs 89,218 1 9. Plant bills outstanding at time of going into liquidation, Rs 1,191 10 6. Sundry bills outstanding at time of going into liquidation Rs 1,140 1 1. Low expenses—incurred for convenience of land and Government liquidation Rs 17,919 1; interest chiefly on land purchased, Rs 4,900 10 1. Details—attainment for work done previous to going into liquidation, Rs 19,831 0 9; twice of bills to Adm. since returned Rs 100—Rs 3,465 6 0, liquidation fund—Andhra Bank advances outside of 10 shares, Rs 10 0; Remittance in full payment of land & Campbell's claims Rs 2,000. Expenses of liquidation—commission to the four States and office expenses to 15th November, Rs 76 1 2 8 1; Government—Plant &c &c taken over by Government on full payment of their claim, Rs 87 32 3 4; cash in hand in liquidation and available by Andhra Bank to which 100 shares were offered by holders, Rs 77,188 8 5. General total of disbursement—Rs 16,147 8 1. The full work is a statement of contingent liabilities—Debt to Government, Rs 748 3 60; ditto Andhra, Campbell &c Rs 2,000; ditto Abernethy & Co. Rs 16 00; ditto Wajpey, Karm & others for fuel, Rs 1,070 00; ditto lawyers, pensions Rs 30,000; ditto Commissioner, salaries, and office expenses, Rs 1,000 00; sundries Rs 50,000—total, Rs 13,911 57 6 0.

BOMBAY ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital Rs. 6,00,000 in 130 shares of Rs. 6,000 each. Wind up Rs. 1,000 per share.

LIQUIDATORS.

Pestonjee Nowrojee Pochayee
Bomensorjee Jeyebhoy

Sorabjee Framroze
G. Daniel Vargias

A first distribution of Rs. 700 per share was made on 15th November 1967.

BOMBAY SHIPPING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 50,00,000 in 1,000 in Shares of Rs. 5,000 each.

DIRECTORS.

J. G. Smith, Chairman | Thomas Bromley | A. E. Ashley

Secretaries and Treasurers—Ritchie, Stewart, & Co., Rhipinstone Cuck, Bombay.

A balance sheet to 30th June 1966 and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 31st December 1966 were filed on January 11, 1967. A summary of capital and list of share holders of the first and second issue up to 15th May 187 was filed on 15th May and a balance sheet to 31st July 1967 on 7th June. On the same day a resolution which had been passed on the 4th June to distribute Rs. 400 per share to the shareholders the shareholders and to account to dispose of the vessels of the Company was confirmed.

BOMBAY TRADING AND BANKING ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)

21 and 26 Victoria Buildings, 8th floor.

Subscribed Capital Rs. 20,00,000, in 10,000 Shares of Rs. 200 each, with power to increase to Rs. 50,00,000. Paid-up Capital Rs. 19,24,800.

LIQUIDATORS.

Nusserwanjee Muncherjee Wadia, Chairman.

Dadabhoj Rustumjee Munajee.

Dinshaw Muncherjee Petit

Kensorjee Naik.

Pestonjee Nowrojee Pochayee

Manager to Liquidators—Cooverjee Rustumjee Mody

The Association was registered on August 10th, 1963. A balance sheet to 31st December 1966 was filed on 2nd June 1967. A balance sheet to 30th June 1967 was filed on 4th October and a summary of capital and list of share holders made up to 24th September 1967, on 7th October, and a summary of capital and list of shareholders as on 30th June 1967, was filed on July 5th. A special resolution was passed on 4th and confirmed on the 30th September to wind up the Company. The first distribution of assets at Rs. 35 per share, was declared payable on 25th November 1967.

BROACH BANK AND FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION, (LIMITED.)

Broach.

Capital Rs. 80,00,000, in 80,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Acting Manager—W. Ruschkeas.

Liquidators

Hormusjee Nanabhoy

Hercjee Dwarakadas

Keshornadas Govindas

This Bank was registered on January 2nd 1901. On 24th May 1971 it was resolved to wind up the Company voluntarily, and the liquidation is being carried on at Broach.

BROKERS' LOAN, DISCOUNT AND BANKING COMPANY (LIMITED)

28, Meadow Street, Bombay.

Capital Rs. 20,00,000, in 20,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each.

Liquidators.

Gawarjee Nanabhoy

Dorabjee Framjee Panday

Rustumjee Binorjee Mody

Lakshmeeras Dharsey

Sorabjee Pallonjee Meherjee

Munjee Nursey

Manager—Ardejee Bomrajee

Agents in London—The Union Bank of London

This Company was registered on September 15th, 1901. A balance sheet to 30th June 1901 was filed in the court that August 17. A summary of the capital and list of shareholders, as on 30th July 1901, were registered on August 8th 1901. On 24th September 1901 a special resolution was passed winding up the Company was passed to.

At an ordinary meeting, on the 7th August a report was submitted that since the general meeting of the 24th November 1901, the business of the Company had been chiefly about the liquidation of outstanding debts and that there still remained the sum of Rs. 1,91,117-11-11 to be paid excluding the sum of Rs. 2,11,11-11-11 and doubtful debts. During the half year ending 30th June 1902 the gross income amounted to Rs. 1,80,822 and the expenses to Rs. 2,11,11-11-11, of this result in a surplus of Rs. 11,11-11-11. The report was adopted.

At a meeting, on 11th March 1902 a report was submitted to the effect that the business of the Company had been to Rs. 1,80,822 and the expenses to Rs. 2,11,11-11-11, of this result in a surplus of Rs. 11,11-11-11. The report was adopted. At a meeting, on 11th March 1902 a report was submitted to the effect that the business of the Company had been to Rs. 1,80,822 and the expenses to Rs. 2,11,11-11-11, of this result in a surplus of Rs. 11,11-11-11. The report was adopted. At a meeting, on 11th March 1902 a report was submitted to the effect that the business of the Company had been to Rs. 1,80,822 and the expenses to Rs. 2,11,11-11-11, of this result in a surplus of Rs. 11,11-11-11. The report was adopted.

CALCUTTA PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

5 Durgam Chatterjee Lane.

Capital Rs. 5,00,000 in 500 Shares of Rs. 1,000 each.

Paid up Rs. 750 per Share

Liquidators

Ganambhoy Dhuramsey

Bhimjee Panchotum

Hajee Tyeb Hajee Rahimtoji

4th July 1867—Dissolution of Assets Rs. 200 per share.

This Company was registered in Bombay on 3rd February 1901. A resolution to wind up the Company was filed on 17th August 1901.

CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA.

In dissolution under the deed of settlement

-4, Meadow Street

Incorporated with unlimited liability in 1866

Capital, 1,00,00,000 in 40,000 Shares of Rs. 250 each.

Fully paid up

Manager—J. W. Winter.

The deed of settlement dated November 19, 1860 was registered on August 1st, 1868. On 11th February 1901 was filed the following motion passed at a meeting of shareholders held on 15th July 1901: That the present directors, with the addition of two others, be authorised to carry the dissolution of the Company into effect in pursuance of the power in that behalf contained in the Company's deed of settlement and report thereon to the Company in general meeting, after the expiration of six months. That Ardamjee Eduljee Churny and Lakshmeeras Dharsey be elected new directors.

A report of the directors presented to a meeting of the shareholders on June 5th stated that the resolution to entrust the dissolution of the Bank to the directors had been substantially complied with. The liabilities of the Bank, which amounted in June 1901 to more than a crore of rupees, had been met regularly at due dates as far as they matured, and the only remaining liabilities were ten lakhs on a fixed deposit due in 1970, and Rs. 50,000-13-11 due to the London and County Bank. The Bank held what was virtually a note to the extent of three lakhs against the deposit of ten lakhs. The

amounts expected to be realized on the different assets of the Bank were estimated on 15th May as follows—

	Rs	l	p.
Bills discounted and loans considered good ..	875,998	0	10
Portion of do do entered in Balance Sheet as ..			
doubtful	480,000	0	0
Past Due Bills on London do	510,000	0	0
Value of Land in Bombay	20,000	0	0
Do in China	30,000	0	0
Do of Dead Stock	10,000	0	0
Cash on hand	1,32,668	13	10
	Rupees	20,39,668	0 8

The amount of liabilities deducted from this sum would leave a balance of about five lakhs to be divided amongst the holders of the shares in the hands of the public (1.00 shares are held by the Bank). All the branches had been closed except the London office. The directors had invited Mr Cassamjee Dhurumsey, a large shareholder, to join the Board.

A Balance Sheet as at 15th May 1867, showed the amount of paid up capital to be Rs 90 lakhs 300 unclaimed dividends Rs 10,5 8 0 balance due to London Bankers Rs 5,09,800 12 1/2 fixed deposit (due 15th January 1870) Rs 10,00,000 sundry unclaimed balances Rs 34,007 0 3 suspense account Rs 394 15 3,—total Rs 111 7, 1/2, which was covered by assets as follows—Cash Rs 1,32,668 13 10 bills discounted and loans considered good (including securities) Rs 875,998 0 10 considered doubtful Rs 480,000 0 0, total Rs 13,12,668 13 10, past due bills on London (on which dividends have to be realized) Rs 510,000 0 0 sundry bills Rs 80,000 0 0 land in Bombay (cost) Rs 70,000 0 0, landed property in China (cost) Rs 70,000 0 0 dead stock Rs 1,00,000 0 0 stamps on hand Rs 4,000 0 0 provisional account (over) for bad and doubtful debts (being balance after writing off ascertained bad debts and expenses of dissolution at head office and branches) Rs 13,10,711 1/2.

December 31st 1867, 1st Distribution of Rs 50 per share

CENTRAL INDIA FINANCIAL CORPORATION (LIMITED.)

Rampart Row.

Capital Rs. 80,00,000 in 20,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Paid up Rs 50 per Share.

Liquidators—M. Roonan and Keshowrao Bhaskerjee.

This Corporation was registered on 3rd January, 1867, and a resolution to have it wound up voluntarily was filed in February 1868.

COMMERCIAL BANK CORPORATION OF INDIA AND THE EAST.

Rampart Row,—Head Office—61, Moorgate Street, London, E.C.

Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1865.

Capital £1,000,000 in 40,000 Shares of £25 each.

Official Liquidator—W. H. Holyland, London.

Official Liquidator in Bombay—G. F. Remington & Co.

17th Dec 1867—First dividend of 10s in the pound.

An influential meeting of the Commercial Bank Corporation of India and the East was held on 21st May at the offices of the Bank in Rampart Row for the purpose of taking into consideration certain propositions for the resuscitation of the Bank. Mr Chamberlain occupied the chair. The following resolution, proposed by Mr Byramjee Jeebhoy, was unanimously carried, "That the shareholders present most cordially approve of and accept the proposal of the 17th April 1867, now submitted to this meeting, for the resuscitation of the business of the Bank, and that the gentlemen whose names appear at the foot of this resolution are hereby appointed a committee in Bombay (with power to add to their number) to assist in carrying out the arrangements necessary to give effect to this resolution, with power to the Committee to take such steps, either by the appointment of a sub-committee or otherwise as they may consider desirable for having the interest of the Bombay shareholders represented in London, and that five of such committee do form a quorum. The Honble Munguldam Nathoojee, Dr A. Dallas, Mr E. D. Sassoon, Mr Byramjee Jeebhoy, Mr Ardassar Bomanjee Kote, Mr Hajee Ismail Hajee Hubib, Mr S. L. Acland, Mr A. O. Gumpert, Mr. G. F. Remington, Mr J. Hankin, Mr Vengalrao Jeynath and Mr Robert Angus.

On the day following a meeting of the creditors of the Bank was held, at which the following motion was, on the motion of Mr Gurnestee Poonjee Powalle, seconded by Mr. David Laljee carried unanimously—"That the creditors present agree to accept payment of the balance of their claims against the Commercial Bank Corporation of India and the East by the instruments and on the terms specified in the proposal dated 16th April, 1867, now submitted to this meeting with the reservation of all rights against third parties on securities it being an express condition of this resolution that the liability of the present shareholders of the Commercial Bank Corporation of India and the East shall remain until the whole of the creditors' claims shall have been satisfied, and recommend the creditors generally to give their consent."

A meeting of the Bombay shareholders of the Commercial Bank Corporation was held in the Office of Messrs. Dulla and Company on the 6th of September last, for the purpose of taking steps with reference to a proposed call of £10 per share. Mr. Dulla occupied the chair. The chairman in stating the object of the meeting explained that the Commercial Bank Corporation was not constituted like the ordinary Banks and Corporations in Bombay, but was constituted by special charter granting the liability of shareholders and giving other particular privileges. The shareholders had already paid up Rs. 25, and it had occurred to several people who had considered the matter that the Court would not order the shareholders to contribute this second and fresh capital till it had been ascertained whether the first capital had been expended in paying the liabilities of the Bank. After some other remarks to the effect that the present call was quite unnecessary, Mr. Dulla requested the shareholders then present to sign an agreement by which he and Messrs. Haysen Woods, and Ardmore & Company should be empowered on behalf of other shareholders to appoint an agent in England, and take whatever steps they might think advisable to have the affairs of the Bank investigated by the Court of Chancery. This was agreed to, and it was resolved that the contribution towards the expenses of one rupee per share, payable upon the execution of the above agreement. The shareholders present then subscribed their names to the agreement.

A report of the directors submitted to the shareholders at their meeting on 1st May stated that since the previous meeting the liquidators had confined its efforts entirely to securing out of claims and discharging liabilities, and were now able to state that with the exception of about Rs. 50,000 the Bank's debt liabilities to the public were now discharged. The firm in the Bank's Department refused to admit report had no way of ascertaining the extent of its various losses of 684 shares. The position of the Bank with reference to a distribution of assets amongst the shareholders was at the present time,

In Cash	Rs. 61,453 3 4
Government Paper	11,27,704 10 8

Less asset liabilities on current accounts, &c	11,91,213 11 0
	88,275 2 4

Leaving a distribution	Rs. 11,21,364 11 8
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Amount of 2,274 shares in hands of public, or equal to a distribution of about Rs. 57 per share.

A balance sheet up to 31st December 1866, submitted to the meeting, showed on the debit side the following items—Capital Rs. 90,645 3-5-4, debit and liability of the Company Rs. 14,170 2-7 reserve fund Rs. 11,7 218 to 10, contingent accounts Rs. 6, 6-8-8 1-8. Estimated shares Rs. 2,200,000 10 8—total Rs. 1,25,53,421 6 1. On the credit side were the following—Part paid up in the Company Rs. 77,123 0 1, debit owing to the Company amounted to Rs. 15,09,707 9 4 and debit Rs. 20,392 10. Total Rs. 15,77,66 7 10. Cash and in the hands of Rs. 17,01,44 14 10, contingent accounts Rs. 1,12,978 2 3. There were contingent liabilities estimated at Rs. 1,51,000.

COMMERCIAL FINANCE AND STOCK EXCHANGE CORPORATION (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 80,000,000, in 20,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per Share.

Liquidators—G. S. Clay and Cursetjee Hormusjee.

This Corporation was registered on 23rd November 1864. A special resolution to wind up the Company was registered on February 20, 1866.

DECCAN COTTON CLEANING AND PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 15,00,000, in 500 Shares of Rs. 3,000 each.

Official Liquidator—A. Thomson.

This Company was registered on 16th February 1866. A copy of an order of the High Court, dated 13th October 1866, for winding up the Company, was filed on 16th April 1867. Four annas per Rupee have been paid to the creditors.

DECCAN COTTON CLEANING COMPANY.

Established in 1863.

Office No. 1, Nasbit Lane, Fort.

Capital Rs. 5,00,000 in 500 Shares of Rs. 1,000 each.

Liquidators.

A. C. Brice.

[Edujee Nusserwanjee Setna.
Jehangeer Hormusjee.

A resolution to wind up voluntarily was filed on 15th April 1867, having been passed on 9th October 1866.

EASTERN FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION (LIMITED).

Office 14, Apollo Street.

Capital Rs. 2 Crores in 50,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Paid up Rs. 100 per Share.

Official Liquidators—Rowland Hamilton and Nussarwanjee Ardaseer Wadia.

First dividend to creditors, of two annas in the rupee, 17th December 1887.

This Association was registered on 24th August, 1884. A resolution to wind up voluntarily was filed on November 14, and an order of the High Court of Bombay for winding up the Company, and appointing liquidators was registered on September 18, 1885. On 14th January 1887 a balance sheet to 31st December 1886 was filed, and also a statement of capital and list of shareholders.

On Tuesday afternoon, April 2nd, a meeting of the contributories and others interested in the liquidation of the Eastern Financial Association was held to consider a proposition for a compromise between the creditors and contributories, and to appoint a committee to confer with them, and settle finally the terms of the arrangement.

On 20th June, Mr. Justice Arnould sanctioned a general compromise, embracing the liquidators, contributories, and creditors. The compromise was opposed by the Bank of Hindustan, a large creditor, but unsuccessfully. One of the terms of the compromise was that each of the contributories should not be liable to pay more than Rs. 30 per share towards liquidating the liabilities of the Company.

EASTERN INSURANCE COMPANY.

1, Nesbit Lane,—Established in 1846.

Capital Rs. 5,00,000 in 100 Shares of Rs. 5,000 each.

Fully paid up.

Liquidators—A. E. Ashley and Hearjee Jehangoor.

A copy of a special resolution, transferring the business of the Company to a new Company of the same name, was filed on 2nd August 1883. First distribution of assets of Rs. 500 per share, 16th May 1837, second do. of Rs. 250, 27th June 1867, third do. of Rs. 250, 24th October 1867.

EAST INDIA BANK.

3, Hornby Row.

Incorporated, with Unlimited Liability.

Capital Rs. 62,50,000, in 25,000 Shares of Rs. 250 each (with power to increase).

Paid up Rs. 250 per Share.

Liquidators—Byramjee Cursetjee and Cassumbhoy Dhuramsey.

Manager for Liquidators—G. R. Wilson.

This Bank was registered on 27th July, 1864, and a resolution to wind up was filed on June 9, 1866.

EAST INDIAN TRADING AND BANKING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 20,00,000, in 10,000 Shares of Rs. 200 each

Called up Rs. 100 per Share.

Official Liquidator—P. E. Bendir.

A call of Rs. 100 per share has been made by the Court. Dividends amounting to 5 annas per rupee have been paid during the year 1867.

The official liquidator of this Company, Mr. P. E. Bendir, in a report dated 26th January 1867, stated that from the settled list of contributories, "it appears that 361 contributories are liable in respect of 7,330 shares as present members, and 125 in respect of 1,840 shares as past members. The other assets of the Company consist almost exclusively of bad and doubtful debts, amounting to about Rs. 5,70,000, which together with Rs. 1,98,000 due in respect of unpaid calls made while the Company was in existence, may realise Rs. 60,000. The ascertained liabilities exceed two lakhs of Rupees, and with further interest, contingent claims, and the cost of the liquidation will probably amount to two and a half lakhs or more. A sum of about two lakhs of rupees will therefore have to be raised by means of a general call on the contributories, and I greatly doubt whether a call of Rs. 100 per share (the balance of the amount subscribed) on the present members only, many of whom have left Bombay or are insolvent—will suffice for the discharge of the liabilities of the company." On the 25th March Mr. Justice Westropp sanctioned a call of Rs. 100 per share, to be payable on 13th April.

EAST INDIAN UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION.

Capital Rs. 5,00,000 in 100 shares of Rs. 5,000 each—Paid up Rs. 1,000 per Share.

Liquidators.—John Dixon, A. J. Macdonald, H. R. Cormack.

On 31st July 1867 a first distribution of Rs. 100 per share was made, and a second of Rs. 100 was made on 16th Sep. 1867.

ELPHINSTONE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital Rs. 5,00,000 in 500 shares of Rs. 1,000 each.

The Company made Rs. 700 per share of profit, and divided the same on 1st July 1887. A second distribution of the capital (Rs. 1,000 per share) was made on 18th Dec 1887 in accordance with a resolution to wind up the Company passed on 6th December 1886.

FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION OF EUROPE AND INDIA (LIMITED).

Borah Bazaar Street.

Capital—Rs. 90,00,000, in 22,500 Shares of Rs. 400 each, with power to increase Directors.

Shamjee Lmdha, Chairman
Kursondase VaidbhassGanjees Khetsey
Mathooradase Lowjee

A balance-sheet, made up to December 31st, 1886, and a summary of Capital and list of shareholders to 31st December 1886 were filed on 9th May 1887. A resolution, passed on 4th April, 1887, was filed on 11th April, that the Company should be wound up voluntarily. First distribution of assets of Rs. 15 per share, 17th December 1887

FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION OF INDIA AND CHINA (LD.)

Subscribed Capital, Rs. 2,40,000, in Rs. 400 Shares.

Paid up Rs. 180 per share.

Office—25 Apollo Street, Bombay.

John Smith—Liquidator

First Distribution of Assets at Rs. 15 per Share paid on 10th April 1887.	
Second Do do 15 " " 29th July 1887.	
Third Do do 15 " " 4th Nov 1887	
Fourth Do do 15 " " 10th Dec 1887	

On 1st January the Directors of this Association, in running active business operations, issued a statement to 31st December 1886 of the affairs and position of the Association in anticipation of the annual accounts due 1st March. Since 18th July preceding the business of the Association had been confined to the work of liquidation. At that date Rs. 9,14 shares had been declared forfeited leaving 41,022 on which Rs. 180 had been paid up. The dividends outstanding then amounted to Rs. 17,842, and the contingent liability for calls standing in the name of the Association was stated at Rs. 80,000. The assets considered good amounted to rupees 1,1,591, those doubtful with value at rupees 1,04,281, claims against insolvents were estimated at rupees 8,17,086. Shares held by the Association were valued at rupees 4,13,810 loans on mortgage of land rupees 6,41,160. Bills put due in England rupees 8,94,000. Miscellaneous claims and property valued at rupees 2,64,083.

On 6th March, at a meeting of Shareholders it was resolved to wind up the present Company and transfer the assets to in exchange for shares in, a new Company called the Financial Association of India (Limited).

At a meeting on 21st March, the resolution previously passed for the formation of a new Company with a reduced capital was confirmed and it was formally resolved to wind up the present Company Mr John Smith (the manager) being appointed liquidator.

On Thursday, April 4th, an extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders in the above Company was held in the office of the Company when it was unanimously resolved to confirm a resolution passed at a meeting on 21st March, to the effect that the Company should be wound up voluntarily.

At a meeting on 20th August the following was adopted on the motion of Mr Greig of the Asiatic Bank, seconded by Mr G. S. Hurrell — that it is the opinion of this meeting that the second call of rupees 80 per share made by the Board of Directors on 18th June 1886, should not be enforced in regard to those shares in the Association which have been forfeited on account of the non-payment thereof except in the case of insolvent estates on which claims have already been made and admitted, and the meeting authorities and instructs the Liquidator to act in accordance with this resolution.

FRIENDLY MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BOMBAY.

Capital 8½ lakhs of Rupees, in 150 Shares of Rs. 5,500.

Liquidators—A. D. Grant, and T. H. Moore.

A first distribution of Rs. 500 per share was made on 8th March 1887, and a second of Rs. 150 on 1st December.

The deed of association of this company was registered under the new Act on 24th July 1886. A balance sheet made up to 31st December 1886 was filed on 1st April 1887. On 18th April a resolution to wind up the Company was filed.

GENERAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION (LIMITED.)

Established 1864-65.

Capital Rs. 60,00,000, in 15,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per share.

Liquidators.—Orrumally Cassumbhoy, Cassumbhoy Dhurumsey, and Edward H. Warren.

First distribution of assets of Rs. 15 per share, 24th December, 1886

GEORGE III. JUTE AND WOOL SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY (LIMITED)

Office—14 Apollo Street.

Capital Rs. 12,50,000, in 500 Shares of 2,500 each.

Directors

Nusserwanjee Muncherjee
 Burjorjee Muncherjee
 Secretaries and Treasurers—Muncherjee Jamssetjee and Sons, 7 Church Gate Street.

Liquidators

A. Thompson

Nusserwanjee Ardassier.

This Company was registered on March 3rd, 1865. A resolution, passed on 20th June, for winding up the Company, was registered on 5th July 1867.

GOA COFFEE COMPANY (LIMITED)

Limited, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

Capital Rs. 5,00,000, in 500 shares of Rs. 1000 each.

Directors.

Robert L. Tracey
 Walter McClelland

Atherton E. Ashley
 Ruttonjee Bomonjee

Liquidators.

A. J. Ashley

John Dudley

Managers, Secretaries and Treasurers—The London Asiatic and American Company
 This Company was registered in Bombay on February 28th 1864. A resolution to wind up the Company voluntarily, passed on 4th July 1867, was filed on the 11th of the same month.

GRAND FINANCE COMPANY (LIMITED.)

8, Church Lane

Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000, in 20,000 Shares of Rs. 500 each.

Paid up Rs. 100 per Share.

Liquidators.—Robert Wallace and Pestonjee Dadabhooy,
 William Gilbert

First distribution of assets of Rs. 15 per share, 4th February 1867

At a meeting on 11th July accounts up to 31st May were submitted by the liquidators. It appeared that Rs. 1,50,588 8 7 had been realised from debts due to the Company for local bills discounted, amounting to Rs. 1,083 4 and that a further sum of Rs. 12,136 1 7 was expected to be realised. On account of claims on insolvent estates arising from time bargain share transactions Rs. 16,350 had been received and Rs. 8,45 was still expected. The report and accounts were adopted.

GUZERAT FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION.

This Association was registered on 14th February 1865. A balance sheet to December 31st 1866 was filed on 20th Feb 1867 and a summary of capital and list of Shareholders to 13th March 1867, on May 20th. A resolution for winding up the Company, passed on 24th March, was registered on 24th April 1867.

GUZERAT TRADING COMPANY.

This Company was registered on 10th April 1865. An order made by the Judge for winding up the Company was filed on 20th December 1865.

IMPERIAL BANKING AND TRADING COMPANY.

1, Nesbit Lane

Capital Rs. 50,00,000, in 24,000 Shares of Rs. 250 each, with power to increase.

Paid up Rs. 100 per Share.

Liquidators—F. S. Leathes, and A. O. Brice.

Jehangier Rustomjee Mody

This Company was registered on 1st August, 1864. A resolution was passed that the Company be wound up on June 28th, 1866.

On 11th July, Mr Justice Baggallay sanctioned a call of Rs. 50 per share on the contributors. Four annas per Rupee have been paid to creditors.

INDIAN PENINSULA, LONDON, AND CHINA BANK, (LIMITED.)

Subscribed capital Rs. 50,00,000 in 25,000 Shares of Rs. 200 each.

With power to increase to Two Crores of Rupees.

Paid-up capital Rs. 48,91,600.

Liquidators.—F. S. Bendir and A. Thomson

The Indian Peninsula Bank was registered on June 23rd, 1864. A balance sheet to December 31st, 1866, was registered on 5th February 1867, and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to 31st February 1867 on 5th March 1867; and on same date a resolution for winding up the company voluntarily.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Bank was held on 13th February 1867, (1) to accept the Report of the Directors and the audited accounts of the year ending 31st December 1866 (2) to pass a resolution to wind up the Bank voluntarily. The chair was occupied by Mr. Ardaseer Hormusjee Wadia. The Directors in their balance sheet or report did not give any estimate of the probable value of the assets of the bank, and in their report they recommended the winding up of the bank. The balance sheet showed that the number of shares taken up had been 24,508, that Rs 310 had been paid thereon, that 8503 shares had been forfeited and that the amount of capital paid up was Rs. 31,39,900. The debts for which acceptances had been given were stated at Rs. 10,94,070-7-1, debts for law expenses and house rent Rs. 19,038-11-8, debts not enumerated above Rs. 8,172-8-8 current and fixed deposits Rs. 1,88,320-11-11, amount received on account of realisation of produce mortgages to the Bank Rs. 79,438-2-8; profit and loss account Rs. 74,230-0-1; Discount on 8503 forfeited shares Rs. 10,13,012-8, money for which the company is contingently liable Rs. 1,00,334-10-8, Total Rs. 88,41,190-12-11. The money for which the company was contingently liable for calls on account of debtors was stated at Rs. 1,31,800. The property and assets of the Bank were: stock in trade Rs. 7883-14, Plant Rs. 23,730-5, Debts considered good for which the Company hold bills or other securities, Rs. 10,27,243-7-8; debts considered bad Rs. 1,39,469-8-8, debts on which loss is anticipated Rs. 14,15,838-1, Rebate account Rs. 1,74-8, Government paper Rs. 38,445-4-8, deposits in Bank of Bombay, and Union Bank of London and Cash on hand Rs. 2,13,182-3-4. From the discussion it appeared that the amount of loans granted during 1866 was Rs. 50,000, and that the amount recovered in 1866 on account of over due bills was between four and five lacs. In December 1866 the outstandings were nearly 40 lacs, and in December 1866 they were 30½ lacs. It was stated that the directors estimated the yield of 35 lacs of overdue bills to be 4½ lacs. The report of the directors was not adopted. A motion to wind up the Bank voluntarily was carried without dissent.

At a meeting of the shareholders on the 1st March, the resolution previously passed to wind up the Company voluntarily was unanimously confirmed, and Mr. Charles Iggulden, Mr. P. E. Bendir, and Mr. Alexander Thomson were appointed liquidators.

Among the assets of the Bank were 610 shares of the Commercial Bank and 719 shares of the Asiatic Banking Corporation, 500 of the latter being old shares with a liability of £20 per share, and 217 being new shares with liability of £10 just called up and £20 remaining to be called up. The total possible liability on the shares amounted to Rs. 3,33,360 of which amount Rs. 4,900 had been called up. The shares stood in the name of Mr. Iggulden formerly manager, and afterwards liquidator along with Messrs. Bendir and Thomson of the Indian Peninsula Bank. To get rid of the Bank's liability for the calls already made or which might be made, an arrangement was come to between Messrs. Bendir and Iggulden to the effect that the latter would go out of the way, by leaving India altogether, provided he received payment of the sum of Rs. 89,000, he undertaking all liability upon himself for past or future calls. Mr. Thomson could not see this to be a perfectly moral action and declined to be a party to the arrangement, but ultimately permitted himself to be talked over to becoming a party in a petition asking the High Court to take it into consideration and sanction it or do otherwise as might seem meet. The petition stated that the Indian Peninsula Bank was perfectly able to pay all its debts the calls past and future among them. The High Court sanctioned the arrangement!! Mr. Iggulden got the Rs. 89,000 and disappeared by the next P. and O. Steamship which left Bombay in a couple of days afterwards. The extraordinary character of the arrangement, and the sanction lent by a Court of Justice to it, caused so great a scandal and astonishment that Mr. Thomson declared in the columns of the *Gazette* that he never expected that any Judge would sanction such an arrangement, and had even notwithstanding judicial sanction asked his co-liquidator to carry it out without his Mr. Thomson's aid. Mr. Justice Westropp, who originally called the whole arrangement a "do," and who after consulting with the Chief Justice, sanctioned the "do," took an opportunity of explaining his reasons for giving official countenance to such a scandalous transaction. For the benefit of future historians who when writing the history of Bombay some generations hence may dig the Calendar from the lumber shelves of our local libraries, we may mention that the learned Judge's reasons will be found recorded in the columns of the *Bombay Gazette* of 16th December 1867. The actors in the transaction will have a long immortality.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF BOMBAY COMPANY (LD.)

Office—Town Hall.

Capital Rs. 50,00,000, in 5,000 Shares of Rs. 1,000 each.

Paid up Rs. 400 per Share.

Liquidators—T. C. Hayllar and Dinshaw Manookjee Petit

May 2 1866—First return of Capital of Rs. 200 per share.

July 28 1866—Second

50

December 6th, 1867—Third Rs 30 per share.

This Company was registered on March 3rd, 1865. On November 29th of the same year and 9th February 1866, resolutions were registered to the effect that the Company be wound up voluntarily.

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION (LIMITED.)

Established 1861-65.

Nominal Capital 1,00,00,000, in 20,000 Shares of Rs. 500 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per Share.

Official Liquidator—A. C. Gumpert.

March 19, 1866—First distribution of Rs. 22 8-0 per Share.

December 8, 1866—Second " 10-0 0 "

Dec 9th, 1867—Third " 30-0-0 "

This Corporation was registered on 23rd February, 1868.

IRON SHIP COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Elphinstone Circle.

Capital Rs. 25,00,000, in 500 Shares of Rs. 5,000 each.

DIRECTORS.

J. Dixon, Chairman.

H. Forman

A. D. Grant

THE COMPANY'S FLEET.

Ships.	Tonnage.	Ships.	Tonnage.
Dhoularah	1126	Hydrabad	1440
Dharwar	1440	Khandeish	1180
Compta	1180	Omrawuttie	1050

This Company was registered on July 15th, 1863. A balance sheet made up to December 31st, 1866, and a summary of capital and shares to July 31st, 1867, were filed on 18th June 1867. On 28th September 1867 a special resolution that the company be wound up voluntarily was agreed to. Liquidators—Messrs J. Dixon, A. J. Grant, and H. Forman. On 5th August it was resolved to cancel the clause in the articles of association, which provided that in case the company should be wound up it should be so done under the supervision of the High Court.

KATTYAWAR TRADING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Rampart Row.

Capital Rs. 12,50,000 in 125 Shares of Rs. 10,000 each.

Paid up Rs. 5,000 per Share.

Liquidator—M. Kronan.

This Company was registered on 22nd June 1864. A summary of capital and list of shareholders up to 30th June 1866 was filed on 4th February 1867. An order of the High Court for winding up the company under supervision of the Court, of date 31st January 1867, was registered on 14th June 1867. A call of Rs. 2,000 per share was payable on 27th November 1867.

KHANDEISH FARMING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Established in 1864.

Capital Rs. 4,50,000 in 2,250 Shares of Rs. 200 each.

Paid up Rs. 100 per Share.

Liquidators—T. F. Punnet.

May 14, 1866—First distribution of Rs. 25 per Share.

Feb. 7, 1867—Second do Rs. 8 "

KUTCH FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)

Established in 1864-65.

Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000 in 20,000 Shares of Rs. 500 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per Share.

Liquidators—G. S. Clay and Curson & Co. Nansey.

April 7, 1866—Distribution of Rs. 20 per share.

This Association was registered on 28th February, 1865. A resolution to wind up the Company was registered on 9th January 1868.

LAWRENCE FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION.

This Association was registered on 10th April 1863, and a notice of resolution was filed that it be wound up on 13th October 1866. The company is now in liquidation under the Court of Chancery Mr E. L. Hawkins, Agent for liquidators.

LOCOMOTIVE COTTON PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital £100,000, in 10,000 Shares of £10 each.

Paid up £3-10-0 per Share.

Liquidators—Farmer and Robins, 17A, Saxe-lane, London.

August 20, 1866—First distribution of four shillings per Share.

LONDON, BOMBAY AND MEDITERRANEAN BANK (LIMITED.)

Established in 1864

Capital £2,000,000 in 200,000 Shares of £10.

Head Office—10, Clements' Lane, Lombard Street, London.

Paid up 13 per Share—£170,901.

Official Liquidators

Sir Thomas G. A. Parkyns, Bart. James Cooper

E. L. Hawkins, Agent for Liquidators

A meeting of some shareholders was held on the 16th of September in the offices of Mr Manisty solicitor for the purpose of taking such steps as might be deemed advisable for resisting the payment of the second call made by the liquidators of the London Bombay and the Mediterranean Bank and of appointing some Agent in London to protect their interests at the settlement of the list of contributors on the 13th of November 1867. After a good deal of discussion it was unanimously agreed that a sufficient amount be subscribed by the shareholders of the London and Bombay Bank to enable their agent in London to protect their interests on the occasion above alluded to. It was agreed that the subscription should be 8s per share. The following Committee was then appointed to take steps in the matter—Messrs George Alfred Barnett, Nussorwanjee, Bapooji Patil, Cowasjee Palonjee and Sudanund Balcrustna.

**MERCANTILE CREDIT AND FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION,
(LIMITED.)**

Bomunjee Hormusjee Wadia & Building Elephinstone Circle

Capital Rs 1,00,00,000 in 2,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each

Official Liquidator—P. B. Bendir

Directors

C. J. Mayhew, Chairman

Bhowany Wishwanath Ramorustna Sarba

Manager—S. J. Weatherhead

This Association was registered on November 25th 1864. A Petition was presented for leave to wind up by the Court on 16th March 1867 and in order made by the Court on 13th April. A dividend of six annas per Rupee has been paid to creditors.

On making application to the Court on the 22nd of July last, that the call of Rs 10 per share, made in April 1865 by the then Directors of the Company, should be ordered to be paid in two instalments, a promise was given to the contributors that in the event of it being found practicable to dispense with or extend the time for the payment of the second instalment, the same would not be enforced. Before, therefore, applying for a further order in the matter, it is desired to acquaint the contributors with the progress made in the liquidation. The claims preferred against the Company exceeded fifteen lakhs of Rupees, and they have been reduced by the payment of a dividend of six annas in the rupee to most of the creditors, who are not content with it, and by compromises and otherwise—exclusive of interest—to Rs 2,00,319 4 5 due to creditors who are not contributories, and to Rs. 84,926 5 9 due to those who are. An action besides for the recovery of Rs. 40,140 and interest is now pending in the High Court against the Company, and some of the creditors whose claims are included in the above figures have not yet assented to the proposed reduction. The assets exclusive of calls due by contributors, and after making allowance for the charge of the liquidation, are not likely to produce more than about Rupees fifty thousand, and a great portion of this sum will not be available until July 1868. In respect of the first instalments of the call of Rs 10 per share, the sum of Rs 32,270 remains due by contributors who have made payments on account, and a further sum of about one lakh of Rs. 14 due by others who are not known to have left Bombay or to have become insolvent. Adding to these sums the amount likely to be recovered from insolvent estates, and from the realization of the assets, a sum of about two lakhs of Rupees in all, taking the most favourable estimate, will be recovered, which would leave a deficiency of nearly one lakh of Rupees due to creditors, to be made up by the second instalment of the call already made, or, if necessary, by further calls.

Taking into account that the creditors of the Company have already considerably reduced their claims, and that the majority of them have agreed to compromise for sums of and under 12½ per cent of their claims, no further reduction in the amount of the Company's liabilities ought to be calculated upon. With a view, however, to a speedy close of the liquidation, some of the creditors have expressed

their willingness to waive their claim to so much as after the second instalment of the Call of Rs 100 per share has been enforced and distributed, may remain unpaid and in order to benefit by this further concession on the part of creditors, and in justice to those contributors, who promptly respond to the call, it will be necessary that the payment of what remains due by contributors both in respect of the first and of the second instalments be forthwith enforced.

On an application to Mr Justice Westropp in chambers, on the 1st October, a first dividend of six annas in the rupee, payable to the creditors of the Company, was sanctioned.

MOFUSSIL FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)

4, Borch Bazaar Street.

Capital Rs. 80,00,000, in 80,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per Share.

Liquidators

J. L. Diodie

G. R. Wilson

Rustomjee Burjorjee Mody

This Association was registered on 5th January, 1865. On March 6th, 1866, resolutions to have it wound up voluntarily were filed.

NATIONAL FINANCIAL OF INDIA (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 64,00,000 in 16,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per share.

Rs. 100 per Share has been called up by the Court.

Official Liquidator—P. Bendir.

This Financial was registered on December 4th, 1865. A resolution to wind up the Company passed on 21st June 1867, was registered on 31st June 1867. An order to wind up by the Court was made on 9th April 1867. Rs. 100 per share has been called up by liquidator.

ORIENTAL FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)

Office—Elphinstone Circle.

Established in 1864.

Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000, in 25,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per Share.

Liquidators—William Gilbert and Rameshjee Praggjee.

This Association was registered on 14th December 1861 and a resolution to wind up was filed on 3rd August 1867. On 3rd December 1867, a sale of the assets guaranteeing a return to shareholders of Rs. 5 per share was sanctioned. A first and final dividend of Rs. 51 per share was made on the 3rd December 1867.

The liquidator of this Company in a report dated 18th May, stated that they had "satisfied in full the liabilities of the company, with the exception of about Rs. 90,000 (still owing, but satisfactorily secured) without calling on the shareholders for a contribution. The amount collected by us by the sale of property belonging to the company is Rs. 22 L., and in respect of debts Rs. 97,917 7-9 have been received. Of the remaining 18,000 we look (with the exception of 2 1/2% shares in the Bank of China, part of which are deposited with the remaining creditors) upon about two lakhs due by the Mercantile Credit and Financial Association, Limited, only as available."

At a meeting of the shareholders on 6th June the report of the liquidators was adopted, and the resignation of Mr P. I. Bendir, one of the liquidators was accepted, a sum of Rs. 4,000 being voted to him in addition to his commission.

ORIENTAL SHIPPOWNING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 37,50,000, in 1,500 Shares of Rs. 2,500 each.

Paid up Rs. 750 per Share.

Liquidators—S. P. Framjee and D. Byramjee.

Feb. 2 1880—First distribution of Rs. 150 per Share

June 8 1867—Second " 100 "

Dec. 21 1867—Third " 75 "

June 1 1867—Fourth " 45 "

PRESIDENCY BANK (LIMITED).

40, Meadow Street
 Subscribed Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000, in 40,000 Shares of Rs. 250 each,
 With power to increase.
 Paid up Capital Rs 55,51,850
 BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Pestonjee Nowrojee Pochayee
 Dossabhoj Framjee Cama
 Nowrojee Manockjee Wadia.
 Cullchandass Mohundass.

Manager—D. Macpherson.

Auditors—J. Beattie and Hornumjee Jhangheer Dady.

London Bankers—The Union Bank of London.

This Bank was registered on August 6th, 1864. A sheet made up to June 30th, 1867, was filed on August 6th, 1867. On 10th August, a resolution was passed for winding up the Company. The Directors were appointed liquidators and have returned Rs 75 per share.

At a meeting on 26th July a report of the directors and statement of accounts up to 26th July was submitted and adopted. It was resolved that the Bank should be wound up voluntarily, and Messrs Pestonjee Nowrojee Pochayee, Dossabhoj Framjee Cama, Nowrojee Manockjee Wadia, and Cullchandass Mohundass were appointed liquidators, their remuneration to be the same as that had been paid to the directors. Mr D Macpherson, the manager, was appointed to be manager for the liquidators.

The Directors in a report submitted to the meeting of 4th July remarked that the Bank might be said to have been in liquidation since December 14th, or even before that time, for, being aware of the wishes of many shareholders that the Bank should be wound up they had almost entirely confined themselves to the collecting of outstanding. Very little fresh business had been done, but the profits on that which had been undertaken had proved sufficient to cover all working expenses and leave a small surplus to the credit of the shareholders.

The balance sheet on 29th June 1867 showed the amount of capital paid up to be Rs 55,51,850, and that there were sundry liabilities amounting to Rs 50,161 9 7, and these amounts were covered by assets as follows: House, 1 Rampart Row, (cost) Rs 105,000, office furniture, stamps, stationery, &c Rs 11,777 9 9, debts due to the company current loans, &c, secured or unsecured, considered good, Rs 3,120 8 4, part due bills considered good including value of securities, Rs 1,51,827, sundry assets considered good, Rs 37,334 cash and investment Union Bank of London Rs 8,880 12 4, Bank of Bombay Rs 4,642 9 4, amount of cash in the Bank Treasury Rs 3,14,224 0 4, Government securities Rs 1,01,810, Bombay Presidency Bank shares 11,017, Rs 1,100 adjusting account Rs 1,312 11 3 profit and loss account Rs 8,11,119 5. In the profit and loss account the following items appear:—(on the debit side) depreciation in value of dividend stock Rs 42 4 7, amount of loans (unrepaid) less value of securities taken over Rs 6,741 6, estimated amount of bad debts Rs 26,70,000 13 8 (on the credit side) net profits for the half year ending 29th June 1867 Rs 7,716 4 4, difference between cost and par value of 1,000 shares of the Bombay Presidency Bank Limited, purchased on account of the Bank, Rs 3,12,428 8 0.

ROYAL BANK OF INDIA.

Meadow Street.

Incorporated with unlimited liability.

Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000 in 50,000 Shares of Rs. 200 each.

LIQUIDATORS

Dinshaw Manockjee
 Charles Macdonald
 Nussurwanjee Maneckjee Petit
 Ahmedbhoj Hubbbhoj
 Unalsookram Hurgowandass
 Ambaram Kevalram

Manager—Sadanaad Balcrinius, Esq.

Accountant—J. Macalister

The Royal Bank was registered on August 6th, 1864. A balance sheet to 31st December 1866 was filed on 9th May 1867. A resolution to wind up the Company was passed on 29th May 1867. A dividend of rupees 54 per share has been returned.

ROYAL EAST INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital One Crore of Rupees in 5,000 Shares.

Paid up Rs 2,49,500.

Liquidator—L. Robertson.

April 2, 1866—First distribution of Rs 55 per Share.

June 4, 1866—Second " 50 "

August 15, 1866—Third " 20 "

Nov 2, 1866—Fourth " 10 "

This Company was registered on 26th April 1864. A resolution to wind up was filed on 15th February 1866.

ROYAL EAST INDIAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital, One Crore of Rs 17,5,000 Share.

Paid up Rs 4,40,500.

Liquidator—L. Robertson.

Six distributions of assets have been made—viz., on 2nd April 1887, Rs 55 per share, on 4th June 1888, Rs 70 per share, on 1th August, 1889, Rs 20 per share, on 2nd November 1888, Rs 10 per share, on 4th January 1891, Rs 11 per share, on 26th May, 1897, Rs 10 per share.

ROYAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION (LIMITED)

20, Marine Street.

Capital Rs. 50,00,000, in 15,001 Shares of Rs. 400 each

Paid up Rs 50 per Share

Liquidators—Sudhind Kulkarni and Nanabhoj Sorabjee.

This Financial was registered on 14th February 1885. A special resolution for winding up the Company was passed on 1th July 1886, and registered on August 8th, 1887.

UNION BANK OF BOMBAY (LIMITED)

83, Meadow Street

Capital Rs 30,00,000 in 10,000 Shares of Rs. 300 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per Share.

Liquidators—A. Thomson, John Westlake, and Sorabjee Tamooljee.

This Bank was registered on February 25th, 1865. A resolution to wind up voluntarily was passed on November 1th, 1890, and filed on 23rd February 1891. Rs 10 per share was distributed on 6th November 1897.

UNION FINANCIAL CORPORATION (LIMITED.)

2, Dean Lane, Fort

Subscribed Capital Rs 1,20,00,000.

Paid up Rs 100 per share.

Liquidators—Hormusjee Dhunjeebhoy Gheesta.

A. Thomson, John Westlake, Sorabjee Tamooljee.

This Corporation was registered on November 25th 1884. On 13th February, a resolution to wind up the Company voluntarily, passed on 1st August 1890, was filed.

UNION SHIPPING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Office—Lighthouse Circle

Capital Rs. 12,00,000 in 240 Shares of Rs. 5,000 each.

Paid up Rs 2,500 per share on 191 Shares

Liquidator—C. D. Bann.

August 1, 1885—First return of Capital of Rs. 350 per Share.

July 25, 1887—Second " 300 "

Nov 5, 1887—Third " 500 "

Dec 18, 1887—Fourth " 400 "

UNITED MERCANTILE COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs 20,00,000, in 5,000 Shares of Rs. 500 each.

Paid up Rs. 100 per Share

Liquidators—R. N. Wylie, and Curesjee Nowrojee Wadia.

Agents for Liquidators—Lwart Latham & Co.

Dec 15, 1885—First distribution of Rs 18 per Share.

June 15, 1886—Second " 12 "

Aug 12, 1887 Third " 8 "

Sept 2, 1887—Fourth " 18 "

This Company was registered on 27th September 1884. A resolution to wind up the Company and hand over the balances to the United Mercantile Banking Company was filed on 20th November 1884.

UNIVERSAL BANK AND FINANCIAL CORPORATION.

(LIMITED)

No 2, Rampart Row.

Capital Rs. 30,00,000, in 20,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per Share

Liquidators.—Narayan Crustna Land and Govind Bakorustna.

September 1886—First distribution of assets Rs 88 per Share.

This Company was registered on January 11th, 1885. A special resolution that the Company should be wound up, was filed on May 20th, 1886. A balance sheet to 31st March 1887 was filed on 3rd May 1887.

VENAYEK FURREED COMPANY (LIMITED.)

This Company was registered on 30th October 1912. A special resolution to wind up the Company passed on 18th December 1922, was filed on April 4, 1927.

VICTORIA FINANCE AND BULLION ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)

No. 2 Nesbit Lane.

Capital Rs. 50,00,000 in 15,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per Share on 9,256 Shares.

Liquidators.

Thaker Damodar Jethabhai Bangallee } Thaker Gellabhai Jairam Bangallee
Nodividend has yet been paid.

VICTORIA PATENT BRICK COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Office—Apollo House.

Established in 1864.

Capital Rs. 20,00,000 in 200 Shares of Rs. 1,000 each.

Paid up Rs. 900 per Share.

Liquidators.

Oursetjee Nasserwanjee Cama

Dossabhoj Framjee Cama

Nasserwanjee Ardaseer Wadia

Merwanjee Ramonjee

This Company was registered on 29th July 1911. An order to wind up was obtained from the Court in March 1927 and was registered on 29th November 1927.

VIEGAS PATENT SLIP AND FOUNDRY COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Subscribed Capital Rs. 15,00,000, in 3,000 Shares of Rs. 500 each.

DIRECTORS.

Oursetjee Nasserwanjee Cama.

R. A. Dallas.

Dossabhoj Framjee Cama.

Nasserwanjee Ardaseer Wadia.

Amader Viegas.

Pestonjee Nowrojee Poochajee.

Secretary—Sorabjee Framrose.

4th April 1927—First distribution of assets, Rs. 100 per Share.

December 27th 1927—Second distribution of assets of Rs. 80.

This Company was registered on November 22nd, 1904. A summary of capital and list of shareholders, made up to November 22nd, 1917, were filed on the 20th of that month. On 8th April 1927 a special resolution passed on 18th March 1927, was filed "That the Company be wound up voluntarily," and that liquidators should be appointed with power to sell the business of the Company to the Viegas Slip Company (Limited) and to receive for it 5000 shares of the nominal value of Rs. 250 each in the last named Company.

WESTERN INDIA FINANCE AND EXCHANGE CORPORATION (LIMITED.)

23, Apollo Street.

Established in 1903.

Capital Rs. 80,00,000, in 16,000 Shares of Rs. 500 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per Share.

Liquidators.

Motiram Bhughoobhai

Dwarkanath Juggonnath

Merwanjee Framjee

Muncherjee Cowasjee

This Association was registered on 20th December 1901, and a resolution to wind up was filed on 26th October 1916. A balance sheet made up to 26th September 1916 was registered on 18th April 1917, and a balance sheet to 31st September 1927, on 23rd Oct.

A meeting was held on 11th November, at which a report was submitted by the liquidators and was adopted. Mr. Muncherjee Cowasjee, one of the liquidators, entered a protest against a compromise by his Co-liquidators with Treasuries Vellje, one of the late directors. On the 11th December 1927 a first dividend of Rs. 3 per share was paid.

WESTERN INDIA HOTEL COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Office—No. 1, Bruce Lane, Fort.

Capital Rs. 10,00,000, in 4,000 Shares of Rs. 250 each.

Liquidators—Hamilton Maxwell, J. A. Forbes, and G. W. Terry.

In November last Rs. 20 per Share were returned.

This Company was registered on September 12th, 1919. On 23rd January 1927 were filed balance sheet made up to 31st March 1915, summary of capital and list of shareholders to 31st March 1916, and copies of directors' reports dated 31st September 1924 and 10th May 1916. A resolution to wind up the Company was passed on 14th June 1927. On the 14th June, the resolution that the Company should be wound up voluntarily passed on 30th May, was confirmed.

WESTERN INDIA SHIP COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Capital Rs. 10,00,000 in 200 Shares of Rs. 5,000 each.

Paid up Rs. 1,500 per Share

Liquidators—Volkart Brothers.

This Company was registered on 24th September 1867

First distribution of Rs. 32½ per share on 16th Sept 1867

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital Rs. 75,00,000 in 150 shares of Rs. 5,000 each, Paid up Rs. 1,000 per Share.

Liquidator.—A. E. Ashley.

31st Oct 1867—First distribution of Rs. 400 per share.

A resolution to wind up the Company was passed on 4th June and registered on 6th June, 1867

III.—Companies finally wound up.**INDO-EGYPTIAN, LONDON AND BOMBAY BANK (LIMITED.)**

Capital Rs. 1,10,00,000, in 25,000, shares of Rs. 400 each.

Liquidator—D. Hogarth.

Amalgamated with the National Bank of India.

This Bank was registered on 14th March 1861. On 16th December, 1865, special resolutions were filed to the effect that the Company be wound up and amalgamated with the National Bank of India

NORTHERN FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION OF INDIA (LIMITED.)

2 Tamarind Lane, Fort.

Capital Rs. 60,00,000 in 15,000 Shares of Rs. 400 each.

Paid up Rs. 50 per Share.

Liquidators

Khakeebhoy Pudumsey

Vishnoo Gunes

This Association was registered on January 17th, 1861. On 7th June a resolution passed on 3rd June, was registered, that the report and accounts of the Liquidators be adopted, and the Company finally closed from that day

At a meeting on 31st June a final report and statement of accounts submitted by the liquidators was adopted

PRINCE OF WALES' SHIPPING COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Nominal Capital Rs. 16,00,000 in 400 Shares of Rs. 4,000 each.

Paid up Rs. 2,500 per share

Agents for Liquidators—Kewst Litham & Co.

October 30 1865—First distribution of Rs. 213 per Share.

March 6 1866—Second " 170 "

August 1 1866 Third " 90 "

This Company was registered on 1st September 1865. A resolution to wind up was filed on 16th January 1866 and a resolution was passed on 19th August 1867 that the affairs of the Company have been finally wound up, and that the Company is finally wound up.

UNITED VICTORIA AND COLABA RECLAMATION AND PIER COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Office—Elphinstone Circle

Paid-up Capital Rs. 2,48,00,000.

Directors.

G. M. Stewart, Chairman.

Hon. Framjee Nusserwanjee.

Dinshaw Manockjee.

O. M. Kerr.

J. A. Forbes.

Rowland Hamilton.

Secretaries and Treasurers—Remington & Co.

This Company was registered on February 22nd, 1855. On 15th May 1867 a balance sheet to January 31st, 1867, was filed and a summary of capital and list of shareholders to May 31st was filed, on the 31st of that month. On 15th May were registered special resolutions passed on 3rd May 1867 for winding up the Company voluntarily, and for authorising the liquidators to purchase interest of dissenting members, and also a special resolution passed on 18th April 1867 giving authority to liquidators to transfer the business of the Company to the Colaba Company

On the 26th February the liquidators made a call of Rs. 150 per share, payable on or before 15th March.

List of Insolvents during 1867.

LIST OF PERSONS WHO HAVE FILED PETITIONS IN THE INSOLVENT COURT.

The following is a list of persons who have filed petitions during 1867 in the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors praying for the benefit of Act 11 Vic, c. 11. The date following the name is the date of the order (passed immediately after the filing of the petition) vesting the estate and effects of the insolvent in the Official Assignee. Particulars of the amount of assets and liabilities and of the date of the insolvent's discharge by the court are also given. It may be explained that where it is stated that the discharge was adjourned for a period of time, this adjournment had the effect of a punishment on the insolvent it being unaccompanied by any "protection order."

Sir Charles Sargent was Commissioner of the Court from 7th January till 1st April inclusive, Sir Joseph Arnould from 15th April to 3rd June, and Mr. Justice Fuchs since that time.

- Abba Jamall, firewood merchant,—May 13 Debts, Rs 4 192 6-3, no assets. On June 17, discharge adjourned for three months. Discharged on September 16.
- Abboo Ali, general merchant —April 3
- Abdool Isakub Shah Mahomed, Abdool Currim Abdool Lateb and Aboo Bucker Abdool Lateb, ship merchants —April 8 Debts, Rs 2 710 13 1, no assets.
- Abdool Rahim Bessack, and Emma his wife milk sellers and Ibrahim Abdool Rahimon, hack buggy keeper —June 17 Debts Rs 1,174, no assets. Discharged on August 5.
- Abdoola Rahimon, contractor, and Chunda woman —August 5 Debts Rs. 1 337 8, no assets.
- Abdool Rahimon Baloo, calasee,—May 20
- Abdool Rahimon Peer Mahomed, dealer in outlery,—May 20. Debts Rs 515-4 11, no assets. Discharged on June 17.
- Abdoola Naqum and Goochoo Naqum, courtezans —June 24 Debts Rs 3,421, no assets. Discharged on August 19.
- Aboo Onkurda and Ibrahim Sayib general merchants,—March 21
- Ahmed bin Goolam Mahomed, Boodoo bin Goolam Mahomed, Fatima his wife Hayatloo widow, Ibrahim Jewah and Hoosem Ismail —April 30 Debts Rs 1 589 12 10, bad assets Rs 422 9 9.
- Ahmed Casum, fruit seller,—May 30 Debts Rs 868 9 4, no assets. Discharged on July 1.
- Ahmed Jamalooden broker,—February 14 Debts, Rs 798 1-3, no assets. Discharged on April 1.
- Ahmed Kahmin Ibrahim Ahmed, and Ayeib Ahmed carpenters —July 15 Debts, Rs 8 27 13 3, no assets. On September 16 the second and third insolvents were discharged, and the discharge of the first insolvent adjourned for 3 months.
- Ahmud Salay hack cart keeper,—November 18
- Ahmed Saya and Joozab Saya, carpenters,—July 10 Debts, Rs. 483-12 7, bad assets Rs 903-10. Petition dismissed on October 7.
- Ainsworth, George, clerk—December 2
- Alladimbboy Hubbiboy adjudged insolvent on January 7
- Ameena, courtesan,—May 20 Debts Rs 790 6 0, no assets. Discharged on July 1.
- Ameeroodeen Fucker Mahomed, clerk,—May 16 Debts Rs 1 377-7-9, no assets. Discharged on August 6.
- Annajet Lumba cart driver —May 20. Debts, Rs 1,814-15-0, no assets. Discharged on July 1.
- Annajeo Cassiba Bouker, cart driver —April 2
- Annajeo Sooryajeo, dealer in toddy,—January 7. Debts, Rs 822-1-11, no assets. Discharged on February 18.
- Annunda Luckhas, potter,—July 27 Debts, Rs 7 692-4, good assets, Rs 735. Petition dismissed on October 7.
- Anunjee Dewjee, broker,—June 8
- Anundebier, courtesan,—February 18 Debts, Rs 518, no assets. Discharged on April 1.

- Anundrao Pandoorung, writer,—May 6. Debts, Rs. 1,136-4-0; no assets. On July 15 discharge adjourned for 6 months.
- Aidaseer Hyramjee, writer,—February 27. Debts, Rs. 4,067-10-2; bad assets, Rs. 400. Discharged on April 15.
- Aidaseer Cussetjee Dady, merchant,—January 7. Debts, Rs. 5,77,978-5-7; no assets. On July 1 leave given to withdraw petition.
- Ardaseer Limjee, merchant—January 21. Debts, Rs. 132,782; good assets, Rs. 60,096-1, bad assets, Rs. 10,811; doubtful assets, Rs. 1061-2. Discharged on May 6.
- Ajjoon Ramjee, sawyer,—March 2. Debts, Rs. 1,200-12-0; no assets. Discharged on April 15.
- Ayah Chandhee and Neorbee (women) unemployed,—June 20. Debts, Rs. 812-2-3; bad assets, Rs. 1,200. On August 19 petition dismissed.
- Balajee Annjee, pieceman,—September 16. Debts, Rs. 770-8-4; no assets. Discharged on November 4.
- Babajee G. unsett. Hurry Crustnasett, ard Ramset Madset, goldsmiths,—June 12. Debts, Rs. 576-7-8; no assets. Discharged on August 6.
- Babajee Rashtra, Mahadoo Limbajee, and Narayan Gonnajee, cart drivers,—July 15. Debts, Rs. 3,938-14; no assets. Discharged on September 2.
- Babajee Succuram, bricklayer,—May 20. Debts, Rs. 790-10-0; no assets. Discharged on June 17.
- Baba Sonajee, clerk,—January 13. Debts, Rs. 948-5-4; no assets. Discharged on March 3.
- Biboo Bhicksett, dealer in spices,—January 7. Debts, Rs. 878-10-3; no assets. Discharged on February 18.
- Biboo Dewjee, writer,—November 18.
- Babunbhoy Dadabhoy and Chandbee (widow) milk vendors,—February 22. Debts, Rs. 373-4, no assets. Discharged on April 15.
- Balcrustna Damajee, contractor,—March 2. Debts, Rs. 31 838-0-2; good assets, Rs. 3,554-11-6. Discharged on April 1.
- Balcrustna Ragoonath carpenter,—July 15. Debts, Rs. 1,480-7-0; no assets. Discharged on September 2.
- Ballajee Bhugwantrao, clerk,—April 13.
- Balsett Baboojee, shopkeeper,—November 30.
- Baloo bin Baloo bricklayer,—April 27. Debts, Rs. 1,947; no assets. Discharged on November 16.
- Banjee Dhurumasey, merchant,—May 11. Debts, Rs. 81,001-4-4; good assets, Rs. 47,850, bad ditto Rs. 1,650. On July 1 discharge adjourned for 6 months.
- B. pojee Juggonath, carpenter,—January 7.
- Lipoolall Motilali sharebroker,—November 30.
- Bajoo Marooter, Govind Babajee, and Ooma Pandoo, cart drivers,—February 18. Debts, Rs. 615-1-9; bad assets, Rs. 1 138-1-7. Discharged on April 15.
- Bennett Captain John, unattached list,—October 9.
- Bhandasa Pranjeewandas, mehta,—July 22.
- Bhanjee Ludha and Jetta Bhanjee, dealers in firewood,—March 2.
- Bha-ler Bhoysett writer—June 3. Debts, Rs. 909-13-1; no assets. On September 2 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on December 2.
- Bhawoo Ragoonath, Wamon Gunneesh, Narayan Gunneesh, writers, and Bhimabsee, widow,—February 16. Debts, Rs. 3,140 8-0; no assets. Discharged on April 1.
- Bhevjee Bhagojee, stone cutter,—July 15. Debts, Rs. 600-3; no assets. Discharged on September 2.
- Bhiccajee Chanjee and Canjee Bhiccajee, unemployed, and Rustomjee Bhiccajee, (carpenter)—October 15. Debts, Rs. 1,173-8-1, no assets. On December 2 discharge of Canjee Bhiccajee, adjourned for three months, other two discharged.
- Bhicoo Ajjoon, clerk,—April 10. Debts, Rs. 2,624-2-11; no assets. Discharged on June 3.
- Bhicoo Manockjee, carpenter,—May 30. Debts, Rs. 2 002-7-1; bad assets, Rs. 1 100. Discharged on July 15.
- Bhowani Luximon and Dhondes Bhowani, milk vendors,—May 2. Debts, Rs. 2 016-6-1; no assets. Discharged on August 6.
- Bhugwanbhoy Hurgovundas, general merchant,—August 15. Debts, Rs. 284,684-2-9; good assets, Rs. 14,982-13-9; bad assets, Rs. 214,923-5; doubtful assets, Rs. 25,581-8-3. On September 16 discharge adjourned for two months.
- Bhuvawuntrao Morojee, writer,—March 16. Debts, Rs. 13,999-12-0. No assets. Discharged on June 17.

- Bhut Veerjee Rawajee and Samuljee Lawajee dealers in piece goods,—March 2. Debts, Rs 77,115-13-8, good assets, Rs 10,897-15-2; bad ditto, Rs 365-10-7. On April 15 discharge adjourned for 3 months. On July 15 first insolvent discharged; on August 6 second insolvent discharged.
- Blomfield, Beza, Draper,—December 5
- Boola Ca ur, cook, and Noorbas his wife —September 9. Debts, Rs. 516 11-4, good assets, Rs 15. Discharged on November 4.
- Brau, Edward Henry Contractor,—September 24.
- Biggs, Garford, Exchange Broker,—February 20.
- Burjee Rustomjee, carpenter,—May 30. Debts, Rs 7,796-12-1; no assets. Discharged on July 15.
- Burrows, J. D., Clerk —February 2. Debts Rs. 1,330-11-4; bad assets Rs 800. Discharged on April 1.
- Burton, Charles W., engineer,—February 16. Debts, Rs 1,555-12-6; no assets. Discharged on March 18.
- Buxsebhoy Valesbhoy, tinmaker,—April 22. Debts, Rs 893 8-10, no assets Discharged on June 17.
- Byramjee Nanabhoy Framjee, lately a general merchant and commission agent —December 2.
- Campbell, John, assistant to Scott, McClelland and Co.,—January 8 Debts, Rs 2,80 472, no assets Ordered on March 2 to stand over for three months Discharged on June 17.
- Canjee Mooljee and Jaffer Meesally, general dealers,—April 25. Debts, Rs. 1,565 5-4; no assets On June 17, first insolvent sent to prison for three months, and petition of second insolvent dismissed.
- Cassimth Dadajee, Government pensioner,—Jan 16 Debts, Rs. 4,014-4-1; good assets, Rs. 2,140. Discharged on March 18.
- Cassibae, woman, unemployed, and Bluma Appa Busrung Appa, dealers in tobacco,—Feb 2. Debts, Rs 7,012; no assets On April 15 discharge adjourned for 2 months. Discharged on June 17.
- Cassidas Jaikeandass, broker,—September 2. Debts, Rs 1,041-14; no assets. Discharged on October 31.
- Cassidas Jaikeandass, broker,—June 3
- Cassinath Pandorung, carpenter,—August 20 Debts, Rs. 624-6 8, no assets. Discharged on October 21.
- Cassum Hassum and Adam Hassum, chunnam dealers,—July 15 Debts, Rs 11,587-9-9, good assets, Rs. 1,999 4 6, bad assets, Rs 728-11-10. Petition dismissed on September 2
- Cassum Jaffer, ballast supplier,—May 6.
- Cassumkhan Vullud Amierkhan, sweetmeat dealer,—April 27. Debts, Rs. 1,062-18-8; no assets
- Chalmers, James B., contractor,—February 11. Debts, Rs 21 035-6-11; no assets. Discharged on July 15.
- Chetham, William Fisher, preventive officer,—January 11. Debts, Rs. 1,666; no assets. Discharged on March 2.
- Chumajee Sumboojee, doctor,—March 2. Debts, Rs. 840-8-2, no assets Discharged on April 15
- Obintamon Jewanjee, English writer,—August 19. Debts, Rs. 1,305-10-9, no assets. On October 21 petition dismissed.
- Choonlal Manordass, unemployed,—November 11.
- Chowthmull Surroopchand, broker,—September 17. Debts. Rs. 5 736; good assets, Rs 2,087. On October 21 discharge was adjourned for 2 months.
- Cohen, Michael Coleman, merchant —Feb. 1. Debts, Rs 36,140, good assets, Rs 150, bad ditto, Rs. 57,211-0-1, doubtful ditto, Rs 17-8. Discharged on April 1.
- Condajee Muthajee, milk vendor,—April 1. Debts, Rs. 1,913-11-1; no assets. Discharged on May 20.
- Cooverjee Cawasjee, unemployed,—July 23. Debts, Rs. 8,615-3-10; no assets. Discharged on October 7
- Cooverjee Kuttonjee, Europe shopkeeper,—August 19. Debts, Rs. 11,175-6-5; bad assets, Rs. 2,378-9-6 Discharged on October 21.
- Cooverjee Queens, broker,—June 4
- Cowajee Bomonjee, English writer,—September 18. Debts, Rs. 6,145-9-8; no assets On November 18 discharge adjourned for 3 months.
- Cowajee Jehangeerjee, watchmaker,—September 14. Debts, Rs. 1,835-13-9; no assets. Discharged on December 2.
- Cowajee Nowiojee, picture frame maker,—January 29. Debts, Rs. 6 489 9-6, good assets, Rs. 100; doubtful ditto, Rs 93-11-6 Discharged on March 15.

- Cowasjee Sorabjee, unemployed,—May 6. Debts, Rs 17,673 1-0; doubtful assets, Rs. 3,828-3-7 On June 3 discharge adjourned for 1 month On July 1, discharged.
- Cowley, Henry, cotton inspector,—May 27
- Crustna Wania, courtesan,—February 18 Debts, Rs 840-1; no assets. Discharged on April 15
- Crustnajeo Comajee, cart driver,—August 19. Debts, Rs 3,936; no assets. On September 16 discharge adjourned for a month. Discharged on October 31
- Crustnajeo Wiswanath, writer,—March 2. Debts, Rs. 678-12-7, no assets Discharged on April 15.
- Qabee Yaroo, Camall Yaroo, and Peeroo Camall, bakers,—October 29. Debts, Rs 1,402-14-4, no assets.
- Calliandass Mohundass, native doctor,—July 15. Debts, Rs. 4,913-7, bad assets, Rs 464-7. On September 2 discharge adjourned for 3 months Discharged on November 4
- Callianjee Cunnimchand, broker,—January 21. Debts Rs 71,680-10-3; no assets. Discharge adjourned on March 2 for 3 months Discharged on June 8
- Curesjee Sorabjee, clerk,—April 18. Debts, Rs. 1,125 11-3, bad assets, Rs. 1,085-15-6 On June 17 insolvent ordered to be imprisoned for 8 months and to remain without his discharge and without protection for 6 months thereafter
- Gatta, Charles, contractor,—March 8. Debts, Rs. 7,366-9-0, good assets, Rs 2,163 Discharged on May 6.
- Dadabhoy Cowasjee, clerk,—March 11 Debts, Rs. 1,457 4-11; no assets. Discharged on May 6
- Dadabhoy Curesjee,—writer,—March 12.
- Dadabhoy Dhunjeebhoy, dealer in liquors,—June 3. Debts, Rs. 1,890; no assets. Discharged on July 15.
- Dada Hakim Vullud Haroon, sawyer,—July 1 Debts, Rs 1,940, no assets Petition dismissed on October 7
- Dady Curesjee, unemployed,—October 7 Debts, Rs 77,100-10-11, no assets.
- Dajeel a Pandoorung, writer,—January 7 Debts, Rs 2,025-13-6, no assets Discharged on February 18
- Dajee Vishram and Belba (woman), unemployed,—June 24. Debts, Rs. 1,769 3-9; no assets. Discharged on September 2
- Dala, Richard broker,—June 14 Debts, Rs 91,397-5-7, no assets On August 19, discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on November 18
- Demajee Ramjee, washerman,—July 13 Debts, Rs. 821-9-6, no assets. Petition dismissed on September 2
- Demother Moolasjee, broker,—June 7.
- Demotherjee Mohungar and Rahimtoola Jan Mahomed, unemployed, and Gaeewehaer, courtesan,—April 15. Debts, Rs. 1,812-6-5, no assets. Discharged on June 3.
- Dewasjee Govind Gholab, (cart driver) Luxmee (his wife), Sirputtes Witloo (cart driver) and Janooobhai Vullud Kagoobhae, (muccadum)—July 20 Debts, Rs 2,660-3-6, no assets Petition dismissed on September 16
- Dewcurn Valljee, piece goods seller,—October 7. Debts, Rs 16,295 12-0; doubtful assets, Rs 5,389-14-9 On November 4, discharge adjourned for a month. On December 2 petition dismissed.
- Dewjee Bhaskar, carpenter,—September 30. Debts, Rs. 1,694 13-9, no assets.
- Dewjee Khetace, Walljee Dewjee, and Govind Dewjee, blacksmith,—August 19. Debts, Rs 2,092-2-2, no assets Discharged on October 7
- Dewjee Premjee, general merchant,—August 21. Debts, Rs. 1,011-6-2, good assets, Rs 486, bad assets, Rs. 5,286-12-5.
- Dewkybae, widow, dealer in vegetables,—September 30 Debts, Rs. 293 3-10, no assets Discharged on December 2
- Dhacoojee Kessowjee, carpenter,—May 7. Debts, Rs 549 8-2, no assets Discharged on July 1
- Dhondoo Suttojee, Kettoo Dhondoo, and Gungabae, laborers, November 18
- Dhondoo Juggonath, Marathe writer,—August 5 Debts, Rs 2,129 11, good assets, Rs 1,247-10-11, bad assets, Rs 210 Petition dismissed on October 7.
- Dhunjeebhoy Bomanjee, carpenter,—July 25. Debts, Rs 3,182-11-6, no assets. On October 21, discharge adjourned for 2 months.
- Dhunjeebhoy Dinshaw, unemployed,—June 11. Debts, Rs. 1,078-11-0, no assets. On August 19 petition dismissed.
- Dhunjeebhoy Dorabjee Nava, general merchant,—September 10. Petition dismissed on October 21.
- Dhunjeebhoy Framjee, unemployed,—September 14. Debts, Rs. 59,482 4-10; good assets, Rs. 5,500.

- Dunjeebhoy Jehangeerjee and Pestonjee Dhunjeebhoy, merchants,—April 29. Debts, Rs. 3,98,537-3-8; good assets, Rs. 39,463; bad ditto, Rs. 63,492-13 2. Discharged on October 7.
- Dhunjeebhoy Pestonjee, broker and share dealer,—September 30. Debts, Rs. 18,350; bad assets, Rs. 2,400.
- Dhunjeebhoy Sorabjee English writer,—September 2. Debts Rs. 3,500-14-4; bad assets, Rs. 1,500. Petition dismissed on October 21.
- Dhunnabae widow, vegetable seller,—October 21. Debts, Rs. 936-2-9; bad assets, Rs. 235. Discharged on December 2.
- Dhunna Assoo, cart driver,—August 6. Debts, Rs. 1,284-0-6; no assets. Discharged on September 16.
- Dinahaw Ardaseer Davar, merchant,—April 15. Debts, Rs. 18,89,152-13-10; good assets, Rs. 7,11,000-5-10; bad ditto, Rs. 2,06,823-8-1. On November 1 discharge adjourned for 6 months.
- Dinahaw Burjorjee, clerk,—September 12. Debts, Rs. 610-12; bad assets, Rs. 492. Petition dismissed on December 2.
- Dinahaw Merwanjee, unemployed,—January 22.
- Dorabjee Bhiccajee, unemployed,—June 17. Debts, Rs. 612-14-11; no assets. Discharged on July 15.
- Dorabjee Byramjee, buggy driver,—February 4. Debts, Rs. 1,815; no assets. Discharged on March 2.
- Dorabjee Hormusjee, broker, Pestonjee Dorabjee, writer, and Hormusjee Dorabjee, unemployed,—March 11. Debts, Rs. 3,091-3-10; no assets. Discharged on May 20 except as to two creditors.
- Dossabhoy Cursetjee Wadia, general merchant,—February 26.
- Dossabhoy Ookerda, unemployed,—March 30. Debts, Rs. 586; good assets, Rs. 400-9-5; discharged on June 3.
- Dullard, Richard, pensioner,—April 25. Debts, Rs. 531-1-0; no assets. Discharged on July 1.
- Dwarkanath Appajee, unemployed,—October 1.
- Dwarkanath Juggonath, writer,—May 30. Debts, Rs. 5,718-1-1; no assets. Discharged on August 6.
- Ebram Sab bin Goolam Sab Deenjee, unemployed. June 17.
- Ebram Sayah Aboo Ookerda and Aboo Ally,—general merchants. May 6. Debts, Rs. 50,601-2-6; good assets Rs. 2,394-14-9. On August 6 petition dismissed.
- Ebram Rajee Hassan, dealer in firewood and charcoal,—March 5. Debts, Rs. 4,872-0-7 on assets. Discharged on May 6.
- Echaram Tapidas, shroff,—February 11. Debts, Rs. 2,522-7-7; bad assets, Rs. 323. Discharged on April 1.
- Eduljee Dadabhoy, jeweller,—April 1. Debts, Rs. 11,499-8-2; no assets. Discharged on June 3 except as to one creditor.
- Eduljee Hormusjee, carpenter,—July 25.
- Ella, John, railway guard.—February 16. Debts, Rs. 970-3-7; no assets. Discharged on March 18.
- Eduljee Muncherjee, unemployed. March 28. Debts, Rs. 27,215-5-9; good assets, Rs. 2,600; bad ditto, Rs. 5,300. On May 20 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on August 19.
- Emambhoy Sapoochhoy, blacksmith,—February 22. Debts, Rs. 1,495-5-9; no assets. Discharged on April 15.
- Emael Ebram and Futtoobae (widow),—June 27. Debts, Rs. 1,303-1-6; no assets. On August 19 petition dismissed.
- Emael Futey Mahomed and Omar Futey Mahomed, dyers,—February 23. Debts, Rs. 1,172-12; no assets. Discharged on April 15.
- Essoo Balajee Pilunker, toddy drawer.—July 29. Debts, Rs. 1007-3; no assets. Discharged on October 21.
- Ettojee Kondajee Powar. June 17. Debts, Rs. 6,797-9-10; no assets. On August 6 petition dismissed.
- Farrow, Mary, pensioner, and W. J. Farrow, clerk,—May 16. Debts, Rs. 4,610-10-6; no assets. Discharged on July 15.
- Fazul Peeroo, butcher,—October 18.
- Fazul Satardina, dealer in piece goods.—March 11. Debts Rs. 4,632-11-0; no assets. Discharged on May 6.
- Fernandez, Antonio, unemployed,—Oct 5. Debts, Rs. 233-1-1; good assets, Rs. 80.
- Fernandez, Joseph A., clerk,—February 25. Debts, Rs. 4,081; good assets, Rs. 235. Discharged on April 15.
- Fernander, Marcelino broker,—May 27. Debts, Rs. 976-11-0; no assets. Discharged on July 15.

- Framjee Bomonjee, Broker,—January 7 Debts, Rs 3,60,546-8-1; good assets, Rs. 17 587-12-0, bad ditto, Rs 8,07,823. Discharged on February 18.
- Framjee Cowasjee, contractor,—July 1. Debts, Rs. 21,589 10; good assets, Rs. 4,493-6-6, bad assets, Rs. 1,386. On August 19 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on November 18.
- Framjee Rustomjee, dealer in shares,—October 7. Debts, Rs. 67,366-5-8; good assets, Rs. 6,312-8.
- Francis DeCruz, unemployed,—March 11. Debts, Rs. 600, no assets. Discharged on May 20.
- Fuckeerjee Kduljee, dealer in liquor,—November 18.
- Futtayally Moosibhoy and Caderbhoy Futtayally, contractors,—October 21.
- Gardner, Thomas William, inspector, G 1 P. Railway,—September 17.
- Gaspar Sousa, unemployed,—January 31 Debts, Rs. 302-14-4, no assets. Discharged on March 18.
- Ghellaibhoy Bholaas, broker,—June 22. Debts, Rs 5,879-15 9, doubtful assets, Rs. 331-12-6. On September 2, petition dismissed.
- Ghanees Bahimongee, hack buggy keeper,—March 18 Debts, Rs. 1,653-13-1; no assets. Discharged on May 6.
- Girdhar Dewchund, broker,—November 27.
- Gisborne, Edward S. C. 1, and contractor,—January 17. Debts, Rs. 11,565-2-2; good assets, Rs. 400. Discharged on April 15.
- Gocaldas Puthoodass, broker,—November 4. Debts, Rs. 3,270-15-9, bad assets, Rs. 550.
- Goculdas Purbhoodass, broker,—September 6.
- Goolalchund Jetti, a Gujarathi writer,—October 14 Debts, Rs 21,128-9; no assets. On December 2 discharge adjourned for 1 month.
- Goolam Mahabood, Goolam Ally, broker and commission agent, March 18. Discharged on May 6.
- Goolam Mohideen, writer,—June 13. Debts, Rs. 855 11-10; no assets. Discharged on August 6.
- Goonabae widow, a labourer,—July 31 Debts, Rs. 768 1-7, no assets. Discharged on September 2.
- Goosla Mitta, Jeeweebae his wife, 1 ukur Vallub, Karmow Goela, and Dyal Rama, the first and 2nd veterinarians, the others unemployed,—November 6.
- Gopal Kowjee, writer,—June 13. Debts, Rs 1,245 11-3, no assets. Discharged on August 19, and ordered to pay Rs 20 per month.
- Goverdhan Laladhar, general merchant,—April 27 Debts, Rs. 1 06 018-11-10, no assets. On June 17 discharge adjourned for a year.
- Govind Atmaram and Appa Mhadevit (dealers in spices and snuff), and Doorabae widow (unemployed),—September 19 Debts, Rs 1,021 4-11, no assets. On December 2 the first and second insolvents were dismissed, and the third discharged.
- Govind Balcrustna,—June 1. Debts Rs. 24,522-6-2, bad assets, Rs 17,957-6-2. On July 1 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on Oct. 31.
- Govind Casanath, unemployed,—April 15 Debts, Rs. 411-10-3, no assets. Discharged on June 3.
- Govind Nana Patel, snuff dealer,—April 15. Debts, Rs 1,071 10-6, no assets. Discharged on May 10.
- Govind Pandorunur, unemployed,—January 8 Debts, Rs 22,323-7-11, good assets, Rs. 11,956-14-3, bad assets, Rs 920-14, doubtful assets. Rs. 11,166. Petition dismissed on April 15.
- Govindas Golabdas, broker,—August 9.
- Gungaram Oomidiem, contractor,—December 2.
- Gunesb Dajee Bhastice, a Brahmin priest,—November 18.
- Gung, widow,—June 17.
- Gungabae, woman, unemployed,—July 15. Debts, Rs. 1,092 9-5, no assets. On September 16 discharge adjourned for 3 months.
- Gungaram Mulloo, cart driver,—May 6. Debts, Rs. 481-13-8, no assets. Discharged on June 3.
- Gungoo Nunthooshaw, livery stable keeper,—March 18 Debts 1,753, no assets. Discharged on June 17.
- Gunnessing Ahooobhising, unemployed,—January 28.
- Gunnoo Gungajee, Dhandoo Gunnoo, and Baloo Gunnoo, milk vendors,—October 14 Debts, Rs 1,77-8, no assets. Discharged on December 2.
- Gunnoo Narayan Rmay, writer,—April 8.
- Gunnoo Nobharam, bricklayer,—June 17. Debts, Rs. 1,236-9-9, no assets. Discharged on July 16.

- Gunput Bapoojee, Luxumon Bapoojee, Balcrasna Bapoojee, Madoojee Bapoojee, and Naron Loombayee, tailors,—April 20. Debts, Rs. 8,731-18-0; no assets. On June 17 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on September 18.
- Gunput Muckhoondjee, writer,—May 20. Debts, Rs. 1,856; no assets. On July 1, discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on October 7.
- Gunput Muddoojee, English writer,—July 8. Debts, Rs. 4,021-13; no assets.
- Gunput Sudaasew, clerk,—February 4.
- Gunput Wittoojee and Rungoo Gunput, tailors,—July 27. Debts, Rs. 3,416-1-11; no assets. Petition dismissed on October 7.
- Hajee Aga bin Hajee Mahomed Hussun Khulvitta, horsedealer,—November 2. Debts, Rs. 1,331-0-10; no assets.
- Hajee Joonah Shehidinnanee, general merchant —April 27. Debts, Rs. 5,75,059-3-11; good assets, Rs. 46,735-8; bad ditto, Rs. 88,749-8-0. On November 18 case adjourned for 3 months.
- Hajee Mahomed bin Rahimtoola, and Ayeab Mahomed, dyers,—November 27.
- Hajee Mahomed Osman, clerk,—April 13.
- Hajee Vullce and Anabas his wife, dealers in firewood,—August 19. Debts, Rs. 2,243-3-3; no assets. Discharged on October 21.
- Halsted, Richard Parker, contractor,—January 21.
- Hassam Kairoo, Rajoo Kairoo and Bhoom Kairoo, butchers,—August 9.
- Hassam Soomar, dealer in parched grains,—May 22. Debts, Rs. 90L-5-7; no assets. On August 6 petition dismissed.
- Heerachund Nanjee, broker,—July 31. Debts, Rs. 22,441-4-7; good assets, Rs. 4,000; doubtful assets, Rs. 6,485. On October 21 discharge adjourned for three months.
- Heerachund Veerjee, merchant,—February 23. Debts, Rs. 125,646-11-7; good assets, Rs. 2,587-11-3. On April 15 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on July 15.
- Heera Purmanund, dealer in tiles and bricks,—August 27. Debts, Rs. 3,784; no assets. Discharged on October 21.
- Heerjeebhoy Framjee, cooper,—July 1. Debts, Rs. 3,181-12-2; bad assets, Rs. 465. Discharged on September 2.
- Heerjee Luckha, Jugga Luckha, and Ragaw Luckha, potters,—September 14. Debts, Rs. 2,124; good assets, Rs. 164. Discharged on November 18.
- Heerjee Nanjee, Guzerathi writer,—August 26. Debts, Rs. 1,443-8-0; no assets.
- Hewett, T D,—May 16. Debts, Rs. 17,913-0-7; no assets. Discharged on February 18.
- Hosoon Mahomed & Essoob Hosoon, milk vendors,—May 6. Debts, Rs. 1,066-14-0; no assets. Discharged on June 17.
- Hosoon Adum, Fatmahave his wife, and Hamfabaee widow, spice dealers,—Nov. 22.
- Hormusjee Ardargee, cash collector,—June 21. Debts, Rs. 4,594-3-9; no assets. On August 5 petition dismissed.
- Hormusjee Curnetjee, merchant,—January 21. Debts, Rs. 131,420-14-6; good assets, Rs. 4,036-1-5; bad assets, Rs. 3,891-7-10; doubtful assets, Rs. 51,901-9-8. On April 15 discharge adjourned for 4 months. Discharged on May 15.
- Hormusjee Dadabhoj, unemployed,—March 7. Debts Rs. 2,027-11-3; good assets, Rs. 725. On July 1 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on October 7.
- Hormusjee Pestonjee, unemployed,—April 9. Debts, Rs. 17,621-8-3; no assets. On June 3 discharge adjourned for three months. Discharged on September 2.
- Hunarsay Dyal, general merchant,—July 29. Debts, Rs. 25,610-6-9; assets, Rs. 746-8-6. Petition dismissed on September 16.
- Hunras Ibjee, dealer in gunnies, &c,—June 27. Debts, Rs. 3,918-9-9; good assets Rs. 474. Discharged on August 19.
- Hunmuntrao Madow Khadkey, labourer,—May 16. Debts, Rs. 1,266-7-11; no assets. Discharged on July 1.
- Hurgovundasa Nanabhoj, broker,—July 10. Debts, Rs. 5,141-15-9; no assets. On October 7, discharge adjourned for 3 months.
- Hurjeevun Bhago, cotton broker,—August 28. Debts, Rs. 11,769-12-9; good assets, Rs. 27,372. Discharged on October 21.
- Hurjeevan Jadowjee, unemployed,—July 15. Debts, Rs. 18,890; good assets, Rs. 14,368-14. On September 2 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on December 2.
- Hurreebund Bapoojee, contractor,—April 1. Debts, Rs. 3,175-5-10; no assets. Discharged on May 6.
- Hurrichundra Wittoba, clerk,—April 9. Debts, Rs. 10,719-3-4; good assets, Rs. 112-10. On June 3 discharge adjourned for three months. Discharged on September 2.

- Hurridass Narrondass, general merchant,—March 16. Debts, Rs 49,436-9-1; good assets, Rs 2,004. Discharged on May 6.
- Hurruvulub Tooljaram, blacksmith,—April 6. Debts, Rs 256-12-6; no assets. Discharged on May 20.
- Hurridass Toolseydass, boarding-house keeper,—May 15. Debts, Rs 772-15-5; no assets. Discharged on July 1.
- Hurry Bhawoo, dealer in leaves,—January 21.
- Hurry Bamoojee Bhankulay, cart driver,—October 21. Debts, Rs 2,024-12-7; no assets. Discharged on December 2.
- Hurry Sowram, labourer,—May 20. Debts, Rs 477-8-9; no assets. Discharged on June 17.
- Jadow Premjee, bricklayer,—July 2. Debts, Rs 790-1; good assets, Rs 545.
- Jadowjee Nanje, cleaner of sulphure,—June 8. Debts, Rs 1,654 13-11, no assets.
- Jaira, courtizan,—May 6. Debts Rs 619, no assets. Discharged on June 17.
- Jairam Hurdass muccondum,—August 20. Debts, Rs 16,007-7-7; good assets Rs 4,362-4-3, bad assets, Rs 131-10. Discharged on October 21.
- Jairam Mahadev Fandi and Narayan Jairom, (dealers in toddy) and Wittoo Jairom (carpenter)—August 5. Debts, Rs 859-11, no assets. Discharged on September 16.
- Jamsetjee Pallonjee, teacher,—January 29. Debts, Rs 430-9-8; no assets. On April 15 discharge adjourned for 6 months. Discharged on August 6.
- Jan Mohamed Hassan, hawker,—January 21. Debts, Rs 600, no assets. Discharged on March 18.
- Janoodin Bungayalli, farmer,—November 26.
- Javer Pestamber and Jeevabai widow,—April 15.
- Jeevabai, widow, and Christabai, widow,—August 3. Debts, Rs 839-4-3, no assets. Discharged on October 21.
- Jeewi Dhacksett goldsmith,—April 29. Debts, Rs 820, no assets. Discharged on June 17.
- Jetta Jewraj, Mooljee Dewras, Dewjee Jewras, and Panna Mawa, ironsmiths,—March 8. Debts, Rs 2,150-1-3, no assets. Discharged on May 20.
- Jeewa Duvvash and Samuel Jeewa, oil dealer,—September 12. Debts, Rs 1,516-7-6 no assets. Discharged on November 1.
- Jewa Ookerda, Walla Okeram carpenters, and Tachcebaai, woman,—February 16. Debts, Rs 1,908, no assets. Discharged on April 1.
- Jewraz Indurje, unemployed,—Feb. 4. Debts, Rs 4,300-14; no assets. Discharged on March 2.
- Jewraz Mogjee and Assaria Poonsey, general merchants,—March 1. Debts Rs 4,40,032 6-2, good assets, Rs 1,113-7-11-11, bad ditto Rs 37,000-2-11 doubtful ditto Rs 46,011-8-1. On May 10 petition dismissed.
- Jocub Lubub and Ahmed Mohamed, dealers in cutlery,—March 30. Debts, Rs 920 11-2, no assets. On June 17 petition dismissed.
- Jocub Jacob, dealer in firewood,—February 9. Debts, Rs 4,591, no assets. Discharged on April 1.
- Joota Hurruckchund, broker,—February 18. Debts, Rs 38,603-9, had assets, Rs 9,489-8. On April 10 discharge adjourned for three months. Discharged on July 15.
- Jootas Jewraj Savetruabai and Christina Jootas, milk vendors,—July 15. Debts, Rs 759-5-11, no assets. Discharged on September 2.
- Jotha Bhoga, a dealer in spices. December 2.
- Joochee Penujee, Gunoo Ragoojee, and Ramjee Ragoojee, cart drivers,—June 20. Debts, Rs 3,320, no assets. Discharged on August 10. On September 2 petition dismissed.
- Jugseevundass Purshotumdass, dealers in gold,—January 31. Debts, Rs 7,426-7-4, good assets, Rs 1,227-8, bad ditto Rs 2,227-9-3. On March 18 discharge adjourned for three months. Discharged on June 17.
- Jugoo Buntajee (cart driver) and Gunoo Buntajee (labourer).—July 15. Debts, Rs 1,271-4, no assets. Petition dismissed on September 16.
- Jumndass Munordass, shoef,—August 26. Debts, Rs 571-14-4; bad assets, Rs 571-11-3. Discharged on November 1.
- Jumaloodin Succour, unemployed,—October 12. Debts, Rs 805-3-4, no assets. Discharged on December 4.
- Junardhun Shunkerjee, clerk,—February 27.
- Junardhun Wittoba, goldsmith,—March 18.
- Kerpall Suwah, rice seller,—August 15. Debts, Rs 4,045; no assets. Discharged on November 4.
- Kerra Hanna and Hajah Hunnah,—October 11. Debts, Rs 1,72,312-1-0; good assets, Rs 50,744-3-6, had assets, Rs 42,830, doubtful assets, Rs 15,088.

- Kesowring Balaram, (mason) and Rama woman (unemployed),—August 8. Debts, Rs. 550; no assets. Discharged on November 4.
 Kesso Balajee (servant) and Gopubasee (widow),—April 8. Rs. 1,551-13-7; bad assets Rs. 4,352. Petition dismissed on July 15.
 Khamjee Champsey, Sowjee Buttonsey Khamjee Khimsey, and Darnjee Runmul, general merchants,—September 16. Debts, Rs. 190,502-15-11, good assets, Rs. 6,648-4-8, bad assets Rs. 5,426-5-9, doubtful assets, Rs. 6,718-10-8.
 Khatsey Veerdore, Nerron Dowjet, Teapali Veerdore, and Nurjall Ramjee, general merchants,—June 10. Debts, Rs. 133,471-3-4, good assets, Rs. 2,192-11-8, Doubtful ditto, Rs. 1,34,601-15-3. On August 6 discharge adjourned for twelve months.
 Khojah Peerbhoy Moinjee, unemployed,—July 15. Debts Rs. 9,237-1-3; bad assets, Rs. 1,339-11-3. Discharged on September 16.
 Khoosul Bapoojee alias Govind Bapoojee, and Balla Bapoojee, carpenters,—July 31. Debts, Rs. 790-15-5; no assets. Petition dismissed on September 16.
 Khoosul Luckmeeshund, dyer of silk cloth, —July 19. Debt, Rs. 1,035-11-7; no assets. On October 7 discharge adjourned for 4 months.
 Khoosul Purmannund Mehta, —March 18. Debts, Rs. 2,000, —10-8; no assets. Discharged on May 6.
 Khulukna (carman) and Abdoola Khulukna, carpenters, —February 18. Debts, Rs. 1,336, no assets. Discharged on April 1.
 Khundoo Narujee Fullandiy (muccadam) and Uoonajee Naroojee Tullanday (cart driver)—April 1. Debts, Rs. 3,570-10-10, no assets. Discharged on June 17.
 Khundoojee Kookajee Gansowad, contractor, —May 16. Debts, Rs. 5,821-7-11; no assets. Discharged on August 6.
 Khutree Tullab Fucker, dyer, —February 4. Debts, Rs. 12,818-13; doubtful assets, Rs. 100-8-10. Discharged on May 6.
 Lalleebasee widow, vegetable cultivator, —August 27. Debts, Rs. 1,016 10, no assets. Discharged on October 21.
 Leela Annud, (carpenter) and Onraon Laljee (carpenter), —July 8. Debts, Rs. 2,577-15-2, no assets. Petition dismissed on September 16.
 Leboe Diog Joo, general merchant, —November 16.
 Lobo, John, contractor's overseer, —June 11.
 Low, John R., boarding house keeper, —May 6. Debts, Rs. 4,773; good assets, Rs. 3,410-8-0, doubtful debts, Rs. 499.
 Luckmeedass Dwarikdas, broker, —November 7.
 Luckmeedass Hunraj, general merchant —July 16. Debts, Rs. 16,86,362-3-5; good assets, Rs. 1,03,217-4-2, bad assets, Rs. 2,31,292, doubtful assets, Rs. 1,43,111-7-11. On December 28, sentenced to be imprisoned for 6 months and discharge adjourned for 12 months.
 Luckmeedass Jaram, piece goods seller—January 7.
 Luckmeedass Sewjee, general merchant, —January 7. Debts, Rs. 227,221-9-10; good assets, Rs. 6,227-9-7, bad ditto Rs. 4,107-9-11.
 Luckpobhai Doolabdas, broker, —June 3. Debts, Rs. 1,118-15-9, no assets. On July 1 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on October 7.
 Ludha Onraon, and Naghee, (widow) potters, —July 25. Debts, Rs. 1,040; no assets. Discharged on September 16.
 Ludha Goolajee, milkman, —March 18. Debts, Rs. 791-15, no assets. Discharged on April 15.
 Luxmon Balcrushna, carpenter, —February 27. Debts, Rs. 4,930-15-8; good assets, Rs. 75, bad assets, Rs. 20, doubtful assets, Rs. 10. Discharged on June 17.
 Luxmon Kooaba (cart driver) and Tarobare, unemployed, —July 8. Debts, Rs. 1,180-7-9, no assets. Petition dismissed on September 16.
 Luxmon Mayajee, transit guard, —April 18. Debts, Rs. 4,485-13-0; no assets. Discharged on May 20.
 Luxmon Mucconjee, a carpenter, —September 16.
 Luxmon buntoojee, hack buggy driver, —July 1. Debts, Rs. 839-3-6; no assets. Discharged on October 7.
 Luxmon Vulus Balajee, milkman, and Mynabasee widow, —January 21. Debts, Rs. 2,176-6-6, no assets. Discharged on March 18.
 Macpherson, Allan, contractor, —August 19.
 Madonjee Pranjee, broker, —July 27.
 Mahadoo Baloo, carpenter, —June 24. Debts, Rs. 357; no assets. Discharged on September 2.
 Mahadoo Bapoo Lemcany, fruitman, —February 14. Debts, Rs. 2,883-15-6; no assets. On April 13 petition dismissed.
 Mahataa Footajee, cart driver, —May, 16. Debts, Rs. 1,558-15-11; no assets. Discharged on June 17.

- Mahomed Balla and Shaik Bunoo, labourers,—February 18. Debts, Rs 626-9; no assets. Discharged on April 1.
- Mahomed Bawa, (buggy driver), and Rajbae (unemployed), July 9. Debts, Rs 1,051-14-8, no assets. Petition dismissed on September 18.
- Mahomed Cadur, butcher,—May 16. Debts, Rs. 2,106-13-0, no assets. Discharged on June 17.
- Mahomed Dhurmasay, general merchant,—March 30. Debts, Rs 7,25,513-11-4; good assets, Rs 18,864-9-5; bad ditto, Rs. 15,135-2-9; doubtful ditto Rs. 12,071-5-0. Discharged on May 20.
- Mahomed Libram Bapoo, contractor,—June 20. Debts, Rs. 14,550-11-10; no assets. On August 5 petition dismissed.
- Mahomed Hoosain bin Goolam Hoosain Palloba, unemployed,—September 25. Debts, Rs. 442-1-7.
- Mahomed Hoosain bin Mahomed Enooi Dolarey, broker,—August 30. Debts, Rs 1,511-6-8, no assets. Discharged on October 21.
- Mahomed Hoosain bin Shaik Mahomed, writer,—April 8. Debts, Rs 714-6-1; no assets. Discharged on July 1.
- Mahomed Hoosain bin Yoonookan, cracker maker,—October 21. Debts, Rs 607-10-10; no assets. Discharged on November 18.
- Mahomed Syed bin Noordin Mokree, moosawur,—September 14. Debts, Rs. 2,374-13-3; no assets. Discharged on November 1.
- Madharao Narayenjer, clerk,—April 1. Debts, Rs. 1,196-15-7; no assets. Discharged on May 6.
- Madharao Dowlutao, writer,—January 7. Debts, Rs 2,577-3-2; no assets. Discharged on March 2.
- Madharao Shamrao, writer,—May 30. Debts, Rs. 2,850-14-1; no assets. Discharged on August 6.
- Madharow Purshotum, writer,—January 31. Debts, Rs 36,805-6-1; good assets, Rs. 3,300. Discharged on March 13.
- Manbasse and Beebeebae (widows), milk vendors,—February 15. Debts, Rs. 2,219-11-3, no assets. Discharged on April 1.
- Manick Bhujjer, merchant,—January 21. Debts, Rs. 102,086-3-6; good assets, Rs. 27,740-1-2.
- Manockjee Ramjee, merchant,—January 7. Debts, Rs 123,631-2-0, good assets, Rs 34,107-10-10, bad ditto, Rs. 2,335-12-6, doubtful ditto Rs. 12,311-2-6. On April 15, discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on July 15.
- Manocklall Hujjervundas, broker,—July 22.
- Manockjee Jeevunjee, unemployed,—September 30.
- Manook u Callooba, hawker,—October 7. Debts, Rs. 1,493-1-3; no assets.
- Meeyr Shaik Ahmed bin Huckroodin (Huckroodar), unemployed,—October 21.
- Memon Idris bin Futay Mahomed, dealer in cutlery,—May 20.
- Memon Kama Hujee Mullook, servant,—October 12.
- Memon Hajee Mahomed Osman, unemployed,—October 14.
- Memon Hasun Dada, cutlery seller,—October 21.
- Memon Khattree Jacob Abdool, unemployed —December 5.
- Memon Mahomed Kemail, and Jeedeebae, milk vendors,—February 4. Debts, Rs. 1,240; no assets. Discharged on March 18.
- Memon Mottes Piar Mahomed, hawker in piece goods,—December 2.
- Memon Mahomed Hussen, servant, March 25. Debts, Rs 586; good assets, Rs. 400. Discharged on May 20.
- Memon Moosa Joorna, dealer in coal,—January 21.
- Merwanjee Muncherjee, unemployed,—June 17. Debts, Rs. 11,038-14-11; no assets. Discharged on July 15.
- Merwanjee Nanabhooy, liquor seller,—November 18. Debts, Rs. 81,197-1-9; bad assets, Rs 1,318-13-6.
- Meeya Mahomed Ally, unemployed,—May 30. Debts, Rs. 45,124-6-1; good assets, Rs. 14,615-1. On August 6 petition dismissed.
- Mohunjee Carson, hawker,—June 3. Debts, Rs 4,610, no assets. On August 19 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on November 18.
- Mohunsing Jalunmang contractors,—September 14. Debts, Rs 2,231-7; bad assets, Rs. 1,100. October 21 discharge adjourned for 2 months.
- Moolchand Goolchand, broker,—February 14. Debts Rs 1,35,355-7-9; good assets, Rs. 21,708-11-6; doubtful ditto, Rs 79,176-14-11. On May 6 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on August 6.
- Mooljee Dayall, dealer in piece goods,—June 4. Debts, Rs 70,251-15-6; good assets, Rs 10,739-0-11. September 2 discharge adjourned for 2 months. Discharged on November 4.

- Mooljee Weerjee, labourer,—August 10. Debts, Rs 1,891 1-2; good assets, Rs 118-2-3; doubtful assets, Rs 467-11-3. Discharged on November 18.
- Moonyee Heerjee, labourer,—April 8. Debts, Rs 580-6-6; no assets. Discharged on May 20.
- Moosa Calloo and Beebee (his wife) milk vendors,—April 1 Debts, Rs. 3,407-7; no assets. Discharged on May 6.
- Moosa Cassum, (Isaac) and Fatimabee, (widow) and Muncaboo, wife of Shaik Hoosain (unemployed),—August 29.
- Moosa Doosa, dyer —May 20 Debts, Rs. 1,826-5-6; no assets. Discharged on June 17.
- Morooc Suocaram, goldsmith,—July 31 Debts, Rs. 2,534-10-8; bad assets, Rs 320. Discharged on October 7.
- Motabhooy Soondarjee, clerk,—May 2 Debts, Rs 1,247-5-7; no assets. Discharged on June 1.
- Motechund Dewchund, and Nathoo Madowjee, general merchants and brokers,—January 14. Debts, Rs 13,89,146-2-9; good assets, Rs. 31,446-3-1; bad assets, Rs. 2,80,341-15-1. On April 15 discharge adjourned for three months. Discharged on July 15.
- Mothichund Laladhur, mehta,—August 24 Debts, Rs. 53,575-4-3; good assets, Rs 1,031 4-0, bad assets, Rs. 11,715-8. On October 31 discharge adjourned for 4 months.
- Mowhary Abdool Mulluck, priest,—June 27.
- Mudarkhan Hussulatkhani, bangle seller,—October 7 Debts, Rs 1,112-10-11; bad assets, Rs. 171 Discharged on December 2.
- Muddon Nagowjee, cloth merchant,—June 8 Debts, Rs. 3,924 13-7; no assets On August 6 petition dismissed.
- Muggon Khurchund, dealer in pearls,—February 18. Debts, Rs. 512 2-3; no assets. Discharged on March 15.
- Mullock Asub and Ebram Asub, buggy drivers,—October 13. Debts, Rs 3,475-3-6 no assets.
- Mumoola, widow,—March 5 Debts, Rs. 1,351-9; no assets Discharged on May 6.
- Muncherjee Framjee, broker,—February 4. Debts, Rs. 30,600, good assets, Rs 8,006; bad assets, Rs. 12,000, personal debts, Rs 47,918-14; good assets, Rs. 7,787-8. On March 18 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on June 17.
- Muncherjee Heerjee, merchant,—January 21.
- Nagapa Nikunt, hawker of sweetmeats,—September 30. Debts, Rs 1,944-11-1; no assets. Discharged on November 18.
- Nagoyee Bundaram and Bhawoosett Ballsett, unemployed,—January 7. Debts, Rs. 425; no assets. Discharged on March 2.
- Nagoo Manoojee, bricklayer,—June 17. Debts, Rs 5,302-8-11; no assets Discharged on September 2.
- Nagsee Gungajee, dealer in cotton, wool, &c.,—December 2.
- Nanabhooy Dinanathjee, Guwerathi Mehta,—July 18 Debts Rs. 4,770-2-9; bad assets, Rs 4,000. Petition dismissed on November 4.
- Nanabhooy Eknath, English writer,—September 23 Debts, Rs. 3,364 11-1; no assets. On December 2 discharge adjourned for 3 months.
- Nana Crustnajeo Bhagobae, and Bhimabae, widow,—July 15. Debts, Rs. 6,817 3-9, no assets Discharged on September 2.
- Nanajee Wittoba, unemployed,—July 27.
- Nana Soobhanjee, (stone cutter), and Bhagobae, widow,—August 15. Debts, Rs 408-9-9; no assets Discharged on October 7.
- Narayan Becher, muccadam,—March 8. Debts, Rs. 873-11 0; no assets. Discharged on May 6.
- Narayan Crustnarao, writer,—February 13. Discharged on May 6.
- Narayan Ruggoonath Khanapoorkur, begging Brahmin,—April 9. Debts, Rs 605-11-6; no assets. Ordered on June 3 to be imprisoned for six months.
- Neneey Megjee, labourer,—October 7.
- Newchund Dewa, servant, and Chugun Cooverjee, broker,—March 11 and April 1. Debts Rs. 2,460; no assets.
- Nillo Balcrustina, clerk,—September 30 Debts, Rs. 3,806-2-6; no assets. Discharged on December 2.
- Nooroodin bin Balloo Samboo and Nusamoodin Rahimoodin Mookry, unemployed,—September 25 Debts, Rs. 9,834 5-1; good assets, Rs 725.
- Nowrojee Rustomjee, wholesale dealer,—January 21. Debts, Rs. 3,021-11-0, bad assets, Rs 1,663 Discharged on March 2.
- Nowrojee Ruttonjee, liquor seller,—July 24. Debts, Rs. 2,249-12-6; no assets. On October 7 discharge adjourned for 6 months.

- Nurrotum Vulub, unemployed,—February 27
 Nursoo Ballajee, goldsmith,—September 2. Debts, Rs 2,852-5-6; good assets, Rs 10 Discharged on October 21
 Nusserwanjee Dhunjeebhoy,—unemployed March 23 Debts, Rs 32,071; no assets. Discharged on May 20
 Nusserwanjee Dorabjee, unemployed,—January 24 Debts Rs 21,787-9-5, no assets
 Oomer Diwooda, bricklayer,—May 6, Rs 4,018-9-1; no assets. Discharged on July 15.
 Oosman Sullamon and Tyeoh Oosman, carpenters,—September 9 Debts, Rs. 669 5 8, no assets Discharged on November 14.
 Page, Henry B, unemployed,—March 1 Debts, Rs 1 982-12-11; good assets Rs 1 700 Discharged on April 15
 Pandity Raghoojee, Bhicoo Raghoojee, and Gerjahae (widow) unemployed Dec. 4
 Pandoorung Govind writer,—May 27 Debts, Rs 876-9-6, no assets. Discharged on September 2
 Pandoorung Kesawjee, clerk,—February 21 Debts, Rs 461-6-10, no assets Discharged on May 6
 Pascoal Kalliro and Joas Ribairo, unemployed,—March 2 Debts Rs 127, no assets Discharged on April 15
 Peerbobbhoy Hurgovandas general merchant,—August 5 Debts, Rs 7,42,176-2-6; good assets Rs 34 124 6 5, bad assets, Rs 108,301 On September 16 discharge adjourned for a month Discharged on October 21
 Perazh w Meherjee, unemployed March 2
 Pestonjee Omrojee esq. si adjudged insolvent January 7 Debt, Rs. 6470,322-5-4; no assets On June 7 discharge adjourned for 18 months.
 Pestonjee Homunjee, clerk,—November 27
 Pestonjee Manojee, writer,—February 27 Debts Rs. 1 084 10, bad assets, Rs 1,041 10 Discharged on April 15
 Pestonjee Mirwanjee Bottlewalla, and Kuckeejee Pestonjee, dealers in glass and cutlery etc.—January 30
 Pestonjee Kuttonjee servant—July 18 Debts Rs 2 681, no assets Petition dismissed on November 18
 Pundunath Ramchandra, surveyor,—November 13
 Purnahotum Bhobhadas, broker—December 5
 Purnahotum Bhobhaje writer,—March 23 Debts, Rs 810-6-9, no assets Discharged on June 17
 Purnahotum Veerjee, carpenter,—July 10 Debts Rs 543 13-11, no assets Discharged on September 2
 Ragoba Wittoba (goldsmith) and Succaram Wittoba, (carcoon)—January 15 Debts Rs 1 516 9 10, no assets Discharged on May 6
 Ragoo Luximon, and Amelbee (widow),—March 18 Debts, Rs 1 931 11-5, bad assets Rs 1 364 4 Discharged on May 6
 Ragoonath Chellu, mere goods merchant—September 2 Debts, Rs 1 140 193-9-4; good assets Rs 7,430 7, bad assets, Rs 67-7, doubtful assets Rs 465 9 6. On October 31 discharge adjourned for 6 months
 Ragoonath Govindjee contractor,—July 25 Debts, Rs 1,707-1-3, no assets Discharged on October 21
 Ragoonath Kesowah barber,—June 3 Debts, Rs 896-3-8, no assets Discharged on August 6
 Ragoonath Trimback and Khunderio Trimback, writers—March 2 Debts, Rs 2,975-4, bad assets, Rs 431 15 Discharged on April 15
 Ragoonath Lilloo, unemployed and Pandoo Lilloo, carpenter, November 4 Debts, Rs 618 8-0
 Ragoo Ramjee, dealer in toddy—January 21. Debts, Rs 452-12-0; no assets Discharged on March 2
 Rahimthoo widow, china glass bangle seller—August 5 Debts, Rs 2,486-12-1; no assets On October 7 petition dismissed
 Rajio bin Chuttoo Bhangwan, butcher,—February 18 Debts, Rs 1,191-12; no assets Discharged on March 18
 Rajuam Ambarum, unemployed,—May 6
 Rajaram Narayan fruit merchant,—September 2 Debts, Rs 4,283-7-2; no assets. Petition dismissed on October 21
 Ramchunder Crustnath, writer,—June 19 Debts, Rs 1,515-15-1; bad assets, Rs 120 Discharged on September 2
 Ramchunder Succaram, writer,—Jany, 19. Debts, Rs 590-2-5; no assets Discharged March 2.

- Ramchunder Visram English writer,—September 14 Debts Rs 52 971 13
 Ramchandra Naghivandra,—February 16 Debts Rs 1,081 13 11, no assets Discharged on April 1
- Ramjee Jussa, potter,—June 12 Debts Rs 1,318 3 5 good assets Rs 50 On August 6 discharge adjourned for 3 months Discharged on November 4
- Ramjee Khundoojee labourer,—October 13 Debts, Rs 325, no assets Discharged on December 2
- Ramjee Pitamber broker,—March 14 Debts Rs 1 116 5 0, no assets Discharged on May 20
- Reel, Geo T unemployed,—June 17 Debts, Rs 1,316 9 1, no assets Lis haige on August 19, except as to one creditor
- Reeves Joseph timber measurer,—May 6
- Roobin Dhondoojee alias Roobin Essajie carpenter,—August 5
- Roopchand Oodachund, broker,—April 27
- Rowjee bin Eumunta milkman,—August 27 Debts, Rs 1 934 15, no assets Discharged on October 7
- Rowjee Girdhur, piece goods dealer,—May 22 Debts, Rs 10,590-9 6, good assets Rs 1 202 1 6, doubtful ditto, Rs 3 666 1 6 Discharged on Sept 2
- Ruckmaje bin Gunoojee, cart driver —May 20 Debts Rs 1 937, no assets Discharged on July 15
- Rustomjee Cowjee, unemployed,—April 15 Debts, Rs 13 100, no assets On August 19 petition dismissed
- Rustomjee Hormmaje Ruttonjee Hormmaje and Heerabae (widow), carpenters — June 17 Debts Rs 2 004 9 11, good assets Rs 755 Discharged on August 6
- Rustomjee Merwanjee Nwrojee, contractor —January 21 Debts Rs 17,813, good assets, Rs 4 648 Discharged on May 20, except as to 11 creditors on whom notices had not been served
- Saboodin Abdool Rahmon, labourer,—June 3 Debts, Rs 570, no assets On June 3 petition dismissed
- Sajoo Naikin and Chundra, courtesans,—August 3 Debts, Rs 1 457 7 1, no assets Discharged on September 16
- Sajun Faroo, Cusum Sajun, and Gurg e Sajin dealers in grain —April 29
- Saryedjee Sorahjee, dealer in linor —February 2 Debts, Rs 7 703 11 1, no assets Discharged on March 18
- Seedick Soolamon clerk,—June 1 Debts Rs 620 2 2, no assets Discharged on July 15
- Seewee woman sweeper, October 21 Debts, Rs 303 4 6, no assets Discharged on November 18
- Seewun Ootumchund, broker, February 12 Debts Rs 1 8 135 10, good assets Rs 49 184 11-9, bad assets, Rs 24 902 2 On April 1 discharge adjourned for 3 months
- Sewram Khundoojee, servant and Ruckmabae his wife December 5.
- Sewram Kiasow Bhundaw,—August 19 Debts, Rs 9 050, no assets On October 7 discharge adjourned for 4 months
- Sha Yullubjee Mansung, unemployed,—August 3 Debts, Rs 665 10 8, no assets Discharged on September 16
- Shaik Abdool Rahim Bayaseer Salim bin Abdool Rahim and Oomer bin Abdool Rahim unemployed —June 17 Debts Rs 1,916, no assets Discharged on August 19
- Shaik Adam vullud Shaik Abdool, khullasse —July 15 Debts Rs 766 5 1, no assets Discharged on September 16
- Shaik Oband, farrier —Feb 23 Debts Rs 2,355 no assets Discharged on May 20
- Shaik Dawood Shaik Ahmed tunda, and Dhondie woman,—May 13 Debts Rs 1,461 4 0, no assets Discharged on July 1
- Shaik Ismail, milk vendor,—March 13 Debts Rs 4 768 8 11, no assets Discharged on May 6
- Shaik Jumahomed Hyat, sweetmeat dealer,—April 27
- Shaik Mahomed bin Shaik Moorad messman,—April 1
- Shaik Mithun Shaik Ismail (buggy driver) and Hoosimbee (unemployed),—July 20 Debts, Rs 751 6 6 no assets Discharged on October 7
- Shaik Mulong bin Kreem, Shaik Ebraim bin Kreem and Shaik Lunjoo bin Kreem unemployed,—September 2nd Debts, Rs 3,480 4 6, no assets Discharged on October 21
- Shaik Vullce Mahomed Jamalbhoy and Shaik Hajeebhoy Jamalbhoy farriers — March 30
- Shypoorejee Bhoojaee, servant,—February 18 Debts Rs 614 5 10, no assets. On April 15 discharge adjourned for 2 months Discharged on June 17

- Rha poorjee Curwhee, writer,—February 16 Debts Rs 63,825-10-7; no assets. On May 6, discharge adjourned for 4 months. Discharged on September 18.
- Shapoorjee Dinshaw, servant,—April 26
- Sheerajoodin Vallud Mudoo Meya Burbury, servant,—July 15 Debts, Rs 28,891-14-7; good assets, Rs 80-1-9; bad assets, Rs 1,848-10-5 Discharged on October 7
- Shroecrustna Bae, teacher,—Jan. 27. On November 4 petition dismissed.
- Shunker Lalchand, carpenter,—September 9 Debts, Rs 1,630; no assets.
- Solomon Joseph, unemployed,—July 15. Debts, Rs 3,530; bad assets, Rs 850. Discharged on September 2
- Sonkajee Golajee, cart driver,—July 15.
- Sooltan Manook, Bundoooy and Huson Sooltan, dealers in sheep,—July 15 Debts, Rs 4 768 13-0, no assets Petition dismissed on September 2.
- Yoomar Hoosein, blacksmith and Salay Mohomed Roomar, carpenters,—June 18. Debts, Rs 9,062-8-2; no assets Discharged on August 19
- Sorajyer Munchojee, writer,—January 7 Debts, Rs 2,391; no assets Discharged on February 18
- Sim William, lately a general merchant and commission agent,—November 27.
- Sinclair John A., mechanic,—February 4 Debts, Rs 678-3-2; no assets Discharged on March 2
- Sittaram Luximon, English writer,—September 30 Debts, Rs 893-8, no assets
- Succaram Sowjee, dealer in lay,—May 30 Debts, Rs 1,114-8-9; good assets, Rs 141-5-0, bad ditto, Rs 96-2-0; doubtful ditto, Rs 473-13-6. Discharged on August 6
- Succoor Peer Mahomed dealer in firewood,—March 2 Debts, Rs 670-2-0; no assets. Discharged on June 8
- Sulliman Abba, Kinn (his wife) and Noor Mahomed Sullaman, grocers,—April 2 Debts, Rs 615-0-7, good assets, Rs 143. Discharged on June 8.
- Sallamon Allant and Noori Abba, dealer in firewood,—May 6. Debts, Rs 1 507 1-0, no assets Discharged on July 15
- Sulaman Phimeel, dyer —Mar. 18 Debts, Rs 2,156, no assets Discharged on May 6
- Sumbhoo Kinnoojee cart-driver —May 16 Debts, Rs 8,559-2; no assets Discharged on June 17.
- Sunmoodin Moola Tyebjee shopkeeper,—June 22. Debts, Rs 1874-3-3; no assets. Discharged on November 4
- Thayer Metta, dealer in firewood —February 16. Debts Rs 25,824-14-1; good assets, Rs 783-4 On May 20 petition dismissed
- Thucker Divil Parshotam, hawkor,—April 1. Debts, Rs 2,808-9 9; no assets. Discharged on May 20
- Thucker Laljee Versey, Guzerati writer,—September 16 Debts, Rs 1,097; no assets On November 4 discharge adjourned for 2 months.
- Thucker Mooljee Lndba, dealer in piece goods,—November 23.
- Tipa Veeru stone cutter,—July 15. Debts, Rs 857-14; no assets. Petition dismissed on September 2.
- Tookeram bin Dhondoojee, cart-driver,—May 6. Debts, Rs 3,146-7-9; no assets Discharged on June 17
- Tookeram Dhonjee Derah, cart driver,—April 1.
- Tookeram Dhondoo and Luximon Chundoo, firewood sellers,—September 2. Debts, Rs 1,078-18; no assets Petition dismissed on November 4.
- Tookeram Yidowjee, contractor,—August 5 Debts, Rs 2,565 5-10; bad assets, Rs 1 900. Discharged on September 16.
- Trimbuckrao Annundrao, clerk,—November 25
- Trimbuckrao Kinnichund, clerk,—April 1. Debts, Rs 776-2-6; no assets. Discharged on July 15.
- Tyeb Habib, hawkor of clothes,—3rd July.
- Veeraswayer Sadasawjee, proprietor of Bombay Hindoo Punch,—July 23. Debts, Rs 8,817-3-9; good assets, Rs 100 Discharged October 21.
- Veerchund Raojer, Mehta—April 16
- Veerjee Damjee, wood merchant,—April 18.
- Veerjee Parshotam, broker—May 15.
- Velladara Angelino, writer,—May 8 Debts, Rs 70,698-12-0; good assets, Rs 675; bad ditto, Rs 17,206. On July 1 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on October 7
- Venayek Morojee, English writer,—July 31. Debts, Rs 1,380-2-6; no assets. Discharged on October 7.
- Verbihoocundam Lalldass, mehta,—October 21. Debts, Rs 19,227-12-7; good assets, Rs 20; bad ditto, Rs 34-1-6.

- Visram Wittoofee, painter—May 20. Debts, Rs., 708-7-1; no assets. Discharged on July 1.
- Virbhoocondass Luckmedass, merchant—September 25. Debts, Rs 48,850; good assets, Rs 240, bad assets, Rs. 800
- Vules Ayeab, unemployed, Allee Ayeab, buggydriver, and Noorbree (widow), dealer in pickles,—April 22. Debts, Rs 1,074-1-2, no assets. Discharged on June 17
- Vallubdass Gopaldaas and Novulram Vallubdass, dealers in gold and silver,—August 15. Debts, Rs. 5,195-2-1, no assets. On October 21 discharge adjourned for 3 months.
- Valub Doolub, carpenter,—October 1 Debts, Rs 269-13-5, no assets. Discharged on December 2
- Vunarsey Luthi, broker,—January 29 Debts, Rs 10,42,114 10-8; doubtful assets, Rs 46,061-7-11. On April 1 discharge adjourned for 3 months
- Vundravun Dayabhoi (unemployed) and Vurjeevun Dayabhoi, (mehta),—October 11 Debts, Rs 5,832-6-10; no assets
- Vurjeevundass Karsondass broker,—July 15 Debts, Rs 15,403; no assets. On October 7 discharge adjourned for 6 months
- Vusoojee Damodur, broker,—January 7. Debts, Rs 2,69,404-6-1; bad assets, Rs. 2,29,738-15-0. On February 15 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on May 29.
- Walbbhai Banooobhai, baker,—April 8 Debts, Rs 668-3-6; no assets. Discharged on June 3
- Walljee Moorarjee (unemployed)—August 3 Debts, Rs 1,683-3-4, no assets. Petition dismissed on October 7
- Wamon Ballajee, coppersmith,—April 29. Debts, Rs. 1,030; no assets. Discharged on June 17
- Warooabae, widow, Wittoo Bhagoba, and Hurriha Ramssett, grocers —February 18. Debts, Rs 2,256-1-8, no assets
- Wasoodew Canajee, clerk,—August 5 Debts, Rs 4,814-3, no assets. Petition dismissed on November 16
- Wasoodew Crustnath, clerk,—April 10 Debts, Rs 18,116-12-11; no assets. On July 1 discharge adjourned for 3 months
- Wasoodew Jaggontihjee, clerk —May 16 Debts Rs 2,365-4-3, no assets. On July 15 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on Oct 21
- Wasoodew Timbuckno, writer,—May 31.
- Wilcox, Henry R, civil engineer,—April 5 Debts, Rs 10,770-15-8, good assets Rs 4,311-2-2, bad assets, Rs 200, doubtful assets, Rs 1000. Discharged on June 3
- Wiswanath Pandoorning, unemployed —February 14 Debts, Rs 977-4-8; no assets. Discharged on March 18.
- Wittoo Crustnaje, betel leaf seller —December 2.
- Wittoo Kamjee and Butya Ramjee, unemployed,—September 23. Debts, Rs 1,798-13-8, no assets. Discharged on November 4
- Witnilee Kamkerson, piece goods merchant,—February 9. Debts, Rs 4,237-2; no assets. On April 15 discharge adjourned for 3 months. Discharged on July 15
- Woomabae, widow,—February 4 Debts, Rs 993-12, bad assets, Rs 393-12. Discharged on March 3
- Wooma Oasee Patel, unemployed,—April 15. Debts, Rs 616-8-1, no assets. On June 3 petition dismissed.

On 30th November, Mr Justice Tucker delivered judgment in two important cases of insolvency—viz those of Manockjee Shapoorjee Kaka and Muncherjee Heerjee Ready money, partners in the firm of Manockjee and Muncherjee Heerjee and Co, which had been pending since 1866. In the matter of Manockjee Shapoorjee Kaka, the petition was filed on 21st August 1866, and the liabilities of the firm,

came to the conclusion that the insolvent was guilty of having fraudulently discharged a debt, of having made false and fraudulent entries in his accounts, of having traded recklessly and contracted debts without reasonable or probable expectation of paying the same, and of having been extravagant in personal expenditure; and the Court adjudged that he should be imprisoned for 3 months under section 56 of the Act, and that his discharge should be adjourned without protection for a year from the date of the judgment. Muncherjee Heerjee was found guilty of fraudulent concealment of property, of personal extravagance, and of gross misconduct in contracting a debt due to Messrs. H. and E. A. Beraud, je-

wallens; and the Court adjudged that he should be imprisoned for two months, and that his discharge should be adjourned without protection for six months. In both cases the schedules were to be amended in accordance with the decision of the High Court in a suit then pending, and in which the question whether Heerjee Jehangere Readymoney had been a partner in the insolvent's firm would be tried.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED IN 1867 ON INSOLVENTS' ESTATES VESTED IN THE OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

Ananta Gunbasett, January 21, (1st insolvency) 3rd dividend, 12 per cent.
 Ananta Gunbasett, January 21, (2nd insolvency) 2nd dividend, 37 per cent.
 Gregor Grunt, February 4, 6th dividend, 1½ per cent.
 Byramjee Manockjee, February 4, 1st dividend, 10 per cent.
 Byramjee Manockjee, March 18, 2nd dividend 2½ per cent.
 Eduljee Hormusjee Camaiah, February 18, 1st dividend, 6½ per cent.
 Thos. Ludbetter, February 18, 1st dividend, 4½ per cent.
 Thos. Ludbetter, March 19, 2nd dividend, 3½ per cent.
 Simon de Esperance, March 2, 1st dividend, 10 per cent.
 Ruttonjee Runsordass, April 1, 1st dividend, 1½ per cent.
 Luckmidass Sewjee, April 15, 1st dividend, 4 per cent.
 A. B. Collett, April 15, 1st dividend, 0 90 per cent.
 Geo. Tucker, April 15, 1st dividend, 0 18 per cent.
 Henry Charles Boate, April 15, 1st dividend, 9 per cent.
 Ramjee Ornatajee, June 3, 1st dividend, 32 per cent.
 Gustave Monnet, June 3, 2nd dividend, 1 per cent.
 Mungesh Prashotnm, July 1, 7th dividend, 6 per cent.
 Hormusjee Cursetjee, July 15, 1st dividend 7 per cent.
 Bunsord Nathoo, July 15, 1st dividend, 5 per cent.
 William Rowland, September 2, 1st dividend, 22 per cent.
 Manockjee Framjee, September 2, 1st dividend, 3½ per cent.
 Joe Lawrence Fulkner, September 2, 1st dividend, 14 per cent.
 Esack Abboo Bucker, September 2, 1st dividend, 2½ per cent.
 Kesseruath Morojee, September 2 (1st insolvency) 1st dividend 8 per cent.
 Kesseruath Morojee, September 2, (2nd insolvency) 1st dividend 32 per cent.
 Amerchand Bycherdass, Rustomjee Cursetjee, and Nowrojee Cursetjee, September 10, 1st dividend, 0 18 per cent.
 Nanabhoj Bomonjee, September 16, 1st dividend, 0 24 per cent.
 Amerchand Bycherdass, September 16, (separate estate) 1st dividend, 0 18 per cent.
 John Peter Langlois, October 7, 2nd dividend, 3½ per cent.
 Buttabhambass, (widow) October 7, 3rd dividend, 17 per cent.
 John Campbell, 1st dividend, 0 36 per cent.
 Ardaseer Lamjee, 1st dividend 2 per cent.
 Borahjee Dhunjeebhoj, 1st dividend, 3½ per cent.
 Pestonjee Cooverjee and Bomanjee Cooverjee, 1st dividend, 5 per cent.
 Bowjee Girdhar, 1st dividend, 10½ per cent.

LIST OF TRUSTEES OF ESTATES UNDER ACT XXVIII. OF 1865

Abraham, S., Trustee under Act XXVIII. for estate of Meer Sassoon Moses.
 Adams, W., for Kanjee Dewjee and Goolidass Dewjee;—Meer Sassoon Moses.
 Ambaram Kevulram, for Madhowdass Ghellabhoj;—Pranjeevundass Hurgovundass and Co.;—Hurgovundass Pranjeevundass.
 Ardaseer Eduljee Chinoy for Rustomjee Ardaseer.
 Ardaseer Hormusjee Wadia, for Rustomjee Jamssetjee Jeejeebhoj and others.
 Atmaram Balcrustna, for Pranjeevundass Hurgovundass and Co.;—Hurgovundass Pranjeevundass.
 Astley W. E., for Muncherjee Jamssetjee and Sons.
 Beattie, trustee under Act XXVIII., for estate of Cursetjee Furdoonjee;—F. B. Cama, and Co.;—Ghellabhoj Sewjee and Co.
 Benn, C. E., for Oursondass Madhowdass.
 Bendir, P. E., trustee under Act XXVIII. for estate of Navulchand Nalchand;—Nowrojee, Eduljee, and Co.;—Runsordass Canjee, Hunsraj Maljee, and Hunsraj Runsordass;—Lulloobhoj Manocklall;—Khetsey Sewjee and Co.;—Ghellabhoj, Sewjee & Co. Sewras Gangadhar;—Ramjee Luckmidass, & Co.;—Hormusjee Jamssetjee Buttilwalla Sons, and Co.

- Price, A C, Pranjeevundass Hurjeevundass Dhunjeebhoy, Eduljee, and Co.
 Brodie, J S, for Jumnadass Doolubdass,—and Davidass Loomdass
 Byramjee Cussetjee for Ghellabhoj Sewjee & Co.
 Cartwright, H D, for Premchand Roychand
 Clifton C, for Madhowdass Ghellabhoj,—Hurgovundass Pranjeevundass
 Cornforth J P, for Govind Hurry Walker
 Curmin, J J, for Dnnjeebhoy Eduljee, & Co,—Pranjeevundass Hurjeevundass.
 Cussetjee Sorabjee Nadershaw, for Hormusjee Jamsetjee Botliwalla, Sons & Co
 Curundass Nensay, for S and N Nnabhoj
 Dadabhoj Rustonjee, for Dorabjee Pestonjee
 Daloba Pandoorung, for Ramjee Luckmidass & Co
 Dallas R A for Merwanjee Nusserwanjee Bhownugra.
 Dimoddy Hurjee for Dossabhoj Merwanjee & Co
 Dewar J for Jumnalass Khoosaldass
 DeQuadros M R for Atmaram Madhowjee,—Rustonjee Ardaseer,—Hurgovundass
 Pranjeevundass—Ruttonjee Jamsetjee Puntik,—Minckjee Pestonjee Tu-
 brick,—Hormusjee Dhunjeebhoy Gheesta, Cowajee Jahangheer Jussa
 willi,—Dorabjee Pestonjee,—Lungwandass Puthotumdass and Pranjeevun-
 dass Loolseydass
 Drennan J M for Hormusjee Dnnjeebhoy Gheesta, Dorabjee Pestonjee.
 Doolookram Hurjoon for Morajee Heemir
 Dunn, Thos. for Puddumsey Veerjee and others.
 Dnicharam Wikitchund, for Mooljee Canjee
 Duljee Sorabjee Latell, for Cowajee Jahangheer Jussawalla
 Flowers, F for Kanjee Dewjee and Poodalass Dewjee
 Gamble, H, for Hormusjee Jamsetjee Buttiwalla & Co,—John Gordon —Thomas
 Diver,—Noor Mahomed Datoobhoj, Sons & Co —Dattoobhoj Merwanjee & Co
 —Dhunjeebhoy Eduljee & Co,—Atmaram Madhowjee Nowrjee Duljee
 & Co —Runkorlass Canjee Hunsraj, Maljee and Hunsraj Runkorlass, Lull
 bhoy Manocklall, Sewar Gundadhar,—for Ramjee Luckmidass & Co —
 Pany ewandass Hurgvundass & Co,—Lakersey Vussonjee
 Gopalass Madhowdass for Soonderjee Nanjee
 Govind Bilmatni, for Manockjee Pestonjee Tubaol Jumnalass Khoosaldass.
 Mooljee Canjee Puddumsey Veerjee and others
 Gray J, for Jivarilall Umirahunkar Jahangheer Hormusjee —Gray, J, for
 Kumbhoonath Wittoba —Manockjee Ruttonjee Verwanjee Nusserwanjee
 Bhownugra —Bharmal Puntik —Nurpall Looji —Thackersey Dewjee,—
 Oorpalall Khimjee —Govind Gurdhar and Meer Sassoon Moses
 Gray H, for Burjee Rustonjee
 Greenwood, I for Rustonjee Ardaseer
 Hamilton B for S and A Nnabhoj
 Hormusjee Pestonjee Framjee for Dossabhoj Kirpal and Jaitha Laljee.
 Hosack T, for Karsondass Mithadass
 Irkulden C for Navichund Nuchund
 Jahangheer Rustonjee Moty for Javarilall Umirahunkar —F B Cama & Co —
 Ardaseer Cussetjee Ludoonjee,—Muncherjee Jamsetjee & sons,—Cowajee
 Pestonjee and others
 Kenowrao Bhasker, for Manockjee Ruttonjee
 Lalbhoy Ghellabhoj, for Ramjee Luckmidass & Co.
 McCulloch, H B for John Gordon.
 Macmald A J, for Manockjee, Limjee, & Co
 McLarlane, J, for Jumnalass Doolubdass,—and Davidass Luckmidass
 John Gordon —Noor Mahomed Datoobhoj Sons, & Co Manockjee
 Ruttonjee
 Madorow Morojee for Pranjeevundass Doolubdass
 Madorow Morojee for Lullobhoj Manocklall
 Merwanjee Framjee, for Khetsey Sewjee & Co
 Moore, A C, for Cowajee Pestonjee & others
 Mullins, I I, for Cowajee Pestonjee and others
 Narayen Crushna Land for Jumnadass Khoosaldass
 Oid, A W for Jahangheer Hormusjee
 Latell, E H, for Dossabhoj Merwanjee, & Co —Meer Sassoon Moses,
 Pestonjee Dadoabhoj, for Pranjeevundass Hurjeevundass
 Poulton, I H W, for Madhowdass Ghellabhoj
 Punnet I F, for Atmaram Madhowjee —F B Cama & Co —Dossabhoj
 Kirpal —Soonderjee Nanjee,—Muncherjee Jamsetjee and Sons and Jaitha
 Laljee.

- Ranken, J., for Premchand Roychand, —Jewraj Ruthensay & Co.; —Rustomjee Jamssetjee Jeejeebhoy and others
 Raghonath Narrayen, for Manockjee Limjee and Co., —Morarjee Hemraj.
 Read, S W, for Jehangir Hormusjee, Khetsey, Dewjee & Co —Cowasjee Jehangir Jissawalla and Mooljee Ganjee.
 Robertson, D, for Cursetjee Furdoonjee.
 Robinson J. D, Karsondass Madhowdass, —Passoo Jairaz, —Khntao Parsshotum, and Jewras Ramdass.
 Roonan, M, for Pranjeevandass Doolubdass
 Rustomjee Dossabhoj, for Tackersey Vussonjee.
 Ruttonsey Runsey, for Govind Girdhar.
 Scott J L, for Premchand Roychand.
 Shaw, A J, for S. and N Nanabhoj and Venaik Pandoorung.
 Shephard, J. A, for Raghonath Wittoba
 Sim W., for Puddumsey Veerjee and others; —Sewraj Gungadhar, —Govind Girdhar, —Thomas Diver and Nowrojee Dooljee and Co
 Smith J, for Cursetjee Furdoonjee.
 Somerville, J. M for Manockjee, Limjee, & Co
 Sorabjee Franjee Panday, for Jewraj Ruttonsey and Co.
 Spencer, F A, for Burjorjee Rustomjee, —Ardaseer Cursetjee Furdonjee; —Ruttonjee Jamssetjee Paruck and Soonderjee Nanjee.
 Stewart, G M, for Rustomjee Jamssetjee Jeejeebhoy and others.
 Sadanund Balcrustna for Bhairam Parbhat Nupall, —Poonja, Thackersey Dewjee, and Koopill Khumjee
 Tallockchand Roopchand for Kanjee Dewjee & Toolsdass Dewjee.
 Taylor, J, for Dadabhoj Byramjee.
 Teasdale J C, for Raghonath Wittoba, —Pranjeevundass Doolubdass and Ruttonjee Jamssetjee Paruck.
 Thomson, A., for Karsondass Madhowdass, —Thomson, A, for Navilchand Ranchund, Passoo Jairaz, Khntao Parsshotum, and Jairaz Ramdass, Maculloch John & Co
 Tribhovundass Nathooibhoj, for Ramjee Luckmidass & Co.
 Trimluck Ramchundra for Ramjee Luckmidass & Co
 Warren E H, for Thomas Diver, Noor Mahomed Datoobhoj, Sons & Co.
 Wawadew Crustn Siboy, for Viraajek Pandoorung
 Wawanath Dhondoba, for Hormusjee Dhunjeebhoj Gheesta
 Wilson, O R, for Jannadass Doolabdash and David Luckmidass, Burjorjee Rustomjee, Dossabhoj Kirpall, Ardaseer Cursetjee Furdonjee, Jaitbal Dooljee
 Wilson, H, for Dossabhoj Merwanjee & Co, Karsondass Ganjee, Hunaraj Waljee, and Hunaraj Karsondass, Morojee Hemraj.
 Wilson, T, for Jewraj Ruttonsey & Co.

**List of Estates under Act XXVIII of 1865, in which Accounts
of Progress have been filed**

Insolvents	Filed Petitions	Filed Accounts	Trustees
Jumnadass Doolubdass and Davidass Luckmidass, carry- ing on business as Jums- dass Doolubdass	25th Jan 1866	15th Dec 1865 8th April 1867	J S Brodie G R Wilson J Macfarlane.
John Gordon	28th April 1866	14th Jan 1867 21th June 1867	H Gamble H B MacCulloch J Macfarlane R Hamilton
Sorabjee Pestonjee Framjee, Nowrojee Nanabhojee Fram- jee, and Merwanjee Jamset- jee, trading as S and N Nanabhojee	22nd May 1866	19th Dec 1865 24th June 1867 9th Aug 1867	Cunsodass Nensey A J Shaw R Hamilton
Lunjee Manockjee and Cowas- jee Manockjee, trading as Manockjee, Lunjee & Co	31st May 1866	5th April 1867 26th Aug 1867	Cunsodass Nensey A J Macdonald J M Somerville Ragoonath Nar- ryen
Govind Girdhar	31st May 1866	29th Jan 1867	W Sim I Gray Rattansay Runsey
Cursetjee Furdoonjee	31st May 1866	1st Aug 1867 6th Jan 1867 14th June 1867 9th Aug 1867	W Sim D Robertson. J Smith J Beattie
Thomas Diver	6th June 1866	27th Nov 1866 8th July 1867	W Sim H Gamble F H Warren. W Sim
Kunsodass Madhowdass	6th June 1866	25th Dec 1865 18th June 1867 31st July 1867	H Gamble A Thomson. D Robt son. J Hosack C L Bunn
Fazul Noor Mahomed Rahm- toolla Noor Mahomed, and Hossein Noor Mahomed carried on business as Noor Mahomed Datoobhojee Sons and Co.	8th June 1866	29th Jan 1867 8th July 1867	H Gamble J Macfarlane G H Warren
Burjorjee Rustomjee	23rd June 1866	30th March 1867 25th June 1867 24th Sept 1867	F A Spencer G I Wilson H Gray F A Spencer G I Wilson
Dhunjeebhoy Merwanjee Wa- dia, Cursetjee Merwanjee Wadia, Rustomjee Heerjee bhoy Wadia, and Framjee Dossabhojee Wadia, trading as Dossabhojee, Merwanjee, and Co.	27th June 1866	10th Jan 1867 2nd July 1867 12th Oct 1867 21st Nov 1867	R H Pule H Wilson Damoder Hurjee. H Wilson Damoder Hurjee H Gamble
Dhunjeebhoy Edduljee and Dhunjeebhoy Rustomjee, trading as Dhunjeebhoy, Edduljee and Co	3rd July 1866	24th April 1867	J J Curmin A C Brice H Gamble
Navalchund Nanchund	3rd July 1866	17th Jan 1867 12th July 1867	O Iggulden A Thomson. P. E Bendir.

Insolvents.	Filed Petition.	Filed Accounts.	Trustees
Meer Sassoon Moses	20th Aug. 1866	4th Jan. 1867 ... 21st Sept. 1867 ...	W. H. Peile. S. Abraham. J. Gray W. Adams S. Abraham.
Javarilall Umiahunker.....	7th July 1866	29th March 1867 } 4th June 1867 }	J. Gray Jehangeer Rustom- jee Mody
Atmaram Madhowjee.....	10th July 1866	1st Nov. 1867 ... 22nd Feb. 1867 } 23rd July 1867 }	H. Gamble. M. R. de Quadros. T. F. Punnett.
Jehangeer Hormusjee	11th July 1866	11th Jan. 1867 30th Sept. 1867 . 16th Nov. 1867	J. Gray. S. W. Read. A. W. Ord
Nowrojee Eduljee, Rustomjee Eduljee, and Sorabjee Now- rojee Mehta, carried on business as Nowrojee, Edul- jee & Co.	14th July 1866	19th Jan. 1867 18th July 1867 }	P. E. Bendir. H. Gamble W. Sim.
Runsordass Canjee and Huns- raj Malljee, carried on busi- ness as Runsordass Canjee, Hunsraj Malljee, and Huns- raj Runsordass.	14th July 1866	18th Jan. 1867 } 17th July 1867 } 12th Oct. 1867 ..	H. Gamble. P. E. Bendir. H. Wilson
Rughoonath Witoba	20th July 1866	3rd April 1867	J. A. Shepherd. J. Gray.
Manockjee Ruttonjee	21st July 1866	23rd May 1867 ...	J. O. Teasdale. J. Gray. J. Macfarlane.
Lulloobhoy Gopalidass and Manocklall Gopalidass, car- ried on business as Lulloob- hoy Manocklall*	27th July 1866	6th Feb. 1867 ... * 21st July 1867	Kesourao Bhasker. H. Gamble. P. E. Bendir. H. Gamble. P. E. Bendir
Bhugwandass Parshotumdass and Pranjevandass Toolsey dass, carried on business as Bhugwandass Parshotum- dass and as Parshotumdass Heersachund	31st July 1866	28th Feb. 1867 . 16th July 1867 12th Aug. 1867... 16th Aug. 1867 .	Madorow Morojee. M. R. De Quadros.
Khetsey Sewjee, Dewjee Pur- bhut, Dairaj Luda, Veerjee Dumjee, Dadhur Bhimsey, and Lokursey Mursey trad- ed as Khetsey, Dewjee & Co.	26th July 1866	1st March 1867... 9th May 1867 . † 18th Sept. 1867	P. E. Bendir. S. W. Read. Merwanjee Framjee. P. E. Bendir. P. E. Bendir. S. W. Read.
Merwanjee Nasserwanjee Bhownugra ...	30th July 1866	5th April 1867 ..	Merwanjee Framjee- J. Gray. R. A. Dallas.
Pranjevandass Hurjeevandass	1st Aug. 1866	4th April 1867 .	A. C. Brice J. J. Currin. Peestonjee Dadabhoy
Jumnadass Khooshaldass	20th Aug. 1866	29th March 1867 } 11th Sept. 1867 }	J. Dewar Govind Balkrustna. Murrayana Crustana Laod.

* Final discharge granted on 15th November 1867.

† Final Accounts.

Inventors	Filed Patent	Filed Accounts	Trustees
Pranjeswandas Doolubdass	21st Aug. 1866	4th April 1867	M Reenan J C Gerardie Majorow Morojee. J Laylor
Dadabhoi Byramjee ..	29th Aug. 1866	19th July 1867 16th Aug 1867 23rd March 1867 6th Sept 1867	J F Punnett Jehingee Rustomjee Mooy J Beattie J F Punnett H Gambie W Sim P L Bendir W Sim P L Bendir H Gambie P L Bendir Limbuk Raman- chandra
Pranjee Bomanjee Rustomjee Jamsatjee, Muntchjeechul- jee Bannojee and Nowrojee Gowajee, traded as I B Cama & Co	1st Aug. 1866	2nd March 1867 5th July 1867 9th Aug 1867 30th Aug 1867	J F Punnett Jehingee Rustomjee Mooy J Beattie J F Punnett H Gambie W Sim P L Bendir W Sim P L Bendir H Gambie P L Bendir Limbuk Raman- chandra
Sewiaz Gungadhur...	7th Sept. 1866	13th March 1867 11th Sept 1867	J F Punnett Jehingee Rustomjee Mooy J Beattie J F Punnett H Gambie W Sim P L Bendir W Sim P L Bendir H Gambie P L Bendir Limbuk Raman- chandra
Ramjee Jaitha carrying on business in his own name and in partnership with Luckmadas Hunaraj, Sew- raz Gungadhur, Khemjee Motee, Pudemsey Veerjee Jumnadas Khoosbaldas, Luckmadas Qirdhuroas, and Nungadas Jumnadas, as Ramjee Luckmadas & Co	7th Sept 1866	1st Mar 1867 *ord Sept 1867	J F Punnett Jehingee Rustomjee Mooy J Beattie J F Punnett H Gambie W Sim P L Bendir W Sim P L Bendir H Gambie P L Bendir Limbuk Raman- chandra
Luckmasey Sewjee and Ooker- dah Sewjee traded as Sewjee Nemsey & Co and in China as Ghehabhoi Sewjee & Co	10th Sept 1866	6th April 1867 10th Aug 1867	J F Punnett Jehingee Rustomjee Mooy J Beattie J F Punnett H Gambie W Sim P L Bendir W Sim P L Bendir H Gambie P L Bendir Limbuk Raman- chandra
Dossabhoi Kirpall ..	17th Sept 1866	30th March 1867	J F Punnett Jehingee Rustomjee Mooy J Beattie J F Punnett H Gambie W Sim P L Bendir W Sim P L Bendir H Gambie P L Bendir Limbuk Raman- chandra
Bharmull Purbut, Nurp H Poonj, Thackersey Dewj and Koorpall Khimjee trad- ing as Bharmull Purbut & Co, and the said Bharmull Purbut trading in his own name with Cooverjee Jew- raz and Currumsey Nigety as Purbut Jeezy & Co, and also lately trading with Jadwajee Purbut and Luc- kumsey Purbut as Purbut Jitky	20th Sept 1866	11th April 1867 1st August 1867 2nd August 1867 1st August 1867 7th Sept 1867	J F Punnett Jehingee Rustomjee Mooy J Beattie J F Punnett H Gambie W Sim P L Bendir W Sim P L Bendir H Gambie P L Bendir Limbuk Raman- chandra
Rustomjee Ardaseer ..	20th Sept 1866	24th April 1867 7th Sept 1867	J F Punnett Jehingee Rustomjee Mooy J Beattie J F Punnett H Gambie W Sim P L Bendir W Sim P L Bendir H Gambie P L Bendir Limbuk Raman- chandra
Pranchund Roychund	21st Sept 1866	26th March 1867 2th Sept 1867	J F Punnett Jehingee Rustomjee Mooy J Beattie J F Punnett H Gambie W Sim P L Bendir W Sim P L Bendir H Gambie P L Bendir Limbuk Raman- chandra
Jewar Ruttonsey, Currumsey Nagety, Amerjee Hemj, Lalladur Visam, Lajpal Dewsey, Champsey Dossaj and Luckmasey Deroolately	20th Sept 1866	10th April 1867 18th Nov 1867	J F Punnett Jehingee Rustomjee Mooy J Beattie J F Punnett H Gambie W Sim P L Bendir W Sim P L Bendir H Gambie P L Bendir Limbuk Raman- chandra

* final Accounts

Indebted	Filed Petition	Filed A. A. Court	
traded as Jewraj Ruttonsey & Co, and who as Coverjee Jewraj and Oorunsey Nagsey also traded with Bhar-mull Purbat as Purbat Jettsey & Co			
Madhondass Ghollabhooy .	9th Oct 1866	19th June 1867	C Clifton J H W Poulton Ambaram Kevulram A A Spencer
Soondarjee Nanjee	5th Oct 1866	5th April 1867 14th Oct 1867	Govindass Madhondass J D Robinson. A Thomson.
Passeo Jaiwar Khutao Purshotum and Jaiwar Rindass trading as Juthi Jaiwar, Passeo Jaiwar, Khutao Purshotum & Jaiwar Ram Dass	9th Oct 1866	1st May 1867 7th June 1867 1st Nov 1867.	
Ardaseer Christjee Kuroodoojee	15th Oct 1866	10th April 1867 1st June 1867 16th Oct 1867 15th Oct 1867	G R Wilson. A A Spencer R Wilson A A Spencer Ichangseer Rustomjee Mody J Gamble Ambaram Kevulram Atmasam Balcrustna
Dowitchund Hookumchund, lately carried on business in his own name with Hingovundass Pranjevandass, Pranjevandass Hingevandass, and Gopulrow Bulvunt, as Hingovundass Pranjevandass & Co, and with Pranjevandass Hingevandass, Hingovundass Pranjevandass, Gopulrow Bulvunt, Nahalchund Mhookchund, Dewchund Hemchund, Basse Bonee Pranjevandass and Lulloobhooy Pranjevandass, as Pranjevandass Hingovundass and Co	15th Nov 1866	4th July 1867	
Venkyuck Pandoorung, lately traded as Mungesh Pandoorung	15th Nov 1866	10th June 1867	J A J Shaw. Wasoodow Christna nooy
Hugh Bowie MacCulloch and Hury John, lately traded as MacCulloch, John, & Co	16th Nov 1866	11th May 1867 20th Aug 1867 20th Nov 1867	A Thomson.
Hingovundass Pranjevandass	27th Nov 1866	11th June 1867	C Clifton M R de Quadros. Ambaram Kevulram Atmasam Balcrustna M. R de Quadros A A Spencer J O Casdale M R de Quadros. Govind Balcrustna Govind Balcrustna. J M Drennan M R de Quadros. Wisevanath Dhondoba
Luttonjee Jamsajjee Paruck	30th Nov 1866	11th June 1867	
Manockjee Pestonjee Tuback.	9th Jan. 1867	16th Aug 1867 11th Sept 1867	
Hosimurajee Dhunjeebhoy Ghessta	21st Dec 1866	26th June 1867	

* Permitted on 24th May 1867 to resume trading

Insolvents	Filed Petition	Filed Accounts	Trustees
Jamsetjee Cursetjee Buttiwalla, Sorabjee Jamsetjee Buttiwalla, Abduljee Hormusjee Buttiwalla, Cursetjee Hormusjee Buttiwalla, and Velchund Goolabchand, carried on business as Hormusjee Jamsetjee Buttiwalla, Sons, & Co.	22nd Feb 1867	5th Sept 1867 12th Oct 1867 21st Nov 1867	P E Bendir H Gamble Cursetjee Sorabjee Naderahaw
Nasserwanjee Muncherjee Wadia, and Burjorjee Muncherjee Wadia, lately trading as Muncherjee Jamsetjee and Sons *	17th April 1867	3 Accounts, 15th Aug 1867	T F Punnett. W L Asley Jehangeer Rustomjee Mody.
Govind Hurry Walleker, lately carried on business as Govind Hurry, Hurry Govind, and Rowjee Khatmay, with Somchand Vussonjee under the name of Lokerey Vussonjee	3rd April 1867	2nd Aug 1867 16th Aug 1867	J P Cornforth. H Gamble. Rustomjee Dowsabhoj.
Luckmidass Girdhurdass, carrying on business in his own name and in partnership with Veljee Naronjee & Co, Luckmidass Humerji, Ramjee Jaitha, Jumnadass Khurshaldass, Nagindass Jumnadass, and Puddumsey Veerjee, as Ramjee Luckmidass & Co.	11th Mar 1867	17th Sept 1867	Dadoba Pandoorung Lulloobhoj Ghella-bhoj. Tribhovandass Nuttoobhoj
Puddumsey Veerjee & others	5th Oct 1866	15th Nov 1867	William Sim. Thos Dunn Govind Balcrastna. G R Wilson. T F Punnett. H P Iramjee. J M Drennan Dadabhoj Rustomjee M R de Quadros J Rankin. G M Stewart Ardasrer Hormusjee Wadia
Jaitha Laljee	11th Oct 1866	24th Sept 1867	L J Mullins A C Moore J Rustomjee Mody.
Dorabjee Pestonjee†	2nd Mar. 1867	21st Sept 1867	
Rustomjee Jamsetjee Jejee bhoj and others . .	14th May 1867	23rd Sept 1867 7th Nov. 1867	
Cowasjee Pestonjee & others	14th Dec 1866	3rd Oct. 1867	

* Permitted on 28th May 1867 to resume trading

† Permitted on 20th June 1867, to resume trading.

List of Estates under Act XXVIII of 1865 in which the Trustees had not up to 10th December filed accounts:—

Inventor	Filed Petition	Filed Account
Morarjee Hemras .	7th May 1867	H Wilson Rughoonath Narayan. Dulchooram Hurgovan
Cowajee Jehangeer Jusewalla	9th May 1867	S W Read M de Quadros Edujee Sorabjee Patall
Mooljee Canjee .	13th May 1867	S W Read Govind Balcrustna Dulcharam Wakachund.
Kanjee Dowjee and Toolsey Dass Dowjee	20th Aug. 1867	W Adams E Flowers Tallochund Roopchund

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF LIQUIDATORS.

Ahmedbhoy Hubbbhoy—Of Royal Bank of India
 Ambiram Kevaliam—Of Royal Bank of India
 Ardasher Jamsedjee—Of Albert Insurance Company
 Ardasher Framjee Moor—Of Bombay Oil Works Company
 Ardasher Bomanjee Kaka—Of Bombay Finance Corporation
 Ardasher Edujee Chinnor—Of Bombay City Bank, and Central Bank of Western India
 Ashley, A. J.—Of Bombay Shipping Company, Western Insurance Company, Eastern Insurance Company and Gun Coffee Company
 Aspinwall, J. B.—Of Bombay Reclamation Company

B

Bendir, P. B.—Of Alliance Bank of Bombay Mercantile Credit and Financial Association, Indian Peninsula, London, and China Bank, East India Bank, and National Financial of India
 Benn, C. B.—Of Union Shipping Company
 Bhagobhate Premchund—Of Ahmedabad Financial Association
 Bhimjee Parshotam—Of Calcutta Press Company
 Bogue, J.—Of Bombay Commercial Association
 Bomonjee Jejeebhoy—Of Bombay Royal Insurance Company
 Brice, A. C.—Of Decol in Cotton Cleaning Company, and Imperial Banking and Trading Company
 Brodie J.—Of Mofussil Financial Association
 Bromley, F.—Of Bombay Shipping Company
 Brown, Hon. A.—Of Bombay Merchant Shipping Company
 Burjorjee Rustomjee Mody—Of Bombay City Bank
 Byramjee Cursetjee—Of East India Bank
 Byramjee Nowrojee—Of Bank of India

C

Cassumbhoy Dhurumsey—Of Calcutta Press Company, East India Bank, and Guzerat Financial Corporation
 Cawajee Nanabhoy—Of Brokers' Loan, Discount, and Banking Company
 Chooniall Keesarsing—Of Ahmedabad Financial Association

City G S—Of Commercial Finance and Stock Exchange Corporation, and Kutch Financial Association
 Cooper, J., London—Of London, Bombay and Mediterranean Bank
 Cornack, H. R.—Of East Indian Underwriters' Association
 Cull and Co Mohndjee—Of Presidency Bank
 Curnamally Gasmahoy—Of General Financial Corporation
 Cursetjee Byramjee, Ahmedabad—Of Bank of Ahmedabad
 Cursetjee Hormusjee—Of Commercial Finance and Stock Exchange Corporation
 Cursetjee Nowrojee Wadia—Of United Mercantile Company
 Cursetjee Rustumjee Setna—Of Albert Insurance Company
 Cursetjee Nussurwanjee (son of) Victoria Patent Brick Company
 Curoodass Nauscy—Of Kutch Financial Corporation

D

Dadaboy Rustumjee Banajer—Of Bombay Trading and Banking Association
 Dallas, R. A.—Of Bombay Bureau and Land Investment Company
 Damodhai Heerjee—Of Alliance Bank of Bombay (Limited)
 Datta M. Mookjee—Of Royal Bank of India
 Dinshaw Mookjee Petit—Of Bombay Trading and Banking Association, and International Exhibition of Bombay Company
 Dixon, T.—Of East Indian Underwriters' Association
 Dhanjee Ramjee Pandey—Of Brokers' Loan, Discount and Banking Company
 Dhanabhai Ramjee (son of) Presidency Bank and Victoria Patent Brick Company
 Duncay, J.—Of Great Eastern Company, and Iron Ship Company
 Dabookram Hingwundjee—Of Royal Bank of India
 Dunlop, H. C.—Of Bank of Calcutta
 Durrani Juggonath—Of Western India Finance and Exchange Corporation
 D. Byramjee—Of Oriental Shipowning Company

Duljee Nussurwanjee—Of Bhatia Financial Association
 Duljee Nussurwanjee Setna—Of Deccan Cotton Clearing Company

E

Emmerson and Robins, London—Of Locomotive Cotton Press Company
 Forbes, J. A.—Of Western India Hotel Company
 Forman, H.—Of Iron Ship Company

G

Gamble H.—Of Bombay Finance Corporation
 Gilbert, J. R.—Of Bombay Oil Works Company
 Gilbert W.—Of Grand Finance Company and Oriental Financial Association
 Govind Balkrishna—Of Universal Bank and Financial Corporation
 Grant, A. D.—Of Bombay Brick and Tile Company, Friendly Marine Insurance Company of Bombay and Iron Ship Company
 Gumpert, A. C.—Of International Financial Corporation

H

Hamilton, Rowland—Of Eastern Financial Association
 Haje Iyeb Haje Ishimtoola—Of Calcutta Press Company
 Haydar, I. O.—Of International Exhibition of Bombay Company
 Heerjee Dwarakadas—Of Branch Bank and Financial Association
 Heerjee Tehangeer—Of Eastern Insurance Company
 Hormusjee Dhanjeebhai Gheests—Of Union Financial Corporation
 Hormusjee Ramjee Pantoojee—Of Bombay City Bank
 Hormusjee Nambhoy—Of Branch Bank and Financial Association
 Holyland W. H., London—Of Commercial Bank of India and the East
 Humal Mohunlal—Of Bhatia Financial Association, Limited

I

Ibrahim Moideen—Of Bombay and Kathiawar Financial and Commercial Association

J

Jamsetjee Dadabhoy—Of Albert Insurance Company
 Jhangoor Hormusjee—Of Deccan Cotton Cleaning Company
 Jhangoor Rustumjee Mody—Of Bombay City Bank, and Imperial Banking and Trading Company
 Johnson, J. R. K.—Of Bombay Landing and Shipping Company
 Jyram Luximonjee—Of Agra Financial Association

K

Keshowjee Baskerjee—Of Central India Financial Corporation
 Keswadas Govindas—Of Branch Bank and Financial Association
 Keshoojee Nair—Of Bombay Trading and Banking Association
 Knott, W. F.—Of Bombay Contract and Building Company
 Kulkandass Mohundass—Of Bombay Finance Corporation

L

Lalchunker Bhoorabhoj—Of Bank of Guzerat and Central Bank of Western India
 Lawrence, E. W., London—Of Asiatic Banking Corporation
 Leathers, F. S.—Of Imperial Banking and Trading Company
 Lubdett, T.—Of Bombay Landing and Shipping Company
 Luckmidass Dharsey—Of Brokers' Loan, Discount and Banking Company
 Luckmidass Khimjee—Of Bombay Commercial Association

M

Macdonald, A. J.—Of East Indian Underwriters' Association
 Macdonald, Charles—Of Royal Bank of India
 Maxwell, H.—Of Western Indian Hotel Company
 Merwanjee Bomonjee—Of Victoria Patent Brick Company
 Merwanjee Framjee—Of Western India Finance and Exchange Corporation
 Mooljee Mijee—Of British Financial Association (Limited)
 Moor, T. H.—Of Bombay Brick and Tile Company and Friendly Marine Insurance Company of Bombay
 Morajee Goolindass—Of Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company
 Motiram Bhinghoobhai—Of Western India Finance and Exchange Corporation
 Munchejee Cowasjee—Of Western India Finance and Exchange Corporation
 Munchejee Nowrojee Banjee—Of Asiatic Financial Association
 Mungundul Hurchund—Of Ahmedabad Financial Association
 Mungjee Narsay—Of Brokers' Loan, Discount and Banking Company

N

Nagenbhoj Dayabhoy—Of Bombay General Credit and Financial Corporation
 Nanabhoj Surabjee—Of Royal Financial Corporation
 Narayan Chandra Laid—Of Universal Bank and Financial Corporation
 Nowrojee Manockjee Wadia—Of Presidency Bank
 Nusserwanjee Ardaseer—Of George Ill. Jute and Wool Spinning and Weaving Company
 Nusserwanjee Ardaseer Wadia—Of Eastern Financial Association, and Victoria Patent Brick Company
 Nusserwanjee Manockjee Petit—Of Royal Bank of India
 Nusserwanjee Munchejee Wadia—Of Bombay Trading and Banking Association

P

Peile, W. H.—Of Bombay City Bank
 Perkyns, Sir T. G. A., Bart., London—Of London, Bombay, and Mediterranean Bank
 Pestonjee Dadabhoy—Of Grand Finance Company
 Pestonjee Nowrojee Pochajer—Of Bombay Trading and Banking Association, Bombay Royal Insurance Company and Presidency Bank
 Pannert, F. F.—Of Bombay and Trombay Reclamation Company, and Khandesh Farming Company
 Parrushram Muckoondjee—Of Agra Financial Association

R

Raghoonath Narayan—Of Bombay Joint Stock Corporation
 Raghoonath Damothur—Of Bombay Commission Agency and Banking Corporation
 Raghoonath Ramchandra—Of Bombay Commission Agency and Banking Corporation
 Rankin, J.—Of Bombay Reclamation Company
 Remington G. F.—Of Commercial Bank Corporation of India and the East

Robertson, I.—Of Royal East Indian Insurance Company and Royal East Indian Marine Insurance Company
 Roohan, M.—Of Central India Financial Corporation Limited, and Kathiawar Trading Company
 Rustumjee Bujorjee Mody—Of Brokers' Loan, Discount, and Banking Company, and Mofussil Financial Association

S

Scott, M. H.—Of Bombay Reclamation Company
 Shamjee Jadavjee—Of Bhattria Financial Association
 Shaw, J. A. J.—Of Bank of India
 Smith, John—Of Financial Association of India and China, and Bombay Landing and Shipping Company
 Smith, J. G.—Of Bombay Reclamation Company and Bombay Shipping Company
 Soonderjee Prager—Of Oriental Financial Association
 Sorabjee Krumroze—Of Bombay Royal Insurance Company
 S. P. Limjee—Of Oriental Shipowning Company
 Sorabjee Pallonjee Meherjee—Of Brokers' Loan, Discount, and Banking Company
 Sorabjee Lamooljee—Of Union Bank of Bombay, and Union Financial Corporation
 Spencer, I. A.—Of Bombay Joint Stock Corporation
 Stearns, W. F.—Of Bombay and Lengal Steam Ship Company
 Stuart, John—Of Bank of Bombay
 Sudannund Balcrustna—Of Royal Financial Corporation

Tapidas Vargdas—Of Bombay General Credit and Financial Corporation
 Temooljee Pestonjee—Of Bombay Commission Agency and Banking Corporation
 Terry, G. W.—Of Western India Hotel Company
 Thacker Dam der Jethabhai Bhangallee—Of Victoria Finance and Bullion Association
 Thacker Goolabhai Turun Bhangallee—Of Victoria Finance and Bullion Association
 Thompson A.—Of Alliance Financial Corporation, Indian Payments' London, and China Bank, George III. Jute and Wool Spinning and Weaving Company, Bombay and Coast Office Plantation Company, Dacca Cotton Cleaning and Press Company, Union Bank of Bombay Union Financial Corporation
 Tracy, R. L.—Of Bombay Reclamation Company
 Trimluck Ramchundra—Of Bombay and Kathiawar Financial and Commercial Association, Bombay and Mithan Financial Corporation
 Toller Chand Hukumbund—Of Bombay General Credit and Financial Association
 Turquard, W., London—Of Asiatic Banking Corporation

Viegas, Gabriel—Of Bombay Royal Insurance Company
 Vulkart Brothers—Of Western India Ship Company

W

Wallace, R.—Of Grand Finance Company
 Warren, & H.—Of General Financial Corporation
 Westlake, J.—Union Bank of Bombay and Union Financial Corporation
 Wilson, G. R.—Of Alliance Financial Corporation, Asiatic Financial Association, Bombay Oil Press Company, and Mofussil Financial Association
 Wylie, R. N.—Of United Mercantile Company

Agents in Bombay for Liquidators of Companies in Liquidation in other Places.

Cussetjee Byramjee—For liquidator (in Ahmedabad) of Bank of Ahmedabad
 Unulop, H. G.—For liquidators of Bank of Hindostan, China, and Japan
 Greig, James—For liquidators (in London) of Asiatic Banking Corporation
 Hawkins, L. L.—For liquidators (in London) of Lawrence Financial Association and London, Bombay, and Mediterranean Bank

A LIST

OF THE

European, Indo-Briton, & Portuguese Inhabitants

IN THE

TOWN AND ISLAND OF BOMBAY.

(Corrected to 23rd December, 1867.)

Abbott, A., engine driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Abraham, E. J., assistant, *Mesera. Kaur*, Prescott and Winter, solicitors—Dadur
 Abraham, N. J., merchant, Fort
 Abraham, S., 16, Apollo Street
 Abraham, S., Military Square Lane, Fort
 Abraham, Walter, manager, Litho. Department, Chief Engineer's Office—Girgaum
 Abreo, Antonio Manuel, assistant engineer, Bombay Saw Mills—Masagon
 Abreo, P. A., clerk, Office of the Superintendent of Army Clothing—Masagon
 Abreo, P. M. D., stores' delivery clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Matharpacady
 Abreo, Peter Michael de, clerk, Goods' Department, G. I. P. R.—Matharpacady
 Abreo, S. J. de—Masagon
 Achenbach, Joseph, consul for Sweden and Norway—(Europe)
 Acland, Prentiss and Bishop, solicitors, Apollo Street, Fort
 Acland, Samuel Lawford, partner, Acland, Prentiss and Bishop—Malabar Hill
 Acqueny Captain de, Hummum Street, Fort
 Adams, J., mason—Masagon
 Adams, Peter, manager, Edward Bates and Co., Hummum Street—Byculla Club
 Adams, P. W., Roman Catholic Priest—Colaba
 Adams, W., commissioner for taking affidavits, High Court—Albion Place, Byculla
 Addison, Lucy, assistant, Glover and Co., contractors, Bombay
 Aers, Thomas, invoice clerk, stores' department, G. I. P. R.—Masagon
 Agar, G.—Small Colaba
 Aguiar, J. L. de, broker—Girgaum
 Aguiar, John Matthew, assistant schoolmaster, R. C. Orphanage—Matharpacady
 Aguiar, Joseph Correa de, public accountant—Masagon
 Aguiar, V. de, clerk, Mint—Girgaum
 Ahlers, K., partner, Volkart Brothers and consul for the Netherlands—Malabar Hill
 Aikman, John, sub-accountant, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China
 Akers, W., Small Colaba
 Ainsworth, O., wharfinger, Elphinstone Land & Press Co., Carnac Bunder—Piquet Road
 Ainsworth, George, wharfinger, Musjid Bunder
 Ainsworth, Henry, overseer, Manockjee Petit's Spinning and Weaving Co.—Tardeo
 Ainsworth, R., weaving master, B. United Spinning and Weaving Co.—Girgaum
 Aitken, G.
 Aitken, G. M., sub-accountant, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China—
 Elphinstone Circle
 Aitken, Rev. James, missionary Free Church of Scotland, Tardeo
 Aitken, Robert A., assistant, Ritchie, Stuart and Co.—(Europe)
 Aitken, Russel, C.E., Executive Engineer, Municipality—Malabar Hill
 Akottman, F., agent Frere Land Company—Elphinstone Circle
 Alabado, O., clerk Bombay Post Office—Caval

- Albert, Rev. F., teacher, St Mary's Institution—Byculla
 Albuquerque, J. M., clerk, Post Office—Matharpacady
 Albuquerque, Joseph, clerk, Third Division Court—Kalbadavie
 Alcock, James, engineer, Manockjee Petit's Spinning and Weaving Co.—Tardeo
 Alderice, S.—Small Colaba
 Aldridge, J. T., partner, Blackwell and Co.—(Europe)
 Alexander, John, stevedore—Bellasis Road, Byculla
 Allan, Alexander, tailor and outfitter, Apollo Street, Fort
 Allan, J., partner, Kinloch and Allan, metalmerchants, Marine Street, Fort
 Allen, J., station master, G. I. P. Railway, Boies Bunder
 Allen, H., master artificer, Cantonment Large Department—Colaba
 Allingham, W., assistant accountant and cashier, G. I. P. R.—Elphinstone Circle
 Allison, I., stevedore—Byculla
 Almeida, J., turncock, Bombay Water Works
 Almeida, Joseph, clerk, B. I. S. N. Co.—Cavel
 Almeida, L. C., contractor—Girgaum
 Almeida, M. D., clerk, Executive Commissioner's Office—Matharpacady
 Almeida, Manuel, ticket printer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Masagon
 Almon, W., sub class officer, Preventive Service—Kalbadavie
 Alves, J. Francis, contractor—Bandora
 Alves, John, signaler Electric Telegraph—Upper Colaba
 Alphonso, A. H., clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Alphonso, D., stores delivery clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Omercarry
 Alphonso, Joseph, time keeper, Elphinstone Land & Press Company—Omercarry
 Ancias, F., fitter, G. I. P. Railway—Masagon
 Anderson, Edward—Girgaum
 Anderson, James, M. D., partner Somerville and Anderson—Byculla
 Anderson, James, carriage examiner, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bombay
 Anderson, J.—Small Colaba
 Anderson, Joseph, M. D., apothecary, Jambhjee Jesjeebhoy Hospital—Byculla
 Anderson, John A., partner, Finlay Clark & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Anderson, J. F., contractor—Byculla
 Anderson, Robert H., 1st class officer Preventive Service—Girgaum
 Andrade, A. P., medical practitioner—Girgaum Road
 Andrade, C., clerk, Custom House—Khetwaddy
 Andrade, C. S., clerk, Bombay General Post Office—Kalbadavie
 Andrews, W., acting chief engineer, Fort Press—Church Lane
 Andrie, H. D., assistant accountant Chartered Mercantile Bank—Church Lane, Fort
 Angus, Robert, merchant, Forbes Street, Fort
 Annunciation, J. J., head clerk, Master Attendant's Office—Kalbadavie
 Annunciation, William Francis, sculptor and undertaker—Kalbadavie
 Ansell, planter, Bassein
 Ansell, W. M., solicitor, Church Street—Malabar Hill
 Antone, A. M., coach builder, Bellasis Junction Road, Byculla—Esplanade.
 Antone, F., fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway
 Arbuthnot, F. F., registrar general and registrar of Joint-stock Companies—Byculla
 Arkin, Manoel, clerk, Bank of Bombay—Kalbadavie
 Armstrong, George, boiler-maker, Bombay Marine—Esplanade
 Armstrong, N. A., 3rd class officer, preventive service—Cross Road, Esplanade
 Ainsould, Sir Joseph, Kt., Paines Judge, High Court—Fort
 Ashburner, Charles Edward, partner, Burstall, Russell & Co.—(Europe)
 Ashburner, Francis James, assistant, Burstall, Russell & Co.—Fort
 Ashburner, F. J., assistant, Messrs. Burstall, Russell & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Ashley, A., Hickman
 Ashley, A. E., joint manager, London, Asiatic and American Co., Elphinstone Circle
 Ashworth, John, spinning master, Albert Spinning and Weaving Co
 Aspin, H., engineer, Oriental Spinning & Weaving Co.—Tardeo
 Astley, A. E., partner, Ewart Latham & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Atkinson, Henry W., assistant, Robinson & Co.
 Atkinson, J.—Byculla
 Attade, J. F., partner, Pava, Martin & Co.—Byculla
 Atta, Edward Watkins, overseer Clover & Co.—Omercarry
 Atta, Francis, pensioner—Omercarry
 Andrade, U., clerk Bombay Post Office—Kalbadavie
 Angus, G., driver G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Augustine, D., apothecary F. & O. Co.—Masagon

Augusto, Mathews Andrew, vakeel—Masagon.
 Austin, William, inspector of police—Mahim
 Avron, Henry Hunt, superintendent Sailor's Home—Esplanade
 Asaveido, & Co., sailmakers, &c—Omercarry
 Asaveido, Anselm A., time-keeper, Elphinstone Land and Press Company—Mahim
 Asaveido, A. J., clerk, Bombay Post Office—Lower Mahim
 Asaveido, J., partner, Asaveido & Co—Omercarry
 Asaveido, J., clerk, Soundy & Co—Sonapore
 Asaveido, J. A., partner Asaveido & Co—Omercarry
 Asaveido, John P., clerk, Assiat. Municipal Comr's Office—Newman Gully, Kalbadavia
 Asaveido Raymond, store-keeper, Cooria Spinning and Weaving Company—Cooria

B

Bacon, Wm., assistant, J. & W. Watson, tailors, &c—Meadow Street
 Badham & Co., hosiery, gloves and general merchants, Apollo House, Fort
 Badham, G., putner, Badham & Co., Apollo Street—Parcell
 Bagot, Edward Wilson, assistant, Swart Latham & Co—Breach Cundy
 Balcombe, W. L., chief clerk and accountant, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Bailey, B. C., superintendent, Government Telegraph, Colaba
 Bailey, Ephraim, clerk, St. John's Church and undertaker, Upper Colaba
 Bailey, Henry, police superintendent—Masagon Road
 Baile, A., foreman sawyer, P. & O. Co.'s dockyard—Masagon
 Baile, James C., inspector Custom House, Arthur B under—Colaba
 Baile, Thomas Kinest, clerk, Judicial Department, Secretariat—Colaba.
 Bain, James, engineer—Kalbadavia
 Bain, William, engineer, Bombay Marine—Kalbadavia
 Baird, G. O., wharfinger, Elphinstone Land and Press Co—Kalbadavia
 Baker, B., coachman to Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Masagon Castle
 Baker, Henry, guard, G. I. P. Railway—Kalbadavia Road
 Baker, J., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Proquet Road
 Baker, R., clerk, Stores Department, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Grant Road
 Baker, R., fireman, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Baker, R., boiler-maker, G. I. P. Railway—Girgaum
 Baker, Robert H—Malabar Hill
 Baker, Wm., Education Society's Press—Nagpada
 Baker, W. A., officiating deputy accountant, Bank of Bombay, Fort
 Ballard, Colonel J. A., C. S. & I., Commissioner Paper Currency (England)
 Balcomb, W. L., chief clerk and accountant, Locomotive Department, G. I. P. Railway, Barkly Place—Byculla
 Banks, Charles, 2nd manager, Bombay Education Society's Press, Byculla
 Bamford, M., sub accountant, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China—Elphinstone Circle
 Bamford, W., driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Baptist, J., clerk, Secretariat, Fort
 Baptist, Lawrence, clerk, Marine Storekeeper's Office—Kalbadavia
 Baptist, Michael F., clerk, Small Cause Court—Girgaum
 Baptist, T., godown keeper, Watson, Bogle & Co—Girgaum
 Baptista, Agostinho Maria, clerk, Hearn, Cleveland & Pells—Girgaum
 Baptista, J., clerk, General Post Office—Girgaum
 Baptista, John Elias, fitter, Oriental Spinning and Weaving Co.—Girgaum
 Bapty, James, timber merchant—Masagon
 Barclay, A., acting assistant supt., Locomotive Department, G. I. P. Railway—Nesbit Lane, Byculla
 Bardon, C. B.—Masagon
 Barker, E. J., Mint Master's Office—Masagon
 Barker, F., signa per pro. Bell, Miller & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Barker, Holace Watson, assistant, Accountant General's Office—Masagon
 Barker, J., acting Sub-conductor, Ordnance Department—Grand Arsenal
 Barker, E. W., signa per pro G. S. King & Co—Rampart Row
 Barker, W. Stafford—Colaba
 Barlow, P., boiler-maker, P. & O. Co.'s Dockyard—Masagon
 Barnard, J., senior, Barrack Master, Presidency, Military Store Lane, Fort
 Barnard, Robert, apprentice, Elphinstone Land & Press Co—Fort
 Barnesley, George, shed master, B. E. S. School—Byculla
 Barnesley, John, assistant, House of Correction—Byculla
 Barnes, J., driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla

Barnes, J. F. S., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Oomercarry
 Barnes, Richard, Rampart Row
 Barnes, W. O., Inspector of Police—Oomercarry
 Barnett, George Alfred, chief accountant and auditor, G. I. P. Railway Company—
 Breach Candy
 Barnett, G. M.—Parell

Barrett, J., 4th engineer—Lower Colaba
 Barrett, T., mechanic, Elphinstone Circle—Lower Colaba
 Barrett, William, conductor, Military Stores—Fort
 Barretto B. clerk, G. I. P. Railway
 Baretto, F., clerk G. I. P. Railway goods' department, Bombay
 Barretto, J. I. & Co., merchants &c., Apollo Street—Fort
 Barretto, John (junior), assistant, Barretto & Co—Aquary Street
 Baretto, John, partner, Barretto & Co., Agents—Apollo Street
 Baretto, J. M., clerk, executive municipal engineer's department
 Baretto, Joseph F., clerk, Marine Storekeeper's Department—Colaba
 Baretto, P. M., assistant, Barretto & Co—Apollo Street
 Barrow, Henry Wynford, Reporter, *Punch of India*, Church Gate Street, Fort
 Barron, W., Small Colaba
 Barry, W., engine driver, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Parell
 Bartlett, Frederick, assistant, Stoehr Prieger & Co—Malabar Hill
 Bartley, William, pensioned pilot, Bombay
 Barton, Richard Bolton, barrister-at-law, clerk, of Insolvent Court (Europe)
 Bates, Edward & Co., merchants
 Bates W., Hummum Street, Fort
 Barthy, L., signal gunner, Centre Hill Flag Staff
 Baumbach, John Andrew, partner, Remington & Co—(Europe)
 Baumbach, R., assistant, Remington & Co—Byculla Club
 Bayley, Hon'ble Lytton Holroyde, Advocate General, Apollo Street—Malabar Hill
 Bayly, J. W., resident engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway Co—Grant Road
 Beau, Edward Henry, railway contractor, Bombay
 Beare, T. B. E. S.—Matharpacady
 Beard, Charles, acting storekeeper, B. B. & C. I. railway—Grant Road
 Beard, John, Education Society's Press—Byculla
 Beadulph, T. H. S., Delhi and London Bank
 Beardmore, J. R., cashier, P. & O. Company, Fort
 Baise, George, Education Society's Press, Albion Place—Byculla
 Beasley, J., driver, B. B. & C. I. railway—Parell
 Beaumont, Thomas George, opium inspector—Colaba
 Beek, James M., Colaba
 Becker, Hugh, signs per pro Gaddum & Co., Rampart Row—Fort
 Bickersteth, John P. M. A., Registrar of District and Chief Magistrate—(Europe)
 Beckwith, J., tinsmith, P. & O. Co's Dockyard—Maragon
 Bedford, Henry, architect, and surveyor,—Pamarrud Lane
 Bedford, W., Accountant General's Office, Grant Buildings—Colaba
 Behrmann, Ewald, superintendent gas lighting, Municipality—Upper Colaba
 Bell, Edward, Meadow Street, Fort
 Bell, J., 4th engineer, B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Comorin*—Colaba
 Bell, J. G., assistant, Bell, Miller & Co—Malabar Hill
 Bell, J. H. boiler maker, G. I. P. railway—Byculla
 Bell, J. T., partner Bell, Ventsz, and Lucius—(London)
 Bell, L., stores delivery clerk, G. I. P. Railway
 Bell, Luis, tailor, Meadow Street, Fort
 Bell, Miller & Co., merchants, Military Square—Fort
 Bell, Robert, partner, Bell, Miller & Co—Malabar Hill
 Bell, Ventsz & Lucius, merchants, Elphinstone Circle
 Bellas, A. F., c. s., Collector of Bombay, acting Revenue Commissioner S. D.
 Bellis, P., saw mills—Bank Bunder
 Bendir, P. S., liquidator, Elphinstone Circle—Malabar Hill
 Benjamin, S., signaller Electric Telegraph—Colaba
 Benn, C. E., manager London Asiatic and American Co., Elphinstone Circle
 Benna, P., Exchange broker, Fort
 Bennet & Co., auctioneers, Forbes Street

- Bennett, Edward Lawrence, Partner Bennett & Co.—Churchpoojy
 Bennott, S., engineer, B. C. and R. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Lilly*—Colaba
 Benson, G., probationary pilot—Colaba
 Bentley, Charles D., clerk to the Hon'ble the Chief Justice, and 1st Deputy Registrar, Malabar Hill
 Berens, A., Meadow Street, Fort
 Borens, H. & A. & Co., Jewellery merchants, Meadow Street
 Borensford, O. E., sub-agent and accountant, Delhi and London Bank, Elphinstone Circle
 Bernard, E. J., Medical apprentice, Sanatorium—Colaba
 Berry, Charles Banfield, artificer, Gun Carriage Department—Lower Colaba
 Bertie, M. medical apprentice, 1th King's Own Regiment—Colaba
 Best, William James, partner Bromley, Best & Brown, Brokers—Malabar Hill
 Betham, G., Gowalla Tank—Girgaum
 Betts, H. superintendent, Thacker, Vining & Co.—Khetwaddy
 Beyer, F. G. P., partner, Rosewell & Co., watchmakers—Colaba
 Beynon, D. W. assistant James Sigg & Co.—Girgaum
 Beyts, C. A., share and bill broker—Colaba
 Bickerlike, R. E., assistant, Knoop & Co.—Camballa Hill
 Bickens, Henry, Bombay City Mission, Nawab's Tank Masjid
 Biddulph, T. D. S., sub-accountant, Delhi and London Bank—Elphinstone Circle
 Biffin, E. H., sub-manager, Treacher & Co.—Fort
 Bigg, Edward & Co., Merchants
 Bigg Edward, partner, Edward Bigg & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Bigmore, J., engineer P. & O. Co.—Masagon
 Bink, H. T.—Churchpoojy
 Billham, D., carpenter, P. and O. Dockyard—Masagon
 Billing, J., assistant stores' auditor, G. I. P. R.—Byculla
 Billington, James, fitter, Manockjee Petit's Spinning & Weaving Co.—Tardeo
 Birdwood, G. M. D., Registrar Bombay University and Professor of Botany—Victoria Gardens
 Birdwood, H. M. M. A., Acting Registrar, Appellate Side, High Court
 Bishop, G., provision storekeeper, P. and O. Dockyard—Masagon
 Bishop, Howard Arthur, partner, Acland, Prentiss and Bishop—Malabar Hill
 Black, Frederick, foreman smith, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Blackburn, E., 3rd Class Officer, Preventive Service—Colaba
 Blackmore, Frederick, marine surveyor—Colaba
 Blackwell & Co., merchants, Humam Street, Fort—Malabar Hill
 Blackwell, C. B. B. & C. I. Railway Tardeo
 Blackwell, E. W., travelling audit clerk, G. I. P. Railway
 Blackwell, John, superintendent, G. I. P. Railway Electric Telegraph—Bandora
 Blackwell, S. J., merchant—Fort
 Blain, George, assistant, Bombay Reclamation Company—Girgaum
 Blakeman G., 1th class officer, Preventive Service—Masagon
 Blakeman, J. H., superintendent, Accountant General's Office—Grant Buildings
 Blaney, Thomas, medical practitioner—Armenian Lane, Fort
 Lloy & Mackintosh, ship brokers Elphinstone Circle
 Bly, Thomas, partner Bly & Mackintosh, bill, share and freight brokers and average stators—Malabar Hill
 Bloomfield, Beza—Fort
 Blunt, W., clerk, W. Nicol & Co.—Colaba
 Blunt, W. A., 3rd class officer, Preventive Service—Colaba.
 Boate, H. C., F.R.C.S., surgeon—Elphinstone Circle
 Bocarro, Joaquim Joseph, pensioner—Cavel
 Bocarro, Joseph, clerk, Finlay Clark & Co., Kalbadavia
 Bocarro, Michael, accountant to Trustees Elphinstone Fund—Cavel
 Bode, G. A., carriage department—Byculla
 Boddy, H. S., engineer, Harbour Defences, Oyster Rock Battery—Byculla
 Bogle, James, partner, Wallace & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Bogle, A. B., partner, Watson Bogle & Co.—Church Lane, Fort
 Rolland, J., 2nd Class Officer, Preventive Service—Kalbadavia
 Boomgardt, John Martin, clerk, secretariat—Colaba
 Bond, John, engineer, P. & O. Co.'s Dockyard—Masagon
 Bond, William, signs per pro Peel Cassels & Co.—Nesbit Lane, Masagon
 Bonin, Thomas, chancellor, French Consulate—Parrell
 Bontell, C. J., clerk, P. and O. Company—Bandora

- Booker, G. W., manager, Delhi & London Bank, "Cringle's Lodge"—Churchpoogly
 Booker, W. T., Rampart Row
 Booth, R., assistant, United Victoria Land & Reclamation Company—Colaba
 Booth, Thomas Bowley, partner, Thomas W. Taylor and Co.—Byculla
 Booth, William, Bombay Gas Company—Parell Road
 Borges, Joseph, sculptor and unlisted artist—Cavel
 Borges, N. A., cashier, W. and A. Graham and Co.—Kalbadavie
 Borthwick, James, foreman carriage-maker, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Botelho, J. A., practical engineer—Maragon
 Bourke, M. J., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Esplanade Road
 Boston, H. S., chief assistant, P. & O. Co.—Parell Hill
 Boswell, A. J. B., clerk, Robinson and Co., and proprietor Livery Stable—Colaba
 Boulton, L. H., partner, Robinson and Co.—Malabar Hill
 Boulton, R., store and park surmount—Sewice
 Bouda, John, deputy superintendent, Elphinstone Land Co.'s Flotilla—Maragon
 Bourne, W. G., station master, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Byculla
 Bowen, James, assistant warehouse-keeper, Apollo Bonded Warehouse Company, Marine Street—Fort
 Bowen, Rev. George, American Missionary—Esplanade
 Bowman, John, book-keeper, Leggatt & Co.—Byculla
 Bowers, I.—Lower Colaba
 Boyd, William, clerk, Military Department, Secretariat—Girgaum
 Boyd, William, (senior) manager, "Oriental Press"—Girgaum
 Boyd, Rev. D. C., pastor Free Church—Esplanade
 Boyer, M., boiler-maker, P. & O. Co.—Maragon
 Boylett, W., 2nd class officer, Preventive Service—Kalbadavie
 Brachen, Ralph F., clerk, Venneekrow Harrichund, solicitor—Cavel
 Brand, J., Preventive Officer—Colaba
 Bradley, J., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Esplanade Road
 Bradley, James, engine-driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bandora
 Bradley, Thomas, partner, G. S. King & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Brady, Michael, overseer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bandora
 Braganza, L. C., clerk, Political Department, Secretariat—Girgaum
 Braganza, S. A., clerk, P. W. D., Secretariat—Dabool
 Bramhall, David Pierce, ship agent and commission merchant—Forbes Street
 Branch, Samuel D. G., 1st class officer, Preventive Service—Kalbadavie
 Brund, J., 3rd class officer, Preventive Service—Kalbadavie
 Brauder, J., assistant accountant, Chartered Mercantile Bank—Fort
 Brandon, Henry—Commercial
 Brandt, Herbert, assistant, Lwait Latham & Co.—Breach Candy
 Branson, R., barrister-at-law, Forbes Street, Fort—Malabar Hill
 Brass, G. W. D., signaller, Electric Telegraph—Colaba
 Brebner, Lieut. J. M., Bombay Marine, and capt. Floating Batteries—Colaba
 Bience, H. A., Meadow Street—Fort
 Brennan, W., clerk, Locomotive Dept. B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 Bretherton, J., veterinary and shooting establishment—Esplanade Cross Road
 Brett, F. B., inspector, Executive Municipal Commissioner's Department
 Brettel, Henry Adolphus, 2nd class Engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Bresman, John, sub-conductor, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Brice, A. C., & Co. merchants, 27, Meadow Street—Fort
 Brice, Alexander C., partner A. C. Brice, & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Brice, A. C., Jun. assistant, Brice & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Brice, Fred W., partner, Brice & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Briggs, T., plumber, P. and O. Co.'s Dockyard—Maragon
 Briggs, T.—Lower Colaba
 Bright, Charles, foreman boiler-maker, Bombay Marine
 Bright, Henry Eustace, signs per pro. Wallace & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Brighton, Joseph
 Britto, A. H., clerk, Ewart Latham & Co.—Cavel
 Britto, J. J., clerk, Bombay General Post Office—Wahim
 Britto, John Vincent, assistant, book-keeper, Finlay Clark and Co.—Cavel
 Brodhurst, John, assistant, Judicial Department Secretariat, and French translator to Government—Kalbadavie
 Brodie & Wilson, public accountants—Elphinstone Circle
 Brodie, J. L., partner, Brodie & Wilson, public accountants—Fort
 Brodie, P. J., assistant, B. C. & R. S. N. Co.—Parell

- Bromley, Best & Brown, brokers—Rampart Row
 Bromley, T., partner, Bromley Best & Brown, brokers—Worles Hill
 Brookes, C. L., assistant managing agent, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Malabar Hill
 Brookes, William R., superintendent, Government Electric Telegraph Department, Bombay Circle—(Europe)
 Brooker, A. G. W., assistant A. C. Brice & Co.—Masagon
 Brooker, J. W., manager—Delhi Bank
 Brooks, G., under secretary, United Victoria & Colaba Reclamation Company—Colaba
 Brooks, J., broker—Colaba
 Broomhead, G. J., assistant, Oriental Bank—Fort
 Bruce, W., guard, G. I. P. Railway Kullbadavie Road
 Broughton, A. J., district superintendent, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Broughton, C., driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Brouse, H., surveyor of shipping—Byculla
 Brown, Hon'ble Alexander, partner, W. Nicol and Co.—Love Grove, Worles
 Brown, B. manager, Oriental Spinning and Weaving Co., Tardeo
 Brown, F. L., partner Bromley, Best & Brown, bill, share and freight broker—(Europe)
 Brown, F. R.—Coorla
 Brown, G., driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Brown, George, in law, Elphinstone Land and Press Company—Masagon
 Brown, Henry, fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Brown, James, inspector of police—Mahim
 Brown, James, engineer, Oriental Spinning and Weaving Company—Tardeo
 Brown, James Alex., partner, J. A. Brown & Co.—Byculla
 Brown, J. W., fitter, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Brown, John, framer of electric telegraph messages—Bellasis Road, Byculla
 Brown, John, pensioned conductor, Butcher's Island
 Brown, John I. Tenn, undertaker and sculptor—Bibbols Tank Road
 Brown, Joseph, plaitlayer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Mahim
 Brown, J. A., & Co., agents for Smith, Elder & Co.—Dean Lane Fort
 Brown, R.—Small Colaba
 Brown, R., foreman, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Brown, Stephen, foreman of workshops, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Brown, T. B., contractor and builder—Grant Buildings, Colaba
 Brown, W., assistant superintendent, Government Telegraph Department, Bombay Circle—Fort
 Brown, W. I. H. clerk, Rennie, Scovell & Co.—Retreat, Byculla
 Brown, W., draughtsman, P. and O. Co.'s Dockyard—Masagon
 Brown, George A., head clerk, Gun Carriage Agency—Lower Colaba
 Browne, James, A., chief officer, B. I. S. Navigation Company Steamer Sattara
 Browne, J. W., assistant, W. Nicol & Co.—Love Lane, Masagon
 Branton, R. P., chief superintendent, Health Department, Municipality—Grant Road
 Bryn, J., driver P. & O. Company's Service—Masagon
 Buchan, J., assistant, County Jail—Omercurry
 Buchanan, D. F., clerk, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China—Colaba
 Buchanan, G. I., Nesbit Lane, Fort
 Buckle, F. L., assistant, Lyon Brothers & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Buckler, George Alexander, Bombay Marine
 Budd, G., Parnass Barani—Fort
 Bugar, F. W. F., Meadow Street, Fort
 Buller, Dr., J. G., professor of Oriental languages, Elphinstone College—Malabar Hill
 Bulkeley, Joseph, acting storekeeper, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bandora
 Bulkeley, L. A., civil engineer, Meadow Street, Fort
 Lull, John, brass finisher, P. & O. Company's Dockyard—Omercurry
 Bullock, Howarth, spinning master, Oriental Spinning and Weaving Co.—Tardeo
 Bullock, William, assistant, Bank of Bombay
 Buxyer, Francis, conductor, Ordnance Department, Castle Park—Fort
 Burgess, George, Bombay Gas Company—Small Colaba
 Burgess, James, F.R.S., M.R.S., and F.I.S., Principal Sir J. J. Jeebhoy's Institution—Lamarind Lane, Fort
 Burke, A., boiler maker, P. & O. Co.—Masagon
 Burke, M., fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Burke, Mrs., hospital nurse, B. E. S. Schools, Byculla

Burke, T., contractor—Colaba
 Burke, W., Small Colaba
 Burleigh, John L., assistant, Stearns, Hobart & Co.,—Apollo Street
 Burn, John, clerk, Accountant General's Office—Girgaum
 Burn, John—Byculla
 Burn, Walter W., superintendent, Accountant General's Office—Girgaum
 Burns, D., carpenter, P. H. Milton & Co.—Lower Colaba
 Burns, Edward, employed in Grant's Saddlery Establishment—Colaba
 Burns, Martin, mechanic
 Burreth, I. H., Inspector of Police—Mandree
 Burrowes, Henry, assistant to Inspector Cotton Frauds, Department—Colaba
 Burrowes, J. F., clerk, Inspector General of Ordnance and Magazines—Abyssinia
 Burrowes, W., assistant, Rogers Cohen & Co., Giant Buildings—Colaba
 Burstall, Rummel & Co., merchants, Church Lane, Fort
 Burstall, Stephen, partner, Burstall Russell & Co.
 Burton, Charles, chief engineer, steamer *Tyly*—Colaba
 Burton, P., boiler maker, P. & O.'s Dockyard—Mazgon
 Burton R. W., district traffic superintendent, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Byculla
 Butts, W. C., auditor and accountant—Brech Candy
 Bythell, J. K., assistant, Gaddum & Co.—Colaba

C

Cabral, A. B., clerk, Revenue Department, Secretariat—Cavel
 Cabral, E. G., head clerk, Freie Land Co.—Mazgon Lines
 Cabral, J., clerk, B. I. S. N. Co.—Cavel
 Cabral, Joseph Joaquin, clerk, Ewart Latham & Co.—Girgaum
 Cabral, J. C., Inspector, Executive Municipal Engineer's Department—Sonapore
 Cabral, R., clerk, Ewart Latham & Co.—Girgaum
 Cahill, W., carriage builder, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Cairns, R. D., Oriental Bank—Middle Colaba
 Calder, D., general foreman, Elphinstone Land & Press Co.—Belvidero Hill Mazagon
 Callahan, James, engineer apprentice, Bombay Marine—Byculla
 Cameron & Ryan, civil engineers and contractors—4, Hornby Row, Fort
 Cameron, C. A. W., assistant Engineer, Sands & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Cameron, P.—Girgaum
 Campbell, Archibald W., partner A. C. Bruce & Co.—Colaba
 Campbell, Alexander H., partner, Ritchie, Stewart & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Campbell, A. A., partner, Campbell & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Campbell, A. W., signet per pro A. C. Bruce & Co.—Colaba
 Campbell, D. C., 2nd officer B. I. S. N. Co.—Small Colaba
 Campbell, D., smith, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Campbell, D. D., superintendent Bonded Warehouse Co.—Pilot Bunder, Upper Colaba
 Campbell, G., plumber P. and O. Co.'s Dockyard—Mazgon
 Campbell, George W., partner Ritchie, Stewart & Co.—(Europe)
 Campbell, John, partner Scott McClelland & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Campbell, John, partner Campbell, Mitchell & Co.—Rampart Row
 Campbell, J., inspector public health department—Cursetjee Booklajee Street
 Campbell, J. A., driver B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 Campbell, Mitchell & Co., merchants—Rampart Row
 Campbell, Michael Scott, assistant, Ritchie, Stewart & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Campbell, R., agent Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China—
 Elphinstone Circle
 Candy, Francis J., M. A., professor of mathematics and natural philosophy, Elphinstone College—Cotton Villa, Parell N.
 Canning, G. G. K., accountant, P. W. Accounts' Office—Sonapore
 Cannon, E. C., head clerk, Government Savings' Bank—Almon Place—Byculla
 Cannon, Henry Andrew, clerk, Political Department, Secretariat—Military Square
 Cannon, Henry, assistant accountant, Bank of Bombay—Military Square
 Cannon, H. J., assistant, Bank of Bombay
 Cannon, James, Governor's Band—Parell
 Cantrell, Alexander, Byculla
 Carberry, Thomas H., public health department—Dhoba Talao
 Carberry, Patrick, engineer—Kalbadavi
 Carney, Michael—Byculla
 Carney, J., pensioner—Byculla
 Cardey, Miss Jane, 3rd mistress B. E. S. School—Byculla

Carna, M., Lower Colaba
 Carpenter, —, Church Street, Fort
 Carpenter, E., Lower Colaba
 Carpenter, Thomas, engineer H. M.'s Mint—Foras Road
 Carr, Brothers, tailors, &c.—Church Street, Fort
 Carr, George, first class officer, Preventive Service—Chandawaddy
 Carr, J., guard, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Kalbadavi
 Carr, Robt., assistant foreman, G. I. P. Railway—Kalbadavi
 Carroll, D. D., assistant, J. A. Brown & Co.—Byculla
 Carroll, E. B., locomotive carriage supt., B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 Carroll, Mrs. Sarah, milliner and dress-maker, Bellasis Junction Road
 Carroll, J., teacher, St. Mary's Institution—Byculla
 Carroll, William, inspector of iron bridges, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bassein
 Cune, Rev. T., principal, Robert Money Institution—Esplanade
 Custer, Charles, mercant and commission agent, Brace Lane, Fort
 Carter, Henry Sadher, solicitor, High Court—(Europe)
 Cartwright, Henry Durand, public accountant, Church Street, Fort
 Carvalho, A., boatswain, P. and O. Dockyard—Mazagon
 Carvalho, J. F. F., clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Upper Mahim
 Carvalho, Sebastian A., medical practitioner, Hornby Row
 Curtledge, James, foreman moulder, Gun Carriage Department—Colaba
 Carty, J., sub-inspector, Health Officer's Department
 Casella, Walter R., partner, Peel, Cassels & Co.—(Europe)
 Casimer, J. A., assistant accountant, *Times of India*—Byculla
 Cauvin, Madame, French Milliner, Military Square—Fort
 Cavanagh, John, master, European Orphanage, Roman Catholic School—Mazagon
 Cavanagh, J., driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 Cayer, C. W., assistant, W. Nicol & Co. (B. I. S. N. Co.)—Colaba
 Cawford, John P. R., bill and share broker—Colaba
 Chambers, Charles, superintendent, Government Observatory—Colaba
 Chambers, F., merchant, Parsee Bazaar—Fort
 Chambers, James R.—Mazagon
 Chambers, William, issuer, Stores' Department G. I. P. Railway—Parell
 Chamberlane, W. J., clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Chapman, Joseph, fitter B. & C. I. Railway—Grant Road
 Chapman, Joshua, police constable—Lower Colaba
 Charcoal, W. T., fitter, G. I. P. Railway, Commerce
 Charfield, K. M., principal, Elphinstone College—Malabar Hill
 Chailton, W., assistant locomotive and carriage supt. G. I. P. R.—Chinchpoojy
 Charlton, William, foreman, locomotive department, G. I. P. Railway
 Chart, S. W., cashier, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Chauntrell, F. D., solicitor—Fort
 Chaves, A. D., assistant ledger-keeper, Bank of Bombay
 Chetaman, T., Governor's Band—Parell
 Chetham, William F., 1st class Customs' Preventive Officer—Colaba
 Cheshire, J., master sailmaker, Dockyard—Fort
 Chesson & Woodhall, book-sellers & stationers, Hummum Street—Fort
 Chesson, James, partner, Chesson & Woodhall—Girgaum
 Chilloth, Edwin.
 Chiolett, Thomas, police constable—Mombadavia
 Chiolet, C., *Bombay Gazette*—Sonapore
 Christian, Christopher, assistant marine store-keeper—Grant Buildings Colaba
 Christian, C. W., assistant, Bank of Bombay—Grant Buildings Colaba
 Christian, William, partner, Peel Cassels & Co.—Forbes Street
 Christie, J., assistant Accountant General—Byculla
 Christopher, J., chief steward, B. I. S. N. Co.'s Steamer *Governor Hygynson*—Lower Colaba
 Ciampi, Ignacio, Rev. S. J., vicar, Cathedral de Esperanca
 Cina, Thomas, hotel-keeper—Grant Road
 Cicerone, J., assistant master, Roman Catholic Free School—Mazagon
 Clacker, Robert, 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Claridge, G., foreman, Press Department, *Times of India* Office—Church Street
 Clark, Leslie, O. B., main drainage survey—Byculla
 Clark, L., engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Grant Road
 Clark, J., engineer
 Clark, John, conductor, Ordnance Department—Grand Arsenal
 Clark, Robert, officiating accountant, Bank of Bombay—Malabar Hill

Clark, Rev N., teacher, St Xavier's School—Kalbadavia
 Clarke, G—Small Colaba
 Clay, G S, assistant, Lawrence & Co.—Malabar Hill.
 Cleary, J, solicitor, High Court—Malabar Hill
 Cleary, J, driver B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 Clarkson, B. J., assistant to Marshal, County Jail—Commercarry.
 Cleveland, Henry, partner Hearn, Cleveland and Peile, solicitors—Breach Candy
 Clegg, T, European General Hospital Surgeant—Fort George
 Cliff, C, assistant turner, Grand Arsenal
 Clifton, Charles, liquidator Union Financial—Colaba
 Clissold, J. W., inspector B. B. & C. I. Railway—Gurgaum
 Clowson, H., clerk—Colaba
 Clough, R, driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Clover, J & Co, merchants—Meadow Street, Fort
 Clover, John, partner, John Clover & Co—(Europe)
 Clover, William W, partner John Clover & Co—Rampart Row
 Cloves, John, partner, Bennis, Crovell & Co—Church Street, Fort
 Clyne, P, Governor's band Parell
 Coates, J. R., exchange broker—(Europe)
 Cochrane, C. C., superintendent, B & B Steam Ship Company (Limited)—Colaba
 Cochrane, J. E., superintendent, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Gurgaum
 Codd, R, guard G. I. P. Railway—Laplanade Road
 Coffey, J. W., blacksmith Elphinstone Land & Press Co—Belvidere Hill
 Cohen, & Co, merchants—Apollo Street, Fort
 Cohen, M. C., partner, Cohen & Co—Byculla
 Cohen, Matthew A., overseer, Elphinstone Land & Press Co—Maragon
 Cohen, Matthias Benjamin, commission agent, Apollo Street, Fort
 Cohen, W. J., surveyor, superintendent of works, Bombay Municipality
 Coke, Henry, manager, David Sassoon & Co—Malabar Hill
 Colaco, D. A., clerk B. B. & C. I. Railway Managing Agent's Office—Cavel
 Colby, A., ship-builder, Elphinstone Land & Press Company—Elphinstone Bunder
 Colclough, W., general manager, Treacher & Co—Byculla
 Cole, J., gunner, P and O Co—Maragon
 Clebrook, John, assistant superintendent of stamps—Grant Buildings, Colaba
 Coleman, H., partner Coleman & Co—B. B. & C. I. Railway
 Coleman, J., assistant, Mercantile Bank—Breach Candy
 Coleman, J., deputy assistant commissary of ordnance, Grand Arsenal—Boree Bunder.
 Coleman & Co, civil engineers and contractors, Church Gate Street, Fort
 Colville, A., chief engineer, Colaba Press Company—Fort
 Colloello, W. R., police inspector—Parell Bank Road
 Collett, Arnold Burrows, coach maker in commission agent—Gurgaum
 Collett, H. G., banker's assistant—Rampart Row
 Colley, George, engineer, Muckjee Petit's Spinning & Weaving Co—Tardeo
 Colley, Robert, engineer, Muckjee Petit's Spinning & Weaving Co—Tardeo
 Collins, Henry M., manager Butler's Printing Co—Bombay, Rampart Row, Fort
 Collins, James, foreman engineer, B. I. & N. Co's Workshops—Small Colaba
 Collins, Michael, assistant superintendent, G. I. P. Railway Telegraph—Colaba
 Collins, Timothy, overseer Elphinstone Land & Press Company—Elephanta
 Collins, W., mechanic, B. I. & N. Co's Workshops—Lower Colaba.
 Collis, R., overseer, Bombay Reclamation Co—Byculla
 Collier, W. D.—Maragon
 Collum, William, assay master H. M.'s Mint—Byculla Club
 Collyer, M., constable, P and O Co's Dockyard—Maragon
 Collymore, J., inspector, Preventive Service—Belliss Road
 Comber, Son & Co., merchants, Bell Lane, Fort
 Comber, Thomas, partner, Comber, Son & Co., merchants—Malabar Hill
 Comyn Charles J., paymaster, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bunder
 Concesio Louis M. de, watch and chronometer repairer and engraver—Kalbadavia
 Concesio, Rev Jose Antonio, professor, Barretto Charity School—Cavel
 Coniard, G., Governor's Band—Parell
 Connell, G. L. F., contractor—Byculla
 Connell, J. C., deputy auditor and accountant, B. B. and C. I. Railway
 Connolly, James, bailiff, High Court—Kalbadavia
 Cannon, John, M. A., barrister-at-law, Acting Chief Magistrate of Police—Hum-mum Street, Fort
 Connors, J.

- Conry, Baldero, second officer, B I S N Co's steamer *Sydney*
 Continho, A M O, medical practitioner—Syed Abdool Raymon Street
 Cook, Charles, superintendent, cutting and melting department, Mint—Kalbadavia
 Cook, G., agent Glover & Co's Works, Cooolia
 Cooke, Rev. O., secretary, Roman Catholic Bishop of Bombay—trops
 Cool e, Edward, assistant apothecary, European General Hospital—Fort George
 Cooper, O P, barrister-at law—Malabar Hill
 Cooper, Douglas, solicitor—Malabar Hill
 Cooper, Frederick, foreman, fitting and turning branches, Gun-carriage Department—Colaba
 Cooper, E B, head steward, P. & O Company's Service—Mazagon
 Cooper, R., station master, G I P. Railway—Byculla
 Cooper, William, partner, butcher, Cooper & Co.—Europe
 Cordeiro, A C, clerk, Bombay Post Office—Kalbadavia
 Corden, M G, clerk, Managing Agent's Office B B & C I. Railway
 Corder, E., audit clerk and draftsman, B I. & C I Railway—Fardeo
 Corke, H., clerk, Messrs W Nicol & Co—Upper Colaba
 Corko, James, engineer &c—Colaba
 Corko, J H, acting intimate Light Vessel—Upper Colaba
 Corko, William George, 1st assistant master intimate—Upper Colaba
 Cormack, Henry Randall, partner, Sir C Forbes & Co—Bombay
 Cornforth, F P and Co, merchants and agents, Bruce Lane, Fort
 Cornish, Gabriel Percy, 1st class officer, Customs Preventive Service—Caval
 Cornish G, driver, G I P Railway—Byculla
 Correys, H, 3rd class officer Preventive Service—Kalbadavia
 Correy, P, general contractor—Caval
 Cragg, T M, assistant Commissioner of Customs—Fort
 Crier, Henry, assistant master St. Mary's Institution—Byculla
 Cronk, Sir John, knight, chief justice, High Court, Bombay
 Cull y, Henry C., 2nd assistant, Assay Department of the Mint—Girgaum
 Culikry, J L (junior), engine P & O Company—Caval
 Culson, J B, storekeeper Government Railways Works—Mooly Bay
 Cunnell, Thomas, foreman carpenter, P & O Co's Dockyard—Mazagon
 Cunniff & Co, merchants, Military Square
 Cunniff, Henry (senior), signa per pro Cunniff & Co—Parrell
 Cunniff, J L, partner, Cunniff & Co, Military Square
 Cunniff, John, partner, Cunniff & Co—Europe
 Cunto, A C, clerk, Bick & Co—Girgaum
 Cunto, E C, liquor keeper Compton & Co—Kalbadavia
 Cunto Francis Xavier, assistant, Compton & Co—Kalbadavia
 Cunto, A M, moulder, P and O Company's Dockyard—Mazagon
 Curn, Andrew J, assistant, Political Department, Secretariate—Fort
 Cury, C, engineer P and O Company's Service—Mazagon
 Cox, J, timber P and O Co's Service—Mazagon
 Cox, J, Governor's band—Parrell
 Crug, S, accountant, Chartered Mercantile Bank—Elphinstone Circle
 Crusk, C, 2nd engineer P and O Company's Dockyard—Mazagon
 Crawford and Co, auctioneers and commission agents Marine Street
 Crawford, Arthur Travers, C S, municipal commissioner for the City of Bombay—Cumballa Hill
 Crawford, George—Malabar Hill
 Crawford, R L, assistant, Remington and Co—Malabar Hill
 Crawford, Thomas, partner, Crawford and Co—Nerb t Lane, Mazagon
 Creswell, M, assistant engineer, G I P Railway—Albion Place, Mount Road
 Crimmins, Michael, second military warler, House of Correction—Byculla
 Crimmins, Patrick, assistant, old coinage department, Mint—Byculla
 Crisp W A, accountant and controller Public Works Office—Mahim
 Critchell, A, registrar of securities, Bank of Bombay
 Critchell, George (junior), signaller Government Electric Telegraph—Fort
 Critchell, George, inspector Government Electric Telegraph Office—Bombay
 Critchell, N, fireman, B B and O I Railway—Parrell
 Critchell, Joseph, signaller, Government Electric Telegraph Office
 Critchley, John, fitter, Elphinstone Land and Fire Co—Commercial
 Critchley, Jonathan, 2nd class engineer, Bombay Marine—Kalbadavia
 Crockett, W I, opium inspector—Colaba
 Crookwell, William, acting-conductor Marine Stores—Colaba
 Cross, John B, assistant accountant, Oriental Bank—Middle Colaba

Crosssmith, C
 Cruddas, John, assistant engineer, Elphinstone Land and Press Co—Masagon
 Crutkshank, M., assistant, Oriental Bank—Rampart Row
 Cron, W. Ewing, partner, W and A. Graham and Co—Malabar Hill
 Crummer, James, inspector of police—Masagon Road
 Crusoe, John, foreman pattern-maker, B B and C I Railway—Candawarry
 Crois, A. D., clerk B B and C I Railway—Masagon
 Culhng, J., assistant station master, G I P Railway
 Culverhouse, O., proprietor, Hamburg Hotel—Girgaum
 Cummings, F., fitter, B B and C I Railway—Parrell
 Cummings, E., steward, B I S N Co's Steamer Comorin—Masagon
 Cummins, J., Governor's band—Parrell
 Cummins, Moses Vere James, Park Hall Place—Grant Road
 Cummins, M. V., broker, Rampart Row—Fort
 Cunningham, Andrew, assistant, Wallace and Co—Fort
 Cunningham, Duncan Forbes, 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Cunningham, J. W., Bombay Gas Company—Parrell Road
 Cunningham, James, foreman carpenter to T. A. Musgrave, contractor, Parrell Works B B and C I Railway
 Curling, Robert, commander, P and O Co's Service—Malabar Hill
 Curran, P. H., manager to liquidators Alliance Financial—Byculla
 Curry, J., driver, G I P. Railway—Byculla
 Currey, Charles, general managing agent B. B. & C I. Railway—Tardeo
 Currie, M. R.
 Curran, J. J., deputy clerk of the crown, Bombay Club—Fort
 Curtis, J.—Byculla.
 Carruthers, R.—Small Colaba
 Cusack, A. J., Volkart Brothers, Meadow Street
 Cuthbert, Richard, overseer, Vehar Water Works—Coorla
 Cutler, G., apprentice fitter, B B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Cutler, Palmer and Co, merchant—Fort
 Cutler, Robert—Grant Road
 Cutler, Samuel, mechanic—Oomercarry
 Cutler, Robert, P.—Albion Place Mount Road
 Cutler, L., medical attendant, B. B. & C I. Railway Works—Chowpatty

D

D'Aroy, James, police constable—Masagon
 Dack, Thomas, barrack sergeant—Colaba
 Dadsen, J., inspector of police, Grant Road—Two Tanks
 D'Aguiar, J. E.—Matharpacady
 D'Aguiar, John M., clerk, Thacker, Vinug & Co—Matharpacady
 D'Alans, Ernest, assistant, Romanjee, Tonche & Co—Meadow Street
 D'Araviedo, A. J., clerk General Post Office Dadur
 D'Cunha, Joseph Oastano, clerk, Stores' Department, G I P. Railway—Byculla
 Duggan, foreman boiler-maker, B I S N Co's Works—Upper Colaba
 Dalbasset, Edmond, partner, Jossabhoy Cursetjee & Co—Masagon
 Dale, D., Governor's band—Parrell
 Dale, Richard, exchange broker, Elphinstone Circle—Middle Colaba
 Daley, Charles A., Government pensioned surveyor—Obelisk Road, Byculla
 Daley, J., Bombay Education Society's Press—Girgaum
 Daley, W. J., (senior) contractor and builder—Elphinstone Circle
 Daley, W., (junior) contractor and builder—Elphinstone Circle
 Dallas, Lynch and Langdale, solicitors—Church Lane
 Dallas, Richard Ardill L. I. N., partner Dallas, Lynch and Langdale, and attorney for Paupers—Malabar Hill
 Dalton, Charles, head clerk, Revenue Survey Office—Byculla
 D'Monte, J. L. S., teacher, Money Institution—Mahim
 Dabry, Surgeon Major W., Grant Medical College—Byculla
 Daniell, A. O., gate-keeper, G. I. P. Railway Goods' Department
 Daniell, Charles, preventive officer—Cavel
 Dann, James, civil engineer—Elephant
 Dalsell, M. A., F. R. S., H. M. Commissioner of Forests
 Dalsell, H. G., Deputy Commissioner of Customs
 David, J. J., book-keeper, David Sassoon & Co.—Fort
 David, Solomon—Byculla
 Davidson, J., 3rd class officer, Preventive Service

- Davidson, J., engine turner, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Girgaum
 Davie, W. R., 2nd class officer, Preventive Service—Kalbadavie
 Davies, —, district superintendent B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 Davies, E. L., preventive officer—Colaba
 Davics, John, gate-keeper, Sailors' Home, Esplanade—Oomercarry
 Davics, Thomas Higginson, civil engineer and contractor—Byculla
 Davis, A. F., 4th class officer, Preventive Service—Maragon
 Davis & Co., general merchants—Humnum Street
 Davis D., & Co.—Meadow Street
 Davis, D.—Byculla
 Davis, J., Bombay Education Society's Press—Oomercarry
 DeAlmeida, Francis, clerk, W. Nicol & Co.—Kalbadavie
 DeAlmeida, P. J., clerk, General Registry Office, Bombay—Bandora
 DeChaves, A., Secretariat printing office—Cavel
 DeChaves, Nicholas, assistant superintendent, Free Church Institution—Girgaum
 DeCmoeicao, A. P., medical practitioner—Moody Street
 DeCosta, A. T., pensioned assistant apothecary—Cavel
 DeCosta, C., clerk G. I. P. Railway—Kalbadavie
 DeCosta, G., carpenter, P. Hamilton & Co.—Colaba
 DeCosta, J., head clerk, W. & A. Graham & Co.—Kalbadavie
 DeCreplene & Co., merchants—Meadow Street, Fort
 DeCreplene, Ernest, partner, DeCreplene & Co.—Malabar Hill
 DeCruz, A., fireman, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 DeCruz, Joaquim, assistant, Revenue Department Secretariate—Cavel
 DeCruz, Joseph M., clerk, W. & A. Graham & Co.—Girgaum
 DeCruz, Lawrence, clerk, Military Department, Secretariate—Churny Lane
 DeCruz, M., clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Cavel Street
 DeCruz, Matthew, head clerk, Principal Inspector General Medical Department—
 Kalbadavie
 DeCruz, Sebastian, gunner, Elphinstone Land and Press Co.—Mahim
 DeCunha, Clement, clerk, Bank of Bombay—Kalbadavie
 DeCunha, Joseph Gerson, M. A. C. S. I. M. England, L. R. C. F. Edinburgh—New
 bonapore
 DeCunha, T. J. C., clerk, Post Office—Kalbadavie
 DeCunha, Vincent Ayelino, assistant secretary, Bible Society—Kalbadavie
 DeCunha, Vincent Z., clerk, Bank of Bombay
 DeKaria, J., clerk, Hutchison, Dods & Co.
 DeKaria, Rev. T. J. F., coadjutor, Church of Salvacoco—Mahim
 DeGa, Joseph Maria, ledger-keeper, Bank of Bombay—Grant Road
 DeGa, Nicholas—Grant Road
 DeGama, Peter, clerk, Agent's Office G. I. P. Railway—Kalbadavie
 DeGomes, B., agent, Wythes and Jackson, contractors—Civil
 Demler, Rev. J. G., Church Missionary Society—Rose Cottage, Mount Road
 Derbyshire, M., boiler-maker, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 DeJesus, B., draughtsman, B. D. S. Press—Oomercarry
 DeJynus F. A., fitter, G. I. P. Railway—Oomercarry
 DeJynus, J., fitter, Virgin Patent Ship—Oomercarry
 DeLaney, W., inspector, Cotton Frauds' Department
 DeLima, Alex. M., clerk, Ralli Brothers, Nesbit Lane—Byculla
 DeLima, C. M., Master Attendant's Office
 DeLima, Joseph, book keeper, Ralli Brothers & Co.—Nesbit Lane Byculla
 DeLima, J. D., shipping clerk, J. A. Brown & Co.—Cavel
 DeLima, Michael, cash-keeper, Ralli Brothers—Nesbit Lane, Byculla
 DeLemos, Philip L., share broker—Girgaum
 DeMello, Antone Joseph, book keeper, Remington & Co.—Kalbadavie
 DeMello, A. T., clerk, managing Agent's Office B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 DeMello, B., assistant apothecary, Governor's Establishment
 DeMello, C., clerk, Wallies & Co.—Mahim
 DeMello, C. S., clerk—Kalbadavie
 DeMello, E., apprentice fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 DeMello, F. A., clerk, Bombay Post Office—Girgaum
 DeMello, J. C., clerk, General Manager's Office G. I. P. Railway—Dadur
 DeMello, J. M., clerk, Bombay Education Society's Press—Byculla
 DeMello, J. N., clerk—Maragon
 DeMello, Miquel, second apothecary, Medical Stores Branch—Kalbadavie
 DeMello, M., clerk, W. & A. Graham & Co.—Girgaum
 DeMello, Rev. P., Vicar of Victoria—Upper Mahim

- DeMineres A M, assistant, A C Gumpert—Mazagon
 DeMineres, Joseph Philip, Public Works Department, Secretariate—Mount Road
 Mazagon
 DeMineres, P Reginald, clerk, B B & C I Railway Stores' Department,—Mazagon
 DeMiranda, M F, clerk, Post Office—Cavel
 DeMiranda, Phillip, clerk, Military Department Secretariate—Kalbadavia
 DeMiranda, P, clerk, Ardaseer Limjee & Co—Mazagon
 DeMonte, D—Bandora
 DeMonte, F H, book keeper, Finlay, Scott & Co—Kalbadavia
 Demonte, F S, partner, Barretto & Co—Agiary Street
 Demonte, J M, clerk, Bombay Education Society's Press—Mahim
 DeMonte, Rev Ahaclete, assistant Chaplain, N S—Kalbadavia
 DeMonte T B, clerk, Executive Municipal Engineer's Department
 DeMonte, S, assistant book keeper, Valcart Brothers—Kalbadavia
 DeMonte, T B, clerk, Deputy Engineer's Office B B & C I Railway—Byculla
 DeNoronha, D L, clerk, Municipal Commissioner's Office—Girgaum
 DeOliveira, R, clerk, Bombay Education Society's Press—Byculla
 DeOliveira, F, clerk, Executive Municipal Engineer's Department
 Delinha, L J M guil, clerk, Peel Cassels and Co—Kalbadavia
 DePenha, M, clerk
 DePiedade, P V, clerk, Sailors' Home—Kalbadavia
 DeQuindros, Gementino, clerk, Ritchie, Stewart & Co—Mazagon
 DeQuindros, J V, clerk, Ritchie, Stewart & Co—Mazagon
 DeQuindros, Michael H, public accountant, &c, Church Street—Mazagon
 DeKozario, C, clerk, Executive Municipal Engineer's Department
 DeKozario, Domingo, head clerk, Prothonotary's Office High Court—Kalbadavia
 DeKozario, Louis Phillip, medical practitioner, Mount Road—Mazagon
 DeKozario John A, shipping clerk, Peel Cassels & Co—Mount Road, Mazagon
 DeKozario Paul, clerk, Peel Cassels & Co—Girgaum
 DeKozario, V, clerk, Goods Agent's Office, C I Railway—Cavel
 Desai, J K, godown keeper, B I S N Company—Oomercarry
 DeSa, brah—Girgaum
 Desai, clerk, General Manager's Office G I P, Railway—Cavel
 DeSa, clerk, Ritchie, Stewart & Co—Girgaum
 DeSa, S A, B B & C I Railway—Irwell
 Desilva, A, turner, B B & C I Railway—Parcell
 Desilva, Antonio, medical practitioner, Bazaar Street, Fort
 Desilva, A, clerk, G I P Railway
 Desilva, B, signaller, Government Telegraph Department—Colaba
 Desilva, Bernard, clerk, Liphinstone Land and Fire Co—Oomercarry
 DeSilva, D I, clerk, Liphinstone Land and Fire Co—Kalbadavia
 Desilva, D J, clerk, Military Stores—Burton
 Desilva, D M, clerk, Remington & Co, Agiary Lane—Kalbadavia
 Desilva, H A,—Bandora
 Desilva, Elias M, clerk, Oriental Bank—Rampart Row
 Desilva, F, gunner, Liphinstone Land and Fire Co—Oomercarry
 DeSilva, Francis D, assistant, Coupland & Co—Girgaum
 Desilva, Francis Xavier, Mount Road, Mazagon
 Desilva, G. F, Roman Catholic Vicar—Upper Mahim
 Desilva, John, clerk, Peel, Cassels & Co—Kalbadavia
 Desilva, J P, check clerk, Liphinstone Land and Fire Co—Kalbadavia
 Desilva, Joseph, clerk, Bombay Marine Office—Kalbadavia
 Desilva, J L, clerk, Lwart, Latham & Co—Kalbadavia
 Desilva, L M, clerk, Locomotive Department, G I P Railway—Kalbadavia
 DeSilva, Manoel Salvador, clerk, Military Department Secretariate—Mahim
 Desilva, Manuel, clerk, Executive Municipal Engineer's Department
 Desilva, P, clerk, Stamp Office—Girgaum
 Desilva, P D, coroner's constable and interpreter—Kalbadavia
 Desilva, R, clerk, Deputy Chief Engineer's Office B B & C I Railway
 Desilva, Richard J, assistant Watchman keeper, Custom House—Mazagon
 DeSilva S M, clerk, B B and C I Railway Manning, Agent's Office
 DeSilva, F S, clerk, Municipal Commissioner's Office—Cavel Gant
 Desouza, Angolino, sub assistant surgeon, Civil Dispensary—Bandora
 Desouza, A C, baker—Khetwady
 Desouza, A G, pensioned apothecary—Girgaum
 Desouza, A S, clerk, Post Office—Dhobialao
 Desouza, A. S, assistant apothecary, Bombay Marine—Colaba

- DeSouza D A, compounder, Treacher & Co.
 DeSouza, D, fireman, B B & C I Railway—Parell
 DeSouza, D, clerk, Master Attendant's Office—Cavel
 DeSouza, D, fireman, B B and C. I. Railway—Parell
 DeSouza, Rindio, insurance clerk, Finlay Scott & Co—Kalbadavi
 DeSouza, Francis, clerk, Managing Agent's Office B B and C I. Railway
 DeSouza, F, clerk, G I P Railway—Lower Mahim, Dider
 DeSouza, Geminiuo, (senior) book-keeper, Ritchie, Stuart & Co—Mazagon
 DeSouza, Geminiuo, (junior) clerk, Ritchie Stuart & Co.—Mazagon
 DeSouza, Ignacio, F, ledger-keeper, Ritchie, Stuart and Co—Cavel
 DeSouza, J, fitter, Hydraulic Department, General Goods' Station G. I. P. Railway—Omercarry
 DeSouza, J A, clerk, Office of the Agent for Transporta—Dockyard
 DeSouza, John J, clerk, Public Health Department—Cavel
 DeSouza, Joseph Francis, medical practitioner—Mody Street, Fort
 DeSouza, J F, clerk, Ritchie, Stuart and Co—Kalbadavi
 DeSouza, J, tally clerk, B B & N Company—Omercarry
 DeSouza, J. W., clerk, Agent's Office, G. I. P. R—Omercarry
 DeSouza, John X, clerk, Kwart, Latham & Co—Girgaum
 DeSouza, Lema—Tiplande
 DeSouza, L G, clerk, Wallace and Co—Girgaum
 DeSouza, Michael, overseer, Municipality—Omercarry
 DeSouza, Michael, employed at P Grant's, Saddlery—Omercarry
 DeSouza, M, fitter, B B & C I Railway—Parell
 DeSouza, M, fitter, B B. and C. I. Railway—Parell
 DeSouza, Manuel Antonio, partner, Souza Fry & Co—Meadow Street, Fort
 DeSouza, M R, partner, Arthur DeSouza & Co—Mazagon
 DeSouza, Manoel Francis, clerk, Municipal Commissioner's office—Mahim
 DeSouza, N M, clerk, General Record Office—Girgaum
 DeSouza, P, clerk, Gaddum & Co—Branch Candy Road
 DeSouza, Peter, stores' clerk, Liphinstone Jan & Piesse Co—Mazagon
 DeSouza P D, dispenser, Treacher & Co—Fort and Byculla
 DeSouza, P P, clerk, Bombay Education Society's Press
 DeSouza, P J L, medical practitioner—Moody Street, Fort
 DeSouza, Q, assistant, Azavedo & Co—Omercarry
 DeSouza, Rev C P, assistant to Vicar of Church of St Jude—Cavel
 DeSouza, Rev Felix Maria, Vicar of the Roman Catholic Church Salsette
 DeSouza, Rev J, secretary to Roman Catholic Archbishop, Bombay
 DeSouza, Rev L, professor at the Roman Catholic School, Mahim
 DeSouza, S M, clerk, Managing Agent's Office, B B & C I Railway
 DeSouza, Sebastian Joseph, clerk, Ritchie Stuart & Co—Mazagon
 DeSouza, Silva, pensioner—Cavel
 DeSouza, Thomas, store delivery clerk, G I. P. Railway
 Dewar, Patrick, The Warren, Boree
 Dewar, J J, 3rd class assistant engineer, G I P Railway—Byculla
 Diway, C H, distant fish superintendent, G I P R—Byculla
 Diway, H, driver, P & O Co's service—Mazagon
 Dias A C, head stores delivery clerk, G I P Railway—Tannah
 Dias, C F, clerk, Mechanics' Institute and teacher of music—Fort
 Dias, F, clerk, Post Office—Girgaum
 Dias, Francisco, A, clerk to the Manager Viegas Patent Slip Company—Girgaum
 Dias, Gabriel—Mahim
 Dias, John Antonio, contractor—Mahim
 Dias, J A, assistant apothecary, Medical Stores' Department—Bombay
 Dias, J H, clerk, Heaton, Cleveland & Peelo, solicitors—Kalbadavi
 Dias P A, clerk Waller & Co—Mahim
 Dias, R M, Treacher & Co—Kalbadavi
 Dick, Geo Hindayde, assistant, Runnie, Scovell & Co Middle Colaba
 Dickson, James
 Dimmock, George La Bardiare, 2nd class officer Preventive Service—Girgaum
 Dirango, Joseph
 Ditton, Charles, press-reader, Bombay Education Society's Press—Grant Road.
 Ditton, Edmund William, 4th class Officer, Preventive Service
 Diver, Thos, M D—Rampart Row, Fort
 Dixon, John, Lloyd's surveyor, Nesbit Lane—Fort and Girgaum
 Dixon & Co, iron and brass founders, Iron Works, Byculla
 Dobbs, W.—Small Colaba

- Dobson, G., driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Dobson, Richard, driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Dodd, J., 2nd class Pilot—Colaba
 Dodds, H. D., partner, Hutchinson, Dodds & Co.—Parsee Bazaar, Fort
 Dodds, James, assistant, Forbes & Co.—Byculla Club
 Dodeon, John—Byculla
 Doig, A., boiler-maker P. and O. Co.'s Dockyard—Maragon
 Doming, Paul, 1st class officer, Preventive Service—Mahim
 Don, A., assistant, Bank of Bombay
 Don, D., Oriental Bank—Middle Colaba
 Donaldson, Daniel, 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Donaldson, John, general foreman, Elphinstone Land and Press Company—Belvidere Hill
 Donaldson, J. F. I., inspector, Post Office, Abyssinian Force, Abyssinia—Armenian Lane, Fort
 Donaldson, Robert J., assistant, Bank of Bombay—Byculla
 Donohue, C., 3rd class officer's Preventive Service—Grant Buildings, Colaba
 Donohue, W., clerk Comm. under-in Chief's Office—Abyssinia
 Doonan, J., shunting master, G. I. P. Railway—Elphinstone Bunder
 Donovan, J.—Chowpatty
 Donovan, W., railway contractor—Byculla
 Dougall, John, fitter, Manockjee Petit's Spinning and Weaving Co.—Tardeo
 Douglas, Charles, assistant, Ritchie, Stewart & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Douglas, J., agent, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China—Malabar Hill
 Douglas, William, master artist, Gun Carriage Department—Colaba
 Downman, John, clerk, St. Thomas' Cathedral Fort George
 Downes, C. Campbell, storekeeper, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla Club
 Downes, John, 2nd class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Doyle, Edward, clerk, Paper Currency Department, Ordnance Lines—Esplanade
 Doyle, Mrs., boarding house-keeper—Maragon
 Dracup, Charles B., clerk, office of the Consulting Engineer for Railways, Secretariat—Colaba
 Draoup, William, assistant to Consulting Engineer for Railways, Secretariat—Colaba
 Draper, W., M.A., principal, Elphinstone high school—Malabar Hill
 Drewett, Thomas, locomotive foreman, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Drewett, T. F., fireman, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Driver, Hugh, 2nd class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Drury, Charles, architect and builder—Parrell Road
 Dyerhurst, Robert, mechanic—Byculla
 Dryman, G. S.—Malabar Hill
 Dryman, James Russell, agent per procurator G. S. King & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Duarte, G., Government pensioner—Upper Girgaum
 Duarte, Joseph, ticket printer, G. I. P. Railway—Dudur
 Duarte, Sebastiao J., clerk, Harbour and Pilotage Board—Upper Girgaum
 Duarte, A. A., Court House, Locustacal Department
 Duarte, D. A., clerk, Ordnance Laminant's Office—Girgaum
 Duarte, J. M., ticket printer, G. I. P. Railway—Upper Girgaum
 Duarte, Joseph Macala—Upper Girgaum
 Duarte, Rev. S. P.—S. J. Jette
 Duarte, Saturnino, clerk, Post Office—Upper Girgaum
 DuBois, Rev. Edward H., master of D. Ocean school—Maragon
 Ducat, Lieutenant, W. M.,—Esplanade, Marine Lines
 Dudley, John Ellis, assistant, London Asiatic & American Co.—Fort
 Duffy, J., chief inspector executive municipal engineer's department—Oomercarry
 Duffy, B., assistant master, St. Mary's Institution—Byculla
 Dugard, J., driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Duggan, A., coppersmith P. & O. Co.'s Dockyard—Maragon
 Duggan, Owen, police constable in the Dockyard
 Duggan, R., engineer, Viegas Patent Slip Company—Maragon
 Dullard, Richard, pensioner—Maragon
 Dumper, Thomas, inspector of police—Elphinstone Circle, Fort
 Dunbar, James, chief engineer, B. I. S. N. Co.'s Steamer *Luphrates*
 Dunbar, John, barrister-at-law—Malabar Hill
 Duncan, R. B., assistant, Bank of Bombay—Newbit Lane, Byculla
 Duncan, William, 2nd class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Dundas, Robert T., commander P. & O. Co.'s Service.

Dunlop, H. G., manager, Bank of Hindustan China and Japan (in liquidation),
Malabar Hill
Dunlop, J. D., master mariner—Colaba
Dunlop, William H. G., deputy commissioner of police, Hulk "Elphinstone,"
Bombay Harbour
Dunn, J. J., signboard painter—Sonapore
Dunn, John—Malabar Hill
Dunn, Thomas, accountant, City Bank (in liquidation)—Hornby Row
Dupuy, John, chief officer, steamer *Mounistuar Elphinstone*—Kalbadavia.
Durant, A. H., sub-conductor Marine Stores—Colaba
Darbrou, R., engineer, P. & O. Dockyard—Mazagon
Durham, Charles, head clerk, Municipal Commissioner—Cavel Street
Durham, H. C., clerk, office of Controller Municipal Accounts—Kalbadavia
Durham, J. C., clerk, Stores' Department Bombay Baroda & Central India Railway—
Faulkland Road.
Durham, H. W., head clerk, Executive Municipal Engineer's Department
Duthie, Robert, superintendent, Scottish Male Orphanage—Malim
Duxbury, Jonathan, assistant traffic manager, Bombay Baroda and Central India
Railway—Bandora
Dwyer, Henry W., partner, Sykes and Dwyer, Photographers—Fort
Dwyer, John—Dadur
Dwyer, M., master turner, Grand Arsenal—Town Barracks
Dymock, B. A., assistant surgeon, W. European General Hospital, and Professor of
Pathology, Grant Medical College.
Dyson, Samuel Westcott, master plumber, P. & O. Co.'s Dockyard—Mazagon

Fadon, C., medical apprentice, Grant Medical College—Bombay
Fasley, H. T. broker—Church Lane, Fort
Faton, H. F., bill, freight and share broker—Forbes Street
Ebrahim, B. J.,—Rutherford Street
Eccles, W. S., superintending surgeon, G. I. P. Railway—professor of hygiene,
Grant Medical College—Breach Candy
Edgington, Alfred, chief superintendent of police—Police Office, Mazagon
Edmonds, Fred, Living-ton, 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
Edmonds, John, assistant apothecary—Bombay Marine
Edsforth, James, engineer, George H. Jute & Wool Co.—Paroll
Edwards, Charles, apothecary, Medical Stores—Fort George
Edwards, J., inspector of roads, Bombay Municipality—Hunoman Lane
Edwards, J. H., 2nd class assistant engineer, Great Indian Peninsula Railway -
Byculla Villa
Edwards, Thomas Hagbold, gun and pistol maker—Rampart Row
Egard, J., guard—Kalbadavia Road
Eggleston, Edward.
Elmore, J. A., commission agent—Byculla
Ella, John, head foreman, G. I. P. Railway—Boree Bunder
Elliot, John, overseer, Vehar water works—Olmerecarry
Elliot, Robert William, examiner, Political Department, Secretariat—Colaba
Ellis, F. M., opium inspector—Albion Place, Byculla
Ellis, John A., audit clerk, Consulting Engineer's Depart., Secretariat—Colaba
Ellison, E., civil engineer and contractor—Mount Road, Mazagon
Elmstone, O. S., freight broker
Elsey, Henry, engineer—Lower Colaba
Elsey, T., 1th class engineer, H. M.'s Gunboat "Clyde"
Emerson, W., architect—Church Gate Street, Fort
Emson, J.—Lower Colaba
Esperance, M. F., actuary, Government Savings' Bank—Kalbadavia
Esperance, S. D.—Grant Buildings, Colaba
Esperance, V. S.—Matharpacady
Essai, William J., clerk, J. Neuberger—Fort
Essaiva, Rev. John, Superior Roman Catholic Free School—Mazagon
Evans, A. J., assistant, J. and W. Watson, tailors—Meadow Street
Evans, James, engineer apprentice—Harbour Works
Ewing, Charles & Co., contractors—Matharpacady
Ewing, Robert, partner, Finlay, Clarke & Co.—Malabar Hill
Ewart, Latham & Co., merchants—Meadow Street, Fort

Faber, G. L., signs per pro. Volkart Bros.—Malabar Hill
 Faichney, James, reporter, *Bombay Gazette*—Meadow Street, Fort
 Faithful, John Money, engineer apprentice
 Falcao, P., clerk, post office—Bandora
 Faria, J. D., godown-keeper, Nasseerwanjee Buttnjee & Co.—Cavel
 Farington, W. E., barrack-serjeant,—Butcher's Island
 Farnham & Co., general merchants—No. 3 Apollo Street
 Farnham, B. F., partner Farnham & Co.—Byculla
 Farnham, W. F., broker, Apollo Street, Fort
 Farran, C. F., barrister-at-law—Malabar Hill
 Farran, G. H., M. A., head assistant to Prothonotary—Nepesin Road, the Brench
 Farrar, John, partner, J. W. Wright & Co.—Elphinstone Circle, Fort
 Farrel, Thos. D., accountant to Messrs Stephens and Sons—Byculla
 Farrell, John, pensioner—Colaba
 Farrow, Robert—Grant Road
 Farrow, R. J., clerk, Agent's office, G. I. P. R.—Byculla
 Farrow, William Justin—Girgaum
 Fasilconer, H. M., clerk, Treacher & Co.—Byculla
 Fauchall, John, 2nd class engineer, Bombay Marine—Kalbadavia
 Favre, Leuba & Co., watchmakers, jewellers, &c.—Elphinstone Circle, Fort
 Fawcett, H. R., assistant accountant, Oriental Bank—Rampart Row
 Fearley, John, assistant, Finlay Scott & Co.—Grant Buildings, Colaba
 Flaver, H. T., copper-smith, P. and O. Company's Dockyard—Maragon
 Ferreira, F., assistant, Azavedo & Co.—Oomercarry
 Ferreira, J. J., Clerk, Macdonald & Co.—Girgaum
 Fell, Gregson & Co., merchants—Apollo Street, Fort
 Fellows, William Benjamin—(Europe)
 Ferguson, S. B., barrister at law, acting clerk and sealer Insolvent Debtors' Court
 Fernandes, A. L., barrister at-law, Fort
 Fernandes, D. C., clerk, Storrs' Dept., Elphinstone Land & Press Company—Colaba
 Fernandes, D. F., compiler, Political Department, Secretariat—Bandora
 Fernandes, E. O.,—New Sonapore
 Fernandes, G., painter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Fernandes, H. C., pianoforte tuner and music teacher—Dabool
 Fernandes, Isaac, clerk, B. E. S. Press—Maragon
 Fernandes, J. M., assistant to the Army Clothing Agent—Mazagon
 Fernandes, J. J., carpenter—Cavel
 Fernandes, J. J., clerk—Oomercarry
 Fernandes, L. M., head clerk, Revenue Dept. Elphinstone Land & Press Co., Elphinstone Bunder—Oomercarry
 Fernandes, Manoel, fitter, Elphinstone Land & Press Co.—Oomercarry
 Fernandes, Nicholas, pensioned Portuguese translator to Government—Byculla
 Fernandes, Rev. Bras, vicar of the Church of N. S. de Silvacao Mahim
 Fernandes, Stephens, head clerk, Coaching Department, Traffic Manager's office, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bandora
 Fernandez, A. J., clerk, Rennie Scovell & Co.—Kalbadavia
 Fernandez, Alfred, H., Elphinstone Land & Press Company—Byculla
 Fernandez, F. A. C. N., Customs' preventive officer, Elphinstone Land and Press Company
 Fernandez, H., clerk, Executive Municipal Engineer's Office
 Fernandez, J., clerk, Post Office—Dhobi Lalao
 Fernandez, J. A., clerk in charge of stationery P. & O. Dockyard—Maragon
 Fernandez, John, assistant type founder B. K. Society's Press—Ballasie Road
 Fernandez, J. C., harbour police department—Police Hulk
 Fernandez, Joseph, A., clerk—Byculla
 Fernandez, Juan, signaller, Electric Telegraph—Colaba
 Fernandez, M., apprentice B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Fernandez, N. A.
 Fernandez, Peter, pupil teacher—Byculla School
 Fernandez, S. A., National Bank of India—Girgaum
 Ferns, Henry, lithographer, Chief Engineer's office—Byculla
 Ferreira, Emannal, Secretariat Press—Kalbadavia
 Fialho, M., 4th class officer, Preventive Service
 Fido, Charles, clerk, Paper Currency Department—Middle Colaba
 Fido, John, superintendent Old Coining Department, Mint—Upper Colaba

- Fido, J F, New Rolling Department, Mint—Upper Colaba
 Fido, Joseph W, 2nd assistant Mint—Upper Colaba
 Field, Benjamin F, Tudor Co's Ice House—Apollo Street, Fort
 Field, J, sub-contractor, Railway Works—Khetwaddy
 Figuerin Domingos—Oomercarry
 Finlay, Clark & Co, Merchants—1, Forbes Street, Fort
 Finaly, Scott & Co, merchants—Elphinstone Circle
 Firth, John, superintendent, Bombay Education Society's Press—Byculla
 Fischer, Ferdinand, book-keeper, Lyon Brothers & Co—Bell Lane, City
 Fisher, Wm
 Fisher, B S, foreman, Locomotive Department B B & C I Railway—Girgaum
 Fitzgibbon, Patrick—Howpathy
 Fitzgerald, Thomas, 2nd class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Flanagan, John W, clerk, Coupland & Co—Girgaum
 Flanagan, Joseph, broker
 Flanagan, J T, partner, Fell, Gresson and Co—Malabar Hill
 Fleet, Thomas, police constable—Kalkland Road
 Fleming, John, partner, W Nicol & Co—(Europe)
 Fleming, C J, 2nd assistant, Accountant General's Office—Colaba
 Fleming, John, engineer—Byculla
 Fletcher, C D, Customs' preventive officer, Elphinstone Land & Press Company
 Fletcher, Duncan, agent, Messrs W Nicol and Co, ironmongers, Bombay Metal
 Mart, Boree Bunder—Churchpogly
 Flower, S, bill and stock broker—(Europe)
 Flynn, James, chief translator and interpreter, High Court—Byculla
 Flynn, Michael, assistant engineer, Elphinstone Land and Press Company—Mazagon
 Fogarty, William Keys, M R C S, Surgeon—Mazagon
 Foggo, Hon G, partner, Forbes and Co
 Foggo, B M, partner Remington and Co—Cumballa Hill
 Follingby, George, assistant, W Nicol and Co—Malabar Hill
 Fonteca, A B, bailiff, Small Cause Court—Girgaum
 Fonseca, J A, clerk, Elphinstone Land and Press Co—Bandora
 Fonseca, J F, clerk, Apollo Bonded Warehouse Company—Bandora
 Fonseca, J N, medical practitioner—Girgaum Road
 Fonseca, P J, clerk, Custom House—Bandora
 Fonseca, Rev M A, vicar, Nossa Senhora de Assumption—Candol
 Forbes & Co merchants
 Forbes, James Alexander, partner, Forbes and Co—Cumballa Hill
 Forbes, James—Mazagon
 Forbes, Sir Charles and Co, merchants, Rampart Row
 Ford, A W, chief engineer, Frere Land Reclamation Co—Mazagon
 Ford, Henry D, conductor Ordnance Department Grand Arsenal—(Europe)
 Ford, Louis, J F C, accountant, Government Dockyard, and paymaster floating
 Batteries—Colaba
 Ford, W—Small Colaba
 Forman, Henry, partner, Sir C Forbes and Co—Bombay
 Forrestall, W, conductor Ordnance Department—Grand Arsenal
 Forrest, Thomas, press-reader, Education Society's Press—Dhobie Talao
 Forster, J, station master, B B and C I. Railway—Grant Road
 Fortesquinn, assistant accountant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, Australia,
 and China
 Fox, O E, M A, Master in Equity, &c—Byculla Club
 Framjee, Sands and Co, merchants—Main Street, Fort
 Franklin, M, clerk, Gaddum and Co—Breach Candy Road
 Fraser, Alexander, engineer, P and O Co's Service—Mazagon
 Fraser and Miller—Carnac Bunder
 Fraser, D, foreman shipwright, P and O Co's Dockyard—Mazagon
 Fraser, H, assistant, Bank of Bombay
 Fraser, W, assistant deputy secretary, and officiating inspector of branches,
 Bank of Bombay
 Frazier, A—Small Colaba
 Fragoso, Jacinto, teacher in French and Italian—Cavel
 Fragoso, John V—Cavel
 Frauke, J, inspector, Health Department—Pastonjee Row Lower Colaba
 Freckleton, William, 2nd class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Frederick, H, engine turner, B B and C I Railway—Farall
 Frederick, W, superintendent, Widows' and Pensioners' Home—Grant Road

Freeborn, E —Fort

Freeborough, James, millwright and engineer, Bombay Spinning Factory—Tardeo

Freeman, John Dawes, shipping master—Bandora

Freeman, J., contractor, Byculla

Freeman, H. S., Bombay Gas Company—Grant Road

French, H., assistant engineer, G I P Railway—Byculla

Fretwell, V —Byculla

Fry, Joseph, assistant, Remington and Co.—Malabar Hill

Fry, H., clerk, G I P Railway—Kalbadavia

Fulcher, Alfred—Breach Candy

Fulcher, Cooper and Co.—Elphinstone Circle

Fuller, F. K., assistant, Thacker, Vining and Co.—Khetwaddy

Ferguson, T. B., acting clerk, Insolvent Debtors' Court

Furner, C., foreman sail-maker, P and O Co's Dockyard—Mazagon

Furtado, St. Anna, clerk, Ritchie Stewart and Co.—Dabool

Furtado, Vincent St. H., clerk, Gun Carriage Agency—Kalbadavia

Furtado, Salvador, yard-overseer, Stores' Department, G I P Railway—Omercarry

G

Gambler, Henry Edward, clerk, of Works Main Drainage—Grant Road

Gatriel, Adolph, dentist—Hornby Row

Gaddum & Co., merchants—Dean Lane, Fort

Gaddum, C., partner, Gaddum & Co.—Breach Candy

Gaffney, K., store and park sergeant, Ordnance Department.—Grand Arsenal

Gahagan, George, Mazagon Land and Reclamation Co.—Girgaum

Gahagan, John—Girgaum

Gahagan, T.—Girgaum

Gahagan, William, assistant, Scott, McClelland and Co.—Girgaum

Gagnan, H.—Humnum Street, Fort

Galbraith, Charles, director, Government Telegraphs, Western Division—Colaba

Galbraith, Rev. Richard, superintendent of the Money School, Laplanade—(Europe)

Gale, J. W.—Rampart Row, Fort

Galhager, John, student apprentice, Giant Medical College—Byculla

Gallagher, W., inspector of police—Breach Candy New Road

Galpine, W. L., accountant, P & O Co's Office—Chinchpoogly

Galvao, M., clerk, Bombay General Post Office—Oval

Gama, B. R., G I P Railway—Oval

Gamble, Henry, official assigner, High Court—(Europe)

Gardner, T. W., superintending engineer, Gas Works—Chinchpoogly

Gascoigne, J., assistant, Scott, McClelland & Co.—(Europe)

Gasper, G., clerk—Kalbadavia

Gatt, H., fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell

Geddes, James, Editor and Manager, *Bombay Gazette*, Fort

George, William John, acting foreman boiler-maker, Government Dockyard—Grant Buildings, Colaba

George, John C. F., assistant accountant, Oriental Bank—Rampart Row

Gerrard, A., clerk, House and Land Investment Company—Byculla

Gerrard, Alexander, sub-agent, Oriental Bank Corporation—Byculla Club

Gerrard, Peter Patrick, assistant, Electric Telegraph Department—Colaba

Gibb, W.—Lower Colaba

Gibbs, James, judge, High Court

Gibbs, W., turner, P and O Co's Dockyard—Mazagon

Giffert, G. G., warehouse-keeper, Bonded Warehouse Co.—Colaba

Gilbert, William, partner, Blackwell & Co.—Malabar Hill

Gilder, C. O., assistant, Political Dept Secretariate—Nesbit Lane, Fort

Gilder, Rev. Charles, missionary Propagation Society—Girgaum

Gilder, Richard, clerk, Secretariate—Colaba

Gillmore, J., driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Byculla

Giles, Samuel, exchange broker, Oak Lane, Fort, and Breach Candy

Gill, W., surgeon, P & O Company's Service—Mazagon

Gillibrand, John, freight broker, Bombay Green—Nesbit Lane Byculla

Gillespie, H., clerk, Stores' Department B. B. & C. I. Railway—Storee Bunder

Gillespie, Mark Fred, examiner, Political Department Secretariate, and custodian of the Town Hall

Gibroy, W., turner, P and O Co's Dockyard—Mazagon

Ginger, Thomas, horse trainer and farrier—Girgaum Road

- Gisborne, E S, civil engineer—Forbes Street, Fort
 Gladding, J B, auctioneer and commission agent—Colaba
 Glarkin, J H, junior assistant master, B K S School—Byculla
 Gleive, E, assistant Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company—
 Chinchpoo
 Gleave, James, manager, Great Eastern Spinning & Weaving Co—Chinchpoo
 Gliddon, S A, assistant Leggett & Co—Colaba
 Glover and Co, contractors—Byculla
 Glover, Samuel, locomotive and carriage superintendent, G I P Railway—Dadur
 Glover, Thomas, conductor and outlier medical stores—Esplanade
 Glover, I G, partner, Glover and Co engineers and contractors—Waree Bunder
 Glyn, C H, assistant Edward Rigg & Co—Malabar Hill
 Godfrey, Mrs milliner Meadow Street, Fort
 Godfrey, Robert Meadow Street, Fort
 Godfrey, W, driver, G I P Railway Byculla
 Gomes, B L, clerk Shipping Office—Mahim
 Gomes J, signaller Electric Telegraph—Bombay
 Gomes, D M, clerk Bombay General Post Office—Kalbadavia
 Gomes, A F, Post Office—Cavel
 Gomes, Gabriel, clerk Marine Branch Accountant General's Office—Girgaum
 Gomes, J P, clerk Political Department, Secretariat—Kalbadavia
 Gomes, Manoel, record keeper Political Department, Secretariat—Hunuman Lane
 Gomes, Paulo Francis, medical practitioner—Bor Majeed Lane
 Gomes Sebastian, turncock Bombay Water Works—County Jail Road
 Gomes, P, turncock Bombay Water Works Department
 Gomes, M, harness maker Grand Arsenal—Omercurry
 Gomes, I, saddler, P Grant—Omercurry
 Gonsalves, A V, signaller electric telegraph—Cavel
 Gonsalves, D L, clerk Bombay Executive Commissioner's Office—Kalbadavia
 Gonsalves, C A, clerk Inspector General of Ordnance Office—Mahim
 Gonsalves, G, clerk—Bandora
 Gonsalves, J, clerk Managing Agent B B and C I Railway—Parel
 Gonsalves John, clerk Cleveland and Paile, solicitors—Bandora
 Gonsalves, Lewis, clerk A C Bines and Co—Kalbadavia
 Gonsalves, M F, assistant apothecary Medical Stores' Department
 Gonsalves, Pascoal assistant Bombay Native Dispensary—Kalbadavia
 Goodman, J—Small Colaba
 Good, W W, contractor—Clare Road, Byculla
 Good, H, Glover and Co—Coorla
 Good, B G, inspector of roads Bombay Municipality—Mahim
 Goopy, K, mathematical and navigation tutor—Fort
 Gordon, A B, assist commissioner of paper currency—Middle Colaba
 Gordon, G, 2nd class officer Preventive Service—Grant Buildings, Colaba
 Gordon, O B, 1st class inspector electric telegraph—Colaba
 Gordon, J A, boiler maker P & O Co's Dockyard—Masagon
 Gordon, John merchant—Meadow Street, Fort
 Gordon, W, manager B I S N Co—Pilot Bunder, Colaba
 Gordon, W K, 1st Assistant Accountant General
 Goshin, A, superintendent Accountant General's Office—Colaba
 Gosting, David E, assistant Scott and McClelland—Meadow Street
 Goubert, C, master hom in Catholic Byr's School—Meadow Street
 Gough, W, engineer P and O Co's Dockyard—Masagon
 Golden, Peter, inspector of police—Lywall's Cottage Fort Road
 Gracian, G, filter, B B and C I Railway—Parel
 Gracian, J, 2nd class officer Preventive Service—Kalbadavia
 Graham, D, boiler maker, P and O Dockyard—Masagon
 Graham Donald signper 110 W and A Graham and Co—Malabar Hill
 Graham, H W, assist to the Assist Commissioner Paper Currency—near Police
 Office, Masagon
 Graham, W and A and Co merchants—Bora Bazaar, Fort
 Graham A, ordnance department—Town Barracks
 Graham, W & A & Co, merchants Parsee Bazaar Street Fort
 Graham, Thomas, typ founder, Education Society's Press—Masagon
 Grant Andrew, partner, Campbell Mitchell & Co—(Europe)
 Grant, A D, partner, Campbell Mitchell & Co—Malabar Hill
 Grant G. W, inspector of buildings Municipality—Matharpacady, Masagon
 Grant, J, inspector, G I P. Railway Company—Byculla

- Grant, J., 1st class officer, Preventive Service—Colaba
 Grant, P., saddler, Meadow Street, Fort
 Grant, R., driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 Grant, Sir Alexander, Bart., director of public instruction, and vice chancellor
 Bombay University—Malabar Hill
 Gray, W., assistant-surgeon M. N., 2nd surgeon J. J. Hospital, and professor of
 anatomy and curator of the Museum
 Gray & Co., merchants—Elphinstone Circle
 Gray, Robert, 2nd class engineer—Bombay Marine
 Gray, W., clerk, P. & O. Company's Dockyard—Mazagon
 Grey, William
 Greaves, John, engineer, B. C. and R. M. N. Co's steamer *General Outram*
 Green, F. H., partner, Macfarlane and Green, solicitors—Breach Candy
 Green, J.—Elephanta
 Green, J.—Small Colaba
 Green, John Philip, barrister-at-law—Malabar Hill
 Green, Richard, manager book-binding department, B. E. Society's Press—Albion
 Place, Byculla
 Greenan, P., driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Greenwood—Hornby Row, Fort
 Greenwood, James—Parell
 Greenwood, John—Hornby Row
 Gregory, H. K., accountant, Agra Bank (Limited)—Fort
 Gregory, Matthew, driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 Gregory, J. R., sub-conductor, Ordnance Department—Colaba
 Greig, John B., 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Greig, J., official liquidator and attorney—Fort
 Griffin, G.
 Griffe, G., engineer, Elphinstone Land and Press Company, str. *Sirdar*—Mazagon
 Griffiths, J., assistant superintendent, School of Arts—Esplanade
 Grifts, P., book-keeper, J. A. Brown & Co.—Dadur
 Griffs, P., correspondent clerk, Public Health Department
 Grimm, J. Edward, partner, Stoehr Prieger & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Grindlay, Groom & Co., merchants and agents—Elphinstone Circle
 Groom, C. J., partner, Grindlay, Groom & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Grossmann, Morris, Forbes Street, Fort
 Gubbay, A. M., manager, David Sassoon & Co., Forbes Street, Fort
 Gubbay, S. R., assistant, David Sassoon & Co.—Byculla
 Guclot, C. P., clerk in charge, P. & O. Company's Service—Mazagon
 Gunilar, T., clerk, B. I. S. N. Co.—Kalbadavie
 Gunnet, storekeeper, Local stores—Parell
 Gumpert, Augustus Charles, merchant, Consul for Austria, Prussia, Hanover,
 Oldenburgh, Bremen and Hamburg, Tamarind Lane—(Europe)
 Gunn, Mrs. Hannah, midwife, Grant Buildings, Colaba

H

- Hackett, W., Ordnance Department—Apollo Bunder
 Haddriel, H., boiler-maker, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Haddis, Thomas James—Virgaum
 Haddield, John, carding master, Coorla Spinning and Weaving Company—Coorla
 Hafferman, G. H.—Meadow Street, Fort
 Hahn, E., cashier, Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris—Grant Road
 Haggan, George, assistant master, St. Mary's Institution—Byculla
 Haigh, W. J.—Chowpatty
 Hall, Alexander O., resident engineer, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Byculla
 Hall, Henry, clerk, G. Burstall and Co.—Middle Colaba
 Hall, W. G., assistant, W. Nicol and Co.—Malabar Hill
 Hall, J.—Small Colaba
 Hall, John, civil engineer and managing assistant, Hastings and Co.—Fort
 Halpin, T., assistant, House of Correction—Nesbit Lane
 Hallums, C., clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Kalbadavie
 Hallums, Charles, superintendent of police—Breach Candy New Road
 Ham, W. J.—Sewrec
 Hamilton, H., assistant apothecary, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Hamilton, J., private tutor to Sir Jamesjee Jejeebhoy's Sons—Mazagon
 Hammond, G.—Small Colaba

- Hammond, John, chief engineer, steamer *Indore*—Colaba
 Hamilton, J. W., signaller, Electric Telegraph—Bombay
 Hamilton, P., undertaker and carpenter—Colaba
 Hamilton, Rowland, Elphinstone Circle—Malabar Hill
 Hampton, G., fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 Hampton, William, boiler maker, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Handaryde, Dick George, assistant, Rennis, Scovell & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Handley, E. A., assistant, Watson and Co. tailors—Meadow Street
 Hanley, Charles A., assistant, Grindley, Groom and Co.—Byculla
 Hankinson, Henry, warder, House of Correction—Byculla
 Hannah, H., 2nd engineer, B. I. & N. Co.'s steamer *Rupiah*
 Hannah, L. H., clerk, Accountant General's Office—Byculla
 Hannah W., signaller, G. I. P. Railway Telegraph—Dhobie Talao
 Hanson, Albert, medical apprentice—Byculla
 Hansou, B., assistant to Cullhanjee Sawjee, Goods' Agent—Mazagon
 Hanson, B. A., clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Hanson, I.—Rampart Row
 Harbord, W. H., commission agent—Oak Lane
 Hardcastle, E. J., accountant, Comptoir d'Escompts de Paris—Rampart Row
 Hardy Alphons H., assistant Stearns, Hobart & Co.—Byculla
 Hargrave, H. J. B., 1st assistant engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Elphinstone Road
 Parell
 Hargrave, Mrs. Sarah, matron, Bombay Education Society's Girls' School—Byculla
 Harker, E. J., contractor, Elphinstone Land & Press Co.—Belvidere Hill
 Harkness, J., contractor—Byculla
 Haring, H., fitter, G. I. P. Railway—Oomercarry
 Haring, P., fitter, B. B. & S. S. Company (Limited) Oomercarry
 Harper, H., acting agent, Oriental Bank
 Harrington, M.—Small Colaba
 Harrington, J., storekeeper, Bombay Municipality—Esplanade
 Harris, C., lumber, P. and O. Dockyard—Mazagon
 Harris, H.—Small Colaba
 Harris, J., Governor's band—Parell
 Harrison, John Charles, assistant Mint Master—Colaba
 Harrison, R., overseer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Ahtwaddy
 Harrison, R. I., accountant, Bombay Gas Works—Colaba
 Harrison, S. J., cotton inspector—Grant Buildings
 Hart, J., fireman, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 Hart, J. H., press-reader *Times of India*—Mazagon
 Hately, James, clerk, Inspector General of Ordnance—Borea Bunder
 Hartmann Charles F., assistant, A. O. Gumpert—Esplanade
 Hartman, Reverend Meadow Street, Fort
 Harter, G., acting agent, Oriental Bank Corporation
 Harvey, J., Governor's band—Parell
 Hastings & Co., architects and civil engineers—10, Hummaum Street, Fort
 Hastings, Robert, Court house keeper & crier High Court—Court House
 Hastings, Jas., partner, Hastings and Co.—Colaba
 Havenith, A., partner, H. Olason and Co.—Malabar Hill
 Hawkes, F., 1st class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla Villa
 Hay, A.—Elphinstone Circle
 Hay, J.—Small Colaba
 Hay, Napier J. L., secretary, European Assurance Society, 9, Rampart Row—
 Chinel poogly
 Hayler, Thomas Child, barrister at law, Borah Bazaar—Malabar Hill
 Hayhurst, R., copper-smith, P. and O. Company—Mazagon
 Haynes, C., coal conductor, B. I. S. N. Co.—Upper Colaba
 Hayter, Thomas, assistant superintendent, cutting department, Mint—Colaba
 Heyward, Joseph, assistant, J. & W. Watson & Co., tailors—Meadow Street
 Huzell, Henry, supt. workshops, Executive Municipal Engineer's Dept.—Byculla
 Headford, F. O., assistant, J. & W. Watson & Co., tailors—Meadow Street
 Healey, John, assistant warder, Mazagon Dockyard—Mazagon
 Healty, John, (junior), 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine—Kalbadavie
 Hearn, Cleveland and Peile Solicitors, Graham's Buildings, Fort.
 Hearn, R. V., Government solicitor, and public prosecutor—Malabar Hill
 Hector, G. N., commander, P. & Co.'s Service
 Hector, John, agent, Branch Bank of Bengal—Meadow Street
 Hector, William, partner, W. and A. Graham & Co.—Cumballa Hill

- Hefferman, George Henry, Bellasis Road, Byculla
 Heims, P., assistant, Volkart Brothers—Cumballa Hill
 Heira, P.—Elphinstone Circle
 Heinacker, A., assistant, Volkart Brothers—Cumballa Hill
 Helm, James, engineer, Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Co.—Girgaum
 Henderson, David, engineer, Bombay Press Co.—Colaba
 Henderson, John, senior inspector, Preventive Service—Meadow Street
 Henderson, W., chief engineer, P & Co's Service
 Henyon, J. R., sub-accountant, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China—
 Elphinstone Circle
 Henley, H. B., clerk, P. and O. Club—Maragon
 Hinchshaw, R., Marine Street—Fort
 Hillyar, F., boiler-maker, P & O Service—Maragon
 Henry, George, storekeeper, Gun-carrriage Department—Colaba
 Henry, George F., superintendent, P. & O. Co.—Parell Hill
 Henriques, J. B., head clerk, Shipping Office—Girgaum
 Hepworth, J. W., 1st class boiler-maker, Grant Buildings—Colaba
 Hermann, P. B., assistant, Stoehr, Prieger & Co.—Colaba
 Herrmann, P. B., assistant, H. Olsson and Co.—Byculla
 Herron, Mrs. H., milliner and dress-maker—Meadow Street
 Heron, E. E., civil engineer
 Herring, Charles George, partner, Blackwell and Co.—Malabar Hill
 Heselt, T., superintendent, B. B. & C. 1 Railway—Parell
 Hensing, Joseph, signaller, Telegraph Office—Fort
 Hewatson, B. B., engineer—Byculla
 Hewitt, O. J., inspector of turncocks, Bombay Water Works—Kalbadavia
 Hewitt, James Thomas, assistant, Wallace & Co.—Byculla
 Hewlett, T. G., health officer, Bombay Municipality and Coroner—Esplanade
 Heycock, Arthur H. D., assistant accountant, Chartered Mercantile Bank—Worlee
 Hibbert, H., secretary, Treacher & Co.—Byculla
 Hickey, J., laboratoryman, Ordinances Department—Grand Arsenal
 Higgings, J., 3rd class officer, Preventive Service—Colaba
 Higgins, M. C., superintendent, School of Arts—Esplanade
 Higgins, P. O., superintendent markets, &c.—Esplanade, near New Markets
 Higgins, Stephen—Colaba
 Higgins, Stephen, senior assistant, House of Correction—Byculla
 Higginson, J., engineer, P & O Co's Service—Maragon
 Higgs, Charles, contractor—Maragon
 Higgs, John, contractor—Matharpacady
 High, Edward, signaller, Electric Telegraph—Fort
 High, —, Commissioner for taking affidavits High Court—Byculla
 Hill, Israel, railway contractor—Byculla
 Hill, J., acting 2nd class pilot—Nesbit Lane, Fort
 Hill, Menzies, boiler-maker P and O Dockyard—Maragon
 Hill, W., 4th class officer, Preventive Service—Castle Park
 Hind, J. W., 4th class officer, Preventive Service
 Hulford, W., Governor's Band—Parell
 Hilton, R., inspector, Government Dockyard—Colaba
 Hilton, Thomas, manager, Great Eastern Spinning & Weaving Mills—Parell
 Kingley, Eli, chief clerk to the Senior Magistrate of Pulo, and clerk to the Court
 of Petty Sessions—Mount Road, Maragon.
 Hinton, Henry, photographer—Parell Road, Byculla
 Hitchings, J., sergeant-major, Governor's Band—Parell
 Hutchison, Dods & Co., merchants
 Hobbs, R. B., assistant, Harbord & Co.—Worlee.
 Hockin, G., chief officer P. & O. Company's Service
 Hoadley, H. P., accountant, Royal Bank of India—Byculla
 Hodgart, James, superintendent new Coining Dept., Mint—Forbes Street, Fort
 Hodgson, J. J., assistant, W. Nicol & Co.—8, Rampart Row
 Hodgkinson, Peter, overlooker, Manohjee Petit's Spinning & Weaving Company—
 Tardeo
 Hogarth, D., accountant, National Bank of India—Rampart Row
 Hogg, —, assistant, Mr. A. Allan, tailor, &c.—Apollo Street, Fort
 Hoggan, George, 3rd class engineer Bombay Marine
 Holdaway G., foreman painter, P & O Company's Service—Maragon
 Holden, J., preventive officer—Colaba
 Holland, John, spinning master, Bombay Spinning and Weaving Company—Tardeo

Holiday, Ralph, weaving master, Bombay Spinning & Weaving Company—Girgaum
 Holiwell, H., horse trainer, Livery Stable Co.—Byculla
 Holloway, Benjamin, M., assistant civil engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Tardeo
 Holmes, P.—Lower Colaba
 Home, J., driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Hopkins, J. G., public health inspector—80, Cavel Street, Kalbadavie
 Horn, William, fitter, G. I. P. Railway—Gomecarry
 Hornby, William J. Arthur—Apollo Street
 Hore, Fraser Salter, partner, Rimington Hore and Langley, solicitors—Malabar Hill
 Horne, G., conductor, Marine Stores—Colaba
 Horton, J., inspector of police—Mazagon
 Horwitz, P., London Hotel—Grant Road
 Horsfall, T., manager, United Spinning and Weaving Co.
 Hosack, James—Byculla
 Hough, Mrs. Colonel—Colaba
 Houghland, John Charles, clerk, Railway Branch, Secretariat—Lower Girgaum
 Houston, W. A.—Rampart Row
 Howard, Brothers, commission agents, &c.—Apollo Street, Fort
 Howard, F.
 Howard, John, inspector of police—Khotwaddy
 Howard, James, consulting and managing engineer, Muncherjee Jamsjee & Son's
 Works—Church Street
 Howard, John, chief engineer, Achar Press Company—Carnac Bunder
 Howard, Richard, chief engineer, Imperial Cotton Press—Carnac Bunder
 Howard, William, inspector, Public Health Department—Upper Colaba
 Howell, Edward Collingwood, clerk—Khotwaddy
 Howell, John Alex., medical practitioner—Hornby Row, Fort
 Howell, John William & Co.—Todi Street
 Howell, William Scott, clerk, Clive and Piele, solicitors—Byculla
 Howick, H., engine driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Hoyer, Frederick, partner, Leggett & Co.—Rampart Row
 Hubbard, G., a servant and agent, Callian Brickmaking Co.—Cumballa Hill

Hughes, T., pensioned colonel—School
 Hughlings, John Powell, M.A., professor of English Literature and History, Elphinstone College—Malabar Hill
 Hunt, Caesar, accountant, John Hyland & Co.—Hope Hall Hotel, Mazagon
 Huchey, J.—Colaba
 Hunt, Benjamin, 1st class officer, Preventive Service—Kalbadavie.
 Hunt, Henry, clerk, J. & W. Watson & Co., tailors—Fort
 Hunt, Henry
 Hunter, the Hon'ble Alexander John, chairman Chamber of Commerce, and partner W. & A. Graham & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Hunter, Surgeon, W. G., F.R.C.S.E., 1st Physician J. J. Hospital, and Principal and Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery, Grant Medical College—(Europe)
 Hunter, William Jackson, 2nd class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Hurrell, J. S., solicitor—Rampart Row
 Hurst, J. De La Motte—Bandra
 Hurst, William Arthur, broker, Parzee Bazaar, Fort
 Huxon, Arthur, partner, Robinson & Co.—Malabar
 Huxley, W. B., clerk Agent's Office, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Hutchinson, R. W., boiler maker, F. & O. Co.—Mazagon
 Hutchinson, Docs & Co., Parzee Bazaar, Fort
 Hutton, William, superintendent of works, United Victoria Reclamation Company—Elphinstone Circle
 Hynes, F. M., 3rd class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla Villa
 Hynes, Lewis George, head assistant, Mint, and assistant secretary, Civil Fund—Mazagon.

Impey, Elijah, postmaster general of Bombay—(Europe)
 Imrie, James Henry, contractor, Elphinstone Land and Press Co.—Carnac Bunder
 Ingle, Geo., secretary to the Superintendent of Marine—Colaba
 Ingle, J., clerk, Paper Currency Department—Malkand Road, Byculla
 Ingle, John, 1st class pilot—Humnum Street, Fort

Ingle, Matthew Frederick, Cotton Funds' Department—Colaba
 Ireland, John (junior) clerk, Bank of Bombay—Colaba
 Ireland, Thomas Edmund—Byculla
 Irvin, Magnus—Rampart Row
 Irvin, James, (senior) Grant Buildings, Colaba
 Irvine, D S, 3rd class pilot—near Pilot Bunder Colaba
 Irvine, E C clerk Paper Currency Department—Grant Buildings, Colaba
 Irvine, James Henry (junior), supt Workshops, Mint—Grant Buildings, Colaba
 Irving, Washington, assistant Acland, Prieatis and Bishop, solicitors—Colaba
 Irving, W J, solicitor—Mithun Hall

Jacobs, M, assistant Russell & Co, watchmakers &c —Colaba
 Jacinto, J M, clerk Military Accountant's Office—Mazagon
 Jacka, Charles, conductor, Bombay Marine Stores—Fort
 Jacka, W G, sub conductor Marine Stores—Fort
 Jackson, George W, aintendent of police—Dadar
 Jackson Joseph trustee of the Robert Money Institution—Faylunde
 Jackson, Thomas Dean, partner, Jackson, Ackroyd and Co—Meadow Street
 Jackson, William Daniell, buliff Small (and Const—Byculla
 Jacob, & Co, tailors, &c Meadow Street Fort
 Jacob, C W H, cashier, Clarkson & Co—Colaba
 Jacob, Hermann, assistant Clarkson & Co—Colaba
 Jacob, M, manufacturer, Hornby Row, Fort
 Jacob, Selim & Co, commission agents &c Hornby Row, Fort
 Jacobson, E, station master B B & C I Railway—Barrack
 James, Charles, con table, Hiltons Place
 James, Henry, carriage driver B B & C I Railway—Parell
 James, Gregory, fitter Engineer and Iron and Pipe Co—Mazagon
 James, George yard in fore of G I P Railway—Loxia Bunder
 Jameson, James, acting senior pilot—near Pilot Bunder, Colaba
 Jamnason, P W, clerk P & O S Dockyard—P and O Club Mazagon
 Jans, Francis S, merchant—Fort
 Jardine, J R, assistant Jans, Clark & Co—Fort
 Jarnat, L, cashier Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris—Giant Road
 Jeffries J, chief engineer steamer T H
 Jenkins, G, engineer, Vigas Patent Ship Company—Mazagon
 Jenkyns, K—Small Colaba
 Jervis, Thomas, deputy superintendent Preventive Service—Meadow Street, Fort
 Jevons I, boiler maker, G I P Railway—Byculla
 Jewson, Harry, overseer Public Works Dept., Presidency Circle—Bandra
 Joseph, Henry W, assistant House of Correction—Mazagon
 John, P S, clerk Bombay General Post Office—Girgaum
 Johnson & Co, merchants—2, Ball Lane, Fort
 Johnson, J R K, joint liquidator Bombay Landing and Shipping Company—
 Albion Place, Byculla
 Johnson, J, guard G I P Railway—No 61, Kalbadavia Road
 Johnson, J, assistant Bank of Bombay
 Johnson, J C V, clerk Court of Small Causes—(Europe)
 Johnson, W, smith G I P Railway Works—Byculla
 Johnson, W, store and park sergeant Ordnance Department—Town Barracks
 Johnson, W, partner, Gotha Babi & Co, merchants—Rampart Row
 Johnson, W—Mithun Hall
 Johnson, R, sub-a assistant Oriental Bank Co, creation—Rampart Row
 Johnson, W B, builder and contractor—Chinchpoo ly
 Johnson, S A, merchant—"Westbourne House," Upper Colaba
 Johnston, B W—Parell
 Johnston, Henry, Bombay Education Society's Pie —Byculla
 Johnston, J D, Doctor—Kaplanade Marine Lines
 Johnston, J, 4th class officer Preventive Service—Mazagon
 Johnstone, Alexander, superintendent of the mail steamers, B I Steam Navigation
 Company—Upper Colaba
 Johnstone, C A, chorister, St. John's Cathedral—Colaba
 Jolley, David, 1st class pilot—Military Square Fort
 Jolliff, Frederick H, 3rd class officer, Preventive Service
 Jonault, C, sub-inspector, Govt. Cotton Funds Department—Cunao Bunder

Jones, Charles, foreman, Mint—Grant Buildings, Colaba
 Jones, Hubert—Albion Place, Byculla
 Jones, John, journeyman apprentice—Bombay Marine
 Jones, J. B., 4th class officer, Preventive Service
 Jones, W. O., acting 2nd class pilot—No. 1 Pilot Under, Colaba
 Jones, William, warder House of Correction—Byculla
 Jones, William, in charge centre flag staff—Cumballa Hill
 Joplin, Josiah, head overman, Gun Carriage Manufacture—Colaba
 Jordan, Paul Andrew, assistant Bank of Hindustan—Oak Lane, Fort
 Jordan, A., government pensioner—Oak Lane, Fort
 Jordan, J. A.—Oak Lane, Fort
 Joseph, J. R., store clerk, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Joseph, R. G., assistant Engineer, General Manager's Office—

Jurvis, J., shunting master, G. I. P. Railway—Lighthouse Bunder
 Jurvis, George R., assistant Stevedores, Hobbs and Co.—Fort
 Jurvis, G. Scott, assistant, Stevedores, Hobbs and Co.—Bandra

K

Kal, Conrad, conductor, Marine Storekeeper's Department—Khetwaddy
 Kane, Matthew, deputy assay master of the Mint—Bandra
 Kaji, A., guard, G. I. P. Railway—No. 64, K. Albidovic Road
 Kirtwright, W. G., chief officer, P. and O. Co.'s Service
 Kaye, J., assistant to Mr. Neuburg, Importer of English and Foreign Goods—Fort
 Kay, James, assistant, Survey, Clerk and Co.—Malabar Hill
 Kay, Thomas, Bombay Gas Company—Colaba
 Kealy, Mortimer, Customs overseer, Tobacco Department—Albion Place, Byculla
 Kealy, Michael, cotton inspector—Bombay
 Kealy, Thomas—Albion Place, Byculla
 Keen, Edward, press reader, Education Society's Press—Williams Road, Byculla
 Keating, Colonel—Meadow Street, Fort
 Keefe, Thomas, schoolmaster and librarian Pensioner's Home—Grant Road
 Keer, Rev. W. Brown, harbour chaplain, Seamen's Meeting Church—Harbour
 Kelly, E. W., deputy general traffic manager—(Europe)
 Kelly, John, assistant engineer Free Land and Reclamation Co.—Chinchipooly
 Kerr, Campbell Mackintosh, partner Kerr, Paterson and Winter—Cumballa Hill
 Kerr, Prescott and Winter solicitors, Forbes Street, Fort
 Keith, S., carriage fitter, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Killick, Nixon and Co., merchants—Dean Lane, Fort
 Kelly, Alex. William, Customs' inspector, P. and O. Co.'s Dockyard—Masagon
 Kelly, Hastings, 4th class officer, Preventive Service—Bell Lane, Fort
 Kellow, Michael, bricklayer, Education Society's Press—Byculla
 Kemp, David Skinner, pharmaceutical chemist—Lighthouse Circle, Fort
 Kemp, T. F., clerk General Manager's Office, Customs' Branch, G. I. P. Railway—
 Boree Bunder
 Kennedy, Clayton, Vihar Water Works—Colaba
 Kennedy, H., 2nd engineer, B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Cornon*
 Kennedy, L., sub-conductor, Dockyard—Colaba
 Kennedy, James, plumber, P. and O. Co.'s Dockyard—Masagon
 Kennedy, J., boiler-maker, P. and O. Dockyard—Masagon
 Kennedy, James Robt., assistant Edward Bates & Co.—Bombay Club
 Kennedy, R. H., hotel clerk, 1st Assistant in the Manager's Office—Byculla
 Kennedy, R., assistant, Lwart Latham & Co.—Byculla
 Kennedy, Robt. assistant, Lwart, Latham & Co.—Middle Colaba
 Kennett, J., engine driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Kenny, M., carpenter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Kenry, F., carpenter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Kery, J., carpenter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Kenry, M., (senior), carpenter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Kenry, M., carpenter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Kent, G., inspector, Public Health Department—Jail Road, Oomercarry
 Kent, J. municipal inspector—Oomercarry
 Keppie, J. L., engineer, P. & O. Co.—Masagon
 Kerr, J., engineer, P. & O. Co.'s Service—Masagon

- Kerry, Henry—Merchant, B. C.
 Kery, William P. —Merchant, B. C.
 Key, Major. —Hammam, B. C.
 Kerr, James, 1st class officer, J. M. & Co.
 Kerr, W. A. —Malabar Hill
 Key, B. J., assistant, Ritchie & Co. —Malabar Hill
 Key, John, draft agent, P. & O. —Malabar Hill
 Kidd, John—Byculla
 Kielhorn, F., Ph. D., and also of Chemistry, B. C. —Malabar Hill
 Kilbau, E., cotton merchant, B. C.
 Killen James Joseph, physician, B. C.
 Killuck Nixon and Co., merchants, B. C.
 Killuck William C., merchant, B. C.
 King A., assistant, steel case, B. C.
 King, Alexander Richard, 1st class officer, B. C.
 King B. M., Military Square, B. C.
 King, Bryan, M., merchant, B. C.
 King Charles J. —Merchant, B. C.
 King Fredrick, white cloth, B. C.
 King George & Co., merchants, B. C.
 King, Henry M., 1st class officer, B. C.
 King John, superintendent, B. C.
 King, James
 King Robert Lov, 1st class officer, B. C.
 King, Robert —Lower, B. C.
 Kingmill James, assistant superintendent, B. C.
 Kingstone, Henry C., 1st class officer, B. C.
 Kinkoch, W., 1st class officer, B. C.
 Kipling, J. —1st class officer, B. C.
 Kiri, Rev. Charles —1st class officer, B. C.
 Kirkman, John —1st class officer, B. C.
 Kirkman, J. B. —1st class officer, B. C.
 Kirkman, W. D. —1st class officer, B. C.
 Kitzel, Geo. A., 1st class officer, B. C.
 Knight and Mull, 1st class officer, B. C.
 Knight, Charles —1st class officer, B. C.
 Knight, B. —Hornby Row, B. C.
 Knight, Robert, joint proprietor, B. C.
 Knock, W. driver, G. I. P. & Co., B. C.
 Knoop & Co., merchants, B. C.
 Knowles William, 1st class officer, B. C.
 Knox, Walter —1st class officer, B. C.
 Kruze, Henry D., 1st class officer, B. C.
 Krahut, H. contractor, B. C.
 Kuhn, L., merchant—Byculla
 Kunnar, John, superintendent, B. C. & C. I. Railway
 Lackland, J., contractor—Byculla
 Lafond, Alexander, assistant of the, B. C.
 Lafond, G., government policeman, B. C.
 Lafrenais, Frank, Bombay G. & Co., B. C.
 Lafrenais, John Leighton, head of the, B. C.
 Lafrenais, R., 2nd class officer, B. C.
 Laing, A. & Son, gun makers and general mechanics, B. C.
 Lake, Charles, 1st class officer, B. C.
 Lake, Mrs., milliner and dress-maker—Byculla
 Lake, Samuel contractor—Bandora
 Lamert, L., —Hornby Row, B. C.
 Lamb, J., storekeeper, B. C.
 Lamb, John M., Bombay Gas Company—Gurgaum Road

Lamb, T.—Small Colaba
Lamborn H. Edwin, 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine—Grant Buildings, Colaba
Lamb W.
Lamie, Daniel, "United Tavern"—Byculla
Lane, J. W., 2nd class inspector, Electric Telegraph Department
Lang, Walter, assistant Linley Scott, & Co.—Malabar Hill
Langford, A., preventive officer—Byculla
Langdale, Arthur partner Dillay, Lynch & Langdale, solicitors—Malabar Hill
Langley, C. A., partner Messrs Rumbington, Here and Langley, solicitors—Malabar Hill
Langster, Isaac, assistant J & W Watson & Co., &c —Meadow Street
Laperson, I., fitter, B B & C I Railway—Parell
Laprelle, Charles, 1st class officer Preventive Service—Girgaum
Latham, W., Customs preventive officer, Liphinaton Land and Press Company
Latham, Richard, partner Linley Scott & Co.—Malabar Hill
Latham, William & Co. High Street Circle
Law, David, fitter, Meadow Street, Fort
Lawson, J., fitter B B & C I Railway—Parell
Lawson, G., store and ink sergeant, Ordnance Department—Down Barracks
Lawrence, Mrs., midwife at Inspector Barnes' Dispensary, opposite to Jaffer Sulimoon
Lawrie, H. L., Inspector Commissariat Department—Abyssinia
Lawrence & Co., merchants—Marine Lane Fort
Lawrence Edward, private Lawrence & Co.—Marine Lane Fort
Lawrence, Frederick W., official liquidator, Asiatic Banking Corporation—Byculla
Lawrence, J. C., 2nd class pilot—near Pilot Lander Colaba
Lawrence, J. clerk Gas Company—Church Lane
Lawrence & Sons, coach builders and painters—Bellasis Road
Lawrence, Michael, printer, Lawrence & Sons—Byculla
Lawson, P. J. Bombay Gas Company—Albion Place, Byculla
Lawson, E. W. G., broker—Kaimuri Chow
Lawson, Lawrence, private Lawson and Whitaker, contractors—Omballa Hill
Laxton, Isaac, shopkeeper—down town
Laurer, K.—Meadow Street Fort
Leak, W., fitter B B & C I Railway—Bombay
Leahy, John, civil Engineer, Ordnance Department—Mihm
Leahy H. Assistant Bank of Bombay—Bundora Hill
Leather, C. and L. I. S., leather solicitors—Meadow Street, Fort
Leather O. I. S., leather solicitors—Leather Solicitors—Malabar Hill
Leather I. Stanger partner C. L. & L. Leather Solicitors—Malabar Hill
Leather, J. V. I. S., leather, poston Timothy Chapel—Sonapoor
Lee & Brown, merchants—Meadow Street
Lee George Clerk R. L. Society—Pier—Byculla
Lee, H. J. merchant—Kilbickie
Lee J. F. shipping dealer B. I. S. N. Co.—Mahim
Lee, John, overseer Ordnance Department Abyssinian Expeditionary Force
Lee, Annular store and park superintendent—Grand Arsenal
Leith, Rev. A., to church St Mary's Institution—Byculla
Leith, I. T. clerk, Executive Municipal Engineering Department
Leggatt & Co. merchants—Rope Walk
Leggatt, Clement Davidson partner, Leggatt & Co.—(Europe)
Leggatt J. B. I.—Meadow Street Fort
Leggatt, J. R. P., merchant—Meadow Street, Fort
Leggatt, Charles solicitor—Colaba
Leitch, Mr. William superintendent, Preventive Service—Bake House Lane, Fort
Leith, James Percy, partner Forbes & Co.—(Europe)
Leith, F. F., ward, Q. I. P. Railway—Borse Bundel Station
Leith, I. engineer and contractor, Victoria Land and Press Company—Colaba
Leith, C. clerk Locomotive Office—Parell
Leonard, George store and ink sergeant—Grand Arsenal
Leith, Alexander, assistant, Revenue Department Secretariat—Colaba
Leith, F., boiler maker P & O Co's Dockyard—Maragon
Leithell, Henry Gloria Spinning and Weaving Mill—Cooria
Lewis, Edward, assistant, J and W Watson & Co. tailors &c —Meadow Street, Fort
Lewis, Henry, signs per proclamation Cohen & Co.—Tardeo
Lewis H. assistant Felly & Co.—Byculla
Lewis, T. Governor's Band—Parell
Lind, John, engineer, George III. Jute & Wool Co.—Parell

Labana, clerk, Executive Municipal Engineer's office
 Ladbetter, Thomas, average stater Nesbit Lane Fort—Gurganm
 Laddendale, F Francis, partner Remington and Co—Malabar Hill
 Light, T R, acting assistant agent, B B & C I Railway—P. and O Club, Mazagon
 Lily, F, driver, B B & C I Railway—Puell
 Limerock, William, 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine—Giant Buildings Colaba
 Linfield, W H, clerk, G I P Railway—Matharpacady
 Landley and Warren, photographers—Apollo Street, Fort
 Langham, G, head steward, P and O Company's Service
 Lisboa, D J, merchant—Dhobie Talao
 Lisboa, J. C., medical practitioner—Dhobie Talao
 Little, W, Bombay Gas Works—Parell
 Lizzell, E, driver, G I P Railway—Oomercarry
 Llewellyn, R, chief office P and O Company's Service
 Lobo, A J, contractor Elphinstone Land and Press Co (Limited)—Gurganm
 Lobo, M F, steward, European General Hospital—Fort George
 Lobo, N M, assistant book-keeper, Bennett & Co—Sonapore
 Lobo, Manuel C, clerk, Engineer's Office, Elphinstone Land & Press Co—Mazagon
 Lobo, Vincent Paul, Public Health Department—Cavel
 Lobo, Rev A Manoel, Latin professor Barretto Charity Schools—Matharpacady
 Lobo, Rev A A, vicar of Saude—Cavel
 Lobo, Rev. D, professor Girls' School—Mazagon
 Lobo, Rev R., chaplain St. Xavier's School—Colaba
 Lockley, James, superintendent of police, A Division—Elphinstone Circle, Fort
 Lodge, Jeremiah, head clerk, Tudor & Co's Ice House—Bellasis Road, Byculla
 Logan, E, assistant superintendent engineer, P & Co's Dockyard—Mazagon
 Logan, E W S, controller of Money Order Offices—Byculla
 Long, —, assistant, Stewart & Co, tailors—Fort
 Long, Henry, clerk, Elphinstone Land & Press Co—Chinchpoogly
 Longden, J D, assistant, House of Correction—Nesbit Lane
 Lopes, B M, clerk, Master Attendant's Office—Mahim
 Lopes, David, clerk, Coupland & Co—Mazagon
 Lopes, Elias, clerk W Nicol & Co—Mazagon
 Lopes, John, godown-keeper, W Nicol & Co—Mazagon
 Lopes, J M, clerk, Military and Marine Departments Secretariat—Mahim
 Lopes, M P, fitter, B B & C I Railway—Mahim
 Lord, Edmund, assistant, Lyon Brothers & Co—Worlee
 Lord, George, partner, Lyon Brothers & Co—(Europe)
 Lord, James, Cooria Spinning and Weaving Mills—Cooria
 Lord, James, assistant, civil side, County Jail—Oomercarry
 Lord, William D, assistant, Farnham & Co—Fort
 Lorimer, Alex, fitter, Loc Dept G I P Railway—Berkley Place, Byculla
 London, William, administrator general High Court—Malabar Hill
 Lovell, W D, civil engineer—P and O Club, Mazagon
 Lovett, W H, 2nd class officer Preventive Service—Kalbadavie
 Low, O A, foreman blacksmith P & O Company's Dockyard—Mazagon
 Low, David, cashier, P and O Co's Office—Sewise
 Lowe, J, contractor, Mody Bay Reclamation
 Lowe, L D, marine surveyor—Grant Buildings
 Lowell, W D—Rampart Row
 Lonsby, J., pilot—near Pilot bunder, Colaba
 Lucas, Edward J—Colaba
 Lucius, O Hermann, partner, Lucius Hermann & Co
 Luisa, de V, Post Office—Market
 Lumsden, John, accountant, Asiatic Banking Corporation (in liquidation)—Malabar Hill
 Lund, Peter, clerk, Munocherjee Jimsatjee and Sons—Fort
 Lunel, G, wharf clerk, G I P Railway—Boree Bunder
 Lunel, Peter, clerk, Gun Carriage Department—Kalbadavie
 Lunel, S W, superintendent, Government Bakery—Bake House Lane, Fort
 Lynch, G Sanderson, partner, Dallas, Lynch & Langdale, solicitors—Malabar Hill
 Lyon, Brothers & Co, merchants—Apollo Street, Fort
 Lyons, O A., assistant, P. W. Dept, Secretariat—Fort
 Lyon, J B., assistant surgeon, 3rd physician J. J Hospital, and professor of chemistry, Grant Medical College
 Lyons, Peter, assistant, New Coining Dept., Mint—Upper Colaba
 Lyons, W., 3rd class officer, Preventive Service—Colaba

M

- Macalister, James, assistant, Finlay Clark & Co—Malabar Hill
 Macalister, John, —Worles
 Macculloch, John & Co, merchants—Ash Lane, Fort
 Macculloch, W B, partner, Macculloch, John & Co—Malabar Hill
 Macaulay, W M, assistant, W Nicol & Co—Elphinstone Circle
 Macdonald, Alexander, assistant, Peel Cusacks & Co—Middle Colaba
 Macdonald, Andrew John, partner, Sir C Forbes & Co.
 Macdonald, Charles, partner, Macdonald Tweedie & Co—Cumballa Hill
 Macdonough, John, teacher, Roman Catholic Boarding School—Byculla
 Macdonald, G, superintendent, Municipal Workshops
 Macdonald, J D—Colaba
 Macdonald, J, head master, Scottish Schools—Hornby Row, Fort
 Macdonald R—Lower Colaba
 Macdonald, Tweedie and Co, merchants—Paree Bazar Fort
 Macer, J, foreman boiler maker, P & O Co's Dockyard—Maragon
 MacLaine, R R, inspector of police—Maragon
 Macfarlagh, Duncan, assistant, W Nicol & Co—Colaba
 Macfarlane and Green, solicitors—Forbes Street, Fort
 Macfarlane John, partner, Macfarlane and Green solicitors—Malabar Hill
 Macgregor, D, surgeon—British Hotel Lane Apollo Street
 Macle, J J, clerk, Managing Agent's Office—B B & C I Railway
 MacKenzie, Assistant Surgeon, M B, senior Surgeon J Hospital and Prof of Surgery
 McIntyre, J, clerk, Goods Department G I P Railway
 MacKenzie, Alex, timber agent, W Nicol & Co—Link Dunier
 MacKenzie, F, student apprentice, Mechanical Department—Byculla
 MacKenzie T L, boiler maker, P & O Co's Service—Maragon
 Macle, David, assistant accountant Oriental Bank Corporation—Colaba
 Macle William, Bidclasse engineer Bombay Marine
 Macle, Charles J, master shipwright, G I P Dockyard—Colaba—(Europe)
 Macle John, shipwright and draughtsman of shipyard—Dockyard—(Europe)
 Macintosh James A P, partner, Bly and Macintosh bill share and freight brokers and average adjusters—Europe
 Maclean, —assistant, Scott, McCallum & Co—Fort
 Maclean Donald, oil painting artist accountant Bank of Bombay
 Maclean James MacKenzie, proprietor of the Bombay Cattle and Saddle Race—(Europe)
 Macnamara, J—Chowpatty
 Macnamara, Stewart L, assistant, Ritchie Stewart & Co—Malabar Hill
 Macneil James, partner, Macneil, Thomson and Wauden—Malabar Hill
 Macneil, Thomas and Wauden, architects, 60000 Buildings, Elphinstone Circle, Fort
 Macniven, Alex, assistant accountant, Oriental Bank—Rampart Row
 Macpherson, —Paree Bazar, Fort
 Macpherson D, manager, Liquidation, Presidency Bldg—Malabar Hill
 Macpherson Brothers & Co, carpenters, plumbers &c—Baroon Buildings, Elphinstone Circle
 Macpherson, J, a barrister at law—Malabar Hill
 Macpherson, Rev Duncan, M A, chaplain St Andrew's Church—Marine Lines, Langhade
 Macpherson, T, assistant Surveyor, Holvit & Co—The "Warren" Sewree
 McIntyre, —, inspector of police—Agri Ind, 1000000
 Manley, H, solicitor Forbes Street Fort—Malabar Hill
 Mandant, A N, clerk, Municipal Council Office—Banyan de
 Mandant, John Samuel, head clerk, Public Debt Office, Bank of Bombay—Albion Place Byculla
 Mandant William, controller Municipal Account—1000000
 Mann, William, commander, steamer General Hall of
 Mann William Anderson, reporter Bombay Gazette Fort
 Mannering, William, police constable—Mann, on
 Manolm A J, merchant—Byculla
 Mahan L L, 4th class clerk, Preventive Service and deputy sheriff of Bombay
 Mahin, C—Lower Colaba
 Mahin George W R, deputy sheriff—Albion Place, Byculla
 Mahia, P, head steward, P & O Co's Service

- Mendoca, F, Customs' preventive officer, P & O Co's Dockyard—Masagon
 Mendoca, J. A., inspector, Telegraph Department, B B & C I Railway
 Mendoca, J. F., clerk, Managing Agent's Office, B B & C I Railway—Parrell
 Mendoca, John Joseph, librarian, B B Royal Asiatic Society—Masagon
 Mendoca, J. N., medical practitioner, G M C—Masagon
 Mendonca, O., clerk, Ordnance Examiner's Office—Lower Mahim
 Mendonca, A., Post Office—Mucoll
 Mendonca, Ignazio, librarian—Gungum Library
 Mendonza, Francis, clerk, Locomotive Department G I P Railway—Oomercarry
 Menesse & Co., Hummum Street
 Menesse, Alex., assistant, Bennie Scovell & Co.—Dean Lane, Fort
 Meneses, A., clerk, W Nicol & Co.—Upper Colaba
 Meneses, Ernest, watchmaker, Customs' Department, and Portuguese Interpreter, High Court—Pyculla
 Menesse, Julius A., merchant, Kalbadavie Road
 Menes, John Camille, partner, Menesse & Co., auctioneers—Bandora
 Meneses, P. D., clerk, Stores Department, B B & C I Railway—Grant Road
 Meneses, Philip S., assistant Electric Telegraph Department—Colaba
 Menzes, M., clerk, G I P Railway
 Menzes, P. S., signaller, Electric Telegraph Department—Bombay
 Mercer, Hugh Smith, 1st class engine—Bombay Marine
 Meurin, Right Rev. Leo, Bishop and Vicar Apostolic of Bombay—Fort Chapel
 Meyer, J., assistant, David Sassoon & Co.—Forts
 Mibbe, Paul, partner, P. M. H. & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Michael, John, assistant, Public Works Department Secretariat—Byculla
 Michael, J., assistant, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Michael, William, head clerk, Agent's Office G I P Railway—Byculla
 Michael R., head clerk, General Manager's Office G I P Railway—Byculla
 Middleton W. H., chief assistant to General Manager's Office, G I P Railway—Byculla
 Migron, J., superintendent, Pimelting and Melting Departments, Mint—Moor Cottage, Churchpooly
 Mithlock, A., guard, G I P Railway—Fepinade Cross Road
 Miel, C. I., assistant, J. S. & Co.—Masagon
 Miles, G. R., assistant secretary to Government Judicial Department—Fort
 Millard, James, superintendent, David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution, Chunam Bili Lane—(Europe)
 Millard, James, (Junior)
 Mills, Alex. Napier, atty., Locomotive Department, G I P Railway—Berkley Place, Byculla
 Miller, J. R., presidency surgeon 1st Division—Breach Candy
 Miller, James, Customs wharfinger, Cinnac Bunder—Kalbadavie
 Miller, J., assistant wharfinger, Muzjid Bunder—Kalbadavie
 Miller, J., High Court—Kalbadavie
 Mills, Thomas, superintendent of police, B Division—Dhobie Talao
 Miller Thomas, partner Bell, Miller and Co.—Malabar Hill
 Miller, W.—Lower Colaba
 Milne, John Chambers, 2nd class engineer—Bombay Marine
 Milne, J. S., storekeeper, Elphinstone Land and Press Co.—Masagon
 Miln, C., assistant, J. & W. Watson Co.—Meadow Street
 Miner, W., assistant Locomotive Superintendent at B B & C I Railway—Parrell
 Minors, E., chief auditor, G I P Railway—Byculla
 Miranda, F. D.—Mahim
 Miranda, J., clerk, Pay Commissioner's Office—Coorla
 Miranda, P., clerk, Remington and Co.—Coorla
 Misquita, Deoro, clerk, Bombay General Post Office—Matharpacady
 Misquita, J., storekeeper, Bombay Water Works—Oomercarry
 Misquita, J. Gabriel, pensioner—Gungum
 Misquita, P. D., clerk, Bombay General Post Office—Matharpacady
 Misquita, D. V., clerk, W. H. & Co.—Kalbadavie
 Misquita, Mathias, medical practitioner—Gungum
 Mitchell, Alex., assistant, W. Nicol & Co.—Love Lane—Masagon
 Mitchell, Charles Edward, merchant—Colaba
 Mitchell, James, boiler maker—Cross Road, Kaplanaie
 Mitchell R., Sidclase officer, Preventive Service—Kalbadavie
 Mitchell, M. Russell—Grant Road
 Mitchell, Mrs. Alexandrian School—Hornby Row, Fort

- Mitchell, W, signaller, Electric Telegraph—Colaba
 Moffatt, John, inspector of police—Elphinstone Circle Fort
 Moffatt, Gregory, law agent—Mazagon
 Moffatt, J, plate-layer, B B & C I Railway—Parell
 Moffatt, I, locomotive inspector, B B & C I Railway—Girgaum
 Moir, J F, Oriental Bank Corporation—Rampart Row
 Molecey, G T, assistant consulting architect to Government—Laplanade
 Morris J High Court—Colaba
 Mont ira, J, assistant, Dinshaw Ardassi & Co—Nesbit Lane, Pyculla
 Monteiro, Gregory, Law Agent—Mazagon
 Monkhouse, R—Small Colaba
 Moody, A, boiler-maker, P & O Co's Dockyard—Mazagon
 Moon, G, fireman, B B & C I Railway—Parell
 Moon, James, conductor, Commissariat Department—Erlanade
 Moore, A—Colaba
 Moore, A C, accountant—Mazagon
 Moore, Benjamin, assistant, J & W Watson & Co—Meadow Street
 Moore, Thomas Henry, partner, Campbell, Mitchell & Co—Malabar Hill
 Moore, H—Apollo Street
 Moore R—Lower Colaba
 Moore, T—Lower Colaba
 Moraes, F, clerk, Executive Commissariat Office—Kallabrie
 Moraes, F. A, clerk, Executive Commissariat Office—Kallabrie
 Morant, J L L, assistant Lieutenant Eugene de Harbois—Byculla Club
 Moreira, Robert, yard foreman B B & C I Railway Stores—Dadur
 Morgan, W J, assistant Remitt, Scovell & Co—Colaba
 Morgan, Robt, school master, 4th (K O) Royal Regt—Colaba
 Moiland, Henry, assistant Agent for Transits, secretary Harbour Board and Light House Keyer—Colaba
 Moritz, Kopel, 2nd class engineer, Bombay Marine—Grant Buildings, Colaba
 Morris—pilot Fort
 Morris, Augustus Frederick E, 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine
 Morris, David card ng master, Albert Spinning and Weaving Company—Parell
 Morris, James, civil engineer and architect—Meadow Street, Fort
 Morris, J, Confectioner—Chowpatty
 Morris, Luis Cantano, time keeper, Elphinstone Land & Press Co—Fort
 Morris S J, contractor—2 Bell Lane, Fort
 Morrison, —Rampart Row
 Morrison, Anthony—Malabar Hill
 Morrison F A R, 2nd class inspector, Electric Telegraph—Fort
 Morrison, J, 2nd engineer, B I S N Co's Steamers Goods & Hijack
 Moirson, J G D, Asiatic Banking Corporation (in liquidation)
 Morrisse, G, tailor and outfitter—Kalbadavia Road
 Moscrowe J assistant accountant, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China
 Moses, R W, partner, Walter & Co, tailors, &c—Meadow Street, Fort
 Moses, M S—Byculla
 Morton O R, clerk, P & O Co's Office—Dadur
 Morton John, spring maker, G I P Railway—Byculla
 Monat, M, assistant Ritchie, Stewart & Co—Colaba
 Mountain, S, Governor's Banquet—Parell
 Mountain, Samuel, assistant House of Correction—Mazagon
 Murhead, John, assistant, W Nicol & Co, boot and shoe makers—Grant Road
 Mull, Matthias, managing proprietor, *Lime of India*
 Mellon, F A, professor of music—Grant Buildings, Colaba
 Mullen, Phos G., mason, Elphinstone Land & Press Co—Carnac Lane
 Mullenex, W W, assistant, Robinson & Co—Malabar Hill
 Muller H, partner, Knoop & Co—Malabar Hill
 Muller, Otto manager, Comptoir d'escompte de Paris—Malabar Hill
 Mullis, L J
 Munday, D, apothecary, European General Hospital, Fort George
 Munday, D J, 2nd class officer, Preventive Service—Colaba
 Munger, Revd, S B American Missionary—Byculla
 Mungavin, J., time keeper, B B & C I Railway—Parell
 Munhead, John—Colaba
 Munis, L O, time-keeper, Elphinstone Land & Press Co.—Kalbadavia
 Munro, George, engineer—Kalbadavia

Munro, John, assistant, Frimjee Banda & Co.—Fort
 Munro, John, 1st class captain Bombay Marine—Kadbadavie
 Murgullo, M D, Bombay Gas Company—Kadbadavie
 Murgullo T, Custon & Wharfmaster, B & S Navigation Company—Boree Bunder
 Murphy, H DeLa Pree, nautical agent to the India Company's Defence
 Murry, James—Islkand Road
 Murray, A—Small Colaba
 Murray, J—Gurgaum
 Musello, P, clerk, Bombay General Post Office—Kadbadavie
 Musgrave, S A, contractor—Syndicate Building
 Myatt, J, 2nd class officer, Indian Navy—Finglade
 Myer, Alfred B, clerk, Forbes & Co.—Fort
 Myer, Robert (junior) head clerk to the Private Secretary to the Governor—Parrell
 Myer, Robert, (junior) head clerk to the Military Secretary to the Governor—Parrell
 Myer, Frank Charles, Cotton Mill—Chinchpoo

N

Nairn, Alex, store and post or, Civil Ordnance Department—Down Barracks
 Napier, J, clerk, Locomotive Department, G. I. P. Railway—Dadur
 Napier John, 1st assistant engineer, Indian State Locomotive and Power Co, Belvidere Hill, Mazagon
 Nasse, C, clerk, B and B Steam Ship Company, Indian State Circle—Byculla
 Natchell, W, presser under B. L. Press—Mazagon
 Nathan, Abraham, haul porter in the Custom House—Jove Lane, Mazagon
 Neason W, driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Needham Lees, carder, Munoch & Pettit's Printing and Weaving Co—Tarden
 Neel, Kingston, coaching assistant, The Bombay L. B. & C. I. Railway—Bandra Hill
 Negropont, J P, Indian Brothers—Mazagon Hill
 Nelson H driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Nelson, Robert, carter, Great Indian Spinning and Weaving Co—Chinchpoo
 Nett, F, station master, L. B. & C. I. Railway—Bandra
 Neubeig John, general importer of English and foreign goods, Humamun Street, Fort—Byculla
 Newell, William, dock master P & O Co—Mazagon
 Newlands, A—Malabar Hill
 Newman H pensioned deputy commissioner, Christian Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge—Albion Place, Mount Road
 Newman Francis sign painter A. C. Brice & Co—Byculla
 Newman, Thomas 3rd military warder House of Correction—Byculla
 Newnham, Frederick 1st class boiler maker—Bombay Marine
 Newton Robinson, Humamun Street Fort—Mazagon
 Newton, A, clerk, Executive Municipal Engineer's Department
 Newton H judge High Court—Malabar Hill
 Newson, John assistant Lyon Brothers & Co.—Malabar Hill
 News, —Barabar Gate Fort
 Nicholl, John, assistant, Remington & Co—Colaba
 Nicholls, Joseph, 1st class stevedore, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Nicholson, T—Lower Colaba
 Nicholson D, guard, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Nicholson, W K, accountant, Chartered Mercantile Bank—Fort
 Nicholson, William Henry 1st class, Indian Navy & Co—Fort Hill
 Nicker William Lerner, 1st class, Olympia & Nicker, builders and general contractors—Gilder Road, Tarden
 Nicol, John—Colaba
 Nicol, W., & Co merchant—Indian State Circle
 Nicol, W (junior), partner W. Nicol & Co—Levee Grove, Worles
 Nicol, W, bootmaker, Rumpart Jewellers—Malabar Hill
 Nicoll, G & Co boot & shoemaker—Malabar Hill, Fort
 Nixon Robert Preston partner, Kulkarni & Co—(Europe)
 Nixon, William, partner, Kulkarni & Co—Malabar Hill
 Nock, William, pensioned marine storekeeper—Gowater Patell's Tank
 Nock, William (junior) 1st class officer, Private Service—Gowater Patell's Tank
 Nolke, O, sign painter Vollart Brothers—Malabar Hill
 Noonam, Patrick, police constable—Lywall's Cottage, Fort Road
 Norman, G., c s., collector of Bombay—Malabar Hill

Noronha, F J, clerk, Joint Stock Corporation—Gungam
 Norton, M, conductor, Ordnance Department—Salbadavie
 Nowman, J, fireman B B & C I Railway—Parell
 Novell and Windle, railway contractors—Scmlay
 Nunes O D, clerk, Joint Stock Corporation (in liquidation)—Mahim
 Nunes, Doming M, head compiler, Military Department, Secretariat—Mazagon
 Nunn, L, assistant, Victoria Patent Slip Company—Mahim
 Nurn, D, fitter, Hydraulic Department, General Goods Station, G I P Railway—
 Oomercary
 Nura J hn Henry, assistant Coast and River S N Co—Colaba
 Nutty, H H, pensioned school master and assistant master and storekeeper—
 Byculla School

O

O Callaghan, C, inspector, Public Health Department—Grant Road
 O Callahan, J M—Byculla
 O Connell, J hn, deputy auditor and accountant B B & C I Railway—Grant Road
 O Connor, D J, driver B B & C I Railway—Parell
 Odenhall, F, professor of music, Nawab's House—Mazagon
 O'Halloran, I, truck, truck sergeant—Military Store Lane, Fort
 O'Leary, J, first judge, Small Cause Court—Malabar Hill
 Oliphant & Co, high wheel smiths &c—Marine Street, Fort
 Oliphant, R, partner, Oliphant and Nickel, builders and general contractors—
 High Street, Fort
 O'Neill, J A, assistant, W Nicol and Co—Malabar Hill
 Oldfield, W, police constable—Dhokelilio
 Oliveira, J, clerk, Secretariat B B & C I Railway—Boroo Bunder
 Oliveira, J I D, overseer Customs Department—Mahim Bunder
 Oliver, J J, goods clerk B B & C I Railway—Girgaum
 Oliver, S D, clerk, B I Society & Press—Maharparadey
 Ols, L, —Lower Colaba
 O'Neil, J, assistant, Store Audit Office, G I P R—Chowpatty
 Openshaw, J hn H, assistant, Luard Latham & Co—Worles
 Orell, A W—Malabar Hill
 Ormiston, Robert L, assistant, W Nicol & Co—Mazagon
 Ormiston, Thomas, chief engineer, Liphinstone Land and Pillars Co—Belmont
 House, Mazagon
 O'Rourke, Michael, pensioned conductor—Gungam
 Ord, A W, merchant—Malabar Hill
 Ori, J, assistant, Coupland & Co—Ramjari Row
 Ori, John William, prothonotary and ecclesiastical registrar, High Court—Breach
 Candy
 Oser, William H, reporter, Times of India—Fort
 Ose, Joseph, assistant St Mary's Institution—Byculla
 Owa, A, Alfred, sign printer pro biochi, Prieger & Co—Malabar Hill
 Owen, D E, partner, Coupland & Co—Upper Colaba

P

Passmore, R A, merchant
 Padon, T, gunner, at amir Tull—Cavel
 Pady, Fray Pedro, Malabar Street, Fort
 Paez, M da F, Justice Louis, assistant Manager's Office of the Bombay Daily
 Truth & Justice—Mint Road, Mazagon
 Page, Jam, a, printer, Fort, Old Printing Department Mint—Upper Colaba
 Pais, V I, clerk, Executive Municipal Engineer's Department
 Pais, A, O, assistant secretary, General Duty—Byculla
 Palmer, C, apprentice, B B & C I Railway—Parell
 Palmer, James M, assistant Pcel, Cassels and Co—Byculla
 Palmer, W, boiler maker, P & O Co's Service—Mazagon
 Pinnell, Edwin—Humnum Street, Fort
 Parris, Walter, consulting architect to Government—Marine Lines, Esplanade
 Parrish, Alfred, commander P and O Co's Service
 Parker, C, moulder, P and O Co's Service—Mazagon
 Parker, Edward, sign printer pro Gaddum and Co, and personator St Thomas' Cathedra—Malabar Hill
 Parker, E, civil engineer—Colaba
 Parkes, T., diver, P and O Co.—Mazagon

- Parkinson, G, guard, G I P. Railway—Kalbadavio Road
 Parry, W, contractor, Elphinstone Land and Press Company—Masagon
 Parsons, C, assistant, Bank of Bombay—Byculla
 Partridge, Aubrey, Fort
 Partridge, J J, Humnum Street, Fort
 Partridge, J T., Humnum Street, Fort
 Partridge, R, boot and shoe-maker—Humnum Street, Fort
 Partridge, W, Humnum Street Fort
 Pass, Joseph, engineer, Albert Spinning and Weaving Company—Parrell
 Passmore and Co, merchants and agents—Bruce Lane, Fort
 Paton, Rev John, assistant chaplain, St Andrew's Church—Colaba.
 Patrick, W, Governor's Band—Parrell
 Patterson, Alexander George, 1st class engineer Bombay Marine
 Patterson, Joseph B, assistant, W & A Graham & Co—Colaba
 Patterson, Thomas W, 3rd class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Patison, W—Forbes Street, Fort
 Payne, G, clerk, B B and C I Railway—Parrell
 Payne, M, store and park serjeant, Ordnance Department, Grand Arsenal
 Payne, W. H. (junior) extra Assistant Commissioner of Customs
 Peacock, Thomas, assistant, J and W Watson and Co, tailors—Meadow Street
 Pearce, George, engineer and contractor—Fort
 Pearce, Jas T, superintendent Bombay Gazette Printing Office, Fort
 Pearson, H., assistant wharfinger, Town Custom House—Grant Buildings
 Pearson, J, engine driver B B & C I Railway—Parrell
 Pearson, J O, assistant, John Clover & Co—Malabar Hill
 Pearson, J H, assistant, G S King & Co—Rampart Row
 Pearson, James, engineer, Spinning and Weaving Company—Tardeo
 Pearson, P, assistant, Hwart Latham & Co—Fort
 Pearson, Peter, conductor, Ordnance Department, Grand Arsenal—Esplanade
 Pearson W, clerk, Commissioner of Customs' office—Fort
 Peel, Caswells and Co merchants—Forbes Street Fort
 Peel William Felton partner Peel Caswells and Co—Forbes Street
 Peile, Charles, partner, Heaton Cleveland and Peile, solicitors—Malabar Hill
 Pelly & Co, merchants—Elphinstone Circle
 Pelly, Charles Raymond, partner, Pelly & Co—(Europe)
 Pindlesbury, W, goods' superintendent B B & C I Railway—Grant Road
 Penhs, J, clerk, Bank of Bombay—Kalbadavio
 Pennock, F L foreman running engines G I P Railway—Bandora
 Penny, Charles C, merchant—Church Street Fort
 Penny, D J E, commission agent, &c—Fort
 Pension, William Collins, assistant to General Traffic Manager G I P R—Parrell
 Pereira, A, clerk, Political Department Secretariat—Girgaum
 Pereira, Alex clerk, Scinde Panjab and Delhi Bank—Kalbadavio
 Pereira, Antone, orier, High Court—Girgaum
 Pereira, Antonio C, clerk, Secretariat—Girgaum
 Pereira, A A, time keeper, Elphinstone Land and Press Company—Matharpacady
 Pereira, A. C, Pay Examiner's Office—Matharpacady
 Pereira, A J, clerk, stores dept, B B & C I Railway—Church Street, Masagon
 Pereira, B, utter, Stores' Department G I P Railway—Mahim
 Pereira, C M, sailmaker Stores' Department G I P Railway—Mahim
 Pereira, C M stores delivery clerk, G I P Railway—Mahim
 Pereira, Domingo Antonio, clerk, High Court—Mahim
 Pereira, D F, clerk, Examiner of Commissionat Accounts Office—Masagon
 Pereira, E L., clerk, Deputy Chief Engineer' Office, B B. and C I Railway
 Pereira, F, Post Office—Matharpacady
 Pereira, F L clerk, A C Brice & Co—Kalbadavio
 Pereira, G., Customs' gatekeeper, Masagon Land Reclamation Company—Mahim
 Pereira, G., 5th class officer, Preventive Service
 Pereira, J, clerk, Bombay Post Office—Matharpacady
 Pereira, Rev. Antone, rector, Roman Catholic College—Bandora
 Pereira, Rev Jerome, S F, chaplain of St Theresa's—Girgaum
 Pereira, John, guard inspector, G I P Railway
 Pereira, J A, clerk, Graham & Co—Cavel
 Pereira, Rev. J C, assistant, Church of Salvacao—Lower Mahim
 Pereira, J. D., clerk, Dallas, Lynch & Langdale, solicitors—Girgaum
 Pereira, J J, second apothecary, Medical Stores' Department—Girgaum
 Pereira, J. M., clerk, Custom House—Girgaum

Ralli, Brothers, merchants—Rampart Row, West, Fort
 Ralli, A. T., signs per pro. Ralli Brothers—Malabar Hill
 Ralph, C., master, Outer Light Vessel—Colaba
 Raleston, W., chief engineer, B. I. S. Navigation Co.'s steamer *Coringa*
 Ramos, C. A., Bombay Gas Company—Esplanade
 Ramon, Francis, assistant, Educational Department Secretariat—Mahim
 Ramsford, W., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Kalbadavia Road
 Rana, W. G., Treasurer and Co.—Fort
 Randall, James, assistant surveyor Main Drainage Works—Chinchpoogly
 Randall, James T., surveyor, Drainage Work's Office—Chinchpoogly
 Randall, Thomas, commission merchant, Elphinstone Circle—Middle Colaba
 Ranger, J., assistant apothecary, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Ranken, James, signs per pro. Ritchie Stewart and Company—Camballa Hill
 Rankin, D.—Lower Colaba
 Rankin, J.—Bellasis Road
 Rattary, James, 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine
 Raymond, J., Customs' Preventive Officer, Maagon Lund Reclamation Company
 Raymond, James, deputy marshal, County Jail—Comercary
 Raymond, Richard, Inspector of Police, Picquet Station
 Rayner, J., clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Mazagon
 Read, Samuel William, accountant—Middle Colaba
 Read, William, engineer, Fort Press Co.—Church Street, Fort
 Reade, J., spring-maker, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Reade, William M., foreman painter, G. I. P. Railway Factory—Byculla
 Readell, J. G., 2nd class officer, Preventive Service
 Reading, Joseph H., foreman, Carriage Department, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Reardon, W. V., guard in charge of signals G. I. P. Railway—Matharpacady
 Rebeiro, J. B., clerk, Bombay Water Works Department
 Rebeiro, J. B., clerk, Bombay Water Works Department
 Rebeiro, Lyon, 3rd class engineer, Bombay Marine
 Rebello, D., clerk, Traffic Manager's Office G. I. P. Railway—Kalbadavia
 Rebello, Joseph, clerk, Rennie Scovell and Co.—Tanna
 Reece, W.—Lower Colaba
 Reed, James S., constable of police—Dhobee Talao
 Reekwood, assistant to Wharf Clerk, Stores' Department, G. I. P. Railway—
 Comercary
 Reel, George T., clerk, David Sassoon and Son's office—Lower Colaba
 Reel, John Henry Robert, bill broker—Lower Colaba
 Reel J. H., pensioner—Lower Colaba
 Reeve, J. W., contractor, G. I. P. Railway Company
 Reeves, Joseph, assistant, Bapt and Co.—Mazagon
 Reid, A. M., assistant, W. and A. Graham and Co.—Colaba
 Reid, Richard Tuohill, 1st barrister at-law, and Government Law Professor
 Elphinstone College, &c.—Malabar Hill
 Reid, Robert Valentine, partner, Emslay Scott and Co.—Elphinstone Circle
 Reid, William, 2nd class officer, Preventive Service—Lower Colaba
 Reifferscheid, Gustav, assistant, Bommajer, Touche and Co.—Meadon Street
 Reilly, T., sub-conductor, Ordnance Department—Town Barracks
 Reilly, W.—Lower Colaba
 Reimer, J., clerk, G. I. P. Railway, Goods' Department Bombay
 Remedios, Joseph Augustus, clerk, High Court—Cumbrawalla
 Remedios, P., clerk, Post Office—Kalbadavia
 Remedios, Thomas D., record keeper, Traffic Manager's Office G. I. P. Railway
 Remington and Co., merchants—Elphinstone Circle
 Remington, G. F.—Apollo Street
 Rendall, J. G.—Fort George
 Rennie, Scovell and Co., merchants—Church Street
 Reuben, Isaac, merchant—Love Lane, Mazagon
 Reynolds, John, Dr.—Upper Colaba
 Reynolds, John William, surgeon—(Europe)
 Reynell, Rev. O. G., chaplain Christ's Church—Byculla
 Reynell, J., 'Divan Exchange'—Apollo Street, Fort
 Reynolds, medical practitioner Hornby Row—Fort
 Reynolds, Charles Henry, partner, Pelly & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Rhodes, Thomas, guard, G. I. P. Railway—Kalbadavia
 Ribeiro, J. B., register clerk G. I. P. Railway, Traffic Manager's Office—Mahim
 Richards, W., master saddler, Ordnance Department—Town Barracks

- Richardson, G, driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Richardson, Noble Carr, superintendent Byculla Iron Works—Byculla
 Richmond, David acting Chief Resident Engineer B. B. & C. I. Railway—
 Bandora Hill
 Ridley, Frank storekeeper, P. & O. Company's Dockyard—Bandora
 Rimington, G. F., solicitor, Apollo Street—Malabar Hill
 Rimington, Hore and Langley, solicitors—Apollo Street, Fort
 Ritchie, Stuart & Co, merchants—Elphinstone Circle
 Ritterbrandt & Co, merchants—Nesbit Lane Fort
 Rive Rev. H. S. J. professor Roman Catholic Seminary and St. Xavier's
 School—Kalbadavie
 Rivers, Major General Harry R.E., Agent G. I. P. Railway—Breach Candy
 Rivett J. W. pensioned sub-conductor Ordnance Department—Kalbadavie
 Road T. guard, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Kalbadavie
 Ryan W. assistant apothecary, Bombay Marine
 Roberts Edward spinning master, Great Eastern Spinning & Weaving Company—
 Chinchpoogly
 Roberts James, clerk in the Gun Carriage Department—Kalbadavie
 Roberts, Robert head accountant, W. Nicol & Co—Malabar Hill
 Roberts, W.—Lower Colaba
 Robertson, A. D. Commissioner of Customs—Bombay
 Robertson Brothers and Co, merchants—Fort
 Robertson D. deputy secretary and treasurer, Bank of Bombay—Elphinstone
 Circle
 Robertson, D. inspector of Water Police, Bombay Harbour
 Robertson, Lawrence, sign per pro Stenhouse and Co—Nesbit Lane Fort
 Robertson, P. W., accountant, Oriental Bank—Rampart Row
 Robertson Thomas—Kalbadavie
 Robinson & Co, merchants and commission agents—Elphinstone Circle
 Robinson, B., foreman running engines—Byculla
 Robinson, C. J., partner, Robinson & Co—Malabar Hill
 Robinson, G. breman B. B. and C. I. Railway—Parell
 Robinson Geo., engine driver, G. I. P. Railway
 Robinson, G. T., I. N. marine store-keeper—Esplanade
 Robinson H., driver, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Parell
 Robinson, J., Byculla Iron Works—Byculla
 Robinson, Stephen T.
 Robinson, Thomas, 2nd class boiler maker, Bombay Marine
 Robottom, H., 3rd class officer, Preventive Service—Fort George
 Robson J., inspector, Public Health Department—Girgaum Road
 Robson, James.
 Rockley, A., conductor, Ordnance Department, and head clerk, Deputy Inspector
 General's Office—Circle Park
 Rodgers, W., press reader, *Bombay Gazette*—Dhobie Talao
 Rodgers, W. W., clerk, P. & O. Co's Service—Masagon
 Rodgie, W., accountant Bank of Bombay—Malabar Hill
 Rodrigues, B., clerk Meyajce and Co—Girgaum
 Rodrigues, Briz, apothecary—Bandora
 Rodrigues, D., assistant engineer, B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Coringa
 Rodrigues, F., mechanic, Water Works Department
 Rodrigues, G., clerk, Secret and Political Department—Burrow's Lane Girgaum
 Rodrigues, J., wharfinger, Town Customs House—Kalbadavie
 Rodrigues, J. J., clerk, Bombay General Post Office—Oomercary
 Rodrigues, J. J., Pay Examiner's Depot, Pore Branch—Bandora
 Rodrigues, J. J., pay clerk, Managing Agent's Office, B. B. & C. I. Railway
 Rodrigues, J. M., clerk, Pension Pay Office—Kalbadavie
 Rodrigues, J. M., head clerk Engineer's Office Elphinstone Land and Press Co.—
 Kalbadavie
 Rodrigues J. Thomas, pensioned apothecary and clerk, Sawmills Co—Masagon
 Rodrigues, Lawrence, clerk, Inspector General of Ordnance Office—Masagon
 Rodrigues, L. E., clerk, Accountant's Department B. B. and C. I. Railway
 Rodrigues, Manuel, assistant apothecary—Colaba
 Rodrigues, P., clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Kalbadavie
 Rodrigues, P., assistant general record-keeper Burrow's Lane, Girgaum
 Roais, Henry—Byculla
 Rogers, W.—Lower Colaba
 Rogers, W. G., master, Elphinstone Land and Press Co.'s Steamer *Sudar*

Roldao U. S., clerk, Stores Department, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Roonan, M., liquidator—Byculla
 Rooney, P., assistant master, St. Mary's Institution—Byculla
 Roper, Price and Co. merchants and commission agents—Dean Lane
 Rose, C., engineer—Caval
 Rose, J. Abernethy partner, Coleman and Rose—Malabar Hill
 Rose, Peter, journeyman apprentice, Bombay Marine
 Rosemeyer, R., issuer, Stores' Department G. I. P. Railway—Oomercarry
 Ross, John, fireman B. B. and C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Ross, Malcolm E. surveyor and draughtsman, Latham and Walton civil engineers
 —Neabit Lane, Fort
 Ross, Milbourne, assistant to Mr. Latham—Hornby Row
 Roseletti and Co. watchmakers, opticians and jewellers, Meadow Street
 Roselet, Louis, assistant Volkart Brothers, Meadow Street
 Rotchell James, engineer W. Nicol and Co.'s steamer *Sturdy*—Byculla
 Rot Alfred, inspector, Customs House, Bombay
 (ted)—Gurgaum
 Rowe W. C. utter B. B. and C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Rowell H. G. partner Indley and Warren photographers, Apollo Street—Byculla
 Rowland, Frederick, army accountment contractor—Parrell
 Rowland Frederick Alfred, clerk, Inspector General of Ordnance Office
 Rowland, W., press reader, *Bay of the*—Lower Colaba
 Roy William engineer apprentice Pombay Marine—Mazagon
 Royal, W. sub conductor, Marine Stores—Colaba
 Rosario Andrew head clerk Health Dept. Municipal Com. s Office—Sonapore
 Rosario A. P. fitter Hydraulic Department General Goods' Station G. I. P. l.
 —Oomercarry
 Rosario, C. fitter, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Rosario G. brass finisher, P. & O. Company's Dockyard—Oomercarry
 Rosario G. clerk Political Department Secretariat—Gurgaum
 Rosario Gorgaul P. Grant's Saddlery—Oomercarry
 Rosario J. pensioned apothecary—Oomercarry
 Rosario John, P. Grant's Saddlery—Oomercarry
 Rosario, P. de clerk, P. & O. Co.—Gurgaum
 Rosario P. D. clerk, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Oomercarry
 Rosario R., manager Lithographic Department Bombay Education Society's Press
 —Bellasis Road
 Rosario, Sebastiao signalman G. I. P. Railway Telegraph, Bombay
 Rosario, Y. D., clerk, G. I. P. Railway
 Rosario W. clerk Political Department Secretariat—Kalbadavie
 Rule A. Parrell Works—Parrell
 Rumble Rev Charles principal St. Mary's Institution—Byculla
 Runel J., assistant, Stearns Hobart & Co.—Elphinstone Circle
 Rushton J. R. chief resident engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Russell Charles Watts partner, Bursall Russell & Co.—Kunopc
 Rutherford M. fitter Loco Department G. I. P. Railway—Berkky Place By. ulla
 Ryan H. share broker—Byculla
 Ryan F. conductor, Ordnance Department—Grand Arsenal
 Ryan, Jeremiah civil engineer—Byculla
 Ryan, John contractor and civil engineer—Grant Road
 Ryan, John traffic superintendent Carnac, Clare and Elphinstone Junction—New
 Foras Road
 Ryan Patrick assistant secretary to Government, Political, Secret and Educational
 Departments
 Byrne, Robert, partner, Ewart, Latham & Co.—Europe

S

Sagranti, P. E., partner, Ralli Brothers—Masagon
 Sale George T. Public Health Department—Byculla.
 Sallazar A., music teacher—Gurgaum
 Sands John, partner, Framjee Sands & Co.—Europe
 Santos, J. Thomas, assistant apothecary, general duty—Byculla
 Santos, L. S., summons clerk, Executive Engineer's Department, Municipality—
 Burrow's Lane
 Santos, S. H., clerk, Asland, Prentiss and Bishop—New Sonapore

- Sargent, Sir C, puisne judge High Court—Malabar Hill
 Sargent, W H, photographer—Church Street, Fort
 Sassoon, Abdullah David, C S I, partner, D Sassoon and Co—Forbes Street, Fort
 Sassoon, David—Forbes Street, Fort
 Sassoon, David and Co, merchants—Marine Street
 Sassoon, Elias D, partner, D Sassoon and Co—Byculla
 Sassoon, Joseph A, merchant—Masagon
 Sassoon, J. E, assistant to E D. Sassoon and Co
 Saul, G., guard G. I. P. Railway—Masagon
 Savage, J W., assistant, Mercantile Bank of India—Elphinstone Circle
 Savage, Richard, 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine
 Saxton, John, engineer apprentice, Bombay Marine—Masagon
 Scannel, J., assistant, Bank of Bombay—Elphinstone Circle
 Schmidt, Max Paul, signs per pro Volkart Brothers—Meadow Street
 Schroder, H, music teacher—Khetwaddy
 Scobie, J., chief engineer, B. I. S. N. Co's Steamer *Comoran*
 Scorgie, J., acting principal, General Assembly's Institute—Byculla
 Scott, Archibald Campbell—(1 rope)
 Scott, G. W., freight broker—Elphinstone Circle
 Scott, J, engineer P. and O Co's Service—Masagon
 Scott George Walter, accountant, Land Transport Department Abyssinian Expedition
 Scott, James George T. C. F., partner Scott McKinnell & Co—Cumballa Hill
 Scott John L., manager, Currier & Pindon's Estate—Elphinstone Circle
 Scott, McKinnell & Co, civil engineers—Elphinstone Circle
 Scott, Michael Hugh, partner, Ritchie Stewart & Co—(Europe)
 Scott, Port surveyor, Bombay Water Works Extension—Mahim
 Scott, W. H., 2nd assistant engineer, Elphinstone Land & Press Co—Belvidere Hill
 Southrop, S. L., 1st class pilot—Upper Colaba, near Pilot Punder
 Seager, J W, carpenter Bombay Municipality
 Sealy, Thomas, assistant Laggit and Co—Fort
 Seaman, H J, assistant accountant Chartered Mercantile Bank—Elphinstone Circle
 Searle, W. I., assistant superintendent of Marine—Colaba
 Seed, J Bulkley—Rampart Road Fort
 Seed, I. G., civil engineer—Meadow Street, Fort
 Sedgwick, F. W., merchant—Bandora
 Sedgwick, R. B., signs per pro Killick Nixon and Co—Malabar Hill
 Seitz, Hartwig Ludwig Christopher Surgeon—Meadow Street, Fort
 Selin N—Hornby Row
 Sequera, D, controller, P. W. Accounts Office—Kalbadevi
 Siquiera, Joseph Xavier, clerk, Gun Carriage Agency Kalbadevi
 Sequiera, J. J., partner, Arthur DeSouza and Co—Byculla
 Sexton, W, clerk, Bombay General Post Office—Girgaum
 Seymour, J., driver, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Shand, John, mechanical engineer, Elphinstone Land and Press Co—Elphinstone Bunder
 Sharen, E. A., High Court—Tail Road, Omercaury
 Sharman, E., overseer Gun Carriage Department—Colaba
 Sherman, R., 3rd class officer Preventive Service
 Sharp, J. E., hotel keeper, "Frent Hotel," opposite the Mint
 Shaw, J. J.—Malabar Hill
 Shea, C., superintendent, G. I. P. Railway, Brice Bunder—Marine Lines
 Shea, F. H., cotton inspector, G. I. P. Railway—Marine Lines
 Shea, H., clerk, G. I. P. Railway, Goods Department
 Shea, Miss, midwife—Sanitarium, Esplanade
 Shed, J—Lower Colaba
 Shellum, S. E.—Byculla
 Shephard, Alex. F., sub-editor, *Times of India*—Church Street, Fort
 Shephard, J. A., manager, B. O. & R. S. N. Co—Bombay Club
 Shephard, James, 3rd manager and head reader, B. E. Society's Press
 Shepherd, J. Lowe—Byculla
 Shepherd, W. A., acting marine surgeon, Lunatic Asylum—Colaba
 Shepherd, William, assistant, House of Correction—Masagon
 Sherraton, John, ship carpenter, Elphinstone Land and Press Company—Masagon
 Sherd, W., overseer—Chinch Bunder
 Sheraton, J., partner, Sheraton and Shaw, contractors—Pier Pao
 Sherlock, William, constable, Nicol and Co's Works—Waree Bunder

Shimmings, Joseph, 3rd class engineer, Bombay Marine—Kalbadavia
 Shimmings, Nicholas, 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine—Kalbadavia
 Shipp, H.—Lower Colaba
 Shipp, W.—Masagon
 Shore, John O.—Masagon
 Showell, Richard Henry, acting second Magistrate of Police—Malabar Hill
 Shute, G. E.—Girgaum
 Shuttre, J. H., Oriental Press—Masagon
 Sibbald, H., 4th class officer, Preventive Service—Colaba
 Siever, G.—Lower Colaba
 Siegfried, Jules and Co., merchants—Elphinstone Circle
 Siegfried, Jacques, partner, Jules Siegfried & Co.—(Europe)
 Siegfried, Jules, partner, Jules Siegfried & Co.—(Europe)
 Sigg, James and Co., merchants, Bell Lane, Fort
 Sigg, James G., partner, J. Sigg and Co., and consul for Italy—Masagon
 Silva, Doctor, Hornby Row, Fort
 Silva, J. J., clerk, Stamp Office, Girgaum
 Sim, William, merchant, Fort—Byculla
 Simons, D. J., draftsman in charge scientific instruments, Chief Engineer's Office—Maragor
 Simpson, H. I., assistant Franjee, Sands and Co., Bombay Club
 Simpson, J., engineer, Prince of Wales Press Co., Colaba
 Simpson, J., engineer, P and O Co.'s Service, Maragon
 Simpson, J. A., accountant, Oriental Bank Corporation—Fort
 Simpson, N. M., assistant, Preacher and Co.—Byculla
 Simpson, R., fitter, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Simpson, W. C., inspector, Public Health Department—Parrell Village
 Sinclair, Alexander, signal gunner, Light House, Colaba
 Sinclair, Anthony, 3rd class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Sinclair, J., foreman, sailmaker, P and O Co.'s Dockyard—Maragon
 Sinclair, J., chief engineer, B. I. S. N. Co.'s Steamer *Malaban*
 Sinclair, John A., mech. int.—Upper Colaba
 Sinclair, Joseph, clerk, Executive Municipal Engineer's Department
 Siquiera, D., accountant inc. auditor, Public Works Department—Cavel
 Skinner, E., Governor's Band, Parrell
 Skinner, John, agent, Oriental Bank—Rampart Row
 Skude, J., clerk, P and O Co.'s Service, Maragon
 Slater, Duncan Mc L., secretary, Allart Life Assurance Company, Church Lane—Addelphi Hotel, Byculla
 Slater, Edwin, spring maker, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Slater, John, Montgomery, resident engineer, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Byculla Club
 Slicht, J., assistant, Bank of Bombay, Malabar Hill
 Slyn, John, 1st assistant, Melter, Mint, Kalbadavia
 Smale, J., diver, P and O Co.'s Dockyard, Masagon
 Smale, John, import inspector, Customs' Department—Kalbadavia
 Small, W., deputy telegraph master—Colaba
 Smart, Mrs., midwife—Ambrolee Lane
 Smart, Edward, engineer, Byculla
 Smart, S., clerk, P and O Co.'s Service—Dadur
 Smith, C. W., Tudor Co.'s Ice House—Fort
 Smith, Cecil W., clerk, London Asiatic and American Co.—Marine Lines
 Smith, Harold, civil engineer and contractor—Byculla
 Smith, F.—Byculla
 Smith, James, master saddler, Grand Arsenal
 Smith, James George, partner, Ritchie, Stewart and Co.—(Europe)
 Smith, John, liquidator, Financial Association of India and China (Limited),—Marine Lines
 Smith, John, acting 2nd Assistant Master Attendant—Colaba
 Smith, Samuel, chief inspector of Police, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Smith, J., 2nd class pilot—Nesbit Lane, Fort
 Smith, J., fitter, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Smith, John, overseer of pressmen, B. B. S. Press—Colaba
 Smith, J. H., clerk, P. and O. Co.'s Service—Matoonga
 Smith, John Godfrey, police constable—Grant Road
 Smith, Lawrence, wharf clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Boree Bunder
 Smith, Edward, issuer, Stores' Department, Great Indian Peninsula Railway—Byculla

Smith, Rowart, bailiff, Small Cause Court—Kalbadavi
 Smith, Keynton and Co, merchants—Church Lane, Fort
 Smith, R. O., superintendent Byculla Yards G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Smith, Ronald M., signs per pro J. W. Wright and Co.—Fort
 Smith, R. W., guard, G. I. P. Railway
 Smith Sydney M.D. Surgeon of the Port, 11, Rampart Row, and Byculla
 Smith, W., fitter, Locomotive Department G. I. P. Railway—Berkley Place, Byculla
 Smith W.—Lower Colaba
 Smith, W. A. examiner P. W. Department, Secretariat—Kolbadavi
 Soares, A. F. pensioned assistant apothecary—Gungum
 Soares Brothers and Co, merchants—Meadow Street, Fort
 Soares H. F., partner Soares Brothers and Co.—Byculla
 Soares, Vincent, clerk Watson Bogle and Co.—Cavel
 Soden, J. superintending purser, P. and O. Co.'s Service P. and O. Club, Mazagon
 Solomon, Selim H. managing partner, Jacob Selim and Co.—Hornby Row
 Somers, John, sub-conductor Commissariat Department—Colaba
 Somerville, Henry, partner, Lyon Brothers and Co.—Worcester
 Somerville John, partner Somerville and Anderson Surgeon—Forbes Street
 Somerville, John May, signs per pro Killick Nixon and Co.—Malabar Hill
 Soundy and Company of musical instruments, &c.—Forbes Street and Rampart Row, Fort
 Soundy Arthur Francis, partner Soundy and Co.—Parell
 Souter, F. H. commissioner of police—Warden Road
 Souza, Piva and Co. tailors &c.—Meadow Street
 Spalding John, farmer Ginger's Stables—Gungum
 Spence, W., foreman, G. I. P. Railway—Bojee Bunder
 Spencer, H. R., 2nd class officer Preventive Service—Kalbadavi
 Spencer, John F. acting clerk, Small Cause Court—Esplanade
 Spencer, F. A.—Colaba
 Spencer J., inspector of farmery, Public Health Department—Grant Road
 Spencer, Nathaniel (senior)—Orlha
 Spencer, Nathaniel (junior) 2nd Judge Court of Small Causes—Bandra
 Spencer, W., sergeant major, Bombay Garrison—Fort George
 Spiers, William V., sub registrar of Mazagon—Bombay
 Spiers, A.—Rampart Row
 Spira, J., engineer, Nicol and Co.'s Saw Mills—Tank Bunder
 Spilling, A., 4th class officer Preventive Service—Colaba
 Spilling, Charles, assistant P. Grant's Saddlery, Meadow Street
 Spring, Rev. F. J., chaplain, St. Thomas' Cathedral, Marine Lines—Esplanade
 Spry, W., assistant inspector, Bombay Water Works—Vohar
 Stambuck, H., pipe-layer, Vohar Water Works—Parell
 Standfield, W., Cooria Spinning and Weaving Mills—Cooria
 Stead, E. D., assistant, London Asiatic and American Company
 Stedman Surgeon H. B. acting 1st Physician J. J. Hospital and Professor of Medicine and acting Principal Grand Medical College
 Stearne, Hobart and Co, merchants—Elphinstone Circle
 Stearne, W. F., partner, Stearne Hobart and Co. Malabar Hill
 Stenhouse & Co., merchants—Nesbit Lane, Fort
 Stephens & Son, veterinarians &c., Grant Road
 Stephens, Charles, (junior) veterinary surgeon and farmer, Grant Road
 Stephens, John, clerk, Ralli Brothers—Military Square, Fort
 Stephens, William, ass. Lant to C. Stephens & son, farmers—Grant Road.
 Stevens Brothers & Co., Armenian Lane, Fort
 Stevens, David, assistant, Treacher & Co.—Fort
 Stevens, G. Smith, G. I. P. Railway Byculla
 Stevens, Henry, time-keeper, Locomotive Department, G. I. P. Railway—Mazagon
 Stevens, Henry, merchant—Mazagon
 Stevens, John, partner, Stevens Brothers & Co.—(Europe)
 Stevens, William Temple, partner, Stevens Brothers & Co.—Beach Candy
 Stewart, & Co., merchants—Humnum Street
 Stewart, D. T. & Co., Napier Foundry—Forbes Road, Byculla
 Stewart & Co., tailors &c.—Meadow Street, Fort
 Stewart, Alex., partner, Finlay Scott & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Stewart, Bancroft, machinist, Bombay Gazette Office—Fort
 Stewart, Charles, clerk, Fletcher & Mitchell's Metal Mart, Bojee Bunder—Fort
 Stewart, Gilbert M., partner, Remington & Co.—Cumballa Hill

Stewart, James, chief engineer, B I S N Co's steamer *Governor Higginson*
 Stewart, J O—Meadow Street, Fort
 Stewart, Robert, engineer, Manockjee Petit's Spinning Company—Gardoe
 Stewart, W, inspector, Preventive Service—Custom House
 Stewart, William, inspector of buildings—Elphinstone Circle
 Stipple, J L, engineer, P and O Dockyard—Masagon
 Stoddart, J, assistant traffic manager, B B & C I Railway—Albion Place Byculla
 Stohr, Pinger & Co, merchants—Meadow Street
 Stocker, Emil Moritz, partner, Strehl Pinger & Co—Meadow Street
 Stokes G, engineer, P & O Co's Ice Factory—Masagon
 Stok n, Henry, fireman, B B & C I Railway—Parell
 Stonehouse, H, draughtsman, P & O Co's Service—Masagon
 Stoney, J, Apollo Bonded Warehouse Company
 Stokes, John, hatter, B B & C I Railway—Parell
 Stout, Rev Richard, master of Free Church of Scotland—Kiplinade
 Stout, E, 2nd engineer, steamer *Jolly*
 Stow, H, boiler maker, G I P. Railway—Byculla
 Strachley, J, hatter, B B & C I Railway—Parell
 Street, W T, boiler maker, P & O Co's Service—Masagon
 Strong, Richard, inspector of police—Colaba
 Stuart, C A, Postmaster of Bombay—Colaba
 Stuart, John, secretary and treasurer, Bank of Bombay—Elphinstone Circle
 Stuart, Robert, press reader, B I Society's Press—Byculla
 Stuart Robert, hatter, Manockjee Petit's Spinning & Weaving Co—Gardoe
 Stuber, H, 4th class officer, Preventive Service
 Stuber, Henry, 1st class officer, Preventive Service—Kilbadavie
 Stuber, J, 3rd class officer, Preventive Service—Kilbadavie
 Sturrock, W A
 Sullivan, Jeremiah, assistant, County Jail—Commercy
 Summers, A, teacher—Griffiths
 Summers, G A, 2nd assistant registrar High Court Appellate Side—Albion Place
 Mount Road
 Summers, J, hatter—Griffiths
 Sunstein, W, Governor's band—Parell
 Sunstein, William, 1st class officer, P & O Co's Service—Masagon

Swain, J, 1st class officer, P & O Co's Service—Masagon
 Swainland, J H, hatter—Colaba
 Swainson Henry, conductor Ordnance Department—Castle Park
 Swainson H, hatter, B B & C I Railway—Byculla
 Swainson and Kilham, engineers and contractors—Hampart Row Fort
 Swainson, J, partner, Swainson and Kilham—Falkland Road
 Swainson J H, partner Swainson and Kilham, contractors—Falkland Road
 Swainson Richard, assistant Fort and Co—(Lancet)
 Swainson Michael, merchant, B I S N Co's Works—Colaba
 Swainson J, assistant, Fort and Co
 Swainson James Baker—Church Street Fort
 Swinhead L, engineer, B B & C I Railway—Parell
 Swinhead J, partner, Byker and Dwyer photographers—Hummum Street Fort
 Swinhead John, manager Spinning and Weaving Company—Gardoe
 Swinney Thomas J, police constable—Commercy Cross Road
 Swift Alfred, clerk, Messrs Runtz, Fort and Co, solicitors—Byculla
 Swift J—Lower Colaba
 Sylvester Singleton H, Acting Secretary to the Hon. and Professor of
 Physiology, Grant Medical College
 Symonds N Sherwood, assistant W and A Graham & Co—Malabar Hill
 Symonds Robert, assistant, Finlay Clerk & Co—Lower Colaba

Talida Don Medina, Consul for Spain
 Talbot A, clerk P & O Company's office, Fort—Chinchpoo, ly
 Tanner John, merchant Apollo Street, Fort
 Taylor Richard, commander steamer *Comet*
 Taylor, Alex, assistant, Lyon Brothers & Co—Malabar Hill
 Taylor A L & Co, merchants—Hummum Street
 Taylor Andrew, assistant commissioner of Customs—Esplanade

- Taylor, A. W., mechanic, Coorla Mills—Coorla
 Taylor, E., sub conductor, Ordnance Department—Town Barracks
 Taylor & H., accountant and controller P. W. Accounts Office—Esplanade, Marine Lane
 Taylor, G., boiler-maker, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 Taylor, George, barrister-at-law—Meadow Street
 Taylor James, secretary, Chamber of Commerce—Masagon
 Taylor, Robert, Fort
 Taylor, T. E., partner, Lawrence & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Taylor, Thomas, W. & Co., merchants—Fort
 Taylor, Thomas, assistant overseer, Gun Carriage Department—Lower Colaba
 Taylor, Thomas W., manager, Coorla Spinning & Weaving Mill—Coorla
 Taylor, William, Bombay Gas Company—Parell Road
 Teasdale, C., inspector, Executive Municipal Engineer's Department—Byculla
 Teasdale, J. G., (liquorist)—Rampart Row
 Temple, J., fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 Tompkins, J., chief officer, B. I. S. N. Co.'s Steamer *Sydney*
 Terry Geo Wilkins, superintendent School of Industrial Art—Byculla Club
 Texeira, D. F. High Court—Kalbadavia
 Thacker, Vining & Co., booksellers and stationers, Rampart Row
 Thacker, W. A.—Forbes Street, Fort
 Thacker, William Hevenden, solicitor and notary public; and deputy coroner—Rampart Row Upper Colaba
 Thenon, M., consul for France at Bombay—Malabar Hill
 Theniger, A., signaller, G. I. P. Railway Telegraph—Bombay
 Thomas, Edward, book-keeper, Bell, Miller & Co.—Masagon
 Thomas, Emil, signs per pro. H. Olsson & Co.—Rampart Row
 Thomas, G., book-keeper, Byculla Iron Works—Byculla
 Thomas, J., assistant, Treacher & Co., Medical Hall, Byculla
 Thomas, J., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Commerciary
 Thomas, J., 3rd master B. E. S. School—Byculla
 Thomas, John, 2nd master Bombay Education Society's School, and organist Christ's Church—Byculla
 Thomas, John, driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell
 Thomas, N.—Lower Colaba
 Thomas, T., driver, P. and O. Co.—Masagon
 Thompson, A., book-keeper, Stearns Hobart & Co.—Kalbadavia.
 Thompson, A.—Colaba
 Thompson, Archibald, superintending engineer B. & S. S. Co. (Limited)—Colaba.
 Thompson, Mrs Elizabeth, mistress, Indo-British Institution—New Sonapore Road
 Thompson, F., engine turner, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parell.
 Thompson, Frederick S., clerk Secretary's Office, G. I. P. Railway—Khetwaddy.
 Thompson, G., B. E. S. Press—Byculla.
 Thompson, H., 1st class officer, Preventive Service.
 Thompson, J., clerk, Stores' Accounts Branch, G. I. P. Railway—Khetwaddy.
 Thompson, J., Storekeeper's Office of the Municipal Commissioner—Girgaum
 Thompson, J., brass-finisher P. and O. Dockyard—Masagon.
 Thompson, John R., clerk Secretary's Office G. I. P. Railway—Khetwaddy
 Thompson, P.—Lower Colaba
 Thompson, T., assistant superintendent Government Telegraph—Colaba.
 Thompson, Thomas, manager, Watson's Buildings—Esplanade
 Thompson, William John, foreman erecting shop G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Thomson Adam, clerk Office of Health Officer, Bombay Municipality—Obelisk Road
 Thomson, Alex., liquidator, Alliance Financial—Fort
 Thomson, Gustavus, partner, Macnee, Thomson & Warnekeou—Malabar Hill
 Thomson, H. J. P., secretary to Agent G. I. P. Railway—Breach Candy
 Thomson, John, assistant, Finlay Scott & Co.—Elphinstone Circle
 Thomson, W., signs per pro. Couplan & Co.—Upper Colaba
 Thorburn, J., accountant, Elphinstone Land and Press Company
 Thorburn, W., assistant, W. Nicol & Co.—Elphinstone Circle
 Tholey, W., 4th class officer, Preventive Service—Lower Colaba
 Thornhill, & Co., watchmakers and jewellers—Meadow Street
 Thornhill, Arthur, partner, Thornhill & Co.—(Europe)
 Thorpe, F.—Lower Colaba
 Thorpe, J. B., assistant, London Asiatic and American Co.—Middle Colaba
 Thumbco, Charles, fitter, G. I. P. Railway—Commerciary

Timmis Wormald and Co. merchants—Rampart Row
 Thwaiter, C. E. resident engineer Main Drainage Works—Upper Colaba
 Thwaiter, and Wetherall—Hornby Row, Fort
 Thwaiter, C., assistant executive engineer Municipality—Fort
 Tindell Joseph, Smith G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Tighe Michael superintendent of Police—Dhobie Talao
 Timotheus J., ticket printer G. I. P. R.—Girgaum Back Road
 Tomlinson, William, Cotton assistant storekeeper Elphinstone Land and Press Co.—Colaba
 Tippett, H. H. G. sign painter Hutchinson Doda & Co.—Malabar Hill
 Todd George, fitter, Elphinstone Land and Press Company—Mazagon
 Tomlinson O. carriage foreman B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Tomlinson, J.—Small Colaba
 Tonkin, Ebenezer, partner Tonkin, Lyster & Co., plumbers & general contractors—Byculla
 Touché, H. B. & Co.—Apollo Street, Fort
 Towers, Henry, plumber—Billiam Road
 Townes Richard, saddler, and sexton St. Thomas Cathedral—Church Street, Fort
 Traff, C. deputy superintendent House of Correction—Byculla
 Traill, George—Lardeo
 Treacher and Co. chemists and general dealers—Rampart Row, and Byculla
 Trapavanchi, F., inspector G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Trienn, Samuel G.—Klutchiddy
 Tristram, William Birrington partner, Remington and Co.—(Europe)
 Trist, Joseph, clerk, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Colaba
 Tupper, W.—Lower Colaba
 Tudor, A. R., assistant to T. Edwards, gun and pistol-maker—Fort
 Tucker, Henry Pendock St. George judge, High Court—Malabar Hill
 Tucker, J., 2nd class officer, Preventive Service—Grant Buildings, Colaba
 Tudor & Co's Ice Depot—Apollo Street
 Tully, J. L., assistant P. & O. Company's Office—Colaba
 Turner, A., fitter B. B. & C. I. Railway—Grant Road
 Turner, F.—Colaba
 Turner, J.—Lower Colaba
 Turner, H. B., accountant Controller of Public Works Account Office—Parrell
 Turner, J. L., clerk, A. C. Brose and Co.—Kalbadavia
 Turner, J. L., book keeper, Stearns Hobart & Co.—Colaba
 Turner, J. S., maintainer, Gas Works—Albion Place, Parrell
 Turner, Robert, assistant, House of Correction—Billiam Road
 Turner, William, superintendent printing office, P. W. and Railway Department—Lower Colaba
 Tweedie, James, partner Macdonald and Tweedie—(Europe)
 Tyndall, J. G., assistant W. Nicol & Co.—(Europe)
 Tyers, Benjamin, fitter B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Tuzart, D. F., High Court—Bandora

U

Urrie Alexander, 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine—Colaba

V.

Valladares, C., clerk, General Post Office—Matharpacady
 Valladares, E. L. pensioner—Matharpacady
 Valladares Felix clerk High Court Appellate Side—Girgaum
 Valladares, Francis, clerk Post Office—Matharpacady
 Valladares, J. M., clerk, Inspector General of Ordnance—Matharpacady
 Valladares, L., clerk, Kinlay Scott and Co.—Girgaum
 Valladares, L. M., Public Works Department, Secretariat—Matharpacady
 Valladares, M. V., clerk, Inspector General of Ordnance Office—Matharpacady
 Valladares Silvester clerk, Post Office—Matharpacady
 Valladares, T., clerk Stamp Office—Girgaum
 Valles D. M., clerk Pension Pay Office—Kalbadavia
 Valles, J. A., clerk, Political Department, Secretariat—Mahim
 Valler, S., inspector Post Office—Kalbadavia
 Valmer, H. J., clerk, Cotton Spinning Factory—Tardeo
 Vanderhude, B., clerk W. Nicol & Co.—Elphinstone Circle
 Vanderhude, Francis clerk, Custom House—Mazagon
 Vanderhude, J., clerk, Managing Agent's Office B. B. & C. I. Railway
 Vanderhude, N., clerk, Managing Agent's Office B. B. & C. I. Railway—Mahim

- Vanderhide, P. clerk, Stores Dept B B & C I Railway—Kulbadavie
 Vansittart, J P. district traffic superintendent, G I R Railway—Bycnulla
 Vanderstraten, B., customs preventive officer—England
 Vanderstraten, L P V. clerk, Hearn, Cleveland and Poole solicitors—Fort
 Van Wallun—Maragon
 Van Wallun, Thomas, 4th class officer, Preventive Service—Kulbadavie
 Vanspall, W. cotton gate keeper, G I R Railway Goods Office
 Vaughan Samuel Francis—Maragon
 Vaz A O. clerk, Custom House—Khetwaddy
 Vaz, Bartholomew, clerk, Judicial Department ' Secretariat—Girgaum
 Vaz John Iseriano, assistant Military Department Secretariat—Girgaum
 Vaz J A., clerk, Executive Engineer's Office—Girgaum
 Vaz P A.—Maragon
 Vaz, Samuel, engineer apprentice, Bombay Marine
 Veal N. store and park sergeant, Grand Arsenal—Down Barracks
 Veit Gustavus, partner, Hill Ven & Lucas—Bombay
 Vevanon, J. 2nd class officer, Preventive Service
 Viegas Amador (senior) Joint Secretary Bombay Native Insurance Company—
 Malim
 Viegas Domingos, ledger-keeper, Hemington & Co—Cavel
 Viegas E. B.—Kulbadavie
 Viegas G. partner, P M D Silva & Co—Maragon
 Viegas I P. clerk, Dallas Lynch and Co—Lepanade
 Viegas Luis, partner, Viegas & Co—Cavel
 Viegas B. assistant, I M D Silva & Co—Maragon
 Viegas Q J., preventive officer—Kulbadavie
 Vinay L. sub-assistant, Comptroller & Accounts de Lains—Malabar Hill
 Vining, Frederick, Hinder's partner, Thacker Vining & Co—Colaba
 Vittora G.—Armenian Lane, Fort
 Viny H.—Fortes Street, Fort
 Vittora, James G. superintendent, Account General's Office—Fort
 Vittora John, pawnshop & other by and by in the district—Fort
 Vittora William, Met. office of Controller of Works—Colaba
 Vivian, Romeo Joseph, preventive officer—Maragon
 Vix Frederick, partner, Jukes & Co—Malabar Hill
 Vlasto Theodore A. partner, Hill & Co—Malabar Hill
 Volkart Brothers, merchants—Marine Street, Fort
 Volkart Solomon, partner, Volkart Brothers—(Europe)
 VonGeyer John Charles, assistant, James W. Wright & Co—Maragon
 VonGeyer Samuel—Maragon
 VonGeyer, I. hos, supt. of stores, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Obelisk Road

W

- Wake, Alfred, assistant, Ewart Latham Co—Colaba
 Wake L.—Bycnulla
 Wakouni Arthur H. clerk, Messrs Remington, Moore and Langley solicitors—
 Obelisk Road, Bycnulla
 Walker Alfred, clerk, Office, Currency Department—Marine Lines
 Walker George, clerk, Assistant General Traffic Manager's Office, G I R Railway
 Bonta Bund—Gomeriary
 Wakker J P., driver, P and O Co's Dockyard—Maragon
 Walke Jonathan, 1st class pilot—Colaba
 Walker J. boiler maker, P & Co's Service—Maragon
 Walker J. contractor, Elphinstone Land and Press Co (Limited) under the firm
 of Walker and Co—Hog Island
 Walker John, overseer, Elphinstone Land & Press Co—Hog Island
 Walker, M. M., sub agent, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China—Elphinstone
 Circle
 Walker I A.—Maragon
 Walker W H. deputy shipping master—Bycnulla
 Wilkins L. master, Elphinstone Land & Press Co—Omercaary
 Wall J. yard foreman, B B & C I Railway—Lardeo
 Wallace & Co. merchants, Nesbit Lane, Fort
 Wallace Alexander, skinner, partner, Wallace & Co—Malabar Hill
 Wallace George, partner, Wallace & Co—(Europe)
 Wallace, Louis Alexander, partner, Wallace & Co—(Europe)
 Wallace, Robert, partner, Wallace and Co—(Europe)

- Wallace Robert, *signs per pro* Reanne Scovell & Co—Upper Colaba
 Wallace W, shunting-master, B B & C I Railway—Girgaum Road
 Walker Robert William, assistant Railway Department Secretariat—Church-
 poogly
 Wallersby, Henry, van conductor, Sailors' Home—Esplanade
 Walker M M, accountant Chartered Bank
 Wallias, O, clerk, P and O Company's Dockyard—Dadur
 Walsh, J, laboratoryman, Ordnance Department—Town Barracks
 Walsh, J, 2nd class officer, Preventive Service—Kalbadavie
 Walshe, W. P., Captain and Adjutant Bombay Volunteer Rifles
 Walter and Co, tailors, &c Meadow Street, Fort
 Walter, G, Governor's band—Parcell
 Ward, E, sub-conductor, assistant Barrack Master—Apollo Bunder
 Ward, J.—Small Colaba
 Ward, Owens, smith G. I P. Railway—Bycnilla
 Ward, Surgeon A V, professor of midwifery, Grant Medical College—Bycnilla
 Ward, L., assistant, Finlay Clark and Co—Upper Colaba
 Ward, W C, assistant, Scott Brothers and Co—Bycnilla
 Ward, William fitter, G. I P. Railway—Bycnilla
 Warden, Augustus Brooke, judge High Court
 Ware, James, engineer, Minock & Petit's Spinning and Weaving Co—Tardeo
 Warner, Charles, clerk *Times of India Press*—Girgaum
 Warner, Jones, master turner Grand Arsenal
 Warren, Abraham, inspector, Bombay Gas Company (Limited)—Sookrajee Jambasjee
 Street, Grant Road
 Warren, E. H. Bombay Club, Fort
 Warwick Charles—Meadow Street, Fort
 Warr, J. I. L., constable of Water Police—Bombay Harbour
 Watchman, Jacob, foreman smith Locomotive Department G. I. P. Railway—
 Bycnilla
 Watkins, L. A., 2nd deputy registrar, High Court and Clerk to Sir Joseph Arnould
 —Chinchoogly
 Watson, Poole and Co, merchants—Church Lane
 Watson, David, partner, Watson Bogie and Co Malabar Hill
 Watson, J. driver, G. I. P. Railway—Bycnilla
 Watson, James, municipal pensioner Jul Road Commercary
 Watson, James, Proctor, assistant J. & W Watson & Co, tailors Meadow
 Street
 Watson, John, partner, J. W. Watson and Co tailors—(Europe)
 Watson, John (junior) 148st I & W Watson and Co, tailors—Humnum Street
 Watson, J and W and Co tailors—Humnum Street Fort
 Watson, J. W., clerk to A. C. Gunnery—Fort Road, Commercary
 Watson, W. K., sub-millendant Indian Police Home—Tardeo
 Watts, J. clerk, Education Society's Press—Mazgaon
 Wearing, Robert fitter Municipal Police Spinning and Weaving Co—Tardeo
 Weather William Henry, manager of Rivet Fort—Mazgaon
 Weatherall, J. G., press-reader Bombay Education Society's Press
 Weatherhead, Rev T. K. secretary, Church Missionary Society—Money School,
 Cowalla Bank Road
 Weaver, John, turncock Bombay Water Works—Bycnilla
 Webb, J., driver, B B and C. I Railway—Parcell
 Webb, Samuel gunner military color Custom house—Meadow Street
 Webster Henry, engineer apprentice Bombay Marine—Kalbadavie
 Webster John, engineer apprentice Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Weddle C. W., assistant wharf clerk G. I. P. Railway Boree Bunder
 Week Thomas, sawyer G. I. P. Railway—Bycnilla
 Welch W. W., foreman carpenter Public Health Department—Grass Market
 Weltri, E. A., assistant, A. Hart Brothers—Mazgaon
 Wetherall W. S. storekeeper B B and C. I Railway Boree Bunder—Fort
 Wetherill F. G. Innis, Wetherill and Co Apollo Street—Parcell Road
 West Raymond, A. registrar Appellate Side, High Court
 West, G. H., inspector Public Health Department—Abnawaddy Back Road
 West Robert home trainer—Camatteepoora Road
 West, T.—Lower Colaba
 Westall, J., assistant John Clover and Co—Elphinstone Circle
 Westering, Peter driver G. I. P. Railway—Bycnilla
 Westlake John, bill and share broker—Malabar Hill
 Westropp, The Hon'ble Michael Robert judge, High Court—Cumballa Hill
 Whar ton, H., inspector of police—Sewree

- Wharton, W B inspector Executive Municipal Engineer's Department—Fort
 Wheatley, Henry exchange broker Dean Lane—Malabar Hill
 Wheatley G W commission and shipping agent—Sassoon's Building
 Wheatley W driver G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Wheel assistant turner, Ordnance Department—Town Barracks
 Wheeler, J clock, P and O and C—Mazagon
 Wheeler, Oliver clerk, P and O (S) Clerk—Mazagon
 Whitehead, Robert W, painter and decorator—Mount Road Byculla
 White, A, laboratoryman, attached to Gun (S) Dept—Byculla
 White Miss Charlotte, supt Girls Day School Free Church Mission—Gungam
 White, J Howell barrister at law, and remembrancer legal affairs—Malabar Hill
 White Samuel conductor Executive Commissioner's Office
 White Samuel, engineer steamer (S) Clerk—Mazagon
 White Stephen chief engineer B & R S N Co steamer Genie & Co
 Whitehead, George driver B B and C I Railway—Parell
 Whitley, George secretary to liquidators Bombay Reclamation Co—Borope
 Whitley, J B deputy accountant Central Bank of West in India—Lampart Row
 Whittaker, George head foreman, G. I. P. Railway—Borope Bunder
 Whittaker William, engineer waterworks, Harbour Works
 Whittle A, engineer P and O (S) Clerk—Mazagon
 Whittle Geo driver B B and C I Railway—Parell
 Wilcox H R, civil engineer surveyor &c Meadow Street Fort
 Wilcox J L assistant Comptroller and Co—Upper Colaba
 Wild William acting foreman of founders, Bombay Marine—Dock yard
 Wildy, A H—Middle Colaba
 Wiles, I engine driver E and O Co Dockyard—Mazagon
 Wilkins William Henry manager J. J. L. Co Church Street Fort
 Wilkinson C acting inspector Collector's Department—Byculla
 Wilkinson John, engineer P and O (S) Dockyard—Mazagon
 Wilkinson R H probationary pilot—Colaba
 Wilkinson W J, district superintendent B B and C I Railway—Parell
 Wilks, J fitter, Victoria Water Works—Colaba
 Wilks, Richard, engine repairer, J. J. L. Co—Kutubdivie
 Williams, Alfred, book keeper, P. J. S. N Co—Mazagon
 Williams George clerk Victoria & Co—Mazagon
 Williams, H W assistant Engineer's Department—Lampart Row
 Williams, J, cooper smith, P & O Dockyard—Mazagon
 Williams, John foreman, B P & C I Railway—Parell
 Williams John C, clerk, Store Department B B and C I Railway—Obelisk Street, Byculla
 Williams, R, moulder, P & O Co Dockyard—Mazagon
 Williams, Ralph Ling, cashier, J. J. L. Co, Church Street
 Williamson O 3rd class officer, Preventive Service
 Williamson E guard, G. I. P. Railway—Civil
 Williamson G 2nd class officer, Preventive Service
 Williamson James warden of the Government Dockyard
 Williamson Robert engineer apprentice Steamer U. T. S. Co
 Williamson J clerk Stores Department Elphinstone Land and Press Co—Kutubdivie
 Williamson F A commandant H. H. the High of Bhowanagar's local Regiment of Foot
 Williamson Walter clerk Fletcher and Mitchell—Mazagon
 Williamson, William director of the Governor's Library—Parell
 Wilford, Augustus D fitter Elphinstone Land & Press Co—Mazagon
 Wilford W Plumber P & O (S) Clerk—Mazagon
 Willis, Henry, civil engineer and contractor—Mazagon
 Willis Richard partner Forbes & Co—Lampart Row
 Willis, Wm, fitter, Elphinstone Land & Press Co—Comercary
 Willy, Rev J A, principal St Mary's Institution—Byculla
 Willy, Rev J S, Roman Catholic Missionary Chaplain—Colaba
 Wilson, G Ramsay, partner, Brodie and Wilson, public accountants—Elphinstone Circle
 Wilson Henry—Byculla
 Wilson J—Lower Colaba
 Wilson James Bombay Gas Company—Parell Road
 Wilson L superintending engineer Scott Piers—Byculla
 Wilson, Rev John D, missionary, Free Church of Scotland—Malabar Hill
 Wilson, J, clerk, Iroacher & Co—Byculla

Wilson, Thomas, signa per pro. Rennie, Scovell & Co.—Colaba
 Winship G.—Lower Colaba
 Winchester, W. C.—Upper Colaba
 Winders, Robert, carding master, United Spinning and Weaving Co.—Gurgaum
 Windram, J., agent, National Bank of India
 Winter O A., solicitor—Breach Candy
 Windsor, E., assistant inspector, G. I. P. Railway Yard—Boree Bunder
 Windsor, John B., 1st class officer, Preventive Service—Kulbadavia
 Windsor, Robert, 2nd class engineer—Bombay Marine
 Windsor, W., assistant County Jail—Oomercarry
 Wingfield, John, plumber, P. & O. Co's Dockyard—Maragon
 Winn, J., assistant apothecary, Lunatic Asylum—Colaba
 Winterbourne, H., signa per pro G. W. Wheatly & Co.—Maragon
 Winship, Thomas, carriage-builder, G. I. P. Railway Factory—Byculla
 Wislne, W., trimmer, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Wise, Henry, plumber, P. & O. Co's Dockyard—Maragon
 Wise, W., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Kulbadavia Road
 Wiseman, Thomas W., 1st class engineer—Bombay Marine
 Wood, G., sub-inspector, Health Officer's Department
 Wood, T. W., accountant, &c, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Wood, William, police constable—Elphinstone Circle, Fort
 Wood, William Martin, Editor *Times of India*—Colaba
 Wooden, S., 1st class preventive officer—Colaba
 Woodbridge, F., carriage examiner G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Woods, A., 2nd class officer, Preventive Service—Sonapore
 Woods, J. A., assistant, Pramjee Bhand & Co—Colaba
 Woods, Samuel Cromwell, assistant Wallace & Co.—Upper Colaba
 Woolf, L., manufacturers—Hornby Row, Fort
 Wormin, Charles F., assistant Rennie Scovell and Co—Colaba
 Worrell John, Corliss Spinning and Weaving Mills—Ghorli
 Wragg, Joseph, engineer, Albert Spinning and Weaving Co—Parrell
 Wright & Co., merchants—Church Lane Fort
 Wright, E., superintendent Note Sorting and Cancelling Department Paper Currency—Matharpacady, Maragon
 Wright, E., inspector Health Officer's Department—Mahim Ward
 Wright, Frederick, sign-maker, G. I. P. Railway—Byculla
 Wright F. B., Deputy Engineer's Office B. B. & C. I. Railway—Upper Colaba
 Wright, James W., partner, J. W. Wright & Co—(Europe)
 Wright, W. T., export inspector Town Custom House, Fort
 Wrigley, W., chief engineer and general manager, Manockjee Pettit's Spinning and Weaving Company—Tardeo
 Wroughton, G., assistant fitter B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Wyllie J. A. merchant, 7 Meadow Street Fort—Upper Colaba
 Wynn, John, engineer P. & O. Co's Service—Maragon
 Wynne, A. B.—Colaba
 Wynne, William, foreman boiler-maker Bombay Marine

Xavier, F., fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Xavier, Hippolytus Napoleon, contractor—Love Lane, Maragon
 Xavier, Peter John, clerk, Military Department, Secretariate—Gurgaum

Y

Yates, Charles Lavett, assistant Secretary to Government P. W. D.—Grant Buildings Colaba
 Yates, J. B., foreman founder, H. M.'s Dockyard—Colaba
 Yates, Richard, assistant, Metal Mart, Boree Bunder—Kulbadavia
 Youll, J., surgeon and medical practitioner—Malabar Hill
 Young A., chief engineer, P. & O. Co.—Maragon
 Young John Wellington, (Capt.) superintendent Bombay Marine—Colaba
 Young, R. F., bill share, and freight-broker—Colaba
 Young W., fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Parrell
 Yull, John, m. v., Bellasia Road—Byculla

Z

Zavier, F. F., petty trader—Cavel
 Zonouakin, A., fitter, P. & O. Co's Dockyard—Maragon

MOFFUSSIL LIST

OF THE

European, Indo-Briton & Portuguese Inhabitants

OF THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

(Corrected to 23rd December 1867).

Abbott J H district engineer G I P Railway—Munmar
 Abbott Rev Amos American Missionary—Resident near Ahmednuggur
 Abraham Ismael Herlickson Elder—Ludhiana
 Abreo J Clerk Lillienthal's Estate—Wynard
 Adams B pensioned apothecary—Adm. Hosp. nr
 Adams Rev P W Roman Catholic Priest—Durg
 Adams Thomas sub-contractor Poy's Landing Works—Sholapore
 Adam W permanent way inspector G I P R. Reversing Station Bhor Ghaut
 Adamson and Clowes railway contractors—Sholapore
 Adamson John engineer Adamson and Co. railway contractors—Sholapore
 Adendor Swanston (Jr) engineer, Adamson and Clowes, railway contractors—
 Doodhich
 Addison W J Government Civil Engineer—Indore
 Aens William engineer Indore mill mill—K. Aens
 Afroy J carpenter & Outfitter—Kurrachee
 Agnew J army surgeon retired—Indore
 Agnew Mrs Milner 1st Street Poona
 Aguilar J & A L De, Roman Catholic Priest—Sholapore
 Aher William 2nd class assistant engineer—C. I. P. Railway—(England)
 Aikin John Jopp apothecary General Hospital—Munich
 Aikin William Webb clerk—Kurrachee
 Aiton John partner Lee Watson and Aiton contractors Nagpoor Extension
 G I P Railway—Nagpoor
 Akohurt, T Driver B B and C I Railway—Indore
 Albrecht Rev F H German Evangelical Mission—Honore
 Aldinger Rev C German Evangelical Mission, Chembala Malabar
 Allan H C R, assistant engineer P W D—Belgaum
 Allen C W—Poona
 Allen James clerk—Kurrachee
 Allen Joseph assistant Overseer P W D—North Canara
 Allen Thomas fitter Hood, Winton and Mill Railway Works—Scone
 Allen Wm assistant Katharine Agency—Kutch
 Allyman — pensioner, Superintendant Miller—Indore
 Allyman bandmaster 7th Regiment N I—Indore
 Allyman George Christian Telegraph Works—Poona
 Almeida I F D Civil District Office—Indore
 Almeida L assistant apothecary 49th Regiment—Durg
 Almeida L D 1st Hospital assistant to Surgeon and Police Commissioner's Estab-
 lishment—N D
 Almeida P J Civil Commissioner's Office—Kurrachee
 Almond Archibald (George) fitter B B and C I Railway—Amrolee
 Alphonsio J, assistant in charge Telegraph Office—Indore

Alphonso N M, signaller Telegraph Office—Gor
 Allen Charles Hendrick, partner Allen and Co—Kurnachee
 Alvares J S, clerk, Commissioner's Office 1 D A Convent Street, Poona
 Alvenos U M, signaller Electric Telegraph Office—Poona
 Alves D, fitter B B and C I Railway—Surat
 Alves L, guard B B and C I Railway—Surat
 Amoral, C N, clerk Pay Commissioner's Office, Convent Street Poona
 Anon J, apothecary B A L Battery—Dacca
 Amor Vincent, assistant apothecary Royal Artillery—Ahmedabad
 Andeen T, butchmeister 5th Regt N I—Bilgram
 Andeen William, and carriage maker Bombay Marine
 Anderson, David, clerk, Ritchie Street & Co—Pholkera
 Anderson J, driver G I P Railway—Bhowal
 Anderson James, apprentice B B & C I Railway—Amroles
 Anderson M, secretary to H H Ah Moon & Co—Khympore—Surat
 Anderson Robert, intelligent Branch Bank of Bombay—Khetabuldeo
 Anderson W, station master P B and C I Railway—Surat
 Anding Christian, sub assistant surveyor, civil works in Kolapore
 Anding George, sub assistant Engineer in Survey—Bangalore
 Anding John Christian, Assistant Revenue Commissioner, S D—Poona
 Andrew, A, private doctor 1st Sinhorra—Jacobabad
 Andrew M, clerk Frontier Superintendent's Office—Jacobabad
 Andrews C—London
 Andrews, James, General Agent, Calicut and Beypore—(Europe)
 Andrews Robert, accountant Branch Bank of Bombay—London
 Andrews R, 3rd class assistant surveyor G I Railway—(Europe)
 Andrews L, station master, G I Railway—Kussala
 Angus J, driver G I Railway—Bhowal
 Angus, Rev R, Free Church Mission—Poona
 Anthony Benjamin, telegraph master—Belgium
 Anthony M, telegraph master Jacobabad
 Anjum Miss, teacher B L S School—London
 Antrim Mrs, 2nd master B B S S Railway
 Anton, J, telegraph master G I Railway—London
 Ardub, Vernon L, sub assistant surveyor, Hyderabad Contingent—Akola
 Ardrey J, guard B B and C I Railway—Surat
 Armstrong, J T, collector—Khilafah
 Armstrong, J W, surveyor G I Railway—Muzorejora
 Arthur Robert, telegraph master, London G I Railway—Docksal
 Aston, J, driver G I Railway—Bhatpur
 Ashdown, W, assistant engineer P W D—Kulipore
 Ashford, Alfred, telegraph assistant—Nasirabad
 Aspinwall, John Hutchison, partner Scott Brothers & Co—Cochin
 Ashwell G, pensioner—Poona
 Asworth, George, telegraph master B B & C I Railway—Amroles
 Ashworth, J, pensioner—Belgium
 Ashburner, W, assistant Revenue Survey—Hyderabad Assigned Districts
 Atkins, J, chaplain and clerk St Paul's Church—Poona
 Atkinson, George, telegraph master, Banded Railway—Kurnachee
 Atkinson, J, driver G I P Railway—Lentpore
 Atkinson, J, fitter G I P Railway—Bhowal
 Atkinson, W, manager Khanderah Mining Company—Chaligram
 Avenel, F., fitter B B & C I Railway—Amroles
 Ayford, William, telegraph assistant major, Hyderabad Contingent—Ahmedabad
 Bahrington, Louis, superintendent G I P Railway
 Balle James, pensioner—Poona
 Baley, James Smith, daily scripture reader—Poona
 Balle Thomas, pensioner, apothecary and private medical practitioner—Poona
 Balle, W, pensioner, head clerk, Collector's Office—Satara
 Balle, W, superintendent engineer Oriental Industrial Company—Munora
 Baird, James, fitter B B & C I Railway—Amroles
 Baker, A, assistant superintendent Revenue Survey—Khandeish
 Baker, Edwin, station master G I P Railway—Nigpore
 Baker J P, head master Girls School—Bilgram
 Baker, J, fireman G I P Railway—Bhatpur
 Baker S, permanent way inspector G I Railway—Titwala
 Ball, R, station master B B & C I Railway—Umulgar
 Ball, P., permanent way inspector, G I Railway—Badnara

- Ballantine, Captain T, commanding H. H. Quicowar's 3rd Regt., Battery—Baroda
 Balls, C W., storekeeper, Indo-European Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Banks, Albert, assistant overseer, P. W. D.—Abyssinia
 Binks, L. P., resident engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Baptista, A., clerk, Military Accountant's Office—Poona
 Baptista, P. M., in medical charge, Deccan Central Jail—Yerrowda
 Bradale, Rev. H., Church Missionary Society—Kurrachee
 Barker, James, conductor, Ordnance Department—Mhow
 Barnabe, Antonio J., pensioner—Poona
 Barnes, Mrs., midwife, &c.—Poona
 Barnes, Archer Clinton, Jane Coffee Estate—Wynand, Malabar Coast
 Barrett, Major C. L., quarter master general, H. H. Quicowar's Army—Baroda
 Barnett, David W., pleader in the criminal courts—Kurrachee
 Barrett, E. C., sub-assistant, Revenue Survey—Berar
 Barrett, H., deputy conservator of forests, Surat and Northern Collectorate.
 Barrett, J. J., attached to the Observatory—Dacca
 Barretto, Antonio, shopkeeper, Snadder Bazaar—Poona
 Barron J., head clerk Frontier Supt's Office—Jacobabad, Scinde
 Barry, R. H. W., 2nd class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Nasick
 Barry, W., assistant apothecary—Baroda
 Barry, W. L., barracks sergeant—Nasikabad
 Barleman, A., sub-conductor, Commissariat Department—Neemuch
 Bartley, A., clerk, Commissariat Examiner's Office—Poona
 Barton, J. B., engineer—Adamson and Clowes, Railway Contractors—Doodnab
 Batton, W. C., Executive Engineer—Ahmedabad and Kaira
 Barwick —, pensioner—Kirkoe
 Barwise J. W., post master—Aden
 Bass J. M., auctioneer—Cochin
 Basso T. B., coffee planter, North East Division—Malabar Coast
 Bather, C., 3rd class barracks master—Deoloke
 Bather, W., conductor, barracks master—Nasick
 Bates, F., guard—Concan Lane
 Baumgardt, W. R., signaller Electric Telegraph—Vingoria
 Bayle, John, magazine sergeant—Neemuch
 Bayley, C. B., 3rd class assistant engineer G. I. P. R.—Munmar.
 Bayley George H., 1st class assistant engineer B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bulsar
 Bean, W., fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amroli
 Beanlands, William, despatching clerk, *Indian Office*—Kurrachee
 Bears J. P., head mason B. B. & C. I. Railway—Dhanor
 Beacock, W., driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Beatty, John C., Executive Engineer for Canal duties—Hydrabad Scinde
 Beauvais, Edward Theodore, inspecting post master—Scinde Circle
 Beck, Weldon W., librarian, General Library and Museum—Kurrachee
 Bedford, C., assistant station master, G. I. P. R.—Bhosawul
 Befry, John Henry, Scott, Brothers & Co.—Cochin
 Behan, D., provost sergeant, Bazaar Department—Mhow
 Bell H., schoolmaster, Royal Artillery—Belgaum
 Bell, John Fox, assistant locomotive and carriage superintendent G. I. P. Rail-
 way—Lanowlee
 Bell, Robert, clerk to D McKenzie contractor—Kurrachee
 Bell, W., sub-contractor, Ltd., Watson, & Aiton's Railway Works—Mulkapoor
 Bell, W., 2nd class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Koolburga
 Bell, W. B., architect and pensioned surveyor—Nulgherry Hills
 Belle, L., stores delivery clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Canarwara
 Bellairs, H. S. K., head master, High School—Belgaum
 Benedict, Rev. M., Roman Catholic Priest—Aden
 Bennett, E., assistant overseer, P. W. Department—Sattara
 Bennett, E. A., sub-conductor, Commissariat Department—Belgaum
 Bent, Frederick, assistant supervisor, P. W. D.—Ahmedabad
 Bentley, F. W., sub-agent, Bank of Bombay—Broach
 Bergfeldt, H., German Evangelical Missionary Tellicherry, Malabar Coast
 Berkenshaw, W. M., District Traffic Manager, G. I. P. R.—Hudab
 Berrie, George, assistant settlement officer, Right Bank of the Indus—Scinde Dis-
 tricts
 Berrie, John—Kurrachee
 Berrie, William Chalmers, inspector Scinde Railway
 Bertie, William, Government pensioner and clerk to the Municipality—Poona
 Bert, A. V. D., assistant, Scott Brothers & Co.—Cochin

Best, K. L., head master, High School—Surat
 Becham, H. G., pension paymaster, Dapoolie.
 Beck, H., trainman G. I. P. Railway—Bhokawul
 Beynon, R. Cathcart, assistant superintendent Revenue Survey—Canara
 Beynon R. R., assistant superintendent Hyderabad Assigned Districts Revenue Survey—West Belar
 Beynon, Rev. William, London Missionary Society—Belgaum
 Beyer, C., acting cotton inspector, Kurrachee
 Beyer, Nicholas B., deputy superintendent General Revenue Survey—Ahmedabad
 Berkman, L., station master G. I. P. Railway, Narul
 Berge, J., filter G. I. P. Railway, Igutpoor
 Bergham, J., engineer, Railway Station—Kotree
 Bird, W., Johnston—Cuttack
 Birakshaw, W. M., resident engineer G. I. P. Railway, Harid
 Birbeck, L., fireman G. I. P. Railway—Bhokawul
 Birrell, J. M., assistant superintendent of police—Narsingpore
 Black, Henry, inspector, Telegraph Department—Hyderabad, Secunda
 Blackwell, R., law agent, Baroda
 Blackwell, George, cotton inspector, Belgaum
 Blackwell, H., accountant G. I. P. Railway Works—Jalbulpore
 Blackwell, H. O., assistant to the Executive Engineer, Sittona
 Black, Thomas, super. H. H. the Governor's Kurn Trainway—Baroda
 Blackwell, Thomas B., clerk, Controller of Military Accounts—Poon
 Blackwell, W. H., head accountant, Collector's Office, Hyderabad, Secunda
 Blair, John, conductor, Ordnance Department—Grand Arsenal
 Blake, J. L., signaller, Electric Telegraph, Dhawar
 Blackwell, C., agent, Branch Bank of Bombay, Surat
 Bloodwell, Timothy P., pensioned conductor, Poona
 Blunt, W., Government pensioner—Poona
 Blum, W., civil engineer—Nimn Territory
 Blunt, William, constable, Kotree
 Board, Henry, driver B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amroli
 Boardman, Michael, Amroli
 Board, W., platelayer, inspector, G. I. P. R.—Fankery, Hoshungabad
 Board, Bertford, office site—Merrion
 Board, John, head clerk, Director of Public Instruction, Poona
 Boardman, J., Public Works Department—North Canara
 Bolt, W., sub contractor, Railway Works—Shipoor
 Bolton, W. H., deputy collector—Upper Sind
 Bonney, L., engine driver, G. I. P. Railway—Lanowlee
 Bonradul, A. G., assistant deputy engineer B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Bonney, J., Adelaide Estate—South Wyalid
 Booth, J., engineer, India Station—Kotree
 Booth, I. R., kangaroo Bar
 Bous, A. L., G. I. P. Railway, Khurdie
 Bowditch, J., clerk, Military Accountant's Office, Poona
 Bowanquet, A. C., Judge—Kulludghie
 Bowditch, J., German Evangelical Mission—Kodakabner Calicut
 Bowell, G. Alexander B., clerk, P. L. Examiner's Office—Poona
 Boul, Arthur, clerk, Revenue Commissioner's Office, B. D.—Poona
 Boul, R., government pensioner—Poona
 Boulton, William, acting Judge, Small Cause Court—Kurrachee
 Boulton, W. A., agent, Bank of Bombay—Sholpoor
 Bowhill, B., trainman, G. I. P. Railway—Budnana
 Bowler, G., general dealer—Lanowlee
 Boyd, J., "Charlotte" Coffee Estate—North Wyalid
 Boyd, M. W., agent, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China—Kurrachee
 Braken, D. W., druggist, n. &c.—Cochin
 Bradford, Benjamin, doorkeeper, deputy collector—Hyderabad
 Braganza, A. C., head accountant, Kuthawar Agency—Kullud
 Braganza, A. D., clerk, Quarter Master General's Office—Abyssinia
 Braganza, Peter F., signaller, Electric Telegraph Department—Belgaum
 Brand John, tender engineer, Central Districts, Sind Railway—Jeongshah
 Brasher, Alfred, Indo-European Telegraph Department
 Bray, James, foreman mason, G. I. P. Railway Works, Nandgram
 Bray Joseph, contractor, G. I. P. Railway—Goolbarga
 Brayson, George C., clerk, Fleming & Co.—Kurrachee

- Bryson, Henry D, clerk, Judge's Office—Kurrachee
 Broomm, A, driver, G. I. P. Railway—Bhorawul
 Brien, George, superintendent, Cotton Factory—Oomawuttee
 Brett, E, superintendent, Indian Engineering Company—Surat
 Breerton, H. M, district engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Koolburga
 Brewer, Henry, clerk, St. Mary's Church, and Underwriter—Poona
 Brown, William H, clerk, Military Accountants Office—Poona
 Buxty, William, horse trainer—Poona
 Butler, Rev. C. T., Roman Catholic Military Chaplain—Kurrachee
 Butcher, W, laboratory man, Ordnance Department—Aden
 Bright, Rev. I., German Evangelical Mission—Mulky Canara
 Briley, S, Civil Adjutant General's Office—Poona
 Brigg, C, bookmaster 14th Regiment N. I.—Dharwar
 Bright, G, time keeper, G. I. P. Railway—Tumkur
 Bright, H, St. John, record clerk, Indo-European Telegraph—Dharwar
 Buz, J, contractor, G. I. P. Railway—Buntary—Hosangabad
 Butto, D. L, clerk, Assistant Quarter Master General's Office—Belgaum
 Butun, I, spinning miler, B. I. and C. I. Railway—Amroli
 Butch, H, joiner and engineer, P. W. D.—Belgaum
 Butcher, H, B. Telegraph—Dharwar
 Butcher, J, assistant mail superintendent, Indore and Coonah Line—Indore
 Butcher, J, engineering apprentice, street—Kurrachee
 Butcher, J, permanent way inspector, G. I. P. Railway—Punjab
 Brooks, C., English, assistant in engineering, B. B. & C. I. R.—Surat
 Brooks, C, Captain John Commanding R. H. Gunkowar's horse artillery—Baroda
 Brooks, Charles, railway contractor—Surat
 Brooks, I, wood fashioned apothecary—Ahyam
 Bruck, I, watchmaker, Main Street—Poona
 Bruck, J., permanent way inspector, G. I. P. R.—Calcutta
 Brookes, D., Knurd, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Bruck, J., James, accountant, Military Pay Office—Kurrachee
 Bruck, R., carriage examiner, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bouch
 Bruck, J., apprentice, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Amroli
 Bruck, J., permanent way inspector, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Bruck, Charles W., Captain Commanding R. H. Gunkowar's 1st Lancers—Baroda
 Brown, David, chief engineer, O. I. S. station—Belgaum
 Brown, J., assistant Supt. Government Telegraph—Belgaum
 Brown, J., B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amroli
 Brown, Henry, William partner, W. H. Brown & Co.—Calcutta
 Brown, H, civil engineer, Nagpur Extension, G. I. P. Railway—Nagpur
 Brown, I., driver, G. I. P. Railway—Buntary
 Brown, W, inspector of railway works—Nagpur
 Brown, W. C., assistant engineer, Irrigation Department—Khanikh
 Brown, H. D., inspector to J. B. contract, G. I. P. Railway Works—Mullar
 Brown, W. G., station master, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Brew, C., Walter Taylor assistant, Messrs. Fleming and Co.—Kurrachee
 Brown, Miss Emma, dressmaker and milliner—Poona
 Brown, I., C. I. Estate—South West Wynd
 Bruce, J. A., clerk, Indo-European Telegraph—Mussandam
 Bruce, Rev. H. J., American Missionary—Kholir
 Brum, R., assistant overseer, P. W. Department—Vingoria
 Brum, Rev. J., Roman Catholic Priest, and Head School Master, St. Vincent
 D'Almeida School—Poona
 Brunner, Rev. R., German Evangelical Missionary—Dharwar
 Bryce, James Steward, H. M.'s 45th Regiment—Abyssinia
 Buckle, J., clerk—Poona
 Bull, William, Government Pensioner—Poona
 Butham, J. B., manager, Lucknow Estate—South Wynd
 Butham, W., Lucknow Estate—South Wynd
 Buckley, John Thomas, clerk, Indian Kurrachee
 Bullett & Hughes, chemists and general merchants—Kurrachee and Kotree
 Bullett, Charles Stevens, partner, Budget and Hughes—Kurrachee
 Bullett, G., professor Sanskrit Literature, Poona College—Poona
 Bulter, Rev. A., German Evangelical Missionary—Mussandam
 Bulley, Alex. Sydnham, assistant superintendent, Quarter Revenue Survey—Surat
 Bull, Charles F., 1st class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Koolburga
 Bunter, Rev. James, Missionary, Church Missionary Society—Jooner

Burke, Thomas, overseer, Commissariat Department—Abyssinia
 Burkhardt, Rev. G., German Evangelical Mission—Ganara
 Burn, B., apothecary, L. Brigade, R. H. A.—Kirkos
 Burnes, J. S., accountant, Branch Bank of Bombay—Hydrabad, Deccan
 Burns, W., Assistant Commissioner—Akola, West Betar
 Burton, James, engineer in charge Government Conduits—Aden
 Burrows, J. D., clerk, Inspector General of Ordnance Department—Poona
 Butcher, L. H., 3rd class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Mussawil
 Bulcher, William, civil engineer—Khandevli, Nimar
 Buzzard, Charles, conductor ordnance department—Europe
 Byrnes, J., guard, G. I. P. Railway Incline—Lanowles

C

Cabral, E. A., government pensioner and municipal inspector of nuisances—Kurrachee
 Cabral, Edward E., head clerk, Quarter Master General's Office—Kurrachee
 Cabral, Frank, Harbour Works Office—Kurrachee
 Cabral, G., accountant, Executive Engineer for Irrigation—Sattna
 Cabral, H. V., government pensioner and superintendent of markets—Poon
 Cabral, H., clerk, Scinde Railway Consulting Engineer's Office—Kurrachee
 Cabral, Luis, extra mooniff Ahmednuggur Zillah Ahmednuggur
 Cabral, M., hotel keeper—Sholapoor
 Cabral, Theophilus, head clerk, Chief Engineer's Office—Kurrachee
 Cabral, T., assistant apothecary, C. Battery L. Brigade R. H. Artillery—Kirkos
 Cabral, V., student Saint Vincent De Paul's School—Poona
 Cabral, Valentine M., post master—Kurrachee
 Cameron, John, assistant, Theatrical Co.—Poona
 Cameron, H. L., assistant Commissioner of Customs—Surat
 Campbell, D., superintendent Deccan Cotton Cleaning and Press Company's
 Factory—Budnara
 Campbell, E. D., executive engineer for Irrigation—Sattna
 Campbell, G. W. B., superintendent of police and magistrate North Canara
 Campbell, J., accountant Indus Steam Flotilla—Koties
 Campbell, M. H. W., conductor, Ordnance Department—Ahmednuggur
 Campbell, Robert, schoolmaster—Mooltan
 Campbell, L. J., assistant apothecary, Munora station—Kurrachee
 Campbell, W., inspector, Litterie Idlegaphi—Upper Scinde Circle
 Cannon, J., guard, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Cannon, J. B., signal electric telegraph—Buddheena
 Canten, Alexander Michael, Mooniff—Poona
 Cane, I., fireman, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bulsar
 Cantrill, W., government pensioner, Poona
 Capon, W., M. R., Indus Flotilla—Koties
 Carlos, M., 1st assistant medical stores—Poona
 Carlos, Francis Bartholomew, clerk Master Attendant's Office—Cochin
 Carey, Simon G., medical practitioner—Cochin
 Carole, L. B., locomotive superintendent—Amroles
 Carr, William, clerk to the Cantonment Magistrate—Nasoorabad
 Carr, J., guard, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Carter, Samuel, schoolmaster E. & L. R. School—Kurrachee
 Carroll, Charles, schoolmaster, Depot 3rd Regiment—Poona
 Carroll, J., assistant fitter B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amroles
 Carroll, Thomas, clerk, Adjutant General's Office—Poona
 Cary, G. J., senior sub-assistant Great Trigonometrical Survey—Sukkur (Scinde)
 Casvalho, Adolphus, Nazir of the Adawlat—Dharwar
 Casvalho, Emanuel pensioned apothecary—Belgaum
 Casvalho, J.—Dharwar
 Casvalho, H. F., clerk, Revenue Commissioner's Office, N. D.—Poona
 Casimir, James, Chaplain's clerk—Ahmednuggur
 Casals, J., carriage-examiner, G. I. P. Railway—Egtpoora
 Casles, John, boiler-maker B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amroles
 Casvier, W. G., fitter, Indus Flotilla—Kurrachee
 Casvagh, J., driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bulsar
 Caves, William, managing clerk B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Cave, Robert, moulder, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amroles
 Cazale, Arthur, hospital steward, 21st Brigade, R. A.—Kirkos

Carder, William head clerk, Arsenal—Belgaum
 Chack, John, manager Jaffer Allee Spinning & Weaving Co.—Surat
 Chambers, George, driver B B & C I Railway Baroda
 Chambers, John, principal engineer, Bombay Marine—Tanna
 Chambers, F J, clerk City Examiner's Office—Poona
 Chapman I., joint, Indo European Telegraph Cable Establishment—Guadur
 Charles, Smith & Co.—Khangaum, West Berar
 Charnock, I R, district agent to J. Day, contractor, G I P Railway—Raichore
 Chattron, J., clerk, Military Accountant's office—Poona
 Chilton, Henry, contractor Public Works
 Chitetham, W. supervisor, Public Works Department—Dharwar
 Chittham, James, clerk, City Examiner's Office—Poona
 Chittham, S., Deputy Assistant Commissioner of Ormuz—Poona
 Chissoon, John, Dispensary Apothecary—Panchgany
 Christie, Albert, sub assistant, Trigonometrical Survey—Poona
 Christie, J., driver Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Christy, J. W., civil engineer G I P Railway—Hoomanabad
 Chyatal, Patrick, manager, Carwar Company (Limited)—Carwar
 Chitwin, I. engine India Electric—Kotrie
 Church Captain William commanding H. H. the Gunpowder's 1st Regiment
 (Highlanders)—Bouda
 Churchhill Rev John Chaplain—Sittam
 Clabby John sub contractor Public Works Department—Aden
 Clancey L. schoolmaster Royal Artillery—Kirkc
 Clancey, Patrick assistant apothecary Medical Department—Molwa
 Clark O. D. 1st class assistant engineer, G I P R—Jubbulpore
 Clarke J. conductor Ormuz Department—Kirkc
 Clarke T., magazine sergeant Ordnance Department—Aden
 Clarke O. Deacon 1st class assistant engineer G I P Railway—Jubbulpore
 Clarke J. P. agent Hood Winton and Mills Railway Contractors—Hurdia
 Clay Tunnel engineer India Electric—Kotrie
 Clay James, driver, B B & C I Railway—Bulwar
 Clements J. Sergeant Overseer P. W. D.—Dharwar
 Clever H. 2nd class assistant engineer B B & C I Railway—Passein
 Cliff Richard agent, Bursey and Wither contractors Kurrachee at Poon
 Clifton W. W. headmaster Bishop's School Petty Staff Lines—Poona
 Clumpson G. driver B B & C I Railway—Amrolet
 Close William carpenter India Electric—Kurrachee
 Cobbi A. manager Litchfield & Co.—Poona
 Cobb Samuel, inspector of Police G I P Railway—Khandush
 Coom J. assistant overseer P. W. department Kurrachee
 Cole R. S. station master G I P Railway—Deekail
 Colac J. D. store assistant Medical Store Dept—Molwa
 Cole William surveyor collector of customs and harbour magistrate—Kurrachee
 Coleman Charles accounts Agri Bank—Kurrachee
 Collins, James bullet guard, B B & C I Railway—Bulwar
 Clint James inspecting veterinary surgeon—Poona
 Collins Michael constable City Police—Kurrachee
 Compton J. assistant engineer Beera Division—Agri Road
 Conclio B. Agent to Linley & Co.—Schwin
 Connell C., assistant apothecary K. H. A.—Nunserabad
 Connell overseer B B & C I Railway—Amrolet
 Connell Daniel Deputy Assistant Commissioner—Abyssinia
 Connor D. C. signaller Electric Telegraph—Amrolet
 Connor, H. G., superintendent Indian Carrying Company—Mhow
 Cornet, L. J.—Poona
 Connor W. Sub assistant Revenue Survey—Kurrachee
 Constant F. S., veterinary surgeon, K. H. A.—Mhow
 Convent, R. P. A., German Evangelical Mission—Chitunt
 Conway, William, assistant apothecary 3rd Regiment—Abyssinia
 Cook, Henry, secretary, Mahabeshwar Library—Mahabeshwar
 Cooke, Charles, clerk Quarter Master General's Office—Poona
 Cook, Edward, assistant apothecary, 18th Brigade, B. A.—Kurrachee
 Cooke, Edward, hospital steward 18th Brigade Royal Artillery—Kurrachee
 Cooke John bandmaster 7th Regiment N. I.—Dhorla
 Cooke, John, head clerk Commissioner of Ordnance Office—Mhow
 Cooper, C., head assistant, Military Accountant's Office—Poona

Cooper, D, assistant apothecary, 5-21 R A —Abyssinia
 Cooper, Patrick, driver, bands Railway—Kurrachee
 Corjei, Rev J. G, Free Church Missionary—Nagpoor
 Corpe, J, pilot—Kurrachee
 Corrie, J, boiler maker, South Railway—Kurrachee
 Cope, W, guard G I P Railway—Calicut
 Corfield, Rev A, missionary, L M S—Jumbhoosar
 Corbett, D, fitter B B and C I Railway—Amrolee
 Corcoran, John, pensioner—Belgaum
 Corleira, D L, apothecary, Dhot Hospital—Abyssinia
 Cordeira, F, hospital steward 2nd Dragoons—Mhow
 Corleira, L, assistant apothecary—Poona
 Corkery, Martin, conductor Ordnance Department—Poona
 Cormack, J, senior Lieutenant Guncowari's 2nd Regiment—Baroda
 Cormack, John, Public Works Department—Surat
 Corne, William, foreman of Running Locomotives, G I P Railway—Nagpoor
 Corrigan, J, 1st class engineer, Indian Railways—Kotice
 Corrie, Thomas, partner, Mackenzie Messer and Co, McLeod Road—Kurrachee
 Coste, Rev L, German Evangelical Mission—Dhawan
 Costello, Granville Oscar, chief clerk District Court—Kurrachee
 Cotton, George, kampani—Bolar
 Coulton, W, band master H M 483rd Regiment—Abyssinia
 Council, pensioner—Belgaum
 Courthine, Charles, clerk Collector's Office—Dharwar
 Courtpalais, George, assistant Electric Telegraph Office—Dharwar
 Courthine, B H, clerk Collector's Office—Dharwar
 Courtney, J, conductor, Ordnance Department—Poona
 Cowan, J A, post master—Kamptee
 Cowdry, B, engineer, Messrs Adamson & Clowser, Railway Contractors—Hootgee
 Cowley, Patrick, Captain Invalid Establishment—Agra
 Cowley, H, accountant, Punjab Railway—Lerochore
 Cowper, George, 3rd class assistant engineer, P W D—Haidah
 Cox, R W, clerk Indo European Telegraph—Ormaiz
 Cozack, L, store clerk, G I P Railway—Mummar
 Craggs, J, Telegraph Office—Poona
 Craggs, William Edward, signaller, Government Telegraph Office—Poona
 Craik, J, inspector, Lee, Watson and Arton's Railway Works—Amrolee
 Craik, J M, inspector Railway Works—Nagpoor
 Crawford, Douglas L, superintending Deputy Collector—Shikarpore
 Crawford, Hugh, commercial agent to the Government—Allajee
 Crawford, Robert, apothecary, 33d 100—Abyssinia
 Crawford, William Henry Stanley coffee planter, Leddington Estate—Manantoddy,
 North Wynad
 Crawley, James, 3rd extra political assistant—Rijote
 Creaswell, G, assistant overseer P W Department—North Canara
 Creaswell, M, 3rd class assistant engineer, G I P Railway (Europe)
 Craig, J, signaller, Electric Telegraph—Ahmedabad
 Critchett, A, agent, Branch Bank of Bombay—Sholapore
 Critchell, D, clerk Pay Examiner's Office—Poona
 Critchell, Edward R, sub assistant General Revenue Survey—Surat
 Critchell, George W, clerk, Rev Commissioner's Office, N D—Poona
 Critchell, George, clerk, Indian Commissioner's Office—Poona
 Critchton, George, conductor Ordnance Department—Shikarpore
 Critchell, John (senior) clerk, Revenue Commissioner's Office, N D—Poona
 Critchell, James, Telegraph Master—Ahmednagar
 Critchell, John (junior) clerk, Medical Examiner's Office—Poona
 Croley, Henry, school master Mission School—Kurrachee
 Cronin, M—Bund
 Cronin, R, pensioner—Poona
 Crossley, J, permanent way inspector, G I P Railway—Tannah
 Cross, John Andrew, pensioner and law agent—Poona
 Crossley, J, P W Inspector, G I P Railway
 Crowe, O H, sub conductor Commissariat Department—Abyssinia
 Cullane, J, overseer Public Works Department—Gurdat
 Cumming, A, assistant Conservator of Forests—Khanleah and Nuggur
 Cumming, M. A., assistant Revenue Survey—Khandesh
 Cumming, Ralph F, clerk, Fleming and Co.—Kurrachee

Cumming T.—Kurrachee

Cunningham, J W, overseer Public Works Department—Poona

Cunningham, P, sub conductor Ordnance Department—Belgaum

Cunningham, W, in medical charge—Abyssinia

Curry J, inspector Wythea and Jackson's Railway Works—Khundwa

Curry, Charles, 1st class assistant engineer, B B and C I Railway—Omorgaum

Curcilly, Charles, clerk O I & N Company—Kurrachee

Curtis, A C, clerk, Indian Lotilla—Kotree

Curry, Joseph, mechanical engineer Gunpowder Works—Kirkce

Curtis, pensioner—Poona

Curtis, John, sub agent Atkinson and Clowser's Railway Works—Jaloor

Curtis, I B, Librarian at Inspector N D—Suiat

Curtis, W. H., clerk District Traffic Manager's Office, G I P Railway—Poona

D'Abreo, A, clerical Pay Examiner's Office—Poona

D'Abreo, M, clerk of Customs, Khetty Bunder—Kurrachee

Daley, Charles J, transporter—Abyssinia

Dahing, Rev H, Roman Catholic Chaplain—Belgaum

Daltor, C J, store clerk at Watson and Daltor—Bhosawal

Dalt, J, permanent way inspector, G I P Railway—Dipoorie

Daly, Charles A, assistant Electric Telegraph Department—Lidleena, S inde

Dalrymple, A, superintendent Botanical Gardens, and Conservator of Forests—Dipoorie

Dalzell, Pittney Mann, Deputy Commissioner—Suiat

Dalrymple, district engineer G I P Railway—Nipore

Daniel, James, former Bristol 2nd class inspector Persian Telegraph—Shiraz

Daniel, Captain, commanding G Company 4th Regiment N I—Baola

Daniel, W, Engineer G I P Railway—Bhosawal

Darcy, J, 1st assistant superintendent Punjab Indian Navigation—Sukkur

Davidson, James, inspector, (at the) Artillery—Mhow

Davidson, J, Forest Department—Hoshangabad

Davidson W, letter B B and C I Railway—Amrolo

Davies, H L A, 1st class assistant engineer G I P Railway—Narsingpore

Davies, F H, district traffic superintendent, B B and C I Railway—Mhow

Davis, I, 1st class master Indian Lotilla—Kotree

Davis, Herbert L A, assistant engineer G I P Railway—Narsingpore

Davis, John, Engineer Public Works Department—Poona

Davis, W, inspector contingent (at the) Preventive Service—S Concan, Oorun

Davison, John, partner J Davison and Co, tailors—Kurrachee

Dawson J, 2nd class assistant engineer G I P Railway—(Europe)

Day, R, engineer Indian Lotilla—Kotree

De Almeida, clerk, Hutcheson Dole and Co—Tannah

De Almeida C, head clerk Stamp Office—Poona

Dean Rev S C, American Missionary—Sittara

DeBellemeur A, French Consular Agent—China

DeConceicao J, Engineer, clerk Inspector General of Hospitals—Poona

De Costa, A C, clerk, (at the) European Telegraph—Kurrachee

De Costa, C, clerk, Indian Lotilla—Kurrachee

De Costa, F, clerk, Indian Lotilla—Inspector Telegraph Department—Kurrachee

De Costa, I, signaller Electric Telegraph—Cuwar

De Costa, George, commissioning officer—Abyssinia

De Costa, J, clerk, B B and C I Railway—Amrolo

De Costa, Theodore, storekeeper Locomotive Department B B & C I Railway—Amrolo

DeCosta, Peter, clerk to Firley & Co—Kurrachee

De Costa J, assistant in charge Electric Telegraph Office—Deesa

DeCruz, G, Government Pensioner—Poona

De Cunha, Captain J, H H Gunpowder Invalid Battalion—Baroda

De Cunha, C D, stores delivery clerk, G I P Railway—Tannah

De Cunha, I B, clerk, Alienation Branch Revenue Commissioner's Office, N D,

Poona

De Cunha, J, deputy postmaster—Kurrachee

De Cunha, J A, 1st hospital assistant, 17th N I—Nasoorabad

De Cunha, M, carriage fitter, B B & C I Railway—Amrolo

De Cunha, F B, clerk, Municipal Commissioner's Office—Tannah

De Cunha, I J, clerk, Accountant's Office, G I P. Railway—Tannah

- De Cunha, T. M., clerk, Stamp Office—Tanna
 De Evans, P. H., assistant engineer, P. W. D.—Sattara
 De Emmon, Geo. L., sub-conductor, Commissariat Department—Poona
 De Gama, C. W., head clerk to the Magistrate of Kurrachee
 De Gama, John, Government pensioner—Kurrachee
 De Gama, J. J., record clerk, Indo-European Telegraph—Kurrachee
 De Gama, A. G., assistant apothecary, Medical Store Dept.—Belgaum
 De Lima, C., gatekeeper, Customs House—Kurrachee
 De Lima, D. S., assistant apothecary—Mhow
 De Mello, A. F., clerk, Collector's Office—Shikarpore
 De Mello, J. F., clerk, Jacob's Rifle—Jacobabad
 De Mello, Lewis, clerk, Pay Examiner's Office—Poona
 De Mello, M., pensioner—Jacobabad
 De Mello, N., clerk, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 De Mello, R., clerk, Assistant Political Superintendent's Office—Jacobabad
 De Mello, piano tuner and music master—Poona
 De Mello, Peter, clerk, O. I. & N. Company—Kurrachee
 De Mendoza, A. P., clerk, Kattywar Agency—Rajpote
 De Mendoza, M., judicial clerk, Kattywar Agency—Rajpote
 De Miranda, M., head clerk Deputy Commissioner of Customs, S. Division
 Demery, John Baptiste, bandmaster 13th Regt. N. 1—Ahmedabad
 De Narasimh, I. Z., clerk, Office Revenue Commissioner S. D.—Poona
 Dency, C., brewer, G. I. P. Railway—Eggsipora
 Denis, Anton N., clerk, Office Revenue Commissioner S. D.—Poona
 Denis, Alb. E., partner, Volkart Brothers, and acting Consul for Prussia—Kurrachee
 Denis, M., assistant, Volkart Brothers—Kurrachee
 Denton, Charles, in charge of the Military Treasure Chest—Mhow
 D Oliveira, Rev. J. N., Roman Catholic Priest, Bhooj and Rajpote
 D Oliveira, Rev. P. F., Roman Catholic Priest, Ahmedabad and Hursale
 De Quadros, A. R., clerk, Pay Examiner's office—Poona
 De Ricci, J. H., 3rd Grade Assistant Settlement Officer, Indus Right Bank Districts
 Scinde
 De Rozario, G., assistant apothecary, Medical Charge Agency—Munro
 De Rozario, J., assistant apothecary, 95th Regiment of Foot—Mhow
 De Rozario, J. A., signaller, Electric Telegraph—Surat
 De Sa, F. M., clerk 13th Regiment N. 1—Ahmedabad
 De Sa, Francis Xavier, (Mining Company) (Limited)—Karagaum
 De Silva, Antonio, Inspecting Post Master—Ahmednuggur
 De Silva, B., inspector Government Telegraph—Surat
 De Silva, J., clerk—Munro, Kurrachee
 De Silva, Frederick—Poona
 De Silva, F. L., clerk, Public Health Department—Dahool
 De Silva, Joseph P., clerk, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 De Silva, J. R., tutor, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Anroole
 De Silva, M. F., clerk, Ordinance Examiner's Office—Poona
 De Silva, P. M., auditor, Pay Examiner's Office—Poona
 Desmori, Charles, clerk, Settlement Office—Sukkur
 Desmori, G.—Kurrachee
 De Souza, A., signaller, Scinde Railway Telegraph—Bolari
 De Souza, A., 2nd assistant G. T. Survey—Poona
 De Souza, A., assistant apothecary, Royal Artillery—Mhow
 De Souza, C., clerk, Political Superintendent's Office—Jacobabad
 De Souza, C., clerk, 3rd Scinde Horse—Jacobabad
 De Souza, C. J., station clerk, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 De Souza, C., signaller, Govt. Telegraph—Bulser
 De Souza, C. B., Kotwal—Poona
 De Souza, D. F., assistant in charge, Electric Telegraph—Kotras
 De Souza, Immanuel, clerk, Scinde Railway—Kotras
 De Souza, Edward, Telegraph Master—Kolapore
 De Souza, Francis, signaller Electric Telegraph—Shikarpore
 De Souza, F., sub assistant Guzerat Revenue Survey—Surat District
 De Souza, F. C., clerk, Public Works Department—North Usara
 De Souza, J. A., assistant apothecary, Medical Store Department—Kurrachee
 De Souza, J., clerk, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee

- DeSousa, J. C., Europe shopkeeper—Hurda
 DeSousa, J. D., signaller Scinde Railway Telegraph—Joongahara
 DeSousa, J. G., clerk, Alienation Branch Revenue Commissioner's Office, N. D.—
 Poona
 DeSousa, Joseph M., clerk, Indus Steam Flotilla—Kotree
 DeSousa, J. M., hospital steward, 19th Foot—Dacca
 DeSousa, Joseph, signaller, Scinde Railway Telegraph—Kotree
 DeSousa, J., inspector, Government Distillery—Poona
 DeSousa, J. M., apothecary David Sassoon's Hospital—Poona
 DeSousa, J. P., clerk, Revenue Land Kurrachee
 DeSousa, L. L., Transit Agent for Khandesh, Malwa and Central India—
 Malhigam
 DeSousa, M., sailmaker B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amroles
 DeSousa, Manuel—Amroles
 DeSousa, N., native Doctor 3rd Scinde Horse—Jacobabad
 DeSousa, medical attendant B. B. & C. I. Railway—Broach
 DeSousa, clerk Indo-European Telegraph Dept.—Kurrachee
 DeSousa, clerk, Customs, Custom House—Kurrachee
 DeSousa, Phillip, lun, pensioner, apothecary and medical practitioner—Poona
 DeSousa, Rev. J. C. M., Roman Catholic Priest—Satara
 DeSousa, R., miller, Electric Telegraph—Hyderabad
 DeSousa, Rev. J. Blaz, Roman Catholic Chaplain—Kolarpoore
 DeSousa, Sebastian, overrider Electric Telegraph, 19th Foot
 DeSousa, Thomas, stores delivery clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Fanna
 Desouza, Vincent, assistant apothecary, Civil Hospital—Kurrachee
 DeSousa, Xavier, clerk Boat Department—Kurrachee
 DeVida, A., probationer, Electric Telegraph Office—Baroda
 Devitt, James, General Commanding H. H. the British Forces—Baroda
 Devitt, P. J., overrider, Public Works Department—Mhow
 Dewar, I. J., 2nd class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway, No. 5 Viaduct Dhore
 Ghaut
 Dewey, Joseph, engineer Indus Flotilla—Kotree
 Dewey, Robert, engineer Indus Flotilla—Kotree
 Dewey, Thomas, district superintendent, G. I. P. Railway—Nagpore
 DeSilva, C. A., signaller pro L. DeSilva—Belgaum
 DeSilva, L., clerk Ordnance Examination Office—Poona
 DeSilva, J. L., signaller, Government Telegraph Department—Belgaum
 DeSilva, L., coach builder auctioneer and commission agent—Belgaum
 DeSilva, P. M., clerk, Pay Examiner's Office—Poona
 Dias, A. C., stores delivery clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Fanna
 Dias, A. J., watchmaker & general dealer Sudder Bazar—Poona
 Dias, A. J., station master B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Dias, Tim—Poona
 Dias, P. M., apothecary Civil Hospital—Jacobabad
 Dias, L. L., stores clerk, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Dickinson, I., 1st class assistant engineer G. I. P. Railway—Sholapore
 Dickinson, H., sugar planter "Ferriah Bagh"—Ahmednagar
 Dickinson, J. C., sugar planter and distiller, "Hills Bagh"—Jooneer
 Dickinson, Thomas, clerk, Adjutant General's office—Poona
 Dickson, contractor, Local Funds—Tanna
 Dickson, W., foreman running engines, G. I. P. Railway—Egntpoora
 Dieg, I., clerk, Custom House—Kurrachee
 Dies, Rev. E., German Evangelical Mission—Kadakh, near Calcut
 Disney, Henry Keith, Assistant Superintendent Khandesh Revenue Survey—
 Malhigam
 Divine, P., bullock—Poona
 Division of Oriental India Steam Co., River E
 it—Gandur
 Dodd, W., guard, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Doig, B., assistant engineer 3rd Grade P. W. Department
 Dolitscher, B., chief mechanic Indo-European Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Don, Alex., agent, Bank of Bombay—Poona
 Donnelly, J. W., Chaplain's clerk—Kirkoe
 Donnelly, W., landing inspector, Bracey and Wythes, contractors—Kamaree,
 Scinde
 Donnelly, William, stores clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Sholapore

Doogan P. house land and general agent—Fanchgunny
 Dooley M. B. assistant engineer P. W. D. Iona—Larkes
 Dr. Wilson J. overseer Engine Department B. B. & C. I. Railway—Burst
 Dowling M. assistant overseer P. W. D.—Oorin Ianna District
 Downman H. sub assistant Scinde Revenue Survey—Scinde
 Downman Joseph assistant Settlement Officer and Settlement Survey—Hyderabad
 Downie Donald engineer Indus Flotilla—Kotree
 Downson John S. assistant in charge, Electric Telegraph—Shikarpoor
 Dr. Edwin Arthur Clark Executive Engineer's office Ianna
 Dracup, L. W. Clerk, P. W. Master's Office—Aligarh
 Dr. Isaac Horroby Deputy Collector and Magistrate—Battar
 Dryadale, J., assistant commissioner—Raspoore
 Drake Benjamin (senior) permanent way inspector G. I. I. Railway—Kaim
 Drake Benjamin (junior)
 Drake B. civil engineer and contractor, G. I. I. Railway—Poona
 Draper Robert guard Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Draper Thomas conductor Orinnee Department—Hyderabad
 Draper, William, M. A., assistant educational inspector—Central Division, P. W. D.
 Drewett, J. W. fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Drumm, Patrick, hospital steward, 19th Regiment—Deesa
 Drummond, L., assistant overseer, P. W. Department—Khandesh
 Durb, D. A., Clerk, (Civil) and Examiner's Office—Poona
 Dudley, J., postmaster—Ahmednagar
 Duff, Richard, engineer, Indus Flotilla—Kotree
 Duggan, Henry J., inspector of police—Kaim
 Duggan, John, 1st class assistant engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Burrish
 Duguid J., Resident Engineer B. B. & C. I. Railway—Dhankoo
 Dullard, J. H., clerk to Deputy Collector of Shikhar Bunder—Kaim
 Duns, R. L., Captain, G. I. P. Railway—Larkes
 Dunlop, John, clerk, Commissioner's Office—Kurrachee
 Dunlop, J. H., district surgeon, G. I. P. Railway—Manmar
 Dunk, Henry carriage examiner (all in)
 Dunlop, J. military guard G. I. P. Railway—Larkes
 Dunlop, Walter, assistant chorlister—Larkes
 Dunn, Thomas, sub assistant Revenue Survey—Kurrachee
 Dunn, W. H., inspector of J. H. B. railway, contractor G. I. P. Railway Works—Larkes
 Durant, Charles Albert, 2nd Class Inspector of Larkes Railway—Larkes

Bakins, A., driver, G. I. P. Railway—Burrish
 Bakins G., engine driver G. I. P. Railway—Larkes
 Baines, Rev. W. L. chaplain—Poona
 Bagan, John, named conductor—B. B. & C. I. Railway
 Bagshaw, George schoolmaster 18th Foot—Mhow
 Baiton, R. S., 2nd class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Burrish
 Edgerton, J., pensioner of Government—Poona
 Edgerton, S., Clerk, Military Accountants Office—Poona
 Edington, S., signaller Electric Telegraph Department—Poona
 Edington, W., travelling auditor, G. I. P. Railway, N. L. Larkes—Khandesh
 Edmonds, Alfred, carriage examiner—Gallian
 Edmonds, Basil, Agent On the Inland Steam Company—Larkes
 Edmonds, E., storekeeper, O. I. S. Company—Kurrachee
 Edwards, Charles Thomas, clerk, Indian Revenue—Persian Gulf
 Edwards, Charles Thomas, clerk, Asst. A. G. of the Office—Larkes
 Edwards Samuel, barrack master—Ahmednagar
 Edwards, James, probationer, Electric Telegraph—Khandesh
 Edwards, John, Hoozon Deputy Magistrate—Khandesh
 Edwards, F., store clerk, Indus Steam Flotilla—Kotree
 Ender, George, pensioner—Aden
 Elliott, E., assistant shop foreman G. I. P. Railway—Burrish
 Elliott, J., master, Bishop's School—Nagpoor
 Elliott, Robert William—Kurrachee
 Ellis, Charles, store-keeper Punjab Flotilla—Sukkur
 Ellis, David, engineer cotton mills, Broach
 Elms, Henry Boothby, cotton department—Vingorla
 Liton, C., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Mulkapoor

Elton, G, carpenter Indo-European Telegraph Establishment—Quadrant
 Elton, W, engine driver, G. I. P. Railway—Lanowice
 Emmons, Benjamin, assistant overseer P. W. D.—Kaira
 Enklee, Jacob, landmaster 11th Regiment N. I.—Deesa
 Ensigns, Rev J, Roman Catholic chaplain—Poona
 Evans, K., assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Sholapoor
 Evans, William, clerk in the Adawint—Poona
 Everard, Major, Cantonment Magistrate—Poona
 Excross, John L., apothecary to the Quicowai's General Hospital—Baroda

F

Fibey, C. S., engineer for Canals—Sinkarpore
 Fahie, W. J., executive engineer Canal Department—Hydrabad Sind
 Fahy laboratory in Ordnance Department—Kutia
 Fairbank, Rev S. B., American Missionary—Wadala (Deccan)
 Fairbairn, lieutenant and pleader—Tanna
 Fairbairn, G. A., signaller, Telegraph Department—Ahmednuggur
 Fallon, Palmer, knight—Solapur, Deccan
 Fallon, Stephen, assistant, W. J. Porter & Co.—Kurrachee
 Fallon, S. W., officiating superintendent, Government School—Ajmer
 Fallon, William Herbert, Solapur—Deccan
 Falshaw J., fireman G. I. P. Railway—Lanowice
 Farr, Reuben C., record clerk, Indo-European Telegraph—Lanowice
 Farrell, James Andrew, 1st class signaller Indo-European Telegraph—Pune
 Farrel, John, pensioner—Panchgunny
 Farrel, R. M., Catholic schoolmaster, Royal Artillery—Kurrachee
 Farrow, J., engineer Indus Flotilla—Kotree
 Fawcett, J. L., clerk Military Accounts Office—Poona
 Fawcett, W., titler Locomotive Department G. I. P. Railway—Lanowice
 Fearn Samuel Indo-European Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Fearn W., assistant apothecary, L. S. Royal Artillery—Sholapoor
 Featherstone, J., permanent way inspector G. I. P. R.—Bulgham
 Fell, Richard (senior) partner, Fell & Son, Commission Agents, 1st Street—Poona
 Fell, Richard (junior), partner, Fell and Son—Poona
 Fennell, H., boiler maker B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amroli
 Fennell Rev W. J. chaplain, Expeditionary Force—Abyssinia
 Fennell William A. Conservator of Forests in Scinde—Kurrachee
 Fenwick, J., station master, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Breach
 Fenwick, W. R., deputy post master—Jaulna
 Ferguson, Alexander, joiner, Indus Steam Flotilla—Kurrachee
 Fernandez Bernard, of the Press—Cochin
 Fernandes, B., Agent—Calcutta
 Fernandes, J. M., permanent way inspector G. I. P. R.—Kurrachee
 Fernandes, E. B., tailor—Kurrachee
 Fernandes, D., assistant apothecary, Medical Store Department—Mhow
 Fernandes, T., assistant apothecary Mount Abu buntarium
 Fernandez, B., clerk, Indus Steam Flotilla—Kotree
 Fernandez, Francis R.—Wichwele C. M. M.
 Fernandez, G. D., signaller, Electric Telegraph—Belgaum
 Fernandez, James O. superintendent of the Central Jail Yerrowda—Poona
 Fernandez, Joseph F., assistant revenue and police commissioner N. D.—Poona
 Fernandez, J., moulder B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amroli
 Fernandez, J. H., merchant, &c.—Cochin
 Fernandez, J. M., clerk, Ordnance Examiner's Office—Poona
 Fernandes, Nicholas (junior) solicitor, High Court—Ahmedabad
 Fernandez Rev A. Roman Catholic chaplain—Madrass—Canara
 Fernandez, T. R., assistant settlement officer—Sukkur
 Fernandez, V. M., Public Works Department—Madrass
 Fernandez, A. K., Draftsman, Bridge Railway Extension—Kurrachee
 Fialho, L. R., clerk, Controller Military Accountant's Office—Poona
 Fink, Rev A. German Evangelical Mission—Canara
 Fitzgerald E., permanent way inspector G. I. P. R.—Hundah
 Fitzgerald James, conductor Ordnance Department—Aden
 Fitzherbert A. J., inspector Indo-European Telegraph—Sonmeane
 Fitzpatrick D., pensioner—Poona
 Fitzpatrick Mrs. Bible-reader—Poona
 Fitzpatrick, J., signaller, Electric Telegraph—Kurrachee

- Flackett, William fireman, G. I. P. Railway—Khandeish Districts
 Fleischer M. assistant superintendent Government telegraph—Surat
 Fleminmont A. N. de, Editor and Proprietor *Sindhi* newspaper and Secretary
 Chamber of Commerce—Kurrachee
 Fleming D. master Indus Steam Boat Co. Kotree
 Fleming J.—Bazaar Street, Kurrachee
 Fletcher Thomas K. acting master Bombay Marine—Kotree
 Fletcher K. station master, G. I. P. Railway—Sholapore
 Fletcher W., shunting master, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Foley, I., sub conductor, Ordnance Department—Ahyssinia
 Fonseca J. D., clerk, Adjutant General's Office—Poona
 Fonseca J., commissariat inspector—Ahyssinia
 Fonseca, P., bandmaster, 15th Rifles—Sholapore
 Ford, H. H., Executive Engineer, J. India Division—Aurangabad
 Forbes, Colonel John Lambert, Adjutant General, Grenadier's Army—Baroda
 Ford, P., sub assistant Revenue Survey—Kurrachee
 Forrest, J. I., editor, *Central India Times*—Nagpore
 Forrestell, William, conductor, Ordnance Department—Poona
 Forster, Charles, assistant conservator of Forests—Guzerat
 Fortune, I. H., carriage examiner, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Fowler, E., guard, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Kurrachee
 Fowler, G., police inspector—Ahmedabad
 Fox, I. rail lin, superintendent, Oriental Indus Steam Ship Co.—Kurrachee
 Foxley, Edward, overseer, Canal Department—Shil arjore
 Foxley, George, overseer, Canal Department—Hydrabad
 Foxton, William, acting Judge of Shil arjore
 Foxwell, Joshua, telegraph master—Satara
 Foy, Thomas M. resident engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Piroda
 Francis, I., Roman Catholic priest, Nacmch
 Francis, John G., inspector of Police Department—B. B. & C. I. R.—Palghur
 Franz, Charles, deputy telegraph master—Belgaum
 Franz L. H. C., (senior) pensioned telegraphist—L. G. M.
 Fraser J., manager, Poona Carpentry and Cabinet Making Co.—Poona
 Fraser J. V., assistant superintendent, Government Telegraph Office—Ahmedabad
 Frisb, Rev. L., German Evangelical Missionary—J. India, Cochin
 Fraser, Alex. garden, Railway Magistrate—Poona and Ahmedabad
 Fraser, A. engineer, Bombay Marine—Ahyssinia
 Fraser, D. D., head constable—Alora
 Fraser, W., inspector, Government telegraph—Baroda
 Frederick, Henry, saddler—Secunderabad
 Frederick, Robert, saddler—Secunderabad
 French, J., driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 French, John, apothecary, H. M.'s 15th Regiment—Deesa
 Fritz, Rev. J. M., German Evangelical Mission—Chilant, Multan
 Frost, Rev. Andrew H., missionary, Church Missionary Society—Nasik
 Frost, Thomas, pensioned apothecary, and clerk to L. India L. India & Co.—Poona
 Fry, Henry J., carriage foreman, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Frye G., sub conductor, Ordnance Department—Aden
 Frye, L. Ward, conductor, Ordnance Department—Ahyssinia
 Fryer, permanent way inspector, G. I. P. Railway—Bhur Ghant, Lanowlio
 Fullam, J., clerk, Indo European Telegraph—Murchison
 Fullard, Sebastian head store delivery clerk—L. India
 Gabbler, G. L., station superintendent, Indo European Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Gabriel, A., inter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Gahagan, J., supervisor, I. W. D.—J. India, L. India
 Gaff, E., permanent way inspector, G. I. P. R.—L. India
 Gainer, James C., clerk, Adjutant General's Office—Ahyssinia
 Gamber, — schoolmaster Royal Artillery—Poona
 Gann, John, resident engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bulsar
 Gellan, F., assistant station master—Chilant
 Gallagher, J., guard B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Gallagher, J., assistant apothecary, general duty—Poona
 Gamble, Joseph captain, commanding Grenadier's Horse Artillery—Baroda
 Gardner, I., Government telegraph—M. India
 Gardner, George P., inspecting Post Master in Khandeish—Malligaum
 Gardner, John, officiating, Post Master—Ahyssinia
 Gardner, John—Kurrachee

Gaynor, J, permanent way inspector G. I. P. R.—Taptce
 Githertole, J, driver, G. I. P. Railway—Kutputoor
 Garthwaite, H, apprentice, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Gearing, O, engine driver, G. I. P. Railway—Lanowlee
 Geddes, Acland C, civil engineer, Nagpore Line G. I. P. Railway—Mortisapora
 George, J, M. A., apothecary, medical charge, Dispensary Allarka lands
 George, N, Deputy Commissioner's Office—Oomrawatee
 Gerard, P, Hope Estate—South Wynad
 Gerrard, P, inspector, Government Telegraph—Baroda
 Gibson, James, assistant superintendent, Khandraha Revenue Survey—Malligaum
 Gibson, J. B., assistant superintendent, Revenue Survey—Khandraha
 Gibson W, permanent way inspector, G. I. P. R.—Bholapoor
 Gibbons, Francis, Magistrate—Kurrachee
 Gidley, C, turner, G. I. P. Railway—Lanowlee
 Gilbert, A, station master—Bhoit Ghaut
 Gilder, G. C, assistant Secretary to Government—Bombay and Poona
 Gierston, Girt Morrison, superintendent of police—Dharwar
 Giles C permanent way inspector, G. I. P. R.—Khundwah
 Giles, Edward, master attendant and assistant commissioner, Marine Dept.—Kurrachee
 Gillespie, Frederick, draftsman, Executive Engineer's Office—Belgaum
 Gillespie, Nathaniel, Post Master—Poona
 Gillespie, Rev Luke, Commissioner's Office Southern Division—Poona
 Gillespie, W. Adam, house agent—Belgaum
 Gillett, Rev. A. O., Baptist missionary—Poona
 Gilligan, James, head assistant, Pay Examiner's Office—Poona
 Gilmore, J., driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bulwar
 Gladstone, Walter, Coffee Estate Wynad—Malabar Coast
 Glansey, J, sub-conductor, Commercial Department—Amstergur
 Glardon, Rev W missionary U. P. Mission, Bhopoona—Ajmer
 Glasgow, Rev James, D. D., Irish Presbyterian Missionary—Bural
 Glendon, J, B. B. & C. I. Railway—South Wynad
 Glover, J, fitter, G. I. P. Railway—Lanowlee
 Good, H, permanent way inspector G. I. P. Railway—Thull Ghaut Kurrachee
 Goodall, Samuel, inspector G. I. P. Railway N. L. Line
 Goodfrey, J, fireman, G. I. P. Railway—Bhosawal
 Goodfrey, Mrs. Milner Civil Lines, Poona, and Bombay
 Gomes, S, signaller Scinde Railway Telegraph—Juniper
 Gomes, L. C, storeroom Indus Flotilla—Kurrachee
 Gomes, N, signaller, B. B. & C. I. Railway Telegraph—Ahmedabad
 Gomes, P. M., office of deputy collector—Larkana Upper bounds
 Gomes, S. O, clerk Chief Marine Engineer's Office, Flotilla—Kannazee
 Gonsalves Gabriel Electric Telegraph Department—Bulwar
 Gonsalves G. R, clerk Deputy Consulting Engineer's Office—Kurrachee
 Gonsalves J, signaller, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Gonsalves, John Clement, assistant, Electric Telegraph Department—Thun and
 Parker (Scinde)
 Gonsalves, Joseph Raphael, clerk, Scinde Railway Office—Kurrachee
 Gonsalves, J. M., deputy post master—Gulick
 Gonsalves M. A., clerk to Deputy Collector—Bakkur and Shikarpoor
 Gonsalves, Mrs., midwife—Sukkur
 Gonsalves, P., assistant Commissioner of Customs—Cuttar
 Gonsalves S., journeyman apprentice Indus Flotilla—Kotice
 Good, B permanent way inspector, G. I. P. Railway Thull Ghaut Kurrachee
 Goode, W. H., Railway Contractor—Bulwar
 Goodburn, C, clerk Indo-European Telegraph Department—B to
 Goodhall Henry Benjamin clerk Military Accountant's Office—Poona
 Goodhead Joseph, smith, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Goodyear, Thos., barrack sergeant—Bulwar
 Gordon, J.—Perindalye Estate, South Wynad
 Gordon, John head clerk, Revenue Survey Office—Poona
 Gordon, R., assistant turner, Ordnance Department—Hydrabad
 Gordon, Samuel fitter, G. I. P. Railway—Munmar
 Gordon William, head clerk in the Adwalut—Battara
 Gould W, (jr) station master, G. I. P. Railway—Kowtah
 Gould W captain H. H. the Gourow in the Regiment Infantry—Kattiraw
 Goulden, J. B., head master, Government English School—Ajmer
 Goulden, H., inspector to J. Bray contractor G. I. P. Railway Works—Bhopoona

Goulding, J, inspector, Scinde Railway—Kotree
 Gow, James, C A, contractor P W D—Akola, West Berar
 Gower, G, overseer, B B & O I Railway—Amrolee
 Graham, sub-conductor, Ordnance Department—Ahmednagar
 Grant, M, assistant superintendent, Fauna and Rutnagairy Revenue Survey—
 Sattara
 Grant, James, agent, Bank of Bombay—Kurrachee
 Grant, John, assistant overseer, P W D—North Canara
 Grant, Thomas W, 3rd class assist engineer, Great Indian Peninsula Railway—
 Mumbai
 Grant, W, sub-agent, Adamson & Clowser, Railway contractors—Soolimoor
 Gray, J, clerk, Scinde Railway—Kotree
 Graves, J M, superintending assistant settlement officer, Right Bank Districts—
 Scinde
 Green, J, pensioner—Lutpools
 Green, J B, assistant overseer, P W D—Poona
 Green, J, freight agent, O I S N Company—Sukkar
 Greenhill, C, engine driver G I P Railway—Lanowlee
 Greenhill, H, fitter, G I P Railway—Lanowlee
 Gregory, C V, clerk, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Gregory, J, ex cutive engineer, P W Department—Upper Scinde
 Gregory, J, assistant engineer, P W Department—Nasir
 Gregory, John, conductor, Ordnance Department—Ahmednagar
 Grew, Charles, clerk to Deputy Collector—Sukkar
 Grew, J. L, engineer, Moduril Press and Cotton Ginning Company
 Grew, William L, book keeper to Secretaries Agent—Kurrachee
 Griffith, R H, ex cutive engineer, Irrigation Department Nagpur Dis-
 tricts—Ahmednagar
 Grogan, Henry, senior inspector, Coast Guard Preventive Service, N D—Bombay
 Grogan, Mrs, milliner and dress maker—Lanowlee
 Groom, L B, 3rd class assistant engineer, G I P Railway—Sholapoor
 Grooms, Joseph, commanding H. R. the Gunpowder Black Horse—Borda
 Gubbay, Moses, Civil Lines—Lanowlee
 Gubbay, M B, Civil Lines—Poona
 Guerin, Joseph Arthur, assistant superintendent Guzerat Revenue Survey Sur-
 vey
 Gulai, W, Carpenter G I P Railway Works—Hosur, Madras
 Guler, J, Electric Telegraph G I P Railway—Bachura
 Gunther, G H, Cochran Street Press—Lanowlee
 Gurr, G, driver, G I P Railway—Lanowlee
 Gunnett, C, fitter, B B & O I Railway—Bulser
 Gwynn, Nathaniel, sub-assistant trigonometrical survey—Kattywar

H

Haaberg, R, driver G I P Railway—Lanowlee
 Hadjen, H, Mry and lecturer C. Sec. Lectures—South Wynad
 Hahn, I, German Evangelical Mission—Ahmednagar—C. Sec.
 Hain, F, pensioner—Poona
 Hall, H, assistant, Burrell and Co—Sholapoor
 Hall, George, deputy assistant commissary, P W Department and overseer of
 Aqueducts—Poona
 Hall, James, Clifford, assistant superintendent Guzerat Revenue Survey—Ahmednagar
 Hall, J, driver, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Hall, W, partner Fleming & Co—Kurrachee
 Halliday, E, assistant supervisor, P W D—Kurrachee
 Halliday, Rev G, Roman Catholic Priest—Ahmednagar
 Haller, I, German Evangelical Mission—C. Sec.
 Hamilton, A W, permanent way inspector G I P Railway—Nasik
 Hamilton, H, assistant architect—Kurrachee
 Hamilton, J, magazine sergeant, Ordnance Department—Mhow
 Hamilton, John William, Telegraph Department—Lanowlee
 Hampton, J, sub-Punjab Government Plotter—Lanowlee
 Humphreys, J, engine driver G I P Railway—Lanowlee
 Humphreys, J, driver B B & O I Railway—Lanowlee
 Humphreys, Capt Alex, commanding Gunpowder's H. R. Regiment—Kattywar
 Humphreys, Rev G, German Evangelical Mission—Lanowlee
 Hankinson, J, 2nd class engineer, Punjab Government Plotter—Scinde

- Hannah, H, commission agent and toy merchant, Sudder Bazar—Poona
 Hannah, John, clerk, H. Bell & Son and engraver Sudder Bazar—Poona
 Hannah, J. A., clerk, Bell and Son—Poona
 Hannub, I., sub conductor, Ordnance Department—Aden
 Hannuagan, J. S., superintendent, Comr's Office—Jubbulpore
 Hanson —, sub engineer, Department Public Works—Uburnar
 Hanson, Albert assistant apothecary, 14th (King's Own) Regiment—Abyssinia
 Hanson, Henry H. Indus Steam Flour Co.—Kotice
 Hanson, James Wiltshire, signaller electric telegraph—Poona
 Hanson, John, pensioner—Poona
 Hanson Joseph, pensioned mechanic—Poona
 Hanson Robert, clerk, Adjutant's Office 14th Regiment N. I.—Aden
 Hanson, Samuel (senior), senior apothecary medical charge, Vingoria
 Hanson Samuel (junior), assist. overseer, Public Works Department—Surat
 Hanson W —Poona
 Harding Rev Charles, American, missionary—Sholapore
 Hardy, Captain, Alexander commanding H. H. the Quicowar's 3rd Regiment Infantry—Baroda
 Hardy, H. I., assistant overseer P. W. Department—Scinde
 Hardie, Thos, boiler maker G. I. P. Railway—Rhowawl
 Harkness, Joseph, sub-contractor, Nagpoor Extension, G. I. P. Railway—near Rowtal
 Harrington, Edward clerk—Poona
 Harrington, W draftsman P. W. Department—Akola
 Harris, George, engineer apprentice, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Harris, H. quarter master Indo-European Telegraph—Baro
 Harris, H., driver B. B. & C. I. Railway—Baroda
 Harris, John foreman, running wheel G. I. P. Railway—Kurrut
 Harris, J., clerk, Transport Train—Abyssinia
 Harrison, Alex. b., sub agent Bank of Bombay—Blownuggur
 Harrison, Alex., assistant registrar & conservator of the Indus, Lower Division
 Harrison, H. B. H., clerk, Indo-European Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Harrison John conductor Commercial Department—Poona
 Harrison W. G. assist superintendent, Lanna and Lutta hilly Revenue Survey
 Hart, — assistant engineer Deccan Cotton Ginning and Press Company's Factory—Buddnara
 Hart, Daniel telegraph master—Mahabkshwar
 Hart I. Barrack master—Belgaum
 Hart, John H. L., executive engineer—Dharwar
 Hartley, James, conductor, Ordnance Department—Mhow
 Hartly, J. cooper Smith, G. I. P. Railway—Tulpoora
 Hartman, Rev R, German Evangelical mission—Udapy, Canara
 Harvey James, watchmaker—Kutkeo
 Harwood H. magazine sergeant, Ordnance Department—Mhow
 Harwood J., guard G. I. P. Railway—Tulpoora
 Hasclton B. superintendent, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Dharwar
 Hatheld James platelayer B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Hatheroth, George John, policeman of music—Dharwar
 Hauff, Rev H. German Evangelical mission—Mangalore
 Haughy M. sub conductor Ordnance Department—Abyssinia
 Hawke I. A., 1st class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Lisace, Now Hurdah
 Hawker, E. C., assistant engineer G. I. P. Railway—Scinde Station
 Hawkinson, J., engineer, Indus Steam Flour Co.—Kotice
 Hay James sub-conductor Ordnance Department—Mhow
 Hayne, J. B., coffee planter—Goa
 Hayter David, apothecary 83rd Regiment—Abyssinia
 Hayward, W., apothecary—Bashire
 Hazelgrove, George P., conductor, Ordnance Department—Europe
 Hazen, Rev. Allan American Missionary—Ahmednuggur
 Head J., sub contractor Lee, Watson and Atton's Railway Works—Nanjerie
 Hearn, Edward assistant superintendent Revenue Survey—Poona
 Hearn, John deputy collector and magistrate North Canara—Dharwar
 Hearn Michael sub-assistant surgeon in medical charge—Diplooka
 Hearn William Michael—Belgaum
 Heather, W. permanent way inspector, G. I. P. R. Shipport
 Heaton, b., clerk, Loco Department, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amroles

- Heaton, W., apprentice, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Henson, J. S., government pensioner—Dapolee
 Henderson, Charles, assistant Pay Examiner's Office, Civil Lines—Poona
 Henderson, J. H., superintendent of Police—Poona
 Henderson, James, conductor Commissariat Department—Europe
 Henderson, John, assistant, Finlay & Co.—Kurrachee
 Hendry, J., Ordnance Department
 Henry, P., engineer, Indus Steam Flotilla—Kotree
 Herbiage, Altrid, station superintendent, Indo-European Telegraph—Pan
 Herbert, J., driver, B B & C I Railway—Ahmedabad
 Herbert, Sidney, mechanician, Indo-European Telegraph, Kurrachee
 Heron, K., 3rd class engineer, B B & C. I. Railway—Bulsar
 Horie, Rev. W., German Evangelical mission—Palghat, Malabar
 Hossing, A., jul marshi—Panch Mahals Godra
 Hossing, J., inspector electric telegraph—Surat
 Hewing, Samuel, clerk, Military Accountant's office—Poona
 Hewitson, B. D., superintendent, B B & C. I. Railway—Bawsein
 Hewitt, John Zekhanab, attorney to H. H. the Nawab of Rhadunpore
 Hewitt, P. H., cotton inspector—Surat
 Hexton, Chas., assistant superintendent, Revenue Survey—Rutnaghery
 Heyward, H., conservancy department—Neemuch
 Higge, G., hospital steward, 4th King's Own Regiment—Abyssinia
 High, B., permanent way inspector, G. I. P. R.—Sholapoor
 High, John, carpenter and undertaker—Belgaum
 High, J., (junior) signaller, Electric Telegraph Department—Baroda
 High, James, carpenter—Belgaum
 Hilditch, W., driver, G. I. P. Railway—Munmar
 Hill, John, 2nd deputy forest ranger—Sukkur
 Hill, G. F., 3rd class engineer, B B. and C. I. Railway—Bugwara
 Hilliard, W. E., deputy conservator of forests—Poona
 Hind, J., carriage builder, G. I. P. Railway—Lanowlee
 Hinz, Ferdinand, electrician Indo-European Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Hoare, W. H., engine driver, G. I. P. Railway—Lanowlee
 Hobson, Emilus Archibald, assistant superintendent, Revenue Survey—Hydrabad
- Assigned Districts**
 Hodgson, J. E., secretary and surveyor to the Municipality—Shikapore
 Hogg, H., 1st class engineer, Indus Steam Flotilla—Kotree
 Hogarth, Henry, 1st class assistant engineer B. B & C. I. Railway—Bulsar
 Holden, John, foreman of engines, G. I. P. Railway—Egutpooi
 Holland, J., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Nassick
 Holland, M., store and park sergeant, Ordnance Department—Aden
 Hollingsworth, John Thomas, pensioner—Poona
 Hood, Winton and Mills, contractors, G. I. P. Railway Works—Hurda
 Hoogwerb, Edmund, head master, High School—Belgaum
 Hopkins, Samuel, assistant overseer, P. W. D.—Mount Aboo
 Hopkins, W., signaller, Electric Telegraph—Kumore
 Hopper, G., driver, B. B & C. I. Railway—Bulsar
 Horne, J., pulor—Kurrachee
 Horton, Charles, signaller, Electric Telegraph Department—Hydrabad, Deccan
 Houghland, Mrs., East Street—Poona
 Houlsten, J. M., auditor G. I. P. Railway—Munmar
 Howard, W. S., executive engineer, P. W. Department—Kirkos
 Howarth, Allan, driver, G. I. P. Railway Works—Lanowlee
 Howdon, A. O., assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Bhosawl
 Howel, Lieutenant B. P. (senior), H. H. Guicowar's 1st Regiment Infantry
 Highlanders—Baroda
 Howe, John, conservator of the Indus and supt Pilot establishment—Kotree
 Hubbard, George, coffee planter—Manantoddy, Wynaad
 Huber, Rev T., German Evangelical Mission—Hubby, S. M. Country
 Huckstepp, C., Survey Department—Nagpore
 Huckstepp, H. R., signaller, Electric Telegraph—Sattara
 Hudson, K., apothecary, H. M.'s 2nd Dragoon Guards—Mhow
 Hudspeth, J., conservancy sergeant—Neemuch
 Hughes, Henry Richard, partner, Hudgett and Hughes, auctioneers and general
 commission agents—Kurrachee and Kotree
 Hughes, J., fireman B B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Hughes, J. J., signaller, Electric Telegraph Office—Ahmedabad

Inghon, J S, 1st class signaller Persian Telegraph—Humadan
 Inmo, Jim a carpenter, Lee, Watson & Arthur's Railway Works—Nanjerie
 Hunt, John P, coffee planter, Mercara Estate—Wynall, Malabar Coast
 Hunt, John, chief clerk, Suider Court in the Province of Scinde—Kurrachee
 Hunt, Julius partner Volkert Brothers—Calcutta
 Hunt, Mrs Jacob, milliner and dress maker, East Street—Poona
 Hunt, Philip, overseer Public Works—Sutcliffe
 Hunter, Andrew, driver Lee, Watson & Arthur's Railway Works—Nanjerie
 Hurst J, clerk, Revenue Commissioner's Office—Poona
 Hutchinson, brother maker G I P Railway—Bhosawul
 Huxham, C, Annanalla Estate—South Wynad
 Huxham, William, agent—Calcutta
 Hyam, Joseph, bookbinder, &c.—Kurrachee
 Hykoop, Arie H, government pensioner—Baroda
 Hykoop, Captain, James B, commanding H H Guicowar's 2nd Regiment In
 fantry—Baroda
 Hykoop, Captain, John, comdg H H Guicowar's 2nd Regiment Baroda
 Hykoop, John, inspector of police—Kaira District
 Hykoop, Leonard, government pensioner—India
 Hynes, George John, sub agent Bombay Mail—Belgium
 Hynes, H H, acting sub-agent Bank of Bombay—Breach

I

Imrie, H assistant goods clerk Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Ingle, Henry, deputy collector and magistrate—Kaira
 Ingle, William Ashley, deputy collector in charge of Irrigation—Hydrabad
 Ingram W permanent way inspector G I P—Allahabad
 Irvin, James, head clerk, Indo European Telegraph Office—Kurrachee
 Isenberg, I & C W, missionary, Church Missionary Society—Nasirick
 Itan, Rev Ivar, Roman Catholic military chaplain—Kurrachee
 Izard, W G, civil engineer, Wythes and Jackson's Railway Works—Kurrachee
 Ivat Alexander assistant engineer—Omravuttico

J

Jacob, J P, head master High School—Poona
 Jacinto, J M, clerk, Military Accountants Office—Poona
 Jackson, H I, signaller, Persian Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Jackson Henry Beadon, supervisor Indian Works Department—Neranch
 Jackson, John, platelayer, Railway Works—Allahabad
 Jackson, John, head clerk, Quarter Master General's Office—Poona
 Jackson R, carriage examiner, G I P Railway—Calcutta
 Jackson, Thomas N, builder and contractor, Nasirick Saw Mill—Deolali
 Jacob, Arthur, civil engineer and executive engineer for Irrigation
 Jacob, W, inspecting postmaster—Malwa
 Jacques Rev A Roman Catholic chaplain—Kotree
 James, T carriage builder B B & C I Railway—Bulsar
 James, Gregory, mechanic Indus Motilla—Kurrachee
 James, H, Amrolee
 James, J fitter B B and C I Railway—Amrolee
 James, J foreman sawyer B I & C I Railway—Amrolee
 James, Peter, coffee planter Wynad—Malabar Coast
 James, Thomas, foreman, carriage department B B & C I Railway—Amrolee
 Jamieson, A, fitter, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Jarvis, J T 3rd class engineer Scinde Railway extension—Kotree
 Jeffries, W, driver, Sind Railway—Kurrachee
 Jenkins, G F, foreman copper smith, B I & C I Railway—Amrolee
 Jensen, Theodore, artist—Poona
 John, W, master, Indus Steam Motilla—Kotree
 Johnson James 1st class assistant engineer, G I P Railway—Indapoor
 Johnstone, I twin broker Fleming & Co—Kurrachee

Johnstone G, clerk, Indo European Telegraph Bussling
 Johnstone, J I B R, landing inspector Punjab Railway Office Kotice
 Johnstone, W Ordnance Department—Kurrachee
 Johnstone, W B, agent, Branch Bank of Bombay—Indore

Jollyo, R, master, Indus Steam Flotilla—Scinde
 Jones, Edward Airey—Poona
 Jones, Francis E, executive engineer for Canals—Upper Scinde
 Jones, Frederick, contractor—Bankerry, Hoosangah
 Jones, G, schoolmaster, 9th Regiment of Foot—Mhow
 Jones, H P, agent, Messrs Carter & Co—Sukkur
 Jones, J, barrack sergeant—Poona
 Jones, John, assistant, Military Finance Controller's Office—Poona
 Jones, J R, store clerk, G I P Railway—Calhan
 Jones, R, driver, B E & C I Railway—Amrolee
 Jones, Rev W, assistant chaplain—Kurrachee
 Jones, I O, Captain, Indus Flotilla—Kotree
 Jones W, conductor, Ordnance Department—Ahmedabad
 Jones William clerk, Political Resident's Office—Aden
 Jordan, Phos H, superintendent of mills and joinmaster—Tubbulpore
 Joseph C B, head police inspector—Wardah, Central Provinces
 Joseph H, clerk, G I P R—Contract No 11
 Jewett G C, 2nd class assistant engineer, G I P R—Bhosawal
 Judd A, traffic superintendent, N K Extension G I P Railway—Bhosawal
 Judd G, conductor, Ordnance Department—Hydrabad Sind

K

Kent George, barrack sergeant—Deccan
 Kanar John overseer B B & C I Railway—Surat
 Kanleiter, Rev J B, Roman Catholic Priest—Khindalla
 Kaufmann Rev Otto, German Evangelical Missionary—Coorg
 Kandinoji Rev H, German Evangelical Missionary—Mangalore
 Keating C, assistant superintendent, Mcker Telegraph—Bichure
 Kay J Seyun ur, agent, Branch Bank of Bombay—Hydrabad, Dorcan
 Kaye D, traffic manager, Punjab and Delhi Railway
 Keith, G, foreman boiler maker, Oriental Indus Steam Company.
 Kelly, John, deputy assistant commissary, P W D.—Scinde
 Kelly William Myhra, principal Deputy Collector—Surat
 Kelly, W, post master—Rajpoot
 Kemp T, engine driver G I P R—Deccan
 Kemp, C W, clerk, Military Accountant's Office—Poona
 Kenderline, I B C, permanent way inspector, G I P Railway—Poomalwarree
 Kendrick, I, permanent way inspector, G I P Railway—Deccan
 Kennedy, I, magazine sergeant—Poona
 Kenny, J, letter Hoos, Winton and Mills, Railway Works—Hurda
 Kenrick, J H, N. Officer for Ootacamund
 Ker, Charles Buchanan, general manager to Wythes and Jackson, contractors to
 the G I P Railway—Boothampoor
 Keri, Dant, driver Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Kerr, Henry, assistant locomotive and carriage superintendent—Egutpoora
 Kiddle, C, permanent way inspector, G I P R—Nimtoah
 Kiddle G, permanent way inspector G I P R—Hindah
 Kirk Rev G, German Evangelical Missionary—Guleda Gadda
 Kirchella, H Eli, clerk, Ordnance Examiner's Office—Poona
 Kirchella, W, pensioner—Poona
 Kimpton, George, inspecting post master—Nagpore
 King, C, special assistant engineer—North Canara
 King, E G, assistant overseer, Public Works Department—Ahmedabad
 King, John Oriental, clerk, Military Accountant's Office—Poona
 King, J, barrack sergeant—Nussurabad
 King, W A, guard, G I P, Railway—Poona
 Kingstone, Walter Alexander, assistant Customs' Patrol—Nagpore
 Kinloch, I. E, pensioned apothecary, in charge European Charitable Dispensary—
 Poona
 Kinloch, J, hospital steward, Field Force, Abyssinia
 Kinloch, J S, clerk Ordnance Examiner's Office—Poona
 Kirby, G. E, 1st class engineer Indus Steam Flotilla—Kotree
 Kirkbridge, J, inspector, Scinde Railway—Joongshah
 Kirk, Rev C, officiating pastor Saint Matthias' Church—Egutpoora
 Kuks, John, librarian, Station Library—Belgaum
 Kittel, Rev B, German Evangelical Mission—Mangalore
 Kleinkecht, Theodore, cotton planter—Kattywar

Klingglehofers, J, assistant station master G I P R—Budnaira
 Kliner, Rev B, R C priest—Ahmednuggur
 Knaismar Henry, barrack master—Rajpootana Circle
 Knight S, utter, G I P R—Poonah
 Knight W F, supervisor, P W D—Mount Aboe
 Knolles, Thomas H, 2nd class assistant engineer, G I I Railway—Nursingpore
 Knoch, Henry pensioned conductor—Petty Staff Lines, Poona
 Knowles, W, police constable—Aden
 Konig, C, assistant engineer—North Canals
 Klaus, Rev K, German Evangelical Mission—Ootacamund, Neilgherries
 Kyte, Charles Josiah, assistant Revenue and Police Commissioner, S D—Poona
 Kyte, S, inspector of Police, G I I Railway—Surat
 Kyte, I K, Hoosoor Deputy Collector and Magistrate—Sattara

Laci, George, gardener to A D Gassoon—Kirkce
 Liederich Emil, watchmaker—Kurrachee
 Lafond, A, hospital steward, 109th Foot—Mooltan
 Lambert, L, superintendent deputy collector—Hydrabad
 Lang, Thomas, conductor, Ordnance Department—Aden
 Lang, W, partner, Filley & Co—Kurrachee
 Langford, J, assistant fireman Luning Engines, G I. P. Railway—Blonawul
 Lang, Rev C, chaplain—Mulligum
 Larkin, A, signaller, Electric Telegraph—Pdgam
 Lauffer J, German Evangelical Missionary—Calcut
 Laule, K A, 4th master Government Telegraph Department—Poona
 Laule, Michael, B B & C I Railway—Nargum
 Law G, apothecary and printer—Nagpur
 Lawrence, Ignacio, apothecary—Ahmednuggur
 Lawrence, James, apothecary H M's 26th Cameronians—Abyssinia
 Lawrence Thomas, hospital steward 2nd Bat. 1st Foot—Nussurabad
 Lee, A H, partner Lee Watson & Aiton—(Europe)
 Lee, C, secretary and surveyor, Municipality—Hydrabad bounds
 Lee, Simon, H Public Works Department—Mhow
 Lee, William, conductor, Commissariat Department—Abyssinia
 Leo, Watson & Aiton railway contractors—Nagpur Kurrachee
 Lecks, W, carriage painter, B B & C I Railway—Surat
 Legg, J, permanent way inspector G I P Railway Nandura
 Leggett, E, storekeeper, G I P Railway—Haida
 Leggett, Eugene, solicitor—Kurrachee
 Leigh, F J, station master G I P R—Niphar
 Lenter, Rev A, Roman Catholic Chaplain—Kurrachee
 Leonard, Patrick, sub conductor, Commissariat Department—Nussurabad
 Lester, Alex, clerk, Pay & Accounts Office—Poona
 Lester, Geo, medical apprentice, 33rd Foot—Abyssinia
 Lester, W, government pensioner, and vakeel—Poona
 Letwiche, P, assistant, in charge G I I Railway Telegraph—Poona
 Lewis, A S, landing clerk B B & C I Railway—Amroite
 Lewis C F, assistant apothecary, 33rd Regiment—Abyssinia
 Lewis J W, barrack master—Sholapoor
 Lewis James, clerk G I I R—Launah
 Ley B, inspecting postmaster Railway N E Line
 Liffie —, guard G I P Railway—Sholapoor
 Light Richard & H assistant Revenue Survey S S. M Country—Dharwar
 Lilly C, driver B B & C I Railway—Ahmednuggur
 Litthgow D, assistant engineer P W Department—Surat
 Little I D, assistant Executive Engineer P W D—Punch Mahals
 Livington R, engineer in charge of Water Works—Poona
 Llewellyn I S, inspector G I P Railway Telegraph—Orian
 Lobo, A F, head clerk Commissariat Department—Kurrachee
 Lobo, A I, Electric Telegraph Office—Kurrachee
 Lobo, D L, clerk Commissariat Department—Kurrachee
 Lobo, J J, clerk, G I P R—Munnar
 Lobo, Martin, mechanic, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Lobo Martin, timekeeper, Locomotive Department, G I P Railway—Egutpoora
 Lobo, P, signaller, Telegraph Department Nuggur Parkur
 Lobo, W, clerk, Commissariat Department—Kurrachee

Loftie, E, assistant, Sindh Revenue Survey—Sindh
 Logue, B, boarding housekeeper—Kurrachee
 Longman, G, commander steamer *Princes Diamond*
 Longmuir, Thomas agent Bank of Bombay—Dharwar
 Lopez, Joseph, signaller, Sindh Railway Telegraph—Kotree
 Lopes, P, clerk Messrs Page & Co Cochin
 Lovejoy, Thomas, servant overseer, P W D—Surat
 Lucas, J, permanent way inspector G I P R—Sindh
 Lucas J permanent way inspector, G I P R—Contract No 14
 Luxa Henry Alexander, registrar of assurances—Poona
 Luxa, J, private tutor—Poona
 Lye, the venerable C H L. h, archdeacon Saint Paul's—Poona
 Lynn, J I, signaller Electric Telegraph Hyderabad
 Lynch Thomas P Captain Guicowar's Service—Baroda
 Lynn, Arthur Captain commanding H H Townshill's K C B S Troop
 Lynn, Edwin Lieutenant (junior) His Highness the Guicowar's, 3rd Regiment Infantry—Baroda
 Lynn, Thomas police inspector—Akola
 Lynn, W Adolphus, Lieutenant (Senior) H H. Guicowar's, 3rd Regiment Infantry—Baroda
 Lyons, John barrister at law—Aden
 Lyster, J C, commander steamer *Alfred*, River Indus

M

Macarthur, district agent to J Bray, contractor G I P Railway—Shahabad
 Macbeth, Alex, manager of Lee, Wilson, and Aitchison Railway Works—Badnair
 MacCarthy, Ed, manager, British Bank Ltd.—Bombay
 Macbott, Joseph Lieutenant Veteran 1st Battalion—Dapoolie
 Mackay, Donald, accountant to Almonson & Co's contractors—Sholapoor
 McDonald, J O, 2nd class assistant engineer, G I P R—Borhanpore
 Macgregor, S, postmaster—Kamptee
 Macfarlane, J, Olliver coffee estate, North Wynad
 Mackridg J L, registrar Chief Commissioner's Office—Nagpore
 Mack, Rev I, German Evangelical Mission—Cawara
 Mackintosh, Mrs, proprietress, Railway Hotel—Poona
 Macleanie Alex, agent Nicol & Co—Ahaungmy
 Macleanie, J W inspector to J Bray, G I P Railway works—Chigoota
 Mulenzie W A L—Ilichungun
 Macnab, Thomas Balfour, and agent, Branch Bank of Bombay—Wudwan
 Macpherson, Allan, plumber and gas fitter—Aurangabad
 Magaz, Charles, conductor Comt Dept—Abyssinia
 Maher, William, Government pensioner and contractor—Kurrachee
 Mahoney, W, porter in the Indus Steam Flotilla—Kotice
 Maguire, W, guard Sindh Railway—Kurrachee
 Main W F, record keeper, Commissioner's Office Berar—Ahmedabad
 Mure, Patrick, deputy assistant commissary, Ordnance Department
 Mure, private way inspector G I P Railway—Poona
 Mase, W H, surveyor B B and C I Railway—Baroda
 Major, James Martin, medical officer L B and C I Railway—Amroli
 Major, I M, assistant commissioner of Customs—Guzerat
 Malone, Joseph, mechanic, Indus Flotilla—Kotice
 Malvery, W. Mansfield, Proprietor *Illustrated* and Editor *City Paper*—Kurrachee
 Mance Henry C, assistant superintendent Mokran Telegraph—Mussendow
 Maunsty, J F, inspecting postmaster—Kutch
 Mannix, Rev A German Evangelical Mission—Mully, Cawara
 Manley, J S L, cotton inspector for Sattara, Sholapoor, Ahmednugger and Poona—Poona
 Manning, Charles L, assist storekeeper B B & C I Railway—Surat
 Marsh, George, clerk, Commissioner's Office—Mooltan
 Marques, J. R, clerk Revenue Commissioner's Office N D—Poona
 Marianus, Rev F, Roman Catholic Chaplain—Mhow
 Marriott, J permanent way inspector G I P Railway—Shsaganum
 Marriott, Peter, petition writer—Kurrachee
 Marsh, L commanding Indus flotilla steamer *Frederic*—Kotree
 Marshall H, No 2 Hope's office Katate, South—Wynad
 Marshall, Joseph driver Sindh Railway—Kurrachee
 Marshall, L M, 2nd class engineer, B B & C I Railway—Vaturnee

- Marshall Robert, draftsman Sindh Railway Office—Kurrachee
 Martin, George, carriage examiner—Calcutta
 Martin, J. V. H., signaller Sindh Railway Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Martin, Rev. W., missionary United Presbyterian Mission—Bijapoor
 Martin, W. H., inspector Government Telegraph—Poona
 Martinant, Edward James, Indian Engineer Telegraph Department—Kurrachee
 Martyns, B., clerk, Locomotive Department Amroha
 Masegrenhas, I., chief Military Accountant's office—Poona
 Mascarenhas, M. A., boarding school store, Sindh Railway—Kurrachee
 Mascagnon, W., assistant in charge Telegraph Department—Vizagapatnam
 Matchett, Rev. A., missionary C. M. S.—Hyderabad (Sind)
 Mathias, Joseph C., clerk, Ordnance Examiner's Office—Poona
 Mathieson, Daniel, boiler maker engineer, Sindh Railway
 Mathieson, G. L., assistant station master Indian Post Office—Sindh
 Mathew G. M., assistant station master, G. I. P. H.—South
 Mathieson, John, manager Marshall's Works—Kurrachee
 Major J., permanent way inspector—Nasik
 Mathew, W., station master, G. I. P. Railway Works—Tanjavoor
 Maxwell, H., manager Currier Cotton Co.—Hyderabad
 Maxwell, R., hindu master Sindh Horse—Calcutta
 Maxwell, L., head clerk, British Department—Poona
 Mayberry, W., clerk, Assistant Commissioner's Office—West Bengal
 McAtee, C., sub-assistant, Great Indian Peninsula Survey—Poona
 McCarthy, W., manager G. I. P. Railway Works—Mulkapoor
 McAuley, Mrs. William, West Street Poona
 McCabe, J., police inspector, G. I. P. Railway—Poona
 McCarthy, D. J., civil engineer, Northern Division—Ahmedabad
 McCarthy, Fred, signaller, Electric Telegraph—Kurrachee
 McCormack, H. H., accountant, East India Cotton Agency—West Bengal
 McCormack, P. A., sub-assistant, Branch Bank of Bombay—Baroda
 McDonald, C., clerk, Ordnance Examiner's Office—Poona
 McDonald, E. H., clerk, Ordnance Examiner's Office—Poona
 McDonald, George, East India Cotton Agency—Hyderabad
 McDonald, John Henry, sportsman, 9th Regiment—Poona
 McDonald, J., 3rd class assistant engineer Great Indian Peninsula Railway
 Boorampore
 McDonald, W. H., mechanic Railway Station—Kurrachee
 McDonald, W., sub-inspector Civil Department—Kurrachee
 McDonough, Rev. J., schoolmaster, Saint Vincent De Paul's School—Poona
 Maurice, T. A., district superintendent, G. I. P. H.—Kurrachee
 Mayoy James, schoolmaster, signaller Government Telegraph Office—Poona
 McAulane, J., fitter, Locomotive Department G. I. P. Railway—Ludlow
 McGeehan, A. Smith, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Dhauoo
 McGill, Charles H., agent Fleming & Co.—Mumbai
 McGill, G. A., sub-assistant, Great Indian Peninsula Survey—Ludlow
 McGill, John, surveyor, Great Indian Peninsula Survey—Poona
 McGlashan, T. C., L. & N. W. & M. Railway Contractors—Sindh
 McGovern, Nicholas, signaller Government Telegraph—Poona
 McGuire, J., guard, Sindh Railway—Kurrachee
 McGuire, Thomas, apothecary, Commander in Chief's Establishment—Poona
 McIntosh, John, fitter, Railway Works—Mulkapoor
 McIntosh, J., Ordnance Department magazine serjeant—Ahmedabad
 McIntosh, John, inspector Railway Works—Nasik
 Melver, Charles, assistant superintendent of Police—Kurrachee
 McIntyre, Alex., cashier to J. Bray contractor G. I. P. Railway—Cooling
 Melver, Charles, assistant superintendent of Police—Kurrachee
 Melver, Daniel, partner, Melver and Co.—Kurrachee
 Melver, Robert, fitter B. B. & C. I. Railway—Breach
 Melver, J. B. & C. I. Railway—Breach
 McKee, Rev. James, Irish Presbyterian Missionary—Guzerat
 McKenzie, A. K., inspector Railway Works—Nasik
 McKenzie, Charles & Co., general contractors, engineers &c.—Kurrachee
 McKenzie, David, partner, McKenzie, Cowan & Co., general contractors, engineers &c.—Mulkapoor—Kurrachee
 McKenzie, J., engineer, Punjab Government Station—Sindh
 McKenzie, Peter, carpenter, L. & N. W. & M. Railway works—Nasik
 McKenzie, Samuel, signaller Electric Telegraph—Sindh
 McKenzie, G., clerk, Sindh Railway—Kurrachee

- McKinn, J, signaller Electric Telegraph Department—Abyssinia
 McKnight J, schoolmaster—Aden
 McLean, John, inspector in the Municipality—Kurrachee
 McLean P, head constable City Police—Kurrachee
 McLoughlin, James, inspecting post master—Poona
 McLoughlin, Patrick, senior barrack master—Poona
 McMahon E station master, G I P Railway—Lanowlee
 McWilliam, C, conductor, Ordnance Department—Grand Arsenal
 McWilliam N, engine turner, G I P Railway—Bundarra
 McMorris, C R, physician, Medical Department—Abyssinia
 McMorrow, D, conductor Ordnance Department—Abyssinia
 McMorris, Rev Wm A, Irish Presbyterian Mission—Immelahai
 McMullen, A, assistant Apothecary Indian Medical Department—Poona
 McNally, Michael, pen and ink deputy assistant commissary—Poona
 McNaught, J, fireman, G I P Railway—Bhrawat
 McNeel Henry, conductor Ordnance Department—Bhrawat, Scinde
 McNeil David, traffic manager, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 McNeil, George, smith B B & C I Railway—Nowshera
 McNeil, John, agent Indus Steam Mill—Moolan
 McPherson, George, managing agent, Messrs. Almonson & Co., railway contractors—Shalipore
 McPherson, J Julia accountant Ld., Watson & Aitons Railway Works—Nasipore
 McRowell, Cameron—Poona
 Meale, J, guard, G I P Railway—Lutpore
 Meares, Austin, overseer of works—Julapur
 Meekling & Co, druggists—Kurrachee
 Meekjohn, M Esq, tenderer Indian Telegraph Department—Kurrachee
 Meekjohn, Walter, general contractor, Fishbone Street—Kurrachee
 Meier W, physician B B & C I Railway—Julapur
 Menley, C, station master—Kurrachee
 Menzies, Francis, head clerk Judicial Office—Hydrabad Sub
 Menzies, J—Lanowlee
 Mendoc, I A, clerk, Railway Office, Locomotive Department—Kurrachee
 Menick, V, clerk, Indian Post Office—Scinde
 Meneses, Benjamin, schoolmaster—Surat
 Menzies, J, clerk in the Assalt—Surat
 Menzies, Rev C C, missionary, Church Missionary Society—Malligam
 Menzies W, district engineer, G I P R—Borhanpore
 Menzies D F, cashier and accountant Hindustani Co, G I P Railway—Huda
 Menzies, M A, surgeon, District Telegraph Office—Gos
 Menzies, I A, European sheepkeeper—Huda
 Merritt, G P, telegraph assistant engineer, G I P Railway—Julapur
 Merriman, J H, inspector Cotton Fruits Department—Surat
 Merriman H, godown keeper Volkart Brothers—Kurrachee
 Merritt, Rev S I, German Evangelical Missionary Octavianus Neelgherrie
 Mettger, Rev I German Evangelical Missionary—Malabar Coast
 Michie J, assistant, Tins & Co—Kurrachee
 Michie, J, partner, Panjajee Bomanjee Louche & Co—Kurrachee
 Millard, C H permanent way inspector G I P Railway—Bundarra
 Middleton, Rev William, assistant chaplain Church of Scotland—Kurrachee
 Middleton, W H, divisional Traffic Manager, G I P Railway, S B Division—Poona
 Miles J, fitter B B & C I Railway—Amrolee
 Miles, I W, Government pensioner—Cannmore
 Miles W, Augustus, head clerk to Post Office, Manara—Kurrachee
 Millar, A, driver, G I P Railway—Lutpore
 Millan J, station master, B B & C I Railway—Amrolee
 Miller, Rev G, Roman Catholic Military Chaplain—Hydrabad (Scinde)
 Miller, Thomas, assistant Office of Controller Military Accounts—Poona
 Miller, W, clerk to the Political and Public and Public—Scinde
 Mills, engine driver G I P R—Bhosawal
 Mills George, partner Hood, Winton and Mills, railway contractors, Bagra—Hooshungabad
 Mills O G, station master, G I P Railway—Poona
 Mills A, fireman, G I P Railway—Bhosawal
 Minguel M, apothecary 3rd Dragoon Guards—Ahmednagar
 Miranda, J., clerk, Pay Department Office—Poona

- Miranda, P, engineer, Indus Steam Flotilla—Kotree
 Mitchell, F. H., engine driver, G. I. P. R.—Bhosawal
 Mitchell, Robert, merchant and commission agent—Kurrachee
 Mitchell, T. D., C. E., Indapore—Hydrabad Deccan
 Mitchell, Thomas, masonry inspector, G. I. P. Railway—Hoahungabad
 Mitchell, Thomas, foreman miner, Railwav Works—Bagra
 Mitchell, Thomas, clerk, Brigade Major's Office—Belgaum
 Moerike, Rev C, German Evangelical Mission—Neilgherries
 Moise, John A., superintendent, Gujarat Central Prison—Doolhakote
 Moise, William, Engineer's Department—Ahmedabad
 Monaghan, W., guard, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Monmet, E., clerk, Telegraph Department—Fao
 Monnet, Gustave, inspector Commissariat Department—Abyssinia
 Montigus, W. H., clerk, G. I. P. R.—Munmar
 Montclar, A., assistant, Messrs Hormusjee Bomonjee Touche & Co.,—Kurrachee
 Montmorency, E. F., clerk, Indo-European Telegraph—Mussenden
 Montgomery, Rev. Robert, Irish Presbyterian Missionary—Surat
 Moody, Charles, foreman, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Mooney, M., apprentice, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Moore, A., fitter, G. I. P. R.—Lanowlee
 Moore, I., driver B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Moore, George F., Public Works Department—Sattara
 Moore, Henry G., 3rd class signaller, Indo European Telegraph—Ormara
 Moore, H., station master, Scinde Railway—Joongshate, Sunde
 Moore, John, band master 16th N. I.—Ahmednuggur
 Moore, James, constable, City Police—Kurrachee
 Moore, J. H., foreman Mechanic Loco Department, G. I. P. Railway—Nandgaun.
 Moore, J., mechanic, Sui de Railway—Lanowlee
 Moore, J., engine driver, G. I. P. R.—Lanowlee
 Moore, J. (t), educational inspector in Scinde—Kurrachee
 Moore, Patrick, engineer, Kurrachee Piers Company (Limited)—Kurrachee
 Moore, Thomas, moonseiff—Durrungaun Candeeb
 Morgan, Edward, partner, Morgan and Bulkeishin Auctioneers, &c.—Poona
 Morgan, J. F., Director's Office Transport Train—Abyssinia
 Morgan, Richard, pleader and law agent—Poona
 Morris, P., medical attendant B. B. & C. I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Morris, Charles, clerk, Revenue Commissioner's Office N. D.—Poona
 Morris, G., foreman, G. I. P. R.—Kgutpoora
 Morris, Henry, inspector Indo European Telegraph—Pusnee
 Morrison, M., clerk, Adjutant General's Office—Poona
 Morrison, T., school master 45th Regiment Depot—Poona
 Morton, R., sub-conductor, Ordnance Department—Ahmednugger
 Morton, M., platelayer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Goregaun
 Moscop, G. W., civil engineer, Upper Naira Works—Scinde
 Mullaly, William, coffee planter—Wynaad
 Mullen, Archibald, assistant apothecary, Mehran Telegraph—Gwadur
 Mullen, T., Ordnance Department—Poona
 Muller Rev C, German Evangelical Missionary—Oannanore
 Muller, Rev. J., German Evangelical Missionary—Mangalore
 Muller, Rev J., German Evangelical Mission—Huber, S. M. Country
 Muller, S., assistant Conservator of Forests—Bulsar
 Mullins, J., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Mulkapoor
 Mulloy, A., engineer, Hubli Irrigation Works—Kurrachee
 Mulligan, Mrs E., milliner and dress maker—East Street, Poona
 Mulronney, T. R., clerk, Pay Examiner's Office—Wanowrie, Poona
 Mulronney T. (senior) apothecary Medical Department—Europe
 Murray, Andrew, agent, Bank of Bombay—Oomawuttee
 Murray, J., permanent way inspector, G. I. P. R.—Aherwaddee
 Murray, J. T., fitter B. B. & C. I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Murray, John, head assistant, Adjutant General's Office—Poona
 Murray, John, sub-conductor Ordnance Department—Hydrabad
 Murray, P., district Traffic Superintendent G. I. P. Railway—Shicgaun district
 Muspratt, J. A. L., agent, Punjab, Railway—Kurrachee
 Myatt, J., assistant overseer, P. W. D.—Sattara
 Myatt, P., general agent—Mahabaleshwar and Sattara
 Myers, G., telegraph officer, G. I. P. Railway—Borhanpore
 Mylott, J., Edmondson, 2nd class engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Khundwa

N

Nihar, Stanley J deputy collector and magistrate—Khundwa
 Nash, L, secretary, Municipality—Kurrachee
 Nash, E, assistant settlement officer, Right Bank of the Indus, Scinde Districts
 Nash, Mrs Caroline, milliner and dress-maker—Mhow
 Nash, R, fitter B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Nash, I, foreman, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Nadai, L, fireman G. I. P. Railway—Lanowke
 Nazareth, O J., assistant accountant, Political Resident's Office—Aden
 Neale, L. S. H., assistant conservator & Register Upper Division Sukkur (Scinde)
 Nedon, Michael, Proprietor of the "Fiere" Hotel—Kurrachee
 Neede, S., driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bulsar
 Needham, W., clerk, Indo-European Telegraph—Fao
 Neil, J., hospital steward, Medical Department—Abyssinia
 Neil, John, mechanical engineer, Harbour Works—Kurrachee
 Neil J clerk Stores Department, Scinde Railway—Kotree
 Nelson, A., apiculture fitting shop B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Nelson Peter conductor Ordnance Department—Neemuch
 Nelson, W driver Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Netto, J, partner, Morenha Brothers and Co.—Qarwar
 Newby, S., engine driver—Lutpooora
 Newton, R carriage examiner B. B. & C. I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Newton, W driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Newman, Francis, signa per pro A. C. Brice & Co—Cochin
 Newm, J, barrack sergeant—Awacighur
 Newnham, I. G. chief engineer, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Nicholl, John, driver, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Nicholls John, sub contractor Railway Works—Shapoor
 Nicholson John, station master, G. I. P. Railway—Kundwah
 Nicolson, C., telegraph, G. I. P. R.—Lhoswul
 Nickel, Daniel Lunet inspecting post master—Deccan Poona
 Nicolson, John, station master G. I. P. R.—Boorhampoor
 Nielsen, George, Captain, H. H. the Governor's Silver Gun Artillery—Baroda
 Nielsen, I. Lieutenant (junior) H. H. the Governor's 2nd Regiment Infantry—Baroda
 Nolan, W sub conductor, Ordnance Department—Aden
 Noba G, driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Baroda
 Noonan, William, partner, Messrs Muller and Noonan, grass contractors—Kurrachee
 Norman, A, deputy assistant commissary, Bazaar Department—Poona
 Noronho, A. G. agent to Robertson Brothers, merchants and agents—Qarwar
 Noronho, D. L., signaller, Scinde Railway Telegraph—Kaimuce
 Norris, Samuel, pensioned conductor, and acting clerk Saint Mary's Church
 Novis (abrid), mach int, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Notton, Michael conductor, Ordnance Department—Poona
 Novis, J., clerk, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Nowell, Joseph, sub-contractor—Shupoor
 Nuc, Lilward, deputy assistant commissary P. W. Department—Nasick
 Nugent, W clerk, Adjutant General's Office—Poona

O'Brien, J. M., assistant, Pay Examiner's Office—Poona
 O'Brien, A., clerk, Locomotive Department B. B. & C. I. Railway—A
 O'Brien, C. H., Commander in his Flotilla—Scinde
 O'Brien, David, barrack—Mount Abo
 O'Brien, George—Callan
 O'Brien, I., Ordnance Department—Poona
 O'Brien, I., clerk Traffic Manager B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 O'Brien, I. B. and class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Nasick
 O'Brien William assistant electric telegraph Department—Indore
 O'Caner, D. J. permanent way inspector, G. I. P. R.—Munmar
 O'Connor C. J., fitter, Hood Winton and Mills Railway Works—Hurda
 O'Connor, D. J., fireman G. I. P. Railway—Nandgaum
 O'Donnell M. A. 1st class signaller Persian Telegraph—Isfahan
 O'Grady deputy assistant commissary, Ordnance Department—Aden
 O'Leary, W. A., apothecary, Indo-European Telegraph Department—
 Odwell, W., permanent way inspector, G. I. P. Railway—Nasick

Oglin J driver B B & C I Railway—Baroda
 Oltham I W engineer Messrs Adamson and (lower railway contractors—
 Doodnab
 Olsson J aplice Indo-European Telegraph cable Establishment—Gwader
 Oliver Joseph watchmaker—Poona
 Oliver Norman B sub agent Bank of Bombay—Belgaum
 Oliphant R engineer in charge Jorde & Preston's Works—Baroda
 O Neal Robt. clerk Commissioner's Office—Ahmednagar
 O'Reilly P 3rd class engineer B B & C I Railway—Dhule
 Orchard H boilermaker B B & C I Railway—Amroli
 Ormsby, J clerk, Indo European Telegraph—Gwalior
 Orr Frank manager (beacon and Woodhills—East Street, Poona
 Osborne John, deputy commissary Ordnance Department—Mhow
 Otto I coach builder—East Street Poona
 Ottoo I station master—Deccan
 Outram G K civil engineer Railway Works—Nagpur
 Overy G H laboratoryman Ordnance Department—Kutub
 Owen Henry sub agent Bank of Bombay Secunderabad
 Owen H P officiating assistant superintendent Govt Telegraph—Pune
 Ozenham Robert G, professor of English Literature Poona College—Poona

Pace Rev. H chaplain—Sholapur
 Pacey J assistant overseer Public Works Department—Surat
 Pailley J assistant engineer P W Department—Sholapur
 Paine V clerk Cantonment Magistrate's Office—Kurrachee
 Pagan Rev N Roman Catholic priest—Kandali
 Page George clerk Indo European Telegraph—Sonmasee
 Pann Chulka assistant supervisor P W D—Poon
 Pans A C assistant apothecary Medical Auxiliary—Belgaum
 Pans Rev B A Roman Catholic Military Chaplain—Malgum and Dhoolia
 Parnes, Joseph, fitter B B & C I Railway—Amroli
 Parmar Nicholas signaller Electric Telegraph Department—Belgaum
 Palmer W—Hyderabad Deccan
 Pappa H, driver G I P Railway—Nandgaum
 Parnell M assistant conservator of forests—Khandesh
 Parth Richard Warburton assistant, Khandesh & Co.—Kurrachee
 Parth G C port officer and connector—Gwalior
 Parker H, superintendent, Locomotive Department, Scinde Railway Kurrachee
 Parker, J A. M., C P Nagpore Railway Works Mulgaon
 Parkhill Joseph, assistant overseer, P. W. D.—Kulladga
 Parkinson, J, fitter—Dhule
 Parkinson, W, carpenter, B B & C I. Railway—Amroli
 Parrott, W., clerk, District Treas.—Kurrachee
 Pascoal, C, fireman, G. I P Railway—Nandgaum
 Patten, Frederick A., clerk, Indo European Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Patterson, John, Missionary, Church of Scotland—Secunderabad
 Patterson Robert Wanchol, 1st class engineer, Bombay Marine—Aden
 Patterson, H S, engineer, Adamson and Clark, Railway Contractors—Munshabad
 Patterson, W V 3rd class assistant engineer G I P Railway—Koolgaon
 Patterson W V, clerk, G I P Railway—Nandgaum
 Pattinakar, J. S., station master, B B & C I Railway—Nandgaum
 Patton, William A., head clerk, Custom House—Kurrachee
 Paul, K, clerk, G I P. Railway—Poona
 Paul, Rev F, Roman Catholic Chaplain—Nussersabad
 Pavesio, J, watch and chronometer maker—Kurrachee
 Payne, H, station master, G I P Railway—Kurrut
 Payne, Mrs Matron B I S School—Poona
 Payne, W H assistant Commissioner of Customs—Tanna
 Peachey, Jeremiah—Kamaree
 Percock, J—Poona
 Pearce, W H, clerk to Conservator of the Indus—Kotree
 Percy, F permanent way inspector, G I P Railway—Nandgaum
 Pearce F permanent way inspector G I P Railway—Kotree
 Pearson, E, fitter, Indus Flotilla—Kotree
 Pearson, P, conductor, Ordnance Department—Mhow

- Peck, J., overseer, G. I. P. Railway—Akola.
 Peck, Robert, assistant in charge, Electric Telegraph Office—Perna
 Peel, N., permanent way inspector, G. I. P. R.—Dongargauw
 Peel, W., contractor, Railway Works—Bagra
 Pegler, W., contractor, G. I. P. Railway, Pachora—Khandesh
 Penrose, H., head clerk, Inspector General of Ordnance Office—Poona
 Penyon, H. W., travelling auditor, S. E. Extension G. I. P. Railway
 Perkins, A., district traffic superintendent, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Pereira, C., fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Pereira, H., assistant fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amroli
 Pereira, John A., day book clerk, Treacher & Co. Limited—Tannah
 Pereira, J. M., clerk, General Registry Office—Tannah
 Pereira, Peter, book-binder, Military Finance Office—Poona
 Pereira S., assistant, Electric Telegraph Department—Goa
 Perrot, M., inspecting postmaster—Barar
 Pettman, R., Panoothis Coffee Estate—South Wynad
 Peters, O., clerk, Deputy Commissioner's Office—Akola
 Peters, W., conservancy sergeant—Poona
 Peterson, George, store clerk, Lee, Watson and Aiton's Railway Works—
 Mulkaipore
 Pfleiderer, G., German Evangelical Mission—Mangalore
 Phillips, B. N., clerk, Indo-European Telegraph—Bushire
 Phillips, Sydney, government pensioner—Kotree
 Phillips, W., contractor—Kurrachee
 Phillips, William, accountant, Indo-European Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Phillips, W. S., clerk, Indo-European Telegraph—Mumudom
 Phillips J., assistant Rogers & Co.—Poona
 Phillipots, J., permanent way inspector G. I. P. R.—Sindwada
 Picard, J., time-keeper, G. I. P. Railway—Bhosawul
 Piar, H., money order agent—Kotree
 Pimentel, B., signaller, Railway Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Pimento, B., clerk, Indus Flotilla—Kotree
 Pinder, G. W., Telegraph Master—Surat
 Pink, T., clerk—Hydrabad Deccan
 Pinto A. B., signaller, Electric Telegraph—Kolapore
 Pinto, F., assistant apothecary, Field Force—Ajyama
 Pinto, J., Government contractor—Bhopore
 Pinto, J. W., apothecary, 95th Regiment—Mhow
 Pinto, J. S., signaller Telegraph Department—Ahmedabad
 Pinto, J. A., clerk, 1st Scinde Horse—Jacobabad
 Pinto M. G. C., clerk, Political Superintendent's Office, Jacobabad Scinde
 Pitt Colonel, W., police superintendent—Dhawal
 Pires, H. O., agent, Indian Carrying Co.—Mhow
 Pitt, Robert Bulkeley, assistant superintendent Barar Revenue Survey—Mulligauw
 Plunkett, A. H., Hoozoor Deputy Collector and Magistrate—Dhawal
 Plunkett, Walter George, record clerk, Indo-European Telegraph Department—
 Mumudom
 Pocock, George, civil engineer—Bhoranpore
 Poett, A. J., staff Veterinary Surgeon—Kurrachee
 Polehampton, Rev. A., joint chaplain St. Mary's—Poona
 Pollock, James, pensioned apothecary—Belgaum
 Pouchet, Jules Richard, clerk, Volkart Brothers—Kurrachee
 Poole, John, carriage examiner, G. I. P. Railway—(Europe)
 Porter, R., foreman Carriage Department G. I. P. Railway—Egutpoora
 Posman, J. W., clerk, Indo-European Telegraph—Fao
 Portlock, G. T., clerk, Fleming & Co.—Kurrachee
 Potter, James, steward, Western India Club—Pona
 Potter, J., foreman carriage builder, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Potts, William, inspecting post master—Southern Barar
 Powell, E., 1st class engineer, Indus Flotilla—Kotree
 Powell, R. B. G., master, Indus Flotilla—Kotree
 Powell, G. M. F., assistant engineer P. W. Department Southern Circle
 Powell, T., Pachapeer Road—Poona
 Powell, W., driver G. I. P. Railway—Egutpoora
 Power, James, overseer, Bhore Ghant Railway Works—Khandalla
 Power, J., engineer, Indus Flotilla—Scinde
 Power, J. O., contractor, P. W. D.—Nandoor

Poyntz, John, head assistant, Ordnance Examiner's Office—Poona
 Pratt, Edward J., assistant Commissioner of Customs—Vingorla
 Prescott, Henry, police inspector—Tannah
 Prescott, Charles, clerk, Director Transport Train Office—Abyssinia
 Prescott, W. B., assistant superintendent Tannah and Ratnagerry Revenue Survey
 Preston, James John, Government pensioner—Sattara
 Preston, John, district engineer G. I. P. Railway—Ahmednuggur
 Preston, J., partner, Ford & Preston, contractors, Gincowar's Tramway—Baroda
 Price, Rev. W. Salter, Church Missionary Society—Nassick
 Price, Thomas W., clerk, Ordnance Examiner's Office—Poona
 Price, W. H., M. I. E. E., executive engineer and superintendent of Harbour Works, Clifton—Kurrachee
 Price, William, bannet, assistant superintendent Revenue Survey S. M. Country
 Price, William, clerk, Ordnance Examiner's Office—Poona
 Pringle, D., assistant engineer, P. W. D., Northern Concan
 Prince, B., fitter, G. I. P. Railway—Bhosawal
 Pritchard, John, assistant overseer P. W. D.—Ahmedabad
 Pritchard, W. P., acting Deputy Consul Agent United States—Kurrachee
 Proctor, Arthur, clerk, Chief Engineer Souda Railway Office—Kurrachee
 Proctor, E., station master, G. I. P. Railway—Nassick
 Proctor, J. G., engineer, Indus Steam Flotilla—Kotice
 Pruce, Michael, auctioneer—Kurrachee
 Puddicombe, Christopher, coffee planter—Wynaad
 Punjab, W., assistant apothecary, Poorndhur Sanitarium
 Purcell, Charles, Chuckerunner, via Btwah
 Purcell, H., deputy commissary Ordnance Department—Neemuch
 Purvis, James, clerk, commissary General's Office—Poona

Quanbrough, Frederick Walter, acting accountant Chartered Bank of L. A. & China—Kurrachee
 Quanbrough, John, G. A., Collector's Office—Kurrachee
 Qun, Mrs., school mistress—Kurrachee

R

Radenbush, W. C., sub-engineer, P. W. Department—Baroda
 Rudolf, D., permanent way inspector, G. I. P. R. Nagaur
 Rae, James, head master, Government School—Ajmera
 Rafferty, B., platelayer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bulsar
 Rannford, P. E.—Bhosnuggur
 Ratt, A. G. L., apprentice, P. W. D.—Ratnagerry
 Ratt John, clerk, Quarter Master General's Department—Abyssinia
 Ramsden J., 2nd class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Akola
 Randle, T. W., clerk, Cable Establishment, Indo-European Telegraph—Guadalupe
 Randall, James, pensioned conductor, Ordnance Lines—Poona
 Randall, Robt. W.—Poona
 Randall T., sub-assistant Great Trigonometrical Survey—Poona
 Range, J., assistant apothecary, European General Hospital—Aden
 Ransom, G.—Amungabad, Deccan
 Ransom, R., telegraph master—Broach
 Ranson W., clerk, Executive Engineer's Office—Aurangabad, Deccan
 Rascoe, T., platelayer, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Broach
 Raymond, A. C., clerk, Indo-European Telegraph Department—Kurrachee
 Raymond, William, printer, Mission Press—Suat
 Raymer Claudius sub-inspector, Cotton Department—Dharwar
 Rayner, W., foreman fitter, G. I. P. Railway—Bhusnuggur
 Rea, Rev. G. T. M., missionary, Irish Presbyterian Church—Borsud
 Reade, M. J., mechanician, Indo-European Telegraph—Mussendorn
 Reading, B., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Poona
 Reaney, James, assistant overseer P. W. D.—North Concan
 Rebello, Joseph, clerk, Municipal Office—Tannah
 Redfere, James, sub-conductor—Poona
 Reed, Edward, carriage examiner, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Reed, H., overseer Public Works Department—Kurrachee

Reave J. W. civil engineer and contractor—Nasick
 Reeves T. Army Scripture Reader—Kirkee
 Reid D. district agent J. Bray, contractor G. I. P. Railway—Yedageay
 Reid J., fireman, G. I. P. Railway—Kutputpooia
 Reid William M. D. Surgeon Lee Watson and Aiton's Railway Works, Nagpur
 Reine—Oomrawuttee
 Reilly, J., sub-conductor Ordnance Department—Abyssinia
 Reilly, F., assistant overseer Public Works Department—Sholapore
 Remedios, Luis Dos, clerk, Agent's Department G. I. P. Railway—Sannah
 Reynolds J. W., clerk, Ordnance Examiner's office—Poona
 Rhodes A. B. assistant apothecary General Depot—Poona
 Robbins, George commanding Pug Boat, Indus Flotilla—Kotree
 Robierio C. A., clerk Indus Flotilla—Scinde
 Richardson A. clerk, P. W. Department—Akola
 Richardson Charles sub assistant Supt Revenue Survey—Dharwar
 Richardson, Edward Townley, floor-roller Deputy Collector and Magistrate—Poona
 Richardson George, head clerk Deputy Commissioner's Office—Akola West Barar
 Richardson G. I. permanent way inspector G. I. P. R.—Mussavund
 Richardson, H., store clerk G. I. P. Railway—Goolbarga
 Richardson, H., clerk Deputy Commissioner's Office—Akola
 Richardson, J. pensioned apothecary—Akola
 Richardson R. assistant station master—Bhosawul
 Richardson, W., attached to Meteorological Observatory—Belgaum
 Richmond, David, district engineer, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Surat
 Richmond, John, inspector permanent way, B. B. and C. I. Railway—Surat
 Richmond, J. K., Lindsay Estate—Wynad
 Richtern, Charles, barrack sergeant—Kunichas
 Richtern, J., acting barrack sergeant—Poona
 Richm, C., German Evangelical Missionary—Mangalore
 Rick J. John house and general agent, Mahalleshwar
 Riley, John sub conductor Ordnance Department—Indore
 Riley, W. A. signaller, Electric Telegraph Department—Jacobabad
 Richter, Rev. G., German Evangelical Missionary—Cooch
 Riv, R. V. R., Roman Catholic Chaplain—Khandalla
 Riveis, P. S., Political Agent's Office—Muscet
 Rivers Percy Sticks, clerk Judicial Commissioner's Office—Kurrachee
 Riv, Walter Bulton assistant overseer P. W. D.—Belgaum
 Roach, Joseph, apothecary 2nd Batt 13th Foot Nussereabad
 Roan, W. assistant apothecary General Depot—Poona
 Robb, R. V. W., United Presbyterian missionary—Nussereabad
 Robbottom, district superintendent, G. I. P. Railway—Indore
 Roberts A., 1st class district engineer G. I. P. Railway—Poona
 Roberts, Charles farmer, Gujarat Irrigation Works—Ahmedabad
 Roberts, David spinning master, Cotton Mills, Branch
 Roberts, J. commanding Engineer—Kotree
 Robertson Brothers & Co. merchants Dharwar
 Robertson, Alexander, partner Robertson Brothers & Co.—Dharwar
 Robertson, George Arthur, partner, Robertson Brothers & Co.—Dharwar
 Robertson, James C., Nagpur Extension G. I. P. Railway Nagpur
 Robertson, H. foreman of running engines—Nanigaum
 Robinson G. permanent way inspector G. I. P. R.—Belgaum
 Robinson H., sub agent to Messrs. Adamson and Clowser, contractors—Hijli
 Robinson J., clerk Indo European Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Robinson, James, permanent way inspector, G. I. P. Railway—Hirdi
 Robinson, John, C. E., agent to J. Bray, contractor, G. I. P. Railway—Goolbarga
 Robinson Thomas, apothecary 4th (King's Own) Regiment—Abyssinia
 Robinson W. permanent way inspector G. I. P. R.—Nussereabad
 Robbottom George District Traffic Supt G. I. P. Railway—Indore
 Robson John contractor—Kurrachee
 Robson Rev. John, A. United Presbyterian Missionary—Hyppootans
 Robson, W., overseer B. B. & C. I. Railway—Belgaum
 Rochfort, Edgerton barrister at law and crown prosecutor—Kurrachee
 Rodriguez, acting inspector B. B. & C. I. Railway—Nerud
 Rodriguez, A., apothecary, Depot Hospital Abyssinia
 Rodriguez, A. J., chief clerk and accountant P. W. D. Kurrachee
 Rodriguez, Antonio Felicio, bandmaster to the Resident—Indore
 Rodriguez, D. L., clerk, Collector's Office, and Money Order Agent—Dharwar

Smith, C W., clerk, Revenue Accountant's Office, B B & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Smith, Donald, clerk, Adjutant General's Office—Abyssinia
 Smith, Danvers, mail superintendent—Poona and Hurryhur Line
 Smith, Frederick, conductor, Commissariat Department—Abyssinia
 Smith, George Taylor, accountant, Executive Engineer's Office—Karwai
 Smith, G., moulder, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Smith, G. O., accountant, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Smith, Henry, inspector, Bray's Railway Works—Jehwari
 Smith, J B, assistant, Great Trigonometrical Survey—Silichpore
 Smith, James, C. E. 1st class assistant engineer, P W D Northern Circle
 Smith, J, magazine sergeant, Ordnance Department—Kutro
 Smith, J, permanent way inspector, G I P. R.—Budlapoor
 Smith, Rev J., London Missionary Society—Belgaum
 Smith, Robert, engineer, Government Bakery—Poona
 Smith, R, engineer, Indus Steam Flotilla—Kotree
 Smith, Stephen, locomotive foreman, B B. & C I Railway—Amrolee
 Smith T, vakeel—Rajpote
 Smith, W B, permanent way inspector, G. I P Railway—Shosawni
 Snowdon, Joseph Bateman, sub contractor, Railway Works—Boorhaupora
 Sommerlatt, B, bandmaster, 24th Regiment N I—Poona
 Sommerlatt, W., Commissioner's Office—Kurrachee
 Spencer, T, Thull Ghat Inclino Guard
 Spencer, W, permanent way inspector, G I P R.—Moorthapore
 Spital, sub-conductor, Ordnance Department—Mhow
 Spooner, C W. W., engineer, Adamson and Clowser, Contractors—Kornubgam
 Spooner, Thomas, district agent to J Bray, contractor G. I P. Railway—Mhow
 Spring, H. S., accountant Branch Bank of Bombay—Poona
 Stacey, T, head accountant, Deputy Commissioner's Office—Akola
 Stack, R F, 1st class assistant engineer, G. I P R.—Akola
 Standley, R permanent way inspector, G. I P. Railway—Lusulgaum
 Stanley Augustus George, over-seer, transport train—Mullapum
 Stanley, John, inspector, B. B. & C I Railway—Nowaree
 Stanley W. M., agent, and stores clerk, G. I. P. Railway, Central India—Nerbud-
 da Miley
 Stanwell, F J, barrack sergeant—Ahmednuggur
 Stapleton, Edward, sub-engineer, Public Works Department—Belgaum
 Steel, J. W. R., clerk, Indo-European Telegraph—Musendom
 Stead, Samuel, M A., chaplain—Kurrachee
 Steel, William Henry, signaller, Electric Telegraph Department—Indore
 Stephens, C, veterinary surgeon—Panchgunny
 Stevens, Rev. J., Roman Catholic Priest—Poona
 Stevens, T, medical student, General Department—Poona
 Stewart, Alex, superintending engineer, O. I. S Co—Munora Scinde
 Stewart, G, accountant, Punjab Flotilla—Sukkur
 Stewart, J, overseer, B B. & C I Railway—Bulair
 Stewart, John, G I P. Railway, Electric Telegraph—Jubbulpore
 Stewart, W, permanent way inspector, G I P R.—Barree Road
 Stoffe, Arthur Wm, engineer commanding *Amberwitch*, Cable Establishment Indo-
 European Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Stockbridge, J J., Ice Works—Baroda
 Stoddart, A W, station master, G. I P Railway—Barree Road
 Stokes, Rev. W., German Evangelical Missionary—Bethgheriy
 Stranack, —, clerk, Punjab Bank—Kurrachee
 Stranack, Frederick Darling, accountant, Branch Bank of Bombay—Kurrachee
 Stranack, R B, cotton inspector—Carwar
 Strange, Edward William, manager, Collins & Co.—Jacobabad
 Stretch, F, station master, G. I. P. Railway—Callian
 Streetly, J, fitter, B. B. & C I. Railway—Bulair
 Streetall, George, 1st inspector of Forests in Hind—Sukkur
 Strick, G, driver, G. I P Railway—Deekal
 Stringer, H., permanent way inspector, G. I P. R.—Bagra
 Strip, James, labourer—Ahmedabad
 Strip, J, clerk, Commissioner's Office—Kurrachee
 Strip, Samuel A, russuldar, Guicowar's Army—Baroda
 Strip, W, farmer and agent—Ahmedabad
 Strobel, Rev. J, German Evangelical Missionary—Cannanore
 Stuart, Fergus, pensioner—Poona

Stuart Robert manager, Cotton Mills Company—Borach
 Sturrock P, 2nd class assistant engineer G I P Railway—Egungpore
 Sullivan, Jeremiah, clerk, Commissioner's Office—Kurrachee
 Sullivan, John, assistant overseer, P W D—Borach Districts
 Summer, Augustus, sub-assistant surgeon—Nassick
 Summers, S, clerk, Indo European Telegraph—Bussire
 Swan, H H district traffic manager, G I P Railway, N E Line—Bhoranpore
 Swaneagar, C G assistant pay examiner's office—Poona
 Swinsea, W, head assist, Controller of Military Accounts Office—Poona
 Sweeton, A L, draftsman, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Sweeting, Edward conductor, Ordnance Department—Poona
 Sylvester, J hospital steward, 9th Regiment—Mhow
 Syme, Geo, fireman, G I P Railway—Bhosawal
 Syrett, James, conservancy sergeant—Mhow

T

Tait, George, overseer P W D—Poona
 Tailor, Thomas m onist—Alibaugh
 Tapp & Sons, saddlers and shoemakers—Kurrachee
 Tapp E, partner, Tapp & Sons Alibaugh rest—Kurrachee
 Tapp, J clerk Indo European Telegraph—Gundur
 Taylor, H, fireman, G I P Railway—Bhosawal
 Taylor, Wilton Charles, 1st class barrack master—Kurrachee
 Taylor Ephraim sub-conductor Ordnance Department—Mhow
 Taylor, James, tailor, Yerradi—Poona
 Taylor, L, permanent way inspector, B B & C I Railway—Bulsar
 Taylor, J, barrack sergeant—Belgaum
 Taylor, J, Chaplain's clerk in Buxton—Kolapore
 Taylor, Rev J V S, Irish Presbyterian Mission—Borach
 Taylor, Rev John missionary, Church of Scotland—Skalkote
 Taylor, R J, station master, G I P Railway—Lanna
 Taylor, W district traffic superintendent G I P Railway—Shegaum
 Teasdale, W, assistant engineer G I P Railway—Poona
 Teasdale, W, Band Cottage, Poona
 Terry A R, 2nd class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—No 5 Viaduct, Bhor
 Ghaut
 Terry Thomas civil engineer, and agent Wythes and Jackson's Railway Works—
 Julgaon, (Khandesh)
 Thomson, Adam assistant Commissioner's Office—Poona
 Thomas, James George, telegraph master—Ajmere
 Thomson, J locomotive foreman, B. B. & C I Railway
 Thompson, Cromwell, barrack sergeant—Belgaum
 Thompson, C junonci of the city in medical charge, G I, P Railway—Bhosawal
 Thompson Daniel, head clerk, Khandesh Revenue Survey—Mahgaum
 Thompson G clerk Duty Commissioner's Office—Akola
 Thompson George William, senior Lieutenant H H Gurkwar's 1st Regiment In-
 Thompson, G, driver B B. and C I Railway—Ahmedabad
 Infantry Highlanders—Baroda
 Thompson, J, fitter, B B and C I Railway—Amrolee
 Thompson, H. M., assistant engineer, P W D—Upper Scinde
 Thompson, J D, apothecary, 18th Brigad, R A—Kurrachee
 Thompson, I D, apothecary, H M's 109th Regiment—Mooltan
 Thompson, Theophilus, 2nd class assistant engineer, G I P Railway—Callian
 Thompson I foreman fitter, B B and C I Railway—Amrolee
 Thompson, W J, foreman mechanics G I P Railway—Bhosawal
 Thompson, W, head clerk collector's office—Kurrachee
 Thorley, Matthias, hospital steward, 14th Brigade R A—Ahmedabad
 Thornton Algernon Thomas leader—Kurrachee
 Thornton G, driver G I P Railway—Deekal
 Thurn, Rev J, German Evangelical Mission—Guldagudda
 Tinley, Arthur, signaller, Electric Telegraph Department—Mhow
 Tinn, Joseph, civil engineer and railway contractor—Akola
 Tipper, G., assistant engineer—Lower and Central Sind
 Todhunter, J. H., assistant Supt Govt Telegraph—Deesa
 Toft, George B, barrack master—Mhow
 Tomkins, Charles, foreman moulder, B. B. & C I, Railway—Amrolee

Tomkinson, H. E., clerk, Adjutant's office, 1st Light Cavalry—Deesa
 Toner, M. D., signaller, Electric Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Toop, John, pensioned sergeant, Commissariat Department—Kurrachee
 Touche, E. partner, Bomanjee, Touche & Co ; Vice-Consul for France—Kurrachee
 Toulmin, J., station master, G. I. P. Railway—Wassind
 Toupe, William Public Works Department—Kurrachee
 Towers, J., station master, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Unclosur
 Towers, W., apprentice, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Towell, W. J., assistant superintendent, Indo-European Telegraph—Gundur
 Towndr-w, P., driver, G. I. P. Railway—Lanowles
 Townsend, H., platelayer, Bhore Ghaut railway works
 Townsend, T., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Poona
 Tracey, John, engineer in charge, Tyabjee Press Co.—Kurrachee
 Trull, George, engineer, Carwar Company—Carwar
 Traynor, H., fireman, G. I. P. Railway—Bhosawul
 Travers, R., clerk, District Traffic Manager's office, G. I. P. Railway—Poona
 Treacher & Co., chemists &c.—Poona
 Trenn, Samuel, probationary 1st class police inspector—Poona
 Trepyas, H. H., surveyor, municipality—Kurrachee
 Thrusdell, T. R., fireman, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bulsar
 Troyal, Peter John, assistant in charge, Electric Telegraph—Kasmore
 Trodhal, C., district superintendent, G. I. P. Railway—Nasick
 Trowdell, T. B., driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bulsar
 Tunnard, W., driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Turner, H., permanent way inspector, G. I. P. R.—Mulkapore
 Turner Joshua, assistant engineer, Government Bakery—Poona
 Turner, William, inspector, Thull Ghaut Railway
 Twells, G., constable—Kurrachee
 Tyers, B., fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Tyler, Cyril, head clerk, Directors' office, Transport Train, Abyssinia
 Tyndall, H. clerk, Indo European Telegraph—Gundur
 Tyndall, S. W., Deputy Collector and Magistrate Mahomed Khan's Tands—Scinde

U

Underwood, John, H., apothecary, Medical Department—Abyssinia
 Ungei, Charles Frederick, agent to Gadlum & Co.—Sholipore
 Unwin, Isaac, pensioned conductor—Ahmednuggur

V

Vaisey, W. permanent way inspector, G. I. P. Railway—Tannah
 Valentine, C., medical attendant, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Busecin
 Valentine, Rev. C. S., United Presbyterian Medical Missionary—Rijpootana
 Vallidrees, C., clerk to deputy collector, Mahomed Khan's Fanda—Scinde
 Vallidrees, J., clerk, Commissariat Examiner's Office—Poona
 Vallis, Constantio, clerk, Indus Steam Flotilla—Kurrachee
 Vanderhaalm, D., clerk, Scinde Railway Office—Kurrachee
 Vanovy, M., assistant overseer, Public Works Department—Ahmedabad
 Vansittart, J. P., 3rd class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Buddana
 Varley, W., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Lanowles
 Vautin, Henry Claude, assistant overseer, P. W. D.—Ahmedabad
 Var, A. C., clerk, Custom House—Khetty
 Var, Frank, mechanic, Railway Flotilla—Kotres
 Var, G., clerk, Government Telegraph—Cochin
 Var, J., clerk, District Court—Kurrachee
 Var, J., fireman, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Var, M. S., clerk, Transport Agent—Punjab Railway
 Var, T., engineer, Indus Steam Flotilla—Kotres
 Vears, Benjamin, Customs' Preventive Officer—Kurrachee
 Vears, Henry, inspecting post master—Oodeypoor
 Veros, G., signaller, telegraph department—Ahmedabad
 Vernead, J. S., commercial agent to the Cochin Government—Ernacollum
 Verue, A. O., Culpetty Estate, South Wynad
 Vian, Wm. K., sub-conductor, Commissariat Department—Europe
 Victor, H., special engineer, G. I. P. R.—Narsingpore
 Viegas, A., deputy postmaster—Hydrabad, Scinde
 Viegas, John, Government pensioner—Ahmedabad

Vieyra, J V., clerk Assistant Quarter-master General P. D W.—Poona
 Vieyra, John, M., clerk, Judicial Commissioner's Office—Kurrachee
 Vieyra, N., clerk, Quarter-master General's Office—Poona
 Vincent, R., Barrack Sergeant—Poona
 Vincent, Robert, P., clerk, Pay Examiner's Office—Poona
 Vint, David, conductor, Ordnance Department—Abyssinia
 Vitters, James, Ordnance Line—Poona
 Viveiros, Tiburtius A., agent, Indian Carrying Co—Surat
 Vises, John, surveyor, B B & C. I. Railway—Baroda

W

Wagner, Richard, jailer—Ahmednuggur
 Wait, William E., sub-assistant superintendent, Khandeish Revenue Survey—
 Malligaum
 Waite, W., apothecary, Khandeish Bhrel Corps—Dhurmgaum
 Wainwright John, travelling audit clerk, G. I. P. Railway—Nargaum
 Wakefield H. Turner, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Wakeman W. H., assistant, Inspector General of Ordnance Office—Poona
 Wates, B., traffic manager Indo-European Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Wates, J., Inspector Railway Works—Kundaa
 Wales, J., driver, B B & C. I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Walford Rev G., chaplain—Rutnaghilly
 Walker, C., inspector, Nagpore Extension, Railway Works—Akola
 Walker, I. J. D., station superintendent, Indo-European Telegraph—Gadwar
 Walker, F. B., assistant engineer P. W. Department—Dharwar
 Walker, J., machine guard, G. I. P. Railway—Egut, oora
 Walker, Thomas, schoolmaster, 100th Regiment Foot—Mooltan
 Walker, William Henry—Ahmedabad
 Walkington, John, inspector, Railway Works—Challisaum
 Wallace, D., conductor, Ordnance Department—Belgaum
 Wallace, Rev James, Irish Presbyterian Missionary—Gogo
 Wallace, W., petition writer, Small Cause Court—Kurrachee
 Waller, F., inspecting Post Master, Southern Konkan
 Wallinger, H. A., Deputy Conservator of Forests—Poona and Sattara Districts
 Wallis, Edmund Frederick, inspector, Electric Tele. Office—Malligaum
 Walsh, David, barrack sergeant—Belgaum
 Walsh, J., signaller, Electric Telegraph—Belgaum
 Walsh, J., barrack sergeant—Poona
 Walsh, Patrick, conductor, Ordnance Department—Mhow
 Walsh, George, barrack department—Sattara
 Walters, Thomas, mate O. I. S. Co's Steamer Rifle—Kurrachee
 Walton, Henry, superintendent Persian Telegraph—Shiras
 Walton, H. Isaac, director Indo-European Coast and Submarine Telegraph—
 Kurrachee
 Walton, W., assistant Cotton Commissioner—Dharwar
 Ward, C., 2nd class engineer G. I. P. Railway (England)
 Ward Joseph, overseer, Public Works Department—Kurrachee
 Ward, William, 1st class signaller Persian Telegraph—Teheran
 Ward, W. O., assistant, Scott Brothers & Co—Cochin
 Warden, M., magazine sergeant, Ordnance Department—Mhow
 Warham, Rev E. A., London Missionary Society—Belgaum
 Waring, F. J., surveyor, Scinde Railway Extension—Kurrachee
 Warner, Charles, pensioned apothecary—Kurrachee
 Warner, Edward, commission agent, auctioneer, &c.—Kurrachee
 Warren, J., station master, Scinde Railway—Kotree
 Warner, James Brooks, accountant, Military Pay Office—Kurrachee
 Warren, Robert, resident engineer, B B & C. I. Railway—Baroda
 Warwick & Co—Hingunghat
 Wates, Benjamin O., assistant traffic manager, Mekran, Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Watson, G., accountant branch, Bank of Bombay—Surat
 Watson, H., permanent Way Inspector G. I. P. Railway—Nargaum
 Watson, H. E., supernumerary, Deputy Collector and Magistrate, Hyderabad
 Bunde
 Watson, J., carriage examiner, G. I. P. Railway—Poona
 Watson, John, 2nd class engineer Bombay Marine—Kurrachee
 Watson, Robert, engineer railway works—Boorhanpoor
 Watt, T., Public Works Department—Kulladghes

- Watt, J., bridge inspector, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Indore
 Watts, C., signaller, Electric Telegraph—Baroda
 Webb, H., pensioned apothecary in medical charge, G. I. P. Railway—Lanowice
 Webb, Arthur James, clerk, Comt. Examiner's office—Poona
 Webster, A. & Co., proprietor, Adelphi Hotel—Kurrachee
 Webster, Thomas, driver, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Webster, Peter, commanding O. I. S. Co.'s steamer *Indus*—Kurrachee
 Weller, W., fitter, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Wellington, J. G., assistant overseer, Public Works Department—Ahmedabad
 Wells, George W., clerk, Controller of Military Account's Office—Poona
 Wells, Joseph, engineer, steamer *Laurence*—River Indus
 Wells, Robert, clerk, Adjutant General's office—Poona
 Wells, William, pensioned deputy commissary—Poona
 Wells & Glover, civil engineers & contractors—Warree Bunder and Chalisgaum
 Wells, John, agent Tellicherry—Malabar Coast
 Wells, William, superintendent of paper currency—Kurrachee
 Wengul, Rev. A., German Evangelical Mission—Dharmu
 West, C., 2nd class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Nagpore C. P. Station
 West, C. H., superintendent, Indian Caring Co.—Nandgaum
 West, John O., clerk, Scinde Railway Office—Kurrachee
 West Joseph, clerk to Messrs. Bonajee, Louch & Co.—Kurrachee
 West, Wm., storekeeper Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Westaway, W. J. C., inspector, Electric Telegraph Department—Belgaum
 Westring, Peter, driver G. I. P. Railway—Muzpoor
 Westrong, C., inspector Government Telegraph—Belgaum
 Wheatley, K., platelayer, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Whelan, D., signaller, Electric Telegraph—Abyssinia
 Whelan, E., engine turner, G. I. P. Railway—Lanowice
 Whitcombe, J. Cornelius, sub-assistant superintendent, Khandeish Revenue Survey—Malligaum
 White, George, head inspector, harbour works—Kurrachee
 White, George, (junior) inspector harbour works—Kurrachee
 White, J., clerk, Indo-European Telegraph—Poona
 White, J., 1st class engineer, Indus Steam Flotilla—Kotree
 White, J., station master, G. I. P. Railway—Munmar
 White, James, inspector, Electric Telegraph—Scinde
 White, Thomas, head clerk Custom House—Kurrachee
 Whitehead, R., 1st class engineer, Indus Flotilla—Kotree
 Whithnburg, William, pensioner—Poona
 Whittle, Alfred, manager of cotton mill—Veerungaum
 Whittle, Miss, 2nd mistress B. F. S. School—Poona
 Whittle, John Joseph, clerk, Collector's Office—Dharmu
 Whittons, W., engine driver, Indo-European Telegraph, Cable Establishment—Guadar
 Wholohan, Thomas, overseer, Public Works Department—Aden
 Whyte H. F., resident engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bulwar
 Wickham, G., inspector, Government Telegraph—Poona
 Wil, W., conductor, Transport Train—Abyssinia
 Wilder, Rev. R. G., American Missionary—Kotipore
 Wilder, A., Annetre Estate—South Wynad
 Willes, C., Wallace Estate—South Wynad
 Wilkins, Alfred, assistant Agent and superintendent, Indus Flotilla—Kotree
 Wilkins, William, Settlement Department—Hydrabad Collectorate
 Wilkenson, J. O., head clerk, Scinde Railway Office—Kurrachee
 Williams, A., driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Williams, David, driver, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Williams, A., inspecting post master—Kutch and Kathiawar
 Williams, H., guard, G. I. P. Railway—Mulkapoor
 Williams, James, fitter, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Bassein
 Williams, John Griffies, manager, Leggett & Co.'s Coffee Estate—Wynad
 Williams, J., schoolmaster, Depot 26th Camerons—Belgaum
 Williams, William, assistant supervisor, P. W. D.—Hydrabad (Scinde)
 Williams, W. H. J., clerk, Indo-European Telegraph—Guadar
 Williams, Rev. W., Church Missionary—Nasauk

- Williamson, A. T., overseer, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Goregaon
 Williamson David, constable, City Police—Kurrachee
 Williamson, E., boilermaker, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Williamson, James, mechanic, Scinde Railway—Kurrachee
 Williamson, W. J., traffic superintendent, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Central Division
 Willis Henry, special assistant engineer, P. W. Department—Nassick
 Willy, J. H., band master, 26th Regiment N. I.
 Wilson, Alexander, apothecary in Medical charge—Sukkur
 Wilson, Allen, executive engineer, P. W. Department—Lingasooogoo (Dacca)
 Wilson, J. D., Public Works (Canal) Department—Hydrabad
 Wilson, J., deputy tailor—Hydrabad
 Wilson J., meteorological observer—Deesa
 Wilson, R. K., assistant Opium Agent—Kutlam
 Wilson, R. H., sub-agent, Branch of Bombay—Baroda
 Wilson, Rev. J., Church Missionary Society—Amungabad
 Wilson, J., Forest Department—Kutice
 Wilson, William, agent, Branch Bank of Bombay—(Ahmedabad)
 Winckler, W., assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Goolburga
 Winckler, Henry, sub-inspector, Canton Department—Surat
 Windsor, Joseph, head draftsman, Qr. Master General's Office—Poona
 Windsor, Thomas, 2nd draftsman, Qr. Master General's Office—Poona
 Windsor, W. J., agent, and valuer—Poona
 Winton P. M., C. E., agent Hood, Winton and Mills, Railway Contractors—Glow-
 ace, Hertsford
 Winton, E. W., C. E., Partner, Hood, Winton and Mills, Contractors, G. I. P. Rail-
 way—Hinda
 Wisdom, Arthur—Jubbulpore
 Wise J., clerk, Adjutant General's Office—Poona
 Wiskul, J. F. L., mechanic in, Indo-European Telegraph—Kurrachee
 Wolfe, Alfred, schoolmaster, Lawrence School—Mount Abo
 Wolfe, Mrs., schoolmistress, Lawrence School—Mount Abo
 Wood C., cableman, Indo-European Telegraph, Cable Station—Gundur
 Wood, John, agent, and superintendent Indian Steam Navigation—Kutice
 Wood, Joseph, inspector, Scinde Railway—Dunbar
 Wood, J. S., clerk, Adjutant General's Office—Poona
 Wood, J., engineer, Indian Electric—Scinde
 Wood, Rev. William, American Missionary—Sutara
 Wood, William, overseer, Public Works Department—Ahmedabad
 Wood, W. S., inspector, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Kutlam
 Woodhouse, H., mate, Central Indian Steam Co's steamer Indus—Kurrachee
 Woodhouse, Ralph William, C. E., Executive Engineer—Kutlam
 Woods, J., hospital steward, 3rd Division—Ahmednuggur
 Woods, W. S., inspector, B. B. & C. I. Railway—Surat
 Woodward John, marshal of the Jail—Hydrabad
 Woodward, George, fitter B. B. & C. I. Railway—Amrolee
 Wordsworth William, principal, Poona College—Poona
 Worton, Samuel, signaller, Electric Telegraph—Buddena, Scinde
 W. L., E., band master, H. M.'s 95th Regiment—Mhow
 Wright, Adolphus, Nellumbour estate—South East Wynad
 Wright, Alexander, Glenock estate—South East Wynad
 Wright, Alfred, Hope Estate—South East, Wynad
 Wright James, barrack master—Mhow
 Wright, John, inspector, Railway Telegraph—Tanna
 Wright, John, (Jr) signaller, Government Electric Telegraph—Indore
 Wynt, J., assistant trigonometrical survey—Poona
 Wright, L., assistant commissioner of customs—Guzerat
 Wright, R. E., 2nd class assistant engineer, G. I. P. Railway—Goolburga
 Wright, Solomon, uncovenanted assistant pay Examiner—Commissioner Lines
 Poona
 Wright, W., assistant apothecary in medical charge Taraghur Samajum—
 Ajmere
 Wurth, Rev. G., German Evangelical Mission—Bettagherry
 Wykes, John, inspector B. B. and C. I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Wynne, Rev. B., church missionary—Junner
 Wythes, G., contractor, Railway Works—Booranpore

Xavier, D S, clerk, Agent's Office, Indus Steam Flotilla—Kotres
 Xavier, Francis, steward, Boat Department—Kasamaree
 Xavier, Manoel, engineer—Surat
 Xavier, N, clerk, Deputy Inspector General of Hospital's Office—Kuzrachee
 Xexa, F, head chorister, Roman Catholic Church—Cochin.

Yates, J E, assistant W Nicol & Co—Dharwar
 Yeardley, Thomas, signaller, Government Telegraph Office—Poona
 Young, A, assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey and Assessment, Southern
 Maratha Country
 Young, John, foreman, running Engine Shed B B & C I Railway—Baroda
 Young J. W, assistant superintendent, Tanna and Rutnagherry Revenue
 Survey
 Young John, driver B B & C I. Railway—Ahmedabad
 Young, W teacher Free Church Institute—Nagpore
 Younge, G L, Culloor Estate South Wynaad
 Yerrick, David, pensioned conductor, and in charge of the Tract and Book
 Society's Depot—Poona

Ziegler Rev F., German evangelical missionary—Mangalore
 Zuzarte Diego Marian, clerk, Collector's Office—Surat
 Zuzarte, Augustine, head clerk Accounts Department, Collectorate and Money
 Order Agent—Sattara
 Zuzarte, J, signaller Telegraph Department—Nuggur Parkur
 Zuzarte, Rev. D X, Roman Catholic Vicar—Sattara

LIST OF LEADING NATIVES IN BOMBAY

- Abdoool Lutiff Currindina—Cajee Syed Street
 Abraham Noordeen—Bazar Gate Street
 Aga Abdo Fakh Babin—Mody Street
 Agi Hujee Mahomed Currin Isphane—Mody Street
 Agi Mahomed Abdoool Russul Onranee—Mody Street
 Aga Mahomed Rujub Sheeraree—Mody Street
 Aga Mirza Mahomed Barbantie—Mody Street
 Aga Mirza Suffee Mirkee—Mody Street
 Ahmedbhooy Hubibbhooy—Shamjee Hussa-
 jee Street
 Ameichund Govindjee—Bazar Gate Street
 Amerchund Soondejee—Bazar Gate Street
 Amroodeen Abdoool Lutiff—Bazar Gate
 Street
 Annudjee Virm—Bazar Gate Street
 Arab Mahomed bin Ibrahim bin Abbas—
 Mody Street
 Ardaseer Framjee Moos—Gungam
 Ardaseer Hormujee Wadi—Parell
 Atmaram Pandoorung and Dadoba Pan-
 doorung—Kudawady
 Askurn Khingur—Bora Barar Street
 Asso Gungjee—Shamjee Hussa-jee Street
 Bhuechund Teewa—K. Albadavie Road
 Bhujee Jewi—Sattad
 Bhujee Girdhur—Bombay Green
 Bhoychund Joomukhram—W. Thulwady
 Bhagwandass Madhowdass—Bazar Gate
 Street
 Bomanjee Framjee Cam—Gowalia
 Bomanjee Jeejeebhooy—Parell
 Budridass Sowdass—K. Albadavie Road
 Byerjnath Buchraj—W. Thulwady
 Byerjee Jeejeebhooy—Breach Candy
 Cullandass Mohundass
 Cullandass Jotadass—Shaik Memon
 Street
 Cullandass Sewjee—Boree Bunder
 Cullunjee Govindjee—Bazar Gate Street
 Callianjee Hunnass—K. Albadavie Road
 Callianjee Muddonjee—Bazar Gate Street
 Callianjee Soondejee—Shaik Memon
 Street
 Canjee Khetsey—Mody Street
 Canjee Lalladur—Cajee Syed Street
 Canjee Purbur—Doorgy Colley Street
 Canjee Ruttonsey—Shaik Memon Street
 Canjee Shamjee—Vudgady
 Carvithor, S. A.—Gungam
 Chattoorbhooy Assaria—Shamjee Hussa-
 jee Street
 Chuttoorbhooy Hurrydass—Cajee Syed
 Street
 Corejee Callianjee—Bora Bazar
 Cowasjee Jeehangheer—Fort and Breach
 Candy
 Cooverjee Ludha—Hornby Row
 Currimbhooy Ebrambhooy—Shamjee Hus-
 sajee Street
 Cursetjee Cowasjee Ashburner—Cowas-
 jee Patel Tank
 Cursetjee Furdoonjee Paruck—Colaba
 Cursetjee Hustomjee Cama—Malabar Hill
 Curondass Madhowdass—Burgum Road
 Curonlass Runchordass—Cajee Syed
 Street
 Dajee, Bhan M. D.—Gungam Road
 Dimeeray Soojin—Bazar Gate Street
 Damoder Ihekerry—Bora Barar
 Damjee Shamjee—Mango Viney Street
 Dewakurn Rambulal—Shaik Memon
 Street
 Dewsey Ragowjee—Sattad
 Dewchund Parpia—Sattad
 Dewjee Bhanjee—Cajee Syed Street
 Dewjee Golam Husein—Shamjee Hus-
 sajee Street
 Dewjee Gungajul—Sattad
 Dewjee Viljee—Sattad
 Dewkurn Bhoja—Cajee Syed Street
 Dharsey Bhimjee—Cajee Syed Street
 Dhuryall Mathooradass—Cowasjee Patel
 Tank
 Dhunjee Canjee—The koordwar Lane
 Dhunjee Mowjee—Vudgaddy
 Dhunjeebhooy Cursetjee Shroff—Gowalia
 Dhunjabin Y. Ranjee Patell—Gumballa
 Dhurumsey Jitha—Cajee Syed Street
 Dhurumsey Nanjee—Bazar Gate Street
 Dhurumsey Ruttonsey—Shaik Memon
 Street
 Dhurumaybhooy Poonjabhooy—Shamjee
 Hussa-jee Street
 Dinshaw Manockjee Petty—Rampart
 Row
 Doonjeejee Gopjee—Bazar Gate Street
 Dossahoy Framjee—Gungam
 Dossabhooy Rahjee Moonchee—Fort
 Dowlatram Veljee—Chuch Bunder
 Dwarakadass Vassorjee—Shaik Memon
 Street
 Dyall Bhimjee—Vudgaddy
 Dyall Hurjee—Bazar Gate Street
 Dyall Khimjee—Cajee Syed Street
 Ebrahim Abdoool Kursem—Apollo Street
 Ebrahim bin Kujut—Mody Street
 Eduljee Hustomjee—Churney Wady
 Easlin Khullifa—Bazar Gate Street
 Eas Khakhy—Shamjee Hussa-jee Street
 Eramjee Nusserwanjee Patell the Hon—
 Gumballa
 Fattychund Dewchund—Cajee Syed
 Street
 Ganjee Corejee—Mody Street
 Ghella Dhunraj—Cajee Syed Street
 Ghuithural Kuttaychund—Shaik Memon
 Street
 Girdhur Roopchund—Shaik Memon Street
 Goculbhooy Moolchund—Shaik Memon
 Street
 Goculdass Cullianjee—Bora Bazar
 Goculdass Lyladur—Mango Suoy Street
 Goculdass Madhowjee—Cajee Syed Street
 Goculdass Mowjee—Mody Street
 Goculdass Jopen—Cajee Syed Street
 Goculharai Conjial—Shaik Memon Street
 Gopaljee Runchord—Bazar Gate Street
 Govindjee Lukmichund—Munordass Rup-
 jee's Lane

Govind Girdhar—Mody Street	Jairam Sewjee—Bazar Gate Street
Govindjee Soondarjee—Shaik Memon Street	Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart, Masagon Castle
Govindjee Vinjee—Bora Bazar	Jethi Dhanjee—Cajee Syed Street
Govindram Luxmidass—Shaik Memon Street	Jetha Dhanumsey—Cajee Syed Street
Govindram Ballaram—Shaik Memon St.	Jetha Purshotum—Cajee Syed Street
Gunnabdas Boolakhidass—Shaik Memon Street	Jetha Vurrit—Bora Bazar
Guneshdass Thackoredass—Shaik Memon Street	Jee wonjee Norrbhoy—Sattad
Guncshlal Shobhagmul—Shaik Memon Street	Jeshu Vullhjee—Cajee Syed Street
Gungdass Vazbhokun—Bhoolashwer Road	Jettunani Chellunani—Shaik Memon Street
Gungajul Sudeo—Sattad	Jessey Ghella—Sattad
Hajee Abdool Behnani—Mody Street	Jewar Maccondass—Withulwady
Hajee Abdool Suttar—Doongrey Colley Street	Joonareemul Bhundare—Shaik Memon Street
Hajee Ahmed Hajee Abdool—Doongrey Colley Street	Junnadass Balkison—Shaik Memon Street
Hajee Oadoo Rahimtoola—Cajee Syed Street	Keesowjee Jadownjee—Sattad
Hajee Kbram Hajee Joonab—Cross Row	Keesowjee Purshotum—Cajee Syed Street
Hajee Kamul Hajee Abdool—Doongrey Colley Street	Keesowjee Toolseydass—Bazar Gate Street
Hajee Esmail Hajee Hubab—Cajee Syed Street	Keesowjee Toolseydass—Mango Siny Street
Hajee Esmail Seedeeek—Cajee Syed Street	Kis owjee Waghjee—Bora Bazar
Hajee Huseam Hajee Abdool—Doongrey Colley Street	Klathary Jethy—Cajee Syed Street
Hajee Mohamed Hajee Abdool Kurreem—Cajee Syed Street	Khumtun Bualigram—Shaik Memon Street
Hajee Bajun Jaffer—Doongrey Colley Street	Khoosul Hurrydass—Sattad
Hajee Bellay Mohamed Ailee—Cajee Syed Street	Khulpan Ruttonjee—Cajee Syed Street
Hajeebhoy Laljee—Shamjee Hussajee Street	Khatu Gungjee—Cajee Syed Street
Harschund Monelal—Shaik Memon Street	Khatu Macconjee—Bazar Gate Street
Heerjee Doss—Sattad	Khatu Kowjee—Cross Row
Heerjee Ookerla—Doongrey Colley Street	Kutondass Midhondass—Bell Lane
Heerjeebhoy Hormusjee Sena—Borah Bazaar	Kutondass Ailee—Shaik Memon Street
Honjee Cursetjee Pady—Church Lane	Lalchundi Kundyal—Shaik Memon Street
Huckmohand Mottichund—Doongrey Colley Street	Laljee Indrajee—Mango Siny Street
Hujareemul Narsingdass—Shaik Memon Street	Laljee Natha—Vudgally
Hujareemul Suidamul—Calbadavie Road	Lalchur Govindjee—Cajee Syed Street
Hunaraj Curumary—Sattad	Lalldham Purshotum—Doongrey Colley Street
Hunmuntao Sudeew—Calbadavie Road	Lamjee Manockjee—Byonila
Hurjee Jeena—Shaik Memon Street	Luckmidass Jugterwandass—Bhoolashwer Road
Hurjee Jamal—Shamjee Hussajee Street	Luckmidass Vullabbhoy—Bazar Gate Street
Hurjeevan Chuttoo—Kitchen Garden	Luckmidass Koryee—Mody Street
Hury Bhany—Cross Row	Luckmidass Kowjee—Kulbudavie Road
Hury Gammal—Shamjee Hussajee Street	Luldhhy Luram—Shamjee Hussajee Street
Hury Shamji—Doongrey Colley Street	Madon Govindjee—Sattad
Hyderally Guesnawjee—Apollo Street	Madon Tejave—Sattad
Inderjee Mohunjee—Nagdavie Street	Muljee Asoo—Doongrey Colley Street
Jadowjee Cursonjee—Musjid Bunder	Manackchund Madon—Cross Row
Jadowjee Parbut—Cajee Syed Street	Megjee Laljee—Cajee Syed Street
Jairabhoy Peerbhoy—Shamjee Hussajee Street	Meghaji Juggunnath—Shaik Memon Street
Jaitha Ludha—Sattad	Mohomedally—Barbhara Molla
	Morwanjee Framji Panday—Masagon, Market Jetha—Sattad
	Mooljee Jewar—Cajee Syed Street
	Mooljee Vegje—Sattad
	Mooljee Moranje—Mango Siny Street
	Mooljee Trumjee—Bazar Gate Street
	Mooljee Veljee—Doongrey Colley Street
	Mooney Ookerla—Sattad
	Morarjee Canjee—Vudgaddy
	Morarjee Cursondass—Bazar Gate Street
	Morarjee Goculdass—Church Lane

- Moosjee Khanbhoj—Bazar Gate Street
 Munguldass Nathooobhoj—Girgaum Road
 Motiam Kichoomal—Doongry Colley Street
 Motichund Buntook—Kalbadavie Road
 Nowjee Pragee—Mody Street
 Muncherjee Framjee Cama—Church-pongley
 Muncherjee Hormusjee Cama—Malabar Hill
 Munguldass Nathooobhoj—Girgaum
 Nijee Sadco—Sattad
 Narunjee Bhimjee—Vudgaddy
 Nomalchand Dhurumchand—Shaik Memon Street
 Nowrojee Furdoojee—Chimney Wady
 Nurumulla Midbowdass—Parsee Bazar
 Nursey Kaseowjee—Sattad
 Nursey Khimichund—Bungerwalla Street
 Nuthoomall Gordhondass—Shaik Memon Street
 Ock Gampjee—Bora Bazar
 Ootichund Heerjee—Pwar Gate Street
 Parjee Lokmidass—Bora Bazar
 Pitta Narroo—Mango Binoy
 Poorjeebhoj Larkhond Caje Syed
 Pragee Parass—Caje Syed Street
 Premjee Cupperchand—Bazar Gate Street
 Premchand Roychand—Love Lane
 Priymjee Jeevan—Kallidavie Road
 P. domjee Lakhumjee—Caje Syed Street
 Purooj Lajee—Mody Street
 P. ghoojee Nuthoo Caje Syed Street
 Ramdass Gopaljee—Mody Street
 Ramdass Vansoojee—Bora Bazar
 Ramjee Madhoojee—Bazar Gate Street
 Ramjee Morjee—Caje Syed Street
 Ranjee Lakhichund—Sattad
 Rauljee Purnikutum—Shaik Memon Street
 Ramul Metichund—Sunn Memon Street
 Ramchand Bulwant Vithalwady
 Rayjee Amichund—Munoidass Hoop
 Rayjee
 Rawjee Chovergur—Bazar Gate
 Rattigun Dowlingur—Bazar Gate
 Ruttonsey Goolidass—Caje Syed Street
 Ruttonsey Poonjee—Sattad
 Ruttonjee Valljee—Caje Syed Street
 Roychand Deepchand—Love Lane
 Rowchand Amooluk—Shaik Memon
 Rowjee Lajee—Bora Bazar
 Rowjee
 Rughoonath Juggonnath—Shaik Memon Street
 Runodee Merjee—Mody Street
 Ruuchordass Jadowjee—Bora Bazar
 Runkumjee Jamestjee Jeechhjee—Fort
 Ruttonsey Lajee—Shaik Memon Street
 Ruttonjee Roojee—Sootarchall
 Rychand Amooluk—Shaik Memon Street
 Rumraton Sewaram—Shaik Memon Street
 Sazumal Surialmul—Khutorilly Lane
 Saljee Mehomed Goolam Hossain—Sham-
 jee Hussay Street
 Sameimull bobhaginull—Shaik Memon
 Samrath Rambux—Shaik Memon Street
 Samtmul Goolalmul—Doongry Colley
 Street
 Sejjall Damjee—Sattad
 Sejjall Kychund—Caje Syed Street
 Sejee Kaseowjee—Caje Syed Street
 Sewjibhoj Maneek—Shamjee Hussajee
 Street
 Shamjee Jadowjee—Bora Bazar
 Shamuldass Dechridass—Sootarchall
 Sheeram Dowlutram—Shaik Memon
 Street
 Shhaghund Goolabchand—Shaik Me-
 mon Street
 Sorabjee Jamestjee Jeechhjee—Fort
 Sorabjee Jamestjee Jeechhjee—Bandora
 Sotajjee Shapoorjee—Bora Bazar
 Sowchand Goolabchand—Bazar Gate
 Street
 Suchooobhoj Khaky—Caje Syed Street
 Sutaram Nundul—Shaik Memon Street
 Suliam Joogulkisore—Shaik Memon
 Street
 Soojumall Bhachund—Shaik Memon
 Street
 Soondordass Mooljee—Sattad
 Street
 Soondordass Morajee—Mody Street
 Soondordass Dewanne—Caje Syed Street
 Sotumall Ardenmull—Kalbadavie Road
 Sotjee Thackarey—Shamjee Hussajee
 Street
 T. ghilass Vunuljee—Parsee Bazar
 Tarrichund Looma—Shaik Memon Street
 T. ghil Commat—Shamjee Hussajee
 Street
 T. ghil Gope—Mody Street
 Thackerjee Shewshaw—Shaik Memon
 Street
 Thackorejee Valljee—Sattad
 Tojee Lajee Khimjee—Shamjee Hussajee
 Street
 Tuljee Lajee Shakhichund—Balajee Sham-
 jee Street
 Ujee Shoojee—Bazar Gate Street
 V. ghilchraot Munnab—Kalbadavie Road
 V. ghilch Waseowjee
 V. ghilchro Juggonath Sankersett—Gir-
 gaum Road
 V. ghilchund Jostadass—Shaik Memon
 Street
 V. ghilchundass Midowdass—Parsee Bazar
 Vijeechand Ghellachund—Caje Syed
 Street
 Vinuldass Manchund—Sootarchall
 Vundawun Ajarnull—Cross Row
 Vundawun Purnshotum—Barbhara Molla
 Vurdhwan Nensy—Sattad
 Vurdhwan Poonjee—Sattad
 V. ghilch Nurjee—Sattad
 V. ghilchund Currumchand—Shaik Memon
 Street
 V. ghilchund Caje—Caje Syed Street
 Valley M. Mohamed Khan Mahomed—Soot-
 archall
 Vallubias Janas—Caje Syed Street
 Vansoojee Dowchand—Hosowada
 Vansoojee Morjee—Mango Binoy Street
 Waseowdew Pandoorung

Miscellaneous Professions and Trades.

Accountants.

Aguiar, Joseph Corrado, Masagon
Brodie and Wilson, Elphinstone Circle
Bulter, W. C., Breach Candy

Agents.

Bramhall, D. P., (ship), Forbes Street
Brown, J. A., & Co. for Smith, Elder &
Co., Lunard Crushing Co., Kurrachee,
and Nixon and Dwyer, London, Meadow
Street
Cama, P. & D. F. & Co., Church Street
Campbell, Mitchell & Co., for Lloyd's,
Rampart Row
Campbell, B., for Chartered Mercantile
Bank of India, London and China
Chen, M. B., Meadow Street
Dadabhoi Bazonjee, Bazaar Street
D'Aquency, Capt. A., for Le Bureau
Veritas, French Lloyd, 15 Apollo Street
Dixon, John, Lloyd's Agent, Nesbit Lane,
Fort
Eduljee Pallonjee Bottlewalls, for Cut-
ler's Wines, and for Ind, Coope, & Co.,
Meadow Street
Eduljee Nasserwanjee, Borah Bazaar
Framjee Nasserwanjee & Co., for Du
Barry, &c., Forbes Street
Framjee, Sands & Co., for J. and R. Ten-
nent, Brewers, Well Park Brewery,
Glasgow, for the Ceylon Government,
and for J. and M. Tennant, Engineers,
Glasgow
Grindlay, Groom and Co., East India
Agents, Elphinstone Circle
Jackson, Ackroyd & Co., for Jules Mumm
& Co., (Rheims), Oak Lane
Jeejeebhoy Bazonjee, Borah Bazaar
Leggatt & Co., for Gladstones Conning-
ham & Co., Rampart Row
Lyon Brothers, for Bass & Co., Apollo
Street
Maillet, A., for Marsh Brothers & Co., 2
Oak Lane
Maharjee, Johnston & Co., for Art Union
of Glasgow, 6 Apollo Street
Marwanjee Sorabjee, Todd Street
Pantonjee Nowrojee, Borah Bazaar
Remington & Co., General, Elphinstone
Circle
Rustomjee Jamsetjee, Cowasjee Patel
Street
Rustomjee Cowasjee, Nanabhoi B Street
Scheffer, James, & Co., 8 Meadow Street
Sorabjee Ruttonjee & Co., General and
Commission, Yeola
Thacker, Vining & Co., for Thacker &
Co., &c., Rampart Row
Wallace & Co
Weakley, G. W. & Co., Parcel Agents

Apothecaries.

Fernandes & Co., Rampart Row and Ma-
zagon
James, Paul Francis, Borah Musjeed Lane
Kemp, D. S., Elphinstone Circle
Mendes, P. N., Girgaum Road
Pegeira, D. V. & Co., Kalbadavia Road
and Masagon
Rodrigues, Braz, Meadow Street
Rodrigues, P. A. & Co., Rampart Row
Trescher & Co., Meadow Street, Fort, and
Bellaria Road, Byculia

Architects and Builders

Bedford, Henry, Tamarind Lane, Fort
Bulkley, T. A., Rampart Row
Daley W. J. and Son, Elphinstone Circle
Drury, C., Chinchpoogly
Harper, W., Colaba
Johnston, W. B., Masagon
Lidbitter & Co., Grant Road
Morris, James, & Co., Meadow Street
Olyphant and Nicker, Byculia
Seid T. G., Meadow Street
Scott, McDielland and Co., Elphinstone
Circle
Scott, James G. T., Cumballa Hill
Wilcox, H. G., Meadow Street

Army Accoutrement Contractors for Government.

Rowland, F., Bellaria Road
Tanner, John, Bellaria Road, Byculia

Artists.

Griffith, J., School of Arts, Esplanade
Higgins, S., do
Kipling, L., do
Sykes, D., Humnum Street
Lerry, G. W., Byculia

Attornies

(See High Court)

Auctioneers.

Ardaseer Limjee & Co., Apollo Street
Bapoojee Hormusjee & Co., 8 Meadow
Street
Bazonjee Bomonjee, Hornby Row
Bennett & Co., Forbes Street
Bomonjee Dossabhoi & Co., Meadow
Street
Crawford & Co., Marine Street
Dinshaw Ardaseer, Chundunwadda
Dossabhoi Dadabhoi, Bazaar Gate
Gladding & Co., Rampart Row
Heeralall & Co., Rampart Row
Hormusjee Muncherjee, Nesbit Lane

Auctioneers—continued

Mehrjee, Johnson & Co., 6 Apollo Street
 Menasse & Co., Humnum Street
 Muncherjee Kduljee Dewjee, Dongree Street
 Nusserwanjee Cullandass & Co., Meadow Street
 Nusserwanjee Framjee, Mody Street
 Rustonjee Pestonjee, Meadow Street
 Ruttonjee Furdoonjee, Colaba
 Ruttonjee Donsabhoj, Meadow Street
 Sadanund Shree Crustanajee & Co., Forbes Street
 Sorabjee Cowajjee, Goa Lane

Average Staters.

Blay & Mackintosh, J A P, Elphinstone Circle
 Ludbetter, T, Nesbit Lane, Fort

Bakers and Confectioners.

Bathurjee & Co, Church Street
 DeSours, A. C., Khetwaddy Chunam Kain Road
 DeSours, Joseph, Girgaum Road
 Dorabjee Manockjee, Ind Street, Fort
 Lulho A C, Kulsalavi Road
 Mitchell, W R, Grant Road
 Matthias, Baptist & Co, 1st Marine Street
 Nazareth, J. & Co., Bakehouse Lane, Fort
 Nusserwanjee Merwanjee, Gunbow Street
 Pooni and Bombay Steam Flour Mill and Bakery, Bakehouse Lane, Fort
 Ruttonjee Framjee Bakehouse Lane
 Salvador Patis, Bell Lane
 Steam Bakery, Grant Road
 Vogue & Co., Byculla

Barristers-at-Law.

(See High Court)

Bill, Freight, and Share Brokers.

Aguar J L de, Gungaum
 Bhus P, Fort
 Beyer C A, Meadow Street
 Blay & Mackintosh, Elphinstone Circle
 Brooks Joshua, Colaba
 Bromly Best & Brown, Rampart Row
 Bull M L, W, Elphinstone Circle
 Cusford & Sedgwick, Elphinstone Circle
 Cummins, M K, Rampart Row
 Dale, R., Elphinstone Circle
 Dunsbrow Blackjays Dantra
 Dhunjeebhoy Framjee Wadia
 Elmstone & Davidass, Elphinstone Circle
 Giles, Bell Lane
 Gullibrand, John, Bombay Green
 Gordon, J, Meadow Street
 Hamilton W. R., Rampart Row
 Hay & Litham, Elphinstone Circle
 Ha, Andrew, Rampart Row
 Hurst, W A, Farnea Bazaar Street
 Jeejeebhoy Jehangoor
 Knipe, C. B., Nesbit Lane, Fort

Lawson, H W G., Rampart Row
 Lirval, F O
 McCombie, A. J., Meadow Street
 Scott, J W, Elphinstone Circle
 Walker, Edward, Church Lane
 Westlake, John, Rampart Row

Billiard Rooms.

Delphi Hotel, Byculla
 Byculla Hotel, Byculla
 Cambridge Hotel, Forbes Street
 Divan Exchange, Fort
 Elphinstone Hotel, Mount Road
 English Hotel, Military Square
 Franklin Hotel, Khetwaddy
 Fort Hotel, Meadow Street
 Imperial Hotel, Nesbit Lane, Fort
 Oriental Hotel, Mazagon
 Poole's, Humnum Street, Fort
 Windsor Castle Hotel, Forbes Street

Boarding-house Keepers.

Anderson, W, Mazagon
 Clarke, Mrs, Sonapore
 Doyle, Mrs, Mazagon
 Henderson, Mrs, Kalbadavia
 Mann, Mrs
 Olenwald, F, Nabob's House, Mazagon
 Stuart, Mrs, Lower Colaba
 Wlah, K, Mazagon

Civil Engineers and Architects

Bulkley, F A, Meadow Street
 Cameron and Ryan, 1 Hornby Row, Fort
 Corbary, Patrick, Kalbadavia
 Glover and Co, Mazagon
 Hastings James & Co., Humnum Street
 Latham & Walton, Rampart Row
 Mohney, G T., Splimade
 Morris, J, Meadow Street
 Paris, Walter, Kaplanade
 Reed & Bulkley, Rampart Row
 Scott, McClelland & Co, Elphinstone Circle

Boat and Coach Contractors

Cullranjee Sawjee, Panwell Ferry Contractor
 Jehangirjee Shapoorjee Lalia, Bazar Gate Street
 Pestonjee Framjee, Meadow Street

Bookbinders.

Aaron Gindel & Sons, Forbes Street
 Bombay Grotte Press
 Education Society's Press, Byculla
 Exchange Press, Church Gate Street
 Jimeetjee Jambajee, Forbes Street
 Merwanjee Cowajjee, Gunbow Lane
 Pallonjee Jeevjee, Tamarind Lane
 Pestonjee Manockjee, Bazar Gate Street

Booksellers.

Atmaram Sagoon & Co, Kalbadavie Road
 Bible Society, Esplanade Cross Road
 Bhojraj Dorabjee, Meadow Street
 Cheeson & Woodhall, Hummum Street,
 Fort
 Hajee Ahmed Easa, Forbes Street
 Hajee Sullivan, Meadow Street
 Jeswakhani, N. Bin, Bhendy Bazar
 Society for Promoting Christian Know-
 ledge, Albion Place
 Thacker, Vining & Co, Rampart Row
 Thack and Book Society, Esplanade

Boot and Shoe Makers.

DeMotto, Sebastian, Kalbadavie Road
 Fernandes, Pedro, Tamarind Lane
 Moreira, John & Co, Kalbadavie Road
 Nicol & Co., Rampart Row
 Partridge, R., Hummum Street
 Richardson, E, Gurgaum Road

Cabinet Makers.

Bhimjee Byramjee, Meadow Street
 Byramjee Aspandiarjee do
 Jamestjee Lunjee do
 Manockjee Nowrojee do
 Mancherjee Bhimjee do
 Nannabhoj Mancherjee & Co do
 Kustomjee Nowrojee Sons, do
 Shispoorjee Byramjee, do
 Sonabjee Framjee & Co do
 Sonabjee Framjee & Sons, do

Card and Copper-plate Printers.

Bornhay Gazette Press, Meadow Street,
 Fort
 Education Society's Press, Byculla
 Eyraunce, S. D., 24, Apollo Street
 Kichinge Press, Church Street
 Hannah, J.
 Palloujee Jewajee, Tamarind Lane

China Depositories.

Manockjee Framjee, Meadow Street
 Patonjee Gwasjee Kharas, Apollo Street
 Kustomjee Dadabhoy & Co., Meado
 Street

China Shoemakers.

Arjun Chinnaman, Kalbadavie Road
 Christian, John, Gurgaum Road
 Jackson, J., Kalbadavie Road

Clothiers.

Allan, A., Apollo Street
 Badham & Co, Apollo House, Apollo
 Street
 Bell, Luis, Meadow Street
 Carr, Brothers, Church Gate Street
 DeCosta P., Church Street, Mazagon
 Hajee Haroon Mahomed, Meadow Street
 Hajee Mahomed, Forbes Street
 Jacob & Co., Meadow Street

John Mahomed, Borah Bazar
 Moosaw Easw, Borah Bazar
 Ragoo Shamjee, 13, Meadow Street
 Souza Pryor & Co., Meadow Street
 Stevens G., Matharapady
 Stewart & Co, Meadow Street
 Var, J., Dockyard Street, Mazagon
 Vaz, P., Church Street, Mazagon
 Walter and Co., Meadow Street
 Watson, J. & W. & Co., Meadow Street

Coach Painters and Builders.

Antone, A.M, Bellaria Junction Road
 Antone, J., Esplanade Cross-road
 Collett & Co., Gurgaum Road
 Cursetjee Dorabjee & Co, Bhendy Bazar
 DeSouza, V C, Parrell Road, Byculla.
 Fallonjee Bomaijee, Meadow Street.
 Peters & Co, Gurgaum Road.
 Rhymankhan, Gurgaum Road

Coach and Palanquin Makers.

Antone, A. M. Bellaria, Junction Road
 Antone, Joseph, Esplanade Cross-road
 Byramjee Eduljee, Meadow Street
 Collett & Co, Gurgaum Road
 Cooverjee Byramjee & Co, Gurgaum
 Road
 Cursetjee Dorabjee & Co, Bhendy Bazar
 Dadabhoy Bomaijee, Meadow Street
 DeSouza V C, Parrell Road, Byculla
 Hormaijee Kustomjee, Mombadavie Road
 Laisant, M, Bellaria Road, Byculla
 Peters & Co. Gurgaum Road
 Sonabjee Shapoorjee, Bhendy Bazar

Commission Stables.

Ali Abdoola Bellaria Road
 Ginger, T., Byculla Road, and Remount
 Stables, Gurgaum
 Nowrojee Nussurwanjee, Bellaria Junc-
 tion Road
 Stephens, C, & Son, Grant Road
 Sonabjee Lady Suntook Sons, Sonapoor
 Street

Contractors.

Almeida, L. O, Gurgaum
 Alves J Francis, Bandora
 Anderson, J. B, Byculla
 Bean, Howard Henry
 Burk, T., Colaba
 Coleman & Co
 Glover & Co.
 Mahomed Aily, Mazagon Bunder
 Rose, J C, Grant Road
 Swan Musgrave, and Ellison, Byculla
 Seed and Bulkeley, Rampart Row

Decorative Painters.

Johnston, W. B, Mazagon
 Kew, J C, Grant Road
 Whitcliffe, R, 13 Mount Road, Byculla

Dentists.

Gabriel, Adolph, Horuby Row
Somerville, J., Forbes Street

Drapers and Silk Mercers.

Allan, A., Apollo Street
Badham & Co., Apollo House
Banajee, Meharwanjee & Co., Meadow Street
Dorabjee Ramjee Meadow Street
Meyajee Ahmedbhoy, Midway Street
Sweet, J. & Co., Church Street
Ragoo Shamjee, Meadow Street
Watson, J. & W. & Co., Humnum Street

Draughtsmen.

Edwards, E. F., Fort
Rozario, D., Byculla

Dress-makers.

Brown, Mrs., Byculla
Godfrey Mrs., Meadow Street
Gruvin, Madame, Meadow Street
Hornfield, Mrs., Meadow Street
Corrot, Mrs., Byculla
Horn, Mrs., No. 3, Meadow Street
Lake, Mrs., Byculla

Dubashes.

Pyramjee Pestonjee Fort
Cowajee Manojjee, Meadow Street
Chavetjee & Eduljee, Forbes Street
Chavetjee Munchejee, Military Square
Jady and Dorabjee, Humnum Street
Dudabhy Ruttonjee & Co., Nesbit Lane
Dorabhy Ramjee, Nesbit Lane
Dorabhy & Pyramjee, Nesbit Lane, Fort
Dorabhy Dinabjee, Borah Bazaar
Dorabhy Sorabjee, Humnum Street
Dilipjee Dudabhy, Humnum Street
Dudabhy Dorabjee, Cowajee Hotel Street
Eduljee and Ruttonjee, Oak Lane
Framjee & Dudabhy, Forbes Street
Sorabjee Eduljee & Co., British Hotel
Lane
Dadabhy Hormusjee, Apollo Street
Hormusjee Chavetjee, Borah Bazaar Lane
Hormusjee Ramjee, Mody Street
Hormusjee Jamssetjee, Borah Bazaar
Merwanjee Buzonjee
Merwanjee Nusservanjee, Apollo Street
Merwanjee Pestonjee Sons, Apollo Street
Munchejee Merwanjee, Tamarind Lane
Nanabhy & Sorabjee, Apollo Street
Pallonjee Framjee, Tamarind Lane
Pestonjee Framjee, Humnum Street
Pestonjee Jamssetjee, Oak Lane
Ruttonjee Romanjee, Meadow Street
Ruttonjee Munchejee Jal, Nesbit Lane
Sorabjee Eduljee & Co., British Hotel
Lane
Sorabjee Pestonjee Dhunjeebhoy, Ram-
part Row
Sorabjee Maneckjee

Electro-Platers and Gilders.

Pyramjee Nowrojee, Church Lane
Furdonjee Pestonjee, Bazaar Street
Jewanjee Cowajee & Co., Forbes Street
Sorabjee Framjee & Co., Dhobee Talao

Engravers on Metal.

Aha Ramsett, Girgaum
Balajee Ramchunder, Meadow Street
Bombay Gazette, Meadow Street
Education Society's Press, Byculla
Govind Ramsett, Girgaum Road
Hannah, J., Apollo Street
Jewiam Samjee, Bazaar Street
Russett & Co., Meadow Street
Thorhill & Co., Meadow Street

Engravers on Wood.

Bombay Gazette, Meadow Street
Education Society's Press, Byculla
Students' School of Arts, Esplanade
Terry, C. W., Pinnell Road

Furniture Dealers.

Ismael Mahomed & Co., Kalbadavie Road
Jaffer Sullivan, Meadow Street and Kal-
badavie Road
John Mahomed, Kalbadavie Road
Ludha Khram & Co., Girgaum Road
Mooti Coomber, Kalbadavie Road
Nanasa Puri, Meadow Street & Byculla
Nuthoo Dinshaw, Kalbadavie Road
Osman Alluckia & Co., Meadow Street
Rahimtoolla Sullivan, Meadow Street
and Byculla

Gas Works Contractors.

The Bombay Gas Co., Fort
Lawson and Whittaker, Albion Place,
Chinchpoojy

Goldsmiths.

Aha Ramsett, Girgaum Road
Atmaram Wishwannathjee, Meadow Street
Bhascar Raghobabett, Meadow Street
Govind Keshowjee, Meadow Street
Govind Ramsett, Girgaum Road

Gunsmiths.

Edwards T. B., Rampart Row
Hajee Meysa, Bhandy Bazaar
Laing, A. & Son, Byculla
Mahomed Hossain, Bhandy Bazaar

Gun and Pistol Makers.

Edwards, T. B., Rampart Row
Laing, A. & Son, Byculla

Harness-Makers.

(See Saddlers.)

Hatters.

Allan, A., Apollo Street
Badham & Co., Apollo House, Apollo
Street

Hatters—continued.

Burn, Meadow Street
 Carr Brothers, Church Gate Street
 Jacob & Co., Meadow Street
 Souza, Piyar & Co., Meadow Street
 Stewart & Co., Meadow Street
 Walter and Co., Meadow Street
 Watson, J. & W., & Co., Meadow Street

Horse Dealers

Alli Abdoola, Bellasis Road
 A. A. Mohamed Bukker, Bhendy Bazar
 Bazonjee Buckerjee, Girgaum Road
 Ginger, Girgaum Road
 Jamarjee Lowasjee, Bhendy Bazar
 Nasserwanjee Munckjee, near the Race-course, Byculla
 Rustomjee Bhopoojee & Co., Girgaum Road
 Sorabjee Dady Bantook Sons, S. J. Cur Street

Hosiery, Glovers, &c.

Allan, A., Apollo Street
 Bidhum & Co., Apollo House, Apollo Street
 Carr, Brothers, Church Gate Street
 Watson and Co., Meadow Street

Hotels.

Albert Hotel, Mazagon
 Adelphi Hotel, "Clare Hall," Byculla Road
 Auckland Hotel, Mazagon
 Byculla Hotel, Byculla
 Cambridge Hotel, Forbes Street, Fort
 Canute Castle Hotel, Mazagon
 Clarendon Family Hotel, Byculla
 Liphinstone Hotel, Mount Road
 English Hotel, Military Bazaar
 Family Hotel, & Boarding House, Nawab's House, Mazagon
 Franklin Hotel, Khetwady
 Frere Hotel, Fort
 Hope-Hall Hotel, Mazagon
 Imperial Hotel, Nesbit Lane, Fort
 Lion Lion Hotel, Mazagon
 Oriental Hotel, Mazagon
 Prussian Hotel, Mazagon
 Prince of Wales Hotel, Marine Street
 Royal Hotel, Lamarine Lane
 Victoria Hotel, Mazagon
 Victoria Gardens Family Hotel, Byculla
 Wellington Hotel, Mazagon
 Windsor Castle Hotel, Forbes Street

House Agents

Baronjee and Nasserwanjee, Elphinstone Circle
 Byramjee P., 11 Forbes Street
 Rogers, Cohen & Co., 7 Forbes Street
 Williamson & Co., 6 Bakahouse Lane

House Painters.

Johnston, W. B. Mazagon
 Leadhitter & Co., Grant Road
 Ross J. C., Mazagon
 Whitchelo, R., 15 Mount Road, Byculla

Ice Confectioners.

Divan Exchange, 5 Apollo Street
 Lobo, J. C., Parell Road, Byculla
 Morenas & Co., Meadow Street
 Morris J., Girgaum
 Peterson, W., Apollo Street
 Poole, Hummam Street
 Reynell, Jas., Apollo Street

Ice Depots.

Govt. Ice House, Apollo Street and Malabar Hill
 Private Ice Co., Girgaum & Meadow Street
 Ludor Co's, Apollo Street, Grant Road and Malabar Hill

Ironmongers, Dealers in Hardware, &c.

James and Millr, Crane Bunder
 Johnstons Bhopoojee, 8 Marine Street
 Kintoch and Allen, Apollo Street
 Lonsdhan, F., Victoria Bunder
 Metal Mart Bore Bunder
 L. J. Hybubhoy, Apollo Street

Iron and Brass Founders.

Dixon and Co., Byculla
 Eduljee Ship and Napier Foundry, Fort Road, Byculla
 Hutchinson & Robson, Byculla
 Sorabjee Bhopoojee & Co., Khetwaddy

Jewellers

Atmaram Wimanath, Meadow Street
 Berens, H. & A. & Co., Meadow Street
 Davis, L. and Co., Elphinstone Circle
 Roselet & Co., Meadow Street
 Rustomjee Kimmuraz, Apollo Street
 Thoinhill & Co., Meadow Street
 Treacher & Co., Rampart Row

Lithographers.

Bombay Gazette Press
 Education Society's Press, Byculla
 Gunput Gurnatajee Dongaree

Liquidators.

(See List 743)

Livery Stable Keepers.

Alli Abdoola, Bellasis Road
 Binjorjee Merwanjee & Co., Poydownee
 Cursetjee Dorabjee & Co., Bhendy Bazar
 Ginger, Girgaum
 Jimsetjee Eduljee & Co., Poydownee
 Livery Company, Limited, Byculla
 Nasserwanjee Heerjee, Girgaum Road

Livery stable keepers—continued.

Rustomjee Nowrojee, Kalbadavie
Ruttonjee Rustomjee, Kalbadavie
Sorabjee Byramjee & Co., Poydownee
Road
Stephens O. and Son, Grant Road

Mail Contractor.

Pestonjee Sorabjee, Post Office

Marine Surveyors.

Blackmore, F., Grant Buildings
Brousee J. Byculla
Dixon J. Nesbit Lane
Gagnour, H., Elphinstone Circle
Ludbetter, T. Nesbit Lane
Lowe L. D. Middle Colaba

Mess Agents.

Ardaveer Firdoonjee Sons Forbes Street
Ardaveer Limjee & Co., Marine Street
Cowanjee A Firdoonjee Meadow Street
Cutler, Palmer & Co Dean Lane
Eduljee Nusserwanjee Colahwalla, Hum-
num Street
Eduljee Pallonjee Bottlewalli, Meadow
Street
Heizer & Sons, Apollo Street
Jamsetjee Kinnjee, Borah Bazar
Jeevanjee Ruttonjee's Sons, Apollo
Street
Jhinglor Nusserwanjee & Co, Apollo
Street
Jewanjee Laluljee & Sons, Meadow Street
Mehjee & Johnston, Church Street
Muncherjee Eduljee Meadow Street
Pestonjee Jewanjee & Co, Military
Square
Rustomjee Pestonjee, Meadow Street
Rustomjee Umajee, Gunbow Street
Teacher & Co., Meadow Street

Midwives

Barclay, Mrs., Grant Road
Cotton, Mrs., Byculla
Gorman, Mrs.
Greenfield, Mrs., Girgaum
Gunn Mrs., Grant Buildings, Colaba
Lawrence, Mrs., Dhobie Lalao
Shah, Mrs., Marine Lines
Williamson, Mrs., Mazagon

Milliners.

Banajee Merwanjee & Co Meadow Street
Bloomfield, Mrs., Meadow Street
Brown, Mrs., M. A., Grant Road, By-
culla
Burjeejee Nusserwanjee, Meadow Street
Croll, Mrs., Bellasara Junction Road
Crown Madams, Meadow Street
Cursetjee & Co., Meadow Street
Dorabjee Hormusjee Mawjee, Meadow St
Godfrey, Mrs., Meadow Street
Horn, Mrs., Meadow Street
Lake, Mrs., 7, Byculla Road

Milliners—continued

Meynjee Ahmedbhoy, Meadow Street
Rigoo Shamjee, Meadow Street
Visram Hurjee, Meadow Street
Watson, J & W & Co., Humnum Street

Moulders.

Dixon & Co., Byculla
Sorabjee Shapoorjee & Co., Khetwaddy

Music Teachers (European)

Mullen, J., Grant Buildings

Portuguese.

Antone, P., Colaba
Cait in Luis, Church Street
De Souza, M. R., Kalbadavie
Dias, J. O., Maragon
Lobo, D. F., Kalbadavie
Misquitta, C. Kavel
Pereira, P., Kavel

Music Instrument Dealers.

Soundy & Co., Rampart Row

Navigation Instructor.

Guthrie, W., Grant Buildings, Colaba

Notaries Public.

(See High Court)

Oculists.

Hunter, W. G., Asst. Surgeon, Eye In-
firmery
Wylie, M., Grant Road

Olmans' Stores (Indian) Shops.

Dorabjee Hormusjee Son & Co., Apollo
Street
Eduljee Firdoonjee, Forbes Street
Fruanjee Nowrojee, Forbes Street

Opium Inspectors.

Ardaveer Jamsetjee, Fort
Dorabjee Pestonjee Patell, Tamaraud
Lane
Dunn, R. N., Colaba

Opticians.

Favre, Lenha, & Co., Elphinstone Circle
Jamsetjee Muncherjee, Meadow Street
Koschiet & Co Meadow Street
Thornhill & Co., Meadow Street

Paper-Hangers.

Johnston, W. B. Maragon
Paishotum Fakoorjee, Kalbadavie Road
Shah Nazim, Paroll Road
Whitchelo, R., Byculla

Paper Manufacturers.

John Martin & Son, Oriental Paper
Works, Paroll Road

Pawnbrokers.

Bhiva Lewa, Bazar Gate Street
 Dholt Lebha, Masjid Lane
 Dhanubhoi Pallonjee, Cowasjee Patell St
 Hormusjee Bomanjee Bett, Parsee Bazar
 Street
 Hormusjee Pallonjee, Cowasjee Patell St
 W. Veerchand Chulia, Masjid Lane

Persian and Hindustani Teachers.

Ardaseer Dossabhoi Munabi Golwar
 Bomanjee Dossabhoi Moonah, Golwar
 Dossabhoi Bomanjee, Moonah, Golwar
 Mahomed Ally, Null Bazar
 Mohamud Nour Khan, 36 Old Bengulpooora
 Street

Photographers.

Hinton, H., Byculla
 Henderson & Co., Meadow Street
 Hurchund Chintaman & Co., Meadow
 Street
 Kothibux Fierowsha, Kalbadavie Road
 Lat H y & Warden, Apollo Street
 Mc Clelland & Co., Bellaria Road
 Narayan Dutt, Gungum Road
 The Graphic Company, Church Gate St
 Pawanjee Dossabhoi, Chintaman, Gungum
 Road
 Sykes and Dwyer, Hummam Street

Photographic Depots.

Henderson & Co., Meadow Street
 Treacher & Co., Fort and Byculla

Physicians

(See Surgery.)

Pianoforte, Organ, and other Musical Instrument Repairers.

Hurchund Christnam, Bazar Gate
 Street
 Jeyaram Nairadhas, Bazar Gate Street
 Neuberg, J., Hummam Street
 Soundy & Co., Lampari Row

Pianoforte Tuners (European)

Mellon, J. C. Grant Building
 Neuberg, J. Hummam Street
 Soundy & Co., Lampari Street

Pianoforte Tuners (Native)

Iranian, H. C., Dabool
 Jewaram Nairadhas, Bazar Gate Street

Picture-Frame Makers.

Cowasjee Bomanjee, Bazar Gate Street
 Curetjee Byramjee, Kothia Street

Plumbers, &c.

Kadimbhoi Rujubally, Bhendy Bazar
 Mahomedally Rujubally, Bhendy Bazar
 Macpherson, —Sawoon Building

Plumbers, &c.—continued

McInery & Co., Grant Road
 Phillippe L. H., Byculla
 Tonkin, C. Grant Road
 Lower, H., Parali Road

Printers

(See page 116)

Saddler.

Grant P., Meadow Street

Public Accountants.

Bondir P. R., Elphinstone Circle
 Brodie & Wile, Elphinstone Circle
 Cuthright, H. D., Church Street
 DeQuadros, M. R., Church Street

Schools, Day.

Diocesan School, Fort George
 Diocesan School, Freemason's Hall, By
 culla
 Hinton's, Mrs., Byculla
 Roman Catholic County School, Nesbit
 Lane, Byculla
 Roman Catholic School, Nesbit Lane,
 Byculla
 Roman Catholic Day School, Meadow
 Street
 St. John's School, Colaba
 Scottish Education Society's School,
 Hornby Row
 St. Xavier's School, Cavel
 Young Gentlemen's School, Meadow
 Street

Sculptors

Annunciation, J. J., Kalbadavie
 Buloy, Apollum, Upper Colaba
 Borges, J. Cavel
 Brown, John T. Trenn, Baboola Tank
 Road
 Brown, J. T. T., Baboola Tank Road
 Hamilton, H., Lower Colaba
 Lige & Co., Aquary Road, Kalbadavie
 Rodrigues & Co., Kalbadavie

Seminaries for Young Ladies

Diocesan Schools, Fort George and
 Maragon
 Roman Catholic Convent, "The Mount,"
 Maragon
 Roman Catholic Female School, Meadow
 Street
 Scottish Education Society's School,
 Hornby Row
 Scottish Female Orphanage, Mahim

Ship Chandlers.

Fbrahim Abdool Currim, Apollo Street
 Jamsatjee Dhanubhoi Settna, Apollo
 Street
 Mancherjee Framjee Settna, Apollo
 Street
 Nowrozjee Framjee, Apollo Street
 Shapoorjee Currier, Apollo Street
 Lyabjee Mahubhoi, Apollo Street

Shoemakers.

(See Boot and Shoe Makers)

Sign-Board Painters

Lawrence, M. O., Baboolia Tank Road
 Parshotam Fakeryje, Kalbadavia Road
 Shuk Nizam, Parell Road, Byculla
 Wittoba Crastnyje, Picket Road
 Whitechelo, R., 16 Mount Road, Byculla

Soda-water Makers.

Byramjee Nusserwanjee, Girgaum Road
 Mendes, P. S., Sonapore Road
 Manockjee Adarjee, Maragon
 Peters, D. V. & Co., Kalbadavia
 Rodrigues, Bix, Meadow Street
 Rogers & Co., Rimpert Row and Byculla
 Ruttonjee Jamsatjee, Bazar Gate Street
 Trencher & Co., Rampart Row and Byculla

Solicitors.

(A High Court)

Steam Companies.

Bombay Coast and River Steam Navigation
 Apollo Street
 British India Steam Navigation, Elphinstone Circle
 Bombay and Bengal, Elphinstone Circle
 Peninsular and Oriental, Rampart Row

Stevedores or Marine Contractors

Alexander John, Byculla
 David Khan, Beef Market
 McKenzie and Forbes, Albion Place,
 Churchpool, Byculla
 Smith, W. B., Bombay Harbour

Surgeons.

Andrade, A. P., Girgaum Road, Medical
 Practitioner
 Ardiwer Jamsatjee, G. G. M. C., Maragon
 Atma am Pandoorung, G. G. M. C., Khan-
 dawaddy
 Bhaw and Narayan Dijas, G. G. M. C.,
 Bazar Gate Street, and Girgaum Road
 Blaney, T., Armonia Lane
 Bost, H. C., Military Square
 Burjorjee Framjee, G. G. M. C., 53 Shank
 Ramon Street
 Byramjee Nowrojee, Molykhina
 Byramjee Nowrojee, G. G. M. C., Fort
 Caralho, S. A., G. G. M. C., Hornby Row
 Continho, A. M. C., G. G. M. C., Byed Abdool
 Ramon Street
 Cowarjee Nowrojee, G. G. M. C., Hornby
 Row
 Cursetjee Framjee, G. G. M. C., Girgaum
 Road
 Dadabhoi Jamsatjee, G. G. M. C., Fort
 DeAndrade, A. P., G. G. M. C., Girgaum
 Road
 DeConceicao, A. P., Modjkhana

Surgeons—continued

DeSilva Antonio, Bazar Gate Street
 DeSouza, P. J. L., Mody Street
 Dhurram Dulpuram, G. G. M. C., Kalba-
 davia
 Dowabhoi Baxonjee, G. G. M. C., Bora
 Bazar
 Eduljee Nusserwanjee, G. G. M. C., Gun-
 bow Lane
 Fogerty, W. K., M. R. C. S. I., Hummam
 Street
 Framjee Shapoorjee, G. G. M. C., Khetwady
 Furdonjee Byramjee Servat, G. G. M. C.,
 Girgaum Road
 Gomes, P. F., G. G. M. C., Hornby Row
 Gunpatrow Gowind, Lohar Chail
 Heerjee Eduljee, G. G. M. C., Dhole Talao
 Howell, John, G. G. M. C., Hornby Row
 Jejeebhoy Baxonjee, G. G. M. C., Bora Bazar
 Street
 Lobo, J. C., G. G. M. C., Girgaum Road,
 Manockjee Adarjee, G. G. M. C., Sonapoor
 Road
 McDougall, J. N., M. D., Fort
 Merwanjee Sorabjee, G. G. M. C., Todd Str.
 Molykhina Dukemjee, Bora Bazar
 Moreshwar Jumadhum, Kalbadavia
 Road
 Munckjee Sorabjee, G. G. M. C., Barar
 Gate Street
 Munckjee Byramjee Chait, M. D., So-
 pour (it's Chait's) Fort
 Nadershaw Cowarjee Patel Street
 Nusserwanjee Jhangir Lumna, G. G. M. C.,
 Khetwady
 Pastonjee Munckjee, G. G. M. C., Shuk
 Abdool Rahmon Street
 Pastonjee Nowrojee, G. G. M. C., Barar Gate
 Street
 Reynolds, G. W., M. D., Grant Buildings
 Rustomjee Cowarjee Bahadurjee, G. G. M. C.,
 Fort
 Rustomjee Merwanjee, G. G. M. C., Moha-
 Molla
 Saramjee J. Nadershaw, Cowarjee
 Street
 Rustomjee Nusserwanjee Khorj, M. D.,
 Girgaum Road
 Rustomjee J.
 Sait, H. L. C., M. R. C. S., Bell Lane
 Sumon Narayanjee, G. G. M. C., Girgaum
 Ramville and Anderson, Forbes Street
 Syke, N., Grant Road
 Wall, J., Alalabar Hall

Tailors

Han, A., Apollo Street, Fort
 Jarr, Brothers, Church Gate Street,
 Job & Co., Meadow Street
 Jais Bull, Meadow Street
 Jewell & Co., Meadow Street
 Jais, Fryer & Co., Meadow Street
 Jais, Fryer & Co., Hummam Street
 Jais, Fryer & Co., Hummam Street
 Jais, Fryer & Co., Hummam Street

Tent Merchants.

Cowasjee Rustomjee, Sonapoor Road
 Kuttonjee Rustomjee, Kalbadavie

Timber Merchants.

Mahomed Ally, Mazagon Bunder
 Memou Mahomed Ally, Warree Bunder

Transit Agent.

De Souza, P. B., Bombadavie

Undertakers.

Annnunciation, J. J., Kalbadavie
 Bailey, Ephraim, Upper Colaba
 Borges J., Oval
 Brown, J. T. T., Baboola Tank Road
 Bailey, Ephraim, Upper Colaba
 Hamilton, H., Lower Colaba
 Page & Co., Agiary Lane, Kalbadavie
 Rodrigues & Co. Kalbadavie

Teachers.

Albert, Rev. F., St. Mary's Institution,
 Bynulla
 McIlumpha, St. John's School, Colaba
 McDonald, James, Scottish School,
 Hornby Row

Veterinary Surgeons.

Ali Abdool, Bellasis Road
 Bretherton,—Esplanade
 Ghoola Mitha & Co., Girgaum Road
 Giger, T., Girgaum Road
 Stephens & Co., Grant Road
 Syed Woodsman, Girgaum Road

Watchmakers.

Concencao, L. M., Kalbadavie Road
 Cursetjee Cowasjee, Meadow Street
 Doorgaram Jeevunram, Forbes Street
 Eduljee Muncherjee, Borah Bazar
 Eduljee Shapoorjee, Church Street
 Fayre, Leuba & Co., Rlphinstone Circle
 Framje Dorabjee, Church Street
 Girdhar Nurotumdass, Syed Abdool
 Rymon Street
 Hormusjee Byramjee, Meadow Street
 Jamssetjee Muncherjee, Meadow Street.
 Muncherjee Eduljee, Borah Bazar
 Nusserwanjee Framjee, Kalbadavie Road
 Roselet & Co., Meadow Street
 Thornhill & Co. Meadow Street

Water Contractor.

Dadabhoj Rustomjee Patel, Marine St.

Work-box makers.

Cursetjee Eduljee, Girgaum Road
 Dorthjee Muncherjee Bazar Gate Street
 Dynam Nandiman, Forbes Street
 Hurgovind Wansondass, Bazar Street

Street Directory.

Apollo Street.

11. ४. १५६.

- 1 St Andrew's Church
- 2 Government Ice House Depot
- 3 J Lamb & Co
- 4 Sheriff of Bombay
- 5 High Court
- 6 Honorable Sir Joseph Arnould, Kt
- 7 R Hastings
- 8 Law Society's Office
- 9 Office of Clerk of Insolvent Court
- 10 T C Hylton
- 11 Mr Mapherson Barrister
- 12 Mr Ferguson—Barrister
- 13 George Winton
- 14 Lush & Co Ice Depot
- 15 Division Exchange
- 16 Macfarlane and Green
- 17 Philip Turner—Barrister
- 18 Honorable Mr Bagley—Advocate General
- 19 T Mayhew Barrister
- 20 J S White—Barrister
- 21 Act and Priests and Bishop
- 22 Parish Abbey of Kenilworth—Shopkeeper
- 23 Nusservanji Aghachewari—Shopkeeper
- 24 C & F Henson
- 25 Lawrence Butcher
- 26 Dunsford Dalabhai Chaudoshi & Co
- 27 Edward Craig & Co
- 28 Munckjee Bajpoojee
- 29 F Fischer
- 30 Harrison Librarian
- 31 Chaitany Manchory Dalabhai
- 32 H. Bompoo Louche & Co
- 33 Edward Table and Ice Soda Fountain
- 34 Isaac Dawood
- 35 Alia Ramul Goldenrath and Engraver
- 36 S Abraham
- 37 Francis Binjorjee—Shopkeeper
- 38 A Allan Tailor
- 39 T A Currier Ship Chandlers, &c.
- 40 Hyder Ally Cassimjee
- 41 Yajoojee Alcobhai—Ship Chandlers
- 42 Medical Storekeeper's Office
- 43 Government Secretariat Office
- 44 Miles

J. H. HUG

- 1 Mulhollan Framjee & Co
- 1 Lat Low & Co, Liverpool
- 1 Viegas Ship & Co, Limited
- 1 Viegas Patent Ship and Foundry Co., Limited
- 1 Viegas & Co
- 1 Bombay Native Insurance Office
- 1 P. M. D'Alva & Co
- 1 Nasarwanjee Byramjee Fuchunjee
- 2 Jevay Cowjee
- 3 Jameson Duraljee
- 4 Dy. In. Master General of the Army
- 4 Office for Report of arrival and departure
- 4 Commandant & Brigade Major's (M. G.)

Lost Side

- 17 Robinson & Co
18 Framjee Cowasjee Patent Press Co., Ltd
19 Jamsjee Cowasjee's Sons
20 Hemjee M. & Sons
21 Hibbole Allybhoy & Co., Ship Chandlers

- 16 Gho Hill Jute and Wool Spinning and Weaving Co., Limited
- 17 Eastern Marine Association, Limited
- 18 The Royal Spinning and Weaving Co., Limited
- 19 Victoria Spinning Co., Limited
- 20 Corbie Spinning and Weaving Co.
- 21 The Albert Mills Co., Limited
- 22 N. A. White & Co.
- 23 Corporation of Munimacoe
- 24 Phinson & Co.
- 25 Laidly, and Warren—Photographers and Retailers
- 26 Danish Homagees & Co.
- 27 British East and River Steam Navigation Co., Limited
- 28 Phoenix Sails
- 29 Mofussil Press and Printing Co.
- 30 The Western India Lumber and Exchange Agency, Limited
- 31 Haje Mahomed Secchi
- 32 Commercial Association of India, & China
- 33 Hutchinson Brothers and Co., Ship Chandlers, &c.
- 34 John, Beer & Son
- 35 The Prince Walter & Co.
- 36 Rammal, H. & Company—Solicitors
- 37 Buchanan Pringle & Co.
- 38 Rammal, Pringle & Co. Dabach
- 39 J. H. Ferguson & Co.
- 40 Leach Brothers & Co.
- 41 Lanchester Insurance Co.
- 42 S. D. Imperance—Copper Plate Engraver and Printer
- 43 Leche's Fountain
- 44 Pratapa Co. & Co.
- 45 Curcio's Branded Picture Frames
- 46 Mahomed Yusef
- 47 H. J. Schmitt
- 48 Hake Ali Mohamed
- 49 Shapoorjee Curcio's—Ship Chandlers
- 50 Office of the Special Officer, Imperial Customs
- 51 The Oriental Ship Owning Association, Limited
- 52 Municipal Office
- 53 Buchanan & Co.
- 54 The Bombay Oil Works Co., Limited
- 55 The Victoria Patent Brick Co., Limited
- 56 Bombay Mechanics' Institution
- 57 Government Dock Yard
- 58 Master Attendant and Conservator of the Port
- 59 Superintendent of Marine
- 60 Marine Superintendent
- 61 Port Police Court

Armenian Lane.

(From Church Lane to Kemper's Run)

- 1 Thomas W. Blaney, medical practitioner
2 Mr. Vetter
3 Kathleen Nussorwajco Donwalla,
merchant
4 Dr. Dvor

Ash Lane.

- 1 John S. Filmer and Co Merchants
2 Karandian Mahomedvoodan and Co.
3 Mr. Ryan
4 G. A. Bays

- 2 Bromley, Best and Brown
- 2 Timmus Wormald & Co.—Merchant
- 2 Charles F. Wormald
- 2 David H. Wormald
- 4 L. J. Abraham
- 5 Bombayee Laluljee—Dubash

Bake House Lane.

- 1 Peter Naareeth—Jouna Bread Depot
- 1 Hajee Zinnal Abasseen bhutases
- 2 W. Leibwager
- 2 Mr. Vanderkratten
- 2 Mr. Andie
- 4 J. Wanjee Laluljee's Sons Godown
- 5 Government Bakery
- 6 B. Wanjee Laluljee's Bakery
- 9 H. H. Carey—Bakulitor
- 9 M. Angus & Co.

Bell Lane.

- 1 Dinshaw Hormujee and Co.—Bak-
kers
- 2 Hajee Morjee Suffa
- 2 John Barretto and Co.—Merchants
- 2 Mr. Batta—Burgon

Bombay Green.

(*See Apollo Street*)

British Hotel Lane

- 1 Rustonjee Jamssetjee Jeejeebhoy
- 2 Mr. Mayhew
- 2 Mr. Colwell
- 2 Mr. Laland
- 2 Mr. Treborn
- 2 Mr. Pritchard
- 2 Mr. Carr
- 2 Mr. Thomson
- 2 Mr. A. Watson
- 2 Mr. J. Russell

Bruce Lane.

- 1 Passmore & Co.
- 1 J. P. Condon & Co.
- 1 Mr. C. Bask's Cart
- 1 Royal Insurance Co., Bombay Agency
- 1 Campbell Mitchell & Co.
- 5 Lork & Co.
- 5 Continental Insurance Co.
- 5 Bombay Insurance Co.
- 5 Malabar Co., Limited
- 5 British Cotton Mills Co., Limited
- 5 Universal Life Insurance Co.
- 5 D. S. Kemp & Co.
- 7 Bhujee Gilliam
- 8 Alliance Insurance Corporation Ltd
- 8 Beddoe and Wilson—Public accountants
- 8 Asiatic Insurance Association, Limited
- 8 East India Bank

Church Lane.

(*From Church Street to Lumsden Lane*)

- 1 Bombay Gas Company
- 1 Watson, Hagle & Co., merchants
- 2 Morjee Goolindas, broker to Watson
Lodge & Co.
- 5 F. W. Latham & Co., merchants
- 5 The China Trade Insurance Company
- 4 Burdall, Russell & Co., merchants
- 4 Fort Price Company
- 4 Scotch Price Company
- 5 Prince of Wales Shipping Company
- 5 Alexandria Price Company
- 4 United Mercantile Company
- 4 Victoria Insurance Company
- 4 Albert Life Assurance Company
- 4 M. & P. P. Colish & Co., merchants
- 5 Dallas, Lynch & Langdale solicitors
- 6 Nanabhoj Bomony, merchant

- 6 Dorabjee Pestonjee, merchant
- 8 Grand Finance Corporation
- 8 J. W. Wright & Co., merchants
- 8 Nasserwanjee Munchookjee, broker to
J. W. Wright & Co.

Church Gate Street.

(*From St Thomas' Cathedral.*)

- 1 Dorabjee Bimjee Colah
- 1 Muschajee Nowrojee Banajee
- 1 Euro Land Company, (Limited)
- 1 The Bombay Exchange Price
- 1 The Alliance Spinning Company
- 1 Gollabhoj Horjee and Co.
- 1 Laljee Bapoojee, Watch and Clock re-
pairs
- 2 Office of Trustees of Manockjee Pestonjee
Luback
- 2 Atmaram Mulhoojee
- 2 Rangvundass Pranjeewundass
- 2 Ruttonjee Jamssetjee Paruck
- 2 Cowjee Ishangjee Jussawalla
- 2 Rishmat Parbut and Co.
- 2 Govind Harry Wabkur
- 2 M. A. D. Quadras
- 2 Hormujee Dungeebhoj Ghosta (in Li-
quidation)
- 2 Dorabjee Pestonjee Patel (in Liquidation)
- 2 Bhonnan and Co.
- 2 Rangvundass Pranjeewundass, (in Li-
quidation)
- 2 Samuel Gales
- 2 James of India Office
- 2 Premchand Roychund
- 2 Trustees of the Estate of Premchand
Roychund
- 2 Cowjee Ishangjee Mulhoomoy
- 2 Hecjee Bhimjee Mulhoomoy
- 2 Indian Insurance Commission Agency
- 5 N. V. Curran and Co.
- 5 P. and D. F. Cama and Co.
- 5 B. I. Cama
- 5 Parsojee Temple
- 5 Bhimjee Dungeebhoj
- 7 Knop and Co.
- 7 Bombay Photographic Company
- 7 Mr. Watson
- 7 W. H. Baigent Photographer
- 7 M. H. G. Johnston and Co.
- 7 J. Sweet and Co.
- 9 Government Telegraph Office
- 10 N. B. Mody and Co.
- 11 Darabjee and Rustumjee Dungeebhoj
- 12 Pestonjee Nowrojee Parha
- 13 Rustumjee Cowjee Baker
- 14 Rustumjee Bhimjee Mody
- 15 Mithabhoj Nasserwanjee Colah
- 15 Sonabjee Burjeejee Jussawalla
- 16 Carr Brothers, Tailors, &c.
- 16 Stevens Brothers and Co.
- 16 Bomjeejee Jeejeebhoy
- 16 Mr. Harris
- 17 Dungeebhoj Nowrojee
- 17 Mithabhoj Jamssetjee
- 17 Sukaram Narayan
- 17 Curjeejee Bimjee
- 17 Sonabjee Laluljee
- 8 Burjeejee and Nasserwanjee Muncher-
jee Wadia
- 18 Rustumjee Dungeebhoj Lowjee
- 19 Hormujee Nasserwanjee, Carpenter
- 20 A. Lowrie, Saddler
- 21 Curjeejee—Electro-plating and Gilding
- 21 Miguel D. Silva—Baker
- 22 Hormujee Wadia
- 22 Sonabjee Bimjee
- 22 Jewanjee Dungeebhoj
- 22 Hajeejee Bimjee

Facing Custom House

- 10 Scott, McCalland and Co - Civil En-
gineers
10 John W. Scott
10 Caldwell and Sedgwick
10 Dava Gungadi

Forbes Street

- 1 Peel Cassels and Co - Merchants
1 Finlay Clark and Co - Merchants
2 G. S. Hodge - Solicitor
2 S. Hodge, art
3 Currie and Fudge - Dubash
4 Windsor Castle Hotel
4 D. Sisson
4 S. Smith and Co
4 W. H. Threlci - Solicitor
5 National Hotel
5 Bennett & Co - Auctioneers
6 Hajji Mahomed
7 Fildes, J. M. S. J. C.
7 Muttan Shrinivasjee - Solicitor
7 De Laall, J. M. S. J. C.
8 Fildes, J. M. S. J. C.
8 Fildes, J. M. S. J. C.
9 Fildes, J. M. S. J. C.
10 The Madras Municipal Association
Limited
10 Fildes, J. M. S. J. C.
10 Fildes, J. M. S. J. C.
11 Jewarjee, C. M. S. J. C.
11 Fildes, J. M. S. J. C.
11 H. S. Carter - Solicitor
11 H. S. Carter - Solicitor
11 P. B. M. S. J. C.
11 M. S. J. C.
11 W. J. M. S. J. C.

Graham's Buildings.

- C. M. S. J. C.
C. M. S. J. C.
C. M. S. J. C.
C. M. S. J. C.
C. M. S. J. C.
C. M. S. J. C.
C. M. S. J. C.
C. M. S. J. C.

Hornby Row.*From Church Street*

- 1 M. P. B. M. S. J. C.
2 C. M. S. J. C.
3 A. C. M. S. J. C.
4 C. M. S. J. C.
5 C. M. S. J. C.
6 C. M. S. J. C.
7 C. M. S. J. C.
8 C. M. S. J. C.
9 C. M. S. J. C.
10 C. M. S. J. C.

Hummum Street.

- J. and W. W. S. J. C.
2 R. P. M. S. J. C.
3 K. M. S. J. C.
4 R. P. M. S. J. C.
5 R. P. M. S. J. C.

- 5 F. M. S. J. C.
6 F. M. S. J. C.
7 F. M. S. J. C.
8 F. M. S. J. C.
9 F. M. S. J. C.
10 F. M. S. J. C.
11 F. M. S. J. C.

Marine Street.*From Hornby Row.*

- 1 Remington & Co - Godown
2 N. B. & Co - Godown
3 Crawford & Co - Auctioneers
4 The Bombay Chamber and General Com-
merce Co., Limited
5 T. M. S. J. C.
6 F. M. S. J. C.
7 F. M. S. J. C.
8 F. M. S. J. C.
9 F. M. S. J. C.
10 F. M. S. J. C.
11 F. M. S. J. C.
12 F. M. S. J. C.
13 F. M. S. J. C.
14 F. M. S. J. C.
15 F. M. S. J. C.
16 F. M. S. J. C.
17 F. M. S. J. C.

Meadow Street—West Side.*From Forbes Street*

- 1 P. M. S. J. C.
2 F. M. S. J. C.
3 F. M. S. J. C.
4 F. M. S. J. C.
5 F. M. S. J. C.
6 F. M. S. J. C.
7 F. M. S. J. C.
8 F. M. S. J. C.
9 F. M. S. J. C.
10 F. M. S. J. C.

- 4 and 5 Pestonjee Jewanjee and Co—Woss and General Commission Agents
 4 and 5 Mrs Oamvin—French Milliner
 6 Roscalet and Co—Watchmakers, Jewelers, &c
 6 Volkart Brothers—Merchants
 6 L E and F Stanger Leathers—Solicitors
 6 Branch Bank of Bengal
 6 Trinivally Press Co (Limited)
 6 Naranje Hariprasad
 6 Cowasjee Jahangir Jussawalla
 7 J C Stewart and Co—Tailors and Outfitters
 7 Dinshaw Pestonjee—Coach Builder
 7 Nowrojee Bomanjee and Co—Pianists and Organists
 7 Byramjee Hormusjee—Watch and Clock Repairer
 7 Harbord and Co—Merchants
 8 Bapoo Hormusjee and Co—General Merchants, Auctioneers and Commission Agents
 8 Jacob and Co—Tailors and Outfitters
 8 Mr H D Andree
 9 Nusserwanjee Byramjee—Cabinet maker
 10 Rustonjee Dadabhoi & Co—Depot of Chemicals
 11 H and A Borch
 11 Rogers John and Co—House, Commission and Shipping Agents
 11 Mr C Warwick
 11 Cursetjee Rustonjee
 11 Gajda Barmati
 12 Viskart Brothers—Goldown
 12 L Kulin and Co
 12 Laloojee Hormusjee Sons and Co
 13 Walter and Co—Tailors and Outfitters
 13 How and Brothers
 13 K. H. and Co
 15 Nasoo Shanyee—Milliner
 15 Nowrojee Shapoorjee and Co—Cabinet Makers
 15 Monroes and Co—Ice Confectioners
 16 Balla Govind—Goldsmith and Jeweller
 16 Hajeo Hassan Mahomed—Tailor and Outfitter
 16 Henry Bedford—Civil Engineer
 16 J Westlake
 16 Pectora—Hopskeeper
 17 Mahamudally Abulcollatif—Milliner
 17 Nurjeejee Pestonjee Badurjee Baker
 18 Dr Gordon—Inspector General's Office
 18 British Medical Department
 18 Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals
 18 Colonel Thompson—Chief Engineer of the Presidency
 19 Jaffer Sullivan's Barar
 19 Pestonjee Dinshaw, Solicitor
 19 Rustonjee Pestonjee—Auctioneer
 20 Oriental Bank Corporation
 20 Mr G Harper
 21 to 25 (See Rampart Row)

From Rampart Row

- 26 Hajeebhoi Rustonjee Baxai
 26 Meeyajee Ahmedbhoi—Draper and Silk Merchant
 26 Mrs Blomfield, Milliner
 26 Thornhill and Co
 26 J H R Neal, Broker
 27 Manojee Patel's Spinning and Weaving Co
 27 Oriental Spinning and Weaving Co
 28 D Cursetjee, Milliner
 28 Mrs Godfrey, Milliner
 29 Dossajee Amaljee, Milliner
 29 J W Nanagan
 30 Dadabhoi Cowasjee, General Broker

LC 108

- 30 Nanjeejee Nusserwanjee, Victoria Toys Shop
 30 Nusserwanjee Gullandass & Co—Auctioneers and Commission Agents
 30 Brokers Loan and Discount and Banking Co (Limited)
 31 A J Jones
 31 Jamsetjee Manoherrjee—Watch, Clock and Chronometer Maker
 31 Eduljee Cursetjee Boyce
 31 Dorabjee Cursetjee & Co—Milliners
 31 James Morris—Civil Engineer
 31 J R P Leggett
 31 J. S. Cursetjee—Milliner
 31 Shamero Pandurang—Solicitor
 31 J. Narayan & Co
 32 Afrizakis Ibrahim—General dealer and outfitter
 32 Manojee Newrojee, Cabinet Maker
 32 A L Lennard—Barrister at law
 32 Joseph Allen—Bookbinder
 32 Royal Financial Corporation
 33 Office of State of Kaisandass Mahavadas & Co
 33 The Union Bank of Bombay
 33 Royal Bank of India
 33 Victoria Press (Company of Madras Ltd)
 33 Albert Press (Company of Kuriaheo)
 33 Royal Financial Corporation (Limited)
 33 Nanabhoi Munchjee—Cabinet maker
 33 Byramjee Appanrajee—Carpenter
 33 Armenian Church
 33 Cursetjee Cowasjee—Watch and Clock Maker
 36 Mahomed Shaim, Sign Board Painter
 37 Convent day School for young Ladies
 37 Catholic Bishop's Residence
 37 Catholic Chapel
 37 Mahomed Hassan—Farrier
 37 R D Sonar—Diamonds
 38 Sonar Prasad & Co
 38 D Davis & Co
 38 Fort Gymnasium
 39 A C D Sonar—Baker and Confectioner
 39 The Bombay Presidency Bank (in liquidation)
 39 Pestonjee and Cursetjee—Provision & Wine Merchants
 40 Eduljee Pallonjee Bottlewalla
 40 Mr T Jarvis
 40 Mr T Henderson
 40 Mr S Webb
 41 Bombay Customs Office
 41 Bombay Press Current Office
 41 Bombay Saturday Review Office
 41 Punch in India Office
 41 The Indian Travellers Guide Office
 41 Trustees of the Estate of S and N Nanabhoi
 42 Kaur, Prescott and Winter—Solicitors
 42 Macandoo Rogers & Co
 42 Jewanjee Eduljee & Sons

Military Square.

- 2 Couplant and Co—Merchants
 2 Solomon Liria
 4 E D Sassoon
 5 Isaac David
 8 English Hotel
 9 Mr Cannon
 10 Jacob Isaac
 10 Jewish Synagogue

Nanabhoi Bomanjee Street.

- 19 Nusserwanjee Hormusjee Gaswalla
 19 Nurjeejee Bomanjee
 20 Byramjee Dadabhoi
 21 Nusserwanjee Dorabjee

European Merchants in Bombay.

With their Partners and Corresponding Firms.

Angus, Robert & Co

Corresponding Firms

John Beattie & Co, London

John Beattie & Co, Havre

Bates Edward & Co

Edward Bates, Liverpool

Corresponding Firms

Edward Bates, Liverpool

Bell, Ventr & Lucius

John T Bell London

Gustavus Ventr, Bombay

Hermann Lucius Bombay.

Corresponding Firms

Bell, Ventr & Lucius, London and Manchester

Berens, H & A. & Co

Henry Berens, Europe.

A. Berens, do.

A. Marcus, signs per pro

Corresponding Firms

H & A Berens, Birmingham, Sydney, and Calcutta.

Bigg, Edward & Co

Edward Bigg, Bombay

Corresponding Firms.

Robert Benson & Co, London and Liverpool.

F. B Ferguson & Co, Manchester.

Blackwell & Co

J & Aldridge, London

S J Blackwell, do

W Gilbert, Bombay.

C G Herring, Bombay

Corresponding Firms

Aldridge & Blackwell, London

Brice & Co A C

Alexander C Brice, Bombay

Corresponding Firms

Brice & Co, Cochun

Brown, J A, & Co.

A. Brown, Bombay.

Corresponding Firms.

Smith, Elder & Co.

Burstall, Russel & Co

Stephen, Burstall, Bombay

O Watts Russell, Europe

C E Ashburner, Europe

F J, Ashburner, Ast, Bombay

Corresponding Firms

Burstall Brothers & Co Hull

Strange, Alderson & Co, London.

Frank Huth & Co, Liverpool

Campbell, Mitchell & Co

Andrew Grant, Europe

Archibald Duncan Grant, Bombay

Thomas H Moore, Bombay

Corresponding Firms

John Campbell & Co, London

Chambers F

F Chambers.

Clason & Co, H

H Clason, Liverpool

A Havenith Bombay

Corresponding Firms

H Clason, Liverpool

Clason & Co do

Clason & Co, New York

Clover John & Co

Cursetjee Jamsetjee Botelebhoy Bombay.

J Beazley, Liverpool.

John Clover, do

Corresponding Firms

Cursetjee, Clover & Co, Liverpool.

Cornforth & Co

J P Cornforth, Bombay.

Coupland & Co

John Buck Spence Liverpool

Geo Frederick Coupland do

Corresponding Firms

Coupland Brothers, London and Liverpool

Curraee & Co

Nowrojee Veerjeebhoy, Curraee.

Hormusjee Cooverjee

Cutler, Palmer & Co

Frederick Frank

Egerton Cutler

Charles Palmer

Robert Grey Cobham

James Robertson Turnbull

Corresponding Firms

Cutler, Palmer and Co, London and Bordeaux

Jardine, Matheson & Co., Hong-Long and Shanghai

Baretto & Co, Manila.

Polkard & Co, Calcutta.

Runny & Co, Madras

Darley, Butler, & Co, Colombo.

Scott & Co, Mauritius.

David Sassoon & Co.

A. D. Sassoon, Bombay.
 R. D. Sassoon, London
 A. M. Gubbay, Bombay Manager
 J. A. Sassoon, do do
 Assistants—J. J. David Bombay
 J. Brown, do.
 J. Myer, do
 S. E. Gubbay, do

Corresponding Firms.

David Sassoon, & Co, London.
 D. Sassoon, Sons & Co Hongkong,
 Shanghai and Japan

Ewart, Latham & Co

Robert Ryrie, London
 Peter Ewart, Liverpool
 A. G. Latham Manchester
 H. E. Astley, Bombay
Corresponding Firms.
 Arbuthnot, Ewart & Co, Liverpool
 Gladstone, Latham & Co Man-
 chester
 Gladstone, Ewart & Co, London

Farnham & Co

B. F. Farnham Bombay.
Corresponding Firms.
 Westray Gibbs and Hardcastle,
 New York
 J. S. Barlow, Boston

Fell Gregson & Co.

S. G. Fell Liverpool.
 S. L. Gregson, do
 J. Morton Flanagan Bombay
Corresponding Firms
 Fell, Gregson & Co Liverpool
 Harvey, Brand & Co, London

Finlay, Clark & Co

James Finlay & Co, Glasgow
 John A. Anderson, Bombay.
Corresponding Firms
 James Finlay & Co Glasgow and
 Liverpool

Finlay, Scott & Co.

Richard Latham, Liverpool
 Alexander Stewart, Bombay.
 Henry Maxwell, do
 R. V. Reid, do
Corresponding Firms
 Baring Brothers & Co, Liverpool
 Baring Brothers & Co London
 Finlay & Co, Kurraohes

Forbes & Co

Richard Willis, Europe
 George Foggo, Bombay
 James Alexander Forbes, Bombay
 James Percy Leith, Europe.

Corresponding Firms

Forbes & Co, London

Forbes, Sir Charles & Co.

Sir Charles Forbes, Bart, Bombay.
 Henry Forman, Bombay
 George Stewart Forbes, Europe
 A. J. Macdonald, Bombay
 H. R. Cormack, Bombay

Corresponding Firms

Forbes, Forbes & Co, London and
 Liverpool.

Framjee, Sands & Co

Sorabjee Framjee, Bombay
 John Sands Jr, London.

Corresponding Firms

Frith, Sands & Co, London.

Gaddum & Co

G. H. Gaddum, Manchester.
 H. T. Gaddum, do
 Edward Gaddum, do.
 Charles Gaddum, Bombay
Corresponding Firms
 F. E. Gaddum, Manchester.

Ghella & Co

M. Ghella, Bombay
Corresponding Firms
 Messrs Salavry & Co, London and
 Liverpool
 W. G. Thorpe, London

Graham, W & A & Co.

John Graham, Europe.
 William Graham, do.
 James Graham, do.
 Geo. Hamilton, do.
 A. J. Hunter, do.
 Donald Graham, Bombay.
 Walter Ewing Groom, do
Corresponding Firms
 W. and R. Graham & Co, Glas-
 gow, Manchester and Liverpool.

Grindlay, Groom & Co.

James Matthews, Europe.
 Charles James Groom, Bombay
 James Henry Matthews, Calcutta.
 William Joseph Curtoys, Calcutta.
Corresponding Firms
 Grindlay & Co., London.
 A. Wolfen, & Co, do
 Grindlay & Co, Calcutta.

Gumpert, A. C.

A. C. Gumpert.

Harbord & Co

William Harbord, Bombay
 G. H. Wilkinson, Liverpool

Corresponding Firms.

Harbord, Wilkinson & Co, Liver-
 pool

Harbord & Co.

William Harbord, Bombay
 Geo. Henry Wilkinson, Liverpool.
 Harbord, Wilkinson & Co., Liverpool

- Hutchinson, Dods & Co**
John S. Dods, Europe.
Tho. Hutchinson, do
Henry D Dods Bombay.
Corresponding Firms.
Dods, Ker & Co , Manchester
Ker, Dods & Co , Calcutta
- Jules Siegfried & Co.**
Jules Siegfried, Europe
Frederick Vix, Bombay.
Corresponding Firms.
Siegfried Freres & Co , Havre.
Siegfried Brothers & Co., Liver-
pool.
- Killick, Nixon & Co.**
R P Nixon, Manchester
Charles Killick, do
William Nixon, Bombay
Corresponding Firms.
Nixon & Killick, Manchester
- King, Geo S. & Co.**
Nanabhoj Byramjee Jeejeebhoy,
Bombay.
Robert Wood Barker, Liverpool.
Bryan M. King, signs per procura-
tion.
- Knoop & Co.**
L. Knoop, Europe
J Knoop, Manchester.
H Muller, Bombay
Corresponding Firms
De Jersey & Co , Manchester and
Liverpool
L Knoop, St Petersburg
Knoop Hanemann & Co , New
York.
- Kuhn, L. & Co**
L Kuhn.
- Lawrence & Co.**
Edward Lawrence, Liverpool.
J T Lawrence, do.
Edwin Pennell, do.
Tho E Taylor, Bombay.
Corresponding Firms
Edward Lawrence & Co , Liverpool
- Leggat & Co**
Clement Davidson Leggat, Europe
Frederick Hoyer, signs per pro
T H Sealy do. do
Corresponding Firms.
C P Henderson & Co Manchester
Gledstanes & Co , London
J R Thomson & Co , London.
Leggat, J R P & Co
John Ross Pugh Leggat
Corresponding Firms.
Thomson, Morris & Co , Liverpool
C P. Henderson & Co , Manchester
- Lyon, Brothers & Co.**
Arthur W. Lyon, Manchester.
George Lord, do
Thomas Comber Liverpool.
Henry Somerville, Bombay
Corresponding Firms.
Edw Lyon & Brothers, Manchester
Frederick Lyon & Brothers, Liver-
pool.
- Macdonald, Tweedie & Co.**
Charles Macdonald, Liverpool.
James Tweedie, Liverpool.
Corresponding Firms.
John Stewart & Co , Liverpool.
- Macnee, Thomsen & Warnken**
James Macnee, Europe.
Robert Benson & Co , London
Gustavus Thomsen, Bombay.
H. H. Warnken, Europe.
Corresponding Firms
Robert Benson & Co , London
Macnee Thompson and Warnken.
- Nicol, William & Co.**
John Smith, London.
John Fleming, do.
Robert McIlwraith do
Alexander Brown, Bombay.
W Nicol, Junior, do.
Hamilton Maxwell, do
William Gilmore Hall.
Joseph Gray Tyndall.
Corresponding Firms
Smith, Fleming & Co , London.
Fleming & Co , Kurrachee.
- Passmore & Co.**
R P Passmore, Bombay.
- Peel, Cassels & Co**
William Christian, Bombay.
William Felton Peel do
John Peel, Manchester
Corresponding Firms.
John Peel & Co , Manchester and
Liverpool
Peel & Co , Alexandria
- Pelly & Co**
Charles R. Pelly, London.
C. H. Reynolds, Bombay.
Corresponding Firms.
Reynolds & Co., London and La-
varpool.
- Rall Brothers.**
Stephen A. Rall, London.
John E. Rall do.
Corresponding Firms.
Rall Brothers, London, Liverpool
Manchester and Calcutta
Rall Schilum and Argentea, Mar-
sailles.

Stephen P. Schulism, Constantinople
John K. Ralli, Tawis (Persia)

Remington & Co

J A Baumbach, Europe.
W B Tristram, do
F F Ludderdale, Bombay.
E M. Foggo, do
G. M. Stewart, do

Corresponding Firms.

Crawford, Colvin & Co, London

Rennie, Scovell & Co

George Rennie, Europe.
John Clowes, do.
W R Price, do.
E. O. Antrobus do.

Ritchie, Stuart & Co.

Alexander H Campbell, Bombay
George W Campbell, London.
M H Scott, do
H B. Gilmore, Liverpool
James G Smith, Bombay.

Corresponding Firms.

Finlay Campbell & Co, Liverpool
and London.

Robinson & Co.

Charles J Robinson, Liverpool
Arthur Huson do.
Louis Henry Boulton, Europe

Corresponding Firms

Robinson Brothers, Liverpool
O J. Robinson & Co, Madras

Roper, W T

W. T. Roper, Bombay.

Corresponding Firms

Edwards & Co, Liverpool

Sigg, James & Co

James Sigg, Bombay
George Sigg, Manchester

Corresponding Firms.

James Sigg, & Co, Manchester

Sillar & Co.

Charles Edward Mitchell.

Corresponding Firms

Kimloch & Co, Liverpool.
Rowland & Co, London.

Soares Brothers & Co

J Soares, Liverpool.
H F Soares, Bombay.

Corresponding Firms

Soares Brothers & Co, Bombay
J Soares, Liverpool
H A Soares and Brothers, Manchester

Stearns, Hobart & Co

W H Stearns Bombay
Geo A Kittredge, Bombay

Corresponding Firms.

Stephen Kennard & Co, London.
E R Bathbone, Liverpool
Gruen & Co, do
Dehon, Clark and Bridges, New York.
J. S. Farlow & Co, Boston

Stenhouse & Co

Thomas Stenhouse, London.
Jas Geo Buchanan do
Lawrance Robinson, Bombay.

Corresponding Firms

Stenhouse, Buchanan & Co, London.

Volkart Brothers

b Volkart, Europe
R Ahlem, Bombay

Corresponding Firms

Volkart Brothers Winterthur,
Cochin, Colombo & Kurrachee.

Wallace & Co

L A Wallace, Europe.
Robert Wallace, Europe.
A F Wallace, Europe.
James Bogle, Bombay.
H E Bright, Bombay

(Corresponding Firms)

Wallace Brothers, London
Wallace & Co, Manchester
Anthony Gibbs and Sons, London.

Watson, Bogle & Co

D Watson, Bombay

Corresponding Firms.

Watson, Bogle & Co, Manchester.

Wright, James W & Co.

James W Wright, Europe
John Farran

Corresponding Firms

Farran Wright & Co., Liverpool.

List of Public Offices, &c.

Accountant to the Dockyard, Dockyard, Fort
 Accountant General, Town Barracks
 Adjutant General of the Army, Poona
 Administrator General, Town Hall
 Advocate General, Apollo Street
 Agent for Gun Carriage Lower Colaba
 Agent for Gunpowder, Kirkee
 Agent for Transports, Dockyard, Fort
 Agricultural Society of Western India, Town Hall
 Albion Place, (Mechanics' Buildings) Mount Road
 Alexandra Native Girls' School, Byculla
 Architectural Improvement Committee, Esplanade
 Army Clothing Agent, Town Barracks
 Assay Master of the Mint, Mint
 Assistant Conservator of Forests, Tanna
 Attorney for Paupers, (St. Dallas,) Church Lane
 Barrack Master, Military Store Lane
 Bench of Justices, Town Hall
 Barkley Place, Byculla
 Bible Society's Repository, verge of the Esplanade, Dhobie Talao
 Bombay Branch Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall
 Bombay Club, Ranpari Row
 Bombay Cricket Club Esplanade
 Bombay Geographical Society, Town Hall
 Bombay Mechanics' Institution, Dockyard
 Bombay Water works (Public), "Freeland" Churchpockly
 Byculla Club, Bullasias Road Byculla
 Chamber of Commerce, Graham's Building, Botah Bazaar
 Chief Engineer and Inspector of Machinery, Dockyard, Fort
 Chief Engineer of Public Works, Secretariat
 Civil Architect, Hornby Row
 Civil Paymaster, Town Barracks
 Civil Surgeon, Malabar Hill
 Clerk of the Town, High Court, Court-house
 Clerk of the Insolvent Court, Court house
 Collector of Bombay, Town Barracks
 Commandant of the Garrison, Liphinstone Circle
 Clerk of the Peace, Town Hall
 Commissioner General, Town Barracks
 Commissioner of Police, Malabar Police Office
 Commissioner Paper Currency, Mint
 Commissioner for taking Affidavits, High Court, Court house
 Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Opium, Custom House
 Conservator of the Port, Dockyard
 Consulting Engineer for Bombay Waterworks, Secretariat
 Consulting Engineer for Railways, Secretariat
 Controller of Military Accounts, Poona
 Controller of Municipal Accounts, Apollo House, Apollo Street
 Controller of Public Works Accounts, Poona
 Coroner, Dhobie Talao
 County Gaol, Omeriaerry
 Court of Petty Sessions, Fort Police Office
 Court of small causes, Esplanade Cross-road

Curator Government Central Museum, Town Hall
 Custom House, Marine Street
 David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution, Churnam Kula Road, near Grant Road
 Depot British Troops, Colaba
 Deputy Commissary General, Town Barracks
 Deputy Commissioner of Customs, Salt, and Opium Custom House
 Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Presidency Division Town Hall
 Deputy Quarter Master General, Liphinstone Circle
 Deputy Registrar of Shipping, Custom House
 Deputy Sheriff, Court house
 Director of Public Instruction, Town Hall and Poona
 Dock Master Dockyard, Fort
 Dockyard (Government) Apollo Street
 Dock and (P and O Co.) Malabar
 Ecclesiastical Registrar High Court, Court House
 Educational Inspector for the Presidency, Esplanade Cross-road
 Electric Telegraph Church Street
 Elphinstone College, Gwalla Tank, Malabar Hill
 Elphinstone Institution, Esplanade Cross-road
 Engineer to the Dockyard, Dockyard
 Equity Registrar High Court, Court House
 European General Hospital, Court George
 European Pensioners' and Widows' Home, near Grant Road
 Examiner of Commissioner's Accounts, Poona
 Examiner of Claims Town Barracks
 Examiner of Medical Accounts, Poona
 Examiner of Ordnance Accounts, Poona
 Examiner of Naval Accounts, Town Barracks
 Examiner of Prize Accounts, Poona
 Examiner Pay Department Poona
 Executive Engineer to Municipality, Apollo House, Apollo Street, Fort
 Eye Infirmary, Parrell Road, Byculla
 Fire Engine Stations Government Dockyard, Fort, Pydhonree, Babool Tank Road, Upper Duncan Road, Maragon
 Police Office and Mandayce
 Fort (Fratuitous Dispensary), Hornby Row
 Garrison Surgeon, Esplanade
 General Assembly Institution, Balbadie
 General Post Office, Marine Street
 General Office Company, Liphinstone Circle
 Goculdas Typpal Anglo Vernacular School, Ganeswadi
 Government Central Museum, Town Hall
 Government Savings Bank, Bank of Bombay, Liphinstone Circle
 Government Solicitor and Public Prosecutor, Graham's Buildings
 Grand Arsenal, (back of the Town Hall)
 Grand Medical College Parrell Road, Byculla
 Grant Buildings, Colaba
 Health Officer Bombay Municipality, Dhobie Talao
 High Court (Original Jurisdiction Side) Apollo Street
 High Court (Appellate Side,) Malabar

	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Total for the year
1886	17 56	17 07	23 87	3 81	"	- 31
1887	11 04	9 81	15 13	8 00	3 12	76 7
1888				4 21	3 12	
1889	6 52	11 16	6 71			19 39

The new Indian Marriage Act of 1909, which came into force on 1st September of that year, enjoins that a register shall be kept showing the names of the parties married, their respective ages, &c. During the two years that have just elapsed since the passing of the said Act, some returns have been gathered clearly showing that the evils of infant marriages will soon die out. The observations made not long ago by Mr. Justice Fickler the learned Judge who presides over the Parsee Matrimonial Court regarding the baneful influence of infant marriages, are calculated to produce a healthy feeling among parents in respect of this custom. According to the latest census the Parsee population of Bombay numbers 19,201 persons, being 2,000 males and 17,103 females. During the period of one year embraced between the 1st September 1907, and 1st August 1908 there were 23 marriages celebrated, and during the following year ending on the 31st August 1909 there were 223 marriages.

It was interesting to know the respective ages of the boys and girls at which they were married during the past two years

	Boys	Girls
11 years and under	27	150
11 " to 18 years	100	213
15 " to 21 "	102	16
21 " to 30 "	129	0
30 " and upwards years	1	0
	459	187

During the same years there were 99 remarriages the contracting parties being widows and widowers. Thus there were altogether 557 marriages among the Parsees in Bombay during the last two years.

Miscellaneous.

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

- ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY**—No 1 New Court, St. Vincent Lane, London—Capital, £5,000,000 Agents for Bombay—Livingston and Co.
- BAHIA BLANCA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY**—Capital £1,000,000 Joint Holders Agents in Bombay—Valkent Brothers
- LOMBAY NATIVE INSURANCE COMPANY**—Capital Rs. 5,00,000 in 100 shares of Rs. 5000 each Reserve fund Rs. 300,000 Established in Bombay 1855 Directors—(Murtjee Narayanjee Chaud, Desaijee Bhanjee Chaud, Lestonjee Nowrojee Potbhoy, Namrajee Bomanjee Widhi Solicitors—Dilraj, Lynahund Langdale Secretaries—Vigars & Co. Agents in London, D D Company and Co. Hongkong M D Ghanly & Co. Shanghai the same Lundy, Lloyd and Co. Singapore, Lyntjee Pantonjee Calcutta, P and C N Chandra and Co. Rangoon, Nandhy Bhanjee Colombo, Gowsajee Eduljee Kurrachee, Khatomjee Lammurjee Bombay Green No 6
- A balance sheet to 31st December 1880 was filed on 26th July 1887
- LOMBAY ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY**—Capital £5,00,000 in 100 shares of Rs. 5000 each Established in Bombay 1853 Directors—Potbhoy Narayanjee Potbhoy, Bomanjee Desaijee, Bhanjee Desaijee, Gubraj Desaijee Solicitors—Dallas Lynch and Langdale Secretaries—Vigars and Co. Agents in London, D D Company and Co. Bombay Green, No 6
- COLONIAL SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BAHAIA**—Established 1850 Capital £2,000,000 Joint Agents in Bombay W Noid & Co
- COMMERCE UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY**—Capital £2,000,000 Office No 1, Royal Exchange Avenue, London Underwriter—J C Saunders. Agents in Bombay—Finlay, Clark and Co.
- GUJARATI FIRE AND FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY**—Subscribed Capital £2,000,000 Office—No 11, Lombard Street London Secretary James Little much Attorney, Samuel Brown Agents at Bombay for Fire Branch, Sir Charles Lister & Co.
- IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY**—No 1 Old Broad Street, and No 10 Pall Mall, London Subscribed and invested Capital, £1,000,000 Agents in Bombay—The London Assurance and American Company (Limited)
- LANCASTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY**—Capital 2 Million Pounds Sterling Agents in Bombay—Lyon Brothers and Co.
- LIVELIPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY**—21 and 22, Poultry, London
- LONDON ASSURANCE (FIRE)**—Edward Latham and Co.
- LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION**—(Fire Insurance Branch) Head Office, No 7 Lloyd Exchange Building, London L C Agent in Bombay—Edward Latham and Co., Calcutta, Mackillop Stewart and Co., Madras, Arbuthnot and Co. Hongkong and Shanghai and Co.
- NETHERLANDS INDIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY**—Capital free £250,000 Head Office, Batavia Directors—P Hielman (Jurist), and D Jannette Wallen Agents at Bombay, Fraser, Linton & Co. Sumatranang, B Kopersmith & Co. Cheltenham J L Boppositus Makessu, J L Van Leeuwen & Co, Singapore Milner, Fraser & Co, Penang, Fraser & Co, Bangkok the Borneo Company (Limited), Muir, Smith, Bell & Co, Lundy, Boyd & Co, Hongkong Shanghai and Co. Chow Funn & Co, Kurrachee, Finlay & Co, Madras, Finlay & Co Calcutta, Gladstone, Wyllie & Co, Mauritius Scott & Co Sydney, Melbourne and Newcastle, Frost Klier & Co; Adelaide Martin Gudejens & Co Amsterdam J M de Meulen (Junior), Rotterdam M P Ketelaar, Liverpool and London Baring, Brothers & Co, Bombay Finlay Scott & Co, Colombo, Wilson Ritchie & Co
- NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY**—Capital £2,000,000. Office—No 1, Moorfields Street, London—Agents in Bombay, Finlay, Scott and Co.

OSTERLING SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Batavia. Established 1865. Capital 2,000,000 Guilder. Head Office, Batavia. Bombay Agents—W. Nicoll and Co.

PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON—Established in 1763. With unlimited liability of the Shareholders. Chief Office, Lombard Street and Charing Cross, London. Secretary L. W. Lovell. Agents in Bombay, A. C. Brier & Co.

SUN FIRE OFFICE—Established 1710. Agents in Bombay—Peel, Cressels & Co.
WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED)—Head Office, London. Capital £260,000. Agent in Bombay, D. McL. Slater; Calcutta C. N. Ogbourne.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY—Established 1839. Capital £500,000. Head Office—7, Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, London. *Management in India*—Calcutta General Manager, W. B. Ingesson, W. B. Wells and C. H. Ogbourne, Acting Managers. Bombay Agents, Ewart, Lusham and Co.; Secretary, D. McL. Slater. Madras Agents, Binny and Co., Secretary, C. L. O'Brien. Colombo Agents, R. Dawson and Co.

EIGHTH BOMBAY LAUDABLE SOCIETY—Established on the 1st January 1861 and closed on the 31st December 1868. Directors—G. M. Stewart, A. Brown, C. M. Kerr, Pringle Nusserwanjee. Secretaries and Treasurers—W. Nicoll and Co. Dr. Miller Medical Referee.

The first Bombay Laudable Society commenced in 1820, and terminated on the 1st December 1833, value of a share ... Rs. 7,409

The Second Society ended 31st December 1838, value of a share ... " 7,476

The Third Society ended 31st December 1843, do ... " 9,708

The Fourth Society ended 31st December 1848, do ... " 9,545

The Fifth Society ended 31st December 1853, do ... " 9,143

The Sixth Society ended 31st December 1858, do ... " 8,646

The Seventh Society ended 31st December 1863, do ... " 10,000

EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY FOR LIFE AND FIDELITY GUARANTEE—Subscribed Capital £500,000. Annual Income upwards of £319,000.

Chief Office—41, Regent Street, and 19, King William Street, City, London. Head Office in India—Bombay and Calcutta, Bombay.

EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY—Capital £700,000. Chief Offices, 316, Regent Street London, Indian Branch Bombay, No 10, Rampart Row. Secretary, J. I. Nigam Hall.

HERCULES INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED)—Fire, Life, and Marine—Capital £1,000,000. Office—5, Cornhill, London, & Co. Agents in Bombay for the Marine Branch—Messrs. Schuchers and Co.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY—London and Liverpool—Invested Funds £3,177,616—Agents in India—Calcutta, Galloways, Arncliffe & Co.; Madras, Dyer & Co.; Bombay, Ritchie, Stewart & Co.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION (LIFE INSURANCE BRANCH)—Head Office, No 7, Royal Exchange, Cornhill, London, & Co. Agents in Calcutta, Mackillop, Stewart & Co.; Madras, Ashurst & Co.; Hongkong and Shanghai, Dent & Co.; Bombay Ewart Lusham & Co.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Capital £1,000,000. Head Office—Leadenhall Street, London. General Manager and Actuary—W. P. Cluchuch. Agents in Bombay—Steuiluse & Co.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY—London and Edinburgh—Paid up Capital £250,000. Agents in Bombay—W. Nicoll & Co.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY—Capital Two Million £2,000,000. Chief Office—Queen's Buildings, Liverpool—Messrs. J. Moncrieff Wilson—Secretary J. B. Heyland—Agents in Bombay—Lawrence and Co.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY—Re-insured and Established in Liverpool. Capital £200,000 Sterling. Agents in Bombay—Langball, Mitchell & Co.

STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY—Head Office 3 and 5, George Street, Edinburgh. Office in London—83, King William Street, and 3 Pall Mall East Dublin—66, Upper Sackville Street. Secretaries and Agents in Bombay—The London Asiatic and American Company (limited).

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.—Established in 1834—Subscribed Capital—Half a Million Sterling—Accumulated Funds exceed £18,000—Head Office, No. 1 King William Street, London—Actuary and Secretary in London, P. Hendriks, Esq.; Agents in Calcutta, Messrs. Gishorne & Co.; Agents in Madras, Messrs. Bainbridge Byard, Gans & Co.; Agents in Bombay, Messrs. Forbes & Co.

MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

AMICABLE INSURANCE OFFICE.—Agents—Bombay, Remington and Co.; Hongkong, R. Walker and Co.; London, Matheson and Co.; Madras, Bainbridge and Co.; Singapore W. Spothiswood and Co. Limit £20,000

AUSTRALASIAN INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED)—Capital, Marine Insurance Department, £250,000 Head Office—Melbourne Secretary, F. L. Montefiore Agents—London, Joshua Brothers and Co., Liverpool, Smith, Preston and Killick, Calcutta, Mackillop, Stewart and Co., Hongkong, Augustine, Heard and Co., Singapore, William Spothiswood and Co., Bombay, John Clover and Co.

BENGAL INSURANCE SOCIETY—Capital, Rs. 9,60,000. Secretaries—Thomas De Souza and Co. Agents—China Jardine, Matheson and Co., Bombay, Remington and Co., Singapore, A. L. Johnson and Co., London, Matheson and Co.; Batavia, W. Scott. Limit Rs. 1,00,000

BOMBAY INSURANCE SOCIETY—Capital Rs. 15,00,000 in 100 shares of Rs. 15,000 each. Secretaries and Treasurers—Remington & Co. This Company was registered on 30th April 1867, for carrying on marine insurance business from three years from the date of its institution

BOMBAY INSURANCE COMPANY—Capital, Rs. 1,500,000—This Company was instituted for marine insurance business, and was registered on 3rd August 1867. Directors—James Alexander—Forbes, E. D. Sassoon, Hormusjee Bomonjee, Secretaries and Treasurers—Messrs. Fries & Co.

BRITISH & FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED)—Capital One Million. Chief Office 6 A, Exchange Buildings, West Liverpool; Secretary, Walter D. Pritt The Egyptian Commercial and Trading Company, Alexandria, J. B. Paterson, Smyrna, E. Harfield, Constantinople, Maxwell & Co. Madras, Gilanders Arbuthnot and Co., Calcutta; J. Gibson Thomson, Galle, Shand and Co., Colombo, Sandlands Battery and Co., Pinang, Smith, Bell and Co., Singapore, Ker and Co., Manila, Lyall Still and Co., Hongkong, Swaton, Foochoo, Amoy, Mouso and Canton, Bower Hanbury and Co., Shanghai, McCulloch Siller & Co., Melbourne; Lorimer Marwood and Rome, Sydney; Mile and Co., Lyttleton N. Z., Jamon Green and Rhodes, Victoria V. F.; Falkner Bell and Co., St. Francisco, Siwira Dunoon and Co., Valparaiso; G. H. Myest, Africa; Duncan Patton, Quebec, Gillespie Moffat and Co., Montreal; H. C. Alsen and Co., Kurrachee, Lawrence and Co., Bombay; Jamon Green and Co., Honolulu, Charles Hall, Mauritius, De Comming and Co., Yokohama; Garlind Laidley and Co., Lisbon.

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE—General Agents—Canton, Jardine, Matheson and Co., Calcutta, Jardine, Skinner and Co.; Bombay, Remington and Co.; Madras, Arbuthnot and Co.; London, Matheson and Co. Limit Rs. 2,00,000

CHINA MERCHANT INSURANCE COMPANY—Founded December 1859. Capital, Rs. 5,00,000 Board of Directors—Chaitjee Nasserwanjee Cama, Dhurumseebhy Poonjabhoy, Dossabhy Framjee Cama Jeasram Keabunram, Callandass Mohundass. Secretaries, N. A. Wadia & Co., Church Street—The deed of settlement of this Company, dated March 20th, 1866, was registered in Bombay on July 24th

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED)—Head Office, Victoria, Hongkong. General Agents—Augustine, Heard and Co., Hongkong; Agents in Shanghai and Hankow, Ditto, Agents in Bombay, Ewart, Latham and Co.; London, Fearon and Co., Calcutta Whitney, Brothers and Co.; Boston and New York, Everett and Co., Singapore and Pinang, Boustead and Co.; Akyah, Rangoon and Bassein, Niculbr and Co., in several other ports in China and Japan

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY—Capital £2,500,000. Bombay Agents Marine Branch, W. Nicol & Co.

ENGLISH AND SCOTTISH MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED).—Subscribed Capital £1,000,000. Head Office London; H. Dennys, Agents in Bombay, Finlay, Clerk Co.

FORBES & Co's CONSTITUENTS INSURANCE Co., OFFICE FORBES & Co. This Company was registered on 3rd April when the memorandum and articles of association were filed. It was established to carry on the business of the Forbes & Co. Contingent Insurance Company 1861-1867.

FRIENDLY MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BOMBAY.—Capital Rs. 825,000 Secretaries, Campbell, Mitchell & Co. Surveyor, J. Dixon. Limit Rs. 75,000.—The deed of association of this Company, dated September 10th, 1863, was registered in Bombay under the new Act on July 24th, 1866. A balance sheet made up to 31st December 1866 was registered on 1st April 1867.

A resolution to wind up the Company voluntarily was filed on 15th April 1867.

HINDUSTAN INSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital Rs. 10,00,000 Head Office, Calcutta. Secretaries, M. Georgey and Co. Agents in Bombay, Cohen & Co.

HOME AND COLONIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED).—Capital £2,000,000, in 40,000 shares of £50 each Underwriter, W. Gray. Offices, 52, Threadneedle Street, London. Agents in Bombay, Finlay, Scott & Co.

HONG-KONG INSURANCE COMPANY.—Agents in Bombay, Remington and Co.; London, Gledstanes and Co.; Calcutta, Shand, Faurie and Co.—Secretaries, Hongkong—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

JAVA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital, Fl. 12,000,000 (£1,000,000). Head Office Batavia Agents in Bombay, Knoop & Co.

LONDON AND CALIFORNIAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Head Office, 9, Old Broad Street, London. Agents in Bombay, Ewart, Latham and Co.

LONDON AND ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE OFFICE.—Agents, the Agents of the P & O S N Company Limits of Risk Rs. 2,00,000 in any one Steamer. Risks taken in all first class Steamers at current rates of premium.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION (Marine Department).—Head Office, No 7 Royal Exchange, Cornhill, London, K O Agents in Bombay, Ewart, Latham and Co., Calcutta, Macalister Stewart and Co., Madras, Arbuthnot and Co.; Hongkong and Shanghai, Mauritius, Blyth Brothers and Co.; Melbourne—Victoria, Messrs Dalgetty and Co.; Lancaster—Tasmania, Messrs. Du Cruz and Co.; Hobart Town—Frismania Mr. Livingston Rooper, Adelaide—South Australia, Messrs. Elder and Co., Sydney—New South Wales, Messrs. Fanning, Griffiths and Co., Dunedin, Otago—New Zealand, Messrs Dalgetty, Rattray and Co.

LONDON AND PROVINCIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital £1,000,000 Agents in Bombay Campbell, Mitchell & Co.

MARINE AND GENERAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.—Agents, the Agents of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company

MARINE AND GENERAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.—Agents, the Agents of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company

MARITIME INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED).—Capital One Million pounds sterling. Head Office in Liverpool Agents in Bombay, Finlay, Clark and Co.

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED).—Capital £1,000,000 Agents in Bombay, Stinchcombe & Co.

OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BOMBAY.—Secretaries and Managers—Remington and Co., Agents in London Crawford Colvin and Co.; Liverpool, G. Cowie, China, Jardine, Matheson & Co., Calcutta, Jardine, Skinner and Co., Madras, Pury and Co., Kurichie, Finlay and Co.

OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital £1,000,000 Agents in Bombay, W. Nicol & Co.

PACIFIC FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF SYDNEY.—Incorporated by Act of Parliament of N. S. Wales, 26 Victoria. Head Office—Pitt Street, Sydney.

(Marine Department)

Agents in London—Young, Lark & Bennett, 29 Gresham St., E.C.

Agents in Bombay—Ewart, Latham and Co.

Agents in Mauritius—Ireland, Fraser and Co.

Agents in Calcutta—Borradale, Schuller and Co.

Agents in Ceylon—C. Shand and Co.

ROYAL EXCHANGE ASSURANCE CORPORATION—(Marine and Fire).

Head Office—Royal Exchange, Cornhill, London Agents in Bombay, Remington and Co

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY—Registered and Established in Liverpool.

Capital, £2,000,000 Sterling Agents in Bombay Campbell Mitchell & Co

SWISS LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE COMPANY—Capital France

50,000,000 Agents in Bombay Volkart Brothers

TRIUMPH INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALCUTTA—General Agents

Cuttia, Jardine Skinner & Co, China, Julius, Matheson & Co, Mairus, Luny & Co, Bombay, Remington & Co, London Matheson & Co

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANAL—Secretaries, Hongkong,

Dent and Co Agents in Bombay Forbes and Co, London, Hart Plumer & Co.

UNION MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED)—Office 2 & 3

Old Broad Street Liverpool and London Chambers Agents in Bombay, Ritchie, Stewart & Co

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY—Subscribed Capital,

£1,000,000 Secretary Alfred Fox Office No 35 Cornhill, London.

Agents in Bombay, W N L & Co, Calcutta Mackenzie & Co

Madras, Bony & Co, Karachi, Fleming & Co, Hongkong Smith, Kennedy

& Co, Shanghai, Dow & Co, Melbourne, De Pree & Co

VICTORIA INSURANCE COMPANY—Capital 1,000,000 in 100 shares of

Rs 5,000 each Directors H L Acheson Esq, J. J. P. P. P.

Bonderding Mooljee Secretaries and Agents—Kort, Latham and Co

Bombay—Calcutta Girdle & Arthur and Co, China, Augustine, Heard

and Co Liverpool, Arthur and Co, London

A balance sheet and summary of capital made up to 30th April and 25th August 1867 respectively, were filed on August

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED)—Office in London, 8 Finch

Lane. John Scott, Secretary. Agents in Bombay, Ritchie, Stewart & Co.

INSURANCE COMPANIES AT KURBACHEE.**BOMBAY INSURANCE COMPANY—Finlay & Co****EASTERN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY—Finlay & Co.****EPHESION INSURANCE COMPANY—Finlay & Co****IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Finlay & Co****NETHERLANDS INDIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Finlay & Co****NORTHERN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—Finlay & Co****OSKAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BOMBAY—Finlay & Co.****UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Fleming & Co.**

The Post Office.

NOTE—The introduction of a weekly mail for England in February will render the present published postal tables of postage on overland letters useless.

The changes to be then introduced will be found in the Postal Guide published by the Post Office authorities.

Inland Letter Postage.

In India, as in England, postage on letters is regulated by weight, irrespective of distance, and is as follows—

Weight not exceeding	Postage.	Number of Rates	Remarks
One Qt. of a Tola	Six pice . .	One rate	For every $\frac{1}{4}$ Tola in weight, above one Tola an additional anna. Every fraction of half a Tola, above one Tola, is liable to be charged as an additional half Tola.
Half a Tola	One anna ...	Two do	
One Tola	Two annas...	Three do ...	

If the weight be exceeded to the smallest extent, even though the balance be merely turned, the letter becomes liable to the higher rate.

Pre-payment of postage on letters is optional, but unpaid letters are charged with double postage at prepaid rates, insufficiently paid letters with double the deficient postage.

Postage is not allowed to be received in money, but must be paid by means of postage stamps, which it is most proper to affix to the upper right hand corner of letters on the address side. Letters can be posted at any hour of the day and night at all Post Offices, and every Post Master is bound to have notices conspicuously hung up, giving information to the public of the hours of despatch of mails, &c.

Letters posted after the time fixed for the closing of any Mail, are considered "Late Letters," and can only be forwarded in the "after packet" Mail bag of the same day if prepaid, and in addition have a *late letter fee* of 8 annas affixed by stamps to the letter. Late letters are received at Post Offices to within 15 minutes before the despatch of the Mail. Late letters can be posted only at a Post Office.

Rates of Postage on Newspapers, Pamphlets, Books, Packets of Newspapers.

If not exceeding	Postage.	Number of Rates	Remarks.
Ten Tolas	One anna.	One Rate.	For every 10 Tolas in weight above 20 Tolas, one additional anna; every fraction of 10 Tolas will be charged as 10 additional Tolas.
Twenty Tolas	Two annas.	Two Rates.	

TABLE OF BHANGY RATES OF POSTAGE

[B for Bombay BI for Bengal M for Madras N W P for North-West
Provinces O for Oude P for Punjab]

No parcel may exceed 600 Tola

STATIONS.		Net weight				Net weight				Additional			
		1 lb				1 lb				1 lb			
		1 lb				1 lb				1 lb			
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TABLE OF BHANGY RATES.

[illegible]

STATIONS		Miles from Bombay	Not exceeding				Every additional 100 or fraction of 100 beyond	STATIONS		Miles from Bombay	Not exceeding				Every additional 100 or fraction of 100 beyond
			0 Tola	50 Tola	100 Tola	100 Tola									
Nynecall	N W P	98	0 12 1	8 3	0 3	0	Poorundhur	...	212	0 40	80	120 12	12		
Nalgonda		72	0 12 1	8 3	0 3	0	Purandhore		1379	1 42	8 3	12 12	12		
Nalgonda		82	0 12 1	8 3	0 3	0	Purna		0	8 1	0 1	8 1	8		
Nallur		8	0 1 0	1 0	1 0	0	Pike		1134	1 02	0 3	0 3	0		
Nanjik	P	1180	1 02	0 3	0 3	0	Qutha		8 90	1 12	8 3	4 1 4	4		
Nandur		131	1 42	8 3	12 12	12	Quilon or Travancore		981	1 02	0 3	0 3	0		
Nandur		600	0 1 0	1 0	1 0	8	Rajapur		706	0 12	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur	(Rusul)	1065	1 02	0 3	0 3	0	Rajapur dry	M	45	0 8 1	0 1	1 1 8	8		
Nandur		1100	1 02	0 3	0 3	0	Rajapur (Kattywar)	B	173	1 12	9 2	4 2 4	4		
Nandur		134	1 42	8 3	12 12	12	Ramapatam		971	1 02	0 3	0 3	0		
Nandur		178	1 42	8 3	12 12	12	Rewah		779	1 12	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur		109	1 02	0 3	0 3	0	Rewah	P	91	1 02	0 3	0 3	0		
Nandur		951	1 02	0 3	0 3	0	Rewah	M	676	0 12	1 2	4 2 4	4		
Nandur		612	0 1 0	1 0	1 0	4	Rewah		1199	1 42	8 3	12 12	12		
Nandur		519	0 8 1	0 1	8 1	8	Rewah	B	196	0 10	80	120 12	12		
Nandur	Raj	1377	1 42	8 3	12 12	12	Rewah		910	1 02	0 3	0 3	0		
Nandur		101	1 02	0 3	0 3	0	Rewah		476	0 8 1	0 1	8 1 8	8		
Nandur		40	0 1 0	1 0	1 0	8	Rewah	N W P	816	1 12	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur		623	0 1 0	1 0	1 0	4	Rewah		951	1 02	0 3	0 3	0		
Nandur	B	41	0 8 1	0 1	8 1	4	Rewah		680	1 12	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur		536	0 5 1	1 1	8 1	8	Rewah		470	0 8 1	0 1	8 1 8	8		
Nandur		722	0 12 1	8 3	4 2 4	4	Rewah		1335	1 42	8 3	12 12	12		
Nandur	P	91	1 42	8 3	12 12	12	Rewah	B	131	1 42	8 3	12 12	12		
Nandur		104	1 42	8 3	12 12	12	Rewah		60	0 12	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur	P	1084	1 02	0 3	0 3	0	Rewah		189	1 42	8 3	12 12	12		
Nandur		123	1 42	8 3	12 12	12	Rewah	P	1260	1 42	8 3	12 12	12		
Nandur	N W P	918	1 02	0 3	0 3	0	Rewah	M	946	1 02	0 3	0 3	0		
Nandur		481	0 8 1	0 1	8 1	8	Rewah	M	749	0 2 1	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur		1095	1 02	0 3	0 3	0	Rewah	N W P	984	1 02	0 3	0 3	0		
Nandur		1107	1 02	0 3	0 3	0	Rewah	N W P	863	0 12	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur	N W P	1191	1 02	0 3	0 3	0	Rewah	M	747	0 12	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur		151	1 42	8 3	12 12	12	Rewah	B	281	0 40	80	120 12	12		
Nandur		53	0 1 1	8 3	4 2 4	4	Rewah	M	717	0 12	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur	B	116	0 40	80	120 12	12	Rewah		60	0 12	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur		169	0 8 1	0 1	8 1	8	Rewah		0	8 1	0 1	8 1 8	8		
Nandur		977	1 02	0 3	0 3	0	Rewah	M	474	0 8 1	0 1	8 1 8	8		
Nandur	M	754	0 12 1	8 3	4 2 4	4	Rewah		1720	0 8 1	0 1	8 1 8	8		
Nandur		941	0 2 0	3 0	0 3	0	Rewah		516	0 8 1	0 1	8 1 8	8		
Nandur	B	260	0 40	80	120 12	12	Rewah	O	959	1 02	0 3	0 3	0		
Nandur		1065	1 02	0 3	0 3	0	Rewah		470	0 8 1	0 1	8 1 8	8		
Nandur	M	751	0 12 1	8 3	4 2 4	4	Rewah		0	12 1	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur		719	0 12 1	8 3	4 2 4	4	Rewah		863	0 12 1	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur		270	0 40	80	120 12	12	Rewah		536	0 8 1	0 1	8 1 8	8		
Nandur		590	1 12 1	8 3	4 2 4	4	Rewah	M	626	0 12 1	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur	M	500	0 8 1	0 1	8 1	8	Rewah	B	118	0 40	80	120 12	12		
Nandur		750	0 12 1	8 3	4 2 4	4	Rewah		511	0 8 1	0 1	8 1 8	8		
Nandur		971	0 2 0	3 0	0 3	0	Rewah	N W P	916	1 02	0 3	0 3	0		
Nandur		0	12 1	8 3	4 2 4	4	Rewah		870	0 12 1	8 3	4 2 4	4		
Nandur		850	0 1 1	8 3	4 2 4	4	Rewah	B	119	0 40	80	120 12	12		
Nandur	M	770	1 12 1	8 3	4 2 4	4	Rewah		104	1 02	0 3	0 3	0		

Electric Telegraphs.

THE INDO EUROPEAN LINE.

This line is 1,450 miles in length and extends from Kurrachee to Fao in Mesopotamia. The intermediate stations are Sonmacee, Ormara, Punes, Gwadar, Mussondoo and Bushire.

Arrived at Bushire the message may proceed to Europe either by the Turkish route or the Russian route.

TURKISH ROUTE

From Bushire the message is forwarded to Bagdad either by the Fao and Busreh wire or the Isfahan and Teheran wire.

From Bagdad it proceeds through Diarbeker to Constantinople and at that city there are four routes available, viz. —

(Hague or Amsterdam route)	(Ostend route)	(Swiss and French route)	(Italian route)
Belgrade	Belgrade	Belgrade	Salonica
Buda	Buda	Buda	Aolona
Vienna	Vienna	Vienna	Otranto
Dresden	Munich	Munich or Innspruk	Ancona
Berlin	Stuttgart	Bregenz	Parma or Genoa
Rome	Frankfort	Biele	Turin
Amsterdam	Cologne	Dijon	Lyons
Lowestoft or } Yoxford }	Ostend	Paris	Dijon
	Dover	Dieppe Boulogne,	Paris
		Calais	Dieppe, Boulogne
		Staplehurst, Folstone, Dover	Calais
			Staplehurst, Folstone Dover

Three of these routes pass through Vienna, and it is on the part of the line between Constantinople and Vienna that the delays in transmission chiefly occur. To obviate these delays Lieutenant Colonel Goldsmid, Director General of the Indo-European Telegraph, endeavored to obtain special wires between Vienna and Constantinople for the exclusive transmission of Anglo-Indian telegrams. The Austrian Director generally objected to this, and offered to Colonel Goldsmid to provide two special wires, one via Bosnia and the other via Belgrade. The proposal was approved of by the British Foreign Office, and absolute priority of transmission was guaranteed on whichever line should be best for the time.

RUSSIAN ROUTE

The alternation route from Bushire (via Russia) is as follows —

Bushire,
Tehran,
Tiflis.

Stavropol		Stavropol
Charkow		Charkow
Pattawa		Moscow
Kief		Petersburg
Jitomir		Hudkimen
Radziw How	Warsaw	Thorn
Myalowitz	Berlin	Berlin
Berlin	Amsterdam	Amsterdam
Amsterdam	Lowestoft, Yoxford	Lowestoft, Yoxford
Lowestoft, Yoxford		

ALEXANDRIA ROUTE

At Fao in Mesopotamia the message may proceed by another route via Alexandria as follows —

Fao	Latakia	Cairo
Bagdad	Beyrout	Alexandria
Diarbeker	El-Arist	Malta

And by the Italian and French lines to Drefte Boulogne and Calais In transmitting messages by the Alexandrian route, it is necessary to have an agent in Egypt to retransmit them to their destinations in Europe

OFFICERS OF THE DEPARTMENT

MEKRAH COAST AND SUB MARINE SECTION

Herbert Isaak Walton, Director
 Alfred Braasher, Traffic Manager
 Robert M Meckleyohn, M D—Medical Superintendent
 Ferdinand Hinz Electrician
 Lieutenant A W Stiffe, I N, Engineer for Cable
 Ludovic Dolitscher, Chief Mechanician

PERSIAN LINE

J Champain, Major R I Director (Europe)
 R M Smith, Major R E D Acting Director
 F I B Daniel Traffic Manager
 J B Baker, M B O B in medical charge

TARIFF

For messages of 20 words including names and addresses —

VIA TURKEY	1st m Kurrulchoo		From Bombay to other Sta- tions in India*		From Stations last of Calcutta		1st m (all at 1 station in Calcutta)	
To London	Rs.	As	Rs.	As	Rs.	As	Rs.	As
To all other Stations in the United Kingdom	45	4	50	0	52	0	53	8
	45	13	50	9	52	9	54	1
VIA RUSSIA								
To London	40	0	44	12	46	12	48	4
To all other Stations in the United Kingdom	40	8	45	4	47	4	48	12

* Rs 4 12 charged in addition on Sundays & at night

RULES FOR THE TRANSMISSION OF MESSAGES

Messages are accepted for all destinations, in the English and French, and German languages. All messages must, however be written in the Roman character

DESPATCH BEYOND TERMINAL STATION

If there is no telegraph station at the place to which a message is addressed or if the sender desires that it shall not be transmitted by telegraph as far as the office nearest to its place of destination, the message will be forwarded by post, express or estafette from the station indicated by the sender

When the terminal station receives no instructions as to the mode of further despatch it will employ the post

The expenses of transport beyond the telegraph lines must be prepaid in accordance with the following uniform rates —

- 1—Post 8 annas for all destinations in Europe, and one Rupee for any other part of the world. These rates will be applicable to messages to be sent *post celeritate*.
- 2—Express 1 Rupee 4 annas. This mode of transport will only be admitted within a radius of $9\frac{1}{2}$ miles of the office
- 3—Express or estafette, beyond $9\frac{1}{2}$ miles payment to be deposited at the rate of 1 Rupee 8 annas per 6 miles. In default of estafette the terminal station will employ the quickest means at its command.

TRANSMISSION BY DIFFERENT ROUTES

All messages will be transmitted via Turkey unless another route is specified

The transmission of a message by an unusual route or by one not chosen by the sender will give no claim to a return of the charges

REPLIES.

If the sender wishes to prepay a reply he can do so.
The reply must be presented for transmission within seven days of the date of the first message.

NAMES AND ADDRESSES.

The address of every message must indicate the receiver, and his residence, in such a manner as to place it beyond a doubt. The sender will support the consequences of giving in incorrect or incomplete address. Nor will he be able afterwards to remedy it except by forwarding a new message and paying for it.

ONE MESSAGE TO SEVERAL PERSONS OR STATIONS

A message can be addressed to several persons. For the copies to be delivered by the same office, a charge will be made, in addition to the price of the first message, of 6 annas for each supplementary copy.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF A MESSAGE.

The sender may comprise in his message a request for it to be collated.
The charge for the collation will be equal to the charge for the message.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR WRITING MESSAGES

The original of the message to be transmitted must be legibly written and must not contain unusual constructions, abbreviations, or secret figures.

It may however contain figures relating to the rate of exchange of commerce.

The address must be written at the commencement followed when necessary by instructions for forwarding beyond the terminal telegraph station.

MANNER OF COUNTING THE WORDS.

The following rules will be observed in order to apply the tariff to the number of words —

All that the sender writes to be transmitted, enters in the number of words.

Every compound word written as one word is counted as one if it does not contain more than seven syllables. If the parts are written separately they count for so many words, even though they are connected by hyphens.

Every alphabetical character or figure standing by itself, every word or particle followed by an apostrophe, is counted as a word.

In commercial or private messages, a group of five or fewer figures is counted as one word. A group containing more than 5, and less than 10, figures, is counted as two words, and so on. Apostrophes, strokes or bars of division mixed with figures, are counted as figures, thus the group 57 145 counts as one word, 3,1472 as two words, 13½ as one word, 47.82 as one word, and 317½ as two words. But the shilling stroke terminating figures, is counted as a word, thus, 25/- would be two words. Numbers written in words are counted for as many words as are employed to express them.

In continuing the words, the address, the signature, instructions respecting transport beyond the terminal telegraph station, the legalisation of the signature, and the words "reply paid for" words, are all comprised.

Proper names of persons, towns, places, &c titles, Christian names, are counted for as many words as are employed to express them.

WITHDRAWAL OF MESSAGE BEFORE TRANSMISSION

Any message, before transmission has commenced can be withdrawn by the sender, or his representative, upon the return of the receipt.

If the transmission has commenced, it can be stopped, but the message cannot be withdrawn.

The request not to deliver a message already transmitted must be made by means of a new message from the sender to the terminal station.

THE TARIFF.

The tariff is for messages containing from 1 to 20 words.

A message containing from 21 to 30 words, is charged for at one rate and a-half.

A message from 31 to 40 words at two rates, and so on.

All charges must be prepaid by the sender.

COMPLAINTS.

Complaints respecting non-delivery, delay, or inaccurate transmission, should be addressed to the Traffic Manager at Kurrachee.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH

Telegrams may be despatched for America from India. Besides the tariff between India and London (see page) there is the tariff from London to America which is as follows —

For 10 words of not more than 50 letters $R = 52\frac{1}{2}$ for every word (averaging five letters per word) beyond 10 words

Five words (not exceeding 25 letters) for the address, date and signature will be sent free.

Messengers in cypher are charged Rs 52½ for the first ten cyphers, and Rs 4 for each additional cypher

All figures must be expressed in words

The Indian telegraph authorities transmit the instruction via the Atlantic cable" without charge

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TELEGRAPH

Lieut. Col D. G. K. Mingo, Director Genl of Telegraphs in India and Ceylon, on leave.

M r R Murray, Off 1st g Do Do Do

Cap'n H. M. Melloch Off. Deputy	Do	Do	Do
---------------------------------	----	----	----

BONPAT DIVISION

	Station	Salary
W R Brooke, Superintendent	Bombay	R 190
F R B. W., Assistant Superintendent	Satara	825
L V Irwin, Do	Ahmedabad	30
W J Brown, 3d Do	In charge Bombay Office	275
M K. Acharya, 4th Do	Quart	25
G I Jones, 5th Do	Bombay	22
P. Gerrard, 6th Do	Ahmedabad	150
W H. Mann, Do	Do	150
H M. R. 1st Do	Bombay	10
G. W. 2d Do	Poona	9
E D. 3d Do	Bombay	40
S D. 4th Do	Bombay	90

TELEGRAPH MASTERS IN CHARGE

	Station
J Cutchell	Ahmednuggur
A Loughlin	Ahmednuggur
B Abery	Bilim
R Rabin	Brah
R Rithell	Brah
D Hart	Mahadishwor
E Deoura	Kharoor
G C Alyman	Puna
W Sullivan	Bunt
J Foxwell	Sitara
A Rodriguez	Governor's Office

RULES

OFFIC. WHEN OIFN.

Messages are received at all hours day and night, with exception of Sunday, Christmas day New Year's day the Queen's Birthday and Good Friday, when the Office will be closed between the hours of 8 and 16 (or 4 P.M.)

Messages tendered for transmission on ordinary days between 18 hours (or 6 P.M.) and 6 hours of the following day, i.e. between 6 hours and 9 hours and 16 hours and 18 hours (or 4 P.M. and 6 P.M.) on the abovenamed holidays, will be charged double the ordinary rate.

MANNEE OF COUNTING WORKS

Messages are charged for by groups and half groups. A group will consist of 20 words, and half a group of any number not exceeding 10.

A message exceeding 10 words will be charged for one group

With the exception of the prefixes "from" and "to" and the name of the Station from which detached, every word of the message will be charged for

The number of groups is limited, ascertained, the cost of the message will be calculated according to the following scale —

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR A GROUP OF 20 WORDS

Not exceeding		100 miles	Rs	0	8	0	In addition to a Booking Fee of 8 annas on each message
Above 100 miles and not exceeding	200	200	,	1	0	0	
" 200 "	" "	400	" "	1	8	0	
" 400 "	" "	800	" "	2	0	0	
" 800 "	" "	1200	" "	3	0	0	
" 1200 "	" "	1600	" "	4	0	0	
" 1600 "	" "	2000	" "	5	0	0	

and so on adding one rupee for every 400 miles or fraction of 400 miles. Half the above rates will be charged for every 10 words or fraction of 10 words after the first group.

DELIVERY OF MESSAGES

Peons will deliver messages free to any place not exceeding five miles from the Telegraph Office. Beyond this distance messages will be sent either by Post registered (the fee being prepaid) or by such other means as the sender may arrange, and additional words that may be necessary to explain the mode of delivery of a message will be considered as part of the message, and charged for accordingly.

MESSAGES TO AND FROM CEYLON.

Two Rupees in addition to the above scale will be charged for every group of 20 words sent to or from any station in Ceylon, and a half rate viz 1 Rupee for every additional 10 or fraction of 10 words in excess of 20.

TO ENSURE ACCURACY IN MESSAGES

The accuracy of messages is not guaranteed. Senders of messages are advised to write their messages in an unmistakable and distinct hand.

The accurate transmission of messages is rendered much more certain by their being repeated back from each repeating station.

The errors which chiefly occur are in the numerals such as sixteen sixty-thirteen thirty owing to the sound and first three or four letters being similar. It is recommended that in all financial or money messages the sum be given in two forms halving or doubling the amount thus 'Pay to my order Rs 500 or half 1000.' When this is done an error is of very rare occurrence.

CRYPTIC MESSAGES

Messages in cypher are transmitted at the ordinary charge. Figures are telegraphed as if written in full.

Messages in ordinary language take precedence of cypher messages.

All messages must be in the English language.

The name and signature of the sender must be written on the face of every message.

REFUNDS FOR DELAYED OR MUTILATED TELEGRAMS

When a message is delivered wholly or partially in an unintelligible state, a refund of the cost of the portion rendered useless will be made to the sender if application be made within three months of the date of despatch, provided the message has not been transmitted beyond the limits of India, its dependencies or Ceylon, and within six months in the case of messages for countries beyond India, as China, Australia, Egypt, and Europe.

COMPLAINTS.

Complaints regarding missing or inaccurate messages should be addressed to the complaint office, Calcutta.

ORDER OF DESPATCH.

Private messages shall be despatched in the order of their receipt in the Telegraph Office.

No messages or messages of more than 200 words in all can be sent at one time by any private individual or firm.

SELECTION OF ROUTE

When two or more lines extend between any two places messages will be sent by the direct line.

BEARING MESSAGES.

Messages are sent "bearing" from sea ports when received by Mail steamers or other vessels for despatch.

REFUSAL TO DESPATCH MESSAGES.

In cases of extreme pressure of business Telegraph Masters may refuse to receive for despatch any messages beyond the number which experience shows may be cleared off within the day.

PREPAYMENT ON MESSAGES.

The sender of a message may prepay the charge for a reply.

OBJECTIONABLE MESSAGES.

Telegraph Masters are authorized to refuse to transmit a message which may be of a decidedly objectionable character.

PROVISION FOR ENSURING SECRECY.

To secure secrecy as much as possible, all persons, including Officers of the Telegraph Department not actually on duty, are strictly prohibited from entering the signal room.

UNPAID MESSAGES.

No unpaid messages, except those specified in Departmental Regulations, shall on any account whatever be transmitted.

MESSAGES DANGEROUS TO PUBLIC ORDER.

The Officer in charge of any Telegraph Office may decline to transmit any message tendered for transmission, which, in his belief, contains false information of an important public nature, or such as is likely to produce disturbance, or to create unfounded public alarm. Such message shall be laid before the Chief Civil Executive Officer, or, in his absence, before the Senior Military Officer in Command, at the place, who will decide whether or not the same shall be accepted and forwarded to its destination. If an officer in charge of any Telegraph Office has reason to believe that any message tendered in cypher is of the nature above described, he may refuse to transmit such message unless in a deciphered form, or unless an assurance be given, in writing, by a person of known respectability, that the message in cypher is not of such a nature.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR A GROUP OF 20 WORDS AND UPWARDS, INCLUDING BOOKING FEE OF 3 ANNAS.

No of Words.	Up to and including 100 miles	Over 100 and not exceeding 200 miles		Over 200 and not exceeding 400 miles		Over 400 and not exceeding 800 miles		Over 800 and not exceeding 1,000 miles		Over 1,000 and not exceeding 2,000 miles		Over 2,000 and not exceeding 3,000 miles	
		Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.
20	20	1	..	1	8	..	8	9	8	4	8	5	8
30	30	1	4	2	..	12	8	5	8	6	8	8	..
40	40	1	8	2	8	3	8	6	8	8	8	10	..
50	50	1	12	3	..	4	8	8	8	10	8	12	..
60	60	2	..	3	8	5	8	9	8	12	8	14	8
70	70	2	4	4	..	6	12	7	8	14	8	16	8
80	80	2	8	4	8	6	8	8	12	16	8	18	8
90	90	2	12	5	7	7	4	9	8	14	8	18	8
100	100	2	..	5	8	8	..	10	8	15	8	20	8
110	110	3	4	6	8	8	12	11	8	17	..	22	8
120	120	3	8	6	8	9	8	12	8	18	8	24	8
130	130	3	12	7	..	10	4	13	8	20	8	26	8
140	140	4	..	7	8	11	..	14	8	21	8	28	8
150	150	4	4	8	8	11	12	15	8	23	..	30	8
160	160	4	8	8	8	12	8	16	8	24	8	32	8
170	170	4	12	9	..	13	4	17	8	26	..	34	8
180	180	5	..	9	8	14	..	18	8	27	8	36	8
190	190	5	4	10	..	14	12	19	8	28	..	38	8
200	200	5	8	10	8	15	8	20	8	30	8	40	8

LIST OF GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH OFFICES.

The following is a List of all Government Telegraph Offices at present open in India with their Distance in miles by wire from the places mentioned —

To	From Bombay	From Nagpoor	From Nasauk	From Poona	To	From Bombay	From Nagpoor	From Nasauk	From Poona
A	Mls	Mls	Mls	Mls	D	Mls	Mls	Mls	Mls
Aeng	2210	1440	2107	2311	Dacca	1735	1061	1622	1826
Agri	729	812	616	811	Damagodrum	1041	310	1109	955
Amud bnd	314	1418	431	16	Darjiling	1631	909	1510	1725
Ahmednuggur	108	110	279	75	Darya	48	111	541	519
Amere	63	940	794	712	Delhi	80	801	776	900
Aksh	2095	1431	1942	281	De a G Khan	1312	1561	1327	1314
Allahabad	1071	53	810	1144	Dera I Khan	1309	1608	1453	1460
Alluv	982	1300	1091	891	Dharwar	31	793	467	263
Allvghur	755	907	67	676	Dhollara	400	1104	514	408
Archampore	1565	811	1164	1646	Doolha	212	1350	99	301
Attock	1416	1535	1300	1501	Diamond Harbour	1777	902	1413	1666
					Dowlahwaram	990	674	1103	800
B					E				
Belasore	1479	840	1481	1409	Erinpoore	517	1235	630	608
Bang lore	691	830	709	91					
Bawal	938	617	815	1020	F				
Baroda	260	1101	373	751	Farrudpoore	1885	1011	1572	1776
Barackpore	1381	817	1418	103	Jaunpore	831	740	728	842
Beig nm	30	940	480	311	Jyabab	1036	78	913	1127
Bellary	601	645	613	410					
Benares	1128	41	1014	1219	G				
Bour	631	1114	712	710	Goa	418	951	531	327
Bout	41	918	370	574	Goalparah	1804	1130	1031	1891
Bahampore, (Sanjam)	1280	813	1384	1119	Gowhaty	1651	110	1708	1972
Boypore	817	1134	870	766	Gwalior	858	943	546	740
Bezwarrah	899	91	1013	809					
Bhangulpore	1401	701	911	1495	H				
Bhurtpore	763	881	640	815	Honzada	2537	1868	2434	2638
Bumlipatam	1136	819	150	1015	Honowar	522	1011	631	431
Bombay	1110	113	91		Horthly Point	1504	810	1271	1075
Brosch	810	131	33	901	Hurdwar	993	1012	880	1084
Bud leena	181	191	97	775	Hydrabad (Deccan)	712	41	145	641
Bugwah	1724	1040	1611	1811	Hydrabad Sind)	747	1614	860	838
Bulser	122	109	230	213					
Burwan	1477	403	1114	1494	I				
Burhee	1308	619	1190	1395	Indore	360	1212	266	400
C					J				
Cacher	2079	1101	1906	2170	Jacobabad	1003	1808	1116	1094
Calcutta	1516	771	1414	1639	Jessore	1283	911	1513	1716
Calicut	811	1118	981	59	Jaypore	756	897	713	847
Calingspatam	1193	876	1307	1102	Jubbulpore	1421	1771	1231	1239
Cannanore	791	1011	807	73	Jullunder	1101	1308	987	1192
Carwar	372	1095	583	391					
Cawnpore	824	817	511	1015	K				
Chanda	1043	143	1157	612	Karikal	3074	1029	1187	922
Cherapoonjee	1913	1308	1806	203	Khull	388	1314	208	409
Chitacole	1179	811	1093	1018	Kolapore	241	804	814	180
Chittagong	1899	1215	1776	1881	Kotree	750	1647	713	841
Cochin	850	1217	1063	818	Kurnool	697	849	711	806
Cocoonada	1616	696	1129	985	Kurrachee	861	1768	974	983
Cocattala	1792	1119	1680	1685	Kusmora	1083	1764	1194	1173
Coch Behar	1741	1098	1689	1834					
Coopta	518	1040	634	421					
Cuddalore	1007	902	1120	918					
Cuttack	1285	1683	1510	1305					

To	From Bombay.	From Nagpur	From Nasauk	From Poona	To	From Bombay	From Nagpur	From Nasauk	From Poona
L	Mls	Mls	Mls	Mls	Q	Mls	Mls	Mls	Mls
Lahore	1191	1813	1078	1293	Quilon	938	105	1151	947
Lucknow	977	710	811	1068	R				
M					Rajanpore	1167	1639	1280	1398
Madras	694	873	1611	807	Ramoo	197	1301	1841	908
Mahabaleshwar	193	191	97	113	Ramganga	1423	719	311	1614
Malligaum	181	127	68	27	Rangoon	360	1865	216	1730
Mangalore	616	107	719	245	Rawal Pindoo	1300	1482	144	1451
Marqao	411	97	74	143	Rawalpoore	976	1840	84	1069
Masulipatam	943	625	000	871	Rungpoore	1691	1017	1378	1783
Mathoran	51	99	166	143	Rutlam	468	1301	944	549
Meerut	912	0	739	1001	S				
Meyara	7	984	514	629	Sattara	1	983	277	78
Mhow	3	61	31	417	Sahibganj	1119	779	91	1540
Midnapore	1514	347	1404	1186	Saugor Island	1119	94	150	1710
Mirzapore	1161	120	1017	12	Saipur	94	947	441	688
Mooltan	1	84	2	1411	Saun	1731	68	1345	1143
Moradabad	900	836	87	10	Satichanpore	81	796	777	962
Monmten	281	0	19	147	Satipore	177	1828	1040	1086
Mount St Thomas's)	901	81	0	811	Shoayghan	2712	0	8109	2831
Mud Fort	1	11	9	118	Simla	10	611	9	1157
Murree	1491	174	1	87	Simla	400	220	1010	135
Muscouris	1013	011	019	11	Sitting	2774	2100	461	2868
Muttra	761	883	614	4	Sukkur	933	18	0	106
Myanourg	1477	181	21	2	Sulst	170	131	233	281
Mysore	70	915	854	679	Sylhet	2012	1508	1699	3103
N					T				
Nagoreool	1123	138	1246	1032	Tarsocha	873	1770	988	981
Nagpore	1143	9	12	0	Tellicheary	50	10	4	821
Nasauk	113	126	..	201	Thymoo	4161	1810	2371	2575
Neelapilly	1093	711	111	94	Tumachoo	28	14	270	1306
Neemuch	533	1346	140	614	Tumchoop	41	141	2	04
Negapatam	104	104	1	00	Trivandrum	1000	1347	1144	948
Nellore	100	745	11	0	Tuticora	1	0	1	1311
Nagpur Parkur	781	170	116	624	Titakah	1571	597	1454	1663
Nussarabad	699	109	801	779	U				
Nynas Tal	1033	961	910	1144	Umballah	991	1105	879	1077
O					Umritsur	116	1377	104	1848
Ongole	946	667	1016	893	V				
Ootacamund	848	803	968	757	Vellore	814	997	981	723
P					Vidgorlah	941	918	492	293
Pabroo	2157	1489	2011	2248	Vizagapatam	1117	900	1231	1026
Padoung	94	617	241	517	Vizianagram	1131	634	143	1660
Pallamcottah	1179	40	131	1178	W				
Patna	1665	561	1132	1357	Warrungal	885	516	944	787
Punben	12	821	87	1168					
Peshawur	1411	1383	1318	152					
Ponicherry	995	9	0	04					
Poonah	9110	4	204	..					
Prome	2447	1768	1344	2528					
Purneah	1499	825	1380	1091					
Puttocootah	1110	1095	1354	1049					

G. I. P. RAILWAY COMPANY'S TELEGRAPH.

SUPERINTENDENT—MR. J. BLACKWELL, POONA.

(For Rules &c., for transmission of Messages see Advertisement pages.)

List of Telegraph Offices on the G. I. P. Railway Company's Electric Telegraph showing the distance by Railway from the Boree Bunder Station.

A							
Akola ...	...	...	...	362½	Khurdee ...	...	66½
Atgaum ...	...	...	...	59	Kussarah ...	...	75
B					Kherwara ...	...	137
Barree Road ...	...	...	...	234½	L		
Bhaudoop ...	...	...	...	17½	Lanowlee ...	...	80
Bhorawul ...	...	...	...	275½	Lassalgau ...	...	146½
Bombay Fort ...	...	...	...	1	M		
Bombay Boree Bunder ...	...	...	...	...	Mahreh ...	...	244½
Boree ...	...	...	...	502	Mo: ol ...	...	261
Boranpoor ...	...	...	...	310	Mortazapoor ...	...	385½
Boree ...	...	...	...	374	Mulkapoor ...	...	307
Bogra ...	...	...	...	479½	Munmat ...	...	182
Badliapoor ...	...	...	...	42	Mossawud ...	...	248
Badnaira ...	...	...	...	411½	Myjee ...	...	240½
Bunkerry ...	...	...	...	516½	N		
Byculla ...	...	...	...	2½	Nagpoor ...	...	520
C					Naidongree ...	...	194½
Campoclee ...	...	...	...	71	Nandgaum ...	...	179½
Callian ...	...	...	...	83½	Nandoor ...	...	100½
Challesgaum ...	...	...	...	200½	Nargau ...	...	294½
Chandoor ...	...	...	...	4.9	Narel ...	...	55½
Chinchwad ...	...	...	...	108½	Nasick ...	...	118½
Chundnee ...	...	...	...	32½	Neemgaum ...	...	323½
Cooria ...	...	...	...	9½	Niphar ...	...	136
D					Nimbora ...	...	291½
Dadur ...	...	...	...	5½	Nuragpoor ...	...	554½
Deekal ...	...	...	...	184	Nussersabad—Khandalah ...		
Dhond ...	...	...	...	166½	O		
Dhondergaum ...	...	...	...	338½	Ocroolee ...	...	187½
Dawa ...	...	...	...	86	P		
E					Pachora ...	...	281½
Egutpoora ...	...	...	...	85	Patne ...	...	159½
Etaree ...	...	...	...	463½	Poomulwara ...	...	196½
G					Poona ...	...	119½
Ghotee ...	...	...	...	90½	R		
Garrahwara ...	...	...	...	535½	Ravere ...	...	297½
H					S		
Hurdah ...	...	...	...	410½	Shawpoor ...	...	53½
J					Shegaum ...	...	359½
Jewhoor ...	...	...	...	213½	Sholapoor ...	...	2.34
Jubbulpoor ...	...	...	...	616½	Sindes ...	...	490
Julgaum ...	...	...	...	261½	Sowda ...	...	285½
K					Sewnee ...	...	442½
Keim ...	...	...	...	223½	Sohapoor ...	...	493½
Kheirgaum ...	...	...	...	153	Sindwada ...	...	583½
Khandalla ...	...	...	...	774	T		
Kirkicau ...	...	...	...	396½	Tanna ...	...	90½
Khundwah ...	...	...	...	352½	Titwalle ...	...	40
Kowta ...	...	...	...	453	Tulligaum ...	...	98½
Kujgaum ...	...	...	...	215½	W		
Kurjut ...	...	...	...	62½	Wassind ...	...	49½
Kirkee ...	...	...	...	115½	Wurrangaum ...	...	238½
Kirkulla ...	...	...	...	80½	Wurdha ...	...	470

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY COMPANY'S TELEGRAPH.
List of Telegraph Offices on the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company's
Electric Telegraph, showing the distance by Railway Mileage from
the Station of Grant Road, Bombay.

A					M			
Amroles	...	...	...	165	Mahim	...	...	5
Auntud	...	...	...	205	Metagum	...	...	225
Ahmedabad	...	...	...	300	Mundabad	...	...	228
B					N			
Bandora	...	...	...	6	Nerlad	...	...	144
Berealee	...	...	...	18	Newsaree	...	...	278
Bassein	...	...	...	20				
Bynur	...	...	...	61				
Bulsar	...	...	...	120				
Bilimora	...	...	...	133				
Broach	...	...	...	190	Pahadee	...	...	14
Baroda	...	...	...	214	Palghur	...	...	84
Barajree	...	...	...	295	Paries	...	...	114
					kanolee	...	...	188
					Palley	...	...	216
C					S			
Chumargaum	...	...	...	207	Surjan	...	...	90
					Sticheen	...	...	154
					Surat	...	...	163
					Son	...	...	173
D								
Dhanoo	...	...	...	74				
Duman	...	...	...	101				
Dongree	...	...	...	125				
E					U			
					Umulsar	...	...	135
					Unklesar	...	...	194
K					V			
Etola	...	...	...	232	Veraur	...	...	35
K					W			
Keam	...	...	...	179	Wassud	...	...	256

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Office, Elphinstone Circle, Fort.

Open 852½ miles—Bombay to Khundwa, Nagpore, and Callian to Sholapoor with Mahim Branch.

Under construction 421½ miles—North Eastern Extension to Jubbulpore, and South Eastern Extension to Ranchore

Board of Directors in England

Hugh C. E. Childers, M. P., Chairman. | John G. Frith, Deputy Chairman.

J. Danvers (ex-officio appointed by Government)

Acton, F. Aytoun, M. P.

William Nicol

Thomas Stock Cowie.

Lestock R. Reid.

Col. James Holland.

Thomas R. Watt—Managing Director.

George Smith and Charles Packer—Auditors.

G. Berkley—Consulting Engineer.

White, Borrett and White—Solicitors.

Officers in the Bombay Presidency.

Major General Harry Rivers, R. E., Agent.

J R Rushton, Chief Resident Engineer O C Downes, Storekeeper
 Walter Knox, General Traffic Manager. G A Barnett Chief Accountant.
 W W Kelly, Deputy do H J P Thomson, Secretary to Agent
 W. Charlton, Actg Locomotive Supt. W O Penson, Assist Traffic Manager.

J Blackwell, Superintendent Electric Telegraph Department.
 Solicitor--H Cleveland, of Messrs Hearn, Cleveland & Fells

First Class Assistant Engineers.

J Preston.	J R Manning	W M Birkenshaw.
R M Brereton.	A Sherwood	F Danglefield
W Menon	G H Wright	F Hawkes
F A Hawkes.	G P Merrett	Harrichund Sudasawjee.
J Ker	O D Clark	C F Hall
W Teasdale.	J Johnson	R E Stack.
A Roberts.	J Abbott	

Works under Construction

Line from Khundwa to Hurdah,	Line from Sholapoor to Kolburga
G Wythes Contractor	Adamson and Clowser Contractors,
C B Ker Agent	Line from Kolburga to Paichore,
Line from Hurdah to Solapoor,	J Bray Contractor.
Hood, Winton and Mills Contractors	
Line from Solapoor to Julluhore--	
Special Engineer appointed by the	
Railway Company H Victor	

District Officers--Traffic Department

H H Swan, District Traffic Manager North Eastern Division.		
W C Middleton District Traffic Manager South Eastern Deccan Division.		
J Phillips	District Traffic Superintendent	Beculla
C Tedball	Do.	Nasrik
P Murray	Do.	Bhilsawal.
W Taylor	Do.	Shelgaum
C Dewey	Do.	Kowta
F A Maurice	Do.	Khundwa.
G Robottom	Do.	Poona

Information will be given and enquiries answered regarding Trains, Rates, Fares, Luggage &c at the Chief Office at Bombay, or by the Superintendents in their Districts and the Goods Agent at Bombay

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY COMPANY.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Lieutenant-Colonel P T French, 8, Duke Street, St James's, Chairman.
 W Hartridge 80, Old Broad Street, E C
 H Hayman Clarendon Road, Kensington, W
 J. Mitchell Portugal Street, Grosvenor Square, W
 Right Hon'ble Viscount Gort, 10, Warwick Square, S W
 S J Wilde, Bromley Kent, S E
 Julian Danvers --Government Director

AUDITORS--W Goodchap 13, Gresham St., E C
 R. Fisher, 37 Threadneedle St E C

BANKERS--Union Bank of London Princes' St

SOLICITORS--Howard and Dollman 14 Fenchurch Street, E C.

CHIEF ENGINEER--Lieut-Col J P Kennedy

SECRETARY--J. A Baynes.

OFFICES--10 Liverpool Street, New Broad Street, London E C.
 Open 306 Miles--Bombay to Ahmedabad Under Construction 8.

INDIAN ESTABLISHMENT.

OFFICES—BOMBAY.

Charles Carrey—Agent.

F. Mathew, Chief Resident Engineer.	B B Carroll, Loc. and Car. Supt.
T. W. Wood, Chief Audit. and Account.	J. R. Duxbury, Actg Traffic Manager.
W S Wetherell, Storekeeper.	T. R. Light, Acting Assist. Agent.
W. Minet, Assist. Loc Supt.	O Beard, Assist. Storekeeper.

Engineering Department.

D. Richmond, Deputy Engineer.	T. M. Toy, Resident Engineer.
J M Sleater, Resident Engineer.	J. Durgan, Resident Engineer.
R. Warren, Resident Engineer.	L. P. Binks, Resident Engineer.
H F Whyte, Resident Engineer.	G H. Bayly, Resident Engineer.
O Curling, 1st Class Assist. Engineer.	H. B. Hargrave, 1st Class Assist. Eng.
A. C. Hall, Resident Engineer.	J. Collins, Resident Engineer.

Traffic Department.

F Potter, Assist. Traffic Manager.	K Neale, Assist. Traffic Manager.
W Pendlebury, Goods Supt.	W. J. Wilkinson, District Supt.
J Broughton, Dist. Supt.	J H. Davies, District Supt.
R. W. Burton, Dist. Supt.	M Sargon, Telegraph Supt.

Accounts Department.

J. O'Connell Dy. Auditor and Account for Rev. Accounts	W O Butler, Dy. Auditor and Account for General Accounts.
C. J. Comyn, Chief Cashier, and Pay Master.	A. S. Moorhouse, Travelling Auditors.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Enrolled 1867.

Commandant—Harry Rivers, Major General, R. E. 27th February 1867.
 Instructor of Musketry and Adjutant—W. P. Walshe, Captain, late 32nd
 (Cornwall) Light Infantry. 7th March 1867.

Captains.

G F. Henry, 3rd April 1867; H. S. Bstock, 3rd April 1867.
 T. P. H. M. Filgate, late Captain 2nd (Royal North British) Dragoons. 30th
 August 1867.

Lieutenants.

Frank Ridley, 3rd April 1867; David Law, 3rd April 1867; James Dodds, 30th
 August 1867

Ensigns—W L Galpine, 3rd April 1867; W. Brown, 3rd April 1867; J. M.
 Dudley, 30th August 1867

Uniform—Green, Facing Scarlet.

Head Quarters—Elphinstone Circle.

Steam Navigation Companies.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

OFFICES—14, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
123, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON; AND ORIENTAL PLACE,
SOUTHAMPTON

BOMBAY ESTABLISHMENT.

G. F. Henry.....Superintendent.	J. Soden..... Acting Supt. Purser.
H. S. Bostock.....Chief Assistant.	F. Ridley .....Store-keeper.
A. McRitchie.....Supt. Engineer.	W. Nowell.....Shipping Master.

THE COMPANY'S AGENTS.

AT HOME.

SOUTHAMPTON, T. Black, Superintendent—
LIVERPOOL, Fletcher & Parr, 23, Castle Street.

ABROAD.

Adelaido.....Elder, Smith & Co.	Madras .. .. .A. McIver.
Aden .. .. .W. H. Davies	Malta .. .. .T. H. Tronson.
Alexandria .. .W. H. Roberts.	Marseilles.....R. Gower & Co.
Amoy .. .. .Tait & Co.	Mauritius .. .Ireland Fraser & Co.
Batavia .. .. .MacLaine, Watson & Co.	Melbourne.....F. R. Kendal
Bombay .. .. .G. F. Henry.	Paris .. .. .Pritchard & Monneron.
Cadix .. .. .A. de Zulueta.	Penang .. .. .Brown & Co.
Cairo .. .. .R. Air.	Reunion.....Dor, Freres & Co.
Cebu .. .. .J. Paterson.	Rotterdam ....Ittmann & Son.
Ceylon (Galle)...F. Bayley.	Seychelles.....J. H. Brooks.
Foo-Choo .. .Augustine Heard & Co.	Shanghai .. .Edward Warden.
Gibraltar .. .W. H. Smith.	Singapore .. .J. B. Caldwell.
Hongkong .. .W. Macaulay (acting)	Suez .. .. .George West, H. B. M.
King George's } W. O. Clifton.	Vice-Consul.
Sound.....} R. Knowles & Co.	Swatow .. .. .Bradley & Co.
Lisbon	Sydney .. .. .H. Moore.
Lyons .. .. .Arles Dufour & Co.	Yokohama.....W. Davidson.

Rates of Passage Money from Bombay.

	Aden.	Suez.	Malta.	Marseilles.	Gibraltar.	Southampton.	Ceylon.	Madras.	Calcutta.	Penang.	Singapore.	Hongkong.	Shanghai.	K. Geo. Sound.	Melbourne.	Sydney.
Married Couple:	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Reserved	600	1040	1900	2100	2100	2300	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gentleman or Lady																
Reserved	600	1900	1400	1800	1500	1700	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1st Class	300	800	700	800	800	850	150	250	400	350	450	700	900	400	500	500
Children with																
their parents &																
years & under 10	150	300	350	400	400	425	80	125	200	175	225	350	450	200	250	250
European Servants																
Male or female	300	350	450	450	450	500	95	145	210	200	235	300	450	250	300	300
Native Servants	100	100	175	240	240	250	45	75	105	100	115	175	225	125	150	150
Deck passengers																
(including themselves)	100	200	..	..	..	..	54	84	124	117	150	234	300	..	..	..
1st Class Native																
passengers (do)	225	450	..	..	..	..	12	185	300	265	335	525	675	..	..	..

* One Child under 5 years of age (no Berth provided) free.

(Should more than one Child under 5 years be conveyed $\frac{1}{2}$ of first-class rates will be charged for each child, exclusive of the one taken free).

For latest information see *Indian Travellers' Guide*, published monthly at the Bombay Gazette Office.)

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Agent in Bombay—A. C. Gumpert, Tamarind Lane.

OVERLAND ROUTE VIA THIRPTE.

cutta Mails and Passengers from Suez, viz., on or about the 5th, 12th, 19th, and 26th of every month. Besides this direct communication there is an indirect weekly line between Trieste and Alexandria, once via Syria and once via Smyrna.

The fares between Trieste and Alexandria are as follows —

1st Class Rs. 150, 2nd Class Rs. 100; 3rd Class Rs. 60.

Reduced fares for Families of not less than three adult persons travelling together :

1st Class Rs. 123-10 each, 2nd Class Rs. 82 8 each.

The above rates include berth, a liberal table and fees.

(For latest information see *Indian Traveller's Guide* published monthly at Bombay Gazette Office.)

BOMBAY COAST AND RIVER STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Capital Rs. 25,00,000 in 1,040 Shares of Rs. 2,500 each.

Head Office, Apollo Street.

DIRECTORS.

H. Forman, Chairman.

J. Dunbar.

J. Dixon.

C. Pella.

J. Dodds.

Manager.—J. A. Shepherd.

BOMBAY AND BENGAL STEAM SHIP COMPANY.

On Monday, October 21, an adjourned annual meeting of the shareholders in this Company was held in the office of Messrs. Stearns, Hobart & Co. The annual report stated that in September last a call of Rs. 1,000 per share had been made payable, which realized about Rs. 4,00,000. On 1st March the third call was not paid, and thus by a resolution of the Board, dated 2nd May, was absolutely forfeited, and the capital of the Company thus reduced by Rs. 4,07,500. The shareholders were notified that the same in the accounts as at credit of reserve fund from the amount of Rs. 2,13,979 appearing as accumulations of surpluses Rs. 21,500 was had been written off as depreciation. During the past year all liabilities had been met, and the Company was then entirely free from debt. In the discussion which followed objection was expressed to the ordering of additional steamers by the directors. It was also thought that the expenses of working the Company were too high, and that Rs. 25,000 was too much to pay the managing manager of the Company in Bombay for one year. Some shareholders also wished the proceeds of the forfeited shares to be divided amongst the shareholders instead of being carried to capital. Mr. Nathaniel Hussine proposed that the report of the directors be not adopted, and the chairman (Mr. H. Maxwell) proposed — "That the balance sheet of the Company be amended by transferring back to capital the sum of Rs. 4,07,500, the amount paid upon shares forfeited during the past year, entered in the balance sheet under the head of Reserve Fund, and that the balance sheet be amended, and the directors' report be adopted." Objection was taken to some points in support of this motion, on the ground that they were insufficiently stamped, and in consequence the meeting was adjourned till Wednesday, when the chairman stated that he did not intend to allow the question of stamping to influence the result, and declared a majority of 50 for his resolution. The proxies were stated to have been stamped to the proper amount on the previous day.

Mr. H. Maxwell and Mr. P. D. Chantrel were then appointed directors for the ensuing year.

At a meeting on 18th Sept., it was resolved — "that a committee of the following shareholders with power to add to their number, be appointed to consider the present position of the Company, and what course of action it would be best for the interests of the shareholders to pursue with reference to the future of the Company, and that the meeting, and the considerations of the directors' report be therefore adjourned for a fortnight — Messrs. Nusserwanjee Manookjee Pesh, John Dixon, Mozarjee Goodness, and H. Greenwood.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Offices —3, East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, London ;
and 180, Hope Street, Glasgow

MANAGING OFFICE IN INDIA

Messrs Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co, Calcutta

Agents in Bombay—W. Nicol & Co.

Manager—William Gordon

Marine Superintendent—Alexander Johnstone.

AGENTS.

AKYAB	Messrs Bulloch, Brothers & Co.
BRYFORE	Messrs James Andrew & Co.
HIMLIPATAM	Messrs Hyslop & Co
BUNDER ABBAS	Messrs Mackellar Gray & Co.
BUSHIRE	Messrs Mackellar Gray & Co.
BUSORAH	Mr W P Johnston
CALCUT	Messrs James Andrew & Co
CANNANORE	Messrs Hejee M & Sons
CALWAR	P Chrystal.
CHITTAGONG	Messrs Bulloch, Brothers & Co.
COCHIN	Messrs Aspinwall & Co.
COCONADA	Messrs Bowden, Brothers & Co
COLOMBO	Messrs A and B Scott & Co.
FALSEPOINT	
GALLE	Messrs Delmege Reid & Co
GANJAM	
GOA	Messrs A Gomes & Co.
KURRACHEE	Messrs Fleming & Co.
MADEIRA	Messrs Binny & Co.
MALACCA	Messrs W Newbrunner & Co.
MANGALORE	Messrs M Minn & Co
MANGALAPATAM	Messrs Madden & Co
MOBBOO OIFAR	Mr F J V Minchin.
MOULMAIN	Messrs Gardner, Brooks & Co
MUSCAT	Mr C H M Gill.
NALBAKAL	Messrs Aspinwall & Co.
NLAPATAM	Messrs Oliver & Co
PLNANG	Messrs Lorain Gillespie & Co.
PONDICHERRY	Messrs Annand & Co
POORBE	
RANGOON	Messrs. Bulloch, Brothers & Co.
RUFNAGHERRY	Mr Kosheo Gunahett
SINGAPORE	Messrs Hamilton, Gray & Co.
SUKORIN	Dr. Reid
VINGORLA	Wamun Appayee
VIZAGAPATAM	Messrs. Hyslop & Co

(For latest information as to the Company's various lines and the dates of sailing, see Indian Travellers' Guide published at the Bombay General Office.)

INDUS STEAM FLOTILLA.

Head Office—Kotree.

Captain J Wood, Agent and Supt Lt J. Biven, Chief Marine Engineer.
Captain A. Wilkins, Assistant Agent and J. Campbell, Accountant.
Superintendent.

Agents.

Mooltan—Captain W Gillett

| Sukkur—H. P Edwards

(For latest information see Indian Travellers' Guide, published monthly at the Bombay General Office.)

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

ABOO LAWRENCE SCHOOL FOR SOLDIERS' CHILDREN.

PATRONS AND VISITORS.

H E The Governor of Bombay.
H E The Commander-in-Chief of Bombay.
The Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of Bombay.

GOVERNMENT INSPECTOR.

Lieut.-Colonel I. F. D'E. W. Hall.

PRESIDENT OF THE SCHOOL.

Lieut.-Colonel R. H. Keatings, V. C., C. S. I., Agent to the Governor General for the State of Rajpootana.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGERS 1867.

Lieut. Colonel R. H. Keatings, V. C., C. S. I.

Rev A. Miller	Dr W. Moore
Major F. Goshing.	Dr Spence
Lieut. W. J. W. Muir, Hon. Secy and Treasurer.	

SCHOOL ESTABLISHMENT.

Head Master	Mr A. Wolfe.
Head Mistress	Mrs Wolfe.
Orderly ..	Corporal Miller.
Matron	Mrs Miller
Munshi ..	Abul Hussan

BOMBAY DIOCESAN BOARD OF EDUCATION.

(For the Advancement of Christian Education amongst Europeans and Eurasians)
Members of the Board.

The Lord Bishop of Bombay, President ex-officio

Hon'ble Sir R. Couch.	Ven Archdeacon Leigh Lye.
Hon'ble J. Gibbs.	Rev E. J. Spring
C. E. Chapman	Rev W. Manle
A. T. Crawford	Rev G. C. Keynell
A. R. Scoble.	Rev T. K. Weatherhead.
W. F. Newnham.	Rev C. Gilder
K. M. Chatfield	

C. E. Chapman, Honorary Treasurer.

Rev G. C. Keynell, Honorary Secretary

FREEMANSON HALL SCHOOL BYCULLA.—Rev. E. H. Du Bois, Head Master, and two assistants, Superintendent of girls school Mrs Du Bois, with three assistants.
St JOHN'S SCHOOL, COLABA.—Mr McClumpha, Head Master; Mrs. McClumpha, Head Mistress.

St GEORGE'S SCHOOL BOMBAY.—Mrs Bartley, Mistress

St PETER'S SCHOOL, MAZAGON.—Mrs Williamson, Mistress.

BISHOP'S HIGH SCHOOL, POONA.—Mr. W. W. Clifford (Deputy Inspector of Army Schools) Head Master, with two assistants

POONA GIRLS' SCHOOL.—Mrs Wood, Mistress, with an assistant.

BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY.

President—His Excellency Sir W. E. Seymour Vesey Fitzgerald, Governor of Bombay.

Vice-Presidents—His Excellency Sir R. Napier, K. C. B., Commander-in-Chief.

The Honorable H. B. Ellis.
The Honorable S. Mansfield, C. S. I.
The Honorable Sir Richard Couch, Knight
The Honorable Sir Joseph Arnould, Knight.
The Honorable Henry Newton
The Honorable M. B. Westropp
The Honorable H. P. St. G. Tucker.
The Honorable A. B. Warden.
The Honorable James Gibbs
The Honorable Sir Charles Sargent, Knight.

Patron and Visitor.—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of the Diocese.

Vice-Patron.—The Venerable the Archdeacon of Bombay.

Council of Directors *Ex-Officio*.

The Lord Bishop.

The Archdeacon.

All Chaplains on the Bombay Establishment.

The Adjutant General of the Army.

The Commandant of the Garrison.

The Brigade Major of the Garrison.

The Commandant of the Colaba Sanitarium.

The Treasurer of the Society.

The Surgeon of the Schools.

The Secretary of the Society.

Until 1868.

Dr. F. Broughton.

Captain C. Finch, B. E.

Dr. T. B. Johnstone.

J. Firth, Esq.

W. Wedderburn, Esq., C. E.

A. Crawford, Esq., C. E.

Until 1869.

The Hon. Col. Marriott.

General H. Rivers, R. E.

Honorable George Foggo.

W. Loudon, Esq.

G. Norman, Esq., C. S.

J. Cameron, Esq.

Ladies, Directresses.

Lady Patronesses.....

Mrs. Harding.

, Fletcher.

, Spring.

Mrs. Reynoll.

, Johnstone.

, Broughton.

Mrs. Leaths.

, Chapman.

, Cameron.

Managing Committee.

Rev. G. C. Reynoll.

Captain C. W. Finch, B. E.... } Directors.

W. Loudon, Esq....

H. E. Jaomb, Esq. Hon. Treasurer,

Dr. F. Broughton.... Surgeon.

J. Cameron, Esq. Secretary.

Boys' School, Head Master (vacant.)

Girls' School.

Miss Burton Head Mistress.

Printing Office of the Society.

Mr. John Firth Superintendent.

POONA BRANCH

INFANT SCHOOL COMMITTEE.

Lady Grant

Mrs. T. Waddington

Mrs. Menzie

Mrs. Bell

Mrs. Lough Lye

The Secretary

Medical Officer } *Ex-Officio*.

The Chaplain

Mrs. Harding } Nominated by the Ma-

Mrs. Phayre } naging Committee.

Mrs. Monnet Superintendent.

BOMBAY PROPRIETARY SCHOOL.

Inspector—The Educational Inspector, C.D.

Head Master—Hormusjee Jehangir.

Assistant Masters—Burmajee Unrestjee, Framjee Rustomjee, Dadabhoj Shapoorjee (under graduates), Framjee Hormusjee and Bhaishankar Golabrao.

BOMBAY SCOTTISH EDUCATION SOCIETY.

COMMITTEE —

The Hon. Alex. Brown, Chairman.

D. Robertson, Esq., Deputy Chairman.

Thomas Blaney

Rev. D. C. Royd

John Connan

W. E. Crum

Captain A. Davidson, R. E.

Charles Macdonald

John Macfarlane

Rev. D. Macpherson

W. Nicol

Surgeon Major Nicolson

Rev. J. Paton

A. F. Shepherd

John Smith

F. A. Spencer

N. Spencer, Senior

G. Ramsay Wilson

Rev. John Wilson, D. D.

James Windram

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

FORT SCHOOL—8, Hornby Row.

Rev. D. C. Boyd, and Rev. D. Macpherson, Joint Secretaries.

BUDDHIVARDHAK GIRLS' SCHOOL.

Under the Management of the Buddhivardhak Society.

Fort --Number of pupils 87.

Head Master—Dhirajram Vishnuram.

BOMBAY SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE.

Committee for 1868.

The Hon. A. Brown, Chairman | F. A. Spencer, Honorary Secretary.

MEMBERS.

Rev D C. Boyd	W Nicol	James Ranken
Dr. Arnott, c. n.	Rev D Macpherson	Capt Davidson, r
A. Johnstone	J G Nicolson, M. D.	W E Crum
Rev C J. Cameron	N Spencer	Dr. L. G. Stewart
G. R. Wilson	D Robertson	Major Ker
John Connon	J. Macfarlane	J. Windram
John Smith	H. Maxwell	
C. Macdonald	Rev. J. Paton	

LADIES' COMMITTEE.

Mrs Wilson, Convener.

MEMBERS.

Mrs. Cameron	Mrs Showell	Mrs Paton
Mrs. Douglas	Mrs G R. Wilson	Mrs. Rodgie
Mrs Johnstone	Mrs Spencer	
Mrs Robertson	Mrs Macfarlane	

T. Glover, Treasurer.

| W. E. Crum, Honorary Treasurer.

A Johnstone, Auditor.

SUPERINTENDENT.—R. Duthie.

Poona Sub Committee—Rev. M. M. Ross, W. F. Hunter, W. Wells, Dr. Wright, Rev R. Angus.

Kharachee Sub-Committee,—Major Beville, J. Grant W. G Hall, E. Leggett, J. McNeil, Rev. W. Middleton, Lieut. John Scott, — Hutton.

Belgaum Sub-Committee—Rev. W. Beynon.

NATIVE PRIVATE ORPHANAGE.

Church of Scotland, Poona

Visitor.—Mrs. Ross

| Superintendent. —Mrs Harrison.

Number of Orphans 25

The object of the Society is to provide for the maintenance and education of Scottish Orphans and of such other children as the Society shall consider to have sufficient claim to the benefits of the Institution. The Religious and other instruction provided at the Orphanage is as far as possible, such as is conveyed in the Parochial Schools of Scotland, and the Orphanage is, under the pastoral supervision of the Ministers of St. Andrew's Church and of the Free Church. Subscribers of Rs 30 annually are members, and donors of Rs. 300 in one sum, are life members of the Society.

CHARITY SCHOOL.

Founded by the late M De Moura, Esq. for Boys of the Mazagon Parishes.
This School is incorporated with the St. Mary's Institution. The Rev. N. H. DeMello, Professor.

CHRISTIAN VERNAacular EDUCATION SOCIETY.

Normal School at Amednuggur.

James S. Haig, Principal; and two Assistant Masters.

Secretary to Committee—J. S. Haig.

Treasurer.—J. S. Weatherhead.

COWASJEE JEHANGHIR NAOSAREE ZERTHOSHTI MUDRASSA.

Cursetjee Nusserwanjee Cama—Chairman of Committee.

Cowasjee Nusserwanjee Kanga, Secretary.

ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE.

K. M. Chatfield, B.A.—Principal and Professor of Logic, and Moral Philosophy.
 J. P. Hughlings, B.A.—Professor of English Literature and History
 I. J. Candy, M.A.—Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy.
 J. G. Buhler, M.A.—Professor of Oriental Languages.
 J. B. Lyon—Acting Professor of Chemistry

ELPHINSTONE INSTITUTION.

Sir Jamssetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart.
 Venayek Rao Juggonathjee Sunkersett.
 Bhau Dajee

} Trustees of the Elphinstone Fund.

Secretary—G. C. M. Birdwood.

EPISCOPAL SEMINARY R.O.

For the Education of young Ecclesiastics (R. O.)

Nesbit Lane, St. Ann's Chapel.

The Rev. Jos. A. Willy, S. J., Rector

The Revd. Jer. Peterson, S. J., Minister Professor of Greek and Latin Literature
 Clement Geron, S. J., Lecturer on Theology and Metaphysics.

FREE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S INSTITUTIONS.

(Recognized by the University of Bombay for Degrees in Arts, 1862.)

Levd John Wilson, D.D., F.R.S. Convener

Rev James Aitken

Revd R. Stothert, M.A.

Revd Dhunjeebhoy Nowroji.

E. Rahuteek, M. A. &c. and a considerable staff of native teachers.

GOKULDAS TEJPAL VIDYALAYA (SEMINARY).

Established 10th June 1855—Munaj Bunder

Head Master, Motiram Trikumdaas

Secretary—Lukhmidas Khimji.

Number of Pupils,—850

GOVERNMENT LAW SCHOOL.

Recognized by Bombay University

Richard T. Reid, L.L.D.—Lecturer Professor of Jurisprudence and Government
 Professor of Law

Thomas Child Hayllar—Government Professor of Law.

GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE.

See Page 544 a.)

HIGH SCHOOLS AND TRAINING COLLEGES.

Ahmedabad High School,	Dallas Hill, B.A.—Head Master.
Belgaum	do H. S. K. Bellairs, M.A. do
Dhoolia	do Withal Narayan Taruk M.A. do
Elphinstone	do T. B. Kirkham, Principal, A. Barret, Vice Principal.
Hydrabad	do Vaman Abaji Modak, B.A.—Head Master.
Kolapore	do Mahadevi Moreshwar Kunte, B.A. do
Kurrachee	do Keshava Bapjee Bal, B.A.
Poona	do H. O. Jacob, Head Master.
Rutnagherry	do Ramkrishna Gopal Shandarker, M.A.—Head Master.
Surat	do K. T. Best, B.A.—Head Master.

Guzerat Provincial College, Dallas Hill, B.A.—Principal.

Ahmedabad Training College, Rao Sahab Mahipatram Rupram—Principal.

Belgaum do Bhujangarao Krishna, do

Poona do Krishna Shastri Chiploonerkar—Principal.

Guzerat Normal School, Chharmal Kundamul, B.A.—Head Master.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION, SONAPORE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1838.

Committee.

Rev. C. Gilder
W. MaidmentJ. Ryan, C. B.
Hon. Mr. Justice Warden
Major General O. Trautman

Rev. F. J. Spring, Superintendent of the Institution.

Rev. C. Gilder—Secretary.

J. Ryan—Treasurer.

W. Maidment—Auditor

O. Peters—Master of the Institution.

Mrs. G. Thompson—Mistress Girl School.

" Dumarel—Matron Boys' School.

" Chambers—Do Girls' Do.

JUGONNATH SUNKERSETT ENGLISH SCHOOL.

Gurgaum Road

Supported by Government and Mr. Venayekrow Juggonath Sunkersett
Established on 25th April 1857 for the education of the sons of Hindoos.

Head Master.—Mahadeo Chinnajee Apts, B. A

Number of Pupils—225.

JUGONNATH SUNKERSETT'S GIRLS' SCHOOL.

Palao Road

Supported by a permanent annual subscription of Rs. 400.

Number of Girls under instruction—61.

MOOLA FEEROZE MUDRASA.

Dhunjeebhoy Framjee, President of Committee.

Munchejee Cowasjee Shapoorjee, Secretary.

Gursetjee Nusservanjee Cama, Treasurer

Teachers

Persian—Mounshee, Mirza Basmali, and 3 Assistant Teachers.

Hind and Peshvi—Cowasjee Abduljee Kanga

English—Cowasjee Abduljee and two Assistant Teachers

MUNGALDASS NATHOOBHROY'S GUZERATI HINDU GIRLS' SCHOOL—PYDHONEE.

Committee of Management

President.—Hon'ble Mungaldass Nathoobhroy. | Secretary.—Anandass Munjee.

PARSEE GIRLS' SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.

The Hon'ble Framjee Nusservanjee, Chairman of Committee.

Dowabhoj Framjee, Hon. Secretary.

Gursetjee Nusservanjee Cama, Treasurer

The Association conducts the following schools—

Fort School.

Chundenswady School.

| Mirza Street School.

| Masagon School.

POONA CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE.

Theodore Cooke M.A. M.I.—Principal, (on 15 months sick leave to Europe.)

Daji Nilkant Nagarhar—Professor of Mathematics and Engineering.

Balaji Bapuji Sane—Assistant Professor of Mathematics.

Gopala Bapuji Tilak—Teacher of the Junior Class

Venayek Bapjee Gokley—Teacher of the Vernacular Class

Robert Royal—Superintendent Mechanical Branch.

W. S. Howard.—Acting Principal

POONA COLLEGE.

W. Wordsworth, M.A.—Principal

R. G. Oxenham, M.A.—Professor of English Literature

Keru Luxumon Chitrey—Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy.

F. Kielhorn, Ph. D.—Superintendent of Sanskrit Studies.

POONA CONVENT.

THE CONVENT OF JESUS AND MARY, POONA.

The convent consists of (1) a European orphanage, (2) a native orphanage, and (3) a Day School. The Lady Superior has the entire management of the house, and is assisted by Nuns and Lay Sisters of the Order.

ROBERT MONEY INSTITUTION.

The Rev Thomas Carrs—Principal.

Mr. Joseph Jackson—Trained Master.

1 Christian, 2 Portuguese, and 9 Hindoo Assistant Masters.

Number of Students, 300.

ROMAN CATHOLIC ECCLESIASTICAL SEMINARY—BYCULLA;

Rector—The Very Rev J. A. Willy

Professor of Dogmatic and Moral Theology Rev C. Geron, S.J.

Professor of Greek and Latin Language. Rev. Jerome Paterson, S.J.

SIR JAMSETJEE JEJEEBHoy PARSEE BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION.

Established 1849.—No. 86, Hornby Row.

President—Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart.
Committee.

Rustomjee J Jejeebhoy.

Cussetjee Fardoonjee

Cowasjee Jehangere Readymoney.

Bomanjee Jejeebhoy.

Heerjeebhoy Hormusjee.

Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit.

Fatonjee Jehangere.

Merwanjee Framjee

Pastonjee Hormusjee Cama.

Hormusjee Bomanjee Widia.

Munchejee Hormusjee Cama.

Secretary and Treasurer—Nusservanjee Byramjee.

Auditors

Bomanjee Framjee Cama, and Ardaseer Dooabhooy Munshi.

Central School.—Fort.

586 Boys.

J Burgess, I.R.C. & M.R.A.S., Principal

12 Parsee and Hindu Assistant Teachers

Branch School. Mambadevi.

Established 1856.

142 Boys.

Four Native Teachers.

Branch School, Dhobi-Talao.

Established 1864.

209 Boys.

Five Native Teachers.

Vernacular Superintendent of Girls' Schools—Chimanlal Nandlal.

The total number attending the Boys' schools of the Institution in Bombay is 937, and the average number daily present 800. The total number of girls is 647, and their daily attendance about 470.

The Institution also maintains one Anglo-Vernacular Boys' School at Surat, and Vernacular boys' Schools at Nacari, Gandevi, Bihmora, Balsad, Udwa, Bharuch, and Tarapur, with about 677 pupils, of which the daily attendance is 510, three girls' Schools at Surat, one at Nacari, one at Balsad, and girls' classes at Gandevi, Bihmora, and Tarapur, with about 371 pupils and a daily attendance of 227.

SIR JAMSETJEE JEJEEBHoy'S SCHOOL OF ARTS AND INDUSTRY.

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The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing information of all kinds before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every line in the United Kingdom.

Insurance Companies, Shipping Companies, Hotel Keepers, Merchants, Traders, and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all share the privilege of Railway Station Advertising.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at the Bombay Gazette Press.

Advertisers can select the Stations, on either line, at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely moderate scale to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Terms of Advertising may be learned on application to The Manager Bombay Gazette Press.

Bombay Gazette Press, Jan, 1868

Mr. Salaf Jung

APPLICATIONS
FOR

Advertising at Railway Stations
TO BE MADE AT THE

AZETTE PRESS,
BOMBAY.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE

Standard Life Assurance Co.

ESTABLISHED 1825.

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, COLONIAL AND FOREIGN ASSURANCES.

An Amendment having been formed between the STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY and the COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY the business of the United Companies will henceforth be conducted under the title of the

STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

The Annual Revenue of the Standard Company is now upwards of £67,000, and the Accumulated Funds amount to upwards of £3,700,000 sterling. The New Business transacted in the past year amounted to the large sum of £1,190,251 sterling, the corresponding Premium amounting to £289,191 sterling.

MODERATE RATES charged for residence in the Colonies, India, and other places abroad.

LOCAL BOARDS AND AGENTS in India and in all the British Colonies,

Insurances of Premium on return to Europe or other temperate climate,

PROFITS divided every five years next division in 1870

The New Colonial and Foreign Prospectus may be had on application at the Chief Offices of the Company, or to the Agents at home or abroad.

WILL. THOS. THOMSON,

Manager and Actuary.

D. CLUNIE GREGOR,

Colonial and Foreign Secretary.

Bombay Board.

H. SOMERVILLE Esq.
T. H. ACLAND, Esq.

W. NIXON, Esq.
A. L. USHLEY, Esq.

Agents at Bombay.

THE LONDON ASIATIC AND AMERICAN COMPANY, (Ld.)

16th November 1867.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION, FOR FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE ASSURANCES.

Incorporated by Royal Charter A.D. 1720

HEAD OFFICE No 7, ROYAL EXCHANGE, LONDON, E.C.

John Alexander Hinkley, Esq.—*Chairman*.

Bonamy Dobree, Esq.—*Secy. & Treasurer*.

Patrick F. Robertson Esq.—*Deputy Governor*.

DIRECTORS.

Nath Alexander Esq.
J. Alcock Arbuthnot, Esq.
Rich Baggily, Esq.
H Bonham Bay, Esq.
James Blyth Esq.
Edward Build, Esq.
Mark W. Collet, Esq.
Charles Crawley Esq.
Samuel Currie, Esq.
F. G. Dalgaty, Esq.
John Lutwick, Esq.
Robert Gillespie, Esq.

Harry Geo Gordon, Esq.
Edwin Goswold Esq.
Sam Gregson, Esq., M. P.
A. C. Guthrie, Esq.
Louis Huth Esq.
Charles J. Yall, Esq.
John Old Esq.
Captain R. W. Pelly, R. N.
David Powell, Esq.
Alex. Trotter Esq.
Wm Bryce Watson Esq.
Lestock P. Wilson, Esq.

John Lawrence, Esq., *Secy.*

John Anthony Tucker, Esq., *Under Secy.*

Arthur H. Bayley, Esq., *Acting Secy.*

Thos. B. Britton, Esq., *Manager of the Fire Department.*

W. G. Hunter, Esq., F.R.C.S., *Medical Referee in Bombay*.

LOSS DEPARTMENT.

This Corporation has granted Assurances on Lives for a period exceeding One Hundred and Forty Years, having issued its first policy on the 7th June, 1721.

Two thirds of the entire profits, without any deduction for expenses of management, are allotted to the Assured. This arrangement will be found to be more advantageous to the Policy holders than in any other larger proportion of the profits, subject to the expenses of management. The profits are declared at the end of every five years, and the share of the Policy holders may be appropriated either in increase of the Sum Assured or in an immediate Cash payment.

Assurances may also be effected without participation in profits, at reduced Rates of Premium.

An allowance will be made for the surrender of Policies for the whole term of Life, on which not less than three years' premiums have been paid.

The Agents are empowered to accept proposals and to issue Policies.

Risks on Fire and Marine Lives accepted at European rates.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Fire Insurances are effected at Moderate Rates upon every description of Property. Floating Policies are granted at usual premiums.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Marine Insurances are effected at the current premiums.

The undersigned are prepared to issue Policies of the Corporation of the London Assurance as above, payable either here, in London, or at any of the undermentioned Agencies—

Midras ...	Messrs Arbuthnot & Co
Calcutta	Mackillop, Stewart & Co.
Hong Kong	
Shanghai	
Manila	.. Blyth & Co
Melbourne	.. Dalgaty & Co.
Launceston	.. Du Croz & Co.
Hobart Town	.. Mr. Livingston Roope.
Adelaide	.. Messrs. Elder & Co.
Sydney ...	.. Fanning, Griffiths & Co.
Dunedin .	.. Dalgaty, Rattray & Co.

For further information and Prospectus apply to

EWART LATHAM & Co.

Bombay, 1868.

Agents, London Assurance Corporation

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHARTERED Bank of India, Australia and China.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

HEAD OFFICE LONDON COURT, THIRD NEWBURY STREET, LONDON.

PAID UP CAPITAL £8,00,000.

COURT OF DIRECTORS—1867-68.

THOMAS ALEXANDER MITCHELL Esquire, M. P. <i>(Chairman)</i>	JOSEPH R. MORRISON Esq.
JOHN ALLAN, Esq.	WILLIAM MACNAUGHTAN, Esq.
JAMES FRASER, Esq.	THOMAS LANCASTER Esq.
JOHN JONES, Esq.	ALFRED C. SWEET, Esq.
Manager, G. U. ADAM, Esq.	

LONDON BANKERS { The Bank of England.
The City Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bombay, Kurruck, Calcutta, Rangoon, Singapore, Batavia, Hongkong, Shanghai, and Hankow.

Bombay Agency.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank's Agency in Bombay gives Bills of Exchange on the City Bank, London, and purchases bills and grants drafts payable at any of their Branches or Agencies abovementioned.

DEPOSITS.

Interest on Deposit Accounts payable on demand will be credited half yearly, on 30th June and 31st December, at the rate of two per cent per annum on the minimum monthly balance. Should same have not during the half year fallen below Rs. 1,000. When it does have fallen below Rs. 1,000 no interest will be allowed, not on Deposits above Rs. 50,000 unless by special arrangement.

On fixed Deposits as follow

Repayable in one sum at	3 months' notice	3 per cent
"	"	6 "
"	12 "	6 "

REMITTANCES.

The Bank's Agency receives Drafts or Hoonchies on the Presidency for remittance to Europe in the Bank's Bills on London without charge.

All Drafts or Hoonchies forwarded for realization to be made payable to the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China or order. When a remittance is to be made to a Lady her Christian name must be given.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

The Bank receives Government and other securities for safe custody free of charge, the interest or dividends thereon being credited to account or remitted home in the Bank's Bills.

On Interest or Dividends or proceeds of Securities by sale $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent commission charged if the amount be paid in India if remitted home by the Bank no charge.

On delivering up securities deposited for safe custody $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

Office hours 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Saturdays 10 A. M. to 11 M.

JAMES DOUGLAS,

Bombay, December 1867.

Agent.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

National Bank of India, Limited.

*Established in Calcutta 1863 and Incorporated under the English Companies Act of 1862,
23rd March 1866.*

AUTHORISED CAPITAL—TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £927,740.
PAID UP CAPITAL £263,870.
RESERVE FUND £ 80,000.

Head Office—London.

Branches and Agencies—Calcutta, Bombay and Madras.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

JOHN BORRADAILE, Esq, 20 Gloucester Place, Portman square.

J R BOYSON Esq, late Solicitor to the Government of Madras

R O CAMPBELL, Esq, of Messrs. Bunn & Co, Madras, late President Bank of Madras

W. S. FITZWILLIAM, Esq, late Member of the Supreme Legislative Council of India

W E FRERE, Esq, Bombay Civil Service, late member of Council, Bombay Government

R. P. HARRISON, Esq, late Comptroller General of Accounts for India, and Government Director Bank of Bengal.

E W. WINGROVE Esq, Chairman Union Bank of Ireland.

CHIEF MANAGER,—R. O. SAWKES, Esq.

Calcutta Manager—R O SAWKES Esq

Bombay Manager—J WINDRAM, Esq

London Manager—A F HEWITT Esq.

Madras—Messrs BLINNY & Co, Agents.

Offices in London

No. 80 King William Street,

London Bankers.—THE BANK OF ENGLAND AND NATIONAL
PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND

AGENTS IN SCOTLAND—BRITISH LINEN COMPANY BANK.

RULES OF BUSINESS OBSERVED AT BOMBAY.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank grants Drafts on London, Calcutta, and Madras at the current rates of Exchange. It also negotiates and collects Bills payable in those places, instructions respecting Family Remittances are carefully attended to, and when requested and the necessary particulars are furnished, the Bank will forward First Copy of the Bill direct to the parties in England.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank opens Current Deposit Accounts and allows Interest at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on customers' daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs 50,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Money, on Fixed Deposit, and allows Interest thereon as follows —

On Deposits subject to 3 months' notice of withdrawal 4 per cent

“ 6 “ “ 5 “

“ 12 “ “ 6 “

All Remittances should be made payable to the Manager National Bank of India, (Limited), who will be glad to afford any further information respecting the Bank's terms of business

By order of the Directors,

JAMES WINDRAM, Manager.

National Bank of India, Bombay, 18th November 1887.

ADVERTISEMENTS.



EFFERVESCING

PYRETIC SALINE.



Important to all more especially those who have charge of others to Travellers, English Ministers, British Consuls, and Europeans seeking to reside in safety in Tropical and Foreign Climates

Her Majesty's Representative the Governor of Sierra Leone in a Letter of Request for an additional supply of the PYRETIC SALINE, states "It is of GREAT VALUE, and I shall rejoice to hear it is in the hands of all Europeans visiting the Tropics."

In JUNGLE or YELLOW FEVER given in tea spoonful doses every hour in a tumbler of water, it is by many considered a SILLICUT, no other medicine being required.—W. STEVENS, Esq., M.D. and D.C.L., in a work upon fevers states, that since its introduction the fatal West India fevers are deprived of their terrors. In the Island of Trinidad alone, out of upwards of One thousand treated on this plan, there were only eleven deaths.

Half a teaspoonful taken in a tumbler of water contributes more to the refreshment of the body than any known beverage. Invigorating and vitalising the blood, it alleviates thirst in a most agreeable manner, and furnishes the system with those saline principles that are essential to health.

SICKNESS, HEADACHE, and NAUSEA are in most cases immediately relieved by taking a teaspoonful in a tumbler of cold water. This can be repeated once or twice in two hours if needed.

SEA VOYAGES. It is a very valuable accompaniment, and should on no account be omitted. It instantly allays the sickness.

For BILIOUS CONSTITUTIONS given rise to vitiated Secretions, Indigestion, and Disruptions in the Stomach, a teaspoonful should be taken daily, with the dinner, in a tumbler of water, and the same quantity on going to bed.

In cases of DIARRHŒA put a much Magnesia is well to on a shilling into half a tumbler of water. Let this fill to the bottom of the glass, and then stir into it a teaspoonful of Saline, and drink during effervescence.

MAY BE OBTAINED OF THE FOLLOWING,

H. LAMPOUGH, CONSULTING CHEMIST,

113, HOLBORN E.C. SECOND DOOR FROM HATTON GARDIN LONDON

And all respectable Chemists in Bottles, 2s 6d 4s 6d 11s, and 21s.

"HAVE IT IN YOUR HOUSES TO SECURE THESE ADVANTAGES!"

TREACHER & Co., Agents Bombay.

ROYAL

Exchange Assurance Corporation.

POLICIES COVERING THE RISK OF FIRE ON MERCHANDISE AND BUILDINGS IN BOMBAY ARE ISSUED BY

REMINGTON & CO.,

Agents, Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation.

Bombay, December, 1867.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Comptoir D'Escompte De Paris.

Incorporated by National Decrees of 7th and 8th March 1848 and by Imperial Decree of 20th July 1854.

Recognised by the International Convention of 30th April 1863, and by Acts No. VIII. of 1864 of the Legislative Council of India and by amended Act of 1867.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...	£3,200,000.
PAID UP CAPITAL	£2,400,000.
BEING CALLED UP.....	£800,000.
RESERVE FUND	£800,000.

HEAD OFFICE 14 RUE BERGERE, PARIS.

AGENTS :

LONDON, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, HONKONG, SHANGHAI,
BOURBON (REUNION.)

Sub-Agencies.—SAIGON, YOKOHAMA.

London Bankers.

UNION BANK OF LONDON | MESSRS. J. C. HAMBRO AND SON.

Bombay Agency.

OTTO MULLER, *Manager.* | E. J. HARDCASTLE, *Accountant.*

CALCUTTA—F. CHOISY, <i>Manager</i>	LONDON—G. PIETSON, <i>Manager.</i>
BOURBON—P. HAARBLEICHER, <i>Manager.</i>	T. DROMEL, <i>Sub Manager.</i>
	SHANGHAI—H. WALLICH, <i>Manager.</i>
	HONG KONG—H. KAISER, <i>Manager.</i>

Sub-Agencies.

SAIGON—A. VALER, *Manager.*
YOKOHAMA—J. MAMMELSDORFF, *Manager.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE
Delhi & London Bank, Limited.

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

Capital £1,000,000, in 20,000 Shares of £50 each, subscribed Capital
£675,250, Paid up £337,625.

HEAD OFFICE:

76—KING WILLIAM STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

GENERAL A. CUNNINGHAM.

GENERAL J. CLARKE

COLONEL R. A. RAMSAY.

J. C. PARRY, Esq., *General Manager.*

A. BEATTIE Esq. M.D.

D. H. SMALL Esq.

E. CAMPBELL, Esq.

T. J. MACRITCHIE, *Secretary.*

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bombay.

Cuttack.

Madras.

Kumachoe.

Delhi.

Lucknow.

Lahore.

Mysore.

Allahabad.

Jubbulpore.

Nagpore.

Benares.

London Bankers.—UNION BANK OF LONDON.

Agents in Scotland.—NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

Agents in Ireland.—NATIONAL BANK.

The Bank draws upon its Head office No 76 King William Street, London, and on the Union Bank of London, also on Scotland & Ireland, and purchases Bills and grants drafts on its Branches and various Agencies throughout India.

The Bank issues Circular Notes Negotiable in Egypt, Syria, and the principal Towns of Europe.

The Bank draws also on Melbourne and Sydney in Australia.

The Bank will transmit Bills direct to England on being furnished with the correct address of the party to whom the remittance is to be forwarded.

The Delhi and London Bank undertake the safe custody of Government Paper and certificates of shares in Joint Stock Companies, and will draw the interest or dividends thereon, as declared half yearly, when authorised so to do, and remit the same by its own Bills without any charge. On surrender of such Paper or Scrip a commission of $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent will be charged and a like charge will be made on the purchase or sale of Government Securities.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Are made up to the 30th June and 31st of December in each year, and if the balance has not at any time during the half year been below Rs 1,000, Interest at the rate of 2 per cent per annum is allowed on the minimum monthly balances. No Interest is allowed on sums above one Lac.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Money on Fixed Deposit, and allows Interest thereon as follows —

Subject to	3 month's notice of withdrawal	3 per cent. per annum.
"	6 do.	do 4 do.
"	9 do.	do 5 do.
"	12 do.	do 6 do.

For further particulars as to Rules of Business &c., apply at the office. Remittances to be endorsed thus — "Pay to the Delhi & London Bank, Limited, or order."

Hours of business 10 to 3—Saturdays 10 to 1.

G. W. BOOKER, Manager.

Delhi & London Bank, Limited, Bombay, January 1888.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Agra Bank, Limited.

CAPITAL £1,000,000 (ONE MILLION STERLING),
In 100,000 Shares of £10 each.

HEAD OFFICE.—NICHOLAS LANE, LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, E.C.

Directors.

Chairman—JAMES THOMSON, Esq.	ROBERT SLATER, Esq.
Colonel THE HON H B DALZELL.	JAMES SPIGHER, Esq.
J. CARRINGTON PALMER, Esq.	JOHN STEWART, Esq.

WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

Bankers.

MESSRS. GLYN, MILLS, CURRIE & Co.
BANK OF ENGLAND.

Manager.—MACKINTOSH BALFOUR, Esq.

Solicitors.—MESSRS. ABHURST, MORRIS & Co.

Auditors.

DAVID CHADWICK, Esq.,
EDWIN H. GALSWORTHY, Esq.

Edinburgh Branch,

ROBERT HUNTER, Esq.—MANAGER.

Branches.

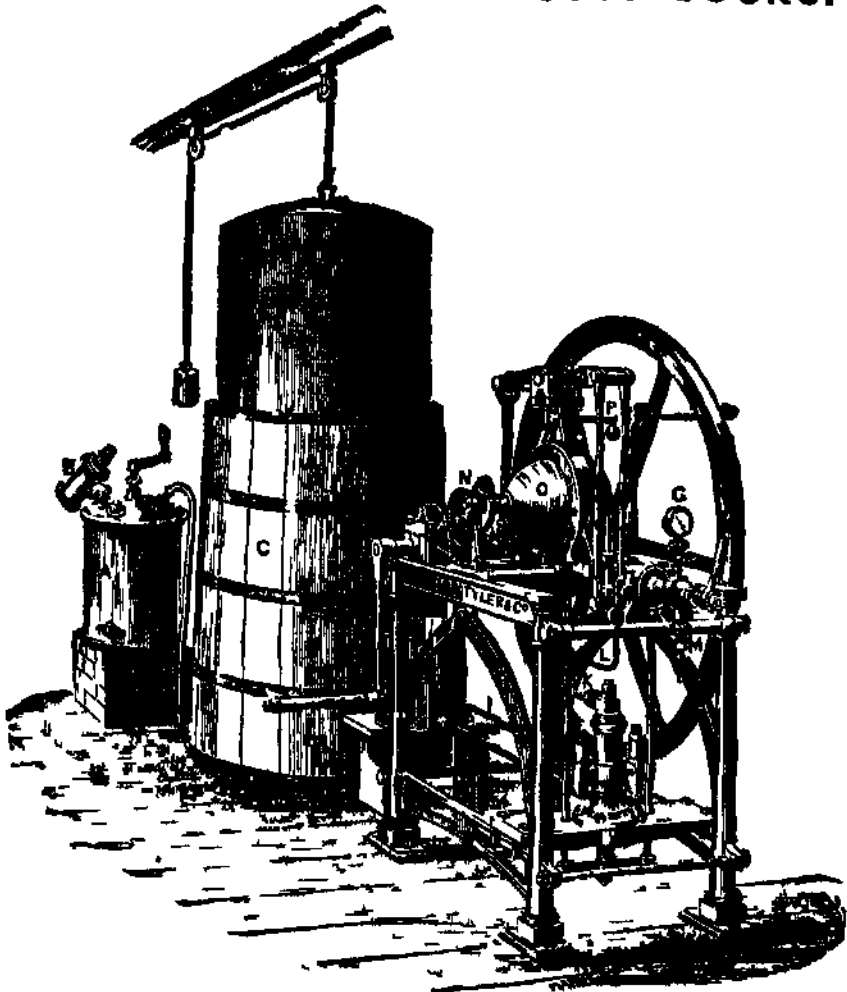
CALCUTTA.	AGRA.
BOMBAY.	LAHORE.
MADRAS.	SHANGHAI.
KURRACHEE.	HONGKONG.

Bombay Office.

EDWARD MORRISS—MANAGER.
HENRY K. GREGORY—ACCOUNTANT.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SODA WATER MACHINES,
HYDRAULIC PRESSES,
HIGH PRESSURE STEAM ENGINES,
Well Engines & Pumps for Railway & all other purposes, Proving Pumps for Boilers
Iron Pipes, &c.,
WATER CLOSETS, EQUILLIBRIUM, STEAM AND SLUICE VALVES OF
ALL KINDS,
DIAPHRAGM BIB AND STOP COCKS.



HAYWARD TYLER & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS,
. 84 AND 85, UPPER WHITECROSS STREET, LONDON.
AGENTS IN BOMBAY, MESSRS. ROGERS & CO.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THREE PRIZE MEDALS, PARIS EXHIBITION, 1867.



PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS, &c.,

(FREE FROM ADULTERATION),

MANUFACTURED BY

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,

PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,

SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

Renowned first-class Manufactures are obtainable from every respectable Provision Dealer in the World.

Purchasers should see that they are supplied with C. & B.'s genuine Goods, and that inferior Articles are not substituted for them.

To insure thorough wholesomeness, their Pickles are all prepared in Pure Malt Vinegar, boiled in Oak Vats, by means of PLATINUM STEAM COILS, and are precisely similar in quality to those supplied by them for use at

HER MAJESTY'S TABLE.

**C. & B. are Agents for Lea & Perrins' Celebrated
Worcestershire Sauce,**

AND ARE

Manufacturers of every description of Oilmen's Stores of the highest quality.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S

CHLORODYNE

IS THE

ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

CAUTION. VICE-CHANCELLOR SIR W. PAGE WOOD, stated that Dr J COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne, that the story of the Defendant, HERMAN was deliberately untrue, which he regretted to say, had been sworn to—See *Times*, July 13, 1864.

ORIGIN AND HISTORY.—"CHLORODYNE" was a name "coined" by Dr. J COLLIS BROWNE, M.R.C.S., Army Medical Staff, exclusively to denote a new principle in Medicine discovered by him, which is nowhere described or mentioned in Pharmacopoeia or Medical Works.

FIRST INTRODUCTION.—In 1856 Dr BROWNE confided the FORMULA for obtaining and preparing this wonderful principle solely to J T DAVENPORT, Pharmaceutist, by whom it was and is solely manufactured, the Formula never having been published or otherwise made known.

Remedial Action and uses. { This INVALUABLE REMEDY produces quiet, refreshing sleep—relieves pain, calms the system, restores the deranged functions, and stimulates healthy action of the secretions of the body—without creating any of those unpleasant results attending the use of opium. Old and young may take it at all hours and times when requisite.

"KARL RUSSELL communicated to J. T. DAVENPORT and the College of Physicians that he had received a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Manila to the effect that (CHLORODYNE) was the only remedy of service in Cholera."—See the *Lancet*, December 31, 1864.

"CHLORODYNE IN CHOLERA.—The French correspondent of the *Times* called attention on November 14, 1865, to the facts that during the last five or six weeks the wife of the Rev Mr. Forbes, the Chaplain of the English Church, Rue d'Aguesseau, has gratuitously administered Chlorodyne in between fifty and sixty cases of incipient cholera, in some where the disease had made considerable progress, and succeeded in arresting it in every instance. On the fact becoming known, the Patentee of the Medicine gave a further liberal supply, which the French Customs passed gratuitously, while the South-Eastern Railway Company declined payment of the carriage. The following is an extract of a letter from Mrs Forbes to J T DAVENPORT—'since cholera has declared itself in Paris, I have given away to our poor English upwards of £2 worth of this most valuable remedy, and I am sure you will be gratified to hear that I have not in any one instance been disappointed with the result, even in aggravated cases of Indian cholera. I cannot speak too highly of your Chlorodyne (Dr J Collis Browne's), and as I daily spend my life in administering to the wants of sick and needy English, I am able to judge from experience.

Cholera.

Dysentery.

Diarrhea.

Fever.

Ague.

Spasm Colic.

Neuralgia.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the words "Dr J. Collis Brown" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming Medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

Sole Manufacturer: J. T. DAVENPORT,

33 GREAT RUSSEL STREET, BLOOMSBURY, LONDON.

The immense demand enables the Proprietors to reduce the price. It is now sold in bottles, 1s. 1½d, 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., and 11s.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOMAS LAMBERT & SONS.

No 755



Bib Cock in Brass or Iron.



No. 6

No. 1.

No 755



Butt Cock in Brass or Iron.

No. 586.



No 700

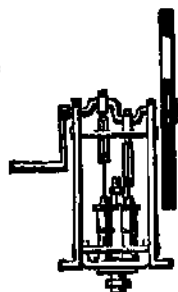
Hydraulic Lift and
Force Pump.



Lambert's
Ball Valve



Patent Closet with Valve
and Regulator



No 768

Double Pump in
Cast Iron Frame

**BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, AND ENGINEERS, LAMBETH,
LONDON.**

BY ROYAL



COMMAND.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S

CELEBRATED

STEEL PENS.

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,

REMINGTON'S BUILDING, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,

BOMBAY.

WATCH & CHRONOMETER MAKERS, JEWELLERS,
ENGRAVERS, OPTICIANS, &c.,

WARRANTED

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES

FOR WHICH

PRIZE MEDALS WERE OBTAINED BY OUR HEAD FIRM
AT THE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITIONS OF LONDON,
PARIS, NEW-YORK, BERNE, (SWITZERLAND) AND
Oporto (PORTUGAL)

WATCHES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS CELEBRATED, HIGHLY FINISHED AND
EXPRESSLY MANUFACTURED FOR THE INDIAN CLIMATE.

English, German and French Jewellery,

WARRANTED TO BE OF

FINE GOLD AND OF GOOD WORKMANSHIP.

CLOCKS,

MUSICAL BOXES,

SINGING BIRDS,

AND

MECHANICAL PICTURES, &c., &c.

AN IMMENSE

VARIETY OF FANCY ARTICLES.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLERY & MUSICAL BOXES CAREFULLY REPAIRED.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. ALLAN, 17, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

CIVIL, STAFF, MILITARY, AND NAVAL UNIFORMS.

A. A. REQUISITES THE ATTENTION OF HIS CUSTOMERS, AND THE
PUBLIC IN GENERAL TO HIS

EXTENSIVE ARRIVAL OF NEW STOCK,

Selected carefully by himself from the best manufacturers in Europe and the
Continent and from the superior quality of texture and design he begs to assert
that he cannot be surpassed.

SUPERFINE WEST OF ENGLAND BROAD CLOTH

BLACK, BLUE, OX FORD MIXED DOB SKINS AND VENTILATIONS
STANDARD ASSORTMENT OF SILK MIXED COATINGS, HOT BELINGS.
A VARIETY OF WIST OF INCI AND AND SCOTCH TWEEDS
PLAIN AND LANCY TWEEDS FOR KIDING HOUSES
COLOURED COTTON AND LINEN DRESSING FOR DO
BLUE MILLING OF MILITARY AND NAVAL UNIFORMS
BLACK MILLING AND KIDING AT APACAS FOR CIRCULAR WEAR.
A VARIETY OF COLOURED ALL CAS FOR COATINGS
BLACK SILK VELVET AND COLOURED VELVET FOR VESTINGS.
BLACK AND WHITE SILK MOIR ANTIQUE FOR DO.
A VARIETY OF WHITE AND COLOURED LANCY QUILTING SDO,

THE NEW REGULATION PATROL JACKET.

In Staff Artillery and Infantry, and all uniforms made according to regulation,
Gold and Silver Collar Ornaments

THE NEW REGULATION STAFF CORPS BELTS.

HOSIERY.

NEW PATTERN ENGLISH MADE SHIRTS COLLARS AND NECKTIES
LANCY SILK MIXED AND ALL WOOL LANNELLS FOR SLEEPING SUITS
AND SHIRTS
A CHOICE SELECTION OF NEW SILK SCARFS, BLACK AND WHITE SILK
TIES
MERINO & INDIAN GAUZE UNDER SHIRTS COTTON & WOOLLEN HOSE,
MILITARY DOB SKIN CLOVES AND BEST WHITE KID GLOVES,
WHITE SILK TRASSIC, AND LANCY BRACES,
COTTON, GINGHAM AND SILK UMBRELLAS,
MASONIC CLOTHING.

PATENT VENTILATED BLACK SILK HATS.

NEW SILK DPAB AND BAWN COLORED HATS AND SUN TOPH'S
ILLWOODS STAFF CORPS HATMITS & AIR CHAMBER HUNTING HATS.

TRAVELLER'S COMFORTS.

NEW PATTERN SCOTCH PLAIDS AND BALMORAL BONNETS.
SOLID LEATHER TRUNKS, HAT BOXES, AND LEATHER STRAPS.

RAILWAY WRAPPERS, TWEED CAPS, AND COURIER BAGS

ALLAN'S CYCLONIAN WATERPROOF SUITS

Made expressly to resist the severest Weather, warranted not to stick together,
and will last for years

FOR WATERPROOF SUIT SEND SIZE OF CHEST AND HEIGHT.

The Hope Hall Family Hotel,

MAZAGON.

The Proprietors of this HOTEL, the first established and best known in Bombay, have the honour to inform their Patrons and the Public, that it has recently been thoroughly repaired and greatly improved and enlarged ; no expense having been spared to render it a suitable and comfortable residence for European Ladies and Gentlemen and Families.

THE HOPE HALL HOTEL

stands in the midst of an extensive and beautiful Compound, nicely cultivated and intersected by broad and well kept Walks, an advantage which no Hotel in Bombay possesses to the same extent. The Proprietors beg especially to call the attention of the Public to the advantages offered by the

DETACHED BUNGALOWS IN THE COMPOUND,

the number of these has lately been increased, as they are found peculiarly adapted to the comfort and privacy of Families. Cleanliness in every respect is most carefully attended to.

The Proprietors can confidently say there is no Hotel in Bombay where the Table is better or more abundantly supplied, or where the Wines provided are of better quality.

There is a Table d'Hôte at 7 P.M. ; but Dinners can be served in Private Rooms at any hour if required.

The Hotel is within convenient distance of the Railway Stations and Bunders.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES CAN BE HAD ON THE PREMISES

SORABJEE FRAMJEE & Co.,
Proprietors.

ADVERTISEMENT.

COUGHS,
ASTHMA,



& INCIPIENT
CONSUMPTION.

ARE EFFECTUALLY CURED BY
KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

STATISTICS SHOW THAT 50,000 PERSONS ANNUALLY fall victims to Pulmonary Disorders including Consumption Diseases of the Chest, and the Respiratory Organs. Prevention is at all times better than cure, be therefore prepared during the wet and wintry seasons with a supply of **KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES** which possess the virtue of averting as well as curing a Cough or Cold—they are good alike for the young or for the aged—they soothe bronchial irritation and for improving the voice, the Preacher, Statesman, Singer, and Actor have long patronized them.

VALUABLE TESTIMONIALS.

From **COLONEL HELLIER, J. P. D.L., 3rd Brig., Cardiff A.C. Volunteers.**

Per. Mail, 11th, Ponty Prud, Glamorgan, May 1886

DEAR SIR—I was attacked with a severe cough which your Lozenges removed in a few days. My servants being taking you in London were so much I felt it a duty (to the public) to offer my testimony to their efficacy which you are at liberty to publish.

To Mr THOMAS KEATING.

Yours truly, W. H. WITL.

Prepared and Sold in Bottles of various sizes by **THOMAS KEATING, Chemist &c.** 79, St. Paul's Churchyard, London. Retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors in the World.

NOTE. To prevent spurious imitations please to observe that the words "**KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES**" are engraved on the Government Stamp of each Box, without which none are genuine.

CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS (KEATING'S.)

The great remedy for these disorders in Children can now be administered in the form of a **PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT**—at once agreeable and effective.

Prepared and Sold in Bottles of various sizes by **THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, &c.** 79 St. Paul's Churchyard, London, E.C., and retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors in the World.

Observe the words "**KEATING'S WORM TABLETS**" are engraved on the Government Stamp of each Tin, without which none are genuine.

KEATING'S PERSIAN INSECT DESTROYING POWDER.

This Powder is quite *Harmless to Animal Life*, but is unexcelled in destroying Fleas, Bugs, Beetles, Flies, Cockroaches, Beetles, Gnats, Mosquitoes, Moths in Furs, and every other species of Insects in all stages of metamorphosis.

Strongly will find this an invaluable remedy for destroying **FLAS IN THEIR DOGS**, as also *Indes for the Pet Dogs* and sprinkled about the nests of Poultry it will be found extremely efficacious in exterminating those Insects with which they are usually infested. It is perfectly harmless in its nature, and may be applied without any apprehension, as it has no QUALITY'S DILFIRIOUS TO ANIMAL LIFE.

TESTIMONIAL.

Preston, October 24th, 1886.

SIR,—Having previously used your 'Persian Insect Destroying Powder' for exterminating Fleas in a little dog and with success I shall now feel obliged by your forwarding me a 3s. package for which I enclose 3s stamps.

Mr KEATING

I am, yours obediently,

JOHN HORROCKS, Jun.

Imported and Sold in Packets, also in Bottles.

**THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, 79 St. Paul's Churchyard,
LONDON, E. C.**

WESTERN INSURANCE CO., LIMITED,

HEAD OFFICE, LONDON.

CAPITAL £600,000.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed Agent for the above Company is prepared to accept Risks on Fire and issue Policies on Buildings possessing the necessary requisites at the lowest rates of Premium.

Pack built and Tiled buildings in any part of the Island of Bombay Insured on the most favorable terms.

Prospectus and all information respecting the Fire Branch of the above Company can be obtained at the Office of

D. Mc L SLATER,

Agent for Western India—Fire Department.

Bombay, 1st January 1868

Oriental Bank Corporation.

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER 30th AUGUST 1851.)

PAID UP CAPITAL £1,500,000, RESERVED FUND £414,000.

Count of Duc to S., 1867-68

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IND, COOPE, & CO.'S INDIA PALE ALE.

Our India Pale Ale, bottled by ourselves, can only be procured
in Bombay through our

SOLE AGENT,

MR. EDULJEE PALLONJEE BOTTLEWALLA,

And the Genuine may be known by its bearing Two Labels—one having the *furnish*
of the signature of our Firm, and the other stating the name of our Agent, Mr
EDULJEE PALLONJEE BOTTLEWALLA, Bombay
London, 26th August 1867. IND, COOPE & Co.

WITH reference, to the above, I can always supply the celebrated INDIA
PALE ALE in any quantity Quarts and Pints.

Purchasers are particularly requested to examine the Two Labels well, one of
which should bear a *furnish* of the signature of IND COOPE & Co and the other
my name as their sole Agent in the Bombay Presidency Without these the Beer
is not genuine.

The following is a report of a Chemical examination of Messrs IND, COOPE
and Co's Beer —

MR. EDULJEE PALLONJEE BOTTLEWALLA

DEAR SIR,—Having submitted Messrs IND COOPE & Co's Beer that you
sent me for report upon to Chemical Examination I have to state that it is free from
any adulteration—substance is perfectly sound, and in favour the most pleasant that
I have tasted this season Yours truly,
BOMBAY, Decr 19th, 1867. HENRY ROGERS

EDULJEE PALLONJEE BOTTLEWALLA

No. 40, Meadow Street, Bombay, 21st December 1867.

London Hotel, Grant Road.

THIS HOTEL is fitted up and furnished in the most complete manner no
expense has been spared to render it the most commodious and comfortable for
1 ladies and single Gentlemen.

The Table is abundantly supplied.

The Hotel is under the immediate supervision of the Proprietor.

The Wines, Liquors &c are of the best quality

Attached to the Hotel are Billiard Rooms the finest in Bombay, from the best
makers

This Hotel is within five minutes drive of the Byculla and Grant Road Railway
Stations

The proprietor solicits a continuance of that support which he has so long
enjoyed

P. HORWITZ.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., BOMBAY.

Current Accounts

Kept without charge for Commission, Pass and Cheque Books furnished.

Interest

Allowed on Current Accounts, on the minimum monthly balances

Above Rs 500 to 1,000	2 per cent per annum.
From Rs 1,000 and upwards	4 " "

Interest

On Interest Deposits of Rs 200, and upwards			
subject to 3 months' notice of withdrawal	4 per cent per annum.		
" 6 " "	5 " "		
" 9 " "	6 " "		
" 12 " "	7 " "		
Notice may be given at the time of deposit, or at any subsequent date.			

Pay, Pensions, and Fund Allowances

Realized, at a charge of one half per cent commission

Government Paper, Bank Shares

And other Securities bought and sold, and received for safe custody The interest and dividends realized

On purchases and sales	$\frac{1}{2}$ per cent commission
On receiving interest and dividends	$\frac{1}{2}$ per cent commission
On drafts if remitted in their own bills	Free
on London	
On delivering up securities	$\frac{1}{2}$ per cent commission.

Bills granted

On Messrs GRINDLAY & Co, London, at the Exchange of the day, and the first of Exchange remitted direct if required When in favor of a Lady, her Christian name must be given.

Family Remittances

Made and Credits established for periodical payments to Wives and Families in Europe

Circular Notes

Issued payable by Correspondents throughout Europe

Personal Allowances

And other sums for remittance to India if paid to Messrs GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co's credit, with Messrs GRINDLAY & Co, London, will be disbursed in Bombay, at the current rate of exchange.

Bills drawn against

Funds in London, negotiated, or sent for collection

Drafts on Calcutta and Madras, on demand received at par, when the amount is intended for remittance in their own Bills on London, for deposit with them in Bombay, or in payment of debts due to them

Correspondents

MESSRS GRINDLAY & Co, London | MESSRS GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 1st January 1868.

Money Order Office,

BOMBAY



PRESIDENCY.

MONEY ORDERS issued at the following Agencies in the Bombay Presidency, for the purpose of Local Remittances—

Bombay..	Ct Office, Town Barracks	Kottee	Office of the Conservator & Registrar of Revenue Indus (Government Treasury)
Aden	Government Treasury	Kullabhoon	Ditto
Almudbid	Ditto	Kurrittee	Ditto
Almuduggun..	Ditto	Mahabeshwar	Ditto
Baroda	Ditto	Malla, and	Post Office
Belgaum	Ditto	Parulhimpoo	Ditto
Bhongoor	Schoolmaster, Head	Pooni	Government Treasury
Calcutta	Government Treasury	Rudigherry	Ditto
Cambay	Ditto	Sattia	Ditto
Dharwar	Ditto	Sawmawato	Ditto
Hydrabad (bank)	Ditto	Shikarpore	Ditto
Joonat	Post Office	Shilapoor	Post Office
Kaira	Government Treasury	Satli	Government Treasury
Kattywar	Ditto	Tanna	Ditto
Kolhapore	Ditto		

Agencies at which Money Orders are granted on other Provinces and Cities—

Bombay Chief Office may issue		Lower Provinces of Bengal.	
on the Agents at—		Golachal	Munichdye
Allahabad	Lahore	Benar Circle.	
Calcutta	Mahar	Hydrabad	Chudat
		Chudat	Chudat
		Alk	Alk

Mysore Circle.

Bangalore.
Chit
Chitling

Mysore Circle

Karnache may issue on—

Allahabad | L. C. | Nagpur
M. C. | M. C. | M. C.

The remaining Agents in the Mussulman authorized to issue on the Chief Office at Calcutta and Madras only.

The rate of Commission charged on Orders issued, is as follows—

For any sum not exceeding Rs. 100	Rs. 0 2 0
For any sum above 100 and not exceeding 1000	0 1 0
Ditto 1000 and above	0 1 0
Ditto 1000 and above	0 1 0
Ditto 1000 and above	0 1 0
Ditto 1000 and above	0 1 0
Ditto 1000 and above	0 1 0

No order can be granted for a sum less than Rupees 10.

Applications for the following purposes must be made to the Controller Money Order Office, Bombay, accompanied by a receipt for the post and stamp of the same amount as the first Commission. Printed form for such applications, and any information which the public may require, will be furnished by the Agents.

1st—For a duplicate of a lost Money Order.

2nd—For authority to transfer payment of an Order from one office to another.

3rd—To stop payment of an Order.

4th—To correct any error in the name of the remitter or the payee, if due to the applicant.

5th—To repay the amount to the remitter.

6th—To renew an Order four months old.

Note—When the same letter includes application both for stoppage of payment and for payment to remitter, only one fee will be required.

Payment of an Order must be obtained before the end of the fourth calendar month after that in which it was issued (for instance, if issued in January it must be paid before the end of May). Otherwise a new Order will be necessary, for which a second commission will be charged. And if the Order be not paid before the end of the twelfth calendar month after that in which it was issued (for instance, if issued in January and not paid before the end of the next January) of claim to the Money will be lost.

To prevent delay in payment, or loss of Money Order, the public are strictly cautioned—

ADVERTISEMENTS.

- 1st To take all means to prevent the Loss of the Money Order
 - 2nd Never to send the Money Order in the same letter with the information required on payment thereof
 - 3rd To be careful on taking out a Money Order, to state correctly the name of the person in whose favour it is to be drawn
 - 4th To see that the Name, Address and Occupation of the person taking out the Money Order, are correctly known to the person in whose favour it is drawn as the payee will, on presenting the Order, have to give full information regarding the remitter
- After once paying a Money Order by whomsoever presented, the Office will not be liable to any further claim
- Note For further information apply to the Agents or the under signed

Chief Office, Bombay, 12th December 1907

E. W. S. LOGIN,
Controller

THE ROYAL HOTEL, FORT, Clarendon Family Hotel, BYCULLA.

THE PROPRIETORS of the above old establishments have much pleasure in stating that they have recently made extensive alterations and are prepared to accommodate families at all times at moderate charges

CARRIAGES TO BE HAD AT LANDING PLACES.

THE ADELPHI HOTEL, AND THE ADELPHI FAMILY HOTEL, BYCULLA, KEEP BY PALLONJEE PESTONJEE.

THE PROPRIETOR of the above old established Hotels, has much pleasure in stating that he has recently made extensive alterations to his premises, and that he is prepared to accommodate travellers and families, at all times. The charges are strictly moderate, and the arrangements are of the very best description.

The Hotels are near the Byculla Railway Station, and within five minutes drive of the Grant Road Terminus of the B. B. & C. I. Railway. The Family Hotel is reserved, exclusively, for families and residents.

Carriages reach the Hotels from Apollo Bunder in 20 minutes.

ESTABLISHED 1837.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bombay Gas Company, Limited,

COMMENCED TO SUPPLY GAS 7th OCTOBER 1865.

ATTENTION is invited to the fact that not one accident has occurred through Gas, although upwards of

EIGHT THOUSAND PRIVATE LIGHTS

are now constantly in use in Bombay.

G A S.

The Company continue to receive assurances from their esteemed customers that Gas at Rupees seven per thousand cubic feet is a cheaper light than any other, and is much safer and cleaner.

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Is an excellent fuel, supplied on moderate terms.

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This article is a very superior preservative for Iron or Wood work.

USED LIME

At about one fourth the price of Chinam, and is found to be almost as good for building purposes.

SUN LIGHTS, CHANDELERS, COOKING STORES,

And all kinds of Fittings, kept ready for immediate supply.

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Special attention is solicited to the Company's Cooking apparatus, and to the delicious richness imparted by Gas Cooking.

THOS. PROUD, Agent,

Local Agent and Manager.

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29th December 1867

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New business progressing AT THE RATE OF NEARLY £40,000 per annum in premium amount paid by the Indian Branch alone in Policy Claims and Bonuses, upwards of TWO MILLIONS STERLING, which is sufficient proof of the public usefulness of the office.

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D. McL. SLATER.

Secretary for Western India.

OFFICE, 8 Church Lane, Bombay

1st January 1984.

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Bombay Gazette Office, Bombay, 1868.

ADVERTISEMENTS

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(Adjoining Messrs Forbes & Co)

BOMBAY.

Under the management of D. S. KEMP, B. C. S. who was partner in the late well known firm of

ROGERS & CO.,

DISPENSING AND MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,

MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED WATERS AND OF ARTIFICIAL MINERAL WATERS.

ATTENTION is respectfully invited to the special organization of their business for the careful dispensing of prescriptions. This duty is confided to experienced assistants under the immediate superintendence of the Manager or his representative and is performed under a system of check, which, they venture to think, is fitted to command public confidence. All English remedies of new introduction are at once obtained, or, if of a chemical nature, prepared in the laboratory, so that the most recent home prescriptions are certain of being promptly and correctly dispensed.

D. S. K & Co devote special attention to the purity and excellent quality of their medicinal preparations, and prepare a great variety of elegant forms of the most useful medicines.

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These invaluable requisites form of themselves a special branch of business; and the perfection and compactness of their make as sold by D. S. K & Co are the result of many years experience of the wants of residents and travellers in this country. The various forms are adapted to every circumstance of Indian life, and such remedies are supplied as are requisite in each particular case, or a personal of Kemp's Medicine Chest Companion will enable the purchaser to select for himself the medicines he most requires.

FOODS, MEDICAL COMFORTS, AND REQUISITES FOR THE SICK-ROOM AND NURSERY.

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MESSRS. ALEX. ROBB & CO'S CELEBRATED BISCUITS.

WINES, SPIRITS, &c.

The variety of Agencies entrusted to D. S. K & Co, enable them to supply their constituents with the finest qualities of Sherris, Ports, Bordeaux and German Wines, and of Cognac and other Spirits.

Orders of a general nature from up-country correspondents carefully complied with, any goods which are not prepared or packed by D. S. K. & Co. being obtained from trustworthy houses.

5, Elphinstone Circle, —Bombay. Next to Messrs. Forbes & Co.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Pacific Fire & Marine Insurance Co.

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT. (N. S. W. 26 VICT.)

CAPITAL—£500,000.

LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS, UNLIMITED.

Head Office.—**SYDNEY.**

DIRECTORS.

J. L. Montebore, *Chairman.*

Henry Prince, Esq.

John Watkins, Esq.

A. B. Smith, Esq.

H. H. Beauchamp, Esq.

O. M. Smith, Esq.—*Manager.*

AGENTS ;

London.—Messrs. Young, Lark and Bennett, 29, Gresham-Street E. C.

Calcutta.—Messrs. Borradale, Schiller and Co.

Mauritius.—Messrs. Ireland, Fraser and Co.

Columbo.—Messrs. C. Shand and Co

Dunedin.—Bright Brothers and Co

Milbourne.—William Strachan, Esq. Resident Secretary.

Marine Department.—The undersigned having been appointed Agents to the Company, are prepared to accept Risks and issue Policies on Goods, Specie, &c, by vessels to the United Kingdom or the Continent ; or by steamers to Indian Ports or to the Mauritius.

EWART, LATHAM & Co., Agents.

LONDON AND ORIENTAL

Steam Transit Insurance Office.

JAMES HARTLEY & Co., LONDON MANAGERS.

ESTABLISHED 1843.

THE undersigned is authorised to accept risks on cargoes by Steamers and first class sailing vessels at current rates of Premium to England and all Eastern Ports, claims being payable at the option of the assured either in India, China, or London, according to the established usage of Lloyds. Also Postal Risks on precious stones or other valuables sent through the Post in Registered letters to London. For Rates of Premium and other particulars apply to

G. F. HENRY,

Agent in Bombay.

4, Rampart Row.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

MRS. LAKE,
Milliner and Dress Maker,
UXBRIDGE HOUSE,
NO. 7, CLARE ROAD, BYCULLA.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
FASHIONABLE MILLINERY
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS *carefully and expeditiously at-*
tended to.

China Traders' Insurance Co.,
(LIMITED).

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION DOLLARS,
DIVIDED INTO 200 SHARES AT DOLLARS 5,000 EACH.

THE undersigned, having been appointed Agents of the above Company, are
prepared to accept Risks and issue Policies on Shipments to China, Japan, &c.

HEAD OFFICE.—Hongkong, General Agents,

MESSRS. AUGUSTINE, HEARD AND CO.

Agents.

Calcutta—WHITNEY BROTHERS &c., Singapore and Penang—BOUSTED & Co.

London—FARON & Co.

EWART, LATHAM & Co.

Bombay, 7th May 1867.

Agents.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE METAL MART

BOREE BUNDER.

**LEAD PIPES, BAR IRON, BOILER PLATES, ANGLE AND T. IRON,
CAST AND SHEER STEEL.**

**STEAM HAND AND DERRICK CRANES AND CRAB-WINES
AND LEATHER BELTING.**

STEAM AND HAND PUMPS.

STEAM ENGINES FROM 8 TO 16 HORSE POWER

ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS' PLANT.

**ORNAMENTAL CAST IRON RAILINGS, GATES AND
VERANDAHS**

ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR EVERY KIND OF MACHINERY AND WORKS.

W. NICOL AND Co.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

COMMERCIAL Union Assurance Company.

Agents in Bombay for the Fire Branch,

FINLAY CLARK & Co.

NO. 1, FORBES STREET.

Phoenix Fire Office, London.

ESTABLISHED, 1782.

WITH UNLIMITED LIABILITY OF THE SHAREHOLDERS.

Head Office,

LOMBARD STREET AND CHARING CROSS.

TRUSTEES AND DIRECTORS.

Deciman Burton, Esq.
Travers Buxton, Esq.
The Hon'ble James Byng.
Octavius Edward Coope, Esq.
William Cotton, Esq.
George Arthur Fuller, Esq.
Charles Emmanuel Goodhart, Esq.
James Alexander Gordon, Esq.

Edward Hawkins, Junior, Esq.
Kirkman D. Hodgson, Esq., M. P.
William James Lancaster, Esq.
John Doren Mogens, Esq.
John Timothy Oxley, Esq.
Benjamin Shaw, Esq.
William James Thompson, Esq.
Henry Heyman Toulmin, Esq.

Mathew Whiting, Esq.

Auditors.

John Hodgson, Esq.

Peter Martineau, Esq.

Joseph Samuel Leshner, Esq.

Policies covering risks on Houses, Warehouses and Goods therein, both in the European and native parts of the Port, and also in the native Town without the Port, as well as on ships in Harbour, continue to be granted at the Current Rates by this Company through their Agents.

**THE RATES ON BUNGALOWS HAVE BEEN
REDUCED TO 6 ANNAS PER CENT.**

ALEX. C. BRICE & Co., Agents,
Phoenix Fire Office.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ENGLISH AND SCOTTISH
Marine Insurance Co., Limited.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

Agents in Bombay.—FINLAY, CLARK & Co.,

NO. 1, FORBES STREET.

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN
Life and Fire Assurance Co.
LONDON.

CAPITAL—FIVE MILLIONS STERLING.

BOMBAY AGENCY, ESTABLISHED 40 YEARS.

President.

SIR MOSES MONTEFIORE, BART, F. R. S.

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J. M. MONTEFIORE, Esq.
SIR A. DE ROTHSCHILD
BARON L. N. DE ROTHSCHILD, M. P.
THOMAS CHARLES SMITH, Esq.

This Company offers to the Public the advantages of complete security, prompt and liberal settlement of losses, and low rates of premium.

Fire risks accepted and Policies issued by

REMINGTON & Co.

Agents for Bombay.

The Maritime Insurance Co.,
(LIMITED.)

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

HEAD OFFICE IN LIVERPOOL.

AGENTS IN BOMBAY,—FINLAY CLARK & Co.,

NO. 1, FORBES STREET.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

EMPOWERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 22 VIC. CAP., XXV.

FOR LIFE ASSURANCE AND THE GUARANTEE OF
FIDELITY IN SITUATIONS OF TRUST.

THE ROYAL, NAVAL, MILITARY AND EAST INDIA LIFE DEPARTMENT,
affording Peculiar Advantages to Officers and others in the NAVY, and ARMY, is
under the Especial Patronage of HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE
QUEEN.

CHIEF OFFICE, 316 REGENT STREET, LONDON.

THE NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS EXCEEDING SEVEN HUNDRED.

The SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL IS UPWARDS OF £600,000.

THE EARNING INCOME EXCEEDS PER ANNUM £320,000.

NEW PREMIUM INCOME IN 1866 WAS £21,593-4-6.

Chairman.

GENERAL SIR FREDERIC SMITH, K. H. F. R. S.
With a large and influential Board of Directors in London.

COLONIAL BRANCHES

AUSTRALIA—Melbourn, Sydney. CANADA—Montreal. INDIA—Bombay.

DIRECTORS OF INDIAN BRANCH—HEAD OFFICE BOMBAY.
ANDREW HAY, Esq., Bombay. H. MANIBLY, Esq., Solicitor, Bombay.
ALEXANDER THOMSON, Esq., Bombay.

MEDICAL REFERENCE—DR W. G. HUNTER.
SECRETARY IN INDIA—J. L. NAPIER HAY

ASSURANCE EFFECTED, POLICIES ISSUED, PREMIUMS RECEIVED, AND CLAIMS
SETTLED IN BOMBAY WITHOUT REFERENCE TO HOME OFFICE.

FIDELITY ASSURANCE

The European Assurance Society is the ONLY Society in England, India, and the
Colonies, specially empowered by the British Parliament to Guarantee the Fidelity of
or become surety for Officers of Her Majesty's Naval, Military, and Civil Services,
Includes Managers, Secretaries, Accountants, Cashiers, Sheriffs, Clerks, and others
holding situations of trust in Banks, and other public Companies, private firms, &c.

LIFE ASSURANCE

Every description of this important business is transacted by the Society, at rates
which will be found to be generally more moderate than those of any other Insurance
Company in India, with or without participation in profits.

FIDELITY AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMBINED.

This method introduced by this Society confers important advantages by the
REDUCTIONS allowed in the Life premiums to the extent of from 50 to 100 per cent.
of the Guarantee premium.

Full particulars of the popular principles of this Society will be found in the new
prospectus which will be forwarded to applicants Post Free.

Proposal Forms and every information to be had from the Secretary and Agents
in India.

J. L. NAPIER HAY,
Secretary in India.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Royal Insurance Company.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000 Sterling; FUNDS IN HAND EXCEED £1,800,000.

	£	s.	d.
Fire Premiums for year 1860	262,977	19	11
Do. do. 1861	292,403	19	11
Do. do. 1862	300,090	15	11
Do. do. 1863	341,068	3	2
Do. do. 1864	406,403	18	10
Showing an increase over 1863	64,735	10	8

RESERVED FUND, £1,66,015.

Policies covering risks on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay continue to be granted by the above Company through their Agents. DETACHED BUNGALOWS AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE both in Bombay and in the Mofussil insured on very favourable terms.

LIFE ASSURANCE

LIFE BRANCH.

The undersigned, under instructions from the Head Office, are prepared to receive Proposals for Life Assurance with the above Company from Residents in India, and will be happy to afford every information regarding rates of Premium, Participation in Profits, &c., to intending applicants for Insurance.

CAMPBELL, MITCHELL & Co.,

Agents Royal Insurance Company.

ESTABLISHED 1710.

THE UNDERSIGNED ISSUE POLICIES AT CURRENT RATES ON PROPERTY IN BOMBAY AND THE MOFUSSIL.

PEEL, CASSELS & CO.,

Agents.

IN CHANCERY.—CAUTION.



The Effervescent Properties of this light and elegant Preparation are retained in the highest degree, through its granular form, producing a continued sparkling effervescence, and preserving the flavor of a palatable Saline Draught.

It is very valuable to Travellers, especially in tropical climates, as its properties are retained for any length of time unimpaired.

DIRECTIONS.—Two tea-spoonfuls or more, put into a tumbler half full of water, and drunk during effervescence will prove a mild but efficient Aperient, while a small tea-spoonful, taken in a wine-glass of water, will act as a valuable anti-acid cooling draught when feverish. A delicate cooling and refreshing beverage may also be made by adding to a tumblerful of cold spring water (previously sweetened with sugar) a small quantity of the Citrate.

INTRODUCED AND PREPARED BY
ALFRED BISHOP, Manufacturing Chemist,
17, SPECK'S FIELDS, MILL END NEW TOWN,
LONDON.

This Bottle should be kept well corked, and in a dry place.

Granular Effervescent Citrate of Magnesia, INTRODUCED AND PREPARED BY ALFRED BISHOP.

This PERFECTLY WHITE AND PLEASANTLY CLEAN Granular Preparation possesses remarkable Effervescent Properties, and will be found a valuable addition to Medicine, either as a refreshing and cooling draught or mild but efficient aperient.

ALFRED BISHOP has also the pleasure of submitting the undernamed—

GRANULAR EFFERVESCENT—

BROUDED AMMONIUM.

LOIASSUM.

CARBONATE IRON.

CITRATE IRON.

" Ferrous 1 to 4 grs. in each 120 drops

" Ferrous 1 to 4 grs. in each 120 drops

" QUININE

" AND IRON

CITRATE TARTARIC SODA.

GRANULAR EFFERVESCENT CITRATE OF MAGNESIA is put up in convenient sizes either for home or foreign use.

These GRANULAR PREPARATIONS are uniform being prepared by the Principal and cannot fail to give the utmost satisfaction either as to taste or Quality. They can be obtained from the Wholesale Houses and Patent Medicine Vendors, Merchants and Shippers, and the ORIGINAL MAKER.

ALFRED BISHOP, Manufacturing Chemist,
17, SPECK'S FIELDS, MILL END NEW TOWN, LONDON, N.E.

N.B. Observe his Trade Mark upon each Label.

BISHOP'S

Granular Effervescent Citrate of Magnesia.

Mr. Bishop having discovered that the Label which he has used for the last five years was being imitated recently applied to the COURT OF CHANCERY for an INJUNCTION to restrain such imitation. The Injunction was granted, and the Defendant was ordered to pay all Mr. Bishop's costs and destroy the Labels complained of.

Mr. Bishop is determined to stop the imitation of his Label, and will, without notice or delay, take proceedings in Chancery to restrain any person who may copy or colourably imitate the same.

Appended is a copy of Mr. Bishop's Label above referred to.

GRANULAR EFFERVESCENT—

IRONIC IRON

" FERROUS

" FERROUS

MAGNESIA ALUMINUM

PHOSPHATE IRON

STRONG MIXTURE

FERROUS CITRATE, SUGAR, VIOLET SALT

THE

Ammonio-Citrate Bismuth.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LONDON & CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, £7,50,000. RESERVE FUND £145,902-14-8

HEAD OFFICE, 65 OLD BROAD STREET, LONDON.

COURT OF DIRECTORS, 1867-68.

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E. J. GILMAN.
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D. T. ROBERTSON, *Chief Manager*

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BANKERS.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND & THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.

SOLICITORS,

CLARKE SON & RAWLINS.

AUDITORS,

COLLMAN, TURQUAND, YOUNGS & Co.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES,

At Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Ceylon, Kandy, Penang, Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghai, Hankow, and Yokohama.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank grants Drafts on London, Scotland, and Ireland, Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, and the principal Ports of Europe.

The Bank purchases Bills and issues Drafts payable in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Shanghai, Singapore, Penang, Yokohama, and Hankow.

The Bank also draws on the Branches of the Bank of New South Wales.

INTEREST.

On deposit accounts payable on demand will be credited half yearly, on 30th June and 31st December, at the rate of two per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances should same not have fallen during the half year below Rs. 1,000. Where balances have fallen below Rs. 1,000 no interest will be allowed.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

12 months	6 per cent.
6 do.	5 "
3 do.	4 "

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies, without charge, and realises Interest and Dividends thereon on the following terms —

If to be remitted in the Bank's Drafts, without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, or, when sold, on paying the proceeds of such sale in India, a commission will be charged of $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. But if proceeds are remitted in the Bank's Drafts, without charge.

Commission charged on purchase and sale of Government Securities, $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

All letters should be addressed, and all Remittances made payable "To the Agent, Chartered Mercantile Bank."

ROBERT CAMPBELL, Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

G. I. P. Railway Co.'s Telegraph.

Superintendent.—Mr. JOHN BLACKWELL, Byculla, Bombay.

The G. I. P. Railway Co.'s Electric Telegraph has 1,111 Miles of line open, and 160 to be constructed. The number of Offices are 95 working 130 Single Needle and 12 Morse Printing Instruments.

RULES FOR THE TRANSMISSION OF MESSAGES.

Messages sent by this Company's Telegraph are charged for by groups and by half groups.

A group consists of 20 words, and a half group of any number not exceeding 10. Above 20 words and not exceeding 30 is a group and a half. Above 30 and not exceeding 40 words, as two groups, and so on.

With the exception of the preface "From" and "To" and the name of the Station from which despatched, every word in the address and body of the message is charged for.

The number of groups being ascertained the cost of the message is easily calculated according to the following scale—

Scale of charges for a group of 20 words					In addition to a Hooking fee of 8 annas on each message
Not exceeding	100 Miles	..	..	0 8 0
Exceeding 100	200	..	..	1 0 0
" 200	400	..	..	1 8 0
" 400	600	..	..	2 0 0
" 800	1,200	..	..	3 0 0

And so on, adding one rupee for every 400 miles or fraction of 400 miles. Half the above rates is charged for every 10 words or fraction of 10 words after the first group. Messages are delivered free by the Company's ponies to any place not exceeding five miles from the Telegraph Station the only exceptions to this rule being messages for Matheran via Neral and Ocmirwatta via Buldhara. Beyond the distance of five miles, messages will be sent either by post registered the fare being prepaid, or by such other means as the sender may arrange and properly for at the booking station. Any additional words that may be necessary to explain the mode of delivery of a message when its destination is more than five miles beyond the nearest Telegraph Office, is to be considered as part of the message and charged for accordingly.

Messages can be sent from any of the Company's Telegraph Stations to any of the Government Telegraph Stations in India viz Bombay Poona, Nawanagar, Madras, and Tutuhulpoot, and also over the Telegraph lines of the B B and C I and East Indian Railways. Separate rates will be charged for messages sent by the different systems over which they are to be transmitted.

Messages are only received conditionally, that no responsibility attaches to the G. I. P. Railway for delay in transmission or delivery, for non transmission or non delivery, or from mistakes from whatever cause they arise. In order to provide as much certainty in the transmission of messages by the G. I. P. Railway's Electric Telegraph every message of consequence ought to be repeated by being sent back from the Station at which it is to be received to the Station from which it is originally sent. Fifty per cent of the usual price will be charged for repeating the message. No refund of charges will be made on telegrams that are not repeated. Messages sent after 6 P M or before 6 A M or on Sundays to be charged double rate. Messages tendered for despatch on New Year's day, Good Friday and Christmas day will be charged for at double the ordinary, or the usual night rate. This double charge will also be levied on all messages to be transmitted over the Government or other Railway lines.

The attention of the Public is called to the necessity of giving the full address of the name of the party to whom the message is sent then line of the street and the number of the house, as many messages are not delivered for want of these particulars.

No complaints will be attended to relating to errors in transmission, delays or non-

despatch, for the telegraph and transmission of messages, being a public utility, and the Government has decided that no compensation can be obtained on application to Mr J. BLACKWELL Superintendent of the Company's Telegraph, Byculla, to whom all communications should be addressed.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SILVER MEDAL, PARIS EXHIBITION, 1867.

PEPSINE.

MORSON'S PEPSINE WINE LOZENGES & GLOBULES.

The popular remedy for weak digestion in bottles and boxes, from 2s.
Pancreatic Emulsion in 4 and 8 oz. bottles.

SACCHARATED WHEAT PHOSPHATES,

Introduced by Dr Tilbury Fox, supplying an important deficiency in the
food of invalids and children

Gelatine and Creosote (Morson's).

Chlorodyne, in bottles and globules (Morson's).

Pure Chemicals and latest preparations.

* See Name, Address and Trade Mark

T. MORSON & SON,

81, 83, and 124, SOUTHAMPTON ROW, RUSSELL SQUARE, LONDON.

Orders to be made payable through Agents, or by English drafts.

SHIPPING ORDERS CAREFULLY PACKED.

PRIZE MEDAL, PARIS 1867.

E. BREFFIT & CO.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE AIRE & CALDER

GLASS BOTTLE COMPANY

CASILEFORD, near NORMANION, YORKSHIRE.

MANUFACTURE GLASS BOTTLES for Wine, Spirit and Beer Merchants,
Distillers, Confectioners, Oilmen, Picklers, Fruit Bottlers, Sauce Makers, Perfumers,
Chemists and Druggists, Patent Medicine Vendors, Manufacturing Chemists, &c., &c.,
Soda Water Makers in India and the Colonies are supplied with Machines, Bottles
Corks, and every other article required in the trade

The Cork lined Necks and Glass Plugs, known as

PATENT STOPPERED BOTTLES

Were introduced and made exclusively by THE AIRE AND CALDER GLASS
BOTTLE COMPANY and are now applied to bottles of nearly every class, and in
many cases at reduced prices

Bottles are supplied from the Works in neatly made cases with divisions for each
bottle, which avoids the necessity to use straw, saves time in packing, and the litter
of unpacking straw packed hampers

The Machinery used for cutting Patent or Hollow Corks is available for the pro-
duction of ordinary Corks and other useful applications of this material

OFFICE IN LONDON

83, UPPER THAMES STREET.

THE
"Ocean" Marine Insurance Co.
LONDON.

INCORPORATED 1859.

CAPITAL £1,000,000 STERLING.

Directors.

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THOMAS BROWN, Esq, (Messrs. Brown & Co, of London and Sydney)

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PASCOE CHARLES GLYN, Esq (Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co)

ADOLPHUS KLOCKMANN, Esq

JOHN LEECH, Esq (Messrs. John Leech & Sons, London and Staleybridge)

ALEXANDER MACKENZIE, Esq (Director of the Oriental Bank Corporation)

HENRY MCHILERY, Esq.

JOHN MOLLETT, Esq

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HENRY WILLIAM SEGELCKE, Esq (Messrs. Horstman & Co.)

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JOHN SMITH, Esq (Messrs. Smith, Fleming & Co)

ROBERT SMITH, Esq., (Messrs. Robert Smith & Co)

FREDERICK SOMES, Esq (Messrs. Somes, Mullens & Co)

Secretary—HENRY SPENCER SMYTH, Esq.

Banks—Messrs. GLYN, MILLS, CURRIE, & Co.

Chief Office—2 & 3 OLD BROAD STREET, LONDON.

Agents in Bombay—Messrs. W. NICOL & Co.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

G. NICOLL & Co.,
BOOT AND SHOE ESTABLISHMENT,
NO. 24, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

(Next to Treacher & Co.'s)

AND No. 1, EAST STREET, POONA.

G. N. & Co., HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF
LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S & CHILDREN'S BOOTS & SHOES,
GENTLEMEN'S GAITERS, &c.,

They also have an efficient manufacturing Establishment, where all
Orders will be promptly executed with first class
materials and workmanship.

TERMS—CASH.

N. B.—Orders from Outstations must be accompanied with a remittance or
reference for payment in Bombay, or no notice will be taken of them.

MRS. GODFREY'S
MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENTS,
28, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.
18, CIVIL LINES, POONA.

NEW GOODS EVERY MONTH.

Mrs. GODFREY has always a large and varied Stock of Goods on hand.

WEDDING & MOURNING ORDERS PUNCTUALLY ATTENDED TO.

TERMS—CASH

All Out-Station Orders must be accompanied by a Remittance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Queen Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE

HEAD OFFICE
QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS, LIVERPOOL
CAPITAL—£2,000,000—TWO MILLIONS.

TRUSTEES.

THOMAS EDWARDS MOSE, Esq. | CHRISTOPHER BUSHELL Esq.
EDWARD HPATH, Esq.

DIRECTORS.

Chairman—BERNARD HALL Esq.

Deputy Chairmen { WILLIAM HIND, Esq.

PATRICK HUNTER, Esq.

JOHN BATFSON, Esq.

JOHN BINGHAM, Esq.

WILLIAM BOLLINGLEY, Esq.

T. RIDGWAY BRIDSON, Esq.

ALFRED H. COWIE, Esq.

ROBERT O. CROSSBIE, Esq.

HENRY DUCKWORTH, Esq.

ANDREW GALBRAITH, Esq.

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CHARLTON R. HALL, Esq.

WILLIAM HICKMAN, Esq.

GEORGE B. KIRKEND, Esq.

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JOHN T. PAGAN, Esq.

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T. B. THOMPSON, Esq.

C. J. THOMAS, Esq.

H. C. TUNNICLIFFE, Esq.

ROGERS WALLHOUSE, Esq.

Actuary and General Manager—J. MONCLIEFF WILSON, Esq.

Sub Manager—THOMAS WATSON THOMSON Esq.

Bankers { THE LIVERPOOL COMMERCE BANK

THE NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND

Auditors—Messrs. HARMOD BANNER & SON, ACCOUNTANTS

Physicians { JAMES TURNBULL M.D. Liverpool.

J. D. POLLOCK M.D. London.

F. S. STEPMAN, M.D. Bombay

The Rates of Premium for Fire and Life Insurance will be found as moderate as those of other first class offices. Policies are issued under the Life Branch of this Company recently established in Bombay, on Civil lives and Military lives in Civil employ.

The following are some of the advantages obtained by those who assure with this Company

1. Policies accepted and Policies issued by the Agents in Bombay without reference to the Chief Office within certain limitations

2. Non forfeiture of Policies by the issue of Free Paid up Policies

If a person after having been assured for three years under the ordinary whole Life Scale at any age up to and inclusive of forty five should wish to discontinue paying his premiums the Directors will issue a Policy for the amount of premiums paid, together with any Bonus that may have been added and free from any further payment whatsoever. This feature secures not only a provision in the event of premature death, but a remedy—long desired should the payment to the premium become an inconvenience.

3. Policies indisputable after being five years in force.

All ordinary Queen Policies without exception on which the age of the assured has been admitted, will at the end of five years from their date be absolutely indisputable, the only condition being the punctual payment of the premiums with any extra premium that may be exigible for foreign residence

4. New and Extensive Travelling License to Policy Holders

Persons Assured with the Company, under the Indian Table, are permitted, in time of Peace, without license or additional premium, to proceed to reside in any part of the World, except the West Coast of Africa

For further information and particulars and for prospectuses, &c., regarding Fire and Life Insurances apply to,

LAWRENCE & Co.

Agents in Bombay.

Bombay, 1st January, 1888.

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